ENGROSSED HOUSE AMENDMENT TΟ ENGROSSED SENATE BILL NO. 228 By: Griffin of the Senate 2 3 and Lawson of the House 5 6 7 An Act relating to the Office of Juvenile Affairs; 8 amending 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-305, as last 9 amended by Section 1, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2015 (10A O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-305), which relates to the establishment of certain programs; removing 10 certain requirement of the Office; directing certification of certain facilities; permitting 11 juvenile bureaus to enter into certain contracts; 12 amending 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-504, as amended by Section 8, Chapter 362, O.S.L. 2014 (10A O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-504), which relates to 1.3 adjudicated children; requiring certain notice under certain circumstances; and providing an effective 1 4 date. 1.5 16 AMENDMENT NO. 1. Replace the title, enacting clause and entire bill 17 and insert 18 "An Act relating to the Office of Juvenile Affairs; 19 amending 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-305, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2015 (10A 2.0 O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-305), which relates to the establishment of certain programs; removing 2.1 certain requirement of the Office; directing certification of certain facilities; permitting juvenile bureaus to enter into certain contracts; 23 amending 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-504, as amended

by Section 8, Chapter 362, O.S.L. 2014 (10A O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-504), which relates to

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adjudicated children; requiring certain notice under certain circumstances; and providing an effective date.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-305, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2015 (10A O.S. Supp.

2016, Section 2-7-305), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-7-305. A. The Office of Juvenile Affairs is authorized to enter into contracts to establish or maintain community-based youth service programs, shelters and community intervention centers out of local, state and federal monies.

- B. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall take all necessary steps to develop and implement a diversity of community services and community-based residential care as needed to provide for adequate and appropriate community-based care, treatment and rehabilitation of children in the care, custody, and supervision of the Office of Juvenile Affairs. Such community services and residential care shall be consistent with the treatment needs of the child and the protection of the public.
- 1. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall, to the extent reasonable and practicable, provide community-based services, community residential care and community intervention centers to children in the custody of the Office of Juvenile Affairs through

- financial agreements, as authorized in Sections 2-7-303 and 2-7-304 of this title.
- 2. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall establish procedures for the letting of grants or contracts, and the conditions and requirements for the receipt of such grants or contracts, for community-based services, community residential care and community intervention centers. A copy of such procedures shall be made available to any member of the general public upon request.
- c. Any state agency letting grants or contracts for the establishment of community residential care or treatment facilities for children shall require, as a condition for receipt of such grants or contracts, documented assurance from the agency or organization establishing such facility that appropriate arrangements have been made for providing the educational services to which residents of the facility are entitled pursuant to state and federal law.
- D. 1. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall implement programs for establishment and continued operation of certify community intervention centers. The centers shall be that are established pursuant to interlocal agreements between by one or more municipalities or one or more counties and the Office of Juvenile Affairs or juvenile bureaus pursuant to rules promulgated by the Office Board of Juvenile Affairs. The municipality or, county or juvenile bureau may enter into contracts or subcontracts with one or

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more service providers, subject to the approval by the Office of

Juvenile Affairs. The service provider, whether a municipality,

county or other entity, must have access to the management

information system provided for in Section 2-7-308 of this title and

must employ qualified staff, as determined by the Office of Juvenile

Affairs.

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- 2. The community intervention center shall serve as a shortterm reception facility to receive and hold juveniles who have been taken into custody by law enforcement agencies for the alleged violation of a municipal ordinance or state law or who are alleged to be in need of supervision and for whom detention is inappropriate or unavailable. The community intervention center may receive and hold juveniles for whom detention is appropriate and available pending transportation by law enforcement to a detention facility; provided, custody by law enforcement shall not be relinquished to the community intervention center until detention eligibility and bed availability are determined by the designated detention screener and an order for detention is issued. The community intervention center may be a secure facility. Juveniles held in the community intervention facility shall not be isolated from common areas other than for short-term protective holding for combative or selfdestructive behavior, as defined by the Office of Juvenile Affairs.
- 3. Juveniles shall not be held in a community intervention center for more than twenty-four (24) hours.

- 4. The community intervention center shall perform the following functions:
 - a. enter demographic information into the management information system provided for in Section 2-7-308 of this title,
 - b. immediately notify the parents or parent, guardian, or other person legally responsible for the juvenile's care, or if such legally responsible person is unavailable the adult with whom the juvenile resides, that the juvenile has been taken into custody and to pick up the juvenile,
 - c. hold juveniles until they can be released to a parent, guardian, or other responsible adult or until a temporary placement can be secured, but in no event for longer than twenty-four (24) hours, and
 - d. ensure that a written promise is executed by the parent, guardian or other responsible adult to bring the child to court at any time if a petition is to be filed.
- 5. The community intervention center may perform the following functions:
 - a. gather information to determine if the juvenile is in need of immediate medical attention,

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b. conduct an initial assessment pursuant to rules promulgated by the Office of Juvenile Affairs Board.

Such initial assessment may be given without parental consent if the juvenile agrees to participate in the assessment, and

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C. conduct an assessment pursuant to a Problem Behavior Inventory or a Mental Status Checklist or an equivalent assessment instrument authorized by rules promulgated by the Office of Juvenile Affairs Board, if written permission to do so is obtained from the parent, guardian or other person legally responsible for the care of the juvenile. Such person and the juvenile may review the assessment instrument prior to the assessment process, must be informed that participation in the assessment is voluntary and that refusal to participate shall not result in any penalty, and must sign a written acknowledgment that they were given an opportunity to review the assessment instrument. The assessment shall be used to develop recommendations to correct the behavior of the juvenile, to divert the progression of the juvenile into the juvenile justice system, to determine if the juvenile is in need of nonemergency medical treatment, and to determine if the juvenile is

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the victim of violence. Information derived from the assessment shall not be made available to prosecutors or the court prior to adjudication of the alleged offense, and shall not be used in any phase of prosecution but may be used by the court following adjudication for the dispositional order and may be used for referrals to social services.

- 6. A juvenile alleged to have committed an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult may be fingerprinted at a community intervention center. No other juveniles shall be fingerprinted at community intervention centers.
- 7. Community intervention centers shall be certified pursuant to standards established by the Office of Juvenile Affairs and rules promulgated by the Office of Juvenile Affairs Board.
- 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-504, as SECTION 2. AMENDATORY amended by Section 8, Chapter 362, O.S.L. 2014 (10A O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-504), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-7-504. A. Except as otherwise provided by law, all children adjudicated delinquent and committed to the Office of Juvenile Affairs shall be discharged at such time as the Office determines there is a reasonable probability that it is no longer necessary, either for the rehabilitation and treatment of the child, or for the protection of the public, that the Office retain legal custody. Following a hearing, the court may also order that a child adjudged delinquent and committed to the Office shall be discharged by the Office provided the child is on parole status and the court deems the discharge in the best interest of the child and public.

The Office shall give a fifteen-day notice to the court and the district attorney before discharging from legal custody any child committed and confined in a secure facility.

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Except as otherwise provided by law, all children adjudged В. delinquent and committed to the Office of Juvenile Affairs and not discharged under subsection A of this section shall be discharged when the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age, unless the Office is authorized by the court to retain custody of the child until nineteen (19) years of age. Upon the court's own motion or motion of the Office or the district attorney, which must be filed prior to the date the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age, the court, after notice to the delinquent child and to the parents and attorney of said the child, may authorize the Office to retain custody of the child until the child reaches nineteen (19) years of age in order for the child to complete the previously adopted plan of rehabilitation or achieve reasonable treatment objectives. court sustains a motion to retain custody, the delinquent child during the extended period shall be considered as a child for purposes of receiving services from the Office and for the purposes of secure detention. If a child is in a juvenile detention facility pending placement and the court has ordered or the Office has

- requested that the Office retain custody of the child until the 1 child reaches nineteen (19) years of age, the Office shall notify the juvenile detention facility at least five (5) days prior to the 3 child's eighteenth birthday that the child will be remaining in the juvenile detention facility pending placement. If a criminal offense is committed by the individual during the extended period, 6 said the offense shall be considered as having been committed by an adult. Except to the extent necessary to effectuate the purposes of 9 this section, an individual after age eighteen (18) years is considered an adult for purposes of other applicable law. 10
 - C. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall not place a child under ten (10) years of age in an institution maintained for delinquent children.
 - The court may retain jurisdiction over a child adjudged delinquent beyond the age of eighteen (18) years to the extent necessary for the child to complete payment of court costs. court may institute contempt proceedings pursuant to Sections 565 through 567 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes against any person adjudged delinquent and ordered to pay court costs who neglects or refuses to pay such court costs. Any child referred to in this subsection over whom the court retains jurisdiction solely for payment of court costs shall not be considered to be in the custody of or under the supervision of the Office of Juvenile Affairs.

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1	E. Following a hearing, the court may order that any child
2	shall be discharged by the Office of Juvenile Affairs provided the
3	child is on parole status and the court deems the discharge in the
4	best interest of the child and public. The Office of Juvenile
5	Affairs shall give a fifteen-day notice to the district attorney
6	before discharging from legal custody any child committed and
7	confined in a secure facility.
8	SECTION 3. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017."
9	Passed the House of Representatives the 13th day of April, 2017.
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1 2	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
1 3	Representatives
1 4	Passed the Senate the day of, 2017.
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1 7	Presiding Officer of the Senate
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1	ENGROSSED SENATE
2	BILL NO. 228 By: Griffin of the Senate
2	and
3	Lawson of the House
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6	An Act relating to the Office of Juvenile Affairs; amending 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-305, as last
7	amended by Section 1, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2015 (10A O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-305), which relates to
8	the establishment of certain programs; removing certain requirement of the Office; directing
9	certification of certain facilities; permitting juvenile bureaus to enter into certain contracts;
. 0	amending 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-504, as amended by Section 8, Chapter 362, O.S.L. 2014 (10A O.S.
. 1	Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-504), which relates to adjudicated children; requiring certain notice under
. 2	certain circumstances; and providing an effective date.
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. 5	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
. 6	SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-305, as
. 7	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 273, O.S.L. 2015 (10A O.S. Supp.
. 8	2016, Section 2-7-305), is amended to read as follows:
. 9	Section 2-7-305. A. The Office of Juvenile Affairs is
2 0	authorized to enter into contracts to establish or maintain
1	community-based youth service programs, shelters and community
2.2	intervention centers out of local, state and federal monies.
2.3	B. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall take all necessary
2 4	steps to develop and implement a diversity of community services and

- community-based residential care as needed to provide for adequate and appropriate community-based care, treatment and rehabilitation of children in the care, custody, and supervision of the Office of Juvenile Affairs. Such community services and residential care shall be consistent with the treatment needs of the child and the protection of the public.
 - 1. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall, to the extent reasonable and practicable, provide community-based services, community residential care and community intervention centers to children in the custody of the Office of Juvenile Affairs through financial agreements, as authorized in Sections 2-7-303 and 2-7-304 of this title.
 - 2. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall establish procedures for the letting of grants or contracts, and the conditions and requirements for the receipt of such grants or contracts, for community-based services, community residential care and community intervention centers. A copy of such procedures shall be made available to any member of the general public upon request.
 - C. Any state agency letting grants or contracts for the establishment of community residential care or treatment facilities for children shall require, as a condition for receipt of such grants or contracts, documented assurance from the agency or organization establishing such facility that appropriate arrangements have been made for providing the educational services

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to which residents of the facility are entitled pursuant to state and federal law.

- D. 1. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall implement programs for establishment and continued operation of certify community intervention centers. The centers shall be that are established pursuant to interlocal agreements between by one or more municipalities or one or more counties and the Office of Juvenile Affairs or juvenile bureaus pursuant to rules promulgated by the Office Board. The municipality or, county or juvenile bureau may enter into contracts or subcontracts with one or more service providers, subject to the approval by the Office of Juvenile Affairs. The service provider, whether a municipality, county or other entity, must have access to the management information system provided for in Section 2-7-308 of this title and must employ qualified staff, as determined by the Office of Juvenile Affairs.
- 2. The community intervention center shall serve as a shortterm reception facility to receive and hold juveniles who have been
 taken into custody by law enforcement agencies for the alleged
 violation of a municipal ordinance or state law or who are alleged
 to be in need of supervision and for whom detention is inappropriate
 or unavailable. The community intervention center may receive and
 hold juveniles for whom detention is appropriate and available
 pending transportation by law enforcement to a detention facility;
 provided, custody by law enforcement shall not be relinquished to

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the community intervention center until detention eligibility and
bed availability are determined by the designated detention screener
and an order for detention is issued. The community intervention
center may be a secure facility. Juveniles held in the community
intervention facility shall not be isolated from common areas other
than for short-term protective holding for combative or selfdestructive behavior, as defined by the Office of Juvenile Affairs.

- 3. Juveniles shall not be held in a community intervention center for more than twenty-four (24) hours.
- 4. The community intervention center shall perform the following functions:
 - a. enter demographic information into the management information system provided for in Section 2-7-308 of this title,
 - b. immediately notify the parents or parent, guardian, or other person legally responsible for the juvenile's care, or if such legally responsible person is unavailable the adult with whom the juvenile resides, that the juvenile has been taken into custody and to pick up the juvenile,
 - c. hold juveniles until they can be released to a parent, guardian, or other responsible adult or until a temporary placement can be secured, but in no event for longer than twenty-four (24) hours, and

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- d. ensure that a written promise is executed by the

 parent, guardian or other responsible adult to bring

 the child to court at any time if a petition is to be

 filed.
 - 5. The community intervention center may perform the following functions:
 - a. gather information to determine if the juvenile is in need of immediate medical attention,
 - b. conduct an initial assessment pursuant to rules promulgated by the Office Board of Juvenile Affairs. Such initial assessment may be given without parental consent if the juvenile agrees to participate in the assessment, and
 - c. conduct an assessment pursuant to a Problem Behavior

 Inventory or a Mental Status Checklist or an

 equivalent assessment instrument authorized by rules

 promulgated by the Office of Juvenile Affairs, if

 written permission to do so is obtained from the

 parent, guardian or other person legally responsible

 for the care of the juvenile. Such person and the

 juvenile may review the assessment instrument prior to

 the assessment process, must be informed that

 participation in the assessment is voluntary and that

 refusal to participate shall not result in any

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penalty, and must sign a written acknowledgment that they were given an opportunity to review the assessment instrument. The assessment shall be used to develop recommendations to correct the behavior of the juvenile, to divert the progression of the juvenile into the juvenile justice system, to determine if the juvenile is in need of nonemergency medical treatment, and to determine if the juvenile is the victim of violence. Information derived from the assessment shall not be made available to prosecutors or the court prior to adjudication of the alleged offense, and shall not be used in any phase of prosecution but may be used by the court following adjudication for the dispositional order and may be used for referrals to social services.

- 6. A juvenile alleged to have committed an offense which would be a felony if committed by an adult may be fingerprinted at a community intervention center. No other juveniles shall be fingerprinted at community intervention centers.
- 7. Community intervention centers shall be certified pursuant to standards established and rules promulgated by the Office of Juvenile Affairs.

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SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 10A O.S. 2011, Section 2-7-504, as amended by Section 8, Chapter 362, O.S.L. 2014 (10A O.S. Supp. 2016, Section 2-7-504), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2-7-504. A. Except as otherwise provided by law, all children adjudicated delinquent and committed to the Office of Juvenile Affairs shall be discharged at such time as the Office determines there is a reasonable probability that it is no longer necessary, either for the rehabilitation and treatment of the child, or for the protection of the public, that the Office retain legal custody. Following a hearing, the court may also order that a child adjudged delinquent and committed to the Office shall be discharged by the Office provided the child is on parole status and the court deems the discharge in the best interest of the child and public. The Office shall give a fifteen-day notice to the court and the district attorney before discharging from legal custody any child committed and confined in a secure facility.

B. Except as otherwise provided by law, all children adjudged delinquent and committed to the Office of Juvenile Affairs and not discharged under subsection A of this section shall be discharged when the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age, unless the Office is authorized by the court to retain custody of the child until nineteen (19) years of age. Upon the court's own motion or motion of the Office or the district attorney, which must be filed prior to the date the child becomes eighteen (18) years of age, the court,

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after notice to the delinquent child and to the parents and attorney 1 of said the child, may authorize the Office to retain custody of the child until the child reaches nineteen (19) years of age in order 3 for the child to complete the previously adopted plan of rehabilitation or achieve reasonable treatment objectives. 5 court sustains a motion to retain custody, the delinquent child 6 during the extended period shall be considered as a child for purposes of receiving services from the Office and for the purposes 8 of secure detention. If a child is in a juvenile detention facility 9 pending placement and the court has ordered or the Office has 10 requested that the Office retain custody of the child until the 11 12 child reaches nineteen (19) years of age, the Office shall notify the juvenile detention facility at least five (5) days prior to the 13 child's eighteenth birthday that the child will be remaining in the 1 4 juvenile detention facility pending placement. If a criminal 15 offense is committed by the individual during the extended period, 16 said the offense shall be considered as having been committed by an 17 adult. Except to the extent necessary to effectuate the purposes of 18 this section, an individual after age eighteen (18) years is 19 considered an adult for purposes of other applicable law. 2.0

C. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall not place a child under ten (10) years of age in an institution maintained for delinquent children.

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- D. The court may retain jurisdiction over a child adjudged delinquent beyond the age of eighteen (18) years to the extent necessary for the child to complete payment of court costs. The court may institute contempt proceedings pursuant to Sections 565 through 567 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes against any person adjudged delinquent and ordered to pay court costs who neglects or refuses to pay such court costs. Any child referred to in this subsection over whom the court retains jurisdiction solely for payment of court costs shall not be considered to be in the custody of or under the supervision of the Office of Juvenile Affairs.
- E. Following a hearing, the court may order that any child shall be discharged by the Office of Juvenile Affairs provided the child is on parole status and the court deems the discharge in the best interest of the child and public. The Office of Juvenile Affairs shall give a fifteen-day notice to the district attorney before discharging from legal custody any child committed and confined in a secure facility.

SECTION 6. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.

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1	Passed the Senate the 7th day of March, 2017.
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3	Description Officer of the Court
4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
6	2017.
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