| 1 | STATE OF OKLAHOMA |
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| 2 | 1st Session of the 56th Legislature (2017) |
| 3 | SENATE BILL 208 By: Floyd |
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| 6 | <u>AS INTRODUCED</u> |
| 7 | An Act relating to sexual assault victims; creating |
| 8 | the Sexual Assault Victims' Rights to Information Act; providing short title; defining terms; declaring |
| 9 | rights of sexual assault victims; providing for codification; and providing an effective date. |
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| 12 | BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: |
| 13 | SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified |
| 14 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C of Title 21, unless there |
| 15 | is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: |
| 16 | This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Sexual Assault |
| 17 | Victims' Rights to Information Act". |
| 18 | SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified |
| 19 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-1 of Title 21, unless there |
| 20 | is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: |
| 21 | For the purposes of this act: |
| 22 | 1. "Forensic laboratory" means a laboratory operated by the |
| 23 | state or any unit of municipal, county, city or other local |
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government that examines physical evidence in criminal matters and provides opinion testimony in a court of law;

- 2. "Law enforcement officer" means any sheriff, police officer, federal law enforcement officer, college campus security officer or any other law enforcement officer whose duty it is to enforce and preserve the public peace or any other first responder;
- 3. "Sexual assault counselor" means any person who is a behavioral health professional, or a victim advocate working in a center that offers sexual assault services certified by the Office of the Attorney General pursuant to Section 18p-6 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 4. "Sexual assault forensic evidence" means any human biological specimen collected by a medical provider during a forensic medical examination from an alleged sexual assault victim including, when circumstances indicate the need, a toxicology kit; and
- 5. "Sexual assault victim" or "victim" means any person who is a victim of a sexual assault defined under Section 142.20 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes. The term includes the parent, guardian, spouse or any other person related to the victim by consanguinity or affinity to the second degree, or any other lawful representative of the victim, if the victim is incompetent, deceased or a minor who is unable to consent to counseling services, unless such person is the alleged assailant.

SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-2 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. The rights provided to sexual assault victims in this act attach whenever a victim consents to a medical evidentiary or physical examination and whenever a victim consents to an interview by law enforcement authorities, district attorneys or defense attorneys.
- B. A sexual assault victim retains all the rights of this act regardless of whether the victim agrees to participate in the criminal justice system at any time and regardless of whether the victim agrees to receive a medical evidentiary examination to collect sexual assault forensic evidence.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-3 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A sexual assault victim has the right to consult with a sexual assault counselor during any medical evidentiary or physical examination and during any interview by law enforcement authorities, district attorneys or defense attorneys. A sexual assault victim retains this right even if the victim has waived the right in a previous examination or interview.
- B. 1. Communications between a sexual assault victim and a sexual assault counselor are confidential and privileged, including

information disclosed in the presence of any third persons
conducting a medical evidentiary or physical examination or a law
enforcement interview.

- 2. The presence of a sexual assault counselor does not operate to defeat any existing privilege otherwise guaranteed by law.
- 6 C. A waiver of the right to a sexual assault counselor by a 7 sexual assault victim is privileged.
 - SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-4 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. No costs incurred by a qualified health care professional, hospital or other emergency medical facility for the medical evidentiary examination and treatment portion of the examination of a sexual assault victim shall be charged directly or indirectly to the victim.
 - B. A female sexual assault victim has the right to receive postcoital contraception at no cost to the victim and within four (4) hours of her arrival at a medical facility.
 - C. Before a medical facility commences a medical evidentiary or physical examination of a sexual assault victim, the medical facility shall inform the victim of the following:
- 1. The rights of the victim pursuant to this act and other relevant law in a document to be developed by the Office of the

Attorney General which shall be signed by the victim of sexual assault to confirm receipt; and

- 2. The right of the victim to consult with a sexual assault counselor, to be summoned by the medical facility before the commencement of the medical evidentiary or physical examination, unless no sexual assault counselor can be summoned in a reasonably timely manner.
- 8 SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-5 of Title 21, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. Before commencing an interview of a sexual assault victim, a law enforcement officer or district attorney shall inform the victim of the following:
 - 1. The rights of the victim pursuant to this act and other relevant law in a document to be developed by the Office of the Attorney General, which document shall be signed by the victim of sexual assault to confirm receipt;
 - 2. The right of the victim to consult with a sexual assault counselor during any interview by a law enforcement officer, district attorney or defense attorney, to be summoned by the interviewer before the commencement of the interview, unless no sexual assault counselor can be summoned in a reasonably timely manner; and

3. The right of the victim to be interviewed by a law enforcement officer or district attorney of the same gender or opposite gender as the victim, unless no such law enforcement officer or district attorney is reasonably available.

- B. A law enforcement officer as defined in paragraph 2 of Section 2 of this act shall not, for any reason, discourage a sexual assault victim from receiving a medical evidentiary or physical examination or discourage the victim from reporting to the proper authorities.
- SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-6 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A victim retains the right to have counsel present during all stages of any medical examination, investigation or other interaction with representatives from the legal or criminal justice systems within the state as delineated in Sections 5 and 6 of this act. Treatment of the victim should not be affected or altered in any way as a result of the decision of the victim to exercise this right to have counsel present during any interaction with the legal or criminal justice systems within the state.

SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-7 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A sexual assault victim has the right to be informed, upon the request of the victim, of the results of the analysis of the sexual assault forensic evidence of the victim, whether the analysis yielded a DNA profile, and whether the analysis yielded a DNA match, either to the named perpetrator or to a suspect already in the Oklahoma State Bureau of Investigation (OSBI) Combined DNA Index System (CODIS) Database. The victim has the right to receive this information through secure and confidential message in writing from the OSBI. This message must include the contact information of the OSBI so that the victim can contact the Bureau to receive the results and a copy of the police report.

- B. A defendant or person accused or convicted of a crime against a sexual assault victim shall have no standing to object to any failure to comply with this section, and the failure to provide a right or notice to a sexual assault victim under this section may not be used by a defendant to seek to have the conviction or sentence set aside.
 - C. No sexual assault forensic evidence shall be used:
- 1. To prosecute a sexual assault victim for any misdemeanor crimes or any crime defined under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act; or
- 2. As a basis to search for further evidence of any unrelated misdemeanor crimes or any crime under the Uniform Controlled

- Dangerous Substances Act that may have been committed by the sexual assault victim.
- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified

 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-8 of Title 21, unless there

 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

- A. Upon initial interaction with a sexual assault victim, a law enforcement officer or medical provider shall provide the victim with a document to be developed by the Office of the Attorney General that explains the rights of sexual assault victims pursuant to this act and other relevant law in clear language that is comprehensible to a person proficient in English at the fifth-grade level, accessible to persons with visual disabilities and available in all major languages of the state. This document shall include, but is not limited to:
- 1. A clear statement that a sexual assault victim is not required to participate in the criminal justice system or to receive a medical evidentiary or physical examination in order to retain the rights provided by this act and other relevant law;
- 2. Telephone and Internet means of contacting nearby rape crisis centers and sexual assault counselors;
- 3. Forms of law enforcement protection available to the sexual assault victim, including temporary protection orders and the process to obtain such protection;

4. Instructions for requesting the results of the analysis of the sexual assault forensic evidence; and

- 5. State and federal compensation funds for medical and other costs associated with the sexual assault, and information on any municipal, state or federal right to restitution for sexual assault victims in the event of a criminal trial.
- B. A law enforcement officer shall, upon written or verbal request by a sexual assault victim, furnish a free, complete and unaltered copy of all law enforcement reports concerning the sexual assault, regardless of whether the report has been closed by the law enforcement agency.
- C. A prosecutor shall, upon written or verbal request by a sexual assault victim, provide:
- 1. Timely notice of any pretrial disposition of the case, as provided under Section 34 of Article II of the Oklahoma

 Constitution;
 - 2. Timely notice of the final disposition of the case, including the conviction, sentence, and place and time of incarceration, as provided under Section 34 of Article II of the Oklahoma Constitution;
- 3. Timely notice of the location of the convicted defendant, including whenever the defendant receives a temporary, provisional or final release from custody, escapes from custody, is moved from a secure facility to a less-secure facility, or reenters custody as

1 provided under Section 34 of Article II of the Oklahoma 2 Constitution; and

- 4. The information of a convicted defendant on a sex offender registry, if any.
- SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-9 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A sexual assault victim has the right to be reasonably protected from the defendant and persons acting on behalf of the defendant, as provided under Section 142A-2 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- B. A sexual assault victim has the right to be free from intimidation, harassment and abuse or shame from any organization, school or agency on which such investigations or charges would reflect negatively, as provided under Section 34 of Article II of the Oklahoma Constitution.
- C. A sexual assault victim has the right to be treated with fairness and respect for his or her privacy and dignity, as provided under Section 34 of Article II of the Oklahoma Constitution.
- D. A sexual assault victim has the right to be heard through a victim impact statement at any proceeding involving a postarrest release decision, plea, sentencing, postconviction release decision, or any other proceeding where a right of the victim is at issue, as provided under Section 142A-8 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes,

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and the right to provide a sentencing recommendation to the
 1
    probation department official conducting a presentence
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    investigation, as provided under Section 142A-8 of Title 21 of the
 3
    Oklahoma Statutes.
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        SECTION 11. This act shall become effective November 1, 2017.
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