1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION
2	February 19, 2024 AS AMENDED
3	SENATE BILL NO. 1947 By: Alvord
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6	[county roads - domestic animals - exemption - open
7	range road designation - construction - appeal - liability - codification - effective date]
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
10	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 4 O.S. 2021, Section 99, is
11	amended to read as follows:
12	Section 99. A. Any person who:
13	1. Willfully omits to keep a domestic animal such person owns
14	or has charge of within a suitable enclosure;
15	2. Allows the animal to be unrestrained or to run at large,
16	with notice, actual or constructive, that the enclosure within which
17	the animal is kept is open; or
18	3. Knowingly causes a domestic animal to escape confinement,
19	shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof
20	shall be punished by a fine of not more than Fifty Dollars (\$50.00)
21	for each offense, or not more than thirty (30) days' imprisonment in
22	the county jail for each offense, or by both fine and imprisonment.
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B. The provisions of this section shall not be construed as applying to domestic animals that are on a county road designated as an open range road as provided for in Section 2 of this act.

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- C. For the purpose of this act, the term "domestic animals" shall not include domestic house pets.
- SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 646.1 of Title 69, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- As used in this act, an "open range road" means a road maintained by the county that does not require livestock to be fenced out of the roadway.
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 646.2 of Title 69, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The board of county commissioners of a county may designate a public road, as defined in Section 232 of Title 69 of the Oklahoma Statutes, as an open range road according to the following procedure:
 - 1. A proposal for such designation shall be upon a petition to the board of county commissioners by a property owner who resides in their county;
- 2. The proposal shall state the proposed action and clearly
 23 show on a map of the area the location and terminals of the road.
 24 The map shall also demonstrate that the property where the road is

located belongs to the property owner requesting such designation.

If the petition is in proper form, the board of county commissioners shall promptly investigate the proposal to attest that according to its records the road in question is within its jurisdiction and is considered to be open for use by the general public, through grant or ownership, by easement or dedication, by adverse possession, or by open and notorious use, regardless of the frequency of

by open and notorious use, regardless of the frequency of
maintenance or lack thereof. If the board of county commissioners

9 determines that such road is not open for use by the general public,

or the petition was not in proper form, the board shall have grounds $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

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- 3. If the petition is in proper form, and the board of county commissioners attests that such road in question is open for use by the general public, the board shall set a hearing date. The petitioner requesting such action, under the direction of the county clerk, shall then notify those landowners whose property is immediately affected by the road by providing ingress or egress to their property. The notice shall be given by regular mail at least twenty-one days (21) prior to the hearing date; and
- 4. Legal notice to the public shall be given by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county setting forth the facts and the date when the hearing will be held and the petition acted upon. The notice shall be published once per week for three (3) consecutive weeks at least twenty-one (21) days prior

to the hearing date. The notice shall be paid for by the petitioner requesting such action, under the direction of the county clerk. A record of all such proceedings shall be made by the county clerk.

- B. In considering the proposal to designate an open range road, the board of county commissioners shall hear testimony provided by the petitioner and others who may testify at the hearing as to whether the road should be so designated. Upon a decision by the board of county commissioners to designate an open range road, a cattle guard that meets industry-accepted standards shall be installed at the access points of the road, the installation cost of which shall be paid for by the petitioner. The board of county commissioners shall pay for and erect at the access points of such road signage clearly indicating that such roadway is an open range road.
- C. If the board of county commissioners should deny such designation, the petitioner taking such action may appeal such decision to the district court, conditioned that the appellant will prosecute his or her appeal without delay. The appeal shall be taken within ten (10) days after the board of county commissioners makes such determination, by serving a written notice to the county clerk, which notice shall set out in detail, in numbered paragraphs, the grounds on which the appellant will rely on the appeal. A copy of the notice, together with a certified transcript of the proceedings, shall be immediately transmitted by the county clerk to

the clerk of the district court, who shall docket it as other cases and set the same for speedy trial.

- D. Neither the property owner nor the owner of livestock that are on a property where such open range road is located are liable for damages to any motor vehicle or occupants thereof caused by collision with livestock on a designated open range road.
- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 646.3 of Title 69, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - A. The board of county commissioners may remove the designation of a public road as an open range road according to the following procedure:
 - 1. A proposal for such removal shall be upon a petition to the board of county commissioners by at least fifty percent (50%) of landowners whose property is immediately affected by the road by providing ingress or egress to their property to the board of county commissioners:
- 2. The petition shall state the proposed action and clearly show on a map of the area the location and terminals of the road.

 The map shall also demonstrate that such road provides ingress or egress to the property of the petitioners requesting such removal.

 If the petition is in proper form, the board of county commissioners shall promptly investigate the proposal to attest that according to its records the road in question is within its jurisdiction and is

considered to be open for use by the general public, through grant or ownership, by easement or dedication, by adverse possession, or by open and notorious use, regardless of the frequency of maintenance or lack thereof. Additionally, the board shall determine that such road has been designated as an open range road. If the board of county commissioners determines that such road is not open for use by the general public, was not designated as an open range road, or the petition was not in proper form, the board

shall have grounds to dismiss the request;

- 3. If the petition is in proper form, and the board of county commissioners attests that such road in question is open for use by the general public and was previously designated as an open range road, the board of county commissioners shall set a hearing date. The petitioners requesting such action, under the direction of the county clerk, shall then notify those landowners whose property is immediately affected by the road by providing ingress or egress to their property and who are not part of the petition, as well as the owner of the property primarily benefitted by the open range road. The notice shall be given by regular mail at least twenty-one days (21) prior to the hearing date; and
- 4. Legal notice to the public shall be given by advertisement in a newspaper of general circulation in the county setting forth the facts and the date when the hearing will be held and the petition acted upon. The notice shall be published once per week

- for three (3) consecutive weeks at least twenty-one (21) days prior
 to the hearing date. The notice shall be paid for by the

 petitioners requesting such action, under the direction of the

 county clerk. A record of all such proceedings shall be made by the

 county clerk.
 - B. In considering the proposal to remove a public road from designation as an open range road, the board of county commissioners shall hear testimony provided by the petitioners and others who may testify at the hearing as to whether the designation of the road should be so removed. Upon a decision by the board of county commissioners to remove the designation of a public road as an open range road, the board shall require that any installed cattle guards be removed, the removal cost of which shall be paid for by the petitioners. Additionally, the board of county commissioners shall pay for the removal of any road signage that indicates that such roadway was an open range road.
 - C. If the board of county commissioners should deny such removal of designation, the petitioners taking such action may appeal such decision to the district court, conditioned that the appellants will prosecute their appeal without delay. The appeal shall be taken within ten (10) days after the board of county commissioners makes such determination, by serving a written notice to the county clerk, which notice shall set out in detail, in numbered paragraphs, the grounds on which the appellant will rely on

the appeal. A copy of the notice, together with a certified transcript of the proceedings, shall be immediately transmitted by the county clerk to the clerk of the district court, who shall docket it as other cases and set the same for speedy trial. SECTION 5. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024. COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON AGRICULTURE AND RURAL AFFAIRS February 19, 2024 - DO PASS AS AMENDED