An Act

ENROLLED SENATE BILL NO. 1860

By: McCortney, Taylor, Bullard, Burns, Garvin, Stanley, Pemberton, Standridge, Stephens, Rader, Coleman, Pederson, Simpson, Kidd, Murdock, Jech, Leewright, and Rogers of the Senate

and

McEntire, Olsen, Hasenbeck, Pae, Grego, Sims, and Randleman of the House

An Act relating to the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act; amending 36 O.S. 2021, Sections 6960, 6961, 6962, and 6963, which relate to definitions, retail pharmacy network access standards, compliance review, and health insurer monitoring; defining terms; modifying definition; expanding retail pharmacy network access standards; prohibiting pharmacy benefits managers from requiring patient use affiliated pharmacy; providing for expansion of pharmacy network participation; prohibiting provider contracts from limiting the ability of a pharmacy to disclose certain health care and cost information; providing health insurers performing pharmacy benefits management activities be responsible for certain conduct; modifying patient choices of innetwork pharmacy; providing that pharmacy benefits managers not require or incentivize individuals through certain means; construing provision; repealing 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6964, which relates to Pharmacy and Therapeutics Committees; updating statutory reference; and providing an effective date.

SUBJECT: Pharmacy Choice

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6960, is amended to read as follows:

Section 6960. For purposes of the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act:

- 1. "Health insurer" means any corporation, association, benefit society, exchange, partnership or individual licensed by the Oklahoma Insurance Code;
- 2. "Mail-order pharmacy" means a pharmacy licensed by this state that primarily dispenses and delivers covered drugs via common carrier;
- 3. "Pharmacy benefits management" means any or all of the following activities:
 - <u>a.</u> provider contract negotiation and/or provider network administration including decisions related to provider network participation status,
 - <u>b.</u> <u>drug rebate contract negotiation or drug rebate</u> administration, and
 - c. claims processing which may include claim billing and payment services;
- 4. "Pharmacy benefits manager" or "PBM" means a person or entity that performs pharmacy benefits management activities and any other person or entity acting for such a person or entity performing pharmacy benefits management activities. under a contractual or employment relationship in the performance of pharmacy benefits management for a managed-care company, nonprofit hospital, medical service organization, insurance company, third-party payor or a health program administered by a department of this state

 Notwithstanding any other provision within the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act, a self-funded plan administered by an employer or organized labor union who negotiates and executes all provider contracts directly with a pharmacy or the pharmacy's contracted

pharmacy services administrative organization, and a pharmacy provider who does not use a pharmacy services administrative organization shall not be deemed a pharmacy benefits manager of its own group health plan and shall not be restricted in its ability to design and manage its own group health plan;

- 4. "Pharmacy and therapeutics committee" or "P&T committee" means a committee at a hospital or a health insurance plan that decides which drugs will appear on that entity's drug formulary;
- 5. "Retail pharmacy" or "provider" means a pharmacy, as defined in Section 353.1 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, licensed by the State Board of Pharmacy or an agent or representative of a pharmacy;
- 5. 6. "Retail pharmacy network" means retail pharmacy providers contracted with a PBM in which the pharmacy primarily fills and sells prescriptions via a retail, storefront location;
- $\frac{6.}{7.}$ "Rural service area" means a five-digit ZIP code in which the population density is less than one thousand (1,000) individuals per square mile;
- 8. "Specialty drug" means prescription medication that requires special handling, administration, or monitoring and is used for the treatment of patients with serious health conditions requiring complex therapies. Specialty drugs shall also include drugs that are limited in distribution by the manufacturer and may be purchased only at specialty pharmacies;
- 7.9. "Suburban service area" means a five-digit ZIP code in which the population density is between one thousand (1,000) and three thousand (3,000) individuals per square mile; and
- $8.\ 10.$ "Urban service area" means a five-digit ZIP code in which the population density is greater than three thousand (3,000) individuals per square mile.
- SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6961, is amended to read as follows:

Section 6961. A. Pharmacy benefits managers (PBMs) shall comply with the following retail pharmacy network access standards:

- 1. At least ninety percent (90%) of covered individuals residing in $\frac{1}{2}$ and $\frac{1}{2}$ urban service area live within two (2) miles of a retail pharmacy participating in the PBM's retail pharmacy network;
- 2. At least ninety percent (90%) of covered individuals residing in $\frac{an}{an} = \frac{each}{each}$ urban service area live within five (5) miles of a retail pharmacy designated as a preferred participating pharmacy in the PBM's retail pharmacy network;
- 3. At least ninety percent (90%) of covered individuals residing in $\frac{1}{2}$ each suburban service area live within five (5) miles of a retail pharmacy participating in the PBM's retail pharmacy network;
- 4. At least ninety percent (90%) of covered individuals residing in a <u>each</u> suburban service area live within seven (7) miles of a retail pharmacy designated as a preferred participating pharmacy in the PBM's retail pharmacy network;
- 5. At least seventy percent (70%) of covered individuals residing in a <u>each</u> rural service area live within fifteen (15) miles of a retail pharmacy participating in the PBM's retail pharmacy network; and
- 6. At least seventy percent (70%) of covered individuals residing in a <u>each</u> rural service area live within eighteen (18) miles of a retail pharmacy designated as a preferred participating pharmacy in the PBM's retail pharmacy network.
- B. Mail-order pharmacies shall not be used to meet access standards for retail pharmacy networks.
- C. Pharmacy benefits managers shall not require patients to use pharmacies that are directly or indirectly owned by the or affiliated with a pharmacy benefits manager, including all regular prescriptions, refills or specialty drugs regardless of day supply.

- D. Pharmacy benefits managers shall not in any manner on any material, including but not limited to mail and ID cards, include the name of any pharmacy, hospital or other providers unless it specifically lists all pharmacies, hospitals and providers participating in the preferred and nonpreferred pharmacy and health networks.
- SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6962, is amended to read as follows:

Section 6962. A. The Oklahoma Insurance Department shall review and approve retail pharmacy network access for all pharmacy benefits managers (PBMs) to ensure compliance with Section $\frac{4}{4}$ of this act 6961 of this title.

- B. A PBM, or an agent of a PBM, shall not:
- 1. Cause or knowingly permit the use of advertisement, promotion, solicitation, representation, proposal or offer that is untrue, deceptive or misleading;
- 2. Charge a pharmacist or pharmacy a fee related to the adjudication of a claim, including without limitation a fee for:
 - a. the submission of a claim,
 - enrollment or participation in a retail pharmacy network, or
 - c. the development or management of claims processing services or claims payment services related to participation in a retail pharmacy network;
- 3. Reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in the state an amount less than the amount that the PBM reimburses a pharmacy owned by or under common ownership with a PBM for providing the same covered services. The reimbursement amount paid to the pharmacy shall be equal to the reimbursement amount calculated on a per-unit basis using the same generic product identifier or generic code number paid to the PBM-owned or PBM-affiliated pharmacy;

- 4. Deny a pharmacy the opportunity to participate in any <u>form</u> <u>of</u> pharmacy network <u>at preferred participation status</u>, <u>whether innetwork</u>, <u>preferred</u>, or otherwise, if the pharmacy is willing to accept the terms and conditions that the PBM has established for other pharmacies as a condition <u>of preferred network</u> <u>for</u> participation status <u>in the network or networks of the pharmacy's</u> choice;
- 5. Deny, limit or terminate a pharmacy's contract based on employment status of any employee who has an active license to dispense, despite probation status, with the State Board of Pharmacy;
- 6. Retroactively deny or reduce reimbursement for a covered service claim after returning a paid claim response as part of the adjudication of the claim, unless:
 - a. the original claim was submitted fraudulently, or
 - b. to correct errors identified in an audit, so long as the audit was conducted in compliance with Sections 356.2 and 356.3 of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes; or
- 7. Fail to make any payment due to a pharmacy or pharmacist for covered services properly rendered in the event a PBM terminates a pharmacy or pharmacist from a pharmacy benefits manager network.
- C. The prohibitions under this section shall apply to contracts between pharmacy benefits managers and pharmacists or pharmacies providers for participation in retail pharmacy networks.
- 1. A PBM provider contract shall not prohibit, restrict, or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist in any way for disclosing to an individual any health care information that the pharmacy or pharmacist deems appropriate regarding:
 - a. not restrict, directly or indirectly, any pharmacy that dispenses a prescription drug from informing, or penalize such pharmacy for informing, an individual of any differential between the individual's out-of-pocket cost or coverage with respect to acquisition of

the drug and the amount an individual would pay to purchase the drug directly the nature of treatment, risks, or alternatives to the prescription drug being dispensed, and

- b. ensure that any entity that provides pharmacy benefits management services under a contract with any such health plan or health insurance coverage does not, with respect to such plan or coverage, restrict, directly or indirectly, a pharmacy that dispenses a prescription drug from informing, or penalize such pharmacy for informing, a covered individual of any differential between the individual's out-of-pocket cost under the plan or coverage with respect to acquisition of the drug and the amount an individual would pay for acquisition of the drug without using any health plan or health insurance coverage the availability of alternate therapies, consultations, or tests,
- the decision of utilization reviewers or similar persons to authorize or deny services, and
- d. the process that is used to authorize or deny healthcare services and structures used by the health insurer.
- 2. Provider contracts shall not prohibit a pharmacy or pharmacist from discussing information regarding the total cost of pharmacist services for a prescription drug or from selling a more affordable alternative to the covered person if such alternative is available.

A pharmacy benefits manager's contract with a participating pharmacist or pharmacy 3. Provider contracts shall not prohibit, restrict or limit disclosure of information to the Insurance Commissioner, law enforcement or state and federal governmental officials investigating or examining a complaint or conducting a review of a pharmacy benefits manager's compliance with the requirements under the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act.

- 3.4. A pharmacy benefits manager shall establish and maintain an electronic claim inquiry processing system using the National Council for Prescription Drug Programs' current standards to communicate information to pharmacies submitting claim inquiries.
- SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6963, is amended to read as follows:

Section 6963. A. A health insurer shall be responsible for monitoring all activities carried out by, or on behalf of, the health insurer under the Patient's Right to Pharmacy Choice Act, and for ensuring that all requirements of this act Section 6958 et seq. of this title are met.

- B. Whenever a health insurer performs pharmacy benefits management on its own behalf or contracts with another person or entity to perform activities required under this act pharmacy benefits management, the health insurer shall be responsible for monitoring the activities and conduct of that person or entity with whom the health insurer contracts and for ensuring that the requirements of this act Section 6958 et seq. of this title are met.
- C. An individual may be notified at the point of sale when the cash price for the purchase of a prescription drug is less than the individual's copayment or coinsurance price for the purchase of the same prescription drug.
- D. A health insurer or pharmacy benefits manager (PBM) shall not restrict an individual's choice of in-network provider for prescription drugs.
- E. <u>1.</u> An individual's <u>A patient's</u> choice of in-network provider may include <u>a retail</u> <u>an in-network</u> pharmacy <u>or a, whether</u> that pharmacy is in a preferred or nonpreferred network, a retailer <u>pharmacy</u>, mail-order pharmacy, or any other pharmacy. A health insurer or PBM shall not restrict <u>such</u> <u>a patient's</u> choice <u>of in-network</u> pharmacy providers. <u>Such</u> <u>A</u> health insurer or PBM shall not require or incentivize <u>using</u> <u>individuals</u> by:
 - <u>a.</u> <u>using</u> any <u>discounts in cost-sharing or a reduction in copay, or the number of copays, or any other patient-copay equivalent to individuals to receive</u>

- prescription drugs from an individual's choice of innetwork pharmacy, or
- b. using financial incentives to differentiate between in-network pharmacies, whether that pharmacy is in a preferred or nonpreferred network, a retail pharmacy, mail order pharmacy, or any other type of pharmacy.
- 2. Nothing in this subsection shall be construed to prohibit a person or entity participating in pharmacy benefits management activities from directing a patient to use a specific pharmacy for the purchase of a specialty drug as defined in paragraph 8 of Section 1 of this act in the event the patient's chosen in-network pharmacy is unable to purchase and dispense the specialty drug.
- F. A health insurer, pharmacy or PBM shall adhere to all Oklahoma laws, statutes and rules when mailing, shipping and/or causing to be mailed or shipped prescription drugs into the State of Oklahoma this state.
- SECTION 5. REPEALER 36 O.S. 2021, Section 6964, is hereby repealed.
 - SECTION 6. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.

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