

1 ENGROSSED SENATE
2 BILL NO. 1843

By: Leewright of the Senate

3 and

4 Hilbert of the House

5
6 An Act relating to income tax; amending 68 O.S. 2021,
7 Section 2358, which relates to adjustments to arrive
8 at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted
9 gross income; modifying the payroll apportionment
10 factor to include expenditures for employees working
11 from home that reside in this state but employed by
12 business outside this state; updating statutory
13 language; and providing an effective date.

14 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

15 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, is
16 amended to read as follows:

17 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
18 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
19 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
20 as required by this section.

21 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
22 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
23 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

24 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that

1 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
2 income.

3 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
4 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
5 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws, or laws
6 of Oklahoma.

7 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
8 be adjusted as follows:

9 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
10 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
11 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
12 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an
13 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss
14 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant
15 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for
16 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of
17 the total loss for such year;

18 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
19 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any
20 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable
21 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the
22 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks
23 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be
24 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of

1 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as
2 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351
3 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without
4 regard to the existence of a federal net operating
5 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,
6 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to
7 which such losses may be carried shall be determined
8 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal
9 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the
10 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and
11 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net
12 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For
13 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and
14 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such
15 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2)
16 years. For tax years beginning after December 31,
17 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried
18 back shall be determined solely by reference to
19 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
20 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net
21 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced
22 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma
23 taxable income".
24

1 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
2 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
3 allocable in subparagraphs a, b, and c of this paragraph, whether or
4 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
5 on the same basis as those items:

6 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
7 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
8 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
9 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
10 property;

11 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
12 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
13 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
14 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
15 of the taxpayer, except that:

16 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
17 business or commercial situs apart from the
18 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
19 allocated in accordance with such business or
20 commercial situs; interest income from
21 investments held to generate working capital for
22 a unitary business enterprise shall be included
23 in apportionable income; a resident trust or
24 resident estate shall be treated as having a

1 separate commercial or business situs insofar as
2 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not
3 be treated as having a separate commercial or
4 business situs insofar as distributed income is
5 concerned,

6 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,
7 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
8 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly
9 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)
10 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated
11 to this state in the ratio of the original cost
12 of such partnership's tangible property in this
13 state to the original cost of such partnership's
14 tangible property everywhere, as determined at
15 the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent
16 (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets
17 consists of intangible assets, capital or
18 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an
19 ownership interest in the partnership shall be
20 allocated to this state in accordance with the
21 sales factor of the partnership for its first
22 full tax period immediately preceding its tax
23 period during which the ownership interest in the
24 partnership was sold; the provisions of this

1 division shall only apply if the capital or
2 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an
3 ownership interest in a partnership do not
4 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital
5 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of
6 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section,

7 (3) income from such property which is required to be
8 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
9 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein
10 provided;

11 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is
12 not a part of business carried on within or without
13 the state of a unitary character shall be separately
14 allocated to the state in which such activity is
15 conducted;

16 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
17 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
18 solely of marketing its products by:

19 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
20 directly to a point from without the state to a
21 purchaser within the state, commonly known as
22 interstate sales,

23 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
24 within the state pursuant to "in transit"

1 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
2 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
3 within the state,

4 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
5 within the state where the shipment to such
6 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
7 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
8 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
9 within or without the state,

10 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
11 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
12 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
13 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales
14 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales
15 defined in this section made to the purchaser within
16 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
17 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
18 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
19 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

20 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable
21 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for
22 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments
23 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1
24 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

1 (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of
2 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance
3 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned
4 to this state by multiplying such income by a
5 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct
6 premiums written for insurance on property or
7 risks in this state, and the denominator of which
8 is the direct premiums written for insurance on
9 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of
10 this subsection, the term "direct premiums
11 written" means the total amount of direct
12 premiums written, assessments and annuity
13 considerations as reported for the taxable year
14 on the annual statement filed by the company with
15 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
16 by the National Association of Insurance
17 Commissioners, or such other form as may be
18 prescribed in lieu thereof,

19 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an
20 insurance company consists of premiums for
21 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
22 such company shall be apportioned to this state
23 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
24 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct

1 premiums written for insurance on property or
2 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
3 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
4 or risks in this state, and the denominator of
5 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
6 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,
7 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
8 accepted in respect of property or risks
9 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
10 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
11 respect of property or risks in this state,
12 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the
13 election of the company be determined on the
14 basis of the proportion which premiums written
15 for insurance accepted from companies
16 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to
17 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from
18 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion
19 which the sum of the direct premiums written for
20 insurance on property or risks in this state by
21 each ceding company from which reinsurance is
22 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct
23 premiums written by each such ceding company for
24 the taxable year.

1 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate
2 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is
3 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to
4 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors
5 consisting of property, payroll, and sales or gross revenue
6 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b, and c of this paragraph. Net
7 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from
8 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on
9 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,
10 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
11 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any
12 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
13 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on
14 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
15 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
16 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
17 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
18 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
19 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
20 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
21 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
22 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
23 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
24 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty

1 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
2 factors shall be computed as follows:

3 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of
4 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and
5 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in
6 this state during the tax period and the denominator
7 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
8 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned
9 or rented and used during the tax period.

10 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
11 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
12 shall not be included in determining this
13 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall
14 include a portion of the investment in
15 transportation and other equipment having no
16 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses,
17 trucks, and trailers, including machinery and
18 equipment carried thereon, airplanes,
19 salespersons' automobiles, and other similar
20 equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled
21 in Oklahoma by such equipment bears to total
22 miles traveled,

23 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
24 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer

1 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
2 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
3 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
4 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
5 subrentals,

6 (3) The average value of property shall be determined
7 by averaging the values at the beginning and
8 ending of the tax period, but the Oklahoma Tax
9 Commission may require the averaging of monthly
10 values during the tax period if reasonably
11 required to reflect properly the average value of
12 the taxpayer's property;

13 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
14 which is the total compensation for services rendered
15 in the state during the tax period, and the
16 denominator of which is the total compensation for
17 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
18 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those
19 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary
20 business but does not include officers' salaries,
21 wages, and other compensation.

22 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
23 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
24 of such expenditure in connection with employees

1 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
2 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus
3 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,
4 in the proportion that mileage traveled in
5 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such
6 employees,

7 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
8 include a portion of such expenditures in
9 connection with itinerant employees, such as
10 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
11 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
12 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
13 of the enterprise by such employees,

14 (3) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
15 include expenditures of employees who reside in
16 this state and work for a business located
17 outside this state, in the proportion that time
18 spent working from home bears to the total time
19 spent working from home and other location
20 outside of this state;

21 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
22 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
23 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
24 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the

1 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
2 as used in this subsection does not include sales or
3 gross revenue which are separately allocated in
4 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

5 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
6 in this state if the property is delivered or
7 shipped to a purchaser other than the United
8 States government, within this state regardless
9 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;
10 or the property is shipped from an office, store,
11 warehouse, factory, or other place of storage in
12 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United
13 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not
14 doing business in the state of the destination of
15 the shipment.

16 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
17 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
18 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
19 this state as shown in its annual report to the
20 Corporation Commission.

21 (3) In the case of an airline, truck, or bus
22 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
23 car, or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
24 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion

1 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
2 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in
3 Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage
4 traveled.

5 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
6 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
7 be either the total of traffic units of the
8 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue
9 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at
10 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator
11 of which shall be the total of traffic units of
12 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise
13 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A
14 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the
15 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of
16 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of
17 gasoline, or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of
18 natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be.

19 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
20 communication enterprise, the numerator of the
21 fraction shall include that portion of the
22 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to
23 the accounting procedures prescribed by the
24 Federal Communications Commission; provided that

1 in respect to each corporation or business entity
2 required by the Federal Communications Commission
3 to keep its books and records in accordance with
4 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such
5 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be
6 determined separately in the manner provided by
7 such uniform system of accounts and only the
8 interstate income shall be subject to allocation
9 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
10 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors
11 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the
12 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal
13 Communications Commission.

14 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors
15 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net
16 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the
17 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because
18 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not
19 employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise;
20 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a
21 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of
22 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a
23 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been
24 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an

1 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma,
2 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or
3 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.
4 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed
5 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income
6 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and
7 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income
8 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable
9 portion thereof.

10 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or
11 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state
12 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an
13 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent
14 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded
15 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,
16 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen
17 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
18 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
19 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
20 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars
21 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
22 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
23 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
24 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In

1 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
2 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
3 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
4 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
5 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption
6 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
7 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
8 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph
9 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
10 the investment was originally made.

11 For purposes of this paragraph:

- 12 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
13 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used
14 or operated primarily for the processing or production
15 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.
16 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that
17 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two
18 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which
19 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not
20 include a facility that provides only, and nothing
21 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation
22 of agricultural commodities, and
- 23 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
24 used in a process primarily for:

- 1 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,~~7~~
2 including receiving or storing agricultural
3 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
4 operation,
- 5 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
6 product before, during or after the processing,
7 or
- 8 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
9 sale or shipment.

10 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
11 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
12 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
13 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
14 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
15 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
16 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

- 17 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or
- 18 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
19 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
20 the income from all other sources other than reflected
21 on Schedule F.

22 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
23 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
24 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.

1 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
2 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant
3 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this
4 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the
5 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

6 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
7 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
8 Consultation Service provided by the ~~Oklahoma~~ Department of Labor
9 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
10 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
11 utilized.

12 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,
13 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to
14 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income
15 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
16 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment
17 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from
18 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred
19 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)
20 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American
21 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

22 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,
23 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted
24 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to

1 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or
2 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the
3 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would
4 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing
5 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title,
6 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item
7 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the
8 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and
9 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma
10 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall
11 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and
12 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in
13 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member",
14 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by
15 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of
16 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in
17 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this
18 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income
19 tax purposes.

20 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
21 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
22 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section
24 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the

1 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the
2 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,
3 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after
4 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma
5 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for
6 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
7 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
8 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the
9 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax
10 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,
11 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for
12 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of
13 such assets.

14 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
15 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
16 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
17 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
18 and before January 1, 1983.

19 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which
20 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an
21 adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year
22 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such
23 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The
24 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance

1 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal
2 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

3 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
4 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to
5 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-
6 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
7 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as
8 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

9 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the
10 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to
11 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to
12 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor
13 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an
14 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result
15 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed
16 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such
17 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such
18 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years
19 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from
20 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of
21 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
22 1988.

23 2. For purposes of this subsection:
24

1 a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
2 organized as a corporation, partnership, or
3 proprietorship, organized for profit with its
4 principal place of business located within this state
5 and which meets the following criteria:

6 (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
7 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),

8 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
9 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the
10 time of the transfer, and

11 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
12 corporation;

13 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
14 pattern, device, or compilation of scientific or
15 technical information which is not in the public
16 domain;

17 c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
18 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
19 at the time the transfer is made; and

20 d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
21 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
22 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

23 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the
24 taxable income of any corporation, estate, or trust, shall be

1 further adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
2 Such corporations, estates, or trusts shall be allowed a deduction
3 from Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains
4 receiving capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate, or
5 trust during the taxable year and included in the federal taxable
6 income of such corporation, estate, or trust.

7 2. As used in this subsection:

8 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
9 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
10 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
11 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate, or
12 or trust that result from:

13 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
14 property located within Oklahoma that has been
15 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
16 estate, or trust for a holding period of at least
17 five (5) years prior to the date of the
18 transaction from which such net capital gains
19 arise,

20 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership
21 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited
22 liability company, or partnership where such
23 stock or ownership interest has been directly or
24 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate, or

1 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)
2 years prior to the date of the transaction from
3 which the net capital gains arise, or

4 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
5 property, or intangible personal property located
6 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
7 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
8 company, limited liability company, or
9 partnership where such property has been directly
10 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the
11 owners of such entity, and used in or derived
12 from such entity for a period of at least three
13 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction
14 from which the net capital gains arise,

15 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
16 time. The holding period shall include any additional
17 period when the property was held by another
18 individual or entity, if such additional period is
19 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
20 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

21 c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or
22 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
23 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
24 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date

1 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
2 arise,

3 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,
4 and

5 e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
6 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
7 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
8 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

9 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
10 tangible personal property located within
11 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
12 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
13 through entity that makes the sale has held the
14 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
15 years prior to the date of the transaction that
16 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
17 entity included in the chain of ownership has
18 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
19 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
20 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
21 five (5) years.

22 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
23 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
24 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited

1 liability company, or partnership, the deduction
2 described in this subsection shall not apply
3 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
4 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or
5 the assets for not less than three (3)
6 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
7 transaction that created the capital gain, and
8 each pass-through entity included in the chain of
9 ownership has been a member, partner or
10 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the
11 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted
12 period of not less than three (3) years.

13 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
14 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
15 taxable income:

16 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
17 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
18 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars
19 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
20 by the Internal Revenue Code.

21 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
22 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
23 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For
24 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind

1 only if the central visual acuity of the individual
2 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with
3 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the
4 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied
5 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the
6 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
7 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

8 c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
9 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
10 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
11 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status
12 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
13 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
14 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
15 does not exceed:

- 16 (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
17 married and filing jointly;
- 18 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
19 if married and filing separately;
- 20 (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
21 and
- 22 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
23 qualifying head of household.
- 24

1 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
2 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
3 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
4 conversion of a traditional individual retirement
5 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
6 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
7 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
8 subparagraph.

- 9 2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
10 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
11 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
12 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
13 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
14 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
15 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of
16 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross
17 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to
18 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that
19 in the case of a married individual filing a separate
20 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen
21 percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income
22 or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed
23 the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars
24 (\$1,000.00).

1 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of
3 individuals who use the standard deduction in
4 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
5 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
6 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard
7 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an
8 amount equal to:

9 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
10 status is married filing joint, head of
11 household, or qualifying widow; or

12 (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing
13 status is single or married filing separate.

14 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
15 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
16 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
17 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
18 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
19 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
20 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

21 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
22 if the filing status is married filing joint or
23 qualifying widow; or

- 1 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
2 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
3 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
4 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
5 married filing separate.

6 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
7 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
8 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
9 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
10 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
11 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
12 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

- 13 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
14 the filing status is married filing joint or
15 qualifying widow, or
16 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
17 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
18 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
19 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or
20 married filing separate.

21 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
22 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
23 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
24 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case

1 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
2 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
3 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

- 4 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
5 if the filing status is married filing joint or
6 qualifying widow, or
7 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
8 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
9 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
10 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
11 married filing separate.

12 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by
13 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which
14 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

- 15 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
16 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of
17 individuals who use the standard deduction in
18 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
19 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
20 to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard
21 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based
22 upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such
23 Code for purposes of filing federal individual income
24 tax returns.

1 g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2 2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
3 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
4 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
5 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
6 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
7 Revenue Code, as follows:

8 (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
9 (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing
10 separately,

11 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
12 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
13 qualifying widower with dependent child, and

14 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
15 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

16 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
17 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources
18 both within and without the state, the itemized or
19 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
20 reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the
21 total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of
22 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized
23 deductions include allowable moving expense, proration
24 of moving expense shall not be required or permitted

1 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible
2 for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and
3 no part of moving expense shall be deductible for
4 those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma.
5 All other itemized or standard deductions and personal
6 exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided
7 by law.

8 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
9 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable
10 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the
11 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall
12 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00).
13 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable
14 contributions and medical expenses deductible for
15 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the
16 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as
17 specified by this subparagraph.

18 4. A resident individual with a physical disability
19 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
20 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor
21 vehicle, home, or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his
22 or her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans
23 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected
24 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a

1 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
2 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a
3 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which
4 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission
5 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

6 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five
7 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person
8 from the United States as salary or compensation in
9 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member
10 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
11 States shall be deducted from taxable income.

12 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)
13 of the income received by any person from the United
14 States as salary or compensation in any form, other
15 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component
16 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be
17 deducted from taxable income.

18 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
19 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
20 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
21 reason of:

22 (1) absence from the United States, which term
23 includes only the states and the District of
24 Columbia;

1 (2) absence from ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state
2 while on active duty; or

3 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United
4 States for treatment of wounds, injuries, or
5 disease,

6 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax
7 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring
8 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth
9 day of the third month following the month in which:

10 (a) Such individual shall return to the United
11 States if the extension is granted pursuant
12 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return
13 to ~~the State of Oklahoma~~ this state if the
14 extension is granted pursuant to
15 subparagraph b of this paragraph or be
16 discharged from such hospital if the
17 extension is granted pursuant to
18 subparagraph c of this paragraph; or

19 (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator
20 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,
21 whichever event occurs the earliest.

22 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant
23 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of
24 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax

1 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such
2 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax
3 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in
4 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,
5 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

6 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of
7 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any
8 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be
9 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is
10 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is
11 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,
12 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as
13 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

14 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
15 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
16 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
17 year.

18 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
19 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
20 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
21 extent they relate to income subject to taxation
22 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
23 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding
24 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the

1 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted
2 gross income.

3 c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income
4 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes
5 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though
6 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining
7 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for
8 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not
9 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten
10 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced
11 refund of the credit received during the tax year
12 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and
13 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-
14 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not
15 be subject to taxation.

16 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
17 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
18 beginning before January 1, 2006.

19 8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred
20 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
21 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand
22 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax
23 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of
24 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,

1 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
2 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
3 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
4 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
5 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the
6 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
7 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
8 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
9 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
10 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
11 from taxable income.

12 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
13 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
14 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
15 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
16 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

17 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
18 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
19 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
20 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
21 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or
22 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
23 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a
24 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account

1 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
2 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
3 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
4 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
5 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code.

7 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
8 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
9 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
10 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

11 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the
12 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a
13 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction
14 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs
15 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for
16 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be
17 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is
18 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of
19 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to
20 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation
21 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the
22 individual.

23
24

1 13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
2 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
3 individual taxpayer in connection with:

4 (1) the adoption of a minor, or

5 (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
6 result in a decreed adoption,

7 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
8 income.

9 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
10 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
11 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.

12 c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
13 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
14 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
15 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
16 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
17 verification.

18 d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,
19 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees, and
20 expenses which are directly related to the legal
21 process of adoption of a child including, but not
22 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,
23 health and psychological examinations, transportation,
24 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child

1 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the
2 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other
3 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses"
4 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the
5 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and
6 after the point of the initiation of the contest,
7 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation,
8 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or
9 property, except for a special needs child as
10 authorized by the court.

- 11 14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
12 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
13 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
14 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
15 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five
16 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing
17 status is single, head of household, or married filing
18 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or
19 less if the filing status is married filing joint or
20 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.
21 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
22 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
23 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
24 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is

1 less than the qualifying amount specified in this
2 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount
4 shall be as follows:

5 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,
6 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the
7 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
8 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
9 filing status is single, head of household, or
10 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand
11 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
12 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

13 (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007,
14 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand
15 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status
16 is single, head of household, or married filing
17 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
18 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
19 married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

20 (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
21 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
22 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
23 filing status is single, head of household, or
24 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-

1 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
2 the filing status is married filing jointly or
3 qualifying widow,

4 (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
5 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
6 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
7 filing status is single, head of household, or
8 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
9 Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
10 status is married filing jointly or qualifying
11 widow, and

12 (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
13 and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
14 limitation upon the qualifying amount.

15 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
16 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
17 following:

18 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
19 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,

21 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that
22 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
24

- 1 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity, or
2 trust or simplified employee pension that
3 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
5 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
6 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
7 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
8 (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
9 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
11 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
12 which satisfies the requirements of Section
13 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
14 Section 402(e).

15 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph
16 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
17 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
18 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
19 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year
20 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual
21 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8
22 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a
23 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph
24 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount

1 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
2 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
4 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax
5 year and all subsequent tax years.

6 15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an
7 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a
8 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
9 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any
10 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal
11 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an
12 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the
13 production of agricultural products.

14 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
15 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship
16 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
17 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
18 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

19 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
20 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a
21 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts
22 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings
23 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of
24 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the

1 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand
2 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for
3 each account.

4 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
5 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for
6 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the
7 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual
8 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to
9 all such accounts plus any contributions to such
10 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after
11 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no
12 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten
13 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual
14 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for
15 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a
16 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in
17 the year for which the contribution is made may be
18 carried forward as a deduction from income for the
19 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years
20 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be
21 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a
22 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding
23 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax
24 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.

1 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may
2 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

3 c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
4 deductions for contributions made pursuant to
5 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as
6 follows:

7 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
8 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
9 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
10 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
11 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
12 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
13 nonqualified withdrawal, and

14 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or
15 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year
16 in which a contribution was made to the
17 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise
18 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this
19 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the
20 contribution which is equal to the rollover or
21 nonqualified withdrawal.

22 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a
23 contribution for which a deduction has been taken
24 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within

1 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount
2 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted
3 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of
4 the rollover.

5 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
6 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
7 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
8 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
9 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
10 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

11 f. As used in this paragraph:

12 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
13 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
14 other than one of the following:

15 (a) a qualified withdrawal,

16 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death
17 or disability of the designated beneficiary
18 of an account,

19 (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of
20 a scholarship or the allowance or payment
21 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or
22 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by
23 the designated beneficiary to the extent the
24 amount of the refund does not exceed the

1 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or
2 payment, or

3 (d) a rollover or change of designated
4 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of
5 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma
6 Statutes, and

7 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
8 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
9 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
11 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of
12 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the
13 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten
14 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income
15 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by
16 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

17 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
18 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
19 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
20 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
21 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
22 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
23 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

- 1 a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty
2 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
3 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty
4 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
5 c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty
6 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
7 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
8 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
9 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
10 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
11 of such benefits shall be exempt.

- 12 20. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a
13 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand
14 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross
15 income if the individual, or the dependent of the
16 individual, while living, donates one or more human
17 organs of the individual to another human being for
18 human organ transplantation. As used in this
19 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver,
20 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A
21 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be
22 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ
23 transplantation occurs.

1 b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
2 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
3 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
4 related to the organ donation of the individual.

5 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
6 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
7 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
8 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
9 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
10 verification.

11 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
12 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
13 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
14 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-
15 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

16 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
17 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
18 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
19 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

20 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there
21 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less
22 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award
23 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For
24 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a

1 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the
2 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a
3 scholarship in its books and records.

4 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,
5 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local
6 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes
8 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the
9 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted
10 after any such limitations are applied.

11 25. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each
12 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts
13 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience
14 (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56
15 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided
16 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars
17 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars
18 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of
19 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which
20 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from
21 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for
22 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the
23 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state
24 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.

1 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in
2 more than one (1) tax year.

3 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
4 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
5 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
6 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of
7 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

8 2. As used in this subsection:

9 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
10 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
11 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
12 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
13 result from:

14 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
15 property located within Oklahoma that has been
16 directly or indirectly owned by the individual
17 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
18 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction
19 from which such net capital gains arise,

20 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or
21 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma
22 company, limited liability company, or
23 partnership where such stock or ownership
24 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by

1 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of
2 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the
3 transaction from which the net capital gains
4 arise, or

5 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
6 property or intangible personal property located
7 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
8 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
9 company, limited liability company, or
10 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
11 business enterprise where such property has been
12 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or
13 business enterprise or owned by the owners of
14 such entity or business enterprise for a period
15 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of
16 the transaction from which the net capital gains
17 arise,

18 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
19 time. The holding period shall include any additional
20 period when the property was held by another
21 individual or entity, if such additional period is
22 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
23 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,
24

1 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
2 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
3 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
4 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
5 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
6 arise,

7 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns
8 the asset,

9 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
10 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-
11 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
12 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

13 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
14 tangible personal property located within
15 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
16 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
17 through entity that makes the sale has held the
18 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
19 years prior to the date of the transaction that
20 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
21 entity included in the chain of ownership has
22 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
23 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
24

1 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
2 five (5) years.

3 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
4 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
5 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
6 liability company, partnership, or Oklahoma
7 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction
8 described in this subsection shall not apply
9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for
11 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior
12 to the date of the transaction that created the
13 capital gain, and each pass-through entity
14 included in the chain of ownership has been a
15 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-
16 through entity in the tier immediately below it
17 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two
18 (2) years. For purposes of this division,
19 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,
20 shall be included in the determination of the
21 required holding period prescribed by this
22 division, and

23 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a
24 business enterprise whose income and expenses have

1 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar
3 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue
4 Service and whose primary headquarters have been
5 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3)
6 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
7 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

8 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income
9 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed
10 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment
11 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in
12 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real
13 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

14 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
15 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
16 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
17 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
18 subsection. As used in this subsection:

19 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
20 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
21 of the Internal Revenue Code,

22 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means
23 a real estate investment trust, the shares or
24 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded

1 on an established securities market and more than
2 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of
3 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned
4 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or
5 constructively, by a single entity that is:

- 6 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
7 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and
- 8 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
9 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code.

11 The term shall not include a real estate investment
12 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an
13 established securities market, and that satisfies the
14 requirements of Section 856(a) (5) and (6) of the U.S.
15 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h) (2)
16 of the Internal Revenue Code,

17 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
18 not include the following entities:

- 19 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in
20 paragraph a of this subsection other than a
21 "captive real estate investment trust", or
- 22 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
23 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT

1 subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment
2 trust", or

3 (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an
4 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed
5 Investment Scheme" under the Australian
6 Corporations Act in which the principal class of
7 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in
8 Australia and is regularly traded on an
9 established securities market), or an entity
10 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed
11 Australian Property Trust owns or controls,
12 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent
13 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the
14 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or

15 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a
16 corporation, trust, association, or partnership
17 organized outside the laws of the United States
18 and which satisfies the following criteria:

19 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
20 entity's total asset value at the close of
21 its taxable year is represented by real
22 estate assets, as defined in Section
23 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 thereby including shares or certificates of

1 beneficial interest in any real estate
2 investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
3 and U.S. Government securities,

4 (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid
5 deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
7 entity level tax,

8 (c) the entity is required to distribute at
9 least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
10 taxable income, as computed in the
11 jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
12 the holders of its shares or certificates of
13 beneficial interest on an annual basis,

14 (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the
15 voting power or value in such entity is held
16 directly or indirectly or constructively by
17 a single entity or individual, or the shares
18 or beneficial interests of such entity are
19 regularly traded on an established
20 securities market, and

21 (e) the entity is organized in a country which
22 has a tax treaty with the United States.

23 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
24 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by

1 Section 856(d) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in
2 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any
3 person.

4 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become
5 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)
6 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment
7 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an
8 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first
9 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended
10 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or
11 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real
12 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
13 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on
14 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
16 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c) (1) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code.

18 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2022.
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Passed the Senate the 8th day of March, 2022.

Presiding Officer of the Senate

Passed the House of Representatives the ____ day of _____,
2022.

Presiding Officer of the House
of Representatives