1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION		
2	February 26, 2024 AS AMENDED		
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3	SENATE BILL NO. 1452 By: Dahm		
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6	[ income tax - adjustments - exemption - effective date ]		
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9	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:		
10	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, as		
11	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 377, O.S.L. 2022 (68 O.S. Supp.		
12	2023, Section 2358), is amended to read as follows:		
13	Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,		
14	1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to		
15	arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income		
16	as required by this section.		
17	A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to		
18	arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma		
19	adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:		
20	1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any		
21	state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise		
22	exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that		
23	such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross		
24	income.		

2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
 of Oklahoma.

5 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall6 be adjusted as follows:

For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 7 a. beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any 8 9 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for 10 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss 11 12 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for 13 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of 14 the total loss for such year; 15

For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years 16 b. beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any 17 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable 18 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the 19 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks 20 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be 21 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of 22 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as 23 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 24

1 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without 2 regard to the existence of a federal net operating loss. For tax years beginning after December 31, 3 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to 4 5 which such losses may be carried shall be determined solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal 6 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the 7 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and 8 9 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For 10 11 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such 12 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2) 13 years. For tax years beginning after December 31, 14 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried 15 back shall be determined solely by reference to 16 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., 17 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net 18 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced 19 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma 20 taxable income". 21

4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or

1 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
2 on the same basis as those items:

- a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
  as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
  gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
  allocated in accordance with the situs of such
  property;
- b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
  interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
  and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall
  be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
  of the taxpayer, except that:
- (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary 13 business or commercial situs apart from the 14 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be 15 allocated in accordance with such business or 16 commercial situs; interest income from 17 investments held to generate working capital for 18 a unitary business enterprise shall be included 19 in apportionable income; a resident trust or 20 resident estate shall be treated as having a 21 separate commercial or business situs insofar as 22 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not 23 be treated as having a separate commercial or 24

business situs insofar as distributed income is concerned,

for taxable years beginning after December 31, (2) 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated to this state in the ratio of the original cost of such partnership's tangible property in this state to the original cost of such partnership's tangible property everywhere, as determined at the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets consists of intangible assets, capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in the partnership shall be allocated to this state in accordance with the sales factor of the partnership for its first full tax period immediately preceding its tax period during which the ownership interest in the partnership was sold; the provisions of this division shall only apply if the capital or ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an ownership interest in a partnership do not

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constitute qualifying gain receiving capital treatment as defined in subparagraph a of paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section,

- (3) income from such property which is required to be allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
   5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein provided;
- 8 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is 9 not a part of business carried on within or without 10 the state of a unitary character shall be separately 11 allocated to the state in which such activity is 12 conducted;
- 13d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing14enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma this15state consists solely of marketing its products by:
- 16 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped 17 directly to a point from without the state to a 18 purchaser within the state, commonly known as 19 interstate sales,
- 20 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
  21 within the state pursuant to "in transit"
  22 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
  23 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
  24 within the state,

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(3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
within the state where the shipment to such
warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
within or without the state,

the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the 7 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of 8 9 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived from the manufacture and/or processing and sales 10 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales 11 12 defined in this section made to the purchaser within the state to the total sales everywhere. The term 13 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means 14 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of 15 which is warehousing merchandise for the public; 16 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable 17 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for 18 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments 19 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1 20 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows: 21 except as otherwise provided by division (2) of 22 (1) this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance 23 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned 24

to this state by multiplying such income by a fraction, the numerator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the direct premiums written for insurance on property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this subsection, the term "direct premiums written" means the total amount of direct premiums written, assessments and annuity considerations as reported for the taxable year on the annual statement filed by the company with the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved by the National Association of Insurance Commissioners, or such other form as may be prescribed in lieu thereof,

(2) if the principal source of premiums written by an 16 insurance company consists of premiums for 17 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of 18 such company shall be apportioned to this state 19 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the 20 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct 21 premiums written for insurance on property or 22 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written 23 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property 24

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1 or risks in this state, and the denominator of which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written 2 for insurance on property or risks everywhere, 3 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance 4 5 accepted in respect of property or risks everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph, 6 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in 7 respect of property or risks in this state, 8 9 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the election of the company be determined on the 10 basis of the proportion which premiums written 11 12 for insurance accepted from companies 13 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma this state bears to premiums written for reinsurance 14 accepted from all sources, or alternatively in 15 the proportion which the sum of the direct 16 premiums written for insurance on property or 17 risks in this state by each ceding company from 18 which reinsurance is accepted bears to the sum of 19 the total direct premiums written by each such 20 ceding company for the taxable year. 21 The net income or loss remaining after the separate 5. 22

23 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is 24 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to

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1 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors 2 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net 3 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from 4 5 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity, 6 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection, 7 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any 8 9 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on 10 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property 11 12 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million 13 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after 14 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or 15 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost 16 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) 17 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is 18 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be 19 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five 20 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty 21 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment 22 factors shall be computed as follows: 23

a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property owned or rented and used in this state during the tax period and the denominator of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's real and tangible personal property everywhere owned or rented and used during the tax period.

- Property, the income from which is separately 8 (1)9 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection, shall not be included in determining this 10 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall 11 12 include a portion of the investment in 13 transportation and other equipment having no fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks 14 and trailers, including machinery and equipment 15 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons' 16 17 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma this 18 state by such equipment bears to total miles 19 traveled, 20
- (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
  original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer
  is valued at eight times the net annual rental
  rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual

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rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
 subrentals,

- (3) The average value of property shall be determined by averaging the values at the beginning and ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax Commission may require the averaging of monthly values during the tax period if reasonably required to reflect properly the average value of the taxpayer's property;
- The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of 11 b. which is the total compensation for services rendered 12 13 in the state during the tax period, and the denominator of which is the total compensation for 14 services rendered everywhere during the tax period. 15 "Compensation", as used in this subsection, means 16 those paid-for services to the extent related to the 17 unitary business but does not include officers' 18 salaries, wages and other compensation. 19
- (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
  numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
  of such expenditure in connection with employees
  operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
  railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus

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drivers, in this state only a part of the time, in the proportion that mileage traveled in <del>Oklahoma</del> <u>this state</u> bears to total mileage traveled by such employees,

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5 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall 6 include a portion of such expenditures in 7 connection with itinerant employees, such as 8 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part 9 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in 10 <del>Oklahoma</del> <u>this state</u> bears to total time spent in

furtherance of the enterprise by such employees; 11 The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which 12 с. is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in 13 this state during the tax period, and the denominator 14 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the 15 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales", 16 as used in this subsection, does not include sales or 17 gross revenue which are separately allocated in 18 paragraph 4 of this subsection. 19

20 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
21 in this state if the property is delivered or
22 shipped to a purchaser other than the United
23 States government, within this state regardless
24 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;

- 1or the property is shipped from an office, store,2warehouse, factory or other place of storage in3this state and (a) the purchaser is the United4States government or (b) the taxpayer is not5doing business in the state of the destination of6the shipment.
  - (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall not be less than the allocation of revenues to this state as shown in its annual report to the Corporation Commission.
- 12 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus 13 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the 14 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion 15 of revenue from interstate transportation in the 16 17 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in Oklahoma this state bears to total interstate 18 mileage traveled. 19
- (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
  enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
  be either the total of traffic units of the
  enterprise within Oklahoma this state or the
  revenue allocated to Oklahoma this state based

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upon miles moved, at the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator of which shall be the total of traffic units of the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or casinghead gas, as the case may be.

In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other 11 (5) 12 communication enterprise, the numerator of the 13 fraction shall include that portion of the interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to 14 the accounting procedures prescribed by the 15 Federal Communications Commission; provided that 16 in respect to each corporation or business entity 17 required by the Federal Communications Commission 18 to keep its books and records in accordance with 19 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such 20 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be 21 determined separately in the manner provided by 22 such uniform system of accounts and only the 23 interstate income shall be subject to allocation 24

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pursuant to the provisions of this subsection. Provided further, that the gross revenue factors shall be those as are determined pursuant to the accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal Communications Commission.

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In any case where the apportionment of the three factors 6 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma this state a 7 portion of net income of the enterprise out of all appropriate 8 9 proportion to the property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because of the fact that one or more of the factors so 10 11 prescribed are not employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance 12 of the enterprise; or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a considerable extent in furtherance of the 13 enterprise; or because of other reasons, the Tax Commission is 14 empowered to permit, after a showing by taxpayer that an excessive 15 portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma this state, or 16 require, when in its judgment an insufficient portion of net income 17 has been attributed to Oklahoma this state, the elimination, 18 substitution, or use of additional factors, or reduction or increase 19 in the weight of such prescribed factors. Provided, however, that 20 any such variance from such prescribed factors which has the effect 21 of increasing the portion of net income attributable to Oklahoma 22 this state must not be inherently arbitrary, and application of the 23 recomputed final apportionment to the net income of the enterprise 24

1 must attribute to Oklahoma this state only a reasonable portion
2 thereof.

6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or 3 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state 4 5 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent 6 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded 7 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999, 8 9 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen 10 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming 11 12 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars 13 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules 14 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible 15 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph 16 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In 17 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this 18 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any 19 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One 20 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into 21 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption 22 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this 23 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an 24

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1	exemption from in	come pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph	
2	for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which		
3	the investment was originally made.		
4	For purposes of this paragraph:		
5	a. "Ag	ricultural commodity processing facility" means	
6	bui	<del>lding</del> <u>buildings</u> , structures, fixtures and	
7	imp	rovements used or operated primarily for the	
8	pro	cessing or production of marketable products from	
9	agr	icultural commodities. The term shall also mean a	
10	dai	ry operation that requires a depreciable investment	
11	of	at least Two Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars	
12	(\$2	50,000.00) and which produces milk from dairy cows.	
13	The	term does not include a facility that provides	
14	onl	y, and nothing more than, storage, cleaning, drying	
15	or	transportation of agricultural commodities, and	
16	b. "Fa	cility" means each part of the facility which is	
17	use	d in a process primarily for:	
18	(1)	the processing of agricultural commodities,	
19		including receiving or storing agricultural	
20		commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy	
21		operation,	
22	(2)	transporting the agricultural commodities or	
23		product before, during or after the processing,	
24		or	

1 2 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for sale or shipment.

7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

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a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of the income from all other sources other than reflected on Schedule F.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all 15 8. qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in 16 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income. 17 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be 18 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant 19 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this 20 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the 21 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A. 22

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA

Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
 utilized.

5 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010, there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to 6 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income 7 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986 8 9 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from 10 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred 11 12 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American 13 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). 14

11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019, 15 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted 16 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to 17 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or 18 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the 19 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would 20 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing 21 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title, 22 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item 23 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the 24

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1 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and 2 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall 3 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and 4 5 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member", 6 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by 7 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of 8 9 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in 10 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income 11 12 tax purposes.

12. For tax year 2025 and subsequent tax years, an employer 13 providing paid leave to an employee for the purpose of volunteering 14 as a poll worker with a county election board in this state shall 15 receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One 16 Hundred Dollars (\$100.00) for each day of leave provided in the tax 17 year. The employer shall provide documentation from the applicable 18 county election board showing the employee volunteered, upon request 19 of the Oklahoma Tax Commission. 20

B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section

1 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the 2 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C., 3 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after 4 5 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for 6 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, 7 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 8 9 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the 10 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31, 11 12 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of 13 such assets. 14

Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981, and before January 1, 1983.

For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which accelerated cost recovery system the Accelerated Cost Recovery System was previously disallowed, an adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such assets to the basis allowed in

1 the Internal Revenue Code. The purpose of this adjustment is to 2 equalize the basis and allowance for depreciation accounts between 3 that reported to the Internal Revenue Service and that reported to 4 <del>Oklahoma</del> this state.

5 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and 6 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to 7 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-8 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a 9 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as 10 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the 11 C. 1. 12 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to 13 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma this state. 14 Such transferor corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable 15 income of an amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received 16 as a result of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall 17 not exceed ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds 18 received by such transferor corporation as a result of the 19 technology transfer. Such exemption shall be allowed for a period 20 not to exceed ten (10) years from the date of receipt of the first 21 royalty payment accruing from such transfer. No exemption may be 22 claimed for transfers of technology to qualified small businesses 23 made prior to January 1, 1988. 24

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- 2. For purposes of this subsection:

2	a.	"Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
3		organized as a corporation, partnership, or
4		proprietorship, organized for profit with its
5		principal place of business located within this state
6		and which meets the following criteria:
7		(1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
8		Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),
9		(2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
10		employees and assets located in <del>Oklahoma</del> <u>this</u>
11		state at the time of the transfer, and
12		(3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
13		corporation;
14	b.	"Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
15		pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
16		technical information which is not in the public
17		domain;
18	с.	"Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
19		the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
20		at the time the transfer is made; and
21	d.	"Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
22		consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
23		the consideration is in money or otherwise.
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1 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further 2 adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such 3 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from 4 5 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during 6 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such 7 corporation, estate or trust. 8

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2. As used in this subsection:

- 10a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means11the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section121222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the13federal income tax return of the corporation, estate14or trust that result from:
- (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
  property located within Oklahoma this state that
  has been directly or indirectly owned by the
  corporation, estate or trust for a holding period
  of at least five (5) years prior to the date of
  the transaction from which such net capital gains
  arise,

## (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership interest in an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership where such

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1 stock or ownership interest has been directly or indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or 2 trust for a holding period of at least three (3) 3 years prior to the date of the transaction from 4 5 which the net capital gains arise, or (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 6 property or intangible personal property located 7 within Oklahoma this state as part of the sale of 8 9 all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or 10 partnership where such property has been directly 11 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the 12 owners of such entity, and used in or derived 13 from such entity for a period of at least three 14 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction 15 from which the net capital gains arise, 16 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of 17 The holding period shall include any additional 18 time. period when the property was held by another 19 individual or entity, if such additional period is 20 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 21 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 22 "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or с. 23 "partnership" means an entity whose primary 24

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- headquarters have been located in <del>Oklahoma</del> <u>this state</u> for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,
  - d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset, and
  - e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.
- With respect to sales of real property or 11 (1)12 tangible personal property located within Oklahoma this state, the deduction described in 13 this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-14 through entity that makes the sale has held the 15 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted 16 years prior to the date of the transaction that 17 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 18 entity included in the chain of ownership has 19 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the 20 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below 21 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than 22 five (5) years. 23
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1 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership interest in or sales of all or substantially all 2 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 3 liability company, or partnership, the deduction 4 5 described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the 6 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or 7 the assets for not less than three (3) 8 9 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 10 transaction that created the capital gain, and each pass-through entity included in the chain of 11 12 ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the pass-through entity in the 13 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted 14 period of not less than three (3) years. 15 The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual 16 Ε. taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma 17 taxable income: 18 In the case of individuals, there shall be added or 1. 19 a. deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary 20

to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

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1 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 2 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. 3 For purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind 4 5 only if the central visual acuity of the individual does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with 6 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the 7 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied 8 9 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle 10 no greater than twenty (20) degrees. 11

12 с. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or 13 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at 14 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status 15 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer. 16 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim 17 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income 18 does not exceed: 19

- (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) ifmarried and filing jointly;
  - (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)if married and filing separately;

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(3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single; and

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(4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a qualifying head of household.

Provided, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the conversion of a traditional individual retirement account to a Roth individual retirement account shall be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for purposes of the income thresholds provided in this subparagraph.

2. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31, 13 a. 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard 14 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall 15 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the 16 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in 17 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal 18 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of 19 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross 20 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to 21 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that 22 in the case of a married individual filing a separate 23 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen 24

- percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00).
- 5 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of 6 individuals who use the standard deduction in 7 determining taxable income, there shall be added or 8 9 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard 10 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an 11 12 amount equal to:
  - (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing status is married filing joint, head of household or qualifying widow; or
    - (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
  ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
  who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
  income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
  may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
  deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
  the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

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- (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
   if the filing status is married filing joint or
   qualifying widow; or
  - (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars(\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or
  - (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
- 9 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and 10 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals 11 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable 12 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case 13 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard 14 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by 15 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
  - (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if the filing status is married filing joint or qualifying widow, or
    - (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars(\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
    - (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or married filing separate.
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1	e.	For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
2		ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
3		who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
4		income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
5		may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
6		deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
7		the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:
8		(1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
9		if the filing status is married filing joint or
10		qualifying widow, or
11		(2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
12		(\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or
13		(3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
14		(\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
15		married filing separate.
16		Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by
17		any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which
18		were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.
19	f.	For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
20		2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of
21		individuals who use the standard deduction in
22		determining taxable income, there shall be added or
23		deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
24		to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard

1 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based 2 upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such 3 Code for purposes of filing federal individual income 4 tax returns.

- g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
  2017, in the case of individuals who use the standard
  deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
  be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
  difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
  lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
  Revenue Code, as follows:
- 12 (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
   13 (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing
   14 separately,
- 15 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
  16 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
  17 qualifying widower with dependent child, and
  18 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
  19 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.

3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
individuals having adjusted gross income from sources
both within and without the state, the itemized or
standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the

1 total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of 2 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized deductions include allowable moving expense, proration 3 of moving expense shall not be required or permitted 4 5 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma 6 this state and no part of moving expense shall be 7 deductible for those taxpayers moving without or out 8 9 of Oklahoma this state. All other itemized or 10 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided by law. 11

12 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable 13 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the 14 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall 15 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00). 16 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable 17 contributions and medical expenses deductible for 18 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the 19 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as 20 specified by this subparagraph. 21

4. A resident individual with a physical disability
constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor

1 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans 2 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected 3 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a 4 5 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a 6 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which 7 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission 8 9 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

5. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five 10 a. Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person 11 12 from the United States as salary or compensation in any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member 13 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United 14 States shall be deducted from taxable income. 15 On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%) b. 16 of the income received by any person from the United 17 States as salary or compensation in any form, other 18 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component 19 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be 20 deducted from taxable income. 21

c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a member of the Armed Forces of the United States is

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- made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by reason of:
  - (1) absence from the United States, which term includes only the states and the District of Columbia;
    - (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma this statewhile on active duty; or
    - (3) confinement in a hospital within the UnitedStates for treatment of wounds, injuries ordisease,

the time for filing a return and paying an income tax shall be and is hereby extended without incurring liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth day of the third month following the month in which:

- Such individual shall return to the United (a) 15 States if the extension is granted pursuant 16 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return 17 to the State of Oklahoma this state if the 18 extension is granted pursuant to 19 subparagraph b of this paragraph or be 20 discharged from such hospital if the 21 extension is granted pursuant to 22 subparagraph c of this paragraph; or 23
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(b) An executor, administrator, or conservator of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed, whichever event occurs the earliest.

Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant 4 5 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax 6 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such 7 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax 8 9 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted, 10 and the reason therefor, shall be kept. 11

12 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of compensation, received from the United States by a member of any 13 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be 14 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is 15 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is 16 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010, 17 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as 18 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection. 19

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 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
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 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
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1 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this paragraph shall be deductible by any individual 2 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the 3 extent they relate to income subject to taxation 4 5 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax The maximum amount allowable in the preceding 6 Act. paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the 7 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted 8 9 gross income.

For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income с. 10 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes 11 12 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining 13 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for 14 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not 15 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten 16 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced 17 refund of the credit received during the tax year 18 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and 19 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-20 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not 21 be subject to taxation. 22

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d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and beginning before January 1, 2006.

Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred 8. 4 5 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand 6 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax 7 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of 8 9 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System, the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law 10 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and 11 12 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant 13 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the 14 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma 15 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma 16 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee 17 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-18 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt 19 from taxable income. 20

9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the

federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-3 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation, 4 5 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which 6 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or 7 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state, 8 9 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a 10 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 11 12 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in 13 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from 14 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of 15 the Internal Revenue Code. 16

17 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
18 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
19 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
20 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

21 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the 22 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a 23 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction 24 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs

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1	which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for		
2	federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be		
3	seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is		
4	allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of		
5	an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to		
6	this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation		
7	allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the		
8	individual.		
9	13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,		
10	nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident		
11	individual taxpayer in connection with:		
12	(1) the adoption of a minor, or		
13	(2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not		
14	result in a decreed adoption,		
15	may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross		
16	income.		
17	b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions		
18	authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty		
19	Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.		
20	c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement		
21	the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a		
22	specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which		
23	may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax		

Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees, 3 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and 4 5 expenses which are directly related to the legal process of adoption of a child including, but not 6 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study, 7 health and psychological examinations, transportation 8 9 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child 10 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the adoption process and are not reimbursed by other 11 12 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses" nonrecurring adoption expenses shall not include 13 attorney fees incurred for the purpose of litigating a 14 contested adoption, from and after the point of the 15 initiation of the contest, costs associated with 16 physical remodeling, renovation and alteration of the 17 adoptive parents' home or property, except for a 18 special needs child as authorized by the court. 19 In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005, 20 14. a. retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 21 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 22 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and 23 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five 24

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1 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing status is single, head of household, or married filing 2 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or 3 less if the filing status is married filing joint or 4 5 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 6 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts 7 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an 8 9 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is less than the qualifying amount specified in this 10 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income. 11 12 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount shall be as follows: 13 in taxable years beginning after December 31, 14 (1)2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the 15 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand 16 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the 17 filing status is single, head of household, or 18 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand 19 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status 20 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow, 21 in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, (2) 22 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand 23 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status 24

1		is single, head of household, or married filing
2		separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
3		(\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
4		married filing jointly or qualifying widow,
5	(3)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
6		the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
7		Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
8		filing status is single, head of household, or
9		married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-
10		five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
11		the filing status is married filing jointly or
12		qualifying widow,
13	(4)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
14		the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
15		Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
16		filing status is single, head of household, or
17		married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
18		Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
19		status is married filing jointly or qualifying
20		widow, and
21	(5)	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
22		and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
23		limitation upon the qualifying amount.
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- c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
   means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
   following:
  - (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,
  - (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
- 10 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
  11 trust or simplified employee pension that
  12 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
  13 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
- 14 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
  15 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
  16 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
- United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
   requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
   Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
- 20 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
  21 which satisfies the requirements of Section
  22 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
  23 Section 402(e).
  - SENATE FLOOR VERSION SB1452 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

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1 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 2 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 4 5 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual 6 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8 7 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a 8 9 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph 10 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars 11 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five 12 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and 13 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax 14 year and all subsequent tax years. 15

15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an 16 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a 17 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for 18 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any 19 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal 20 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an 21 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the 22 production of agricultural products. 23

1 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount 2 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship 3 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps 4 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the 5 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001, 6 17. a. and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a 7 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts 8 9 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of 10 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the 11 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand 12 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for 13 each account. 14

In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, 15 b. each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for 16 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the 17 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual 18 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to 19 all such accounts plus any contributions to such 20 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after 21 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no 22 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten 23 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual 24

1 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a 2 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in 3 the year for which the contribution is made may be 4 5 carried forward as a deduction from income for the succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years 6 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be 7 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a 8 9 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax 10 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later. 11 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may 12 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years. 13 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, с. 14 deductions for contributions made pursuant to 15 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as 16 follows: 17

18 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
19 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
20 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
21 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
22 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
23 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
24 nonqualified withdrawal, and

1 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or nongualified withdrawal within the same tax year 2 in which a contribution was made to the 3 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise 4 5 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the 6 contribution which is equal to the rollover or 7 nonqualified withdrawal. 8

9 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a 10 contribution for which a deduction has been taken 11 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within 12 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount 13 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted 14 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of 15 the rollover.

- If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of 16 e. contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant 17 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified 18 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included 19 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the 20 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal. 21 f. As used in this paragraph: 22
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- (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
   from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
   other than one of the following:
  - (a) a qualified withdrawal,

- 5 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death 6 or disability of the designated beneficiary 7 of an account,
- (C) a withdrawal that is made on the account of 8 9 a scholarship or the allowance or payment described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or 10 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by 11 12 the designated beneficiary to the extent the 13 amount of the refund does not exceed the amount of the scholarship, allowance, or 14 15 payment, or
- 16 (d) a rollover or change of designated 17 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of 18 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of <u>the</u> Oklahoma 19 Statutes, and

20 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
21 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
22 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.
23 18. For tax years 2006 through 2021, retirement benefits
24 received by an individual from any component of the Armed Forces of

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - SB1452 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments) 1 the United States in an amount not to exceed the greater of seventyfive percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten Thousand Dollars 2 (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income but in no case less 3 than the amount of the exemption provided by paragraph 14 of this 4 5 subsection. For tax year 2022 and subsequent tax years, retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of the Armed 6 Forces of the United States shall be exempt from taxable income. 7 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006, 8

9 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees, 10 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security 11 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such 12 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant 13 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 14 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:

15	a.	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty
16		percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
17	b.	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty
18		percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
19	с.	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty
20		percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
21	d.	in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
22		percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
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- e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
   subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
   of such benefits shall be exempt.
- 20. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a 4 a. 5 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross 6 income if the individual, or the dependent of the 7 individual, while living, donates one or more human 8 9 organs of the individual to another human being for 10 human organ transplantation. As used in this paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver, 11 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. 12 А deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be 13 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ 14 transplantation occurs. 15
- b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and 16 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed 17 expenses that are incurred by the individual and 18 related to the organ donation of the individual. 19 The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to 20 с. implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall 21 contain a specific list of expenses which may be 22 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax 23
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Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

3 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
4 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
5 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
6 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 17 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

8 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
9 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
10 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
11 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there 12 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less 13 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award 14 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For 15 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a 16 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the 17 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a 18 scholarship in its books and records. 19

20 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016, 21 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local 22 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the 23 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes 24 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the

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state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted
 after any such limitations are applied.

25. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each 3 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts 4 5 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56 6 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided 7 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars 8 9 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars 10 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which 11 12 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for 13 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the 14 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state 15 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later. 16 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in 17 more than one (1) tax year. 18

F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

24 2. As used in this subsection:

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- a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
  the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
  1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
  individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
  result from:
  - (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal property located within Oklahoma this state that has been directly or indirectly owned by the individual taxpayer for a holding period of at least five (5) years prior to the date of the transaction from which such net capital gains arise,
- (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or 13 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma 14 company, limited liability company, or 15 partnership where such stock or ownership 16 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by 17 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of 18 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the 19 transaction from which the net capital gains 20 arise, or 21 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal 22
- 23 property or intangible personal property located 24 within <del>Oklahoma</del> this state as part of the sale of

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all or substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited liability company, or partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise where such property has been directly or indirectly owned by such entity or business enterprise or owned by the owners of such entity or business enterprise for a period of at least two (2) years prior to the date of the transaction from which the net capital gains arise,

"holding period" means an uninterrupted period of 11 b. time. The holding period shall include any additional 12 period when the property was held by another 13 individual or entity, if such additional period is 14 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the 15 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code, 16 "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or 17 с. "partnership" means an entity whose primary 18 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma this state 19 for at least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to 20 the date of the transaction from which the net capital 21 gains arise, 22

## 23 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns24 the asset,

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1 "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an e. 2 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of passthrough entities) that sells the asset that gives rise 3 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. 4 5 (1)With respect to sales of real property or tangible personal property located within 6 Oklahoma this state, the deduction described in 7 this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-8 9 through entity that makes the sale has held the 10 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that 11 12 created the capital gain, and each pass-through 13 entity included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner, or shareholder of the 14 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below 15 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than 16 five (5) years. 17 (2)With respect to sales of stock or ownership 18 interest in or sales of all or substantially all 19 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited 20

liability company, partnership or Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction described in this subsection shall not apply unless the pass-through entity that makes the

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1 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for 2 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior to the date of the transaction that created the 3 capital gain, and each pass-through entity 4 5 included in the chain of ownership has been a member, partner or shareholder of the pass-6 through entity in the tier immediately below it 7 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two 8 9 (2) years. For purposes of this division, uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007, 10 shall be included in the determination of the 11 12 required holding period prescribed by this division, and 13

f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a 14 business enterprise whose income and expenses have 15 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual 16 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar 17 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue 18 Service and whose primary headquarters have been 19 located in Oklahoma this state for at least three (3) 20 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the 21 transaction from which the net capital gains arise. 22 For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income 23 G. 1. under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed 24

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1 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in 2 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real 3 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust. 4 5 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents 6 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust 7 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this 8 9 subsection. As used in this subsection: the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT" 10 a.

11 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856 12 of the Internal Revenue Code,

b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means 13 a real estate investment trust, the shares or 14 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded 15 on an established securities market and more than 16 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of 17 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned 18 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or 19 constructively, by a single entity that is: 20 (1) treated as an association taxable as a 21

corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and

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(2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
 Revenue Code.

The term shall not include a real estate investment trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an established securities market, and that satisfies the requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S. Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code,

- 10 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
   11 not include the following entities:
- 12 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in 13 paragraph a of this subsection other than a 14 <u>"captive real estate investment trust" captive</u> 15 real estate investment trust, or
- 16 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
  17 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
  18 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT
  19 subsidiary of a <u>"captive real estate investment</u>
  20 trust" captive real estate investment trust, or
  21 (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust listed
- 22Australian property trust (meaning an Australian23unit trust registered as a "Managed Investment24Scheme" [managed investment scheme"] under the

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1 Australian Corporations Act 2001 in which the principal class of units is listed on a 2 recognized stock exchange in Australia and is 3 regularly traded on an established securities 4 5 market), or an entity organized as a trust, provided that a Listed Australian Property Trust 6 listed Australian property trust owns or 7 controls, directly or indirectly, seventy-five 8 9 percent (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the beneficial interests or shares of 10 such trust, or 11 12 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity qualified foreign 13 entity, meaning a corporation, trust, association or partnership organized outside the laws of the 14 United States and which satisfies the following 15 criteria: 16 17 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the entity's total asset value at the close of 18 its taxable year is represented by real 19 20 estate assets, as defined in Section 856(c)(5)(B) of the Internal Revenue Code, 21 thereby including shares or certificates of 22 beneficial interest in any real estate 23 24

1		investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
2		and U.S. Government securities,
3	(b)	the entity receives a dividend-paid
4		deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
5		Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
6		entity level tax,
7	(c)	the entity is required to distribute at
8		least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
9		taxable income, as computed in the
10		jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
11		the holders of its shares or certificates of
12		beneficial interest on an annual basis,
13	(d)	not more than ten percent (10%) of the
14		voting power or value in such entity is held
15		directly or indirectly or constructively by
16		a single entity or individual, or the shares
17		or beneficial interests of such entity are
18		regularly traded on an established
19		securities market, and
20	(e)	the entity is organized in a country which
21		has a tax treaty with the United States.
22	3. For purposes of	this subsection, the constructive ownership
23	rules of Section 318(a)	of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by
24	Section 856(d)(5) of the	e Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in

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1 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any 2 person.

4. A real estate investment trust that does not become 3 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1) 4 5 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an 6 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first 7 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended 8 9 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real 10 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real 11 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on 12 13 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate 14 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c)(1) of the Internal 15 Revenue Code. 16 SECTION 2. This act shall become effective November 1, 2024. 17 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON FINANCE 18 February 26, 2024 - DO PASS AS AMENDED 19 20

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