1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	2nd Session of the 55th Legislature (2016)
3	SENATE BILL 1355 By: Sparks
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to discovery; amending 12 O.S. 2011, Sections 3233, as amended by Section 2, Chapter 309,
8	O.S.L. 2015, 3234 and 3236 (12 O.S. Supp. 2015, Section 3233), which relate to interrogatories,
9	production of documents and requests for admissions; modifying requirements for certain service; modifying
10	procedures for certain responses; making language gender neutral; and providing an effective date.
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
14	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 12 O.S. 2011, Section 3233, as
15	amended by Section 2, Chapter 309, O.S.L. 2015 (12 O.S. Supp. 2015,
16	Section 3233), is amended to read as follows:
17	Section 3233. A. AVAILABILITY; PROCEDURES FOR USE. Any party
18	may serve upon any other party written interrogatories to be
19	answered by the party served or, if the party served is a public or
20	private corporation or a partnership or association or governmental
21	agency, by any officer or agent, who shall furnish such information
22	as is available to that party. Interrogatories may, without leave
23	of court, be served upon the plaintiff after commencement of the
24	action or upon any other party with the summons and petition or

after service of the summons and petition on that party or by any party after the filing of an answer. Upon leave of court or otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties subject to Section 3229 of this title, interrogatories may be served and answered prior to the filing of an answer.

Each interrogatory shall be answered separately and fully in 6 7 writing under oath, unless it is objected to, in which event the objecting party shall state the reasons for objection and shall 8 9 answer to the extent the interrogatory is not objectionable. When 10 answering each interrogatory, the party shall restate the 11 interrogatory, then provide the answer. The number of 12 interrogatories to a party shall not exceed thirty in number. Interrogatories inquiring as to the names and locations of 13 witnesses, or the existence, location and custodian of documents or 14 15 physical evidence shall be construed as one interrogatory. All other interrogatories, including subdivisions of one numbered 16 interrogatory, shall be construed as separate interrogatories. 17 No further interrogatories will be served unless authorized by the 18 court. If counsel for a party believes that more than thirty 19 interrogatories are necessary, he counsel shall consult with 20 opposing counsel promptly and attempt to reach a written stipulation 21 as to a reasonable number of additional interrogatories. Counsel 22 are expected to comply with this requirement in good faith. 23 In the event a written stipulation cannot be agreed upon, the party seeking 24

1 to submit such additional interrogatories shall file a motion with the court (1) showing that counsel have conferred in good faith but 2 sincere attempts to resolve the issue have been unavailing, (2) 3 showing reasons establishing good cause for their use, and (3) 4 5 setting forth the proposed additional interrogatories. The answers are to be signed by the person making them, and the objections 6 signed by the attorney making them. The party upon whom the 7 interrogatories have been served shall serve a copy of the answers, 8 9 and objections if any, within thirty (30) days after the service of 10 the interrogatories, except that a defendant may serve answers or 11 objections to interrogatories within forty-five (45) days after 12 service of the summons and complaint upon that defendant. A shorter 13 or longer time may be directed by the court or, in the absence of such an order, agreed to in writing by the parties subject to 14 Section 3229 of this title. All grounds for an objection to an 15 interrogatory shall be stated with specificity. Any ground not 16 stated in a timely objection is waived unless the party's failure to 17 object is excused by the court for good cause shown. 18 The party submitting the interrogatories may move for an order under 19 subsection A of Section 3237 of this title with respect to any 20 objection to or other failure to answer an interrogatory. 21

B. SCOPE; USE AT TRIAL. Interrogatories may relate to any
matters which can be inquired into under subsection B of Section
3226 of this title, and the answers may be used to the extent

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permitted by the Oklahoma Evidence Code as set forth in Sections
 2 2101 et seq. of this title.

An interrogatory otherwise proper is not necessarily objectionable because an answer to the interrogatory involves an opinion or contention that relates to fact or the application of law to fact. The court may order that such an interrogatory need not be answered until after designated discovery has been completed or until a pretrial conference or other later time.

9 C. OPTION TO PRODUCE BUSINESS RECORDS. Where the answer to an interrogatory may be derived or ascertained from the business 10 11 records, including electronically stored information, of the party 12 upon whom the interrogatory has been served or from an examination, audit or inspection of such business records, including a 13 compilation, abstract or summary thereof, and the burden of deriving 14 15 or ascertaining the answer is substantially the same for the party serving the interrogatory as for the party served, it is a 16 sufficient answer to such interrogatory to specify the records from 17 which the answer may be derived or ascertained and to afford to the 18 party serving the interrogatory reasonable opportunity to examine, 19 audit or inspect such records and to make copies, compilations, 20 abstracts or summaries thereof. A specification shall be in 21 sufficient detail to permit the party submitting the interrogatory 22 to locate and to identify, as readily as can the party served, the 23 records from which the answer may be ascertained. 24

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1SECTION 2.AMENDATORY12 O.S. 2011, Section 3234, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 3234. A. SCOPE. Any party may serve on any other 4 party a request:

5 1. To produce and permit the party making the request, or someone acting on the party's behalf, to inspect, copy, test and 6 7 sample any designated documents or electronically stored information - including, but not limited to, writings, drawings, graphs, charts, 8 9 photographs, motion picture films, phonograph records, tape and 10 video recordings, records and other data compilations from which 11 information can be obtained - translated, if necessary, by the 12 respondent through detection devices into reasonably usable form, or to inspect and copy, test or sample any tangible things which 13 constitute or contain matters within the scope of subsection B of 14 Section 3226 of this title and which are in the possession, custody 15 or control of the party upon whom the request is served; or 16

To permit entry upon designated land or other property in
 the possession or control of the party upon whom the request is
 served for the purpose of inspection and measuring, surveying,
 photographing, testing or sampling the property or any designated
 object or operation thereon, within the scope of subsection B of
 Section 3226 of this title.

B. PROCEDURE. 1. The request to produce or permit inspection
or copying may, without leave of court, be served upon the plaintiff

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after commencement of the action and upon any other party with the summons and petition or after service of the summons and petition upon that party or by any party after the filing of an answer. Upon leave of court or otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties subject to Section 3229 of this title, request to produce or permit inspection or copying may be served and responded to prior to the filing of an answer.

The number of requests to produce or permit inspection or 8 2. 9 copying shall not exceed thirty in number. If counsel for a party 10 believes that more than thirty requests to produce or permit 11 inspection or copying are necessary, he or she counsel shall consult 12 with opposing counsel promptly and attempt to reach a written 13 stipulation as to a reasonable number of additional requests. Counsel are expected to comply with this requirement in good faith. 14 In the event a written stipulation cannot be agreed upon, the party 15 seeking to submit such additional requests for production or 16 17 inspection shall file a motion with the court (1) showing that counsel have conferred in good faith but sincere attempts to resolve 18 the issue have been unavailing, (2) showing reasons establishing 19 good cause for their use, and (3) setting forth the proposed 20 additional requests for production or inspection. 21

3. The request:

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- a. shall set forth and describe with reasonable
 particularity the items to be inspected either by
 individual item or by category,
- b. shall specify a reasonable time, place and manner of
 making the inspection and performing the related acts,
 and
- c. may specify the form or forms in which electronically
 stored information is to be produced.
- 9 4. a. The party, upon whom the request is served, shall 10 serve a written response within thirty (30) days after 11 the service of the request, except that a defendant 12 may serve a response within forty-five (45) days after 13 service of the summons and petition upon that defendant. The court may allow a shorter or longer 14 time. 15
- The response shall state, with respect to each item or 16 b. category, that inspection and related activities shall 17 be permitted as requested, unless the request is 18 objected to, in which event the reasons for objection 19 shall be stated. If objection is made to part of an 20 item or category, the part shall be specified and 21 inspection permitted of the remaining parts. 22 If objection is made to the requested form or forms 23 с. for producing electronically stored information, or if 24

1 no form was specified in the request, the responding party shall state the form or forms it intends to use. 2 3 d. The party submitting the request may move for an order under subsection A of Section 3237 of this title with 4 5 respect to any objection to or other failure to respond to the request or any part thereof, or any 6 failure to permit inspection as requested. 7 5. Unless the parties otherwise agree, or the court otherwise 8 9 orders: 10 a party who produces documents for inspection shall a. 11 produce them as they are kept in the usual course of business or shall organize and label them to 12 13 correspond with the categories in the request, if a request does not specify the form or forms for b. 14 producing electronically stored information, a 15 responding party shall produce the information in a 16 form or forms in which it is ordinarily maintained or 17 in a form or forms that are reasonably usable, and 18 a party is not required to produce the same 19 с. electronically stored information in more than one 20 form. 21 C. PERSONS NOT PARTIES. A person not a party to the action may 22 be compelled to produce documents and things or to submit to an 23

24 inspection as provided in Section 2004.1 of this title.

1SECTION 3.AMENDATORY12 O.S. 2011, Section 3236, is2amended to read as follows:

3 Section 3236. A. REQUEST FOR ADMISSION. A party may serve upon any other party a written request for the admission, for 4 5 purposes of the pending action only, of the truth of any matters within the scope of Section 3226 of this title set forth in the 6 request that relate to statements or opinions of fact or of the 7 application of law to fact, including the genuineness of any 8 9 documents described in the request. Copies of documents shall be 10 served with the request for admission unless they have been or are otherwise furnished or made available for inspection and copying. 11 12 The request may, without leave of court, be served upon the plaintiff after commencement of the action and upon any other party 13 with the summons and petition or after service of the summons and 14 15 petition upon that party or by any party after the filing of an 16 answer. Upon leave of court or otherwise agreed to in writing by the parties subject to Section 3229 of this title, the request may 17 be served and responded to prior to the filing of an answer. 18 The number of requests for admissions for each party is limited to 19 thirty. No further requests for admission will be served unless 20 authorized by the court. If counsel for a party believes that more 21 than thirty requests for admissions are necessary, he counsel shall 22 consult with opposing counsel promptly and attempt to reach a 23 written stipulation as to a reasonable number of additional requests 24

for admissions. Counsel are expected to comply with this 1 requirement in good faith. In the event a written stipulation 2 3 cannot be agreed upon, the party seeking to submit such additional requests for admissions shall file a motion with the court (1) 4 5 showing that counsel have conferred in good faith but sincere attempts to resolve the issue have been unavailing, (2) showing 6 reasons establishing good cause for their use, and (3) setting forth 7 the proposed additional requests. 8

9 Each matter of which an admission is requested shall be 10 separately set forth. The matter is admitted unless, within thirty (30) days after service of the request, or within such shorter or 11 longer time as the court may allow, the party to whom the request is 12 13 directed serves upon the party requesting the admission a written answer or objection addressed to the matter, signed by the party or 14 15 by his the party's attorney, but unless the court shortens the time, 16 a defendant shall not be required to serve answers or objections before the expiration of forty-five (45) days after service of the 17 summons and petition upon him. 18

19 If objection is made, the reasons therefor shall be stated. The 20 answer shall specifically deny the matter or set forth in detail the 21 reasons why the answering party cannot truthfully admit or deny the 22 matter. A denial shall fairly meet the substance of the requested 23 admission, and when good faith requires that a party qualify his <u>or</u> 24 her answer or deny only a part of the matter of which an admission

1 is requested, he or she shall specify so much of it as is true and qualify or deny the remainder. An answering party may not give lack 2 of information or knowledge as a reason for failure to admit or deny 3 unless he the party states that he or she has made reasonable 4 5 inquiry and that the information known or readily obtainable by him the party is insufficient to enable him or her to admit or deny. A 6 party who considers that a matter of which an admission has been 7 requested presents a genuine issue for trial may not, on that ground 8 9 alone, object to the request; he or she may, subject to the 10 provisions of subsection D of Section 3237 of this title, deny the 11 matter or set forth reasons why he or she cannot admit or deny it. 12 The party who has requested the admission may move to determine the sufficiency of the answers or objections. Unless the court 13 determines that an objection is justified, it shall order that an 14 answer be served. If the court determines that an answer does not 15 comply with the requirements of this section, it may order either 16 17 that the matter is admitted or that an amended answer be served. The court may, in lieu of these orders, determine that final 18 disposition of the request be made at a pretrial conference or at a 19 designated time prior to trial. The provisions of paragraph 4 of 20 subsection A of Section 3237 of this title apply to the award of 21 expenses incurred in relation to the motion. 22

B. EFFECT OF ADMISSION. Any matter admitted under this sectionis conclusively established unless the court on motion permits

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withdrawal or amendment of the admission. The court may permit withdrawal or amendment of an admission when the presentation of the merits of the action will be subserved thereby and the party who obtained the admission fails to satisfy the court that withdrawal or amendment will prejudice him <u>or her</u> in maintaining his <u>or her</u> action or defense on the merits.

C. SCOPE OF ADMISSIONS. Any admission made by a party under
this section is for the purpose of the pending action only and is
not an admission by him for any other purpose nor may it be used
against him <u>or her</u> in any other proceeding.

SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2016.

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