

1 **HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION**

2 STATE OF OKLAHOMA

3 2nd Session of the 58th Legislature (2022)

4 HOUSE BILL 3635

By: Lepak of the House

5 and

6 **Montgomery** of the Senate

7
8
9 AS INTRODUCED

10 [**revenue and taxation - modifying rate of income tax**
11 **- modifying standard deduction amounts - effective**
12 **date]**

13
14
15 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

16 SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2355, is
17 amended to read as follows:

18 Section 2355. A. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning
19 after December 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2006, a tax is hereby
20 imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every resident or
21 nonresident individual, which tax shall be computed at the option of
22 the taxpayer under one of the two following methods:

23 1. METHOD 1.
24

- 1 a. Single individuals and married individuals filing
2 separately not deducting federal income tax:
- 3 (1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
4 (2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
5 (3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
6 (4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
7 (5) 4% tax on next \$1,300.00 or part thereof,
8 (6) 5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
9 (7) 6% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof, and
10 (8) (a) for taxable years beginning after December
11 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, 6.75%
12 tax on the remainder,
13 (b) for taxable years beginning on or after
14 January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2004,
15 7% tax on the remainder, and
16 (c) for taxable years beginning on or after
17 January 1, 2004, 6.65% tax on the remainder.
- 18 b. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
19 spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
20 surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
21 under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
22 heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
23 Code not deducting federal income tax:
24 (1) 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,

- 1 (2) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
2 (3) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
3 (4) 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
4 (5) 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
5 (6) 5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof,
6 (7) 6% tax on next \$6,000.00 or part thereof, and
7 (8) (a) for taxable years beginning after December
8 31, 1998, and before January 1, 2002, 6.75%
9 tax on the remainder,
10 (b) for taxable years beginning on or after
11 January 1, 2002, and before January 1, 2004,
12 7% tax on the remainder, and
13 (c) for taxable years beginning on or after
14 January 1, 2004, 6.65% tax on the remainder.

15 2. METHOD 2.

16 a. Single individuals and married individuals filing
17 separately deducting federal income tax:

- 18 (1) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
19 (2) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
20 (3) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
21 (4) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
22 (5) 4% tax on next \$1,200.00 or part thereof,
23 (6) 5% tax on next \$1,400.00 or part thereof,
24 (7) 6% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,

- 1 (8) 7% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
- 2 (9) 8% tax on next \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
- 3 (10) 9% tax on next \$3,500.00 or part thereof, and
- 4 (11) 10% tax on the remainder.

5 b. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving
6 spouse to the extent and in the manner that a
7 surviving spouse is permitted to file a joint return
8 under the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code and
9 heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
10 Code deducting federal income tax:

- 11 (1) 1/2% tax on the first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
- 12 (2) 1% tax on the next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
- 13 (3) 2% tax on the next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
- 14 (4) 3% tax on the next \$1,400.00 or part thereof,
- 15 (5) 4% tax on the next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
- 16 (6) 5% tax on the next \$1,600.00 or part thereof,
- 17 (7) 6% tax on the next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
- 18 (8) 7% tax on the next \$1,750.00 or part thereof,
- 19 (9) 8% tax on the next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
- 20 (10) 9% tax on the next \$6,000.00 or part thereof, and
- 21 (11) 10% tax on the remainder.

22 B. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning on or after
23 January 1, 2008, and ending any tax year which begins after December
24 31, 2015, for which the determination required pursuant to Sections

1 4 and 5 of this act is made by the State Board of Equalization, a
2 tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of every
3 resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall be computed as
4 follows:

5 1. Single individuals and married individuals filing
6 separately:

7 (a) 1/2% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,

8 (b) 1% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,

9 (c) 2% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,

10 (d) 3% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,

11 (e) 4% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,

12 (f) 5% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,

13 (g) 5.50% tax on the remainder for the 2008 tax year and
14 any subsequent tax year unless the rate prescribed by
15 subparagraph (h) of this paragraph is in effect, and

16 (h) 5.25% tax on the remainder for the 2009 and subsequent
17 tax years. The decrease in the top marginal
18 individual income tax rate otherwise authorized by
19 this subparagraph shall be contingent upon the
20 determination required to be made by the State Board
21 of Equalization pursuant to Section 2355.1A of this
22 title.

23 2. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse to
24 the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to

1 file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue
2 Code and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
3 Code:

- 4 (a) 1/2% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
- 5 (b) 1% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
- 6 (c) 2% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
- 7 (d) 3% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
- 8 (e) 4% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
- 9 (f) 5% tax on next \$2,800.00 or part thereof,
- 10 (g) 5.50% tax on the remainder for the 2008 tax year and
11 any subsequent tax year unless the rate prescribed by
12 subparagraph (h) of this paragraph is in effect, and
- 13 (h) 5.25% tax on the remainder for the 2009 and subsequent
14 tax years. The decrease in the top marginal
15 individual income tax rate otherwise authorized by
16 this subparagraph shall be contingent upon the
17 determination required to be made by the State Board
18 of Equalization pursuant to Section 2355.1A of this
19 title.

20 C. Individuals. For all taxable years beginning on or after
21 January 1, 2022, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable
22 income of every resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall
23 be computed as follows:

24

1 1. Single individuals and married individuals filing
2 separately:

- 3 (a) 0.25% tax on first \$1,000.00 or part thereof,
- 4 (b) 0.75% tax on next \$1,500.00 or part thereof,
- 5 (c) 1.75% tax on next \$1,250.00 or part thereof,
- 6 (d) 2.75% tax on next \$1,150.00 or part thereof,
- 7 (e) 3.75% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
- 8 (f) 4.75% tax on the remainder.

9 2. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse to
10 the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to
11 file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue
12 Code and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue
13 Code:

- 14 (a) 0.25% tax on first \$2,000.00 or part thereof,
- 15 (b) 0.75% tax on next \$3,000.00 or part thereof,
- 16 (c) 1.75% tax on next \$2,500.00 or part thereof,
- 17 (d) 2.75% tax on next \$2,300.00 or part thereof,
- 18 (e) 3.75% tax on next \$2,400.00 or part thereof,
- 19 (f) 4.75% tax on the remainder.

20 No deduction for federal income taxes paid shall be allowed to
21 any taxpayer to arrive at taxable income.

22 D. Individuals. Except as otherwise provided by subsection E
23 of this section, for all taxable years beginning on or after January
24 1, 2023, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable income of

1 every resident or nonresident individual, which tax shall be
2 computed as follows:

3 1. Single individuals and married individuals filing separately
4 at the rate of four and seventy-five hundredths percent (4.75%);

5 2. Married individuals filing jointly and surviving spouse to
6 the extent and in the manner that a surviving spouse is permitted to
7 file a joint return under the provisions of the Internal Revenue
8 Code and heads of households as defined in the Internal Revenue Code
9 at the rate of four and seventy-five hundredths percent (4.75%).

10 No deduction for federal income taxes paid shall be allowed to
11 any taxpayer to arrive at taxable income.

12 E. The State Board of Equalization, at its February meeting
13 each year, shall make a determination regarding the possibility of a
14 decrease in the income tax rate otherwise prescribed by subsection D
15 of this section. If the revenue conditions prescribed by this
16 subsection are met, which shall be included as part of the findings
17 of the State Board of Equalization, then the income tax rate
18 otherwise prescribed by subsection D of this section shall be
19 reduced by one-half of one percent (0.5%) effective on January 1 of
20 the calendar immediately following the year during which the State
21 Board of Equalization makes the finding that revenue growth as
22 prescribed by this subsection is sufficient to reduce the income tax
23 rate otherwise prescribed by subsection D of this section. For
24 purposes of this subsection, the appropriation authority with

1 respect to the General Revenue Fund of the State Treasury for the
2 fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, based upon the certified estimate
3 made by the State Board of Equalization at its February 2019 meeting
4 shall be the initial base year amount. Beginning with the February
5 2023 meeting of the State Board of Equalization and at each
6 succeeding February meeting, the State Board shall compare the
7 General Revenue Fund appropriation authority amount for the upcoming
8 fiscal year to the initial base year General Revenue Fund
9 appropriation authority. If there is an increase in the General
10 Revenue Fund appropriation authority equal to or greater than five
11 percent (5%) compared to the initial base year General Revenue Fund
12 appropriation authority, the income tax rate otherwise prescribed by
13 subsection D of this section shall be reduced effective January 1 of
14 the immediately succeeding calendar year. If there is not an
15 increase of at least five percent (5%) in the General Revenue Fund
16 appropriation authority as reflected in the February estimate
17 compared to the initial base year General Revenue Fund appropriation
18 authority, there shall be no modification of the income tax rate as
19 prescribed by this section. For any year during which the General
20 Revenue Fund appropriation authority as determined at the February
21 meeting equals or exceeds the base year General Revenue Fund
22 appropriation authority by five percent (5%) or more, the base year
23 shall be adjusted for purposes of any succeeding comparison. The
24 State Board of Equalization shall make computations as required by

1 this subsection and shall use the prior base year amount which shall
2 be multiplied by five percent (5%) and the result of that
3 computation shall be added to the base year General Revenue Fund
4 appropriation authority figure for purposes of any succeeding
5 comparison as prescribed by this subsection. After an adjustment is
6 made to any base year amount, a reduction in the income tax rate
7 otherwise prescribed pursuant to subsection D of this section, in
8 increments of one-half of one percent (0.5%) may only occur if there
9 is an increase of five percent (5%) or more in the adjusted base
10 year General Revenue Fund appropriation authority amount. If there
11 are nine authorized reductions in the income tax rate otherwise
12 prescribed by subsection D of this section, the tenth reduction in
13 the income tax rate shall cause the income tax rate to be zero (0)
14 and for the applicable income tax year, there shall be no individual
15 income tax levied pursuant to the provisions of this section.

16 F. Nonresident aliens. In lieu of the rates set forth in
17 subsection A above, there shall be imposed on nonresident aliens, as
18 defined in the Internal Revenue Code, a tax of eight percent (8%)
19 instead of thirty percent (30%) as used in the Internal Revenue
20 Code, with respect to the Oklahoma taxable income of such
21 nonresident aliens as determined under the provision of the Oklahoma
22 Income Tax Act.

23 Every payer of amounts covered by this subsection shall deduct
24 and withhold from such amounts paid each payee an amount equal to

1 eight percent (8%) thereof. Every payer required to deduct and
2 withhold taxes under this subsection shall for each quarterly period
3 on or before the last day of the month following the close of each
4 such quarterly period, pay over the amount so withheld as taxes to
5 the Tax Commission, and shall file a return with each such payment.
6 Such return shall be in such form as the Tax Commission shall
7 prescribe. Every payer required under this subsection to deduct and
8 withhold a tax from a payee shall, as to the total amounts paid to
9 each payee during the calendar year, furnish to such payee, on or
10 before January 31, of the succeeding year, a written statement
11 showing the name of the payer, the name of the payee and the payee's
12 Social Security account number, if any, the total amount paid
13 subject to taxation, and the total amount deducted and withheld as
14 tax and such other information as the Tax Commission may require.
15 Any payer who fails to withhold or pay to the Tax Commission any
16 sums herein required to be withheld or paid shall be personally and
17 individually liable therefor to the State of Oklahoma.

18 ~~E.~~ G. Corporations. For all taxable years beginning after
19 December 31, 1989, a tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma taxable
20 income of every corporation doing business within this state or
21 deriving income from sources within this state in an amount equal to
22 six percent (6%) thereof.

23 There shall be no additional Oklahoma income tax imposed on
24 accumulated taxable income or on undistributed personal holding

1 company income as those terms are defined in the Internal Revenue
2 Code.

3 ~~F.~~ H. Certain foreign corporations. In lieu of the tax imposed
4 in the first paragraph of subsection D of this section, for all
5 taxable years beginning after December 31, 1989, there shall be
6 imposed on foreign corporations, as defined in the Internal Revenue
7 Code, a tax of six percent (6%) instead of thirty percent (30%) as
8 used in the Internal Revenue Code, where such income is received
9 from sources within Oklahoma, in accordance with the provisions of
10 the Internal Revenue Code and the Oklahoma Income Tax Act.

11 Every payer of amounts covered by this subsection shall deduct
12 and withhold from such amounts paid each payee an amount equal to
13 six percent (6%) thereof. Every payer required to deduct and
14 withhold taxes under this subsection shall for each quarterly period
15 on or before the last day of the month following the close of each
16 such quarterly period, pay over the amount so withheld as taxes to
17 the Tax Commission, and shall file a return with each such payment.
18 Such return shall be in such form as the Tax Commission shall
19 prescribe. Every payer required under this subsection to deduct and
20 withhold a tax from a payee shall, as to the total amounts paid to
21 each payee during the calendar year, furnish to such payee, on or
22 before January 31, of the succeeding year, a written statement
23 showing the name of the payer, the name of the payee and the payee's
24 Social Security account number, if any, the total amounts paid

1 subject to taxation, the total amount deducted and withheld as tax
2 and such other information as the Tax Commission may require. Any
3 payer who fails to withhold or pay to the Tax Commission any sums
4 herein required to be withheld or paid shall be personally and
5 individually liable therefor to the State of Oklahoma.

6 ~~G.~~ I. Fiduciaries. A tax is hereby imposed upon the Oklahoma
7 taxable income of every trust and estate at the same rates as are
8 provided in subsection B or C of this section for single
9 individuals. Fiduciaries are not allowed a deduction for any
10 federal income tax paid.

11 ~~H.~~ J. Tax rate tables. For all taxable years beginning after
12 December 31, 1991, in lieu of the tax imposed by subsection A, B or
13 C of this section, as applicable there is hereby imposed for each
14 taxable year on the taxable income of every individual, whose
15 taxable income for such taxable year does not exceed the ceiling
16 amount, a tax determined under tables, applicable to such taxable
17 year which shall be prescribed by the Tax Commission and which shall
18 be in such form as it determines appropriate. In the table so
19 prescribed, the amounts of the tax shall be computed on the basis of
20 the rates prescribed by subsection A, B or C of this section. For
21 purposes of this subsection, the term "ceiling amount" means, with
22 respect to any taxpayer, the amount determined by the Tax Commission
23 for the tax rate category in which such taxpayer falls.

24

1 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2021, Section 2358, is
2 amended to read as follows:

3 Section 2358. For all tax years beginning after December 31,
4 1981, taxable income and adjusted gross income shall be adjusted to
5 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income and Oklahoma adjusted gross income
6 as required by this section.

7 A. The taxable income of any taxpayer shall be adjusted to
8 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for corporations and Oklahoma
9 adjusted gross income for individuals, as follows:

10 1. There shall be added interest income on obligations of any
11 state or political subdivision thereto which is not otherwise
12 exempted pursuant to other laws of this state, to the extent that
13 such interest is not included in taxable income and adjusted gross
14 income.

15 2. There shall be deducted amounts included in such income that
16 the state is prohibited from taxing because of the provisions of the
17 Federal Constitution, the State Constitution, federal laws or laws
18 of Oklahoma.

19 3. The amount of any federal net operating loss deduction shall
20 be adjusted as follows:

21 a. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years
22 beginning before January 1, 1981, the amount of any
23 net operating loss deduction allowed to a taxpayer for
24 federal income tax purposes shall be reduced to an

1 amount which is the same portion thereof as the loss
2 from sources within this state, as determined pursuant
3 to this section and Section 2362 of this title, for
4 the taxable year in which such loss is sustained is of
5 the total loss for such year;

6 b. For carryovers and carrybacks to taxable years

7 beginning after December 31, 1980, the amount of any
8 net operating loss deduction allowed for the taxable
9 year shall be an amount equal to the aggregate of the
10 Oklahoma net operating loss carryovers and carrybacks
11 to such year. Oklahoma net operating losses shall be
12 separately determined by reference to Section 172 of
13 the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, as
14 modified by the Oklahoma Income Tax Act, Section 2351
15 et seq. of this title, and shall be allowed without
16 regard to the existence of a federal net operating
17 loss. For tax years beginning after December 31,
18 2000, and ending before January 1, 2008, the years to
19 which such losses may be carried shall be determined
20 solely by reference to Section 172 of the Internal
21 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 172, with the
22 exception that the terms "net operating loss" and
23 "taxable income" shall be replaced with "Oklahoma net
24 operating loss" and "Oklahoma taxable income". For

1 tax years beginning after December 31, 2007, and
2 ending before January 1, 2009, years to which such
3 losses may be carried back shall be limited to two (2)
4 years. For tax years beginning after December 31,
5 2008, the years to which such losses may be carried
6 back shall be determined solely by reference to
7 Section 172 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
8 Section 172, with the exception that the terms "net
9 operating loss" and "taxable income" shall be replaced
10 with "Oklahoma net operating loss" and "Oklahoma
11 taxable income".

12 4. Items of the following nature shall be allocated as
13 indicated. Allowable deductions attributable to items separately
14 allocable in subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph, whether or
15 not such items of income were actually received, shall be allocated
16 on the same basis as those items:

17 a. Income from real and tangible personal property, such
18 as rents, oil and mining production or royalties, and
19 gains or losses from sales of such property, shall be
20 allocated in accordance with the situs of such
21 property;

22 b. Income from intangible personal property, such as
23 interest, dividends, patent or copyright royalties,
24 and gains or losses from sales of such property, shall

1 be allocated in accordance with the domiciliary situs
2 of the taxpayer, except that:

3 (1) where such property has acquired a nonunitary
4 business or commercial situs apart from the
5 domicile of the taxpayer such income shall be
6 allocated in accordance with such business or
7 commercial situs; interest income from
8 investments held to generate working capital for
9 a unitary business enterprise shall be included
10 in apportionable income; a resident trust or
11 resident estate shall be treated as having a
12 separate commercial or business situs insofar as
13 undistributed income is concerned, but shall not
14 be treated as having a separate commercial or
15 business situs insofar as distributed income is
16 concerned,

17 (2) for taxable years beginning after December 31,
18 2003, capital or ordinary gains or losses from
19 the sale of an ownership interest in a publicly
20 traded partnership, as defined by Section 7704(b)
21 of the Internal Revenue Code, shall be allocated
22 to this state in the ratio of the original cost
23 of such partnership's tangible property in this
24 state to the original cost of such partnership's

1 tangible property everywhere, as determined at
2 the time of the sale; if more than fifty percent
3 (50%) of the value of the partnership's assets
4 consists of intangible assets, capital or
5 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an
6 ownership interest in the partnership shall be
7 allocated to this state in accordance with the
8 sales factor of the partnership for its first
9 full tax period immediately preceding its tax
10 period during which the ownership interest in the
11 partnership was sold; the provisions of this
12 division shall only apply if the capital or
13 ordinary gains or losses from the sale of an
14 ownership interest in a partnership do not
15 constitute qualifying gain receiving capital
16 treatment as defined in subparagraph a of
17 paragraph 2 of subsection F of this section,

18 (3) income from such property which is required to be
19 allocated pursuant to the provisions of paragraph
20 5 of this subsection shall be allocated as herein
21 provided;

22 c. Net income or loss from a business activity which is
23 not a part of business carried on within or without
24 the state of a unitary character shall be separately

1 allocated to the state in which such activity is
2 conducted;

3 d. In the case of a manufacturing or processing
4 enterprise the business of which in Oklahoma consists
5 solely of marketing its products by:

6 (1) sales having a situs without this state, shipped
7 directly to a point from without the state to a
8 purchaser within the state, commonly known as
9 interstate sales,

10 (2) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
11 within the state pursuant to "in transit"
12 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
13 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
14 within the state,

15 (3) sales of the product stored in public warehouses
16 within the state where the shipment to such
17 warehouses is not covered by "in transit"
18 tariffs, as prescribed and allowed by the
19 Interstate Commerce Commission, to a purchaser
20 within or without the state,

21 the Oklahoma net income shall, at the option of the
22 taxpayer, be that portion of the total net income of
23 the taxpayer for federal income tax purposes derived
24 from the manufacture and/or processing and sales

1 everywhere as determined by the ratio of the sales
2 defined in this section made to the purchaser within
3 the state to the total sales everywhere. The term
4 "public warehouse" as used in this subparagraph means
5 a licensed public warehouse, the principal business of
6 which is warehousing merchandise for the public;

7 e. In the case of insurance companies, Oklahoma taxable
8 income shall be taxable income of the taxpayer for
9 federal tax purposes, as adjusted for the adjustments
10 provided pursuant to the provisions of paragraphs 1
11 and 2 of this subsection, apportioned as follows:

12 (1) except as otherwise provided by division (2) of
13 this subparagraph, taxable income of an insurance
14 company for a taxable year shall be apportioned
15 to this state by multiplying such income by a
16 fraction, the numerator of which is the direct
17 premiums written for insurance on property or
18 risks in this state, and the denominator of which
19 is the direct premiums written for insurance on
20 property or risks everywhere. For purposes of
21 this subsection, the term "direct premiums
22 written" means the total amount of direct
23 premiums written, assessments and annuity
24 considerations as reported for the taxable year

1 on the annual statement filed by the company with
2 the Insurance Commissioner in the form approved
3 by the National Association of Insurance
4 Commissioners, or such other form as may be
5 prescribed in lieu thereof,

6 (2) if the principal source of premiums written by an
7 insurance company consists of premiums for
8 reinsurance accepted by it, the taxable income of
9 such company shall be apportioned to this state
10 by multiplying such income by a fraction, the
11 numerator of which is the sum of (a) direct
12 premiums written for insurance on property or
13 risks in this state, plus (b) premiums written
14 for reinsurance accepted in respect of property
15 or risks in this state, and the denominator of
16 which is the sum of (c) direct premiums written
17 for insurance on property or risks everywhere,
18 plus (d) premiums written for reinsurance
19 accepted in respect of property or risks
20 everywhere. For purposes of this paragraph,
21 premiums written for reinsurance accepted in
22 respect of property or risks in this state,
23 whether or not otherwise determinable, may at the
24 election of the company be determined on the

1 basis of the proportion which premiums written
2 for insurance accepted from companies
3 commercially domiciled in Oklahoma bears to
4 premiums written for reinsurance accepted from
5 all sources, or alternatively in the proportion
6 which the sum of the direct premiums written for
7 insurance on property or risks in this state by
8 each ceding company from which reinsurance is
9 accepted bears to the sum of the total direct
10 premiums written by each such ceding company for
11 the taxable year.

12 5. The net income or loss remaining after the separate
13 allocation in paragraph 4 of this subsection, being that which is
14 derived from a unitary business enterprise, shall be apportioned to
15 this state on the basis of the arithmetical average of three factors
16 consisting of property, payroll and sales or gross revenue
17 enumerated as subparagraphs a, b and c of this paragraph. Net
18 income or loss as used in this paragraph includes that derived from
19 patent or copyright royalties, purchase discounts, and interest on
20 accounts receivable relating to or arising from a business activity,
21 the income from which is apportioned pursuant to this subsection,
22 including the sale or other disposition of such property and any
23 other property used in the unitary enterprise. Deductions used in
24 computing such net income or loss shall not include taxes based on

1 or measured by income. Provided, for corporations whose property
2 for purposes of the tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title has an
3 initial investment cost equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million
4 Dollars (\$200,000,000.00) and such investment is made on or after
5 July 1, 1997, or for corporations which expand their property or
6 facilities in this state and such expansion has an investment cost
7 equaling or exceeding Two Hundred Million Dollars (\$200,000,000.00)
8 over a period not to exceed three (3) years, and such expansion is
9 commenced on or after January 1, 2000, the three factors shall be
10 apportioned with property and payroll, each comprising twenty-five
11 percent (25%) of the apportionment factor and sales comprising fifty
12 percent (50%) of the apportionment factor. The apportionment
13 factors shall be computed as follows:

14 a. The property factor is a fraction, the numerator of
15 which is the average value of the taxpayer's real and
16 tangible personal property owned or rented and used in
17 this state during the tax period and the denominator
18 of which is the average value of all the taxpayer's
19 real and tangible personal property everywhere owned
20 or rented and used during the tax period.

21 (1) Property, the income from which is separately
22 allocated in paragraph 4 of this subsection,
23 shall not be included in determining this
24 fraction. The numerator of the fraction shall

1 include a portion of the investment in
2 transportation and other equipment having no
3 fixed situs, such as rolling stock, buses, trucks
4 and trailers, including machinery and equipment
5 carried thereon, airplanes, salespersons'
6 automobiles and other similar equipment, in the
7 proportion that miles traveled in Oklahoma by
8 such equipment bears to total miles traveled,

9 (2) Property owned by the taxpayer is valued at its
10 original cost. Property rented by the taxpayer
11 is valued at eight times the net annual rental
12 rate. Net annual rental rate is the annual
13 rental rate paid by the taxpayer, less any annual
14 rental rate received by the taxpayer from
15 subrentals,

16 (3) The average value of property shall be determined
17 by averaging the values at the beginning and
18 ending of the tax period but the Oklahoma Tax
19 Commission may require the averaging of monthly
20 values during the tax period if reasonably
21 required to reflect properly the average value of
22 the taxpayer's property;

23 b. The payroll factor is a fraction, the numerator of
24 which is the total compensation for services rendered

1 in the state during the tax period, and the
2 denominator of which is the total compensation for
3 services rendered everywhere during the tax period.
4 "Compensation", as used in this subsection means those
5 paid-for services to the extent related to the unitary
6 business but does not include officers' salaries,
7 wages and other compensation.

8 (1) In the case of a transportation enterprise, the
9 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
10 of such expenditure in connection with employees
11 operating equipment over a fixed route, such as
12 railroad employees, airline pilots, or bus
13 drivers, in this state only a part of the time,
14 in the proportion that mileage traveled in
15 Oklahoma bears to total mileage traveled by such
16 employees,

17 (2) In any case the numerator of the fraction shall
18 include a portion of such expenditures in
19 connection with itinerant employees, such as
20 traveling salespersons, in this state only a part
21 of the time, in the proportion that time spent in
22 Oklahoma bears to total time spent in furtherance
23 of the enterprise by such employees;
24

1 c. The sales factor is a fraction, the numerator of which
2 is the total sales or gross revenue of the taxpayer in
3 this state during the tax period, and the denominator
4 of which is the total sales or gross revenue of the
5 taxpayer everywhere during the tax period. "Sales",
6 as used in this subsection, does not include sales or
7 gross revenue which are separately allocated in
8 paragraph 4 of this subsection.

9 (1) Sales of tangible personal property have a situs
10 in this state if the property is delivered or
11 shipped to a purchaser other than the United
12 States government, within this state regardless
13 of the FOB point or other conditions of the sale;
14 or the property is shipped from an office, store,
15 warehouse, factory or other place of storage in
16 this state and (a) the purchaser is the United
17 States government or (b) the taxpayer is not
18 doing business in the state of the destination of
19 the shipment.

20 (2) In the case of a railroad or interurban railway
21 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
22 not be less than the allocation of revenues to
23 this state as shown in its annual report to the
24 Corporation Commission.

1 (3) In the case of an airline, truck or bus
2 enterprise or freight car, tank car, refrigerator
3 car or other railroad equipment enterprise, the
4 numerator of the fraction shall include a portion
5 of revenue from interstate transportation in the
6 proportion that interstate mileage traveled in
7 Oklahoma bears to total interstate mileage
8 traveled.

9 (4) In the case of an oil, gasoline or gas pipeline
10 enterprise, the numerator of the fraction shall
11 be either the total of traffic units of the
12 enterprise within Oklahoma or the revenue
13 allocated to Oklahoma based upon miles moved, at
14 the option of the taxpayer, and the denominator
15 of which shall be the total of traffic units of
16 the enterprise or the revenue of the enterprise
17 everywhere as appropriate to the numerator. A
18 "traffic unit" is hereby defined as the
19 transportation for a distance of one (1) mile of
20 one (1) barrel of oil, one (1) gallon of gasoline
21 or one thousand (1,000) cubic feet of natural or
22 casinghead gas, as the case may be.

23 (5) In the case of a telephone or telegraph or other
24 communication enterprise, the numerator of the

1 fraction shall include that portion of the
2 interstate revenue as is allocated pursuant to
3 the accounting procedures prescribed by the
4 Federal Communications Commission; provided that
5 in respect to each corporation or business entity
6 required by the Federal Communications Commission
7 to keep its books and records in accordance with
8 a uniform system of accounts prescribed by such
9 Commission, the intrastate net income shall be
10 determined separately in the manner provided by
11 such uniform system of accounts and only the
12 interstate income shall be subject to allocation
13 pursuant to the provisions of this subsection.
14 Provided further, that the gross revenue factors
15 shall be those as are determined pursuant to the
16 accounting procedures prescribed by the Federal
17 Communications Commission.

18 In any case where the apportionment of the three factors
19 prescribed in this paragraph attributes to Oklahoma a portion of net
20 income of the enterprise out of all appropriate proportion to the
21 property owned and/or business transacted within this state, because
22 of the fact that one or more of the factors so prescribed are not
23 employed to any appreciable extent in furtherance of the enterprise;
24 or because one or more factors not so prescribed are employed to a

1 considerable extent in furtherance of the enterprise; or because of
2 other reasons, the Tax Commission is empowered to permit, after a
3 showing by taxpayer that an excessive portion of net income has been
4 attributed to Oklahoma, or require, when in its judgment an
5 insufficient portion of net income has been attributed to Oklahoma,
6 the elimination, substitution, or use of additional factors, or
7 reduction or increase in the weight of such prescribed factors.
8 Provided, however, that any such variance from such prescribed
9 factors which has the effect of increasing the portion of net income
10 attributable to Oklahoma must not be inherently arbitrary, and
11 application of the recomputed final apportionment to the net income
12 of the enterprise must attribute to Oklahoma only a reasonable
13 portion thereof.

14 6. For calendar years 1997 and 1998, the owner of a new or
15 expanded agricultural commodity processing facility in this state
16 may exclude from Oklahoma taxable income, or in the case of an
17 individual, the Oklahoma adjusted gross income, fifteen percent
18 (15%) of the investment by the owner in the new or expanded
19 agricultural commodity processing facility. For calendar year 1999,
20 and all subsequent years, the percentage, not to exceed fifteen
21 percent (15%), available to the owner of a new or expanded
22 agricultural commodity processing facility in this state claiming
23 the exemption shall be adjusted annually so that the total estimated
24 reduction in tax liability does not exceed One Million Dollars

1 (\$1,000,000.00) annually. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules
2 for determining the percentage of the investment which each eligible
3 taxpayer may exclude. The exclusion provided by this paragraph
4 shall be taken in the taxable year when the investment is made. In
5 the event the total reduction in tax liability authorized by this
6 paragraph exceeds One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) in any
7 calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over One
8 Million Dollars (\$1,000,000.00) and shall factor such excess into
9 the percentage for subsequent years. Any amount of the exemption
10 permitted to be excluded pursuant to the provisions of this
11 paragraph but not used in any year may be carried forward as an
12 exemption from income pursuant to the provisions of this paragraph
13 for a period not exceeding six (6) years following the year in which
14 the investment was originally made.

15 For purposes of this paragraph:

16 a. "Agricultural commodity processing facility" means
17 building, structures, fixtures and improvements used
18 or operated primarily for the processing or production
19 of marketable products from agricultural commodities.
20 The term shall also mean a dairy operation that
21 requires a depreciable investment of at least Two
22 Hundred Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00) and which
23 produces milk from dairy cows. The term does not
24 include a facility that provides only, and nothing

1 more than, storage, cleaning, drying or transportation
2 of agricultural commodities, and

3 b. "Facility" means each part of the facility which is
4 used in a process primarily for:

5 (1) the processing of agricultural commodities,
6 including receiving or storing agricultural
7 commodities, or the production of milk at a dairy
8 operation,

9 (2) transporting the agricultural commodities or
10 product before, during or after the processing,
11 or

12 (3) packaging or otherwise preparing the product for
13 sale or shipment.

14 7. Despite any provision to the contrary in paragraph 3 of this
15 subsection, for taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, in
16 the case of a taxpayer which has a farming loss, such farming loss
17 shall be considered a net operating loss carryback in accordance
18 with and to the extent of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
19 Section 172(b)(G). However, the amount of the net operating loss
20 carryback shall not exceed the lesser of:

21 a. Sixty Thousand Dollars (\$60,000.00), or

22 b. the loss properly shown on Schedule F of the Internal
23 Revenue Service Form 1040 reduced by one-half (1/2) of
24

1 the income from all other sources other than reflected
2 on Schedule F.

3 8. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995, all
4 qualified wages equal to the federal income tax credit set forth in
5 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, shall be deducted from taxable income.
6 The deduction allowed pursuant to this paragraph shall only be
7 permitted for the tax years in which the federal tax credit pursuant
8 to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A, is allowed. For purposes of this
9 paragraph, "qualified wages" means those wages used to calculate the
10 federal credit pursuant to 26 U.S.C.A., Section 45A.

11 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, an
12 employer that is eligible for and utilizes the Safety Pays OSHA
13 Consultation Service provided by the Oklahoma Department of Labor
14 shall receive an exemption from taxable income in the amount of One
15 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for the tax year that the service is
16 utilized.

17 10. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2010,
18 there shall be added to Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to
19 the amount of deferred income not included in such taxable income
20 pursuant to Section 108(i)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1986
21 as amended by Section 1231 of the American Recovery and Reinvestment
22 Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5). There shall be subtracted from
23 Oklahoma taxable income an amount equal to the amount of deferred
24 income included in such taxable income pursuant to Section 108(i)(1)

1 of the Internal Revenue Code by Section 1231 of the American
2 Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009 (P.L. No. 111-5).

3 11. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2019,
4 there shall be subtracted from Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted
5 gross income any item of income or gain, and there shall be added to
6 Oklahoma taxable income or adjusted gross income any item of loss or
7 deduction that in the absence of an election pursuant to the
8 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019 would
9 be allocated to a member or to an indirect member of an electing
10 pass-through entity pursuant to Section 2351 et seq. of this title,
11 if (i) the electing pass-through entity has accounted for such item
12 in computing its Oklahoma net entity income or loss pursuant to the
13 provisions of the Pass-Through Entity Tax Equity Act of 2019, and
14 (ii) the total amount of tax attributable to any resulting Oklahoma
15 net entity income has been paid. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall
16 promulgate rules for the reporting of such exclusion to direct and
17 indirect members of the electing pass-through entity. As used in
18 this paragraph, "electing pass-through entity", "indirect member",
19 and "member" shall be defined in the same manner as prescribed by
20 Section 2355.1P-2 of this title. Notwithstanding the application of
21 this paragraph, the adjusted tax basis of any ownership interest in
22 a pass-through entity for purposes of Section 2351 et seq. of this
23 title shall be equal to its adjusted tax basis for federal income
24 tax purposes.

1 B. 1. The taxable income of any corporation shall be further
2 adjusted to arrive at Oklahoma taxable income, except those
3 corporations electing treatment as provided in subchapter S of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 1361 et seq., and Section
5 2365 of this title, deductions pursuant to the provisions of the
6 Accelerated Cost Recovery System as defined and allowed in the
7 Economic Recovery Tax Act of 1981, Public Law 97-34, 26 U.S.C.,
8 Section 168, for depreciation of assets placed into service after
9 December 31, 1981, shall not be allowed in calculating Oklahoma
10 taxable income. Such corporations shall be allowed a deduction for
11 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
12 in accordance with provisions of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
13 U.S.C., Section 1 et seq., in effect immediately prior to the
14 enactment of the Accelerated Cost Recovery System. The Oklahoma tax
15 basis for all such assets placed into service after December 31,
16 1981, calculated in this section shall be retained and utilized for
17 all Oklahoma income tax purposes through the final disposition of
18 such assets.

19 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
20 Act, Section 2351 et seq. of this title, or of the Internal Revenue
21 Code to the contrary, this subsection shall control calculation of
22 depreciation of assets placed into service after December 31, 1981,
23 and before January 1, 1983.

24

1 For assets placed in service and held by a corporation in which
2 accelerated cost recovery system was previously disallowed, an
3 adjustment to taxable income is required in the first taxable year
4 beginning after December 31, 1982, to reconcile the basis of such
5 assets to the basis allowed in the Internal Revenue Code. The
6 purpose of this adjustment is to equalize the basis and allowance
7 for depreciation accounts between that reported to the Internal
8 Revenue Service and that reported to Oklahoma.

9 2. For tax years beginning on or after January 1, 2009, and
10 ending on or before December 31, 2009, there shall be added to
11 Oklahoma taxable income any amount in excess of One Hundred Seventy-
12 five Thousand Dollars (\$175,000.00) which has been deducted as a
13 small business expense under Internal Revenue Code, Section 179 as
14 provided in the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act of 2009.

15 C. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1987, the
16 taxable income of any corporation shall be further adjusted to
17 arrive at Oklahoma taxable income for transfers of technology to
18 qualified small businesses located in Oklahoma. Such transferor
19 corporation shall be allowed an exemption from taxable income of an
20 amount equal to the amount of royalty payment received as a result
21 of such transfer; provided, however, such amount shall not exceed
22 ten percent (10%) of the amount of gross proceeds received by such
23 transferor corporation as a result of the technology transfer. Such
24 exemption shall be allowed for a period not to exceed ten (10) years

1 from the date of receipt of the first royalty payment accruing from
2 such transfer. No exemption may be claimed for transfers of
3 technology to qualified small businesses made prior to January 1,
4 1988.

5 2. For purposes of this subsection:

6 a. "Qualified small business" means an entity, whether
7 organized as a corporation, partnership, or
8 proprietorship, organized for profit with its
9 principal place of business located within this state
10 and which meets the following criteria:

11 (1) Capitalization of not more than Two Hundred Fifty
12 Thousand Dollars (\$250,000.00),

13 (2) Having at least fifty percent (50%) of its
14 employees and assets located in Oklahoma at the
15 time of the transfer, and

16 (3) Not a subsidiary or affiliate of the transferor
17 corporation;

18 b. "Technology" means a proprietary process, formula,
19 pattern, device or compilation of scientific or
20 technical information which is not in the public
21 domain;

22 c. "Transferor corporation" means a corporation which is
23 the exclusive and undisputed owner of the technology
24 at the time the transfer is made; and

1 d. "Gross proceeds" means the total amount of
2 consideration for the transfer of technology, whether
3 the consideration is in money or otherwise.

4 D. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005, the
5 taxable income of any corporation, estate or trust, shall be further
6 adjusted for qualifying gains receiving capital treatment. Such
7 corporations, estates or trusts shall be allowed a deduction from
8 Oklahoma taxable income for the amount of qualifying gains receiving
9 capital treatment earned by the corporation, estate or trust during
10 the taxable year and included in the federal taxable income of such
11 corporation, estate or trust.

12 2. As used in this subsection:

13 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
14 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
15 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in the
16 federal income tax return of the corporation, estate
17 or trust that result from:

18 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
19 property located within Oklahoma that has been
20 directly or indirectly owned by the corporation,
21 estate or trust for a holding period of at least
22 five (5) years prior to the date of the
23 transaction from which such net capital gains
24 arise,

1 (2) the sale of stock or on the sale of an ownership
2 interest in an Oklahoma company, limited
3 liability company, or partnership where such
4 stock or ownership interest has been directly or
5 indirectly owned by the corporation, estate or
6 trust for a holding period of at least three (3)
7 years prior to the date of the transaction from
8 which the net capital gains arise, or

9 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
10 property or intangible personal property located
11 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
12 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
13 company, limited liability company, or
14 partnership where such property has been directly
15 or indirectly owned by such entity owned by the
16 owners of such entity, and used in or derived
17 from such entity for a period of at least three
18 (3) years prior to the date of the transaction
19 from which the net capital gains arise,

20 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
21 time. The holding period shall include any additional
22 period when the property was held by another
23 individual or entity, if such additional period is
24

1 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
2 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,

3 c. "Oklahoma company", "limited liability company", or
4 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
5 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
6 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
7 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
8 arise,

9 d. "direct" means the taxpayer directly owns the asset,
10 and

11 e. "indirect" means the taxpayer owns an interest in a
12 pass-through entity (or chain of pass-through
13 entities) that sells the asset that gives rise to the
14 qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

15 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
16 tangible personal property located within
17 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
18 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
19 through entity that makes the sale has held the
20 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
21 years prior to the date of the transaction that
22 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
23 entity included in the chain of ownership has
24 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the

1 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
2 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
3 five (5) years.

4 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
5 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
6 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
7 liability company, or partnership, the deduction
8 described in this subsection shall not apply
9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest or
11 the assets for not less than three (3)
12 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
13 transaction that created the capital gain, and
14 each pass-through entity included in the chain of
15 ownership has been a member, partner or
16 shareholder of the pass-through entity in the
17 tier immediately below it for an uninterrupted
18 period of not less than three (3) years.

19 E. The Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
20 taxpayer shall be further adjusted as follows to arrive at Oklahoma
21 taxable income:

22 1. a. In the case of individuals, there shall be added or
23 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
24 to allow personal exemptions of One Thousand Dollars

1 (\$1,000.00) in lieu of the personal exemptions allowed
2 by the Internal Revenue Code.

3 b. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
4 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
5 spouse who is blind at the close of the tax year. For
6 purposes of this subparagraph, an individual is blind
7 only if the central visual acuity of the individual
8 does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye with
9 correcting lenses, or if the visual acuity of the
10 individual is greater than 20/200, but is accompanied
11 by a limitation in the fields of vision such that the
12 widest diameter of the visual field subtends an angle
13 no greater than twenty (20) degrees.

14 c. There shall be allowed an additional exemption of One
15 Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00) for each taxpayer or
16 spouse who is sixty-five (65) years of age or older at
17 the close of the tax year based upon the filing status
18 and federal adjusted gross income of the taxpayer.
19 Taxpayers with the following filing status may claim
20 this exemption if the federal adjusted gross income
21 does not exceed:

22 (1) Twenty-five Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) if
23 married and filing jointly;
24

- 1 (2) Twelve Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$12,500.00)
2 if married and filing separately;
3 (3) Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00) if single;
4 and
5 (4) Nineteen Thousand Dollars (\$19,000.00) if a
6 qualifying head of household.

7 Provided, for taxable years beginning after December
8 31, 1999, amounts included in the calculation of
9 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the
10 conversion of a traditional individual retirement
11 account to a Roth individual retirement account shall
12 be excluded from federal adjusted gross income for
13 purposes of the income thresholds provided in this
14 subparagraph.

- 15 2. a. For taxable years beginning on or before December 31,
16 2005, in the case of individuals who use the standard
17 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
18 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
19 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
20 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
21 Revenue Code, in an amount equal to the larger of
22 fifteen percent (15%) of the Oklahoma adjusted gross
23 income or One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), but not to
24 exceed Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), except that

1 in the case of a married individual filing a separate
2 return such deduction shall be the larger of fifteen
3 percent (15%) of such Oklahoma adjusted gross income
4 or Five Hundred Dollars (\$500.00), but not to exceed
5 the maximum amount of One Thousand Dollars
6 (\$1,000.00).

7 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
8 2006, and before January 1, 2007, in the case of
9 individuals who use the standard deduction in
10 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
11 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
12 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard
13 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, in an
14 amount equal to:

15 (1) Three Thousand Dollars (\$3,000.00), if the filing
16 status is married filing joint, head of household
17 or qualifying widow; or

18 (2) Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00), if the filing
19 status is single or married filing separate.

20 c. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2007, and
21 ending December 31, 2007, in the case of individuals
22 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
23 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
24 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard

1 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
2 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

3 (1) Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
4 if the filing status is married filing joint or
5 qualifying widow; or

6 (2) Four Thousand One Hundred Twenty-five Dollars
7 (\$4,125.00) for a head of household; or

8 (3) Two Thousand Seven Hundred Fifty Dollars
9 (\$2,750.00), if the filing status is single or
10 married filing separate.

11 d. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2008, and
12 ending December 31, 2008, in the case of individuals
13 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
14 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
15 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
16 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
17 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

18 (1) Six Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$6,500.00), if
19 the filing status is married filing joint or
20 qualifying widow, or

21 (2) Four Thousand Eight Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
22 (\$4,875.00) for a head of household, or
23
24

1 (3) Three Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
2 (\$3,250.00), if the filing status is single or
3 married filing separate.

4 e. For the taxable year beginning on January 1, 2009, and
5 ending December 31, 2009, in the case of individuals
6 who use the standard deduction in determining taxable
7 income, there shall be added or deducted, as the case
8 may be, the difference necessary to allow a standard
9 deduction in lieu of the standard deduction allowed by
10 the Internal Revenue Code, in an amount equal to:

11 (1) Eight Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$8,500.00),
12 if the filing status is married filing joint or
13 qualifying widow, or

14 (2) Six Thousand Three Hundred Seventy-five Dollars
15 (\$6,375.00) for a head of household, or

16 (3) Four Thousand Two Hundred Fifty Dollars
17 (\$4,250.00), if the filing status is single or
18 married filing separate.

19 Oklahoma adjusted gross income shall be increased by
20 any amounts paid for motor vehicle excise taxes which
21 were deducted as allowed by the Internal Revenue Code.

22 f. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
23 2010, and ending on December 31, 2016, in the case of
24 individuals who use the standard deduction in

1 determining taxable income, there shall be added or
2 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
3 to allow a standard deduction equal to the standard
4 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, based
5 upon the amount and filing status prescribed by such
6 Code for purposes of filing federal individual income
7 tax returns.

8 g. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
9 2017, and ending not later than December 31, 2022, in
10 the case of individuals who use the standard deduction
11 in determining taxable income, there shall be added or
12 deducted, as the case may be, the difference necessary
13 to allow a standard deduction in lieu of the standard
14 deduction allowed by the Internal Revenue Code, as
15 follows:

- 16 (1) Six Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
17 (\$6,350.00) for single or married filing
18 separately,
- 19 (2) Twelve Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
20 (\$12,700.00) for married filing jointly or
21 qualifying widower with dependent child, and
- 22 (3) Nine Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
23 (\$9,350.00) for head of household.
- 24

1 h. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
2 2023, in the case of individuals who use the standard
3 deduction in determining taxable income, there shall
4 be added or deducted, as the case may be, the
5 difference necessary to allow a standard deduction in
6 lieu of the standard deduction allowed by the Internal
7 Revenue Code, as follows:

8 (1) Ten Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
9 (\$10,350.00) for single or married filing
10 separately,

11 (2) Twenty Thousand Seven Hundred Dollars
12 (\$20,700.00) for married filing jointly or
13 qualifying widower with dependent child, and

14 (3) Thirteen Thousand Three Hundred Fifty Dollars
15 (\$13,350.00) for head of household.

16 3. a. In the case of resident and part-year resident
17 individuals having adjusted gross income from sources
18 both within and without the state, the itemized or
19 standard deductions and personal exemptions shall be
20 reduced to an amount which is the same portion of the
21 total thereof as Oklahoma adjusted gross income is of
22 adjusted gross income. To the extent itemized
23 deductions include allowable moving expense, proration
24 of moving expense shall not be required or permitted

1 but allowable moving expense shall be fully deductible
2 for those taxpayers moving within or into Oklahoma and
3 no part of moving expense shall be deductible for
4 those taxpayers moving without or out of Oklahoma.
5 All other itemized or standard deductions and personal
6 exemptions shall be subject to proration as provided
7 by law.

8 b. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,
9 2018, the net amount of itemized deductions allowable
10 on an Oklahoma income tax return, subject to the
11 provisions of paragraph 24 of this subsection, shall
12 not exceed Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00).
13 For purposes of this subparagraph, charitable
14 contributions and medical expenses deductible for
15 federal income tax purposes shall be excluded from the
16 amount of Seventeen Thousand Dollars (\$17,000.00) as
17 specified by this subparagraph.

18 4. A resident individual with a physical disability
19 constituting a substantial handicap to employment may deduct from
20 Oklahoma adjusted gross income such expenditures to modify a motor
21 vehicle, home or workplace as are necessary to compensate for his or
22 her handicap. A veteran certified by the Department of Veterans
23 Affairs of the federal government as having a service-connected
24 disability shall be conclusively presumed to be an individual with a

1 physical disability constituting a substantial handicap to
2 employment. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules containing a
3 list of combinations of common disabilities and modifications which
4 may be presumed to qualify for this deduction. The Tax Commission
5 shall prescribe necessary requirements for verification.

6 5. a. Before July 1, 2010, the first One Thousand Five
7 Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00) received by any person
8 from the United States as salary or compensation in
9 any form, other than retirement benefits, as a member
10 of any component of the Armed Forces of the United
11 States shall be deducted from taxable income.

12 b. On or after July 1, 2010, one hundred percent (100%)
13 of the income received by any person from the United
14 States as salary or compensation in any form, other
15 than retirement benefits, as a member of any component
16 of the Armed Forces of the United States shall be
17 deducted from taxable income.

18 c. Whenever the filing of a timely income tax return by a
19 member of the Armed Forces of the United States is
20 made impracticable or impossible of accomplishment by
21 reason of:

22 (1) absence from the United States, which term
23 includes only the states and the District of
24 Columbia;

1 (2) absence from the State of Oklahoma while on
2 active duty; or

3 (3) confinement in a hospital within the United
4 States for treatment of wounds, injuries or
5 disease,

6 the time for filing a return and paying an income tax
7 shall be and is hereby extended without incurring
8 liability for interest or penalties, to the fifteenth
9 day of the third month following the month in which:

10 (a) Such individual shall return to the United
11 States if the extension is granted pursuant
12 to subparagraph a of this paragraph, return
13 to the State of Oklahoma if the extension is
14 granted pursuant to subparagraph b of this
15 paragraph or be discharged from such
16 hospital if the extension is granted
17 pursuant to subparagraph c of this
18 paragraph; or

19 (b) An executor, administrator, or conservator
20 of the estate of the taxpayer is appointed,
21 whichever event occurs the earliest.

22 Provided, that the Tax Commission may, in its discretion, grant
23 any member of the Armed Forces of the United States an extension of
24 time for filing of income tax returns and payment of income tax

1 without incurring liabilities for interest or penalties. Such
2 extension may be granted only when in the judgment of the Tax
3 Commission a good cause exists therefor and may be for a period in
4 excess of six (6) months. A record of every such extension granted,
5 and the reason therefor, shall be kept.

6 6. Before July 1, 2010, the salary or any other form of
7 compensation, received from the United States by a member of any
8 component of the Armed Forces of the United States, shall be
9 deducted from taxable income during the time in which the person is
10 detained by the enemy in a conflict, is a prisoner of war or is
11 missing in action and not deceased; provided, after July 1, 2010,
12 all such salary or compensation shall be subject to the deduction as
13 provided pursuant to paragraph 5 of this subsection.

14 7. a. An individual taxpayer, whether resident or
15 nonresident, may deduct an amount equal to the federal
16 income taxes paid by the taxpayer during the taxable
17 year.

18 b. Federal taxes as described in subparagraph a of this
19 paragraph shall be deductible by any individual
20 taxpayer, whether resident or nonresident, only to the
21 extent they relate to income subject to taxation
22 pursuant to the provisions of the Oklahoma Income Tax
23 Act. The maximum amount allowable in the preceding
24 paragraph shall be prorated on the ratio of the

1 Oklahoma adjusted gross income to federal adjusted
2 gross income.

3 c. For the purpose of this paragraph, "federal income
4 taxes paid" shall mean federal income taxes, surtaxes
5 imposed on incomes or excess profits taxes, as though
6 the taxpayer was on the accrual basis. In determining
7 the amount of deduction for federal income taxes for
8 tax year 2001, the amount of the deduction shall not
9 be adjusted by the amount of any accelerated ten
10 percent (10%) tax rate bracket credit or advanced
11 refund of the credit received during the tax year
12 provided pursuant to the federal Economic Growth and
13 Tax Relief Reconciliation Act of 2001, P.L. No. 107-
14 16, and the advanced refund of such credit shall not
15 be subject to taxation.

16 d. The provisions of this paragraph shall apply to all
17 taxable years ending after December 31, 1978, and
18 beginning before January 1, 2006.

19 8. Retirement benefits not to exceed Five Thousand Five Hundred
20 Dollars (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
21 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and Ten Thousand
22 Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax year and all subsequent tax
23 years, which are received by an individual from the civil service of
24 the United States, the Oklahoma Public Employees Retirement System,

1 the Teachers' Retirement System of Oklahoma, the Oklahoma Law
2 Enforcement Retirement System, the Oklahoma Firefighters Pension and
3 Retirement System, the Oklahoma Police Pension and Retirement
4 System, the employee retirement systems created by counties pursuant
5 to Section 951 et seq. of Title 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes, the
6 Uniform Retirement System for Justices and Judges, the Oklahoma
7 Wildlife Conservation Department Retirement Fund, the Oklahoma
8 Employment Security Commission Retirement Plan, or the employee
9 retirement systems created by municipalities pursuant to Section 48-
10 101 et seq. of Title 11 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt
11 from taxable income.

12 9. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1984, Social
13 Security benefits received by an individual shall be exempt from
14 taxable income, to the extent such benefits are included in the
15 federal adjusted gross income pursuant to the provisions of Section
16 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86.

17 10. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1994, lump-
18 sum distributions from employer plans of deferred compensation,
19 which are not qualified plans within the meaning of Section 401(a)
20 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401(a), and which
21 are deposited in and accounted for within a separate bank account or
22 brokerage account in a financial institution within this state,
23 shall be excluded from taxable income in the same manner as a
24 qualifying rollover contribution to an individual retirement account

1 within the meaning of Section 408 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
2 U.S.C., Section 408. Amounts withdrawn from such bank or brokerage
3 account, including any earnings thereon, shall be included in
4 taxable income when withdrawn in the same manner as withdrawals from
5 individual retirement accounts within the meaning of Section 408 of
6 the Internal Revenue Code.

7 11. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1995,
8 contributions made to and interest received from a medical savings
9 account established pursuant to Sections 2621 through 2623 of Title
10 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

11 12. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 1996, the
12 Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual taxpayer who is a
13 swine or poultry producer may be further adjusted for the deduction
14 for depreciation allowed for new construction or expansion costs
15 which may be computed using the same depreciation method elected for
16 federal income tax purposes except that the useful life shall be
17 seven (7) years for purposes of this paragraph. If depreciation is
18 allowed as a deduction in determining the adjusted gross income of
19 an individual, any depreciation calculated and claimed pursuant to
20 this section shall in no event be a duplication of any depreciation
21 allowed or permitted on the federal income tax return of the
22 individual.

23
24

1 13. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2002,
2 nonrecurring adoption expenses paid by a resident
3 individual taxpayer in connection with:

4 (1) the adoption of a minor, or

5 (2) a proposed adoption of a minor which did not
6 result in a decreed adoption,

7 may be deducted from the Oklahoma adjusted gross
8 income.

9 b. The deductions for adoptions and proposed adoptions
10 authorized by this paragraph shall not exceed Twenty
11 Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) per calendar year.

12 c. The Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to implement
13 the provisions of this paragraph which shall contain a
14 specific list of nonrecurring adoption expenses which
15 may be presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
16 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
17 verification.

18 d. "Nonrecurring adoption expenses" means adoption fees,
19 court costs, medical expenses, attorney fees and
20 expenses which are directly related to the legal
21 process of adoption of a child including, but not
22 limited to, costs relating to the adoption study,
23 health and psychological examinations, transportation
24 and reasonable costs of lodging and food for the child

1 or adoptive parents which are incurred to complete the
2 adoption process and are not reimbursed by other
3 sources. The term "nonrecurring adoption expenses"
4 shall not include attorney fees incurred for the
5 purpose of litigating a contested adoption, from and
6 after the point of the initiation of the contest,
7 costs associated with physical remodeling, renovation
8 and alteration of the adoptive parents' home or
9 property, except for a special needs child as
10 authorized by the court.

11 14. a. In taxable years beginning before January 1, 2005,
12 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
13 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
14 individual sixty-five (65) years of age or older and
15 whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is Twenty-five
16 Thousand Dollars (\$25,000.00) or less if the filing
17 status is single, head of household, or married filing
18 separate, or Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00) or
19 less if the filing status is married filing joint or
20 qualifying widow, shall be exempt from taxable income.
21 In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
22 retirement benefits not to exceed the amounts
23 specified in this paragraph, which are received by an
24 individual whose Oklahoma adjusted gross income is

1 less than the qualifying amount specified in this
2 paragraph, shall be exempt from taxable income.

3 b. For purposes of this paragraph, the qualifying amount
4 shall be as follows:

5 (1) in taxable years beginning after December 31,
6 2004, and prior to January 1, 2007, the
7 qualifying amount shall be Thirty-seven Thousand
8 Five Hundred Dollars (\$37,500.00) or less if the
9 filing status is single, head of household, or
10 married filing separate, or Seventy-five Thousand
11 Dollars (\$75,000.00) or less if the filing status
12 is married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

13 (2) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007,
14 the qualifying amount shall be Fifty Thousand
15 Dollars (\$50,000.00) or less if the filing status
16 is single, head of household, or married filing
17 separate, or One Hundred Thousand Dollars
18 (\$100,000.00) or less if the filing status is
19 married filing jointly or qualifying widow,

20 (3) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008,
21 the qualifying amount shall be Sixty-two Thousand
22 Five Hundred Dollars (\$62,500.00) or less if the
23 filing status is single, head of household, or
24 married filing separate, or One Hundred Twenty-

1 five Thousand Dollars (\$125,000.00) or less if
2 the filing status is married filing jointly or
3 qualifying widow,

4 (4) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009,
5 the qualifying amount shall be One Hundred
6 Thousand Dollars (\$100,000.00) or less if the
7 filing status is single, head of household, or
8 married filing separate, or Two Hundred Thousand
9 Dollars (\$200,000.00) or less if the filing
10 status is married filing jointly or qualifying
11 widow, and

12 (5) in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010,
13 and subsequent taxable years, there shall be no
14 limitation upon the qualifying amount.

15 c. For purposes of this paragraph, "retirement benefits"
16 means the total distributions or withdrawals from the
17 following:

18 (1) an employee pension benefit plan which satisfies
19 the requirements of Section 401 of the Internal
20 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 401,

21 (2) an eligible deferred compensation plan that
22 satisfies the requirements of Section 457 of the
23 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 457,
24

- 1 (3) an individual retirement account, annuity or
2 trust or simplified employee pension that
3 satisfies the requirements of Section 408 of the
4 Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 408,
5 (4) an employee annuity subject to the provisions of
6 Section 403(a) or (b) of the Internal Revenue
7 Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 403(a) or (b),
8 (5) United States Retirement Bonds which satisfy the
9 requirements of Section 86 of the Internal
10 Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C., Section 86, or
11 (6) lump-sum distributions from a retirement plan
12 which satisfies the requirements of Section
13 402(e) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C.,
14 Section 402(e).

15 d. The amount of the exemption provided by this paragraph
16 shall be limited to Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
17 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
18 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
19 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the tax year
20 2006 and for all subsequent tax years. Any individual
21 who claims the exemption provided for in paragraph 8
22 of this subsection shall not be permitted to claim a
23 combined total exemption pursuant to this paragraph
24 and paragraph 8 of this subsection in an amount

1 exceeding Five Thousand Five Hundred Dollars
2 (\$5,500.00) for the 2004 tax year, Seven Thousand Five
3 Hundred Dollars (\$7,500.00) for the 2005 tax year and
4 Ten Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for the 2006 tax
5 year and all subsequent tax years.

6 15. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 1999, for an
7 individual engaged in production agriculture who has filed a
8 Schedule F form with the taxpayer's federal income tax return for
9 such taxable year, there shall be excluded from taxable income any
10 amount which was included as federal taxable income or federal
11 adjusted gross income and which consists of the discharge of an
12 obligation by a creditor of the taxpayer incurred to finance the
13 production of agricultural products.

14 16. In taxable years beginning December 31, 2000, an amount
15 equal to one hundred percent (100%) of the amount of any scholarship
16 or stipend received from participation in the Oklahoma Police Corps
17 Program, as established in Section 2-140.3 of Title 47 of the
18 Oklahoma Statutes shall be exempt from taxable income.

19 17. a. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2001,
20 and before January 1, 2005, there shall be allowed a
21 deduction in the amount of contributions to accounts
22 established pursuant to the Oklahoma College Savings
23 Plan Act. The deduction shall equal the amount of
24 contributions to accounts, but in no event shall the

1 deduction for each contributor exceed Two Thousand
2 Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) each taxable year for
3 each account.

4 b. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004,
5 each taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for
6 contributions to accounts established pursuant to the
7 Oklahoma College Savings Plan Act. The maximum annual
8 deduction shall equal the amount of contributions to
9 all such accounts plus any contributions to such
10 accounts by the taxpayer for prior taxable years after
11 December 31, 2004, which were not deducted, but in no
12 event shall the deduction for each tax year exceed Ten
13 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) for each individual
14 taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars (\$20,000.00) for
15 taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of a
16 contribution that is not deducted by the taxpayer in
17 the year for which the contribution is made may be
18 carried forward as a deduction from income for the
19 succeeding five (5) years. For taxable years
20 beginning after December 31, 2005, deductions may be
21 taken for contributions and rollovers made during a
22 taxable year and up to April 15 of the succeeding
23 year, or the due date of a taxpayer's state income tax
24 return, excluding extensions, whichever is later.

1 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may
2 not be taken for two (2) different taxable years.

3 c. In taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
4 deductions for contributions made pursuant to
5 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be limited as
6 follows:

7 (1) for a taxpayer who qualified for the five-year
8 carryforward election and who takes a rollover or
9 nonqualified withdrawal during that period, the
10 tax deduction otherwise available pursuant to
11 subparagraph b of this paragraph shall be reduced
12 by the amount which is equal to the rollover or
13 nonqualified withdrawal, and

14 (2) for a taxpayer who elects to take a rollover or
15 nonqualified withdrawal within the same tax year
16 in which a contribution was made to the
17 taxpayer's account, the tax deduction otherwise
18 available pursuant to subparagraph b of this
19 paragraph shall be reduced by the amount of the
20 contribution which is equal to the rollover or
21 nonqualified withdrawal.

22 d. If a taxpayer elects to take a rollover on a
23 contribution for which a deduction has been taken
24 pursuant to subparagraph b of this paragraph within

1 one (1) year of the date of contribution, the amount
2 of such rollover shall be included in the adjusted
3 gross income of the taxpayer in the taxable year of
4 the rollover.

5 e. If a taxpayer makes a nonqualified withdrawal of
6 contributions for which a deduction was taken pursuant
7 to subparagraph b of this paragraph, such nonqualified
8 withdrawal and any earnings thereon shall be included
9 in the adjusted gross income of the taxpayer in the
10 taxable year of the nonqualified withdrawal.

11 f. As used in this paragraph:

12 (1) "non-qualified withdrawal" means a withdrawal
13 from an Oklahoma College Savings Plan account
14 other than one of the following:

15 (a) a qualified withdrawal,

16 (b) a withdrawal made as a result of the death
17 or disability of the designated beneficiary
18 of an account,

19 (c) a withdrawal that is made on the account of
20 a scholarship or the allowance or payment
21 described in Section 135(d)(1)(B) or (C) or
22 by the Internal Revenue Code, received by
23 the designated beneficiary to the extent the
24 amount of the refund does not exceed the

1 amount of the scholarship, allowance, or
2 payment, or

3 (d) a rollover or change of designated
4 beneficiary as permitted by subsection F of
5 Section 3970.7 of Title 70 of Oklahoma
6 Statutes, and

7 (2) "rollover" means the transfer of funds from the
8 Oklahoma College Savings Plan to any other plan
9 under Section 529 of the Internal Revenue Code.

10 18. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2005,
11 retirement benefits received by an individual from any component of
12 the Armed Forces of the United States in an amount not to exceed the
13 greater of seventy-five percent (75%) of such benefits or Ten
14 Thousand Dollars (\$10,000.00) shall be exempt from taxable income
15 but in no case less than the amount of the exemption provided by
16 paragraph 14 of this subsection.

17 19. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2006,
18 retirement benefits received by federal civil service retirees,
19 including survivor annuities, paid in lieu of Social Security
20 benefits shall be exempt from taxable income to the extent such
21 benefits are included in the federal adjusted gross income pursuant
22 to the provisions of Section 86 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
23 U.S.C., Section 86, according to the following schedule:
24

- 1 a. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2007, twenty
2 percent (20%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
3 b. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2008, forty
4 percent (40%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
5 c. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2009, sixty
6 percent (60%) of such benefits shall be exempt,
7 d. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2010, eighty
8 percent (80%) of such benefits shall be exempt, and
9 e. in the taxable year beginning January 1, 2011, and
10 subsequent taxable years, one hundred percent (100%)
11 of such benefits shall be exempt.

- 12 20. a. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2007, a
13 resident individual may deduct up to Ten Thousand
14 Dollars (\$10,000.00) from Oklahoma adjusted gross
15 income if the individual, or the dependent of the
16 individual, while living, donates one or more human
17 organs of the individual to another human being for
18 human organ transplantation. As used in this
19 paragraph, "human organ" means all or part of a liver,
20 pancreas, kidney, intestine, lung, or bone marrow. A
21 deduction that is claimed under this paragraph may be
22 claimed in the taxable year in which the human organ
23 transplantation occurs.

1 b. An individual may claim this deduction only once, and
2 the deduction may be claimed only for unreimbursed
3 expenses that are incurred by the individual and
4 related to the organ donation of the individual.

5 c. The Oklahoma Tax Commission shall promulgate rules to
6 implement the provisions of this paragraph which shall
7 contain a specific list of expenses which may be
8 presumed to qualify for the deduction. The Tax
9 Commission shall prescribe necessary requirements for
10 verification.

11 21. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2009, there
12 shall be exempt from taxable income any amount received by the
13 beneficiary of the death benefit for an emergency medical technician
14 or a registered emergency medical responder provided by Section 1-
15 2505.1 of Title 63 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

16 22. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008,
17 taxable income shall be increased by any unemployment compensation
18 exempted under Section 85(c) of the Internal Revenue Code, 26
19 U.S.C., Section 85(c) (2009).

20 23. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2008, there
21 shall be exempt from taxable income any payment in an amount less
22 than Six Hundred Dollars (\$600.00) received by a person as an award
23 for participation in a competitive livestock show event. For
24 purposes of this paragraph, the payment shall be treated as a

1 scholarship amount paid by the entity sponsoring the event and the
2 sponsoring entity shall cause the payment to be categorized as a
3 scholarship in its books and records.

4 24. For taxable years beginning on or after January 1, 2016,
5 taxable income shall be increased by any amount of state and local
6 sales or income taxes deducted under 26 U.S.C., Section 164 of the
7 Internal Revenue Code. If the amount of state and local taxes
8 deducted on the federal return is limited, taxable income on the
9 state return shall be increased only by the amount actually deducted
10 after any such limitations are applied.

11 25. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2020, each
12 taxpayer shall be allowed a deduction for contributions to accounts
13 established pursuant to the Achieving a Better Life Experience
14 (ABLE) Program as established in Section 4001.1 et seq. of Title 56
15 of the Oklahoma Statutes. For any tax year, the deduction provided
16 for in this paragraph shall not exceed Ten Thousand Dollars
17 (\$10,000.00) for an individual taxpayer or Twenty Thousand Dollars
18 (\$20,000.00) for taxpayers filing a joint return. Any amount of
19 contribution not deducted by the taxpayer in the tax year for which
20 the contribution is made may be carried forward as a deduction from
21 income for up to five (5) tax years. Deductions may be taken for
22 contributions made during the tax year and through April 15 of the
23 succeeding tax year, or through the due date of a taxpayer's state
24 income tax return excluding extensions, whichever is later.

1 Provided, a deduction for the same contribution may not be taken in
2 more than one (1) tax year.

3 F. 1. For taxable years beginning after December 31, 2004, a
4 deduction from the Oklahoma adjusted gross income of any individual
5 taxpayer shall be allowed for qualifying gains receiving capital
6 treatment that are included in the federal adjusted gross income of
7 such individual taxpayer during the taxable year.

8 2. As used in this subsection:

9 a. "qualifying gains receiving capital treatment" means
10 the amount of net capital gains, as defined in Section
11 1222(11) of the Internal Revenue Code, included in an
12 individual taxpayer's federal income tax return that
13 result from:

14 (1) the sale of real property or tangible personal
15 property located within Oklahoma that has been
16 directly or indirectly owned by the individual
17 taxpayer for a holding period of at least five
18 (5) years prior to the date of the transaction
19 from which such net capital gains arise,

20 (2) the sale of stock or the sale of a direct or
21 indirect ownership interest in an Oklahoma
22 company, limited liability company, or
23 partnership where such stock or ownership
24 interest has been directly or indirectly owned by

1 the individual taxpayer for a holding period of
2 at least two (2) years prior to the date of the
3 transaction from which the net capital gains
4 arise, or

5 (3) the sale of real property, tangible personal
6 property or intangible personal property located
7 within Oklahoma as part of the sale of all or
8 substantially all of the assets of an Oklahoma
9 company, limited liability company, or
10 partnership or an Oklahoma proprietorship
11 business enterprise where such property has been
12 directly or indirectly owned by such entity or
13 business enterprise or owned by the owners of
14 such entity or business enterprise for a period
15 of at least two (2) years prior to the date of
16 the transaction from which the net capital gains
17 arise,

18 b. "holding period" means an uninterrupted period of
19 time. The holding period shall include any additional
20 period when the property was held by another
21 individual or entity, if such additional period is
22 included in the taxpayer's holding period for the
23 asset pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code,
24

1 c. "Oklahoma company," "limited liability company," or
2 "partnership" means an entity whose primary
3 headquarters have been located in Oklahoma for at
4 least three (3) uninterrupted years prior to the date
5 of the transaction from which the net capital gains
6 arise,

7 d. "direct" means the individual taxpayer directly owns
8 the asset,

9 e. "indirect" means the individual taxpayer owns an
10 interest in a pass-through entity (or chain of pass-
11 through entities) that sells the asset that gives rise
12 to the qualifying gains receiving capital treatment.

13 (1) With respect to sales of real property or
14 tangible personal property located within
15 Oklahoma, the deduction described in this
16 subsection shall not apply unless the pass-
17 through entity that makes the sale has held the
18 property for not less than five (5) uninterrupted
19 years prior to the date of the transaction that
20 created the capital gain, and each pass-through
21 entity included in the chain of ownership has
22 been a member, partner, or shareholder of the
23 pass-through entity in the tier immediately below
24

1 it for an uninterrupted period of not less than
2 five (5) years.

3 (2) With respect to sales of stock or ownership
4 interest in or sales of all or substantially all
5 of the assets of an Oklahoma company, limited
6 liability company, partnership or Oklahoma
7 proprietorship business enterprise, the deduction
8 described in this subsection shall not apply
9 unless the pass-through entity that makes the
10 sale has held the stock or ownership interest for
11 not less than two (2) uninterrupted years prior
12 to the date of the transaction that created the
13 capital gain, and each pass-through entity
14 included in the chain of ownership has been a
15 member, partner or shareholder of the pass-
16 through entity in the tier immediately below it
17 for an uninterrupted period of not less than two
18 (2) years. For purposes of this division,
19 uninterrupted ownership prior to July 1, 2007,
20 shall be included in the determination of the
21 required holding period prescribed by this
22 division, and

23 f. "Oklahoma proprietorship business enterprise" means a
24 business enterprise whose income and expenses have

1 been reported on Schedule C or F of an individual
2 taxpayer's federal income tax return, or any similar
3 successor schedule published by the Internal Revenue
4 Service and whose primary headquarters have been
5 located in Oklahoma for at least three (3)
6 uninterrupted years prior to the date of the
7 transaction from which the net capital gains arise.

8 G. 1. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income
9 under this section, the dividends-paid deduction otherwise allowed
10 by federal law in computing net income of a real estate investment
11 trust that is subject to federal income tax shall be added back in
12 computing the tax imposed by this state under this title if the real
13 estate investment trust is a captive real estate investment trust.

14 2. For purposes of computing its Oklahoma taxable income under
15 this section, a taxpayer shall add back otherwise deductible rents
16 and interest expenses paid to a captive real estate investment trust
17 that is not subject to the provisions of paragraph 1 of this
18 subsection. As used in this subsection:

19 a. the term "real estate investment trust" or "REIT"
20 means the meaning ascribed to such term in Section 856
21 of the Internal Revenue Code,

22 b. the term "captive real estate investment trust" means
23 a real estate investment trust, the shares or
24 beneficial interests of which are not regularly traded

1 on an established securities market and more than
2 fifty percent (50%) of the voting power or value of
3 the beneficial interests or shares of which are owned
4 or controlled, directly or indirectly, or
5 constructively, by a single entity that is:

- 6 (1) treated as an association taxable as a
7 corporation under the Internal Revenue Code, and
- 8 (2) not exempt from federal income tax pursuant to
9 the provisions of Section 501(a) of the Internal
10 Revenue Code.

11 The term shall not include a real estate investment
12 trust that is intended to be regularly traded on an
13 established securities market, and that satisfies the
14 requirements of Section 856(a)(5) and (6) of the U.S.
15 Internal Revenue Code by reason of Section 856(h)(2)
16 of the Internal Revenue Code,

17 c. the term "association taxable as a corporation" shall
18 not include the following entities:

- 19 (1) any real estate investment trust as defined in
20 paragraph a of this subsection other than a
21 "captive real estate investment trust", or
- 22 (2) any qualified real estate investment trust
23 subsidiary under Section 856(i) of the Internal
24 Revenue Code, other than a qualified REIT

1 subsidiary of a "captive real estate investment
2 trust", or

3 (3) any Listed Australian Property Trust (meaning an
4 Australian unit trust registered as a "Managed
5 Investment Scheme" under the Australian
6 Corporations Act in which the principal class of
7 units is listed on a recognized stock exchange in
8 Australia and is regularly traded on an
9 established securities market), or an entity
10 organized as a trust, provided that a Listed
11 Australian Property Trust owns or controls,
12 directly or indirectly, seventy-five percent
13 (75%) or more of the voting power or value of the
14 beneficial interests or shares of such trust, or

15 (4) any Qualified Foreign Entity, meaning a
16 corporation, trust, association or partnership
17 organized outside the laws of the United States
18 and which satisfies the following criteria:

19 (a) at least seventy-five percent (75%) of the
20 entity's total asset value at the close of
21 its taxable year is represented by real
22 estate assets, as defined in Section
23 856(c) (5) (B) of the Internal Revenue Code,
24 thereby including shares or certificates of

1 beneficial interest in any real estate
2 investment trust, cash and cash equivalents,
3 and U.S. Government securities,

4 (b) the entity receives a dividend-paid
5 deduction comparable to Section 561 of the
6 Internal Revenue Code, or is exempt from
7 entity level tax,

8 (c) the entity is required to distribute at
9 least eighty-five percent (85%) of its
10 taxable income, as computed in the
11 jurisdiction in which it is organized, to
12 the holders of its shares or certificates of
13 beneficial interest on an annual basis,

14 (d) not more than ten percent (10%) of the
15 voting power or value in such entity is held
16 directly or indirectly or constructively by
17 a single entity or individual, or the shares
18 or beneficial interests of such entity are
19 regularly traded on an established
20 securities market, and

21 (e) the entity is organized in a country which
22 has a tax treaty with the United States.

23 3. For purposes of this subsection, the constructive ownership
24 rules of Section 318(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, as modified by

1 Section 856(d) (5) of the Internal Revenue Code, shall apply in
2 determining the ownership of stock, assets, or net profits of any
3 person.

4 4. A real estate investment trust that does not become
5 regularly traded on an established securities market within one (1)
6 year of the date on which it first becomes a real estate investment
7 trust shall be deemed not to have been regularly traded on an
8 established securities market, retroactive to the date it first
9 became a real estate investment trust, and shall file an amended
10 return reflecting such retroactive designation for any tax year or
11 part year occurring during its initial year of status as a real
12 estate investment trust. For purposes of this subsection, a real
13 estate investment trust becomes a real estate investment trust on
14 the first day it has both met the requirements of Section 856 of the
15 Internal Revenue Code and has elected to be treated as a real estate
16 investment trust pursuant to Section 856(c) (1) of the Internal
17 Revenue Code.

18 SECTION 3. This act shall become effective January 1, 2023.

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20 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS AND BUDGET, dated
21 03/02/2022 - DO PASS, As Amended and Coauthored.

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