1 ENGROSSED SENATE AMENDMENT ТΟ ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2982 By: Kannady of the House 3 and 4 Simpson of the Senate 5 6 7 An Act relating to militia; amending 44 O.S. 2011, Section 212, which relates to action against an officer or enlisted person; creating civil immunity 8 for acts of self-defense; \*\*\*\* Court of Criminal 9 Appeals shall have exclusive appellate jurisdiction in certain cases; specifying the state manual may 10 prescribe regulations concerning certain sentences; specifying persons prohibited from being brought to trial; \*\*\*\* modifying unlawful acts subject to court-11 martial; making certain sex-related actions unlawful; 12 authorizing defenses to be raised; defining terms; making certain stalking actions unlawful; making 1.3 certain acts unlawful; \*\*\*\* Governor to approve a state manual for courts-martial; amending 75 O.S. 14 2011, Sections 250.4, as amended by Section 12, Chapter 430, O.S.L. 2014, 251, 255, 256 and 304 (75 O.S. Supp. 2015, Section 250.4), which relate to the 15 Administrative Procedures Act \*\*\*\* providing for 16 codification; and providing an effective date. 17 18 19 AUTHOR: Add the following Senate Coauthor: Pittman 20 AMENDMENT NO. 1. Page 1, strike the title to read 2.1 "[ militia - civil immunity for acts of self-defense - State Guard Act - rules - Uniform State Code of 22 Military Justice - duty status requirements for trial and punishment - state manual for courts-martial -23 Administrative Procedures Act - military publications repealer - codification - effective date ]"

1	Passed the Senate the 20th day of April, 2016.
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4	Presiding Officer of the Senate
5	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
6	2016.
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9	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
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1 ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2982 By: Kannady of the House 2 and 3 Simpson of the Senate 4 5 6 An Act relating to militia; amending 44 O.S. 2011, 7 Section 212, which relates to action against an officer or enlisted person; creating civil immunity for acts of self-defense; amending 44 O.S. 2011, 8 Sections 241, 242, 243, 244, 247, 248 and 250, which 9 relate to the State Guard Act; updating citation; providing gender-neutral language; providing that 10 Oklahoma State Guard members shall be considered part of the state military and subject to certain laws; 11 providing Governor shall issue rules governing Oklahoma State Guard personnel in certain manner; 12 removing certain applicability to Oklahoma State Guard; updating short title; amending 44 O.S. 2011, 13 Sections 3200, 3201, 3202, 3203, 3205, 3206, 3211, 3213, 3221, 3232, 3233, 3234, 3235, 3241, 3242, 3243, 14 3244, 3246, 3247, 3248, 3249, 3251, 3252, 3253, 3255, 3261, 3263, 3264, 3266, 3268, 3269, 3274, 3276, 3277, 15 3278, 3280, 3292, 3295, 3298, 3302, 3303, 3304, 3306, 3310, 3313, 3314, 3318, 3319, 3320, 3321, 3331, 3336, 3337, 3338, 3339, 3340, 3341, 3343, 3344, 3345, 3346, 16 3347, 3348, 3350, 3353, 3355, 3357, 3359, 3360, 3361, 17 3366, 3369, 3376, 3377, 3378, 3379, 3380, 3389, 3390, 3391, 3393, 3394, 3395, 3396, 3397, 3399, 4001 and 18 4002, which relate to the Uniform State Code of Military Justice; updating short title; updating 19 citations; defining terms; modifying definitions; modifying applicability of Uniform State Code of 20 Military Justice; removing duty status requirements for trial and punishment; establishing certain 21 jurisdiction; specifying military force components shall be inspected; deleting definitions; eliminating 22 certain petty officer authority; clarifying language; eliminating lieutenant commander authority to impose 23 certain punishments; modifying punishments; providing

requirements for imposing nonjudicial punishments;

specifying the Adjutant General is the final

1 appellate authority for military nonjudicial punishments; providing procedures for appeal; 2 specifying when pay forfeiture shall apply; providing the state manual for courts-martial may prescribe 3 certain forms; eliminating certain court-martial jurisdiction; providing the state manual may prescribe limitations to adjudge punishments; 4 providing the state manual may prescribe limitations 5 to certain jurisdiction; providing the state manual may prescribe regulations to employ court reporters; providing the state manual may prescribe procedures 6 for trial; providing for gender-neutral language; 7 allowing digital video evidence; specifying number of votes required to reconsider a finding; providing the state manual may prescribe requirements for keeping 8 records of proceedings and trials; specifying 9 exemption shall apply to confidential information; providing that the Court of Criminal Appeals shall 10 have exclusive appellate jurisdiction in certain cases; specifying the state manual may prescribe regulations concerning certain sentences; specifying 11 persons prohibited from being brought to trial; 12 eliminating procedures applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial; providing presumption to 1.3 stand trial; requiring procedures for determining mental competence be established in the state manual; 14 modifying unlawful acts subject to court-martial; making certain sex-related actions unlawful; 15 authorizing defenses to be raised; defining terms; making certain stalking actions unlawful; making 16 certain acts unlawful; making certain fraternization actions unlawful; providing for gender-neutral 17 language; specifying an officer convicted of certain offenses shall be punished by court-martial; updating 18 citations; eliminating authority for officers to administer oaths; specifying certain boards may 19 convene subject to the state manual for courtsmartial regulations; requiring delegations of 20 authority to be in writing; mandating fines be delivered to certain authorities; allowing funds be 2.1 provided to victims; providing jurisdiction shall not be extended to certain sex offenses; requiring the 22 continuation of pending actions when certain parties are not present; requiring military publications be 23 published as part of the Oklahoma Administrative Code; providing effective period for military 2.4 publications; authorizing the Governor to approve a

state manual for courts-martial; amending 75 O.S. 2011, Sections 250.4, as amended by Section 12, Chapter 430, O.S.L. 2014, 251, 255, 256 and 304 (75 O.S. Supp. 2015, Section 250.4), which relate to the Administrative Procedures Act; exempting military publications; directing the Secretary of State to provide for the publication of military publications; authorizing military publications be filed in electronic format; adding military publications to list of publications in the Oklahoma Register; requiring Secretary to publish military publications in certain manner and time frame; providing effective period for military publications; providing effective date of military publications; repealing 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3375, which relates to adultery; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.

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BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

PART I. GENERAL PROVISIONS

14 SECTION 1. 44 O.S. 2011, Section 212, is AMENDATORY 15

Section 212. A. If a suit or proceeding shall be commenced in any court by any person against any officer or enlisted person of the military forces for any act done by such officer or enlisted person in his or her official capacity in the discharge of any duty under Sections 1 through 117, 208 through 235.2, or 241 through 250 of this title, or against any soldier acting under the authority or order of any such officer, or by virtue of any warrant issued by him or her pursuant to law, it shall be the duty of the Attorney General or Judge Advocate to defend such person.

amended to read as follows:

The actual court costs of such a defense shall be a legal charge against the state and shall be submitted to the Legislature for payment. Before any suit or proceeding shall be filed or maintained against any officer or soldier as herein provided, the plaintiff shall be required to give security, to be approved by the court in a sum not less than One Hundred Dollars (\$100.00), to secure the costs. If the plaintiff fails to recover judgment such costs shall be taxed and judgment rendered therefor against him or her and his or her sureties.

B. Any officer or enlisted person of the military forces acting in his or her official capacity in the discharge of any duty under Sections 1 through 117, 208 through 235.2, or 241 through 250 of this title, or against any soldier acting under the authority or order of any such officer, or by virtue of any warrant issued by him or her pursuant to law, shall be immune from personal liability for any acts that include the use of deadly force for self-defense or to defend another person from what the member reasonably believes is the imminent use of unlawful deadly force.

SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 241, is amended to read as follows:

Section 241. The Governor, pursuant to the authority granted the states by the Act of Congress of October 21, 1940 32 U.S.C.,

Section 109 or a successor provision, and under such regulations as the Secretary of Defense may prescribe for discipline in training,

- 1 | is hereby authorized to enlist, organize, maintain, equip and
- 2 discipline such military forces other than the National Guard as he
- 3 or she may deem necessary to defend the state. Such forces shall be
- 4 uniformed and subject to Sections 1 through 117, 192 through 195.8,
- 5 Sections 208 through 235.2 237, and 2101 through 3113 Sections 3200
- 6 through 4003 of this title unless in conflict with such sections,
- 7 | insofar as such sections do not conflict with Sections 241 through
- 8 250 of this title.
- 9 SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 242, is
- 10 | amended to read as follows:
- 11 Section 242. Such military forces shall be designated as the
- 12 | "Oklahoma State Guard" and shall be composed of officers
- 13 commissioned or assigned, and such able-bodied male citizens of the
- 14 | state as shall volunteer for service therein. They shall be
- 15 | additional to and distinct from the National Guard organized under
- 16 existing law of the State of Oklahoma, as defined in Title 32 of the
- 17 United States Code. They shall not be required to serve outside the
- 18 | boundaries of this state the State of Oklahoma.
- 19 | SECTION 4. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 243, is
- 20 | amended to read as follows:
- 21 Section 243. A. The Governor is hereby authorized to prescribe
- 22 | rules and regulations governing the enlistment, organization,
- 23 | administration, equipment, discipline and discharge of the personnel
- 24 of such military forces; to requisition from the Secretary of

1 Defense such arms and equipment as may be in the possession of and can be spared by the Department of Defense and to extend thereto the 3 facilities of state armories and their equipment and such other 4 state premises and property as may be available for the purpose of 5 drill and instruction. Insofar as applicable the procedure for the enlistment, organization, pay, maintenance, equipment and 6 7 disciplining of such forces shall be in conformity with the law and the rules and regulations governing and pertaining to the National 8 9 Guard; provided that the officers and enlisted men personnel in the 10 Oklahoma State Guard shall not receive any compensation or monetary 11 allowances from the state except when called into active service 12 activated for state active duty, as defined in Section 3201 of this 13 title, by order of the Governor.

- B. Members of the Oklahoma State Guard shall be considered part of state military forces as defined in Section 3201 of this title and shall be subject to the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military

  Justice, Section 3200 et seq. of this title.
- C. When prescribing the rules and regulations governing
  enlistment, organization, administration, equipment, discipline and
  discharge of the personnel of the Oklahoma State Guard, the Governor
  shall issue such rules and regulations in the form of an executive
  order which shall be published in the Oklahoma Administrative Code.
  For purposes of the Administrative Procedures Act, the executive
  order prescribing the rules and regulations governing enlistment,

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- 1 organization, administration, equipment, discipline and discharge of
- 2 | the personnel of the Oklahoma State Guard shall be considered a
- 3 | military publication and shall be published and indexed as part of
- 4 | the "Oklahoma Administrative Code".
- 5 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 244, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 Section 244. Nothing in this act shall be construed as
- 8 authorizing such forces, or any part thereof to be called, ordered
- 9 or in any manner drafted, as such into the military service of the
- 10 | United States, but no person shall by reason of his or her
- 11 enlistment or commission in any such forces be exempted from
- 12 | military service under any law of the United States.
- 13 | SECTION 6. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 247, is
- 14 amended to read as follows:
- 15 Section 247. No person shall be enlisted for more than one (1)
- 16 | year, but such enlistment may be renewed. The oath to be taken upon
- 17 enlistment in such forces shall be substantially in the form
- 18 prescribed for enlisted men members of the National Guard,
- 19 | substituting the words "Oklahoma State Guard" where necessary.
- 20 | SECTION 7. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 248, is
- 21 | amended to read as follows:
- 22 | Section 248. <del>(a) Whenever such forces or any part thereof</del>
- 23 | shall be ordered out for active service the Articles of War of the
- 24 United States applicable to members of the National Guard of this

- 1 | state in relation to courts-martial, their jurisdiction and the
- 2 | limits of punishment and the rules and regulations prescribed
- 3 thereunder shall be in full force and effect with respect to "the
- 4 Oklahoma State Guard."
- 5 (b) No officer or enlisted man person of such forces the
- 6 Oklahoma State Guard shall be arrested on any warrant, except for
- 7 | treason or felony, while going to, remaining at, or returning from a
- 8 | place where he or she is ordered to attend for military duty. Every
- 9 officer and enlisted man person of such forces shall, during his or
- 10 her service therein, be exempt from service upon any posse comitatus
- 11 | and from jury duty.
- 12 | SECTION 8. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 250, is
- 13 amended to read as follows:
- 14 Section 250. This act may be cited as the Oklahoma State Guard
- 15 Act.
- 16 SECTION 9. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3200, is
- 17 | amended to read as follows:
- Section 3200. This Sections 3200 through 4002 of this title and
- 19 | Sections 97 and 98 of this act shall be known and may be cited as
- 20 | the "Oklahoma Uniform State Code of Military Justice".
- 21 SECTION 10. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3201, is
- 22 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3201. A. As used in this act the Oklahoma Uniform Code
- 24 of Military Justice, unless the context otherwise requires:

- 1. "Accuser" means a person who signs and swears to charges, any person who directs that charges nominally be signed and sworn to by another, and any other person who has an interest other than an official interest in the prosecution of the accused;
- 2. "Adjutant General" means the chief administrative officer
  appointed by the Governor to supervise and direct the Oklahoma

  National Guard when it is not activated for federal duty under Title

  10 of the United States Code;
- 3. "Allowance" means an amount of money provided to members of the state military forces when adequate services or facilities are not provided by the military. Allowances are usually provided tax free for basic housing, basic subsistence, cost of living, clothing expenses and separation from family members;
  - 4. "Apprehension" means the taking of a person into custody;
- 5. "Arrest" means the restraint of a person by an order, not imposed as a punishment for an offense, directing that person to remain within certain specified limits;
- 6. "Arrest in quarters" means moral restraint, as opposed to physical restraint, limiting the liberty of an officer. The limits of arrest in quarters are set by the authority imposing nonjudicial punishment and may extend beyond the physical quarters of an officer;
- 7. "Assistant Adjutant General" means an officer appointed by the Governor to assist the Adjutant General in the discharge and

performance of his or her duties. An Assistant Adjutant General

must possess the rank of Brigadier General and otherwise meet the

qualifications prescribed by law for the Adjutant General. At least

one Assistant Adjutant General for the Army and one Assistant

Adjutant General for the Air Force are customarily appointed to

establish lines of command and administration into each component of

state military forces;

8. "Cadet", or "candidate", or "midshipman" means a person who is enrolled in or attending a state military academy, a regional training institute, or any other formal education program for the purpose of becoming a commissioned officer in the state military forces;

## 3. 9. "Classified information" means:

- a. any information or material that has been determined by an official of the United States or any state pursuant to federal law, by an Executive Order issued by the President in execution of federal law, or a lawfully promulgated federal regulation to require protection against unauthorized disclosure for reasons of national or state security and that is so designated, and
- b. any restricted data, as defined in Section 11(y) of the Atomic Energy Act of 1954 (42 U.S.C., Section 2014(y));

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- 4. 10. "Code" means this act the Oklahoma Uniform Code of Military Justice;
- 5. 11. "Commanding officer" includes only commissioned officers of the state military forces and shall include officers in charge only when administering nonjudicial punishment under Section 17 3221 of this act title. "Commander" has the same meaning as "commanding officer" unless the context otherwise requires;
- 6. 12. "Component" means one of two constituent parts that make up the state military forces, namely the army force responsible for land-based warfare and the air force responsible for aerial warfare and related support activities;
- 13. "Confidential information" means any information or material so designated in Sections 24A.27 and 24A.28 of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes and not previously released by an appropriate authority;
  - 14. "Confinement" means the physical restraint of a person;
- 15. "Convening authority" includes, in addition to the person who convened the court, a commissioned officer commanding for the time being or a successor in command to the convening authority;
- 7. 16. "Day" means calendar day and is not synonymous with the term "unit training assembly". Any punishment authorized by this act which is measured in terms of days shall, when served in a status other than annual field training, be construed to mean succeeding duty days;

- 8. 17. "Duty status other than state active duty" means any
  other type of duty not in federal service and not full-time duty in
  the active service of the state, under an order issued by authority
  of law and includes travel to and from such duty;
  - 9. 18. "Enlisted member" means a person in an enlisted grade;
  - 10. "Fatigue duty" means general labor performed by members of the state military forces when unarmed, including but not limited to cleaning, digging, loading, organizing, etc.;
    - 20. "Fine" means a type of punishment that makes a member pecuniarily liable to the State of Oklahoma for the amounts specified by nonjudicial punishment or adjudged by a court-martial.

      A fine may be paid in cash by a member, collected by deduction from the current pay of a member or collected by deduction on settlement of the pay account of a member at discharge;
    - 21. "Forfeiture" means a loss of monetary compensation provided to members of the Oklahoma National Guard or Oklahoma State Guard for performance of military duties as a result of nonjudicial punishment or as adjudged by a court-martial. A forfeiture is applicable to basic pay and allowances if total forfeitures of pay and allowances are specifically adjudged by a general court-martial; provided that forfeitures, other than total forfeitures, shall not apply to special pay, other than hardship duty pay, or proficiency or incentive pay;

- 22. "Grade" means a step or degree in a graduated scale of office or military rank which is established and designated as a grade by law or regulation;
- 23. "Judge advocate" means a commissioned officer of the organized state military forces who is a member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of a state, and is:
  - a. certified or designated as a judge advocate in the

    Judge Advocate General's Corps of the Army, Air Force,

    Navy, or the Marine Corps or designated as a law

    specialist as an officer of the Coast Guard, or a

    reserve component of one of these, or
  - b. certified as a nonfederally recognized judge advocate, under regulations promulgated pursuant to this provision in the state manual for courts-martial, by the senior judge advocate of the commander of the force component in the state military forces of which the accused is a member, as competent to perform such military justice duties required by this code. If there is no such judge advocate available, then such certification may be made by such the senior judge advocate of the commander of another the other force component in the state military forces as the convening authority directs;

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        11. 24. "May" is used in a permissive sense. The phrase "no
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    person may" means that no person is required, authorized, or
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    permitted to do the act prescribed;
        12. 25. "Military court" means a court-martial or a court of
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    inquiry;
        13. 26. "Military judge" means an official of a general or
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    special court-martial detailed in accordance with Section 29 3246 of
    this act title;
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        14. The term "military 27. "Military offenses" means those
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    offenses prescribed under Sections 88 3331 (Principals), 89 3332
11
    (Accessory after the fact), 91 3334 (Attempts), 92 3335
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    (Conspiracy), 93 3336 (Solicitation), 94 3337 (Fraudulent
13
    enlistment, appointment, or separation), 95 3338 (Unlawful
14
    enlistment, appointment, or separation), 96 3339 (Desertion), 97
15
    3340 (Absence without leave), 98 3341 (Missing movement), 99 3342
16
    (Contempt toward officials), 100 3343 (Disrespect towards superior
17
    commissioned officer), 101 3344 (Assaulting or willfully disobeying
18
    superior commissioned officer), 102 3345 (Insubordinate conduct
19
    toward warrant officer, or noncommissioned officer, or petty
20
    officer), 103 3346 (Failure to obey order or regulation), 104 3347
21
    (Cruelty and maltreatment), \frac{105}{3348} (Mutiny or sedition), \frac{106}{3349}
22
    (Resistance, flight, breach of arrest, and escape), 107 3350
23
    (Releasing prisoner without proper authority), 108 3351 (Unlawful
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detention),  $\frac{109}{3352}$  (Noncompliance with procedural rules),  $\frac{110}{3353}$ 

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1
    (Misbehavior before the enemy), 111 3354 (Subordinate compelling
 2
    surrender), \frac{112}{3355} (Improper use of countersign), \frac{113}{3356}
    (Forcing a safeguard), 114 3357 (Captured or abandoned property),
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    \frac{115}{1} 3358 (Aiding the enemy), \frac{116}{1} 3359 (Misconduct as prisoner), \frac{117}{1}
 5
    3360 (Larceny and wrongful appropriation), 119 3361 (Misuse of
    public records), 3362 (False official statements), 120 3363
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 7
    (Military property - Loss, damage, destruction, or wrongful
    disposition), \frac{121}{3364} (Property other than military property -
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    Waste, spoilage, or destruction), 122 3365 (Improper hazarding of
10
    vessel), <del>124</del> 3366 (Conduct likely to produce death or grievous
11
    bodily harm), 3367 (Drunk on duty), 125 3368 (Wrongful use,
12
    possession, etc., of controlled substances), 126 3369 (Misbehavior
13
    of sentinel), <del>127</del> 3370 (Dueling), <del>128</del> 3371 (Malingering), <del>129</del> 3372
14
    (Riot or breach of peace), 130 3373 (Provoking speeches or
15
    gestures), 131 3374 (Assault), 132 (Adultery), 146 3376 (Misuse of
16
    military or official pass, permit, discharge certificate, or
17
    identification card), 3377 (Sexual assault, aggravated sexual
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    contact, or abusive sexual contact), 3378 (Stalking), 3379 (Other
19
    sexual misconduct), 3380 (Fraternization), 3389 (Frauds against the
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    government), 147 3390 (Conduct unbecoming an officer and a
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    gentleman), and 148 3391 (General article) of this code title;
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        15. The term "national security" means the national defense and
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    foreign relations of the United States;
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1	16. The term "officer" 28. "Military publication" means a
2	written publication of an administrative nature such as a
3	regulation, instruction, pamphlet, circular, permanent or general
4	order, bulletin, policy memorandum or blank form promulgated or
5	published by or under the authority of the Adjutant General. An
6	order or directive issued by the Adjutant General that is
7	operational in nature or issued in execution of a military mission
8	shall not be included within the meaning of military publication;
9	29 "National security" means the national defense and foreign

- 29. "National security" means the national defense and foreign relations of the United States;
- 30. "Nexus" means the appearance of a connection between a nonmilitary offense and the state military forces which brings discredit or dishonor to the state military forces due to representations of membership in the state military forces by a member. Such representations may be made directly or indirectly, including but not limited to publication on social media or other electronic communication platforms;
- 31. "Noncommissioned officer" means an enlisted member above the pay grade of E-4;
- 32. "Nonjudicial punishment" means punishment imposed
  administratively by a commander or officer in charge for minor
  offenses in lieu of a court-martial;
  - 33. "Officer" means a commissioned or warrant officer;

- 1 17. The term "officer 34. "Officer in charge" means a member
  2 of the naval militia, the Navy, the Marine Corps, or the Coast Guard
  3 commissioned or warrant officer designated as such by appropriate
  4 authority;
  - 18. The term "record" 35. "Pay" means monetary compensation provided to members of the state military forces in exchange for performance of military duties carried out pursuant to a lawful order or otherwise under the authority of law, including basic pay, special pay, proficiency pay and incentive pay. "Pay" shall not mean allowances as defined in this section;
  - 36. "Rank" means the order of precedence among members of the state military forces;
  - 37. "Record", when used in connection with the proceedings of a court-martial, means:
    - a. an official written transcript, written summary, or other writing relating to the proceedings, or
    - b. an official audiotape, videotape, digital image or file, or similar material from which sound, or sound and visual images, depicting the proceedings may be reproduced;
    - 19. "Shall" is used in an imperative sense;
- 22 20. "State" means one of the several states, the District of
  23 Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin
  24 Islands;

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21. "State active duty" means full-time duty in the state
military forces under an order of the Governor or otherwise issued
by authority of law, and paid by state funds, and includes travel to
and from such duty;

22. "Senior force judge advocate" means the senior judge advocate of the commander of the same force of the state military forces as the accused and who is that commander's chief legal advisor;

23. "State military forces" means the National Guard of the state, as defined in Title 32, United States Code, the organized naval militia of the state, and any other military force organized under the Constitution and laws of the state to include the unorganized militia (the state defense force when not in a status subjecting them to exclusive jurisdiction under Chapter 47 of Title 10, United States Code). The unorganized militia, state defense force, state national guard, home guard or any other name of any state force that does not meet this definition nevertheless shall be part of the "state military forces" under this code;

24. The term "superior

38. "Restriction" means moral restraint, as opposed to physical restraint, limiting access to physical places or participation in certain activities. In comparison to arrest in quarters, restriction is a lesser punishment;

- 1 39. "Senior Assistant Adjutant General" means an Assistant
  2 Adjutant General who either possesses the most time in grade or has
- 3 been designated in writing by the Adjutant General as the senior
- 4 Assistant Adjutant General for his or her component irrespective of
- 5 time in grade;
- 6 40. "Senior force component judge advocate" means the judge
- 7 | advocate assigned as chief legal advisor to the Senior Assistant
- 8 Adjutant General of the same component of the state military forces
- 9 as the accused;
- 10 41. "Shall" is used in an imperative sense;
- 11 42. "State" means one of the several states, the District of
- 12 | Columbia, the Commonwealth of Puerto Rico, Guam, and the U.S. Virgin
- 13 Islands;
- 14 43. "State active duty" means full-time duty in the state
- 15 military forces under an order of the Governor or otherwise issued
- 16 by authority of law, and paid by state funds, and includes travel to
- 17 and from such duty;
- 18 44. "State military forces" means the National Guard of the
- 19 | State of Oklahoma, which includes an army component and an air force
- 20 | component, as defined in Title 32, United States Code, and Section
- 21 | 41 of this title; the Oklahoma State Guard, organized pursuant to
- 22 | Title 32, U.S.C., Section 109 and established pursuant to the State
- 23 Guard Act, Section 241 et seq. of this title and any other military
- 24 | force organized under the Constitution and laws of the State of

- 1 Oklahoma when not in a status subjecting them to exclusive
- 2 jurisdiction under Chapter 47 of Title 10, United States Code.
- 3 | Unless otherwise established by Oklahoma law, the unorganized
- 4 | militia, as defined in Section 41 of this title or any other state
- 5 military force that does not meet this definition shall not be
- 6 | considered part of the "state military forces" under this code;
- 7 <u>45. "Superior</u> commissioned officer" means a commissioned
- 8 officer superior in rank or command; and
- 9 25. "Senior force commander" means the commander of the same
- 10 | force of the state military forces as the accused
- 11 46. "Supplies" means materiel, equipment, and stores of all
- 12 types possessed or lawfully controlled by state military forces; and
- 13 47. "Title 32 active duty" means training or other duty, other
- 14 | than inactive duty, performed by a member of the Army National Guard
- 15 of the United States or the Air National Guard of the United States
- 16 | in the member's status as a member of the Oklahoma National Guard
- 17 | pursuant to Sections 316, 502, 503, 504 or 505 of Title 32 of the
- 18 United States Code for which the member is entitled to pay from the
- 19 United States or for which the member has waived pay from the United
- 20 States.
- 21 B. The use of the masculine gender throughout this code shall
- 22 also include the feminine gender.
- 23 SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3202, is
- 24 | amended to read as follows:

Section 3202. A. This code applies to all members of the state military forces who are not in federal service. No person may be tried for any offense provided in this code unless it was committed while he was in a duty status or during a period of time in which he was under lawful order to be in a duty status. However, the processing of charges and all proceedings, including trial and punishment, may be conducted without regard to the duty status of the accused at all times who are not in active federal service, as defined by Title 10 of the United States Code.

- B. Subject matter jurisdiction is established if a nexus exists between an offense, either military or nonmilitary, and the state military forces. Courts-martial have primary jurisdiction over military offenses as defined in this code.
- C. A proper civilian court has primary jurisdiction of a nonmilitary offense when an act or omission violates both this code and local criminal law, foreign or domestic. In such a case, a court-martial may be initiated only after the civilian authority has declined to prosecute or has dismissed the charge, provided jeopardy has not attached. The state manual for courts-martial may prescribe how a convening authority establishes jurisdiction over a nonmilitary offense.
- D. Jurisdiction over attempted crimes, conspiracy crimes, solicitation, and accessory crimes shall be determined by the underlying offense.

- E. If a commander or officer in charge determines that a nexus
- 2 exists between a nonmilitary offense and the state military forces,
- 3 | for purposes of administrative action, the commander or officer in
- 4 | charge may impose nonjudicial punishment regardless of whether
- 5 | courts-martial jurisdiction is then possessed or later acquired by
- 6 | the state military forces.
- 7 SECTION 12. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3203, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 Section 3203. A. Each person discharged from the state
- 10 | military forces who is later charged with having fraudulently
- 11 obtained a discharge is, subject to Section 46 3268 of this act
- 12 title, subject to trial by court-martial on that charge and is,
- 13 after apprehension, subject to this code while in custody under the
- 14 direction of the state military forces for that trial. Upon
- 15 | conviction of that charge that person is subject to trial by court-
- 16 | martial for all offenses under this code committed before the
- 17 | fraudulent discharge.
- B. No person who has deserted from the state military forces
- 19 may be relieved from amenability to the jurisdiction of this code by
- 20 virtue of a separation from any later period of service.
- 21 SECTION 13. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3205, is
- 22 | amended to read as follows:
- 23 Section 3205. A. The Except when members of the state military
- 24 forces are in active federal service, as defined by Title 10 of the

United States Code, the Oklahoma Uniform State Code of Military

Justice has shall have applicability at all times and in all places,

provided that the person subject to the code is in a duty status.

For those offenses set forth in Section 3368 of this title, the

Uniform State Code of Military Justice has applicability at all

times and in all places regardless of duty status. Provided,

however, these grants of military jurisdiction shall neither

preclude nor limit civilian jurisdiction over an offense, which is

limited only by the prohibition of double jeopardy.

- B. Courts-martial and courts of inquiry may be convened and held in units of the state military forces while those units are serving outside the state with the same jurisdiction and powers as to persons subject to the Oklahoma Uniform State Code of Military Justice as if the proceedings were held inside the state, and offenses under the code committed outside the state may be tried and punished either inside or outside of the state.
- SECTION 14. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3206, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3206. A. The senior force judge advocates in each of the state's military forces force components or those judge advocates' delegates shall make frequent inspections in the field in supervision of the administration of military justice in that force component.

- B. Convening authorities shall at all times communicate directly with their judge advocates in matters relating to the administration of military justice. The judge advocate of any command is entitled to communicate directly with the judge advocate of a superior or subordinate command, or with the State Judge Advocate.
  - C. No person who has acted as member, military judge, trial counsel, defense counsel, or investigating officer, or who has been a witness, in any case may later act as a judge advocate to any reviewing authority upon the same case.

PART II. APPREHENSION AND RESTRAINT

12 SECTION 15. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3211, is
13 amended to read as follows:

Section 3211. A. Apprehension is the taking of a person into custody.

B. Any person authorized by this code or by Chapter 47 of Title 10, United States Code, or by regulations issued under either, to apprehend persons subject to this code, any marshal of a courtmartial appointed pursuant to the provisions of this code, and any peace officer or civil officer having authority to apprehend offenders under the laws of the United States or of a state, may do so upon probable cause that an offense has been committed and that the person apprehended committed it.

- C. B. Commissioned officers, warrant officers, petty officers, and noncommissioned officers have authority to quell quarrels, frays, and disorders among persons subject to this code and to apprehend persons subject to this code who take part therein.
  - D. C. If an offender is apprehended outside the state, the offender's return to the area must be accomplished in accordance with normal lawful extradition procedures or by reciprocal agreement.
  - E. D. No person authorized by this article section to apprehend persons subject to this code or the place where such offender is confined, restrained, held, or otherwise housed may require payment of any fee or charge for so receiving, apprehending, confining, restraining, holding, or otherwise housing a person except as otherwise provided by law.
  - SECTION 16. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3213, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3213. A. Arrest is the restraint of a person by an order, not imposed as a punishment for an offense, directing him to remain within certain specified limits. Confinement is the physical restraint of a person.
- B. An enlisted member may be ordered into arrest or confinement by any commissioned officer by an order, oral or written, delivered in person or through other persons subject to this code. A commanding officer may authorize warrant officers, petty officers,

- or noncommissioned officers to order enlisted members of the commanding officer's command or subject to the commanding officer's authority into arrest or confinement.
  - C. B. A commissioned officer, a warrant officer, or a civilian subject to this code or to trial thereunder may be ordered into arrest or confinement only by a commanding officer to whose authority the person is subject, by an order, oral or written, delivered in person or by another commissioned officer. The authority to order such persons into arrest or confinement may not be delegated.
- 11 D. C. No person may be ordered into arrest or confinement
  12 except for probable cause.
  - E. D. This article section does not limit the authority of persons authorized to apprehend offenders to secure the custody of an alleged offender until proper authority may be notified.

## PART III. NONJUDICIAL PUNISHMENT

- SECTION 17. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3221, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3221. A. Under such regulations as prescribed Pursuant
  to this section, any commanding officer +, and for purposes of this
  article section, officers an officer in charge+, as defined in
  Section 3201 of this title, may impose disciplinary punishments for
  minor offenses arising under the punitive sections of this code

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- without the intervention of a court-martial pursuant to this

  article. The
  - B. Except as provided in subsection K of this section, the Governor, the Adjutant General, or an a general officer of a general or flag rank in command may delegate the powers established under this article section to a principal assistant who is a member of the state military forces.
- 8 B. C. Any commanding officer may impose upon enlisted members
  9 of the officer's command:
  - 1. An admonition;
- 11 2. A reprimand;

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- 3. The withholding of privileges for not more than six (6) months which need not be consecutive;
  - 4. The forfeiture of pay of not more than seven (7) days' pay;
    - 5. A fine of not more than seven (7) days' pay;
  - 6. A reduction to the next inferior pay grade, if the grade from which demoted is within the promotion authority of the officer imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who imposes the reduction;
  - 7. Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not more than fourteen (14) days, which need not be consecutive; and
- 8. Restriction to certain specified limits, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than fourteen (14) days, which need not be consecutive.

- C. D. Any commanding officer of the grade of major or
  lieutenant commander or above may impose upon enlisted members of
  the officer's command:
  - 1. Any punishment authorized in paragraphs 1, 2 and 3 of subsection B of this section An admonition;
    - 2. A reprimand;
  - 3. The withholding of privileges for not more than six (6) months which need not be consecutive;
  - $\underline{4.}$  The forfeiture of not more than one-half (1/2) of one (1) month's pay per month for two (2) months;
    - 3. 5. A fine of not more than one (1) month's pay;
  - 4. 6. A reduction to the lowest or any intermediate pay grade, if the grade from which demoted is within the promotion authority of the officer imposing the reduction or any officer subordinate to the one who imposes the reduction, but an enlisted member in a pay grade above E-4 may shall not be reduced more than two pay grades;
  - $\frac{5.}{7.}$  Extra duties, including fatigue or other duties, for not more than forty-five (45) days which need not be consecutive; and
  - 6. 8. Restriction to certain specified limits, with or without suspension from duty, for not more than sixty (60) days which need not be consecutive.
  - D. E. The Governor, the Adjutant General, a general officer in command, or an officer exercising general court-martial convening

authority, or an officer of a general or flag rank in command may impose:

1. Upon officers of the officer's command:

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- a.  $\underline{\text{except reduction in grade or extra duties,}}$  any punishment authorized in  $\underline{\text{paragraphs 1, 2, 3 and 6 of}}$  subsection  $\underline{\text{C}}$  D of this section, and
- b. arrest in quarters for not more than thirty (30) days which need not be consecutive; and
- punishment authorized in subsection  $\frac{D}{C}$  of this section. Admonitions or reprimands given as nonjudicial punishment to commissioned officers and warrant officers shall be administered in writing. In all other cases, unless otherwise prescribed by the commander of the force component of which the accused is a member, such punishments may be administered either orally or in writing.

2. Upon enlisted members of the officer's command: any

- E. F. Whenever any of those punishments are combined to run consecutively, the total length of the combined punishment cannot shall not exceed the authorized duration of the longest punishment included in the combination, and there must shall be an apportionment of punishments so that no single punishment in the combination exceeds its authorized length under this article section.
- F. Prior to the offer G. The right to demand trial by courtmartial in lieu of nonjudicial punishment, the commanding officer

1 | shall determine whether arise only upon a determination that arrest

2 | in quarters or restriction <del>shall</del> will be considered as punishments.

3 | Should If the commanding officer determine determines that the

4 | punishment options may include arrest in quarters or restriction

5 | will be considered as punishments, prior to the offer of nonjudicial

6 | punishment, the accused shall be notified in writing of the right to

demand trial by court-martial. Should the commanding officer

determine that the punishment options will not include arrest in

quarters or restriction, the accused shall be notified that there is

no right to trial by court-martial in lieu of nonjudicial

punishment. Upon notification by the commander or officer in charge

of his or her intent to impose nonjudicial punishment, the accused

shall be afforded a reasonable amount of time to confer with legal

counsel and to offer a response.

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G. H. The officer who imposes the punishment, or the successor in command, may, at any time, suspend, set aside, mitigate, or remit any part or amount of the punishment and restore all rights, privileges, and property affected. The officer also may:

- 1. Mitigate reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay;
- 2. Mitigate arrest in quarters to restriction; or
- 3. Mitigate extra duties to restriction.

The mitigated punishment shall not be for a greater period than the punishment mitigated. When mitigating reduction in grade to forfeiture of pay, the amount of the forfeiture shall not be greater

than the amount that could have been imposed initially under this article section by the officer who imposed the punishment mitigated.

H. I. A person punished under this article section who considers the punishment unjust or disproportionate to the offense may, through the proper channel, appeal to the Joint Chiefs of Staff Senior Assistant Adjutant General of the same component of the state military forces as the accused within fifteen (15) days after the punishment is either announced or sent to the accused, as the commander may determine whichever is later in time. The officer imposing nonjudicial punishment may, at his or her discretion, extend the deadline for an appeal. The appeal shall be promptly forwarded and decided, and the person may shall not be punished until the appeal is decided. The Joint Chiefs of Staff Senior Assistant Adjutant General may exercise the same powers with respect to the punishment imposed as may be exercised under subsection  $\Theta$  H of this section by the officer who imposed the punishment. Before acting on an appeal from a punishment, the Joint Chief of Staff Senior Assistant Adjutant General may refer the case to a judge advocate for consideration and advice.

H. J. Except for nonjudicial punishment imposed by the Adjutant

General or the Governor, the final appellate authority for

nonjudicial punishment imposed within state military forces is the

Adjutant General. A person punished under this section whose appeal

was previously denied by a Senior Assistant Adjutant General may

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- 1 lodge an additional appeal with the Adjutant General within five (5)
- 2 days after the appeal is denied. In the event the officer imposing
- 3 | nonjudicial punishment is the Senior Assistant Adjutant General, an
- 4 appeal thereof shall be addressed directly to the Adjutant General.
- 5 | In the event the officer imposing nonjudicial punishment is the
- 6 Adjutant General, an appeal thereof shall be addressed directly to
- 7 | the Governor. An appeal offered pursuant to this subsection shall
- 8 be made only in writing.
- 9 K. Whenever nonjudicial punishment is imposed under this
- 10 section:
- 1. After adjudication and while the punishment is being carried
- 12 out or while the adjudged punishment is pending before the appellate
- 13 authority, the commander or officer in charge who imposed the
- 14 | nonjudicial punishment may:
- 15 <u>a.</u> <u>excuse the accused from attendance at scheduled unit</u>
- 16 <u>training assemblies, or</u>
- b. arrange for the accused to drill on alternate dates
- and in alternate locations; or
- 19 2. If necessary to maintain good order and discipline within
- 20 | the unit, the commander or officer in charge who imposed the
- 21 | nonjudicial punishment may order the accused to drill on alternate
- 22 dates and in alternate locations. Such an order shall be reduced to
- writing and shall become part of the record of nonjudicial
- 24 punishment.

- 1 L. The imposition and enforcement of disciplinary punishment 2 under this article section for any act or omission is not a bar to trial by court-martial or a civilian court of competent jurisdiction 3 4 for a serious crime or offense growing arising out of the same act 5 or omission and not properly punishable under this section; but the fact that a disciplinary punishment has been enforced may be shown 6 7 demonstrated by the accused upon trial and, when so shown demonstrated, it shall be considered in determining the measure of 8 punishment to be adjudged in the event of a finding verdict of 10 guilty.
  - $\frac{J}{M}$ . Whenever a punishment of forfeiture of pay is imposed under this article section, the forfeiture  $\frac{M}{M}$  shall not apply to pay accruing before the date that punishment is imposed, but only pay accruing on  $\frac{M}{M}$  or after the date that punishment is imposed.
  - K. Regulations N. The Adjutant General may prescribe the form of records to be kept of proceedings under this article section and may prescribe that certain categories of those proceedings shall be in writing.
  - SECTION 18. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3232, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3232. Each <u>force</u> component of the state military forces
  has court-martial jurisdiction over all members of the particular
  belonging to that component who are subject to this code.
- 24 Additionally, the Army and Air National Guard state military forces

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    have court-martial jurisdiction over all members subject to this
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    code.
                                       44 O.S. 2011, Section 3233, is
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        SECTION 19.
                        AMENDATORY
    amended to read as follows:
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        Section 3233. Subject to Section 19 3232 of this act title,
    general courts-martial have jurisdiction to try persons subject to
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    this code for any offense made punishable by this code, and may,
    under such limitations as the Governor may prescribe be prescribed
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    in the state manual for courts-martial, adjudge any punishment not
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    forbidden by this code.
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SECTION 20. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3234, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3234. Subject to Section 19 3232 of this act title, special courts-martial have jurisdiction to try persons subject to this code for any offense made punishable by this code, and may, under such limitations as the Governor may prescribe be prescribed in the state manual for courts-martial, adjudge any punishment not forbidden by this code except dishonorable discharge, dismissal, confinement for more than one (1) year, forfeiture of pay exceeding two-thirds (2/3) pay per month, or forfeiture of pay for more than one (1) year.

SECTION 21. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3235, is amended to read as follows:

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Section 3235. A. Subject to Section 19 3232 of this act title, summary courts-martial have jurisdiction to try persons subject to this code, except officers, cadets, and candidates, and midshipmen, for any offense made punishable by this code under such limitations as the Governor may prescribe be prescribed in the state manual for courts-martial.

- B. No person with respect to whom summary courts-martial have jurisdiction may be brought to trial before a summary court-martial if that person objects thereto. If objection to trial by summary court-martial is made by an accused, trial by special or general court-martial may be ordered, as may be appropriate. Summary courts-martial may, under such limitations as the Governor may prescribe be prescribed in the state manual for courts-martial, adjudge any punishment not forbidden by this code except dismissal, dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge, confinement for more than one (1) month, restriction to specified limits for more than two (2) months, or forfeiture of more than two-thirds (2/3) of one (1) month's pay.
- 19 SECTION 22. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3241, is 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 Section 3241. A. General courts-martial may be convened by:
- 22 1. The Governor;
- 23 2. The Adjutant General;

- 3. The commanding officer of a force <u>component</u> of the state
  military forces;
  - 4. The commanding officer of a division or a separate brigade;
  - 5. The commanding officer of a separate wing.
  - B. If any such commanding officer is an accuser, the court shall be convened by superior competent authority and may in any case be convened by such superior authority if considered desirable by such authority.
  - SECTION 23. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3242, is amended to read as follows:
- 12 | Section 3242. A. Special courts-martial may be convened by:
  - 1. Any person who may convene a general court-martial;
  - 2. The commanding officer of a garrison, fort, post, camp, station, or Air National Guard base, or naval base or station;
  - 3. The commanding officer of a brigade, regiment, detached battalion, or corresponding unit of the Army army force component;
  - 4. The commanding officer of a wing, group, separate squadron, or corresponding unit of the Air Force air force component; or
  - 5. The commanding officer or officer in charge of any other command when empowered so detailed by the Adjutant General.
  - B. If any such officer is an accuser, the court shall be convened by superior competent authority and may in any case be

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or

- 1 convened by such superior authority if considered desirable by such 2 authority.
  - SECTION 24. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3243, is amended to read as follows:
    - Section 3243. A. Summary courts-martial may be convened by:
    - Any person who may convene a general or special courtmartial;
    - 2. The commanding officer of a detached company or other detachment, or corresponding unit of the Army army force component;
    - 3. The commanding officer of a detached squadron or other detachment, or corresponding unit of the Air Force air force component; or
    - 4. The commanding officer or officer in charge of any other command when empowered so detailed by the Adjutant General.
    - B. When only one commissioned officer is present with a command or detachment that officer shall be the summary court-martial of that command or detachment and shall hear and determine all summary court-martial cases. Summary courts-martial may, however, be convened in any case by superior competent authority if considered desirable by such authority.
- 21 SECTION 25. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3244, is 22 amended to read as follows:

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- Section 3244. A. Any commissioned officer of the state military forces is eligible to serve on all courts-martial for the trial of any person subject to this code.
- B. Any warrant officer of the state military forces is eligible to serve on general and special courts-martial for the trial of any person subject to this code, other than a commissioned officer.
- C. Any enlisted member of the state military forces who is not a member of the same unit as the accused is eligible to serve on general and special courts-martial for the trial of any enlisted member subject to this code, but that member shall serve as a member of a court only if, before the conclusion of a session called by the military judge under Section 42 3264 of this act title prior to trial or, in the absence of such a session, before the court is assembled for the trial of the accused, the accused personally has requested orally on the record or in writing that enlisted members serve on it. After such a request, the accused may not be tried by a general or special court-martial the membership of which does not include enlisted members in a number comprising at least one-third (1/3) of the total membership of the court, unless eligible enlisted members cannot be obtained on account of physical conditions or military exigencies. If such members cannot be obtained, the court may be assembled and the trial held without them, but the convening authority shall make a detailed written statement, to be appended to the record, stating why they such enlisted members could not be

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- obtained. In this <u>article</u> <u>section</u>, "unit" means any regularly organized body of the state military forces not larger than a company, a squadron, a division of the naval militia, or a body corresponding to one of them.
  - D. When it can be avoided, no person subject to this code may be tried by a court-martial any member of which is junior to the accused in rank or grade.
  - E. When convening a court-martial, the convening authority shall detail as members thereof such members of the state military forces as, in the convening authority's opinion, are best qualified for the duty by reason of age, education, training, experience, length of service, and judicial temperament. No member of the state military forces is eligible to serve as a member of a general or special court-martial when that member is the accuser, a witness, or has acted as investigating officer or as counsel in the same case.
  - F. Before a court-martial is assembled for the trial of a case, the convening authority may excuse a member of the court from participating in the case. The convening authority may delegate the authority under this subsection to a judge advocate or to any other principal assistant.
- 21 SECTION 26. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3246, is 22 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3246. A. A military judge shall be detailed to each
  general and special court-martial. The military judge shall preside

- over each open session of the court-martial to which the military judge has been detailed.
  - B. A military judge shall be:
  - An active or retired commissioned officer of an organized state military force;
  - A member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of a state or a member of the bar of a federal court for at least five
     years; and
  - 3. Certified as qualified for duty as a military judge by the senior force <a href="component">component</a> judge advocate which is the same force <a href="component">component</a> as the accused.
  - C. In the instance when a military judge is not a member of the bar of the highest court of the state, the military judge shall be deemed admitted pro hac vice, subject to filing a certificate with the senior force component judge advocate which is the same force component as the accused setting forth such qualifications provided in subsection B of this section.
  - D. The military judge of a general or special court-martial shall be designated by the senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate which is the same force <u>component</u> as the accused, or a designee, for detail by the convening authority. Neither the convening authority nor any staff member of the convening authority shall prepare or review any report concerning the effectiveness, fitness, or

- 1 efficiency of the military judge so detailed, which relates to 2 performance of duty as a military judge.
  - E. No person is eligible to act as military judge in a case if that person is the accuser or a witness, or has acted as investigating officer or a counsel in the same case.
  - F. The military judge of a court-martial may not consult with the members of the court except in the presence of the accused, trial counsel, and defense counsel nor vote with the members of the court.
  - SECTION 27. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3247, is amended to read as follows:
    - Section 3247. A. 1. For each general and special courtmartial the authority convening the court shall detail trial counsel, defense counsel, and such assistants as are appropriate.
    - 2. No person who has acted as investigating officer, military judge, witness or court member in any case may act later as trial counsel, assistant trial counsel, or, unless expressly requested by the accused, as defense counsel or assistant or associate defense counsel in the same case. No person who has acted for the prosecution may act later in the same case for the defense nor may any person who has acted for the defense act later in the same case for the prosecution.

- B. Except as provided in subsection C of this section, trial counsel or defense counsel detailed for a general or special courtmartial must be:
  - 1. A judge advocate as defined in Section  $\frac{2}{3201}$  of this  $\frac{3201}{3201}$  of this  $\frac{3201}{3201}$
  - 2. In the case of trial counsel, a member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of the state where the court-martial is held.
  - C. In the instance when a defense counsel is not a member of the bar of the highest court of the state, the defense counsel shall be deemed admitted pro hac vice, subject to filing a certificate with the military judge setting forth the qualifications that counsel is:
  - 1. A commissioned officer of the armed forces of the United States or a component thereof;
    - 2. A member in good standing of the bar of the highest court of a state; and
  - 3. Certified as a judge advocate in the Judge Advocate General's Corps of the Army, Air Force, Navy, Marine Corps, or a judge advocate as defined in Section  $\frac{2}{3201}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3201}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3201}$ .
- 21 SECTION 28. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3248, is 22 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3248. Under such regulations as may be prescribed <u>in</u>
  the state manual for courts-martial, the convening authority of a

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general or special court-martial or court of inquiry shall detail or employ qualified court reporters, who shall record the proceedings of and testimony taken before that court and may detail or employ interpreters who shall interpret for the court.

5 SECTION 29. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3249, is 6 amended to read as follows:

Section 3249. A. No member of a general or special courtmartial may be absent or excused after the court has been assembled for the trial of the accused unless excused as a result of a challenge, excused by the military judge for physical disability or other good cause, or excused by order of the convening authority for good cause.

- B. Whenever a general court-martial, other than a general court-martial composed of a military judge only, is reduced below five members, the trial may not proceed unless the convening authority details new members sufficient in number to provide not less than the applicable minimum number of five members. The trial may proceed with the new members present after the recorded evidence previously introduced before the members of the court has been read to the court in the presence of the military judge, the accused, and counsel for both sides.
- C. Whenever a special court-martial, other than a special court-martial composed of a military judge only, is reduced below three members, the trial may not proceed unless the convening

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- authority details new members sufficient in number to provide not less than three members. The trial shall proceed with the new members present as if no evidence had been introduced previously at the trial, unless a verbatim record of the evidence previously introduced before the members of the court or a stipulation thereof is read to the court in the presence of the military judge, the accused, and counsel for both sides.
  - D. If the military judge of a court-martial composed of a military judge only is unable to proceed with the trial because of physical disability, as a result of a challenge, or for other good cause, the trial shall proceed, subject to any applicable conditions of Section 18 3231 of this act title, after the detail of a new military judge as if no evidence had previously been introduced, unless a verbatim record of the evidence previously introduced or a stipulation thereof is read in court in the presence of the new military judge, the accused, and counsel for both sides.
- SECTION 30. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3251, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3251. A. Charges and specifications shall be signed by a person subject to this code under oath before a commissioned officer authorized by Section 150 3393 of this act title to administer oaths and shall state:
- 1. That the signer has personal knowledge of, or has investigated, the matters set forth therein; and

- 2. That they are true in fact to the best of the signer's knowledge and belief.
- B. Upon the preferring of charges, the proper authority shall take immediate steps to determine what disposition should be made thereof in the interest of justice and discipline, and the person accused shall be informed of the charges as soon as practicable.

SECTION 31. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3252, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3252. A. No person subject to this code may shall compel any person to incriminate himself or herself or to answer any question the answer to which may tend to incriminate him or her.

- B. No person subject to this code may interrogate or request any statement from an accused or a person suspected of an offense without first informing that person of the nature of the accusation and advising that person that the person does not have to make any statement regarding the offense of which the person is accused or suspected and that any statement made by the person may be used as evidence against the person in a trial by court-martial.
- C. No person subject to this code may compel any person to make a statement or produce evidence before any military court if the statement or evidence is not material to the issue and may tend to degrade the person.
- D. No statement obtained from any person in violation of this article section or through the use of coercion, unlawful influence,

or unlawful inducement may be received in evidence against the person in a trial by court-martial.

SECTION 32. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3253, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3253. A. No charge or specification may be referred to a general court-martial for trial until a thorough and impartial investigation of all the matters set forth therein has been made. This investigation shall include inquiry as to the truth of the matter set forth in the charges, consideration of the form of charges, and a recommendation as to the disposition which should be made of the case in the interest of justice and discipline.

B. The accused shall be advised of the charges against the accused and of the right to be represented at that investigation by counsel. The accused has the right to be represented at that investigation as provided in Section 41 3263 of this act title and in regulations prescribed under that section. At that investigation, full opportunity shall be given to the accused to cross-examine witnesses against the accused, if they are available, and to present anything the accused may desire in the accused's own behalf, either in defense or mitigation, and the investigating officer shall examine available witnesses requested by the accused. If the charges are forwarded after the investigation, they shall be accompanied by a statement of the substance of the testimony taken on both sides and a copy thereof shall be given to the accused.

- C. If an investigation of the subject matter of an offense has been conducted before the accused is charged with the offense, and if the accused was present at the investigation and afforded the opportunities for representation, cross-examination, and presentation prescribed in subsection B of this section, no further investigation of that charge is necessary under this article section unless it is demanded by the accused after the accused is informed of the charge. A demand for further investigation entitles the accused to recall witnesses for further cross-examination and to offer any new evidence in the accused's own behalf.
- D. If evidence adduced in an investigation under this article section indicates that the accused committed an uncharged offense, the investigating officer may investigate the subject matter of that offense without the accused having first been charged with the offense if the accused:
  - 1. Is present at the investigation;
- 2. Is informed of the nature of each uncharged offense investigated; and
- 3. Is afforded the opportunities for representation, cross-examination, and presentation prescribed in subsection B of this section.
- E. The requirements of this <u>article</u> <u>section</u> are binding on all persons administering this code but failure to follow them does not constitute jurisdictional error.

SECTION 33. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3255, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3255. A. Before directing the trial of any charge by general court-martial, the convening authority shall refer it to a judge advocate for consideration and advice. The convening authority may not refer a specification under a charge to a general court-martial for trial unless the convening authority has been advised in writing by a judge advocate that:

- 1. The specification alleges an offense under this code;
- 2. The specification is warranted by the evidence indicated in the report of investigation under Section  $\frac{35}{3253}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3253}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3253}$  if there is such a report; and
- 3. A court-martial would have jurisdiction over the accused and the offense.
- B. The advice of the judge advocate under subsection A of this section with respect to a specification under a charge shall include a written and signed statement by the judge advocate:
- 1. Expressing conclusions with respect to each matter set forth in subsection A of this section; and
- 2. Recommending action that the convening authority take regarding the specification.
- If the specification is referred for trial, the recommendation of the judge advocate shall accompany the specification.

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- C. If the charges or specifications are not correct formally or do not conform to the substance of the evidence contained in the report of the investigating officer, formal corrections, and such changes in the charges and specifications as are needed to make them conform to the evidence, may be made.
  - SECTION 34. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3261, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3261. Pretrial, trial and posttrial procedures, including modes of proof, for courts-martial cases arising under this code, and for courts of inquiry, may be prescribed by the Governor or the Adjutant General by regulations state manual for courts-martial, or as otherwise provided by law, which shall apply the principles of law and the rules of evidence generally recognized in military criminal cases in the courts of the armed forces but which may not be contrary to or inconsistent with this code.

SECTION 35. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3263, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3263. A. The trial counsel of a general or special court-martial shall be a member in good standing of the state bar and shall prosecute in the name of the state, and shall, under the direction of the court, prepare the record of the proceedings.

B. 1. The accused has the right to be represented in defense before a general or special court-martial or at an investigation

- under Section  $\frac{35}{3253}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3253}$  as provided in this subsection.
  - 2. The accused may be represented by civilian counsel at the provision and expense of the accused.
    - 3. The accused may be represented:
      - a. by military counsel detailed under Section  $\frac{30}{3247}$  of this  $\frac{3247}{3247}$  or
      - b. by military counsel of the accused's own selection if that counsel is reasonably available as determined under paragraph 7 of this subsection.
  - 4. If the accused is represented by civilian counsel, military counsel detailed or selected under paragraph 3 of this subsection shall act as associate counsel unless excused at the request of the accused.
  - 5. Except as provided under paragraph 6 of this subsection, if the accused is represented by military counsel of his own selection under subparagraph b of paragraph 3 of this subsection, any military counsel detailed under subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of this subsection shall be excused.
  - 6. The accused is not entitled to be represented by more than one military counsel. However, the person authorized under regulations prescribed under Section 30 3247 of this act title to detail counsel, in that person's sole discretion:

- a. may detail additional military counsel as assistant defense counsel, and
- b. if the accused is represented by military counsel of the accused's own selection under subparagraph b of paragraph 3 of this subsection, may approve a request from the accused that military counsel detailed under subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of this subsection act as associate defense counsel.
- 7. The senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate of the same force <u>component</u> of which the accused is a member, shall determine whether the military counsel selected by an accused is reasonably available.
- C. In any court-martial proceeding resulting in a conviction, the defense counsel:
- 1. May forward for attachment to the record of proceedings a brief of such matters as counsel determines should be considered in behalf of the accused on review, including any objection to the contents of the record which counsel considers appropriate;
- 2. May assist the accused in the submission of any matter under Section  $\frac{68}{3302}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3000}$  and
  - 3. May take other action authorized by this code.
- 21 SECTION 36. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3264, is 22 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3264. A. At any time after the service of charges
  which have been referred for trial to a court-martial composed of a

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- military judge and members, the military judge may, subject to

  Section 38 3256 of this act title, call the court into session

  without the presence of the members for the purpose of:
  - 1. Hearing and determining motions raising defenses or objections which are capable of determination without trial of the issues raised by a plea of not guilty;
  - 2. Hearing and ruling upon any matter which may be ruled upon by the military judge under this code, whether or not the matter is appropriate for later consideration or decision by the members of the court;
  - 3. Holding the arraignment and receiving the pleas of the accused; and
  - 4. Performing any other procedural function which does not require the presence of the members of the court under this code.

These proceedings shall be conducted in the presence of the accused, the defense counsel, and the trial counsel and shall be made a part of the record. These proceedings may be conducted notwithstanding the number of court members and without regard to Section  $\frac{32}{3249}$  of this  $\frac{3249}{3249}$  of this  $\frac{3249}{3249}$ 

B. When the members of a court-martial deliberate or vote, only the members may be present. All other proceedings, including any other consultation of the members of the court with counsel or the military judge, shall be made a part of the record and shall be in

- 1 the presence of the accused, the defense counsel, the trial counsel,
  2 and the military judge.
- 3 SECTION 37. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3266, is 4 amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3266. A. 1. The military judge and members of a general or special court-martial may be challenged by the accused or the trial counsel for cause stated to the court. The military judge or the court shall determine the relevancy and validity of challenges for cause and may not receive a challenge to more than one person at a time. Challenges by the trial counsel shall ordinarily be presented and decided before those by the accused are offered.
  - 2. If exercise of a challenge for cause reduces the court below the minimum number of members required by Section 18 3231 of this act title, all parties shall, notwithstanding Section 32 3249 of this act title, either exercise or waive any challenge for cause then apparent against the remaining members of the court before additional members are detailed to the court. However, peremptory challenges shall not be exercised at that time.
  - B. 1. Each accused and the trial counsel are entitled initially to one peremptory challenge of members of the court. The military judge may not be challenged except for cause.
- 23 2. If exercise of a peremptory challenge reduces the court below the minimum number of members required by Section 18 3231 of

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- this act title, the parties shall, notwithstanding Section 32 3249

  of this act title, either exercise or waive any remaining peremptory

  challenge, not previously waived, against the remaining members of

  the court before additional members are detailed to the court.
  - 3. Whenever additional members are detailed to the court, and after any challenges for cause against such additional members are presented and decided, each accused and the trial counsel are entitled to one peremptory challenge against members not previously subject to peremptory challenge.
  - SECTION 38. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3268, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3268. A. Except as otherwise provided in this article section, a person charged with any offense is not liable to be tried by court-martial or punished under Section 17 3221 of this act title if the offense was committed more than three (3) years before the receipt of sworn charges and specifications by an officer exercising court-martial jurisdiction over the command or before the imposition of punishment under Section 17 3221 of this act title.
  - B. Periods in which the accused is absent without authority or fleeing from justice shall be excluded in computing the period of limitation prescribed in this article section.
  - C. Periods in which the accused was absent from territory in which the state has the authority to apprehend him, or in the custody of civil authorities, or in the hands of the enemy, shall be

- 1 excluded in computing the period of limitation prescribed in this
  2 article section.
  - D. When the United States is at war, the running of any statute of limitations applicable to any offense under this code:
  - 1. Involving fraud or attempted fraud against the United States, any state, or any agency of either in any manner, whether by conspiracy or not;
  - 2. Committed in connection with the acquisition, care, handling, custody, control, or disposition of any real or personal property of the United States or any state; or
  - 3. Committed in connection with the negotiation, procurement, award, performance, payment, interim financing, cancellation, or other termination or settlement, of any contract, subcontract, or purchase order which is connected with or related to the prosecution of the war, or with any disposition of termination inventory by any war contractor or government agency, is suspended until two (2) years after the termination of
  - hostilities as proclaimed by the President or by a joint resolution of Congress.
  - E. 1. If charges or specifications are dismissed as defective or insufficient for any cause and the period prescribed by the applicable statute of limitations:
    - a. has expired, or

- b. will expire within one hundred eighty (180) days after
  the date of dismissal of the charges and
  specifications,
  - trial and punishment under new charges and specifications are not barred by the statute of limitations if the conditions specified in paragraph 2 of this subsection are met.
  - 2. The conditions referred to in paragraph 1 are that the new charges and specifications must:
    - a. be received by an officer exercising summary courtmartial jurisdiction over the command within one
      hundred eighty (180) days after the dismissal of the
      charges or specifications, and
    - b. allege the same acts or omissions that were alleged in the dismissed charges or specifications or allege acts or omissions that were included in the dismissed charges or specifications.
  - SECTION 39. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3269, is amended to read as follows:
    - Section 3269. A. No person may, without his <u>or her</u> consent, be tried a second time for the same offense.
  - B. No proceeding in which an accused has been found guilty by a court-martial upon any charge or specification is a trial in the sense of this article section until the finding of guilty has become final after review of the case has been fully completed.

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- C. A proceeding which, after the introduction of evidence but before a finding, is dismissed or terminated by the convening authority or on motion of the prosecution for failure of available evidence or witnesses without any fault of the accused is a trial in the sense of this article section.
- SECTION 40. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3274, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3274. A. At any time after charges have been signed as provided in Section 33 3251 of this act title, any party may take oral or written depositions unless the military judge or summary court-martial officer hearing the case or, if the case is not being heard, an authority competent to convene a court-martial for the trial of those charges, forbids it for good cause.
  - B. The party at whose instance a deposition is to be taken shall give to every other party reasonable written notice of the time and place for taking the deposition.
  - C. Depositions may be taken before and authenticated by any military or civil officer authorized by the laws of the state or by the laws of the place where the deposition is taken to administer oaths.
- D. A duly authenticated deposition taken upon reasonable notice to the other parties, so far as otherwise admissible under the rules of evidence, may be read in evidence or, in the case of audiotape digital audio recordings, videotape digital video recordings,

- digital <u>image</u> <u>images</u> or <u>file</u> <u>files</u>, or similar material, may be played in evidence before any military court, if it appears:
  - 1. That the witness resides or is beyond the state in which the court is ordered to sit, or beyond one hundred (100) miles from the place of trial or hearing;
  - 2. That the witness by reason of death, age, sickness, bodily infirmity, imprisonment, military necessity, nonamenability to process, or other reasonable cause, is unable or refuses to appear and testify in person at the place of trial or hearing; or

That the present whereabouts of the witness is unknown.

SECTION 41. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3276, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3276. A. It is an affirmative defense in a trial by court-martial that, at the time of the commission of the acts constituting the offense, the accused, as a result of a severe mental disease or defect, was unable to appreciate the nature and quality or the wrongfulness of the acts. Mental disease or defect does not otherwise constitute a defense.

- B. The accused has the burden of proving the defense of lack of mental responsibility by clear and convincing evidence.
- C. Whenever lack of mental responsibility of the accused with respect to an offense is properly at issue, the military judge shall instruct the members of the court as to the defense of lack of

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- 1 mental responsibility under this <u>article</u> <u>section</u> and charge them to 2 find the accused:
- 3 | 1. Guilty;

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- 4 2. Not guilty; or
  - 3. Not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility.
- D. Subsection C of this section does not apply to a courtmartial composed of a military judge only. In the case of a courtmartial composed of a military judge only or a summary court-martial
  officer, whenever lack of mental responsibility of the accused with
  respect to an offense is properly at issue, the military judge or
  summary court-martial officer shall find the accused:
- 12 | 1. Guilty;
  - 2. Not guilty; or
    - 3. Not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility.
- E. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 56 3278 of this act title, the accused shall be found not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility if:
  - 1. A majority of the members of the court-martial present at the time the vote is taken determines that the defense of lack of mental responsibility has been established; or
- 2. In the case of a court-martial composed of a military judge
  22 only or a summary court-martial officer, the military judge or
  23 summary court-martial officer determines that the defense of lack of
  24 mental responsibility has been established.

1 SECTION 42. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3277, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3277. A. Voting by members of a general or special court-martial on the findings and on the sentence shall be by secret written ballot. The junior member of the court shall count the The count shall be checked by the president, who shall votes. forthwith announce the result of the ballot to the members of the court.

- В. The military judge shall rule upon all questions of law and all interlocutory questions arising during the proceedings. Any such ruling made by the military judge upon any question of law or any interlocutory question other than the factual issue of mental responsibility of the accused is final and constitutes the ruling of the court. However, the military judge may change the ruling at any time during the trial. Unless the ruling is final, if any member objects thereto, the court shall be cleared and closed and the question decided by a vote as provided in Section 56 3278 of this act title, beginning with the junior in rank.
- C. Before a vote is taken on the findings, the military judge shall, in the presence of the accused and counsel, instruct the members of the court as to the elements of the offense and charge them:

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- 1. That the accused must be presumed to be innocent until his or her guilt is established by legal and competent evidence beyond reasonable doubt;
- 2. That in the case being considered, if there is a reasonable doubt as to the guilt of the accused, the doubt must be resolved in favor of the accused and the accused must be acquitted;
- 3. That, if there is a reasonable doubt as to the degree of guilt, the finding must be in a lower degree as to which there is no reasonable doubt; and
- 4. That the burden of proof to establish the guilt of the accused beyond reasonable doubt is upon the state.
- D. Subsections A, B and C of this section do not apply to a court-martial composed of a military judge only. The military judge of such a court-martial shall determine all questions of law and fact arising during the proceedings and, if the accused is convicted, adjudge an appropriate sentence. The military judge of such a court-martial shall make a general finding and shall in addition, on request, find the facts specially. If an opinion or memorandum of decision is filed, it will be sufficient if the findings of fact appear therein.
- SECTION 43. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3278, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3278. A. No person may be convicted of an offense except as provided in <u>subsection B of</u> Section 48 3270 of this act

- <u>title</u> or by the concurrence of two-thirds (2/3) of the members present at the time the vote is taken.
- 3 All other questions to be decided by the members of a 4 general or special court-martial shall be determined by a majority 5 vote, but except that a determination to reconsider a finding of guilty or to reconsider a sentence, with a view toward decreasing 6 7 it, may be made by any lesser vote which indicates that the reconsideration is not opposed by the number of votes required for that finding or sentence shall be undertaken by no less than one-10 third (1/3) of the total number of members who voted in the previous 11 determination of guilt or sentencing. A tie vote on a challenge 12 disqualifies the member challenged. A tie vote on a motion relating 13 to the question of the accused's sanity is a determination against 14 the accused. A tie vote on any other question is a determination in 15 favor of the accused.
  - SECTION 44. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3280, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3280. A. Each general and special court-martial shall keep a separate record of the proceedings in each case brought before it, and the record shall be authenticated by the signature of the military judge. If the record cannot be authenticated by the military judge by reason of his or her death, disability, or absence, it shall be authenticated by the signature of the trial counsel or by that of a member, if the trial counsel is unable to

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- authenticate it by reason of his <u>or her</u> death, disability, or

  absence. In a court-martial consisting of only a military judge,

  the record shall be authenticated by the court reporter under the

  same conditions which would impose such a duty on a member under

  this subsection.
  - B. 1. A complete verbatim record of the proceedings and testimony shall be prepared in each general and special courtmartial case resulting in a conviction.
- 2. In all other court-martial cases, the record shall contain such matters as may be prescribed by regulations the state manual for courts-martial.
  - C. Each summary court-martial shall keep a separate record of the proceedings in each case, and the record shall be authenticated in the manner as may be prescribed by regulations the state manual for courts-martial.
  - D. A copy of the record of the proceedings of each general and special court-martial shall be given to the accused as soon as it is authenticated.
- SECTION 45. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3292, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3292. A. The punishment which a court-martial may
  direct for an offense may not exceed such limits as prescribed by
  this code, but in no instance may a sentence exceed more than ten

  (10) years for a military offense, nor shall a sentence of death be

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- adjudged. A conviction by general court-martial of any military
  offense for which an accused may receive a sentence of confinement
  for more than one (1) year is a felony offense. Except for
  convictions by a summary court-martial, all other military offenses
  are misdemeanors. Any conviction by a summary court-martial is not
  a criminal conviction.
  - B. The limits of punishment for violations of the punitive articles sections prescribed herein shall be the lesser of the sentences prescribed by the edition of the manual for courts-martial of the United States in effect on January 1, 2004 at the time of the alleged offense, and the state manual for courts-martial, but in no instance shall any punishment exceed that authorized by this code.

    SECTION 46. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3295, is

Section 3295. A. On application by an accused who is under sentence to confinement that has not been ordered executed, the convening authority or, if the accused is no longer under that person's jurisdiction, the person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction over the command to which the accused is currently assigned, may in that person's sole discretion defer service of the sentence to confinement. The deferment shall terminate when the sentence is ordered executed. The deferment may be rescinded at any time by the person who granted it or, if the accused is no longer under that person's jurisdiction, by the person exercising general

amended to read as follows:

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court-martial jurisdiction over the command to which the accused is currently assigned.

- B. 1. In any case in which a court-martial sentences an accused referred to in paragraph 2 of this subsection to confinement, the convening authority may defer the service of the sentence to confinement, without the consent of the accused, until after the accused has been permanently released to the state military forces by a state, the United States, or a foreign country referred to in that paragraph.
- 2. Paragraph 1 of this subsection applies to a person subject to this code who:
  - a. while in the custody of a state, the United States, or a foreign country is temporarily returned by that state, the United States, or a foreign country to the state military forces for trial by court-martial, and
  - b. after the court-martial, is returned to that state, the United States, or a foreign country under the authority of a mutual agreement or treaty, as the case may be.
- 3. In this subsection, the term "state" includes the District of Columbia and any Commonwealth, Territory, or possession of the United States.
- C. In any case in which a court-martial sentences an accused to confinement and the sentence to confinement has been ordered

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executed, but in which review of the case under Section 76 3310 of
this act title is pending, the Adjutant General may defer further
service of the sentence to confinement while that review is pending.

AMENDATORY 44 0.S. 2011, Section 3298, is

SECTION 47. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3298, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3298. A. 1. A court-martial sentence described in paragraph 2 of this subsection shall result in the forfeiture of pay, or of pay and allowances, due that member during any period of confinement or parole. The forfeiture pursuant to this article section shall take effect on the date determined under Section 62 3294 of this act title and may be deferred as provided by that section. The pay and allowances forfeited, in the case of a general court-martial, shall be all pay and allowances due that member during such period and, in the case of a special court-martial, shall be two-thirds (2/3) of all pay due that member during such period.

- 2. A sentence covered by this article section is any sentence that includes:
  - a. confinement for more than six (6) months, or
  - b. confinement for six (6) months or less and a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge or dismissal.
- B. In a case involving an accused who has dependents, the convening authority or other person acting under Section  $\frac{68}{3302}$  of this  $\frac{1}{3000}$  this  $\frac{1}{3000}$  this  $\frac{1}{3000}$  the forfeitures of pay and

- allowances required by subsection A of this section for a period not
  to exceed six (6) months. Any amount of pay or allowances that,
  except for a waiver under this subsection, would be forfeited shall
  be paid, as the convening authority or other person taking action
  directs, to the dependents of the accused.
  - C. If the sentence of a member who forfeits pay and allowances under subsection A of this section is set aside or disapproved or, as finally approved, does not provide for a punishment referred to in paragraph 2 of subsection A of this section, the member shall be paid the pay and allowances which the member would have been paid, except for the forfeiture, for the period during which the forfeiture was in effect.
  - SECTION 48. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3302, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3302. A. The findings and sentence of a court-martial shall be reported promptly to the convening authority after the announcement of the sentence.
  - B. 1. The accused may submit to the convening authority matters for consideration by the convening authority with respect to the findings and the sentence. Any such submission shall be in writing. Except in a summary court-martial case, such a submission shall be made within ten (10) days after the accused has been given an authenticated record of trial and, if applicable, the recommendation of a judge advocate under subsection D of this

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- section. In a summary court-martial case, such a submission shall be made within seven (7) days after the sentence is announced.
- 2. If the accused shows that additional time is required for the accused to submit such matters, the convening authority or other person taking action under this section, for good cause, may extend the applicable period under paragraph 1 of this subsection for not more than an additional twenty (20) days.
- 3. In a summary court-martial case, the accused shall be promptly provided a copy of the record of trial for use in preparing a submission authorized by paragraph 1 of this subsection.
- 4. The accused may waive the right to make a submission to the convening authority under paragraph 1 of this subsection. Such a waiver must be made in writing and may not be revoked. For the purposes of paragraph 2 of subsection C of this section, the time within which the accused may make a submission under this subsection shall be deemed to have expired upon the submission of such a waiver to the convening authority.
- C. 1. The authority under this article section to modify the findings and sentence of a court-martial is a matter of command prerogative involving the sole discretion of the convening authority. If it is impractical for the convening authority to act, the convening authority shall forward the case to a person exercising general court-martial jurisdiction who may take action under this article section.

- 2. Action on the sentence of a court-martial shall be taken by the convening authority or by another person authorized to act under this article section. Such action may be taken only after consideration of any matters submitted by the accused under subsection B of this section or after the time for submitting such matters expires, whichever is earlier. The convening authority or other person taking such action, in that person's sole discretion, may approve, disapprove, commute, or suspend the sentence in whole or in part.
- 3. Action on the findings of a court-martial by the convening authority or other person acting on the sentence is not required. However, such person, in the person's sole discretion, may:
  - a. dismiss any charge or specification by setting aside a finding of guilty thereto, or
  - b. change a finding of guilty to a charge or specification to a finding of guilty to an offense that is a lesser included offense of the offense stated in the charge or specification.
- D. Before acting under this article section on any general or special court-martial case in which there is a finding of guilt, the convening authority or other person taking action under this article section shall obtain and consider the written recommendation of a judge advocate. The convening authority or other person taking action under this article section shall refer the record of trial to

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the judge advocate, and the judge advocate shall use such record in the preparation of the recommendation. The recommendation of the judge advocate shall include such matters as may be prescribed by regulation and shall be served on the accused, who may submit any matter in response under subsection B of this section. Failure to object in the response to the recommendation or to any matter attached to the recommendation waives the right to object thereto.

- E. 1. The convening authority or other person taking action under this article section, in the person's sole discretion, may order a proceeding in revision or a rehearing.
- 2. A proceeding in revision may be ordered if there is an apparent error or omission in the record or if the record shows improper or inconsistent action by a court-martial with respect to the findings or sentence that can be rectified without material prejudice to the substantial rights of the accused. In no case, however, may a proceeding in revision:
  - a. reconsider a finding of not guilty of any specification or a ruling which amounts to a finding of not guilty,
  - b. reconsider a finding of not guilty of any charge, unless there has been a finding of guilty under a specification laid under that charge, which sufficiently alleges a violation of some article section of this code, or

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- c. increase the severity of the sentence unless the sentence prescribed for the offense is mandatory.
- 3. A rehearing may be ordered by the convening authority or other person taking action under this article section if that person disapproves the findings and sentence and states the reasons for disapproval of the findings. If such person disapproves the findings and sentence and does not order a rehearing, that person shall dismiss the charges. A rehearing as to the findings may not be ordered where there is a lack of sufficient evidence in the record to support the findings. A rehearing as to the sentence may be ordered if the convening authority or other person taking action under this subsection disapproves the sentence.
- SECTION 49. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3303, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3303. A. In each case subject to appellate review under this code, the accused may file with the convening authority a statement expressly withdrawing the right of the accused to such appeal. Such a withdrawal shall be signed by both the accused and his or her defense counsel and must shall be filed in accordance with appellate procedures as provided by law.
- B. The accused may withdraw an appeal at any time in accordance with appellate procedures as provided by law.
- SECTION 50. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3304, is amended to read as follows:

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Section 3304. A. 1. In a trial by court-martial in which a punitive discharge may be adjudged, the state may appeal the following, other than a finding of not guilty with respect to the charge or specification by the members of the court-martial, or by a judge in a bench trial so long as it is not made in reconsideration:

- a. an order or ruling of the military judge which terminates the proceedings with respect to a charge or specification,
- b. an order or ruling which excludes evidence that is substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding,
- c. an order or ruling which directs the disclosure of classified <u>or confidential</u> information,
- d. an order or ruling which imposes sanctions for nondisclosure of classified <u>or confidential</u> information,
- e. a refusal of the military judge to issue a protective order sought by the state to prevent the disclosure of classified or confidential information, and
- f. a refusal by the military judge to enforce an order described in subparagraph e of this section paragraph that has previously been issued by appropriate authority.

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- 2. An appeal of an order or ruling may not be taken unless the trial counsel provides the military judge with written notice of appeal from the order or ruling within seventy-two (72) hours of the order or ruling. Such notice shall include a certification by the trial counsel that the appeal is not taken for the purpose of delay and, if the order or ruling appealed is one which excludes evidence, that the evidence excluded is substantial proof of a fact material in the proceeding.
- 3. An appeal under this article section shall be diligently prosecuted as provided by law.
- B. An appeal under this article section shall be forwarded to the court prescribed in Section 76 of this act Court of Criminal Appeals. In ruling on an appeal under this article section, that court the Court of Criminal Appeals may act only with respect to matters of law.
- C. Any period of delay resulting from an appeal under this article section shall be excluded in deciding any issue regarding denial of a speedy trial unless an appropriate authority determines that the appeal was filed solely for the purpose of delay with the knowledge that it was totally frivolous and without merit.
- SECTION 51. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3306, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3306. A. Each general and special court-martial case in which there has been a finding of guilty shall be reviewed by the

senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate, or a designee. The senior

force <u>component</u> judge advocate, or designee, may not review a case

under this subsection if that person has acted in the same case as

an accuser, investigating officer, member of the court, military

judge, or counsel or has otherwise acted on behalf of the

prosecution or defense. The senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate's

review shall be in writing and shall contain the following:

1. Conclusions as to whether:

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- a. the court had jurisdiction over the accused and the offense,
- b. the charge and specification stated an offense, and
- c. the sentence was within the limits prescribed as a matter of law;
- 2. A response to each allegation of error made in writing by the accused; and
- 3. If the case is sent for action under subsection B of this section, a recommendation as to the appropriate action to be taken and an opinion as to whether corrective action is required as a matter of law.
- B. The record of trial and related documents in each case reviewed under subsection A of this section shall be sent for action to the Adjutant General, if:
- 1. The judge advocate who reviewed the case recommends corrective action;

- 2. The sentence approved under Section 68 3302 of this act title extends to dismissal, a bad-conduct or dishonorable discharge, or confinement for more than six (6) months; or
- 3. Such action is otherwise required by regulations of the Adjutant General the state manual for courts-martial.
  - C. 1. The Adjutant General may:
    - a. <u>disapprove approve</u> or <u>approve disapprove</u> the findings or sentence, in whole or in part,
    - b. remit, commute, or suspend the sentence in whole or in part,
    - c. except where the evidence was insufficient at the trial to support the findings, order a rehearing on the findings, on the sentence, or on both, or
    - d. dismiss the charges.
- 2. If a rehearing is ordered but the convening authority finds a rehearing impracticable, the convening authority shall dismiss the charges.
- 3. If the opinion of the senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate, or designee, in the senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate's review under subsection A of this section is that corrective action is required as a matter of law and if the Adjutant General does not take action that is at least as favorable to the accused as that recommended by the judge advocate, the record of trial and action

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- thereon shall be sent to the Governor for review and action as deemed appropriate.
  - D. The senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate, or a designee, may review any case in which there has been a finding of not guilty of all charges and specifications. The senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate, or designee, may not review a case under this subsection if that person has acted in the same case as an accuser, investigating officer, member of the court, military judge, or counsel or has otherwise acted on behalf of the prosecution or defense. The senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate's review shall be limited to questions of subject matter jurisdiction.
  - E. The record of trial and related documents in each case reviewed under subsection D of this section shall be sent for action to the Adjutant General. The Adjutant General may:
  - 1. When subject matter jurisdiction is found to be lacking, void the court-martial ab initio, with or without prejudice to the government, as the Adjutant General deems appropriate; or
  - 2. Return the record of trial and related documents to the senior force <a href="component">component</a> judge advocate for appeal by the government as provided by law.
- 21 SECTION 52. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3310, is 22 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3310. Decisions of a court-martial are from a court

  with jurisdiction to issue felony convictions and appeals are to the

- 1 | court provided by the law of the state in which the court-martial
- 2 | was held The Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals shall have exclusive
- 3 | appellate jurisdiction in all cases appealed from a court-martial
- 4 proceeding conducted pursuant to this code, whether such a
- 5 | proceeding occurred within or without the geographical boundaries of
- 6 | the State of Oklahoma. The appellate procedures to be followed
- 7 | shall be those provided by law for the appeal of criminal cases
- 8 thereto.
- 9 SECTION 53. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3313, is
- 10 | amended to read as follows:
- 11 Section 3313. A. The senior force component judge advocate
- 12 | shall detail a judge advocate as appellate government counsel to
- 13 represent the state in the review or appeal of cases specified in
- 14 | Section 76 3310 of this act title and before any federal court when
- 15 requested to do so by the state Oklahoma Attorney General.
- 16 Appellate government counsel must shall be a member in good standing
- 17 of the bar of the highest court of the state to which the appeal is
- 18 taken Oklahoma Bar Association.
- B. Upon an appeal by the state, an accused has the right to be
- 20 represented by detailed military counsel before any reviewing
- 21 authority and before any appellate court.
- 22 C. Upon the appeal by an accused, the accused has the right to
- 23 be represented by military counsel before any reviewing authority.

- D. Upon the request of an accused entitled to be so represented, the senior force <u>component</u> judge advocate shall appoint a judge advocate to represent the accused in the review or appeal of cases specified in subsections B and C of this section.
- E. An accused may be represented by civilian appellate counsel at no expense to the state.

SECTION 54. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3314, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3314. A. If the sentence of the court-martial extends to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge and if the right of the accused to appellate review is not waived, and an appeal is not withdrawn under Section 69 3303 of this act title, that part of the sentence extending to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge may not be executed until there is a final judgment as to the legality of the proceedings. A judgment as to the legality of the proceedings is final in such cases when review is completed by an appellate court prescribed in Section 76 of this act the Oklahoma Court of Criminal Appeals, and is deemed final by the law of the state where the judgment was had under Oklahoma law.

B. If the sentence of the court-martial extends to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge and if the right of the accused to appellate review is waived, or an appeal is withdrawn under Section 69 3303 of this act title, that part of the sentence extending to dismissal or a dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge

may not be executed until review of the case by the senior force

component judge advocate and any action on that review under Section

72 3306 of this act title is completed. Any other part of a court
martial sentence may be ordered executed by the convening authority

or other person acting on the case under Section 68 3302 of this act

title when so approved under that article section.

SECTION 55. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3318, is amended to read as follows:

in the state manual for courts-martial, all rights, privileges, and property affected by an executed part of a court-martial sentence which has been set aside or disapproved, except an executed dismissal or discharge, shall be restored unless a new trial or rehearing is ordered and such executed part is included in a sentence imposed upon the new trial or rehearing.

- B. If a previously executed sentence of dishonorable or badconduct discharge is not imposed on a new trial, the Governor may
  substitute therefor a form of discharge authorized for
  administrative issuance unless the accused is to serve out the
  remainder of the accused's enlistment.
- C. If a previously executed sentence of dismissal is not imposed on a new trial, the Governor may substitute therefor a form of discharge authorized for administrative issue, and the commissioned officer dismissed by that sentence may be reappointed

- by the Governor alone to such commissioned grade and with such rank
  as in the opinion of the Governor that former officer would have
  attained had he or she not been dismissed. The reappointment of
  such a former officer shall be without regard to the existence of a
  vacancy and shall affect the promotion status of other officers only
  insofar as the Governor may direct. All time between the dismissal
  and the reappointment shall be considered as actual service for all
- 9 SECTION 56. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3319, is 10 amended to read as follows:

purposes, including the right to pay and allowances.

- 11 Section 3319. The appellate review of records of trial provided 12 by this code, the proceedings, findings, and sentences of courts-13 martial as approved, reviewed, or affirmed as required by this code, 14 and all dismissals and discharges carried into execution under 15 sentences by courts-martial following approval, review, or 16 affirmation as required by this code, are final and conclusive. 17 Orders publishing the proceedings of courts-martial and all action 18 taken pursuant to those proceedings are binding upon all 19 departments, courts, agencies, and officers of the United States and 20 the several states, subject only to action upon a petition for a new 21 trial as provided in Section 82 3316 of this act title and to action 22 under Section 83 3317 of this act title.
- SECTION 57. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3320, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3320. Under regulations prescribed in the state manual for courts-martial, an accused who has been sentenced by a court-martial may be required to take leave pending completion of action under this article section if the sentence, as approved under

Section 68 3302 of this act title, includes an unsuspended dismissal or an unsuspended dishonorable or bad-conduct discharge. The accused may be required to begin such leave on the date on which the sentence is approved under Section 68 3302 of this act title or at any time after such date, and such leave may be continued until the date on which action under this article section is completed or may be terminated at any earlier time.

SECTION 58. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3321, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3321. A. Persons incompetent to stand trial.

1. In the case of a person determined under this code to be No person accused of violating a punitive section under this code shall be brought to trial by a general or special court-martial if that person is presently suffering from a mental disease or defect rendering the person him or her mentally incompetent to the extent that the person he or she is unable to understand the nature of the proceedings against that person him or her or to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the general court-martial convening authority for that person shall commit the person to the custody of the state Attorney General.

1 2. The state Attorney General shall take action in accordance 2 with the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand 3 trial. If at the end of the period for hospitalization provided for 4 in the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand 5 trial, it is determined that the committed person's mental condition has not so improved as to permit the trial to proceed, action shall 6 7 be taken in accordance with the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial. 8 9 3. a. When the director of a facility in which a person is 10 hospitalized pursuant to paragraph 2 of this section

- hospitalized pursuant to paragraph 2 of this section determines that the person has recovered to such an extent that the person is able to understand the nature of the proceedings against the person and to conduct or cooperate intelligently in the defense of the case, the director shall promptly transmit a notification of that determination to the state

  Attorney General and to the general court-martial convening authority for the person. The director shall send a copy of the notification to the person's counsel.
- b. Upon receipt of a notification, the general courtmartial convening authority shall promptly take
  custody of the person unless the person covered by the
  notification is no longer subject to this code. If

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the person is no longer subject to this code, the state Attorney General shall take any action within the authority of the state Attorney General that the state Attorney General considers appropriate regarding the person.

- person for not more than thirty (30) days after

  transmitting the notifications required by

  subparagraph a of paragraph 3 of this subsection.
- 4. In the application of the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial to a case under this subsection, references to the court that ordered the commitment of a person, and to the clerk of such court, shall be deemed to refer to the general court-martial convening authority for that person. However, if the person is no longer subject to this code at a time relevant to the application of such article to the person, the state trial court with felony jurisdiction in the county where the person is hospitalized or otherwise may be found shall be considered as the court that ordered the commitment of the person.
- B. Persons found not guilty by reason of lack of mental responsibility.
- 1. If a person is found by a court-martial not guilty only by reason of lack of mental responsibility, the person shall be

committed to a suitable facility until the person is eligible for release in accordance with this article.

- 2. The court-martial shall conduct a hearing on the mental condition in accordance with the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial.
- 3. A report of the results of the hearing shall be made to the general court-martial convening authority for the person.
- 4. If the court-martial fails to find by the standard specified in the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial, that the person's release would not create a substantial risk of bodily injury to another person or serious damage of property of another due to a present mental disease or defect:
  - a. the general court-martial convening authority may
    commit the person to the custody of the state Attorney
    General, and
  - b. the state's Attorney General shall take action in accordance with the state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial.
- 5. The state statute applicable to persons incompetent to stand trial shall apply in the case of a person hospitalized pursuant to subparagraph b of paragraph 4 of this subsection, except that the state trial court with felony jurisdiction in the county where the person is hospitalized shall be considered as the court that ordered the person's commitment.

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C. General provisions.

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1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection D of this section, the state statute most closely comparable to 18 U.S.C., Section 4247(d), applies in the administration of this article.

2. In the application of the state statute most closely comparable to 18 U.S.C., Section 4247(d), to hearings conducted by a court-martial under this article or by order of a general court-martial convening authority under this article, the reference in that article to article 3006A of such title does not apply.

D. Applicability.

1. The state statute most closely comparable to Chapter 313 of Title 18, United States Code (10 U.S.C., Section 4241 et seq.) referred to in this article applies according to the provisions of this article notwithstanding article 4247(j) of Title 18.

2. If the status of a person as described in article 2 terminates while the person is, pursuant to this article, in the custody of the state Attorney General, hospitalized, or on conditional release under a prescribed regimen of medical, psychiatric, or psychological care or treatment, the provisions of this article establishing requirements and procedures regarding a person no longer subject to this code shall continue to apply to that person notwithstanding the change of status.

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- B. A person is presumed to have the capacity to stand trial
- 2 <u>unless the contrary is established.</u>
  - C. The procedure for determining mental competence shall be established in the state manual for courts-martial.
- 5 SECTION 59. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3331, is 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 Section 3331. Any person subject to this code who:
- 8 1. Commits an offense punishable by this code, or aids, abets, 9 counsels, commands, or procures its commission; or
- 2. Causes an act to be done which if directly performed by him

  or her would be punishable by this code,
- 12 | is a principal.

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- SECTION 60. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3336, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3336. A. Any person subject to this code who solicits or advises another or others to desert in violation of Section 96

    3339 of this act title or mutiny in violation of Section 105 3348 of this act title shall, if the offense solicited or advised is attempted or committed, be punished with the punishment provided for the commission of the offense, but, if the offense solicited or advised is not committed or attempted, the person shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- B. Any person subject to this code who solicits or advises
  another or others to commit an act of misbehavior before the enemy

- 1 in violation of Section  $\frac{110}{2353}$  of this  $\frac{1}{2000}$  or sedition in
- 2 violation of Section  $\frac{105}{3348}$  of this  $\frac{105}{3348}$  of the
- 3 offense solicited or advised is committed, be punished with the
- 4 punishment provided for the commission of the offense, but, if the
- 5 offense solicited or advised is not committed, the person shall be
- 6 punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 7 | SECTION 61. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3337, is
- 8 amended to read as follows:
- 9 Section 3337. Any person who:
- 10 1. Procures his or her own enlistment or appointment in the
- 11 | state military forces by knowingly false representation or
- 12 deliberate concealment as to his or her qualifications for that
- 13 enlistment or appointment and receives pay or allowances thereunder;
- 14 or
- 2. Procures his or her own separation from the state military
- 16 | forces by knowingly false representation or deliberate concealment
- 17 as to his or her eligibility for that separation,
- 18 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 19 | SECTION 62. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3338, is
- 20 amended to read as follows:
- 21 Section 3338. Any person subject to this code who effects an
- 22 enlistment or appointment in or a separation from the state military
- 23 | forces of any person who is known to him or her to be ineligible for
- 24 that enlistment, appointment or separation because it is prohibited

- by law, regulation or order shall be punished as a court-martial may
  direct.
- 3 SECTION 63. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3339, is 4 amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3339. A. Any member of the state military forces who:
  - 1. Without authority goes or remains absent from his <u>or her</u> unit, organization, or place of duty with intent to remain away therefrom permanently;
  - 2. Quits his <u>or her</u> unit, organization, or place of duty with intent to avoid hazardous duty or to shirk important service; or
  - 3. Without being regularly separated from one of the state military forces enlists or accepts an appointment in the same or another one of the state military forces, or in one of the armed forces of the United States, without fully disclosing the fact that he or she has not been regularly separated, or enters any foreign armed service except when authorized by the United States, is guilty of desertion.
  - B. Any commissioned officer of the state military forces who, after tender of his <u>or her</u> resignation and before notice of its acceptance, quits his <u>or her</u> post or proper duties without leave and with intent to remain away therefrom permanently is guilty of desertion.
- C. Any person found guilty of desertion or attempt to desert shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of war, by

- 1 | confinement of not more than ten (10) years or such other punishment
- 2 | as a court-martial may direct, but if the desertion or attempt to
- 3 desert occurs at any other time, by such punishment as a court-
- 4 martial may direct.
- 5 SECTION 64. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3340, is
- 6 amended to read as follows:
- 7 Section 3340. Any person subject to this code who, without
- 8 authority:
- 9 1. Fails to go to his or her appointed place of duty at the
- 10 | time prescribed,
- 11 | 2. Goes from that place; or
- 3. Absents himself or herself or remains absent from his or her
- 13 unit, organization, or place of duty at which he or she is required
- 14 to be at the time prescribed,
- 15 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 16 | SECTION 65. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3341, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 Section 3341. Any person subject to this code who through
- 19 | neglect or design misses the movement of a ship, aircraft or unit
- 20 | with which he or she is required in the course of duty to move shall
- 21 be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 22 SECTION 66. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3343, is
- 23 amended to read as follows:

Section 3343. Any person subject to this code who behaves with disrespect toward his <u>or her</u> superior commissioned officer shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 67. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3344, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3344. Any person subject to this code who:

- 1. Strikes his <u>or her</u> superior commissioned officer or draws or lifts up any weapon or offers any violence against him <u>or her</u> while he or she is in the execution of his or her office; or
- 2. Willfully disobeys a lawful command of his <u>or her</u> superior commissioned officer,

shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of war, by confinement of not more than ten (10) years or such other punishment as a court-martial may direct, and if the offense is committed at any other time, by such punishment as a court-martial may direct.

SECTION 68. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3345, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3345. Any warrant officer or enlisted member who:

- 1. Strikes or assaults a warrant officer, or noncommissioned officer, or petty officer, while that officer is in the execution of his or her office;
- 22 2. Willfully disobeys the lawful order of a warrant officer, or noncommissioned officer, or petty officer; or

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- 1 3. Treats with contempt or is disrespectful in language or
- 2 deportment toward a warrant officer  $\sigma$  or noncommissioned officer  $\sigma$
- 3 petty officer, while that officer is in the execution of his or her
- 4 office,
- 5 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 6 SECTION 69. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3346, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Section 3346. Any person subject to this code who:
- 9 1. Violates or fails to obey any lawful general order or
- 10 | regulation;
- 11 2. Having knowledge of any other lawful order issued by a
- 12 member of the state military forces, which it is his or her duty to
- 13 obey, fails to obey the order; or
- 3. Is derelict in the performance of his or her duties,
- 15 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 16 | SECTION 70. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3347, is
- 17 amended to read as follows:
- 18 Section 3347. Any person subject to this code who is guilty of
- 19 | cruelty toward, or oppression or maltreatment of, any person subject
- 20 to his or her orders shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 21 direct.
- 22 | SECTION 71. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3348, is
- 23 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3348. A. Any person subject to this code who:

- 1. With intent to usurp or override lawful military authority, refuses, in concert with any other person, to obey orders or otherwise do his <u>or her</u> duty or creates any violence or disturbance is quilty of mutiny;
- 2. With intent to cause the overthrow or destruction of lawful civil authority, creates, in concert with any other person, revolt, violence, or other disturbance against that authority is guilty of sedition; or
- 3. Fails to do his <u>or her</u> utmost to prevent and suppress a mutiny or sedition being committed in his <u>or her</u> presence, or fails to take all reasonable means to inform his <u>or her</u> superior commissioned officer or commanding officer of a mutiny or sedition which he <u>or she</u> knows or has reason to believe is taking place, is guilty of a failure to suppress or report a mutiny or sedition.
- B. A person who is found guilty of attempted mutiny, mutiny, sedition, or failure to suppress or report a mutiny or sedition shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- SECTION 72. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3350, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3350. Any person subject to this code who, without proper authority, releases any prisoner committed to his or her charge, or who through neglect or design suffers any such prisoner to escape, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct, whether or not the prisoner was committed in strict compliance with law.

- 1 SECTION 73. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3353, is
- 2 | amended to read as follows:
- 3 Section 3353. Any person subject to this code who before or in
- 4 | the presence of the enemy:
  - 1. Runs away;
- 6 2. Shamefully abandons, surrenders, or delivers up any command,
- 7 unit, place, or military property which it is his or her duty to
- 8 defend;

- 9 3. Through disobedience, neglect, or intentional misconduct
- 10 endangers the safety of any such command, unit, place, or military
- 11 | property;
- 12 4. Casts away his or her arms or ammunition;
- 13 | 5. Is guilty of cowardly conduct;
- 6. Quits his or her place of duty to plunder or pillage;
- 7. Causes false alarms in any command, unit, or place under
- 16 | control of the armed forces of the United States or the state
- 17 | military forces;
- 8. Willfully fails to do his or her utmost to encounter,
- 19 engage, capture, or destroy any enemy troops, combatants, vessels,
- 20 aircraft, or any other thing, which it is his or her duty so to
- 21 encounter, engage, capture, or destroy; or
- 9. Does not afford all practicable relief and assistance to any
- 23 troops, combatants, vessels, or aircraft of the armed forces

- 1 | belonging to the United States or their allies, to the state, or to
- 2 any other state, when engaged in battle,
- 3 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 4 | SECTION 74. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3355, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 Section 3355. Any person subject to this code who in time of
- 7 | war discloses the parole or countersign to any person not entitled
- 8 to receive it or who gives to another, who is entitled to receive
- 9 and use the parole or countersign, a different parole or countersign
- 10 | from that which, to his or her knowledge, he or she was authorized
- 11 and required to give, shall be punished as a court-martial may
- 12 direct.
- 13 SECTION 75. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3357, is
- 14 | amended to read as follows:
- 15 Section 3357. A. All persons subject to this code shall secure
- 16 | all public property taken for the service of the United States or
- 17 | the state, and shall give notice and turn over to the proper
- 18 | authority without delay all captured or abandoned property in their
- 19 possession, custody, or control.
- B. Any person subject to this code who:
- 1. Fails to carry out the duties prescribed in subsection A of
- 22 | this section;
- 23 2. Buys, sells, trades, or in any way deals in or disposes of
- 24 taken, captured, or abandoned property, whereby he or she receives

- or expects any profit, benefit, or advantage to himself <u>or herself</u>
  or another directly or indirectly connected with himself <u>or herself</u>;
- 3 or
- 4 3. Engages in looting or pillaging,
- 5 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 6 SECTION 76. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3359, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 Section 3359. Any person subject to this code who, while in the
- 9 hands of the enemy in time of war:
- 10 1. For the purpose of securing favorable treatment by his or
- 11 her captors acts without proper authority in a manner contrary to
- 12 | law, custom, or regulation, to the detriment of others of whatever
- 13 | nationality held by the enemy as civilian or military prisoners; or
- 2. While in a position of authority over such persons maltreats
- 15 | them without justifiable cause,
- 16 | shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 17 | SECTION 77. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3360, is
- 18 | amended to read as follows:
- 19 Section 3360. A. Any person subject to this code who
- 20 wrongfully takes, obtains, or withholds, by any means, from the
- 21 possession of the owner or of any other person any money, personal
- 22 property, or value of any kind:
- 1. With intent permanently to deprive or defraud another person
- 24 of the use and benefit of property or to appropriate it to his or

- 1 her own use or the use of any person other than the owner, steals
  2 that property and is guilty of larceny; or
  - 2. With intent temporarily to deprive or defraud another person of the use and benefit of property or to appropriate it to his or <a href="her">her</a> own use or the use of any person other than the owner, is guilty of wrongful appropriation.
  - B. Any person found guilty of larceny or wrongful appropriation shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
  - SECTION 78. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3361, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3361. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform State Code of Military Justice who willfully and unlawfully alters, conceals, removes, mutilates, obliterates, destroys, or takes with the intent to alter, conceal, remove, mutilate, obliterate, or destroy, a certain public record, and whose conduct, under the circumstances, was to the prejudice of good order and discipline in the armed forces or was of a nature to bring discredit upon the armed forces, shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
  - SECTION 79. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3366, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3366. Any person subject to the Oklahoma Uniform State

  Code of Military Justice who engages in wrongful and reckless or

  wanton conduct likely to produce death or grievous bodily harm, and

  whose conduct, under the circumstances, was to the prejudice of good

- 1 order and discipline in the armed forces or was of a nature to bring
- 2 discredit upon the armed forces, shall be punished as a court-
- 3 | martial may direct.
- 4 SECTION 80. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3369, is
- 5 amended to read as follows:
- 6 Section 3369. Any sentinel or look-out who is found drunk or
- 7 | sleeping upon his or her post or leaves it before being regularly
- 8 | relieved, shall be punished, if the offense is committed in time of
- 9 war, by confinement of not more than ten (10) years or other
- 10 punishment as a court-martial may direct, but if the offense is
- 11 | committed at any other time, by such punishment as a court-martial
- 12 | may direct.
- 13 SECTION 81. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3376, is
- 14 | amended to read as follows:
- 15 Section 3376. Any person subject to the Uniform State Code of
- 16 | Military Justice this code who:
- 17 | 1. Wrongfully makes, alters, counterfeits, or tampers with a
- 18 | military or official pass, permit, discharge certificate, or
- 19 | identification:
- 20 2. Wrongfully sells, gifts, lends or disposes of a military or
- 21 official pass, permit, discharge certificate, or identification
- 22 | card; or

1	3. Wrongfully uses or possesses a false or unauthorized			
2	military or official pass, permit, discharge certificate, or			
3	identification card,			
4	shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.			
5	SECTION 82. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3377, is			
6	amended to read as follows:			
7	Section 3377. RESERVED. A. Any person subject to this code			
8	who:			
9	1. Commits a sexual act upon another person by:			
10	a. threatening or placing that other person in fear,			
11	b. causing bodily harm to that other person,			
12	c. making a fraudulent representation that the sexual act			
13	serves a professional purpose, or			
14	d. inducing a belief by any artifice, pretense or			
15	concealment that the person is another person;			
16	2. Commits a sexual act upon another person when the person			
17	knows or reasonably should know that the other person is asleep,			
18	unconscious or otherwise unaware that the sexual act is occurring;			
19	<u>or</u>			
20	3. Commits a sexual act upon another person when the other			
21	person is incapable of consenting to the sexual act due to:			
22	a. impairment by any drug, intoxicant or other similar			
23	substance, and that condition is known or reasonably			
24	should be known by the person, or			

b. a mental disease or defect, or physical disability,
and that condition is known or reasonably should be
known by the person,

is guilty of sexual assault and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.

- B. Any person subject to this code who commits or causes sexual contact upon or by another person if to do so would violate Section

  1111 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes, had the sexual contact

  been a sexual act as defined in subsection F of this section, is

  guilty of aggravated sexual contact and shall be punished as a

  court-martial may direct.
- C. Any person subject to this code who commits or causes sexual contact upon or by another person if to do so would violate subsection A of this section, had the sexual contact been a sexual act, is guilty of abusive sexual contact and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- D. In a prosecution under this section, in proving that a person made a threat it need not be proven that the person actually intended to carry out the threat or had the ability to carry out the threat.
- E. An accused may raise any applicable defenses available under this code or the rules for court-martial published in the state manual for courts-martial or, in the event such a manual has not been published, the latest edition of the federal manual for courts-

1 martial. Marriage is not a defense for any conduct in issue at any 2 prosecution under this section. 3 F. In this section the following terms shall be defined as 4 follows: 5 1. "Sexual act" means: contact between the penis and the vulva or anus or 6 a. 7 mouth, and for purposes of this code contact involving the penis occurs upon penetration, however slight, or 8 9 the penetration, however slight, of the vulva or anus b. 10 or mouth of another by any part of the body or by any 11 object, with an intent to abuse, humiliate, harass or 12 degrade any person or to arouse or gratify the sexual 1.3 desire of any person; 14 2. "Sexual contact" means: 15 touching, or causing another person to touch, either a. 16 directly or through the clothing, the genitalia, anus, 17 groin, breast, inner thigh or buttocks of any person, 18 with an intent to abuse, humiliate or degrade any 19 person, or 20 any touching, or causing another person to touch, b. 2.1 either directly or through the clothing, any body part 22 of any person, if done with an intent to arouse or

gratify the sexual desire of any person.

Touching may be accomplished by any part of the body;

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1	3. "Bodily harm" means any offensive touching of another,
2	however slight, including any nonconsensual sexual act or
3	nonconsensual sexual contact;

- 4. "Grievous bodily harm" means serious bodily injury. It includes fractured or dislocated bones, deep cuts, torn members of the body, serious damage to internal organs, and other severe bodily injuries. It does not include minor injuries such as a black eye or a bloody nose;
  - 5. "Force" means:
    - a. the use of a weapon,
    - b. the use of such physical strength or violence as is sufficient to overcome, restrain or injure a person, or
    - c. inflicting physical harm sufficient to coerce or compel submission by the victim;
- 6. "Unlawful force" means an act of force done without legal justification or excuse;
- 7. "Threatening or placing that other person in fear" means a communication or action that is of sufficient consequence to cause a reasonable fear that noncompliance will result in the victim or another person being subjected to the wrongful action contemplated by the communication or action; and

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1	8. "Cons	ent" means a freely given agreement to the conduct at
2	issue by a co	mpetent person. An expression of lack of consent
3	through words	or conduct means there is no consent.
4	<u>a.</u>	Lack of verbal or physical resistance or submission
5		resulting from the use of force, threat of force or
6		placing another person in fear does not constitute
7		<pre>consent.</pre>
8	<u>b.</u>	A current or previous dating or social or sexual
9		relationship by itself does not constitute consent.
10	<u>C.</u>	The manner of dress of the person involved with the
11		accused in the conduct at issue does not constitute
12		consent.
13	<u>d.</u>	A sleeping, unconscious, or incompetent person cannot
14		consent.
15	<u>e.</u>	A person cannot consent to force causing or likely to
16		cause death or grievous bodily harm or to being
17		rendered unconscious.
18	<u>f.</u>	A person cannot consent while under threat or in fear
19		or under the circumstances described in subparagraphs
20		c and d of paragraph 1 of subsection A of this
21		section.
22	<u>g.</u>	Lack of consent may be inferred based on the
23		circumstances of the offense.
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1 All the surrounding circumstances are to be considered h. 2 in determining whether a person gave consent, or 3 whether a person did not resist or ceased to resist only because of another person's actions. 4 SECTION 83. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3378, is 5 amended to read as follows: 6 7 Section 3378. RESERVED. A. Any person subject to this code: 1. Who wrongfully engages in a course of conduct directed at a 8 9 specific person that would cause a reasonable person to fear death 10 or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself or a 11 member of his or her immediate family; 12 2. Who has knowledge, or should have knowledge, that the 13 specific person will be placed in reasonable fear of death or bodily 14 harm, including sexual assault, to himself or herself or a member of 15 his or her immediate family; and 16 3. Whose acts induce reasonable fear in the specific person of 17 death or bodily harm, including sexual assault, to himself or 18 herself or to a member of his or her immediate family, 19 is quilty of stalking and shall be punished as a court-martial may

B. In this section the following terms shall be defined as follows:

1. "Course of conduct" means:

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direct.

- - b. a repeated conveyance of verbal threat, written
    threats or threats implied by conduct, or a
    combination of such threats, directed at or toward a
    specific person;
  - 2. "Repeated", with respect to conduct, means two or more occasions of such conduct; and
  - 3. "Immediate family", in the case of a specific person, means a spouse, parent, child or sibling of the person, or any other family member, relative or intimate partner of the person who regularly resides in the household of the person or who within the six (6) months preceding the commencement of the course of conduct regularly resided in the household of the person.
  - SECTION 84. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3379, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 3379. RESERVED. A. Any person subject to this code who, without legal justification or lawful authorization:
  - 1. Knowingly and wrongfully views the private area of another person without that other person's consent and under circumstances in which that other person has a reasonable expectation of privacy;
  - 2. Knowingly photographs, videotapes, films or records by any means the private area of another person without that other person's

1 consent and under circumstances in which that other person has a reasonable expectation of privacy; or

- 3. Knowingly broadcasts or distributes any such recording that the person knew or reasonably should have known was made under the circumstances proscribed in paragraphs 1 and 2 of this subsection, is guilty of an offense under this section and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- B. Any person subject to this code who compels another person to engage in an act of prostitution with any person is guilty of forcible pandering and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- C. Any person subject to this code who intentionally exposes, in an indecent manner, the genitalia, anus, buttocks or female areola or nipple is guilty of indecent exposure and shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- D. In this section the following terms shall be defined as follows:
- 1. "Act of prostitution" means a sexual act or sexual contact as defined in subsection F of Section 3377 of this title on account of which anything of value is given to, or received by, any person;
- 2. "Private area" means the naked or underwear-clad genitalia, anus, buttocks or female areola or nipple;
- 23 3. "Under circumstances in which that other person has a reasonable expectation of privacy" means:

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- 1 circumstances in which a reasonable person would a. 2 believe that he or she could disrobe in privacy, 3 without being concerned that an image of a private 4 area of the person was being captured, or 5 circumstances in which a reasonable person would b. believe that a private area of the person would not be 6 7 visible to the public; 4. "Broadcast" means to electronically transmit a visual image 8 with the intent that it be viewed by a person or persons; 9 10
  - 5. "Distribute" means delivering to the actual or constructive possession of another, including transmission by electronic means; and
  - 6. "Indecent manner" means conduct that amounts to a form of immorality relating to sexual impurity which is grossly vulgar, obscene and repugnant to common propriety and tends to excite sexual desire or deprave morals with respect to sexual relations.
- SECTION 85. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3380, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3380. RESERVED. Any person subject to this code who is a commissioned or warrant officer and:
  - 1. Who fraternizes on terms of military equality with one or more certain enlisted members in a certain manner;
- 23 <u>2. Who then knows the person or persons to be an enlisted</u>
  24 person or persons;

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- 3. Who, through such fraternization, knowingly violates the
  custom of the United States Army, if a member of the army component
  of the state military forces, or the custom of the United States Air
  Force, if a member of the air force component of the state military
  forces, that officers shall not fraternize with enlisted members on
- 6 terms of equality; and

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- 4. Under the circumstances, the conduct of the accused was to
  the prejudice of good order and discipline in the state military
  forces or of a nature to bring discredit upon the state military
  forces,
- 11 shall be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- SECTION 86. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3389, is amended to read as follows:
- 14 Section 3389. Any person subject to this code:
  - 1. Who, knowing it to be false or fraudulent:
    - a. makes any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer thereof, or
    - b. presents to any person in the civil or military service thereof, for approval or payment, any claim against the United States, the state, or any officer thereof;
- 22 2. Who, for the purpose of obtaining the approval, allowance,
  23 or payment of any claim against the United States, the state, or any
  24 officer thereof:

- makes or uses any writing or other paper knowing it to contain any false or fraudulent statements,
- b. makes any oath, affirmation or certification to any fact or to any writing or other paper knowing the oath, affirmation or certification to be false, or
- forges or counterfeits any signature upon any writing C. or other paper, or uses any such signature knowing it to be forged or counterfeited;
- 3. Who, having charge, possession, custody, or control of any money, or other property of the United States or the state, furnished or intended for the armed forces of the United States or the state military forces, knowingly delivers to any person having authority to receive it, any amount thereof less than that for which he or she receives a certificate or receipt; or
- 4. Who, being authorized to make or deliver any paper certifying the receipt of any property of the United States or the state, furnished or intended for the armed forces of the United States or the state military forces, makes or delivers to any person such writing without having full knowledge of the truth of the statements therein contained and with intent to defraud the United States or the state,
- 22 shall, upon conviction, be punished as a court-martial may direct.
- 23 SECTION 87. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3390, is 24 amended to read as follows:

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Section 3390. Any commissioned officer, cadet, <u>or officer</u>

candidate <del>or midshipman</del> who is convicted of conduct unbecoming an

officer and a gentleman shall be punished as a court-martial may

direct.

SECTION 88. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3391, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3391. Though not specifically mentioned in this code, all disorders and neglects to the prejudice of good order and discipline in the state military forces and all conduct of a nature to bring discredit upon the state military forces shall be taken cognizance of by a court-martial and punished at the discretion of a military court. However, where a crime constitutes an offense that violates both this code and the criminal laws of the state where the offense occurs or criminal laws of the United States, jurisdiction of the military court must be determined in accordance with Section 3 3202 of this act title.

SECTION 89. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3393, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3393. A. The following persons may administer oaths for the purposes of military administration, including military justice:

- 1. All judge advocates;
- 2. All summary courts-martial;

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- 3. All adjutants, assistant adjutants, acting adjutants, and personnel adjutants; or
  - 4. All commanding officers of the naval militia; or
  - 5. All other persons designated by regulations of the armed forces of the United States or by statute.
    - B. The following persons may administer oaths necessary in the performance of their duties:
  - 1. The president, military judge, and trial counsel for all general and special courts-martial;
- 2. The president and the counsel for the court of any court of inquiry;
  - 3. All officers designated to take a deposition;
    - 4. All persons detailed to conduct an investigation;
    - 5. All recruiting officers; or
- 6. All other persons designated by regulations of the armed forces of the United States or by statute.
- 17 C. The signature without seal of any such person, together with
  18 the title of his <u>or her</u> office, is prima facie evidence of the
  19 person's authority.
- 20 SECTION 90. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3394, is 21 amended to read as follows:
- Section 3394. A. 1. The <u>articles sections</u> of this <u>code title</u>

  specified in paragraph 3 of this <u>section subsection</u> shall be

  carefully explained to each enlisted member at the time of, or

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- within thirty (30) days after, the member's initial entrance into a duty status with the state military forces.
  - 2. Such articles sections shall be explained again:
    - a. after the member has completed basic or recruit training, and
    - b. at the time when the member reenlists.
- 3. This subsection applies with respect to Sections 3, 4, 9-17, 27, 30, 34, 40, 41, 59, 88-148, and 151-153 3202, 3203, 3211, 3213 through 3218, 3244, 3247, 3252, 3262, 3263, 3291, 3331 through 3380, 3389 through 3391 and 3394 through 3396 of this act title.
- B. The text of the code and of the regulations prescribed under such code shall be made available to a member of the state military forces, upon request by the member, for the member's personal examination.
- SECTION 91. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3395, is amended to read as follows:
- Section 3395. Any member of the state military forces who believes himself or herself wronged by a commanding officer, and who, upon due application to that commanding officer, is refused redress, may complain to any superior commissioned officer, who shall forward the complaint to the officer exercising general courtmartial jurisdiction over the officer against whom it is made. The officer exercising general court-martial jurisdiction shall examine into the complaint and take proper measures for redressing the wrong

complained of; and shall, as soon as possible, send to the Adjutant

General a true statement of that complaint, with the proceedings had

thereon.

SECTION 92. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3396, is amended to read as follows:

Section 3396. A. Whenever complaint is made to any commanding officer that willful damage has been done to the property of any person or that the person's property has been wrongfully taken by members of the state military forces, that person may, under such regulations prescribed in the state manual for courts-martial, convene a board to investigate the complaint. The board shall consist of from one to three commissioned officers and, for the purpose of that investigation, it has power to summon witnesses and examine them upon oath, to receive depositions or other documentary evidence, and to assess the damages sustained against the responsible parties. The assessment of damages made by the board is subject to the approval of the commanding officer, and in the amount approved by that officer shall be charged against the pay of the offenders. The order of the commanding officer directing charges herein authorized is conclusive on any disbursing officer for payment to the injured parties of the damages so assessed and approved.

B. If the offenders cannot be ascertained, but the organization or detachment to which they belong is known, charges totaling the

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- 1 amount of damages assessed and approved may be made in such
- 2 proportion as may be considered just upon the individual members
- 3 | thereof who are shown to have been present at the scene at the time
- 4 | the damages complained of were inflicted, as determined by the
- 5 approved findings of the board.
- 6 | SECTION 93. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3397, is
- 7 amended to read as follows:
- 8 | Section 3397. The Governor may delegate any authority vested in
- 9 the Governor under this code, and provide for the subdelegation of
- 10 any such authority, except the <del>power</del> powers given the Governor by
- 11 | Section 24 3241 and subsection K of Section 3221 of this act title.
- 12 Any delegations of authority carried out pursuant to this section
- 13 | shall be effectuated in writing.
- 14 SECTION 94. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3399, is
- 15 amended to read as follows:
- 16 Section 3399. A. Fines imposed by a military court or through
- 17 | imposition of nonjudicial punishment may shall be paid to the state
- 18 | State of Oklahoma and delivered to the court convening authority or
- 19 his or her designee or in the case of nonjudicial punishment, the
- 20 | imposing officer, or to a person executing their process. Fines may
- 21 be collected in the following manner:
- 22 | 1. By cash or money order;
- 23 2. By retention of any pay or allowances due or to become due
- 24 | the person fined from any state or the United States; or

- 3. By garnishment or levy, together with costs, on the wages, goods, and chattels of a person delinquent in paying a fine, as provided by law.
- B. Any sum so received or retained shall be deposited in the Military Justice Fund or to whomever the court so directs, except that the court may direct that the sum so received or retained be provided to a victim or victims as restitution.
- 8 SECTION 95. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 4001, is 9 amended to read as follows:
  - Section 4001. Any person acting under the provisions of this code, whether as a member of the military or as a civilian, shall be immune from personal liability for any of the acts or omissions which he or she did or failed to do as part of his or her duties under this code.
- SECTION 96. AMENDATORY 44 O.S. 2011, Section 4002, is amended to read as follows:
  - Section 4002. Though not specifically mentioned in this code, all disorders and neglects to the prejudice of good order and discipline in the state military forces, of which persons subject to this code may be guilty, shall be taken cognizance of by a general, special, or summary court-martial according to the nature and degree of the offense and shall be punished at the discretion of that court. However, cognizance may not be taken of, and jurisdiction may shall not be extended to, the crimes of murder, manslaughter,

- 1 rape, rape and sexual assault of a child, robbery, maiming, sodomy,
  2 arson, extortion, burglary, or housebreaking, jurisdiction of which
- 3 is reserved to civil courts.
- 4 SECTION 97. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- 5 | in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 4003 of Title 44, unless there
- 6 | is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- 7 A. It shall be the duty of any justice, judge, judicial
- 8 | referee, corporation commissioner, administrative law judge or
- 9 hearing officer presiding over any civil, criminal or administrative
- 10 proceeding in this state to continue any trial, hearing or other
- 11 | action pending before the court or an administrative forum when a
- 12 party to the pending action or the primary counsel representing a
- 13 party to the pending action is not present at the time the case or
- 14 | matter in question is reached on the docket or schedule by reason of
- 15 | participation in:
- 16 1. Active federal service, as defined in Title 10 of the United
- 17 | States Code;
- 2. Title 32 active duty, as defined in Section 3201 of Title 44
- 19 of the Oklahoma Statutes:
- 3. Service in other reserve components of the Armed Forces of
- 21 | the United States, as defined in Title 10 of the United States Code;
- 22 01
- 4. State active duty, as defined in Section 3201 of Title 44 of
- 24 | the Oklahoma Statutes.

- B. The trial, hearing or other pending action may proceed if the party, without the presence of his or her primary counsel, or the primary counsel, without the presence of the party, declares that the case or matter in question is nevertheless ready to proceed at the scheduled time.
- C. If the primary counsel of a party to the pending action is not present due to military service pursuant to subsection A of this section, the party so affected shall declare under oath that he or she cannot properly proceed with the trial, hearing or other action pending before the court or administrative forum without the presence of the primary counsel.
- D. If a party to the pending action is not present due to military service pursuant to subsection A of this section, his or her legal counsel shall appear and shall state in his or her place that the case or matter in question cannot properly proceed without the presence of the absent party.
- E. Continuances granted pursuant to this section shall remain in effect no longer than ninety (90) calendar days. The justice, judge, judicial referee, corporation commissioner, administrative law judge or hearing officer may, at his or her discretion, continue the proceeding in question in order to carry out the administration of justice. The protections provided to service members in this section shall be available in addition to any protections afforded

- 1 to service members under Section 208.1 of Title 44 of the Oklahoma 2 Statutes.
  - SECTION 98. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 4004 of Title 44, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
  - A. Military publications promulgated or published by or under the authority of the Adjutant General shall be provided to the Secretary of State to be published and indexed as part of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". In the event state or federal law restricts access to a military publication, the requirements of this subsection shall not be applicable. All military publications promulgated or published by a previous Adjutant General shall remain in effect following appointment of the next Adjutant General by the Governor until otherwise modified or rescinded in writing by the newly appointed Adjutant General.
  - B. The Governor, with the advice of the Adjutant General and the senior judge advocates of each force component comprising the Oklahoma National Guard, may approve a state manual for courts—martial. Approval of a state manual shall be accomplished by executive order. For purposes of the Administrative Procedures Act, the state manual for courts—martial shall be considered a military publication and shall be published and indexed as part of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code".

SECTION 99. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 250.4, as amended by Section 12, Chapter 430, O.S.L. 2014 (75 O.S. Supp. 2015, Section 250.4) is amended to read as follows:

Section 250.4 A. 1. Except as is otherwise specifically provided in this subsection, each agency is required to comply with Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act.

- 2. The Corporation Commission shall be required to comply with the provisions of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act except for subsections A, B, C and E of Section 303 of this title and Section 306 of this title. To the extent of any conflict or inconsistency with Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act, pursuant to Section 35 of Article IX of the Oklahoma Constitution, it is expressly declared that Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act is an amendment to and alteration of Sections 18 through 34 of Article IX of the Oklahoma Constitution.
- provisions of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act to the
  extent it exercises its responsibility for military affairs.

  Military publications, as defined in Section 3201 of Title 44 of the
  Oklahoma Statutes, shall be exempt from the provisions of Article I
  and Article II of the Administrative Procedures Act, except as
  provided in Section 251 of Title 75 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

The Oklahoma Military Department shall be exempt from the

4. The Oklahoma Ordnance Works Authority, the Northeast Oklahoma Public Facilities Authority, the Oklahoma Office of

- Homeland Security and the Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma College
  Savings Plan shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative
  Procedures Act.
  - 5. The Transportation Commission and the Department of Transportation shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act to the extent they exercise their authority in adopting standard specifications, special provisions, plans, design standards, testing procedures, federally imposed requirements and generally recognized standards, project planning and programming, and the operation and control of the State Highway System.
  - 6. The Oklahoma State Regents for Higher Education shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act with respect to:
    - a. prescribing standards of higher education,
    - b. prescribing functions and courses of study in each institution to conform to the standards,
    - c. granting of degrees and other forms of academic recognition for completion of the prescribed courses,
    - d. allocation of state-appropriated funds, and
    - e. fees within the limits prescribed by the Legislature.
  - 7. Institutional governing boards within The Oklahoma State System of Higher Education shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act.

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- 8. a. The Commissioner of Public Safety shall be exempt from Sections 303.1, 304, 307.1, 308 and 308.1 of this title insofar as it is necessary to promulgate rules pursuant to the Oklahoma Motor Carrier Safety and Hazardous Materials Transportation Act, to maintain a current incorporation of federal motor carrier safety and hazardous material regulations, or pursuant to Chapter 6 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes, to maintain a current incorporation of federal commercial driver license regulations, for which the Commissioner has no discretion when the state is mandated to promulgate rules identical to federal rules and regulations.
  - b. Such rules may be adopted by the Commissioner and shall be deemed promulgated twenty (20) days after notice of adoption is published in "The Oklahoma Register". Such publication need not set forth the full text of the rule but may incorporate the federal rules and regulations by reference.
  - c. Such copies of promulgated rules shall be filed with the Secretary as required by Section 251 of this title.
  - d. For any rules for which the Commissioner has discretion to allow variances, tolerances or

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modifications from the federal rules and regulations,
the Commissioner shall fully comply with Article I of
the Administrative Procedures Act.

- 9. The Council on Judicial Complaints shall be exempt from Section 306 of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act, with respect to review of the validity or applicability of a rule by an action for declaratory judgment, or any other relief based upon the validity or applicability of a rule, in the district court or by an appellate court. A party aggrieved by the validity or applicability of a rule made by the Council on Judicial Complaints may petition the Court on the Judiciary to review the rules and issue opinions based upon them.
- 10. The Department of Corrections, State Board of Corrections, county sheriffs and managers of city jails shall be exempt from Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act with respect to:
  - a. prescribing internal management procedures for the management of the state prisons, county jails and city jails and for the management, supervision and control of all incarcerated prisoners, and
  - b. prescribing internal management procedures for the management of the probation and parole unit of the Department of Corrections and for the supervision of probationers and parolees.

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- 1 11. The State Board of Education shall be exempt from Article I
  2 of the Administrative Procedures Act with respect to prescribing
  3 subject matter standards as provided for in Section 11-103.6a of
  4 Title 70 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
  - B. As specified, the following agencies or classes of agency activities are not required to comply with the provisions of Article II of the Administrative Procedures Act:
    - 1. The Oklahoma Tax Commission;

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- 2. The Commission for Human Services;
- 3. The Oklahoma Ordnance Works Authority;
- 4. The Corporation Commission;
- 5. The Pardon and Parole Board;
- 6. The Midwestern Oklahoma Development Authority;
- 7. The Grand River Dam Authority;
- 8. The Northeast Oklahoma Public Facilities Authority;
- 16 9. The Council on Judicial Complaints;
- 17 | 10. The Board of Trustees of the Oklahoma College Savings Plan;
- 11. The supervisory or administrative agency of any penal,

  mental, medical or eleemosynary institution, only with respect to

  the institutional supervision, custody, control, care or treatment

  of inmates, prisoners or patients therein; provided, that the

  provisions of Article II shall apply to and govern all

  administrative actions of the Oklahoma Alcohol Prevention, Training,

  Treatment and Rehabilitation Authority;

- 12. The Board of Regents or employees of any university, college, or other institution of higher learning;
- 13. The Oklahoma Horse Racing Commission, its employees or agents only with respect to hearing and notice requirements on the following classes of violations which are an imminent peril to the public health, safety and welfare:
  - a. any rule regarding the running of a race,
  - b. any violation of medication laws and rules,
  - c. any suspension or revocation of an occupation license by any racing jurisdiction recognized by the Commission,
  - d. any assault or other destructive acts within Commission-licensed premises,
  - e. any violation of prohibited devices, laws and rules,
     or
  - f. any filing of false information;
- 14. The Commissioner of Public Safety only with respect to driver license hearings and hearings conducted pursuant to the provisions of Section 2-115 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes;
- 15. The Administrator of the Department of Securities only with respect to hearings conducted pursuant to provisions of the Oklahoma Take-over Disclosure Act of 1985;
- 16. Hearings conducted by a public agency pursuant to Section 24 962 of Title 47 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

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1 17. The Oklahoma Military Department;

- 2 18. The University Hospitals Authority, including all hospitals
  3 or other institutions operated by the University Hospitals
  4 Authority;
  - 19. The Oklahoma Health Care Authority Board and the Administrator of the Oklahoma Health Care Authority; and
  - 20. The Oklahoma Office of Homeland Security.
- 8 SECTION 100. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 251, is 9 amended to read as follows:
  - Section 251. A. 1. Upon the request of the Secretary, each agency shall furnish to the Office a complete set of its permanent rules in such form as is required by the Secretary or as otherwise provided by law.
  - 2. The Secretary shall promulgate rules to ensure the effective administration of the provisions of Article I of the Administrative Procedures Act. The rules shall include, but are not limited to, rules prescribing paper size, numbering system, and the format of documents required to be filed pursuant to the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act or such other requirements as deemed necessary by the Secretary to implement the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act.
  - B. 1. Each agency shall file the number of copies specified by the Secretary of all new rules, and all amendments, revisions or revocations of existing rules attested to by the agency, pursuant to

the provisions of Section 254 of this title, with the Office within thirty (30) calendar days after they become finally adopted.

- 2. An agency filing rules pursuant to the provisions of this subsection:
  - a. shall prepare the rules in plain language which can be easily understood,
  - b. shall not unnecessarily repeat statutory language.

    Whenever it is necessary to refer to statutory

    language in order to effectively convey the meaning of
    a rule interpreting that language, the reference shall

    clearly indicate the portion of the language which is

    statutory and the portion which is the agency's

    amplification or interpretation of that language,
  - c. shall indicate whether a rule is new, amends an existing permanent rule or repeals an existing permanent rule. If a rule amends an existing rule, the rule shall indicate the language to be deleted typed with a line through the language and language to be inserted typed with the new language underscored,
  - d. shall state if the rule supersedes an existing emergency rule,
  - e. shall include a reference to any rule requiring a new or revised form in a note to the rule. The Secretary

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- shall insert that reference in "The Oklahoma Register" as a notation to the affected rule,
- f. shall prepare, in plain language, an analysis of new or amended rules. The analysis shall include but not be limited to a reference to any statute that the rule interprets, any related statute or any related rule,
- g. may include with its rules, brief notes,
  illustrations, findings of facts, and references to
  digests of Supreme Court cases, other court decisions,
  or Attorney General's opinions, and other explanatory
  material. Such material may be included if the
  material is labeled or set forth in a manner which
  clearly distinguishes it from the rules,
- h. shall include other information, in such form and in such manner as is required by the Secretary, and
- i. may change the format of existing rules without any rulemaking action by the agency in order to comply with the standard provisions established by the Secretary for "Code" and "The Oklahoma Register" publication so long as there is no substantive change to the rule.
- C. The Secretary is authorized to determine a numbering system and other standardized format for documents to be filed and may

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refuse to accept for publication any document that does not substantially conform to the promulgated rules of the Secretary.

- D. In order to avoid unnecessary expense, an agency may use the published standards established by organizations and technical societies of recognized national standing, other state agencies, or federal agencies by incorporating the standards or rules in its rules or regulations by reference to the specific issue or issues of publications in which the standards are published, without reproducing the standards in full. The standards shall be readily available to the public for examination at the administrative offices of the agency. In addition, a copy of such standards shall be kept and maintained by the agency pursuant to the provisions of the Preservation of Essential Records Act.
- E. The Secretary shall provide for the publication of all Executive Orders received pursuant to the provisions of Section 664 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- F. The Secretary may authorize or require the filing of rules or Executive Orders by or through electronic data or machine readable equipment in such form and manner as is required by the Secretary.
- G. The Secretary shall provide for the publication of all military publications received pursuant to the provisions of Section 98 of this act.

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H. In consultation with the Adjutant General, the Secretary is
authorized to determine a numbering system and other standardized
format for military documents to be filed and may authorize or
require the filing of military publications by or through electronic
data or machine-readable equipment in such form and manner as is
required by the Secretary.

SECTION 101. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 255, is amended to read as follows:

Section 255. A. 1. The Secretary is hereby authorized, directed, and empowered to publish "The Oklahoma Register" not less than monthly for the publication of new rules, any amendment, revision or revocation of an existing rule, emergency rules, any notices of such rulemaking process, military publications and Executive Orders as are required by law to be published in "The Oklahoma Register". Said rules or amendments, revisions, or revocations of existing rules shall be published in the first issue of "The Oklahoma Register" published pursuant to Sections 251, 253, 256, 303, 303.1, 303.2 and 308 of this title after the date of acceptance by the Secretary.

2. The Secretary shall cause a copy of each publication of "The Oklahoma Register" to be sent to those county clerks who request it, to members of the Legislature upon request, and to such other agencies, libraries, and officials as the Secretary may select. The

- 1 Secretary may charge recipients of the publication a cost sufficient 2 to defray the cost of publication and mailing.
  - 3. The Secretary shall cause a copy of all rules, all new rules, and all amendments, revisions, or revocations of existing rules to be on file and available for public examination in the Office during normal office hours.
  - 4. The Secretary shall promulgate rules to systematize the designations of rules. To establish said system or to preserve uniformity of designations, the Secretary may require the agency to change the title or numbering of any rule or any amendment, revision, or revocation thereof.
  - B. The Secretary is authorized to provide for the publication of rules in summary form when the rules are of such length that publication of the full text would be too costly. The summary shall be prepared by the agency submitting the rules and shall state where the full text of the rule may be obtained.
  - C. The notice required pursuant to the provisions of Section 303 of this title shall be published in "The Oklahoma Register" prior to the adoption of a new rule, or amendment, revision or revocation of any existing rule. The notice shall include the information required by Section 303 of this title.
- SECTION 102. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 256, is amended to read as follows:

Section 256. A. 1. The Secretary shall provide for the codification, compilation, indexing and publication of agency rules, military publications, as defined by Section 3201 of Title 44 of the Oklahoma State Statutes and Executive Orders in a publication which shall be known as the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" in the following manner:

- On or before January 1, 1992, the Secretary shall a. compile Executive Orders which are effective pursuant to paragraph 3 of subsection B of this section, and agency rules which have been submitted pursuant to the agency schedule of compliance and have been accepted as properly codified, as set forth in this section, and rules promulgated by the Secretary. Such compilation shall be maintained by the Office of Administrative Rules and shall be updated by agencies, in a manner prescribed by the Secretary, to reflect subsequent permanent rulemaking. Prior to publication of the first "Code", as set forth in subparagraph b of this paragraph, the compilation shall constitute the official permanent rules of the state. Effective January 1, 1992, any permanent rule not included in such compilation shall be void and of no effect.
- b. On or before December 1, 1992, the Secretary shall have indexed and published the "Oklahoma

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Administrative Code". To effectuate this provision, the Secretary may contract for the publishing and indexing, or both of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". Any permanent rule not published in the "Code" shall be void and of no effect. A finally adopted rule filed and published in "The Oklahoma Register" may be valid until publication of the next succeeding "Code" or "Code" supplement following the date of its final adoption. Provided, a permanent rule which is finally adopted after the closing date for publication in a "Code" or "Code" supplement as announced by the Secretary may be valid until publication of the next succeeding "Code" or "Code" supplement. A permanent rule which is published in "The Oklahoma Register" after the closing date for publication in the first "Code", as announced by the Secretary, shall be void and of no effect upon publication of the next succeeding "Code" or "Code" supplement, if not published in the "Code" or "Code" supplement.

c. On or before January 1, 2018, the Secretary shall compile, index and publish in the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" the military publications provided by the Adjutant General pursuant to Section 98 of this act.

- 2. Compilations or revisions of the "Code" or any part thereof shall be supplemented or revised annually. The "Code" shall be organized by state agency and shall be arranged, indexed and printed in a manner to permit separate publications of portions thereof relating to individual agencies.
- 3. Annual supplements to the "Code" shall be cumulative. Emergency rules shall not be published in the "Code" or in any supplements thereto.
- 4. The "Code" and the supplements shall include a general subject index and an agency index of all rules, military publications and Executive Orders contained therein. "The Oklahoma Register" shall also include a sections-affected index of the "Code". The "Code" and supplements shall contain such notes, cross references and explanatory materials as required by the Secretary.
- 5. The Secretary in preparing such rules for publication in the "Code" or supplements shall omit all material shown in canceled type. The Secretary shall not prepare any rule for publication in the "Code" which amends or revises a rule unless the rule so amending or revising conforms to the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act.
- 6. The Secretary is authorized to determine a numbering system and other standardized format for documents to be filed and may refuse to accept for publication any document that does not substantially conform to the promulgated rules of the Secretary.

- B. 1. Rules submitted and accepted for publication in the "Code" by August 15 of each year shall be published in the next succeeding "Code" or supplement thereto.
- 2. As soon as possible after August 15 of each year, the Secretary shall assemble all rules and Executive Orders, except emergency rules, promulgated after the publication of the preceding "Code" or "Code" supplement in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedures Act for publication in the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". The "Code" or supplements thereto should be published as soon as possible after August 30 of each year.
- 3. Executive Orders of previous gubernatorial administrations shall terminate ninety (90) calendar days following the inauguration of the next Governor unless otherwise terminated or continued during that time by Executive Order. Copies of all Executive Orders shall be published and indexed in the "Oklahoma Administrative Code". All Executive Orders placing agencies or employees under the State Merit System of Personnel Administration shall remain in effect unless otherwise modified by action of the Legislature.
- 4. Military publications promulgated or published by a previous

  Adjutant General shall remain in effect following appointment of the

  next Adjutant General by the Governor until otherwise modified or

  rescinded in writing by the newly appointed Adjutant General.

  Copies of all military publications, as defined in Section 3201 of

- Title 44 of the Oklahoma Statutes, shall be published and indexed in the "Oklahoma Administrative Code".
- C. The Secretary is hereby authorized and empowered to publish or to contract to publish the "Oklahoma Administrative Code", and to publish or contract to publish such annual cumulative supplements so as to keep the "Code" current. All such agreements shall provide that the publisher shall make such publications in such form and arrangement as shall be approved by the Secretary. The Secretary may publish or authorize the publication of the "Code" in part.
- D. The Secretary is authorized to correct spelling errors in rules submitted for publication in the "Code" or any such supplements or in "The Oklahoma Register". Any other errors in rules submitted for publication in the "Code" may be noted in editorial notes provided by the Secretary.
- E. The Secretary shall make copies of the "Code" generally available at a cost sufficient to defray the cost of publication and mailing. Except as otherwise provided by Section 257.1 of this title, the Secretary is authorized to sell or otherwise distribute the "Code" and its supplements.
- F. 1. The codification system, derivations, cross references, notes of decisions, source notes, authority notes, numerical lists, and codification guides, other than the actual text of rules, indexes, tables and other aids relevant to the publication of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" and "The Oklahoma Register" shall be

- 1 the property of the state and may be reproduced only with the written consent of the Secretary. The information which appears on the same page with the text of a rule may be reproduced incidentally 3 with the reproduction of the rule, if the reproduction is for the 5 private use of the individual and not for resale. No person shall attempt to copyright or publish the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" 6 7 or "The Oklahoma Register", in printed or electronic media, without expressed written consent of the Secretary of State. The Secretary 8 shall notify the Speaker of the House of Representatives and the 10 President Pro Tempore of the Senate of any requests to copyright or 11 publish the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" or "The Oklahoma 12 Register", prior to consent by the Secretary.
  - 2. The Secretary may provide for the electronic access to the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" and "The Oklahoma Register" by:
    - a. subscription, or
    - b. an exclusive or a nonexclusive contract for public and private access.
  - 3. Publications of rules by agencies are not official publications.
  - 4. The sale or resale of the "Oklahoma Administrative Code" or any part thereof by the Secretary of State shall be exempt from any requirement mandating acquisition of a resale number and payment of sales tax.

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SECTION 103. AMENDATORY 75 O.S. 2011, Section 304, is amended to read as follows:

Section 304. A. Each agency shall file copies of each rule finally adopted by it with the Secretary, as required by Section 251 of this title.

- B. 1. Each rule finally adopted is effective ten (10) calendar days after publication in "The Oklahoma Register" pursuant to Section 255 of this title unless a later date is required by statute or specified in the rule, the agency rule report, or "The Oklahoma Register", the later date is the effective date. A rule shall only be applied prospectively from its effective date.
  - 2. a. Subject to applicable constitutional or statutory provisions, an emergency rule becomes effective immediately or at a stated date after certification by the Governor. An emergency rule shall only be applied prospectively from its effective date.
    - b. The agency shall take appropriate measures to make emergency rules known to the persons who may be affected by them.
- C. Executive Orders signed by the Governor shall become effective upon the date specified therein or immediately upon issuance.

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1	D. Military publications signed by the Adjutant General or his
2	or her designee shall become effective upon the date specified
3	therein or immediately upon issuance.
4	SECTION 104. REPEALER 44 O.S. 2011, Section 3375, is
5	hereby repealed.
6	SECTION 105. This act shall become effective November 1, 2016.
7	Passed the House of Representatives the 9th day of March, 2016.
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LO	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
L1	
L2	Passed the Senate the day of, 2016.
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