1	ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2922 By: Provenzano, Waldron,
2	Albright, Bush and Brewer
3	of the House
4	and
5	Montgomery of the Senate
6	
7	
8	[ debtor and creditor - creating the Oklahoma Student
9	Borrower's Bill of Rights Act - effective date ]
10	
11	
12	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
13	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
14	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 170 of Title 24, unless there is
15	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
16	This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma
17	Student Borrower's Bill of Rights Act".
18	SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
19	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 171 of Title 24, unless there is
20	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
21	As used in the Oklahoma Student Borrower's Bill of Rights Act:
22	1. "Guarantor" means a nonprofit or state organization that
23	works with a lender, servicer, school and the State Department of
24	

Education to help students successfully repay certain federal student loans;

- 2. "Student loan borrower" means:
  - a. any resident of this state who has received or agreed to pay a student education loan, or
  - b. any person who shares responsibility with such resident for repaying the student education loan;
- 3. "Student loan servicer" means any person, wherever located, responsible for the servicing of any student education loan to any student loan borrower;
  - 4. "Servicing" means:
    - a. receiving any scheduled periodic payments from a student loan borrower pursuant to the terms of a student education loan,
    - b. applying the payments of principal and interest and such other payments with respect to the amounts received from a student loan borrower, as may be required pursuant to the terms of a student education loan, and
    - c. performing other administrative services with respect to a student education loan.

Servicing does not include default aversion efforts provided by state or nonprofit guaranty agencies as required by their agreement

1

3

4

5

6

7

8

9

10

11

12

1.3

14

15

16

17

18

19

20

2.1

22

23

- with the U.S. Department of Education under the Higher Education Act of 2008; and
  - 5. "Student education loan" means any loan extended to a student loan borrower expressly to finance postsecondary education expenses or other postsecondary school-related expenses and shall not include open-end credit or any loan secured by real property.
  - SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 172 of Title 24, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
  - A. The Attorney General shall prepare a written statement that includes an "Oklahoma Student Borrower's Bill of Rights" for a student loan borrower who takes out a student education loan that is serviced by a student loan servicer. The statement shall incorporate all items from subsection B of this section and be made available to the public and written in plain language designed to be easily understood by the average student loan borrower.
    - B. No student loan servicer shall:
  - 1. Directly employ any scheme, device or artifice to defraud or mislead student loan borrowers:
  - 2. Negligently or intentionally engage in any unfair or deceptive practice toward any person or knowingly misrepresent or omit any material information in connection with the servicing of a student education loan, including, but not limited to, misrepresenting the amount, nature or terms of any fee or payment

- due or claimed to be due on a student education loan, the terms and conditions of the loan agreement or the borrower's obligations under the loan;
  - 3. Obtain property by fraud or misrepresentation;
  - 4. Apply student education loan payments to the outstanding balance of a student education loan other than as provided in the student education loan agreement or by law;
  - 5. Negligently or intentionally provide inaccurate information to a credit bureau, thereby harming a student loan borrower's creditworthiness;
  - 6. Fail to report both the favorable and unfavorable payment history of the student loan borrower to a nationally recognized consumer credit bureau at least annually if the student loan servicer regularly reports information to a credit bureau, except in the case of loan rehabilitation;
  - 7. Refuse to communicate with an authorized representative of the student loan borrower who provides a written authorization signed by the student loan borrower; provided, the student loan servicer may adopt procedures reasonably related to verifying that the representative is in fact authorized to act on behalf of the student loan borrower;
  - 8. Negligently or intentionally make any false statement or knowingly or willfully make any omission of a material fact in connection with any information or reports filed with a governmental

1.3

1	agency or in connection with any investigation conducted by a
2	governmental agency;
3	9. Fail to inform federal student education loan borrowers of
4	the federal income repayment options before offering deferment or
5	forbearance as an option; or
6	10. Fail to inform federal student education loan borrowers if
7	their type of loan does not qualify for federal loan forgiveness
8	programs.
9	SECTION 4. This act shall become effective November 1, 2020.
10	Passed the House of Representatives the 9th day of March, 2020.
11	
12	Presiding Officer of the House
13	of Representatives
14	Passed the Senate the day of, 2020.
15	rabbed the behate the day of, zozo.
16	
17	Presiding Officer of the Senate
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	