1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION
2	April 11, 2018 AS AMENDED
3	ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2756 By: Osborn (Leslie), Fetgatter,
4	O'Donnell, Calvey, Inman and Virgin of the House
5	and
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7	David, Kidd, Dugger, Pittman, Bice, Boggs and
8	Fields of the Senate
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10	[ revenue and taxation - tax credits - taxable years
11	- carryover period - formula - effective date ]
1 0	
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
14	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, as
15	last amended by Section 12, Chapter 328, O.S.L. 2014 (68 O.S. Supp.
16	2017, Section 2357.22), is amended to read as follows:
17	Section 2357.22. A. For tax years beginning before January 1,
18	2020 2024, there shall be allowed a one-time credit against the
19	income tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for investments in
20	qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property placed in
21	service after December 31, 1990.
22	B. As used in this section, "qualified clean-burning motor
23	vehicle fuel property" means:
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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2756 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments) Equipment installed to modify a motor vehicle which is
 propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that the vehicle may be
 propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, liquefied
 natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas; provided, equipment
 installed on a vehicle propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only
 be eligible for tax year 2010. The equipment covered by this
 paragraph must:

8	a.	be new, not previously used to modify or retrofit any
9		vehicle propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel and be
10		installed by an alternative fuels equipment technician
11		who is certified in accordance with the Alternative
12		Fuels Technician Certification Act,

- b. meet all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set
  forth in 49 CFR 571, or
- 15 c. for any commercial motor vehicle (CMV), follow the
   16 Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations or Oklahoma
   17 Intrastate Motor Carrier Regulations;

18 2. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may 19 be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, 20 liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas but only to the 21 extent of the portion of the basis of such motor vehicle which is 22 attributable to the storage of such fuel, the delivery to the engine 23 of such motor vehicle of such fuel, and the exhaust of gases from 24 combustion of such fuel. A motor vehicle originally equipped so

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2756 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments) Page 2

1 that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only 2 be eligible for tax year 2010;

3 A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle 3. 4 draws propulsion energy from a battery with at least five (5) 5 kilowatt hours of capacity, and recharged from any external source of electricity, manufactured primarily for use on public streets, 6 roads and highways (not including a vehicle operated exclusively on 7 a rail or rails) and which has at least four wheels. For purposes 8 9 of this paragraph, the term "qualified clean-burning motor vehicle 10 fuel property" does not include a low-speed vehicle within the 11 meaning defined in 49 CFR 571.3, or a vehicle that is manufactured 12 primarily for off-road use, such as primarily for use on a golf course. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle 13 draws propulsion energy from a battery shall only be eligible for a 14 tax credit as provided in subsection D of this section with a gross 15 vehicle weight rating of ten thousand (10,000) pounds or less; 16 Property, not including a building and its structural 17 4.

18 components, which is:

19a.directly related to the delivery of compressed natural20gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas,21or hydrogen, for commercial purposes or for a fee or22charge, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle23propelled by such fuel including compression equipment24and storage tanks for such fuel at the point where

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2756 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments) Page 3

such fuel is so delivered but only if such property is not used to deliver such fuel into any other type of storage tank or receptacle and such fuel is not used for any purpose other than to propel a motor vehicle, or

b. a metered-for-fee, public access recharging system for
motor vehicles propelled in whole or in part by
electricity. The property covered by this paragraph
must be new, and must not have been previously
installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by
compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or
liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen or electricity.

13 Any property covered by this paragraph which is related to the 14 delivery of hydrogen into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle shall 15 only be eligible for tax year 2010; or

16 4. 5. Property which is directly related to:

17a.the compression and delivery of natural gas from a18private home or residence, for noncommercial purposes,19into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by20compressed natural gas. The property covered by this21paragraph subparagraph must be new and must not have22been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles23powered by natural gas, or

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1	b. the delivery of electricity from a private home or
2	residence, for noncommercial purposes, into the
3	storage unit of a motor vehicle propelled by
4	electricity. The property covered by this
5	subparagraph must be new and must not have been
6	previously installed or used to recharge vehicles
7	powered by electricity.
8	C. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means a motor
9	vehicle originally designed by the manufacturer to operate lawfully
10	and principally on streets and highways.
11	D. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section
12	shall be as follows:
13	1. After the effective date of this act, for For the qualified
14	clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 1 or <u>,</u>
15	2 or 3 of subsection B of this section, forty-five percent (45%) of
16	the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property
17	the amount of the credit shall be as follows:
18	a. for vehicles up to or below six thousand (6,000)
19	pounds, the credit shall be a maximum of Five Thousand
20	Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
21	b. for vehicles between six thousand one (6,001) pounds
22	to ten thousand (10,000) pounds, the credit shall be a
23	maximum amount of Nine Thousand Dollars (\$9,000.00),
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1	c. for vehicles of ten thousand one (10,001) pounds, but
2	not in excess of twenty-six thousand five hundred
3	(26,500) pounds, the credit shall be a maximum amount
4	of Twenty-six Thousand Dollars (\$26,000.00), and
5	d. for vehicles in excess of twenty-six thousand five
6	hundred one (26,501) pounds, the credit shall be a
7	maximum amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00);
8	2. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property
9	defined in paragraph $\frac{3}{4}$ of subsection B of this section, a per-
10	location credit of <del>seventy-five percent (75%)</del> forty-five percent
11	(45%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel
12	property <u>defined as follows:</u>
13	a. for equipment installations completed and commercially
14	available by midnight on December 31, 2018, seventy-
15	five percent (75%) of the cost of the qualified clean-
16	burning motor vehicle fuel property, and
17	b. for equipment installations completed and commercially
18	available between January 1, 2019, through December
19	31, 2023, forty-five percent (45%) of the cost of the
20	qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property;
21	and
22	3. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property
23	defined in paragraph 4 5 of subsection B of this section, a per-
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SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2756 SFLR

(Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

1 the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or Two 2 Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).

3 E. <u>The tax credit authorized pursuant to the provisions of this</u>
4 <u>section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the</u>
5 taxpayer to less than zero (0).

6 F. In cases where no credit has been claimed pursuant to 7 paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section by any prior owner and in which a motor vehicle is purchased by a taxpayer with qualified 8 9 clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property installed by the 10 manufacturer of such motor vehicle and the taxpayer is unable or elects not to determine the exact basis which is attributable to 11 12 such property, the taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount not exceeding the lesser of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the motor 13 vehicle or One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00). 14

F. <u>G.</u> If the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a taxable year may be carried forward as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5) six (6) years.

22 G. H. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a
23 taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each

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1 claim only one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have been
2 allowed for a joint return.

3 H. I. The Oklahoma Tax Commission is herein empowered to 4 promulgate rules by which the purpose of this section shall be 5 administered, including the power to establish and enforce penalties 6 for violations thereof.

7 I. J. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2352 of this title, for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014, and each 8 9 fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall calculate an amount 10 that equals five percent (5%) of the cost of qualified clean-burning 11 motor vehicle fuel property as provided for in paragraph paragraphs 12 1 and 2 of subsection  $\frac{1}{2}$  B of this section for tax year 2012. For each subsequent fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall 13 perform the same computation with respect to the second tax year 14 15 preceding the beginning of each subsequent fiscal year. The Tax Commission shall then transfer an amount equal to the amount 16 calculated in this subsection from the revenue derived pursuant to 17 the provisions of subsections  $A_{r}$  B C and E of Section 2355 of this 18 title to the Compressed Natural Gas Conversion Safety and Regulation 19 20 Fund created in Section 13 130.25 of this act Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 21

<u>K. For tax years beginning January 1, 2019, the total amount of</u>
 <u>credits authorized by this section used to offset tax shall be</u>
 <u>adjusted annually to limit the annual amount of credits to Sixteen</u>

SENATE FLOOR VERSION - HB2756 SFLR (Bold face denotes Committee Amendments)

1	Million Dollars (\$16,000,000.00). The Tax Commission shall annually
2	calculate and publish a percentage by which the credits authorized
3	by this section shall be reduced so the total amount of credits used
4	to offset tax does not exceed Sixteen Million Dollars
5	(\$16,000,000.00) per year. The formula to be used for the
6	percentage adjustment shall be Sixteen Million Dollars
7	(\$16,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the second
8	preceding year.
9	L. Pursuant to subsection K of this section, in the event the
10	total tax credits authorized by this section exceed Sixteen Million
11	Dollars (\$16,000,000.00), in any tax year, the Tax Commission shall
12	permit any excess over Sixteen Million Dollars (\$16,000,000.00) but
13	shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for
14	subsequent years.
15	M. The Tax Commission shall notify the Office of the State
16	Secretary of Energy and Environment at any time when the amount of
17	claims for credits allowed pursuant to this section reaches eighty
18	percent (80%) of the total annual limit provided in subsection K of
19	this section. Upon such notification, the Secretary shall provide
20	notice to the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the Senate and
21	Speaker of the House of Representatives.
22	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective January 1, 2019.
23	COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON APPROPRIATIONS April 11, 2018 - DO PASS AS AMENDED
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