1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION
2	April 2, 2019 AS AMENDED
3	ENGROSSED HOUSE
4	BILL NO. 2639 By: Munson and Nollan of the House
5	and
6	Floyd of the Senate
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9	[sexual assault victims - creating the Sexual
10	Assault Victims' Right to Information Act - declaring rights of sexual assault victims - effective date]
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13	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
14	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
15	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C of Title 21, unless there
16	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
17	Sections 1 through 10 of this act shall be known and may be
18	cited as the "Sexual Assault Victims' Right to Information Act".
19	SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
20	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-1 of Title 21, unless there
21	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
22	For the purposes of this act:
23	1. "Forensic laboratory" means a laboratory operated by or
24	contracted with the state or any unit of municipal, county, city or

other local government that examines physical evidence in criminal matters and provides opinion testimony in a court of law;

- 2. "Law enforcement officer" means any sheriff, police officer, peace officer, tribal law enforcement officer, federal law enforcement officer, campus police officer or any other law enforcement officer who has been certified by the Council on Law Enforcement Education and Training and whose duty it is to enforce and preserve the public peace or any other first responder;
- 3. "Sexual assault victims' advocate" means any person who is certified as a behavioral health professional, or as a victims' advocate working in a center that offers sexual assault services, who has received formalized training through a government agency, tribal organization, tribal agency or victim services agency, in providing trauma-informed direct services to victims of sexual assault;
- 4. "Sexual assault forensic evidence" means any human biological specimen collected by a medical provider during a forensic medical examination from an alleged sexual assault victim including, when circumstances indicate the need, a toxicology kit; and
- 5. "Sexual assault victim" or "victim" means any person who is a victim of a sexual assault defined under Section 142.20 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes. If the victim is incompetent, the term shall include the parent, guardian, spouse or any other person

- related to the incompetent victim by consanguinity or affinity to
 the second degree, or any other lawful representative of the
- SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-2 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A sexual assault victim retains all the rights of this act regardless of whether the victim agrees to participate in the criminal justice system at any time and regardless of whether the victim agrees to receive a medical evidentiary examination to collect sexual assault forensic evidence.

- SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-3 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A sexual victims' assault victim has the right to consult, either in person or via telemedicine, with a sexual assault victims' advocate during any medical evidentiary or physical examination and during any interview by law enforcement authorities or district attorneys. A sexual assault victim retains this right even if the victim has waived the right in a previous examination or interview. Where a sexual assault victims' advocate is not available for an inperson consultation, consultations via telemedicine must be provided.

incompetent victim.

- B. Communications between a sexual assault victim and a sexual assault victims' advocate are confidential and privileged, including information disclosed in the presence of any third persons conducting a medical evidentiary or physical examination.
 - C. The presence of a sexual assault victims' advocate does not operate to defeat any existing privilege otherwise guaranteed by law.
 - D. The waiving of the right to a sexual assault victims' advocate by a sexual assault victim is privileged information.

 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
- in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-4 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Costs incurred by a qualified health care professional, hospital or other emergency medical facility for the medical evidentiary examination portion of the examination and any medications which are related to the sexual assault and deemed necessary by the health care professional in the treatment of a sexual assault victim shall not be charged directly or indirectly to the victim, as set forth in Section 142.20 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- B. Before a medical facility commences a medical evidentiary or physical examination of a sexual assault victim, the medical facility shall inform the victim of the following:

- 1. The rights of the victim pursuant to this act and other relevant law in a document to be developed by the Office of the Attorney General; and
- 2. The right of the victim to consult with a sexual assault victims' advocate who is to be requested by the medical facility before the commencement of the medical evidentiary or physical examination, unless no sexual assault victims' advocate is available.
- SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-5 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. Before commencing an interview of a sexual assault victim, a law enforcement officer or district attorney shall inform the victim of the right to consult with a sexual assault victims' advocate during any interview by a law enforcement officer or district attorney and the right to have a sexual assault victims' advocate requested by the interviewer and present before the commencement of the interview, unless no sexual assault victims' advocate is available.
- B. No person, for any reason, shall discourage a sexual assault victim from receiving a medical evidentiary or physical examination or discourage the victim from reporting to the proper authorities.

SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-6 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

If a victim retains counsel, the victim has the right to have such counsel present during all stages of the investigation or other interaction with representatives from the legal or criminal justice systems within the state. Treatment of the victim should not be affected or altered in any way as a result of the decision of the victim to exercise this right to have counsel present during any interaction with the legal or criminal justice systems within the state.

- SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-7 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
- A. A sexual assault victim has the right to request and receive the results and status of the analysis of the sexual assault forensic evidence of the victim.
- B. A defendant or person accused or convicted of a crime against a sexual assault victim shall have no standing to object to any failure to comply with this section, and the failure to provide a right or notice to a sexual assault victim under this section may not be used by a defendant to seek to have the conviction or sentence set aside.

- C. A sexual assault victim has the right to retain a copy of the police report from law enforcement at the conclusion of the criminal case.
 - D. No sexual assault forensic evidence shall be used:

- 1. To prosecute a sexual assault victim for any misdemeanor crimes; or
- 2. As a basis to search for further evidence of any unrelated misdemeanor crimes that may have been committed by the sexual assault victim.
- SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-8 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
 - Upon initial interaction with a sexual assault victim, a law enforcement officer or medical provider shall provide the victim with a document to be developed by the Office of the Attorney General that explains the rights of sexual assault victims pursuant to this act and other relevant law. This document shall include, but is not limited to:
 - 1. A clear statement that a sexual assault victim is not required to participate in the criminal justice system or to receive a medical evidentiary or physical examination in order to retain the rights provided by this act and other relevant law; and
- 23 2. Instructions for requesting the results of the analysis of the sexual assault forensic evidence.

SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 142C-9 of Title 21, unless there is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Where a crime laboratory has gained possession of sexual assault forensic evidence, the crime laboratory shall retain said evidence for a minimum of fifty (50) years before it is destroyed or until the victim reaches forty (40) years of age, if the victim was a minor when the sexual assault occurred.

SECTION 11. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2011, Section 40.3A, is amended to read as follows:

Section 40.3A A. Any physician, surgeon, resident, intern, physician assistant, registered nurse, or any other health care professional examining, attending, or treating the victim of what appears to be or is reported by the victim to be rape, rape by instrumentation or forcible sodomy, as defined in Section 1111, 1111.1 or 888 of Title 21 of the Oklahoma Statutes or any form of sexual assault, shall not be required to report any incident of what appears to be or is reported to be such crimes if:

- 1. Committed upon a person who is over the age of eighteen (18) years; and
 - 2. The person is not an incapacitated adult.
- B. Any physician, surgeon, resident, intern, physician
 assistant, registered nurse, or any other health care professional
 examining, attending, or treating a victim shall be required to

report any incident of what appears to be or is reported to be rape, rape by instrumentation, forcible sodomy or any form of sexual assault, if requested to do so either orally or in writing by the victim and shall be required to inform the victim of the victim's right to have a report made. A requested report of any incident shall be promptly made orally or by telephone to the nearest law enforcement agency in the county wherein the sexual assault occurred or, if the location where the sexual assault occurred is unknown, the report shall be made to the law enforcement agency nearest to the location where the injury is treated.

- C. In all cases of what appears to be or is reported to be rape, rape by instrumentation, forcible sodomy or any form of sexual assault, the physician, surgeon, resident, intern, physician assistant, registered nurse, or any other health care professional examining, attending, or treating the victim of what appears to be such crimes, shall clearly and legibly document the incident and injuries observed and reported, as well as any treatment provided or prescribed.
- D. In all cases of what appears to be or is reported to be rape, rape by instrumentation, forcible sodomy or any form of sexual assault, the physician, surgeon, resident, intern, physician assistant, registered nurse, or any other health care professional examining, attending, or treating the victim of what appears to be rape, rape by instrumentation, forcible sodomy or any form of sexual

assault, shall inform the victim of the victim's rights, including
those rights set forth in the Oklahoma Victim's Rights Act, and
shall refer the victim to sexual assault and victim services
programs, including providing the victim with twenty-four-hour
statewide telephone communication service established by Section

18p-5 of Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

- E. Every physician, surgeon, resident, intern, physician assistant, registered nurse, or any other health care professional making a report of rape, rape by instrumentation, forcible sodomy or any form of sexual assault pursuant to this section or examining such victims to determine the likelihood of such crimes, and every hospital or related institution in which the victims were examined or treated shall, upon the request of a law enforcement officer conducting a criminal investigation into the case, provide to the officer copies of the results of the examination or copies of the examination on which the report was based, and any other clinical notes, X-rays, photographs, and other previous or current records relevant to the case.
- SECTION 12. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019.

 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY
 April 2, 2019 DO PASS AS AMENDED and referred to second committee and withdrawn from Appropriations on April 11, 2019