1 ENGROSSED SENATE AMENDMENT TΟ ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2095 By: O'Donnell, McBride and 3 Fetgatter of the House 4 and 5 Bice of the Senate 6 7 An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending 68 8 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, as last amended by 9 Section 12, Chapter 328, O.S.L. 2014 (68 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2357.22), which relates to tax credits 10 for investment in certain qualified clean-burning motor vehicles and related assets; modifying taxable years for which credit may be claimed; modifying 11 references to hydrogen fuel cells; modifying provisions related to certain property related to 12 vehicles powered by electricity; providing for 1.3 computation of tax credits based on vehicle weight; and prohibiting use of tax credit to reduce tax 14 liability below certain amount. 15 16 17 AMENDMENT NO. 1. Page 1, strike the title, enacting clause and entire bill and insert 18 19 "An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, as last amended by 20 Section 12, Chapter 328, O.S.L. 2014 (68 O.S. Supp. 2018, Section 2357.22), which relates to tax credits 21 for investment in certain qualified clean-burning motor vehicles and related assets; modifying taxable 22 years for which credit may be claimed; deleting obsolete references to hydrogen fuel cells; modifying 23 method of computation for certain credits; prohibiting use of tax credit to reduce tax liability

below certain amount; establishing limit on total

credits allowed for specified tax years; requiring Oklahoma Tax Commission to calculate and publish certain information and to utilize certain methodology; requiring certain notice related to credits allowed; providing an effective date; and declaring an emergency.

4

5

6

8

9

10

11

12

13

14

15

16

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:

7 | SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, as

last amended by Section 12, Chapter 328, O.S.L. 2014 (68 O.S. Supp.

2018, Section 2357.22), is amended to read as follows:

Section 2357.22. A. For tax years beginning before January 1, 2020 December 31, 2027, there shall be allowed a one-time credit against the income tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for investments in qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property placed in service after December 31, 1990.

- B. As used in this section, "qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property" means:
- 1. Equipment installed to modify a motor vehicle which is

 18 propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that the vehicle may be

 19 propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, liquefied

 20 natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas; provided, equipment

 21 installed on a vehicle propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only

 22 be eligible for tax year 2010. The equipment covered by this

23

paragraph must:

- a. be new, not previously used to modify or retrofit any vehicle propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel and be installed by an alternative fuels equipment technician who is certified in accordance with the Alternative Fuels Technician Certification Act,
- b. meet all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 CFR 571, or
- c. for any commercial motor vehicle (CMV), follow the Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations or Oklahoma Intrastate Motor Carrier Regulations;
- 2. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, or liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas but only to the extent of the portion of the basis of such motor vehicle which is attributable to the storage of such fuel, the delivery to the engine of such motor vehicle of such fuel, and the exhaust of gases from combustion of such fuel. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only be eligible for tax year 2010;
- 3. Property, not including a building and its structural components, which is:
 - a. directly related to the delivery of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, or hydrogen, for commercial purposes or for a fee or

charge, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by such fuel including compression equipment and storage tanks for such fuel at the point where such fuel is so delivered but only if such property is not used to deliver such fuel into any other type of storage tank or receptacle and such fuel is not used for any purpose other than to propel a motor vehicle, or

b. a metered-for-fee, public access recharging system for motor vehicles propelled in whole or in part by electricity. The property covered by this paragraph must be new, and must not have been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen or electricity.

Any property covered by this paragraph which is related to the delivery of hydrogen into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle shall only be eligible for tax year 2010; or

4. Property which is directly related to the compression and delivery of natural gas from a private home or residence, for noncommercial purposes, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by compressed natural gas. The property covered by this paragraph must be new and must not have been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by natural gas.

C. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle originally designed by the manufacturer to operate lawfully and principally on streets and highways.

1.3

2.1

- D. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section shall be as follows:
- 1. After the effective date of this act, for For the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 1 or 2 of subsection B of this section, forty-five percent (45%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property the amount of the credit shall be as follows based upon gross vehicle weight of the qualified vehicle:
 - <u>a.</u> for vehicles up to or below six thousand (6,000)

 pounds, the credit shall be a maximum of Five Thousand

 Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),
 - b. for vehicles between six thousand one (6,001) pounds
 to ten thousand (10,000) pounds, the credit shall be a
 maximum amount of Nine Thousand Dollars (\$9,000.00),
 - not in excess of twenty-six thousand five hundred

 (26,500) pounds, the credit shall be a maximum amount

 of Twenty-six Thousand Dollars (\$26,000.00), and
 - d. for vehicles in excess of twenty-six thousand five

 hundred one (26,501) pounds, the credit shall be a

 maximum amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00);

2. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 3 of subsection B of this section, a perlocation credit of seventy-five percent (75%) forty-five percent (45%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property; and

- 3. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 4 of subsection B of this section, a perlocation credit of the lesser of fifty percent (50%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- E. In cases where no credit has been claimed pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section by any prior owner and in which a motor vehicle is purchased by a taxpayer with qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property installed by the manufacturer of such motor vehicle and the taxpayer is unable or elects not to determine the exact basis which is attributable to such property, the taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount not exceeding the lesser of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the motor vehicle or One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00).
- F. If the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a taxable year may be carried forward, in order, as a credit against

- subsequent income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5)

 years. The tax credit authorized pursuant to the provisions of this

 section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the

 taxpayer to less than zero (0).
 - G. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.
 - H. The Oklahoma Tax Commission is herein empowered to promulgate rules by which the purpose of this section shall be administered, including the power to establish and enforce penalties for violations thereof.
 - I. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2352 of this title, for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014, and each fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall calculate an amount that equals five percent (5%) of the cost of qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property as provided for in paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section for tax year 2012. For each subsequent fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall perform the same computation with respect to the second tax year preceding the beginning of each subsequent fiscal year. The Tax Commission shall then transfer an amount equal to the amount calculated in this subsection from the revenue derived pursuant to the provisions of subsections A, B and E of Section 2355 of this title to the

- 1 Compressed Natural Gas Conversion Safety and Regulation Fund created
- 2 in Section 13 130.25 of this act Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
- J. For the taxable year beginning January 1, 2020, and each
- 4 taxable year thereafter, the total amount of credits authorized by
- 5 this section used to offset tax shall be adjusted annually to limit
- 6 | the annual amount of credits to Twenty Million Dollars
- 7 (\$20,000,000.00). The Tax Commission shall annually calculate and
- 8 publish by the first day of the affected taxable year a percentage
- 9 by which the credits authorized by this section shall be reduced so
- 10 | the total amount of credits used to offset tax does not exceed
- 11 | Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) per year. The formula to be
- 12 used for the percentage adjustment shall be Twenty Million Dollars
- 13 (\$20,000,000.00) divided by the credits claimed in the second
- 14 preceding year, with respect to any changes to the future of the
- 15 credit.
- 16 K. Pursuant to subsection J of this section, in the event the
- 17 | total tax credits authorized by this section exceed Twenty Million
- 18 Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) in any calendar year, the Tax Commission
- 19 | shall permit any excess over Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00)
- 20 but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula
- 21 | for subsequent years with respect to any changes to the future of
- 22 | the credit.
- L. The Tax Commission shall notify the Office of the State
- 24 | Secretary of Energy and Environment at any time when the amount of

1	claims for credits allowed pursuant to this section reaches eighty
2	percent (80%) of the total annual limit provided in subsection J of
3	this section. Upon such notification, the Secretary shall provide
4	notice to the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the Senate and
5	Speaker of the House of Representatives.
6	SECTION 2. This act shall become effective January 1, 2020."
7	Passed the Senate the 23rd day of April, 2019.
8	
9	Presiding Officer of the Senate
10	riesiang officer of the behate
11	Passed the House of Representatives the day of,
12	2019.
13	
14	Presiding Officer of the House
15	of Representatives
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	

1 ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 2095 By: O'Donnell, McBride and 2 Fetgatter of the House 3 and 4 Bice of the Senate 5 6 7 An Act relating to revenue and taxation; amending 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, as last amended by Section 12, Chapter 328, O.S.L. 2014 (68 O.S. Supp. 8 2018, Section 2357.22), which relates to tax credits 9 for investment in certain qualified clean-burning motor vehicles and related assets; modifying taxable 10 years for which credit may be claimed; modifying references to hydrogen fuel cells; modifying provisions related to certain property related to 11 vehicles powered by electricity; providing for 12 computation of tax credits based on vehicle weight; and prohibiting use of tax credit to reduce tax 1.3 liability below certain amount. 14 15 16 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 17 68 O.S. 2011, Section 2357.22, as SECTION 3. AMENDATORY 18 last amended by Section 12, Chapter 328, O.S.L. 2014 (68 O.S. Supp. 19 2018, Section 2357.22), is amended to read as follows: 20 Section 2357.22 A. For tax years beginning before January 1, 21 2020 December 31, 2026, there shall be allowed a one-time credit 22 against the income tax imposed by Section 2355 of this title for 23 investments in qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property

placed in service after December 31, 1990.

- B. As used in this section, "qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property" means:
- 1. Equipment installed to modify a motor vehicle which is propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas; provided, equipment installed on a vehicle propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only be eligible for tax year 2010. The equipment covered by this paragraph must:
 - a. be new, not previously used to modify or retrofit any vehicle propelled by gasoline or diesel fuel and be installed by an alternative fuels equipment technician who is certified in accordance with the Alternative Fuels Technician Certification Act,
 - b. meet all Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standards set forth in 49 CFR 571, or
 - c. for any commercial motor vehicle (CMV), follow the

 Federal Motor Carrier Safety Regulations or Oklahoma

 Intrastate Motor Carrier Regulations;
- 2. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell, compressed natural gas, or liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas but only to the extent of the portion of the basis of such motor vehicle which is attributable to the storage of such fuel, the delivery to the engine

1.3

of such motor vehicle of such fuel, and the exhaust of gases from combustion of such fuel. A motor vehicle originally equipped so that the vehicle may be propelled by a hydrogen fuel cell shall only be eligible for tax year 2010;

- 3. Property, not including a building and its structural components, which is:
 - a. directly related to the delivery of compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, or hydrogen, for commercial purposes or for a fee or charge, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by such fuel including compression equipment and storage tanks for such fuel at the point where such fuel is so delivered but only if such property is not used to deliver such fuel into any other type of storage tank or receptacle and such fuel is not used for any purpose other than to propel a motor vehicle, or
 - b. a metered-for-fee, public access recharging system for motor vehicles propelled in whole or in part by electricity. The property covered by this paragraph must be new, and must not have been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by compressed natural gas, liquefied natural gas or liquefied petroleum gas, hydrogen or electricity.

1.3

2.1

- Any property covered by this paragraph which is related to the delivery of hydrogen into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle shall only be eligible for tax year 2010; or
 - 4. Property which is directly related to the compression and delivery of natural gas from a private home or residence, for noncommercial purposes, into the fuel tank of a motor vehicle propelled by compressed natural gas. The property covered by this paragraph must be new and must not have been previously installed or used to refuel vehicles powered by natural gas.
 - C. As used in this section, "motor vehicle" means a motor vehicle originally designed by the manufacturer to operate lawfully and principally on streets and highways.
 - D. The credit provided for in subsection A of this section shall be as follows:
 - 1. After the effective date of this act, for For the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 1 or 2 of subsection B of this section, forty-five percent (45%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property the amount of the credit shall be as follows based upon gross vehicle weight of the qualified vehicle:
 - <u>a.</u> for vehicles up to or below six thousand (6,000)

 pounds, the credit shall be a maximum of Five Thousand

 Five Hundred Dollars (\$5,500.00),

1.3

- 5
- 6 7
- 9
- 10
- 11
- 12 13
- 14
- 15
- 16
- 17
- 18
- 19
- 20
- 21
- 22
- 23
- 24

- for vehicles between six thousand one (6,001) pounds b. to ten thousand (10,000) pounds, the credit shall be a maximum amount of Nine Thousand Dollars (\$9,000.00),
- C. for vehicles of ten thousand one (10,001) pounds, but not in excess of twenty-six thousand five hundred (26,500) pounds, the credit shall be a maximum amount of Twenty-six Thousand Dollars (\$26,000.00), and
- for vehicles in excess of twenty-six thousand five d. hundred one (26,501) pounds, the credit shall be a maximum amount of Fifty Thousand Dollars (\$50,000.00);
- For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 3 of subsection B of this section, a perlocation credit of seventy-five percent (75%) forty-five percent (45%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property; and
- 3. For qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property defined in paragraph 4 of subsection B of this section, a perlocation credit of the lesser of fifty percent (50%) of the cost of the qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property or Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00).
- Ε. In cases where no credit has been claimed pursuant to paragraph 1 of subsection D of this section by any prior owner and in which a motor vehicle is purchased by a taxpayer with qualified clean-burning motor vehicle fuel property installed by the

- manufacturer of such motor vehicle and the taxpayer is unable or
 elects not to determine the exact basis which is attributable to
 such property, the taxpayer may claim a credit in an amount not
 exceeding the lesser of ten percent (10%) of the cost of the motor
 vehicle or One Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$1,500.00).
 - F. If the tax credit allowed pursuant to subsection A of this section exceeds the amount of income taxes due or if there are no state income taxes due on the income of the taxpayer, the amount of the credit not used as an offset against the income taxes of a taxable year may be carried forward, in order, as a credit against subsequent income tax liability for a period not to exceed five (5) years. The tax credit authorized pursuant to the provisions of this section shall not be used to reduce the tax liability of the taxpayer to less than zero (0).
 - G. A husband and wife who file separate returns for a taxable year in which they could have filed a joint return may each claim only one-half (1/2) of the tax credit that would have been allowed for a joint return.
 - H. The Oklahoma Tax Commission is herein empowered to promulgate rules by which the purpose of this section shall be administered, including the power to establish and enforce penalties for violations thereof.
 - I. Notwithstanding the provisions of Section 2352 of this title, for the fiscal year beginning on July 1, 2014, and each

1 fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall calculate an amount 2 that equals five percent (5%) of the cost of qualified clean-burning 3 motor vehicle fuel property as provided for in paragraph 1 of 4 subsection D of this section for tax year 2012. For each subsequent 5 fiscal year thereafter, the Tax Commission shall perform the same 6 computation with respect to the second tax year preceding the 7 beginning of each subsequent fiscal year. The Tax Commission shall 8 then transfer an amount equal to the amount calculated in this 9 subsection from the revenue derived pursuant to the provisions of 10 subsections A, B and E of Section 2355 of this title to the 11 Compressed Natural Gas Conversion Safety and Regulation Fund created 12 in Section $\frac{13}{130.25}$ of this act Title 74 of the Oklahoma Statutes. 13 J. For the taxable year beginning January 1, 2020, and each 14 taxable year thereafter, the total amount of credits authorized by 15 this section used to offset tax shall be adjusted annually to limit 16 the annual amount of credits to Twenty Million Dollars 17 (\$20,000,000.00). The Tax Commission shall annually calculate and 18 publish by the first day of the affected taxable year a percentage 19 by which the credits authorized by this section shall be reduced so 20 the total amount of credits used to offset tax does not exceed 21 Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) per year. The formula to be 22 used for the percentage adjustment shall be Twenty Million Dollars 23 (\$20,000,000.00) divided by the credits used to offset tax in the

second preceding year, with respect to any changes to the future of the credit.

K. Pursuant to subsection J of this section, in the event the total tax credits authorized by this section exceed Twenty Million

Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) in any calendar year, the Tax Commission shall permit any excess over Twenty Million Dollars (\$20,000,000.00) but shall factor such excess into the percentage adjustment formula for subsequent years with respect to any changes to the future of the credit.

L. The Tax Commission shall notify the Office of the State

Secretary of Energy and Environment at any time when the amount of

claims for credits allowed pursuant to this subsection reaches

eighty percent (80%) of the total annual limit provided in

subsection J of this section. Upon such notification, the Secretary

shall provide notice to the Governor, President Pro Tempore of the

Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives.

1	Passed the House of Representatives the 12th day of March, 2019.
2	
3	Donaidina Offican of the House
4	Presiding Officer of the House of Representatives
5	Dagged the Consta the day of 2010
6	Passed the Senate the day of, 2019.
7	
8	Presiding Officer of the Senate
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	
19	
20	
21	
22	
23	
24	