1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)
3	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
4	FOR ENGROSSED HOUSE BILL NO. 1639 By: Hasenbeck, Stark, Boatman,
5 6	Conley, Roberts, Bashore, Lawson, Roe, Townley, Schreiber, Munson and Pae
7	of the House
8	and
9	Daniels of the Senate
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11	CONFERENCE COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE
12	An Act relating to sentencing; creating the Oklahoma
13	Domestic Abuse Survivorship Act; defining terms; directing courts to consider certain mitigating
14	factors during sentencing and pleas; requiring defendants to provide documentary evidence; providing
15	the court the discretion to depart from applicable sentences; requiring certain attorneys to complete
16	annual education and training; amending 22 O.S. 2021, Section 982, which relates to presentence
17	investigations; expanding scope of circumstances; providing for codification; and providing an
18	effective date.
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21	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
22	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
23	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1090 of Title 22, unless there
24	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Sections 1 through 4 of this act shall be known and may be cited
 as the "Oklahoma Domestic Abuse Survivorship Act".

3 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1090.1 of Title 22, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 As used in this act:

7 1. "Conditional release" means a type of release from custody 8 that is not parole but which must comply with conditions such as 9 electronic monitoring;

"Deferred sentence" means a type of sentence as provided in
 Section 991c of Title 22 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

3. "Domestic abuse" means any act of physical harm or the threat of imminent physical harm which is committed by an adult, emancipated minor, or minor child thirteen (13) years of age or older against another adult, emancipated minor or minor child who is currently or was previously an intimate partner or family or household member;

18 4. "Physical abuse" means any real or threatened physical19 injury or damage to the body that is not accidental;

20 5. "Posttraumatic stress disorder" means the same as such term
21 is defined in the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental
22 Disorders, Fifth Edition (DSM-5, 2013), and occurred as a result of
23 the victimization of a survivor of domestic abuse;

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6. "Psychological abuse" means a pattern of real or threatened
 mental intimidation, threats, coercive control, economic-financial
 control, and humiliation that is intended to provoke fear of harm;
 and

7. "Sentencing hearing" means a type of postconviction hearing
in which the defendant is brought before the court for imposition of
the sentence.

8 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 9 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1090.2 of Title 22, unless there 10 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

11 A. During a hearing to:

12 1. Sentence a person; or

13 2. Accept a plea of guilty,

14 for a person who is a survivor of domestic abuse, and has been 15 charged with the crime against his or her intimate partner where 16 self-defense could have been raised as an affirmative defense, the 17 court shall consider as a mitigating factor that the person has been 18 abused physically, sexually, or psychologically by the person the 19 defendant defended himself or herself against, along with any other 20 mitigating or aggravating factors.

B. The defendant shall provide to the court evidence including,
but not limited to:

23 1. Documentary evidence, corroborating that the defendant was,
24 at the time of the offense or within one (1) year prior to the

1 commission of the offense, a victim of domestic abuse, as such term
2 is defined in Section 2 of this act, perpetrated by the person the
3 defendant defended himself or herself against; and

At least one piece of documentary evidence shall be a court
record, presentence report, social services record, hospital record,
sworn statement from a witness to the domestic violence who is not
the defendant, law enforcement record, domestic incident report, or
order of protection.

9 Other evidence may include, but shall not be limited to, local jail records or records of the Department of Corrections, 10 11 documentation prepared at or near the time of the commission of the 12 offense or the prosecution thereof tending to support the claims of 13 the defendant, or verification of consultation with a licensed 14 medical care provider or mental health care provider, employee of a 15 court acting within the scope of his or her employment, member of 16 the clergy, attorney, social worker, or rape crisis counselor, or 17 other advocate acting on behalf of an agency that assists victims of 18 domestic abuse. Expert testimony from a psychiatrist, psychologist, 19 or mental health professional showing that the defendant has been 20 diagnosed with posttraumatic stress disorder as a result of domestic 21 violence may also be submitted to the court as evidence.

C. If the court finds by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant is a survivor of domestic abuse within one (1) year prior to or on the date of the offense by the person the defendant

1 defended himself or herself against, then the court shall have the 2 discretion to depart from the applicable sentence. Such findings of 3 fact shall be on the record after giving due regard to the evidence 4 submitted to the court by the defendant.

5 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1090.3 of Title 22, unless there 7 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

Any district attorney, assistant district attorney, public 8 Α. 9 defender, assistant public defender, attorney employed by or under 10 contract with the Oklahoma Indigent Defense System, court-appointed attorney, private defense attorneys, or attorney employed by or 11 12 under contract with a district court whose duties include domestic 13 violence responsibility shall complete at least three (3) hours of 14 education and training annually in courses relating to the topics 15 described in paragraph 1 of subsection A of this section. The 16 education and training requirements may be accomplished through a 17 collaborative effort between the judiciary and others with domestic 18 violence responsibilities.

B. Each judicial district shall be responsible for developing and administering procedures and rules for such courses for attorneys identified in paragraph 1 of this subsection whose duties routinely include domestic violence responsibilities. The chief judge of each judicial district, or any designee judge with domestic

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violence case responsibilities, shall carry out this mandate within
 one (1) year of the effective date of this act.

3 SECTION 5. AMENDATORY 22 O.S. 2021, Section 982, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 Section 982. A. Whenever a person is convicted of a violent felony offense whether the conviction is for a single offense or 6 7 part of any combination of offenses, except when the death sentence is available as punishment for the offense, the court may, before 8 9 imposing the sentence, require a presentence investigation be made 10 of the offender by the Department of Corrections. The court shall order the defendant to pay a fee to the Department of Corrections of 11 not less than Fifty Dollars (\$50.00) nor more than Five Hundred 12 13 Dollars (\$500.00) for the presentence investigation. In hardship 14 cases, the court may reduce the amount of the fee and establish a 15 payment schedule.

B. Whenever a person has a prior felony conviction and enters a plea of guilty or nolo contendere to a felony offense other than a violent felony offense, without an agreement by the district attorney regarding the sentence to be imposed, the court may order a presentence investigation be made by the Department of Corrections. The fee provided in subsection A of this section shall apply to persons subject to this subsection.

C. Whenever a person has entered a plea of not guilty to a
nonviolent felony offense and is found guilty by a court following a

1 non-jury trial, the court may require a presentence investigation be 2 made by the Department of Corrections. The fee provided in 3 subsection A of this section shall apply to persons subject to this 4 subsection.

5 D. When conducting a presentence investigation, the Department shall inquire into the circumstances of the offense and the 6 7 characteristics of the offender. The information obtained from the investigation shall include, but not be limited to, a voluntary 8 statement from each victim of the offense concerning the nature of 9 10 the offense and the impact of the offense on the victim and the 11 immediate family of the victim, the amount of the loss suffered or 12 incurred by the victim as a result of the criminal conduct of the 13 offender, and the age, marital status, living arrangements, 14 financial obligations, income, family history and education, prior 15 juvenile and criminal records, prior abusive relationships, prior 16 sexual assaults, prior experiences being human trafficked, 17 associations with other persons convicted of a felony offense, 18 social history, indications of a predisposition to violence or 19 substance abuse, remorse or guilt about the offense or the harm to 20 the victim, job skills and employment history of the offender. The 21 Department shall make a report of information from such 22 investigation to the court, including a recommendation detailing the 23 punishment which is deemed appropriate for both the offense and the 24 offender, and specifically a recommendation for or against probation

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or suspended sentence. The report of the investigation shall be presented to the judge within a reasonable time, and upon failure to present the report, the judge may proceed with sentencing. Whenever, in the opinion of the court or the Department, it is desirable, the investigation shall include a physical and mental examination or either a physical or mental examination of the offender.

Ε. The district attorney may have a presentence investigation 8 9 made by the Department on each person charged with a violent felony 10 offense and entering a plea of guilty or a plea of nolo contendere as part of or in exchange for a plea agreement for a violent felony 11 12 offense. The presentence investigation shall be completed before 13 the terms of the plea agreement are finalized. The court shall not 14 approve the terms of any plea agreement without reviewing the 15 presentence investigation report to determine whether or not the 16 terms of the sentence are appropriate for both the offender and the 17 offense. The fee provided in subsection A of this section shall 18 apply to persons subject to this subsection and shall be a condition 19 of the plea agreement and sentence.

F. The presentence investigation reports specified in this section shall not be referred to, or be considered, in any appeal proceedings. Before imposing a sentence, the court shall advise the defendant, counsel for the defendant, and the district attorney of the factual contents and conclusions of the presentence

investigation report. The court shall afford the offender a fair opportunity to controvert the findings and conclusions of the reports at the time of sentencing. If either the defendant or the district attorney desires, a hearing shall be set by the court to allow both parties an opportunity to offer evidence proving or disproving any finding contained in a report, which shall be a hearing in mitigation or aggravation of punishment.

G. The required presentence investigation and report may be
waived upon written waiver by the district attorney and the
defendant and upon approval by the Court.

H. As used in this section, "violent felony offense" means:
1. Arson in the first degree;

Assault with a dangerous weapon, battery with a dangerous
 weapon or assault and battery with a dangerous weapon;

15 3. Aggravated assault and battery on a police officer, sheriff,
16 highway patrol officer, or any other officer of the law;

4. Assault with intent to kill, or shooting with intent to kill;

19 5. Assault with intent to commit a felony, or use of a firearm20 to commit a felony;

Assault while masked or disguised;

22 7. Burglary in the first degree or burglary with explosives;

23 8. Child beating or maiming;

24 9. Forcible sodomy;

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1	10. Kidnapping, or kidnapping for extortion;
2	11. Lewd or indecent proposition or lewd or indecent acts with
3	a child;
4	12. Manslaughter in the first or second degrees;
5	13. Murder in the first or second degrees;
6	14. Rape in the first or second degrees, or rape by
7	instrumentation;
8	15. Robbery in the first or second degrees, or robbery by two
9	or more persons, or robbery with a dangerous weapon; or
10	16. Any attempt, solicitation or conspiracy to commit any of
11	the above enumerated offenses.
12	SECTION 6. This act shall become effective November 1, 2023.
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