1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 59th Legislature (2023)
3	HOUSE BILL 1466 By: Sneed
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6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to public health and safety;
8	providing definitions; prohibiting certain health care professionals from performing or attempting to perform gender transition procedures to certain
9	individuals; providing exceptions; prescribing statute of limitations; requiring revocation of
10	license or certificate; authorizing a finding for revocation of state license for state license
11	holders; authorizing certain claims; authorizing civil actions by minors; authorizing civil actions
12	after majority; authorizing attorney fees; providing for codification; and providing an effective date.
13	for courrection, and providing an effective date.
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16	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
17	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
18	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608 of Title 63, unless there
19	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
20	As used in this act:
21	1. "Child" means an individual who is younger than eighteen
22	(18) years of age;
23	2. "Health care provider" means a person other than a physician
24	who is licensed, certified, or otherwise authorized by this state's

1 laws to provide or render health care or to dispense or proscribe a 2 prescription drug in the ordinary course of business or practice of 3 a profession; and

3. "Physician" means a person licensed to practice medicine in5 this state.

6 SECTION 2. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 7 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608.1 of Title 63, unless there 8 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

9 A. Prohibited provision of gender transitioning or gender 10 reassignment procedures and treatments to certain children. For the 11 purpose of transitioning a child's biological sex as determined by 12 the sex organs, chromosomes, and endogenous profiles of the child or 13 affirming the child's perception of the child's sex if that 14 perception is inconsistent with the child's biological sex, a 15 physician or health care provider may not:

Perform a surgery that sterilizes that child, including:

16 1.

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- a. castration,
- 18 b. hysterectomy,
- 19 c. metoidioplasty,
- 20 d. oophorectomy,
- 21 e. orchiectomy,
- 22 f. penectomy,
- 23 g. phalloplasty,
- h. vaginoplasty, and

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- i. vasectomy;
- 2. Perform a mastectomy;

3 3. Prescribe, administer, or supply any of the following4 medications that induce transient or permanent infertility:

5 6 a. puberty-blocking medication to stop or delay normal puberty,

b. supraphysiologic doses of testosterone to females,
c. supraphysiologic doses of estrogen to males; or

9 4. Remove any otherwise healthy or non-diseased body part or10 tissue.

11 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608.2 of Title 63, unless there 13 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Section 2 of this act does not apply to the provisions by a physician or health care provider, with the consent of the child's parent or legal guardian, of appropriate and medically necessary gender transitioning or gender reassignment procedures or treatments to a child who:

Is born with a medically verifiable genetic disorder of sex
 development, including:

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a. 46,XX chromosomes with virilization,

22 b. 46,XY chromosomes with undervirilization, or

c. both ovarian and testicular tissue; or

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Does not have the normal sex chromosome structure for male
 or female as determined by a physician through genetic testing.

3 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608.3 of Title 63, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

6 The Oklahoma Board of Medical Licensure and Supervision or 7 another state regulatory agency with jurisdiction over a health care 8 provider subject to Section 2608.1 of this act shall revoke the 9 license, certification, or authorization of a physician or health 10 care provider who the board or agency determines has violated that 11 section.

12 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 13 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608.4 of Title 63, unless there 14 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A professional liability insurance policy issued to a physician or health care provider may not include coverage for damages assessed against the physician or health care provider who provides to a child gender transitioning or gender reassignment procedures or treatments that are prohibited by Section 2 of this act.

20 SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 21 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608.5 of Title 63, unless there 22 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A court may revoke the license, certification, or authorization of any person holding a state-issued professional license upon a 1 finding, by the court, that a person knowingly engaged in conduct 2 that aided or abetted the performance or inducement of the gender 3 transition or gender reassignment procedure in violation of this 4 act.

5 SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2608.6 of Title 63, unless there 7 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

8 A. Notwithstanding any other law, the requirements of this act9 shall be enforced exclusively through a private civil action.

B. Any person, other than the state, its political subdivisions, and any officer or employee of a state or local governmental entity in this state, may bring a civil action against any person or entity who:

Performs or induces the gender transitioning or gender
 reassignment procedure in violation of this act; or

16 2. Knowingly engages in conduct that aids or abets the 17 performance or inducement of the gender transitioning or gender 18 reassignment procedure in violation of this act.

19 C. If a claimant prevails in an action brought under this 20 section, the court shall award:

21 1. Injunctive relief sufficient to prevent the defendant from 22 violating this act or engaging in acts that aid or abet violation of 23 this act;

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Statutory damages in an amount of not less than Five Hundred
 Thousand Dollars (\$500,000.00) for each gender transitioning or
 gender reassignment procedure that the defendant performed or
 induced in violation of this act, and for each gender transitioning
 or gender reassignment procedure performed or induced in violation
 of this act that the defendant aided or abetted.

Nominal and compensatory damages if the claimant has
suffered harm from the defendant's conduct including, but not
limited to, loss of consortium and emotional distress; and

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4. Court costs and attorney fees.

D. Notwithstanding any other law, a person may bring an action for a violation of this act no later than twenty (20) years after the day the cause of action accrues.

E. A person under eighteen (18) years of age may bring an action throughout his or her minority through a parent or next friend, and may bring an action in their own name upon reaching majority at any time from that point until twenty-five (25) years after reaching the age of majority.

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