1	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
2	1st Session of the 57th Legislature (2019)
3	HOUSE BILL 1431 By: Loring
4	
5	
6	AS INTRODUCED
7	An Act relating to corporations; enacting the
8	Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act; stating applicability; stating resolution for conflicting
9	laws; permitting state banks or trust companies to be benefit corporations; clarifying applicability of laws for state banks or trust companies; prohibiting
10	inconsistent provisions in the certificate or bylaws; defining terms; requiring certain benefit corporation
11	to comply with the Oklahoma General Corporation Act; prescribing statement for certificate of
12	incorporation; requiring bank or trust company benefit corporation to comply with the Oklahoma
13	Banking Code; prescribing certificate statement; providing for certificate amendment to become benefit
14	corporation; requiring minimum vote for amendment; mandating minimum vote for merger, consolidation or
15	conversion; providing exception; allowing certificate amendment to terminate status as benefit corporation;
16	requiring minimum vote for amendment; providing exception; mandating minimum vote for sale or
17	disposition of all assets; directing benefit corporation to have a purpose; authorizing
18	certificate amendment to change purpose; requiring
19	minimum vote for amendment; construing provision; listing factors for directors to consider; exempting
20	consideration from constituting certain violations; limiting personal liability for directors; exempting
21	director duty to individual beneficiary; clarifying good-faith standard for benefit corporation director;
22	listing duties for benefit corporation officers; limiting personal liability of officers; exempting
23	officer duty to individual beneficiary; specifying good-faith standard for officers; prohibiting actions
24	against a benefit corporation or its directors or

1 officers; providing exception; excluding money damages for failure to pursue or create benefit; 2 specifying conditions for benefit enforcement proceeding; directing benefit corporation to give 3 annual benefit statement to shareholders; specifying contents of annual benefit statement; exempting audit 4 requirement for benefit statement; authorizing certificate to require certain disclosures related to 5 the benefit statement; prescribing timing for benefit statement; providing for codification; and providing an effective date. 6 7 8 9 BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA: 10 SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 11 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1201 of Title 18, unless there 12 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows: 13 This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Oklahoma Α. 14 Benefit Corporation Act". This act shall be applicable to all 15 benefit corporations. 16 The existence of a provision of this act shall not of Β. 17 itself create an implication that a contrary or different rule is 18 applicable to a corporation that is not a benefit corporation. This 19 act shall not affect a statute or rule that is applicable to a 20 corporation that is not a benefit corporation. 21 С. Except as otherwise provided in this act, the Oklahoma 22 General Corporation Act shall be generally applicable to all benefit 23 corporations that are not state banks or trust companies. A benefit 24 corporation that is not a state bank or trust company may be subject

Req. No. 5405

simultaneously to this act and the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, Professional Entity Act and other applicable business formation statutes; however, the provisions of this act shall control over the provisions of the Oklahoma General Corporation Act, Professional Entity Act and other applicable business formation statutes where there is a conflict.

D. Except as otherwise provided in this act, the Oklahoma
Banking Code shall be generally applicable to all benefit
corporations that are state banks or trust companies. A benefit
corporation that is a state bank or trust company may be subject
simultaneously to this act and the Oklahoma Banking Code; however,
the provisions of this act shall control over the provisions of the
Oklahoma Banking Code where there is a conflict.

E. A provision of the certificate of incorporation or bylaws of a benefit corporation shall not limit, be inconsistent with or supersede a provision of this act.

17SECTION 2.NEW LAWA new section of law to be codified18in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1202 of Title 18, unless there19is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

20 As used in the Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act:

21 1. "Benefit corporation" means:

a. a business corporation incorporated under the Oklahoma
 General Corporation Act that is subject to this act,
 or

Req. No. 5405

5 or proceeding for: 6 a. failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or created general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation 7 purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation 9 or 10 b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 12 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the	1	b. a state bank or trust company incorporated under Title
 2. "Benefit enforcement proceeding" means any claim or action or proceeding for: a. failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or created general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation or b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 4. "Minimum status vote" means: a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 	2	6 of the Oklahoma Statutes that is subject to this
5 or proceeding for: 6 a. failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or created general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation 7 purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation 9 or 10 b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 12 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the	3	act;
 a. failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or create general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation or b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 4. "Minimum status vote" means: a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bas or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the 	4	2. "Benefit enforcement proceeding" means any claim or action
7 general public benefit or a specific public benefit purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation or b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 12 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 14. "Minimum status vote" means: 15. a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: 12. (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 23. be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the	5	or proceeding for:
 purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation or b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 4. "Minimum status vote" means: a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the 	6	a. failure of a benefit corporation to pursue or create
 9 or 10 b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of 11 conduct under this act; 12 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact 13 society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a 14 third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit 15 corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar 18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the 	7	general public benefit or a specific public benefit
 b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of conduct under this act; 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit corporation; 4. "Minimum status vote" means: a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the 	8	purpose set forth in its certificate of incorporation,
11 conduct under this act; 12 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact 13 society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a 14 third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit 15 corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar 18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	9	or
12 3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact 13 society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a 14 third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit 15 corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar 18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	10	b. violation of any obligation, duty or standard of
society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefic corporation; "Minimum status vote" means: a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar or trust company, in addition to any other required approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following conditions: (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the 	11	conduct under this act;
14 third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit 15 corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar 18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	12	3. "General public benefit" means a material positive impact on
<pre>15 corporation; 16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar 18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the</pre>	13	society and the environment, taken as a whole, assessed against a
16 4. "Minimum status vote" means: 17 a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bar 18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	14	third-party standard, from the business and operations of a benefit
17a.in the case of a business corporation or a state bar18or trust company, in addition to any other required19approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following20conditions:21(1) the shareholders of every class or series shall22be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate23action regardless of a limitation stated in the	15	corporation;
18 or trust company, in addition to any other required 19 approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following 20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	16	4. "Minimum status vote" means:
19approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following20conditions:21(1) the shareholders of every class or series shall22be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate23action regardless of a limitation stated in the	17	a. in the case of a business corporation or a state bank
20 conditions: 21 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall 22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	18	or trust company, in addition to any other required
 (1) the shareholders of every class or series shall be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate action regardless of a limitation stated in the 	19	approval or vote, the satisfaction of the following
22 be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate 23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	20	conditions:
23 action regardless of a limitation stated in the	21	(1) the shareholders of every class or series shall
	22	be entitled to vote as a class on the corporate
24	23	action regardless of a limitation stated in the
	24	

1 certificate of incorporation or bylaws on the 2 voting rights of any class or series, and 3 (2) the corporate action shall be approved by the affirmative vote of the shareholders of each 4 5 class or series entitled to cast at least two-6 thirds (2/3) of the votes that all shareholders 7 of the class or series are entitled to cast on the action, 8 9 b. in the case of a domestic entity other than a 10 corporation or state bank or trust company, in 11 addition to any other required approval, vote or 12 consent, the satisfaction of the following conditions: 13 (1) the holders of every class or series of equity 14 interest in the entity that are entitled to 15 receive a distribution of any kind from the 16 entity shall be entitled to vote on or consent to 17 the action regardless of any otherwise applicable 18 limitation on the voting or consent rights of any 19 class or series, and 20 (2) the action shall be approved by the affirmative 21 vote or consent of the holders described in 22 division (1) of this subparagraph entitled to 23 cast at least two-thirds (2/3) of the votes or

Req. No. 5405

24

1	consents that all of those holders are entitled
2	to cast on the action; and
3	5. "Specific public benefit" includes:
4	a. providing low-income or underserved individuals or
5	communities with beneficial products or services,
6	b. promoting economic opportunity for individuals or
7	communities beyond the creation of jobs in the normal
8	course of business,
9	c. protecting or restoring the environment,
10	d. improving human health,
11	e. promoting the arts, sciences or advancement of
12	knowledge,
13	f. increasing the flow of capital to entities with a
14	purpose to benefit society or the environment, and
15	g. conferring any other particular benefit on society or
16	the environment.
17	SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
18	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1203 of Title 18, unless there
19	is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
20	A. A benefit corporation that is not a state bank or trust
21	company shall be incorporated in accordance with the Oklahoma
22	General Corporation Act, except that its certificate of
23	incorporation shall also state that it is a benefit corporation.
24	

Req. No. 5405

B. A benefit corporation that is a state bank or trust company
 shall be incorporated in accordance with the Oklahoma Banking Code,
 except that its certificate of incorporation shall also state that
 it is a benefit corporation.

5 SECTION 4. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 6 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1204 of Title 18, unless there 7 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

An existing business corporation may become a benefit 8 Α. 9 corporation under the Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act by amending 10 its certificate of incorporation so that it contains, in addition to 11 the requirements of Title 6 or Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes, a 12 statement that the corporation is a benefit corporation. In order 13 to be effective, the amendment shall be adopted by at least the 14 minimum status vote.

15 Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, if 1. Β. 16 a domestic entity that is not a benefit corporation is a party to a 17 merger, consolidation or conversion and the surviving, new or 18 resulting entity in the merger, consolidation or conversion is to be 19 a benefit corporation, the plan of merger, consolidation or 20 conversion shall be adopted or approved by the domestic entity by at 21 least the minimum status vote.

22 2. Paragraph 1 of this subsection shall not apply in the case 23 of a corporation that is a party to a merger if the shareholders of 24

Req. No. 5405

the corporation are not entitled to vote on the merger pursuant to
 Section 1083 of Title 18 of the Oklahoma Statutes.

3 SECTION 5. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1205 of Title 18, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A benefit corporation may terminate its status and cease to
be subject to the Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act by amending its
certificate of incorporation to delete the provision required by
Sections 3 and 4 of this act to be stated in the certificate of a
benefit corporation. In order to be effective, the amendment shall
be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.

B. 1. Except as provided in paragraph 2 of this subsection, if a plan of merger, consolidation or conversion would have the effect of terminating the status of a business corporation as a benefit corporation, the plan shall be adopted by at least the minimum status vote in order to be effective.

17 2. Paragraph 1 of this subsection shall not apply in the case 18 of a corporation that is a party to a merger if the shareholders of 19 the corporation are not entitled to vote on the merger.

3. Any sale, lease, exchange or other disposition of all or substantially all of the assets of a benefit corporation, unless the transaction is in the usual and regular course of business, shall not be effective unless the transaction is approved by at least the minimum status vote.

Req. No. 5405

SECTION 6. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1206 of Title 18, unless there
 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A benefit corporation shall have a purpose of creating
general public benefit. This purpose is in addition to its purpose
under the Oklahoma General Corporation Act or the Oklahoma Banking
Code.

Β. The certificate of incorporation of a benefit corporation 8 9 may identify one or more specific public benefits that it is the 10 purpose of the benefit corporation to create in addition to its 11 purposes under the Oklahoma General Corporation Act or the Oklahoma Banking Code and subsection A of this section. The identification 12 13 of a specific public benefit under this subsection does not limit 14 the purpose of a benefit corporation to create general public 15 benefit under subsection A of this section.

16 C. The creation of general public benefit and specific public 17 benefit under subsections A and B of this section shall be in the 18 best interests of the benefit corporation.

D. A benefit corporation may amend its certificate of
incorporation to add, amend or delete the identification of a
specific public benefit that it is the purpose of the benefit
corporation to create. In order to be effective, the amendment
shall be adopted by at least the minimum status vote.

24

Req. No. 5405

E. A professional corporation that is a benefit corporation
 shall not violate the Professional Entity Act by having the purpose
 to create general public benefit or a specific public benefit.

F. A state bank or trust company that is a benefit corporation shall not violate the Oklahoma Banking Code by having the purpose to create general public benefit or a specific public benefit, but nothing in the Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act shall eliminate, diminish or supersede the duties of a benefit corporation that is a state bank or trust company to operate safely and soundly in accordance with applicable regulatory requirements.

11 SECTION 7. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 12 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1207 of Title 18, unless there 13 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. In discharging the duties of their respective positions and in considering the best interests of the benefit corporation, the board of directors, committees of the board and individual directors of a benefit corporation:

18 Shall consider the effects of any action or inaction upon: 1. 19 the shareholders of the benefit corporation, a. 20 b. the employees and work force of the benefit 21 corporation, its subsidiaries and its suppliers, 22 the interests of customers as beneficiaries of the с. 23 general public benefit or a specific public benefit 24 purpose of the benefit corporation,

Req. No. 5405

d. community and societal factors, including those of
 each community in which offices or facilities of the
 benefit corporation, its subsidiaries or its suppliers
 are located,

5 e. the local and global environment,

- f. the short-term and long-term interests of the benefit
 corporation, including benefits that may accrue to the
 benefit corporation from its long-term plans and the
 possibility that these interests may be best served by
 the continued independence of the benefit corporation,
 and
- 12 g. the ability of the benefit corporation to accomplish 13 its general public benefit purpose and any specific 14 public benefit purpose; and

15 2. May consider other pertinent factors or the interests of any16 other group that they deem appropriate; but

3. Need not give priority to a particular interest or factor referred to in paragraph 1 or 2 of this subsection over any other interest or factor unless the benefit corporation has stated in its certificate of incorporation its intention to give priority to certain interests or factors related to the accomplishment of its general public benefit purpose or of a specific public benefit purpose identified in its certificate.

24

B. The consideration of interests and factors in the manner
 provided by subsection A of this section shall not constitute a
 violation of the duties of directors under the Oklahoma General
 Corporation Act or, except as provided in subsection F of Section 6
 of the act, the Oklahoma Banking Code.

6 C. Except as provided in the certificate of incorporation or 7 bylaws, a director is not personally liable for monetary damages 8 for:

9 1. Any action or inaction in the course of performing the 10 duties of a director under subsection A of this section if the 11 director was not interested with respect to the action or inaction; 12 or

Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or create
 general public benefit or specific public benefit.

D. A director shall not have a duty to a person that is a beneficiary of the general public benefit purpose or a specific public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the status of the person as a beneficiary.

E. A director who makes a business judgment in good faithfulfills the duty under this section if the director:

Is not interested in the subject of the business judgment;
 Is informed with respect to the subject of the business
 judgment to the extent the director reasonably believes to be
 appropriate under the circumstances; and

Rationally believes that the business judgment is in the
 best interests of the benefit corporation.

3 SECTION 8. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 4 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1208 of Title 18, unless there 5 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Each officer of a benefit corporation shall consider the
interests and factors described in paragraph 1 of subsection A of
Section 7 of this act in the manner provided in paragraph 3 of
subsection A of Section 7 of this act if:

The officer has discretion to act with respect to a matter;
 and

12 2. It reasonably appears to the officer that the matter may 13 have a material effect on the creation by the benefit corporation of 14 general public benefit or a specific public benefit identified in 15 the certificate of incorporation of the benefit corporation.

B. The consideration of interests and factors in the manner
provided in subsection A of this section shall not constitute a
violation of the duties of an officer, except as provided in
subsection F of Section 6 of this act.

20 C. Except as provided in the certificate of incorporation or 21 bylaws, an officer shall not be personally liable for monetary 22 damages for:

23 1. An action or inaction as an officer in the course of
24 performing the duties of an officer under subsection A of this

1 section if the officer was not interested with respect to the action
2 or inaction; or

3 2. Failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or create4 general public benefit or specific public benefit.

5 D. An officer shall not have a duty to a person that is a 6 beneficiary of the general public benefit purpose or a specific 7 public benefit purpose of a benefit corporation arising from the 8 status of the person as a beneficiary.

9 E. An officer who makes a business judgment in good faith10 fulfills the duty under this section if the officer:

Is not interested in the subject of the business judgment;
 Is informed with respect to the subject of the business
 judgment to the extent the officer reasonably believes to be
 appropriate under the circumstances; and

15 3. Rationally believes that the business judgment is in the16 best interests of the benefit corporation.

17 SECTION 9. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 18 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1209 of Title 18, unless there 19 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. Except in a benefit enforcement proceeding, no person shall
bring an action or assert a claim against a benefit corporation or
its directors or officers with respect to:

23

24

Failure to pursue or create general public benefit or a
 specific public benefit set forth in its certificate of
 incorporation; or

4 2. Violation of an obligation, duty or standard of conduct
5 under the Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act or the Oklahoma Banking
6 Code.

B. A benefit corporation shall not be liable for monetary
damages under the Oklahoma Benefit Corporation Act or the Oklahoma
Banking Code for any failure of the benefit corporation to pursue or
create general public benefit or a specific public benefit.

11 C. A benefit enforcement proceeding may be commenced or 12 maintained only:

13 1. Directly by the benefit corporation; or

Derivatively in accordance with the Oklahoma General
 Corporation Act or the Oklahoma Banking Code, as applicable, by:
 a. a person or group of persons that owned beneficially

or of record at least two percent (2%) of the total number of shares of a class or series outstanding at the time of the act or omission complained of,

20 b. a director,

c. a person or group of persons that owned beneficially
 or of record five percent (5%) or more of the
 outstanding equity interests in an entity of which the

24

17

18

19

1

2

5

6

7

8

benefit corporation is a subsidiary at the time of the act or omission complained of, or

other persons as specified in the certificate of

3

d.

incorporation or bylaws of the benefit corporation. D. For purposes of this section, a person is the beneficial owner of shares or equity interests if the shares or equity interests are held in a voting trust or by a nominee on behalf of the beneficial owner.

9 SECTION 10. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 10 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 1210 of Title 18, unless there 11 is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

A. A benefit corporation shall annually provide its
shareholders with a statement as to the corporation's promotion of
general public benefit and any specific public benefit identified in
the certificate of incorporation. The statement shall include:

The objectives the board of directors has established to
 promote general public benefit and any specific public benefit;

18 2. The standards the board of directors has adopted to measure 19 the corporation's progress in promoting general public benefit and 20 any specific public benefit;

3. Objective factual information based on those standards regarding the corporation's success in meeting the objectives for promoting general public benefit and any specific public benefit; and 4. An assessment of the corporation's success in meeting the
 objectives and promoting general public benefit and any specific
 public benefit.

B. The certificate of incorporation or bylaws of a benefitcorporation may require that the corporation:

6 1. Make the statement described in subsection A of this section7 available to the public; and

8 2. Use a third-party standard in connection with or attain a 9 periodic third-party certification addressing the corporation's 10 promotion of general public benefit and any specific public benefit 11 identified in the certificate of incorporation.

12 C. The benefit statement and the assessment of the performance 13 of the benefit corporation in the benefit statement required by 14 subsection A of this section are not required to be audited or 15 certified by a third party.

16 D. A benefit corporation shall send its annual benefit17 statement to each shareholder on the earlier of:

One hundred twenty (120) days following the end of the
 fiscal year of the benefit corporation; or

20 2. The same time that the benefit corporation delivers any
21 other annual report to its shareholders.

SECTION 11. This act shall become effective November 1, 2019.

24 57-1-5405 JBH 12/14/18