1	HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES - FLOOR VERSION
2	STATE OF OKLAHOMA
3	1st Session of the 58th Legislature (2021)
4	HOUSE BILL 1005 By: Bush and Pae of the House
5	and
6	Montgomery of the Senate
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9	AS INTRODUCED
10	An Act relating to the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
11	Substances Act; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as last amended by Section 1, Chapter 101, O.S.L.
12	2020 (63 O.S. Supp. 2020, Section 2-101), which relates to definitions; defining term; modifying
13	definitions; amending 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101.1, which relates to drug paraphernalia; providing
14	exception; authorizing certain entities to engage in harm-reduction services; requiring registration with the State Department of Health; providing for certain
15	allowable activities for specified period of time; providing reporting requirements; directing
16	promulgation of rules; providing for codification; and declaring an emergency.
17	and declaring an emergency.
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20	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
21	SECTION 1. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101, as
22	last amended by Section 1, Chapter 101, O.S.L. 2020 (63 O.S. Supp.
23	2020, Section 2-101), is amended to read as follows:
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Section 2-101. As used in the Uniform Controlled Dangerous
 Substances Act:

3 1. "Administer" means the direct application of a controlled 4 dangerous substance, whether by injection, inhalation, ingestion or 5 any other means, to the body of a patient, animal or research 6 subject by:

- a. a practitioner (or, in the presence of the
 practitioner, by the authorized agent of the
 practitioner), or
- b. the patient or research subject at the direction and
 in the presence of the practitioner;

12 2. "Agent" means a peace officer appointed by and who acts on 13 behalf of the Director of the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and 14 Dangerous Drugs Control or an authorized person who acts on behalf 15 of or at the direction of a person who manufactures, distributes, 16 dispenses, prescribes, administers or uses for scientific purposes 17 controlled dangerous substances but does not include a common or 18 contract carrier, public warehouser or employee thereof, or a person 19 required to register under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 20 Substances Act;

3. "Board" means the Advisory Board to the Director of the
Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;
4. "Bureau" means the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and
Dangerous Drugs Control;

5. "Coca leaves" includes cocaine and any compound,
 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of coca
 leaves, except derivatives of coca leaves which do not contain
 cocaine or ecgonine;

6. "Commissioner" or "Director" means the Director of the
6 Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

7 7. "Control" means to add, remove or change the placement of a
8 drug, substance or immediate precursor under the Uniform Controlled
9 Dangerous Substances Act;

10 8. "Controlled dangerous substance" means a drug, substance or 11 immediate precursor in Schedules I through V of the Uniform 12 Controlled Dangerous Substances Act or any drug, substance or 13 immediate precursor listed either temporarily or permanently as a 14 federally controlled substance. Any conflict between state and 15 federal law with regard to the particular schedule in which a 16 substance is listed shall be resolved in favor of state law;

9. "Counterfeit substance" means a controlled substance which,
or the container or labeling of which without authorization, bears
the trademark, trade name or other identifying marks, imprint,
number or device or any likeness thereof of a manufacturer,
distributor or dispenser other than the person who in fact
manufactured, distributed or dispensed the substance;
10. "Deliver" or "delivery" means the actual, constructive or

24 attempted transfer from one person to another of a controlled

1 dangerous substance or drug paraphernalia, whether or not there is 2 an agency relationship;

3 11. "Dispense" means to deliver a controlled dangerous
4 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject by or
5 pursuant to the lawful order of a practitioner, including the
6 prescribing, administering, packaging, labeling or compounding
7 necessary to prepare the substance for such distribution.
8 "Dispenser" is a practitioner who delivers a controlled dangerous
9 substance to an ultimate user or human research subject;

10 12. "Distribute" means to deliver other than by administering 11 or dispensing a controlled dangerous substance;

12 13. "Distributor" means a commercial entity engaged in the 13 distribution or reverse distribution of narcotics and dangerous 14 drugs and who complies with all regulations promulgated by the 15 federal Drug Enforcement Administration and the Oklahoma State 16 Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control;

- 17 14. "Drug" means articles:
- 18a.recognized in the official United States Pharmacopoeia19Pharmacopeia, official Homeopathic Pharmacopoeia of20the United States, or official National Formulary, or21any supplement to any of them,
- b. intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation,
 treatment or prevention of disease in man or other
 animals,

1 other than food, intended to affect the structure or с. 2 any function of the body of man or other animals, and 3 d. intended for use as a component of any article 4 specified in this paragraph; 5 provided, however, the term "drug" does not include devices or their 6 components, parts or accessories; 7 15. "Drug-dependent person" means a person who is using a controlled dangerous substance and who is in a state of psychic or 8 9 physical dependence, or both, arising from administration of that 10 controlled dangerous substance on a continuous basis. Drug 11 dependence is characterized by behavioral and other responses which 12 include a strong compulsion to take the substance on a continuous 13 basis in order to experience its psychic effects, or to avoid the 14 discomfort of its absence; 15 16. "Harm-reduction services" means programs established to: 16 reduce the spread of infectious diseases related to a. 17 injection drug use, 18 reduce drug dependency, overdose deaths, and b. 19 associated complications, and 20 increase safe recovery and disposal of used syringes с. 21 and sharp waste; 22 17. "Home care agency" means any sole proprietorship,

23 partnership, association, corporation, or other organization which 24 administers, offers, or provides home care services, for a fee or 1 pursuant to a contract for such services, to clients in their place 2 of residence;

3 17. 18. "Home care services" means skilled or personal care 4 services provided to clients in their place of residence for a fee; 5 18. "Hospice" means a centrally administered, nonprofit or 6 profit, medically directed, nurse-coordinated program which provides 7 a continuum of home and inpatient care for the terminally ill patient and the patient's family. Such term shall also include a 8 9 centrally administered, nonprofit or profit, medically directed, 10 nurse-coordinated program if such program is licensed pursuant to 11 the provisions of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. 12 A hospice program offers palliative and supportive care to meet the 13 special needs arising out of the physical, emotional and spiritual 14 stresses which are experienced during the final stages of illness 15 and during dying and bereavement. This care is available twenty-16 four (24) hours a day, seven (7) days a week, and is provided on the 17 basis of need, regardless of ability to pay. "Class A" Hospice 18 refers to Medicare certified hospices. "Class B" refers to all 19 other providers of hospice services;

20 19. 20. "Imitation controlled substance" means a substance that 21 is not a controlled dangerous substance, which by dosage unit 22 appearance, color, shape, size, markings or by representations made, 23 would lead a reasonable person to believe that the substance is a 24 controlled dangerous substance. In the event the appearance of the dosage unit is not reasonably sufficient to establish that the substance is an "imitation controlled substance", the court or authority concerned should consider, in addition to all other factors, the following factors as related to "representations made" in determining whether the substance is an "imitation controlled substance":

- a. statements made by an owner or by any other person in
 control of the substance concerning the nature of the
 substance, or its use or effect,
- b. statements made to the recipient that the substance
 may be resold for inordinate profit,
- 12 c. whether the substance is packaged in a manner normally
 13 used for illicit controlled substances,
- d. evasive tactics or actions utilized by the owner or
 person in control of the substance to avoid detection
 by law enforcement authorities,
- e. prior convictions, if any, of an owner, or any other
 person in control of the object <u>substance</u>, under state
 or federal law related to controlled substances or
 fraud, and
- f. the proximity of the substances to controlled
 dangerous substances;

23 20. 21. "Immediate precursor" means a substance which the
 24 Director has found to be and by regulation designates as being the

principal compound commonly used or produced primarily for use, and which is an immediate chemical intermediary used, or likely to be used, in the manufacture of a controlled dangerous substance, the control of which is necessary to prevent, curtail or limit such manufacture;

6 21. 22. "Laboratory" means a laboratory approved by the 7 Director as proper to be entrusted with the custody of controlled dangerous substances and the use of controlled dangerous substances 8 9 for scientific and medical purposes and for purposes of instruction; 10 22. 23. "Manufacture" means the production, preparation, propagation, compounding or processing of a controlled dangerous 11 12 substance, either directly or indirectly by extraction from 13 substances of natural or synthetic origin, or independently by means 14 of chemical synthesis or by a combination of extraction and chemical 15 synthesis. "Manufacturer" includes any person who packages, 16 repackages or labels any container of any controlled dangerous 17 substance, except practitioners who dispense or compound 18 prescription orders for delivery to the ultimate consumer;

19 23. 24. "Marijuana" means all parts of the plant Cannabis 20 sativa L., whether growing or not; the seeds thereof; the resin 21 extracted from any part of such plant; and every compound, 22 manufacture, salt, derivative, mixture or preparation of such plant, 23 its seeds or resin, but shall not include:

- a. the mature stalks of such plant or fiber produced from
 such stalks,
 - b. oil or cake made from the seeds of such plant, including cannabidiol derived from the seeds of the marijuana plant,
- c. any other compound, manufacture, salt, derivative,
 mixture or preparation of such mature stalks (except
 the resin extracted therefrom), including cannabidiol
 derived from mature stalks, fiber, oil or cake,
- 10 d. the sterilized seed of such plant which is incapable11 of germination,
- e. for any person participating in a clinical trial to
 administer cannabidiol for the treatment of severe
 forms of epilepsy pursuant to Section 2-802 of this
 title, a drug or substance approved by the federal
 Food and Drug Administration for use by those
 participants,
- 18f.for any person or the parents, legal guardians or19caretakers of the person who have received a written20certification from a physician licensed in this state21that the person has been diagnosed by a physician as22having Lennox-Gastaut syndrome, Dravet syndrome, also23known as Severe Myoclonic Epilepsy of Infancy, or any24other severe form of epilepsy that is not adequately

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1 treated by traditional medical therapies, spasticity 2 due to multiple sclerosis or due to paraplegia, 3 intractable nausea and vomiting, appetite stimulation 4 with chronic wasting diseases, the substance 5 cannabidiol, a nonpsychoactive cannabinoid, found in 6 the plant Cannabis sativa L. or any other preparation 7 thereof, that has a tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%)8 9 and that is delivered to the patient in the form of a 10 liquid,

- 11g. any cannabidiol drug or substance approved by the12federal Food and Drug Administration-approved13cannabidiol drug or substance, or
- h. industrial hemp, from the plant Cannabis sativa L. and
 any part of such plant, whether growing or not, with a
 delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of not more
 than three-tenths of one percent (0.3%) on a dry
 weight basis which shall only be grown pursuant to the
 Oklahoma Industrial Hemp Program and may be shipped
 intrastate and interstate;
- 21 <u>24.</u> <u>25.</u> "Medical purpose" means an intention to utilize a 22 controlled dangerous substance for physical or mental treatment, for 23 diagnosis, or for the prevention of a disease condition not in
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violation of any state or federal law and not for the purpose of
 satisfying physiological or psychological dependence or other abuse;

3 25. 26. "Mid-level practitioner" means an Advanced Practice 4 Registered Nurse as defined and within parameters specified in 5 Section 567.3a of Title 59 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or a certified animal euthanasia technician as defined in Section 698.2 of Title 59 6 7 of the Oklahoma Statutes, or an animal control officer registered by the Oklahoma State Bureau of Narcotics and Dangerous Drugs Control 8 9 under subsection B of Section 2-301 of this title within the 10 parameters of such officer's duty under Sections 501 through 508 of 11 Title 4 of the Oklahoma Statutes;

12 26. 27. "Narcotic drug" means any of the following, whether 13 produced directly or indirectly by extraction from substances of 14 vegetable origin, or independently by means of chemical synthesis, 15 or by a combination of extraction and chemical synthesis:

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a. opium, coca leaves and opiates,

- b. a compound, manufacture, salt, derivative or
 preparation of opium, coca leaves or opiates,
- c. cocaine, its salts, optical and geometric isomers, and
 salts of isomers,
- d. ecgonine, its derivatives, their salts, isomers and
 salts of isomers, and
- e. a substance, and any compound, manufacture, salt,
 derivative or preparation thereof, which is chemically

identical with any of the substances referred to in subparagraphs a through d of this paragraph, except that the words "narcotic drug" as used in Section 2-101 et seq. of this title shall not include decocainized coca leaves or extracts of coca leaves, which extracts do not contain cocaine or ecgonine;

7 "Opiate" or "opioid" means any Schedule II, III, IV or 27. 28. V substance having an addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 8 9 liability similar to morphine or being capable of conversion into a 10 drug having such addiction-forming or addiction-sustaining 11 liability. The terms do not include, unless specifically designated 12 as controlled under the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act, 13 the dextrorotatory isomer of 3-methoxy-n-methyl-morphinan and its 14 salts (dextromethorphan). The terms do include the racemic and 15 levorotatory forms;

16 28. 29. "Opium poppy" means the plant of the species Papaver 17 somniferum L., except the seeds thereof;

18 29. <u>30.</u> "Peace officer" means a police officer, sheriff, deputy 19 sheriff, district attorney's investigator, investigator from the 20 Office of the Attorney General, or any other person elected or 21 appointed by law to enforce any of the criminal laws of this state 22 or of the United States;

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1	30. <u>31.</u>	"Person" means an individual, corporation, government
2	or governmen	tal subdivision or agency, business trust, estate,
3	trust, partne	ership or association, or any other legal entity;
4	31. <u>32.</u>	"Poppy straw" means all parts, except the seeds, of the
5	opium poppy,	after mowing;
6	32. <u>33.</u>	"Practitioner" means:
7	a.	(1) a medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
8		(2) a dentist,
9		(3) a podiatrist,
10		(4) an optometrist,
11		(5) a veterinarian,
12		(6) a physician assistant or Advanced Practice
13		Registered Nurse under the supervision of a
14		licensed medical doctor or osteopathic physician,
15		(7) a scientific investigator, or
16		(8) any other person,
17		licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
18		prescribe, distribute, dispense, conduct research with
19		respect to, use for scientific purposes or administer
20		a controlled dangerous substance in the course of
21		professional practice or research in this state, or
22	b.	a pharmacy, hospital, laboratory or other institution
23		licensed, registered or otherwise permitted to
24		distribute, dispense, conduct research with respect

to, use for scientific purposes or administer a controlled dangerous substance in the course of professional practice or research in this state; 33. 34. "Production" includes the manufacture, planting, cultivation, growing or harvesting of a controlled dangerous substance;

7 34. 35. "State" means the State of Oklahoma or any other state
8 of the United States;

9 35. 36. "Ultimate user" means a person who lawfully possesses a 10 controlled dangerous substance for the person's own use or for the 11 use of a member of the person's household or for administration to 12 an animal owned by the person or by a member of the person's 13 household;

14 36. 37. "Drug paraphernalia" means all equipment, products and 15 materials of any kind which are used, intended for use, or fashioned 16 specifically for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing, harvesting, manufacturing, compounding, converting, producing, 17 18 processing, preparing, testing, analyzing, packaging, repackaging, 19 storing, containing, concealing, injecting, ingesting, inhaling or 20 otherwise introducing into the human body, a controlled dangerous 21 substance in violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous 22 Substances Act including, but not limited to:

a. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically
 for use in planting, propagating, cultivating, growing

or harvesting of any species of plant which is a controlled dangerous substance or from which a controlled dangerous substance can be derived,

- 4 b. kits used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically
 5 for use in manufacturing, compounding, converting,
 6 producing, processing or preparing controlled
 7 dangerous substances,
- 8 c. isomerization devices used, intended for use, or 9 fashioned specifically for use in increasing the 10 potency of any species of plant which is a controlled 11 dangerous substance,
- d. testing equipment used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in identifying, or in analyzing
 the strength, effectiveness or purity of controlled
 dangerous substances,
- e. scales and balances used, intended for use, or
 fashioned specifically for use in weighing or
 measuring controlled dangerous substances,
- 19 f. diluents and adulterants, such as quinine 20 hydrochloride, mannitol, mannite, dextrose and 21 lactose, used, intended for use, or fashioned 22 specifically for use in cutting controlled dangerous 23 substances,
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- 1g. separation gins and sifters used, intended for use, or2fashioned specifically for use in removing twigs and3seeds from, or in otherwise cleaning or refining,4marijuana,
- h. blenders, bowls, containers, spoons and mixing devices
 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
 use in compounding controlled dangerous substances,
- i. capsules, balloons, envelopes and other containers
 used, intended for use, or fashioned specifically for
 use in packaging small quantities of controlled
 dangerous substances,
- j. containers and other objects used, intended for use,
 or fashioned specifically for use in parenterally
 injecting controlled dangerous substances into the
 human body,
- 16 k. hypodermic syringes, needles and other objects used, 17 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use in 18 parenterally injecting controlled dangerous substances 19 into the human body <u>except as authorized by Section 3</u> 20 of this act,
- l. objects used, intended for use, or fashioned
 specifically for use in ingesting, inhaling or
 otherwise introducing marijuana, cocaine, hashish or
 hashish oil into the human body, such as:

1	(1)	metal, wooden, acrylic, glass, stone, plastic or
2		ceramic pipes with or without screens, permanent
3		screens, hashish heads or punctured metal bowls,
4	(2)	water pipes,
5	(3)	carburetion tubes and devices,
6	(4)	smoking and carburetion masks,
7	(5)	roach clips, meaning objects used to hold burning
8		material, such as a marijuana cigarette, that has
9		become too small or too short to be held in the
10		hand,
11	(6)	miniature cocaine spoons and cocaine vials,
12	(7)	chamber pipes,
13	(8)	carburetor pipes,
14	(9)	electric pipes,
15	(10)	air-driven pipes,
16	(11)	chillums,
17	(12)	bongs, or
18	(13)	ice pipes or chillers,
19	m. all	hidden or novelty pipes, and
20	n. any	pipe that has a tobacco bowl or chamber of less
21	tha	n one-half (1/2) inch in diameter in which there is
22	any	detectable residue of any controlled dangerous
23	sub	stance as defined in this section or any other
24	sub	stances not legal for possession or use;

1 provided, however, the term "drug paraphernalia" shall not include 2 separation gins intended for use in preparing tea or spice, clamps 3 used for constructing electrical equipment, water pipes designed for 4 ornamentation in which no detectable amount of an illegal substance 5 is found or pipes designed and used solely for smoking tobacco, 6 traditional pipes of an American Indian tribal religious ceremony, 7 or antique pipes that are thirty (30) years of age or older; 8 37. 9 38. "Synthetic controlled substance" means a substance: a. 10 (1)the chemical structure of which is substantially 11 similar to the chemical structure of a controlled 12 dangerous substance in Schedule I or II, (2) 13 which has a stimulant, depressant, or 14 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 15 system that is substantially similar to or 16 greater than the stimulant, depressant or 17 hallucinogenic effect on the central nervous 18 system of a controlled dangerous substance in 19 Schedule I or II, or 20 with respect to a particular person, which such (3) 21 person represents or intends to have a stimulant, 22 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 23 central nervous system that is substantially 24 similar to or greater than the stimulant,

1 depressant, or hallucinogenic effect on the 2 central nervous system of a controlled dangerous substance in Schedule I or II. 3 4 b. The designation of gamma butyrolactone or any other 5 chemical as a precursor, pursuant to Section 2-322 of this title, does not preclude a finding pursuant to 6 7 subparagraph a of this paragraph that the chemical is a synthetic controlled substance. 8 9 с. "Synthetic controlled substance" does not include: 10 (1)a controlled dangerous substance, 11 any substance for which there is an approved new (2)12 drug application, 13 with respect to a particular person any (3) 14 substance, if an exemption is in effect for 15 investigational use, for that person under the 16 provisions of Section 505 of the Federal Food, 17 Drug and Cosmetic Act, Title 21 of the United 18 States Code, Section 355, to the extent conduct 19 with respect to such substance is pursuant to 20 such exemption, or 21 (4) any substance to the extent not intended for 22 human consumption before such an exemption takes 23 effect with respect to that substance. 24

d. Prima facie evidence that a substance containing
salvia divinorum has been enhanced, concentrated or
chemically or physically altered shall give rise to a
rebuttable presumption that the substance is a
synthetic controlled substance;

6 <u>38. 39.</u> "Tetrahydrocannabinols" means all substances that have 7 been chemically synthesized to emulate the tetrahydrocannabinols of 8 marijuana;

9 39. 40. "Isomer" means the optical isomer, except as used in 10 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title and paragraph 4 11 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title. As used in 12 subsections C and F of Section 2-204 of this title, "isomer" means 13 the optical, positional or geometric isomer. As used in paragraph 4 14 of subsection A of Section 2-206 of this title, the term "isomer" 15 means the optical or geometric isomer;

16 <u>40. 41.</u> "Hazardous materials" means materials, whether solid, 17 liquid or gas, which are toxic to human, animal, aquatic or plant 18 life, and the disposal of which materials is controlled by state or 19 federal guidelines;

41. <u>42.</u> "Anhydrous ammonia" means any substance that exhibits
cryogenic evaporative behavior and tests positive for ammonia;
<u>42.</u> <u>43.</u> "Acute pain" means pain, whether resulting from
disease, accidental or intentional trauma or other cause, that the
practitioner reasonably expects to last only a short period of time.

1 "Acute pain" does not include chronic pain, pain being treated as 2 part of cancer care, hospice or other end-of-life care, or pain 3 being treated as part of palliative care;

4 43. 44. "Chronic pain" means pain that persists beyond the
5 usual course of an acute disease or healing of an injury. "Chronic
6 pain" may or may not be associated with an acute or chronic
7 pathologic process that causes continuous or intermittent pain over
8 months or years;

9 <u>44.</u> <u>45.</u> "Initial prescription" means a prescription issued to a 10 patient who:

- a. has never not previously been issued a prescription
 for the drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent in the
 past year, or
- b. requires a prescription for the drug or its
 pharmaceutical equivalent due to a surgical procedure
 or new acute event and has previously had a
 prescription for the drug or its pharmaceutical
 equivalent within the past year.

When determining whether a patient was previously issued a prescription for a drug or its pharmaceutical equivalent, the practitioner shall consult with the patient and review the medical record and prescription monitoring information of the patient; <u>45. 46.</u> "Patient-provider agreement" means a written contract or agreement that is executed between a practitioner and a patient, 1 prior to the commencement of treatment for chronic pain using an 2 opioid drug as a means to:

3	a.	explain the possible risk of development of physical
4		or psychological dependence in the patient and prevent
5		the possible development of addiction,
6	b.	document the understanding of both the practitioner
7		and the patient regarding the patient-provider
8		agreement of the patient,
9	С.	establish the rights of the patient in association
10		with treatment and the obligations of the patient in
11		relation to the responsible use, discontinuation of
12		use, and storage of opioid drugs, including any
13		restrictions on the refill of prescriptions or the
14		acceptance of opioid prescriptions from practitioners,
15	d.	identify the specific medications and other modes of
16		treatment, including physical therapy or exercise,
17		relaxation or psychological counseling, that are
18		included as a part of the patient-provider agreement,
19	e.	specify the measures the practitioner may employ to
20		monitor the compliance of the patient including, but
21		not limited to, random specimen screens and pill
22		counts, and
23	f.	delineate the process for terminating the agreement,

including the consequences if the practitioner has

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1 reason to believe that the patient is not complying 2 with the terms of the agreement. Compliance with the 3 "consent items" shall constitute a valid, informed 4 consent for opioid therapy. The practitioner shall be 5 held harmless from civil litigation for failure to 6 treat pain if the event occurs because of nonadherence 7 by the patient with any of the provisions of the 8 patient-provider agreement;

9 46. 47. "Serious illness" means a medical illness or physical 10 injury or condition that substantially affects quality of life for 11 more than a short period of time. "Serious illness" includes, but 12 is not limited to, Alzheimer's disease or related dementias, lung 13 disease, cancer, heart failure, renal failure, liver failure or 14 chronic, unremitting or intractable pain such as neuropathic pain; 15 and

16 47. 48. "Surgical procedure" means a procedure that is 17 performed for the purpose of structurally altering the human body by 18 incision or destruction of tissues as part of the practice of 19 medicine. This term includes the diagnostic or therapeutic 20 treatment of conditions or disease processes by use of instruments 21 such as lasers, ultrasound, ionizing, radiation, scalpels, probes or 22 needles that cause localized alteration or transportation of live 23 human tissue by cutting, burning, vaporizing, freezing, suturing, 24 probing or manipulating by closed reduction for major dislocations

or fractures, or otherwise altering by any mechanical, thermal,
 light-based, electromagnetic or chemical means.

3 SECTION 2. AMENDATORY 63 O.S. 2011, Section 2-101.1, is 4 amended to read as follows:

5 Section 2-101.1 In determining whether an object is "drug 6 paraphernalia", a court or jury shall consider, in addition to all 7 other logically relevant factors, the following:

8 1. Statements by an owner or by anyone in control of the object
9 concerning its use;

The proximity of the object, in time and space, to a direct
 violation of the Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act;

The proximity of the object to controlled dangerous
 substances;

14 4. The existence of any residue of controlled dangerous15 substances on the object;

16 5. Direct or circumstantial evidence of the intent of an owner, 17 or of anyone in control of the object, to deliver it to any person 18 who intends to use the object to facilitate a violation of the 19 Uniform Controlled Dangerous Substances Act. The innocence of an 20 owner, or of anyone in control of the object, as to a direct 21 violation of this act shall not prevent a finding that the object is 22 intended for use, or fashioned specifically for use, as drug 23 paraphernalia;

1 6. Instructions, oral or written, provided with the object 2 which either state directly or imply that the object is to be used 3 for the consumption of controlled dangerous substances; 4 7. Descriptive materials accompanying the object which explain 5 or depict its use as an object for the consumption of controlled 6 dangerous substances; 7 8. The manner in which the object is displayed for sale; 9. Whether the owner, or anyone in control of the object, is a 8 9 legitimate supplier of like or related items to the community, such 10 as a licensed distributor or dealer of tobacco products; 11 Direct or circumstantial evidence of the ratio of sales of 10. 12 the object or objects to the total sales of the business enterprise; 13 The existence and scope of legitimate uses for the object 11. 14 in the community; and 15 12. Expert testimony concerning its use. 16 Provided, nothing in this section shall apply to objects in the 17 possession of harm-reduction services providers as authorized by 18 Section 3 of this act. 19 SECTION 3. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified 20 in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 2-1101 of Title 63, unless there

A. Until July 1, 2026, the following are hereby authorized to
 engage in harm-reduction services:

is created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:

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1 1. Government entities including, but not limited to, the State 2 Department of Health and the Oklahoma Department of Mental Health 3 and Substance Abuse Services; provided, no state dollars shall be 4 used to purchase hypodermic needles; 5 2. Religious institutions or churches; Nonprofit organizations; 6 3. 7 4. For-profit companies; 5. Nongovernment entities partnering with a government agency; 8 9 and 10 6. Tribal governments. 11 Β. Those offering harm-reduction services shall register with 12 the State Department of Health and may engage in the following 13 activities in order to reduce the use of drugs, prevent outbreaks of 14 infectious diseases, and reduce morbidity among people who use 15 injection drugs: 16 1. Offer referrals and resources to treat substance use 17 disorders: 18 2. Provide education on the risk of transmission of infectious 19 diseases, including human immunodeficiency virus (HIV) and viral 20 hepatitis; 21 3. Rapid testing for HIV, hepatitis C, and sexually transmitted 22 infections (STIs); 23 Referrals for medical and mental health services; 4. 24 5. Collect used hypodermic needles for safe disposal;

1 6. Possess and distribute hypodermic needles, cleaning kits, 2 test kits, and opioid antagonists; and 3 7. Rapid substance-testing products used, intended for use, or 4 fashioned specifically for use in identifying or analyzing the 5 potency or toxicity of unknown substances. 6 C. Registered providers of harm-reduction services shall report 7 at least quarterly to the State Department of Health: The number of clients served, including basic demographic 8 1. 9 information; 10 2. Number and type of referrals provided; 11 3. Number of syringes, test kits, and antagonists distributed; 12 4. Number of used syringes collected; and 13 Number of rapid HIV and viral hepatitis tests performed, 5. 14 including the number of reactive test results. 15 D. The State Department of Health shall promulgate rules for 16 the implementation of this section. 17 SECTION 4. It being immediately necessary for the preservation 18 of the public peace, health or safety, an emergency is hereby 19 declared to exist, by reason whereof this act shall take effect and 20 be in full force from and after its passage and approval. 21 22 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON PUBLIC SAFETY, dated 02/09/2021 -DO PASS, As Coauthored. 23 24