# As Passed by the Senate

# 135th General Assembly

# Regular Session 2023-2024

Sub. S. B. No. 74

### **Senator Gavarone**

Cosponsors: Senators Cirino, Craig, Hackett, Hicks-Hudson, Ingram, Johnson, Landis, Lang, Reineke, Reynolds, Rulli, Sykes, Wilson

## A BILL

То	amend sections 113.05, 113.11, 113.12, 113.40,	1
	113.41, 113.60, 125.30, 125.901, 126.06, 127.14,	2
	129.06, 129.09, 131.01, 135.01, 135.02, 135.04,	3
	135.05, 135.06, 135.08, 135.10, 135.12, 135.14,	4
	135.142, 135.143, 135.15, 135.182, 135.31,	5
	135.35, 135.45, 135.46, 135.47, 718.01, 1111.04,	6
	1112.12, 1315.54, 1345.01, 1501.10, 1503.05,	7
	1509.07, 1509.225, 1514.04, 1514.05, 1521.061,	8
	1548.06, 1733.04, 1733.24, 1735.03, 2109.37,	9
	2109.372, 2109.44, 3314.50, 3366.05, 3737.945,	10
	3903.73, 3905.32, 3916.01, 3925.26, 4141.241,	11
	4505.06, 4509.101, 4509.45, 4509.62, 4509.63,	12
	4509.65, 4509.67, 4710.03, 4749.01, 4763.13,	13
	5725.17, 5725.22, 5727.25, 5727.31, 5727.311,	14
	5727.42, 5727.47, 5727.53, 5727.81, 5727.811,	15
	5727.82, 5727.83, 5733.022, 5735.03, 5735.062,	16
	5739.031, 5739.032, 5739.07, 5743.05, 5743.051,	17
	5743.15, 5745.03, 5745.04, 5745.041, 5747.059,	18
	5747.07, 5747.072, 5747.42, 5747.44, 5747.451,	19
	5815.26, and 5815.37; to amend, for the purpose	20
	of adopting a new section number as indicated in	21
	parentheses, section 113.41 (125.903); to enact	22

new sections 135.61, 135.62, 135.63, 135.64,	23
135.65, and 135.66 and sections 113.22, 135.621,	24
135.622, 135.623, 135.624, 135.625, 169.053, and	25
1501.04; and to repeal sections 113.061, 113.07,	26
129.02, 129.03, 129.08, 129.10, 129.11, 129.12,	27
129.13, 129.14, 129.15, 129.16, 129.18, 129.19,	28
129.20, 129.72, 129.73, 129.74, 129.75, 129.76,	29
135.101, 135.102, 135.103, 135.104, 135.105,	30
135.106, 135.61, 135.62, 135.63, 135.64, 135.65,	31
135.66, 135.67, 135.68, 135.69, 135.70, 135.71,	32
135.72, 135.73, 135.74, 135.75, 135.76, 135.77,	33
135.771, 135.772, 135.773, 135.774, 135.78,	34
135.79, 135.791, 135.792, 135.793, 135.794,	35
135.795, 135.796, 135.81, 135.82, 135.83,	36
135.84, 135.85, 135.86, 135.87, 135.91, 135.92,	37
135.93, 135.94, 135.95, 135.96, 135.97, 144.01,	38
144.02, 144.03, 144.04, 144.05, 144.06, and	39
144.07 of the Revised Code regarding the	40
Treasurer of State and the electronic payment of	41
taxes.	42

# BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 113.05, 113.11, 113.1	2, 113.40, 43	3
113.41, 113.60, 125.30, 125.901, 126.06, 127.14, 129	9.06, 129.09, 44	4
131.01, 135.01, 135.02, 135.04, 135.05, 135.06, 135.	.08, 135.10, 45	5
135.12, 135.14, 135.142, 135.143, 135.15, 135.182, 1	135.31, 46	6
135.35, 135.45, 135.46, 135.47, 718.01, 1111.04, 111	12.12,	7
1315.54, 1345.01, 1501.10, 1503.05, 1509.07, 1509.22	25, 1514.04, 48	3
1514.05. 1521.061. 1548.06. 1733.04. 1733.24. 1735.0	03. 2109.37. 49	3

2109.372, 2109.44, 3314.50, 3366.05, 3737.945, 3903.73, 3905.32,	50
3916.01, 3925.26, 4141.241, 4505.06, 4509.101, 4509.45, 4509.62,	51
4509.63, 4509.65, 4509.67, 4710.03, 4749.01, 4763.13, 5725.17,	52
5725.22, 5727.25, 5727.31, 5727.311, 5727.42, 5727.47, 5727.53,	53
5727.81, 5727.811, 5727.82, 5727.83, 5733.022, 5735.03,	54
5735.062, 5739.031, 5739.032, 5739.07, 5743.05, 5743.051,	55
5743.15, 5745.03, 5745.04, 5745.041, 5747.059, 5747.07,	56
5747.072, 5747.42, 5747.44, 5747.451, 5815.26, and 5815.37 be	57
amended; section 113.41 (125.903) be amended for the purpose of	58
adopting a new section number as indicated in parentheses; and	59
new sections 135.61, 135.62, 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, and 135.66	60
and sections 113.22, 135.621, 135.622, 135.623, 135.624,	61
135.625, 169.053, and 1501.04 of the Revised Code be enacted to	62
read as follows:	63
Sec. 113.05. (A) As used in sections 113.05 to 113.40 of	64
the Revised Code:	65
(1) "Account," "appropriation," "disbursement,"	66
"electronic funds transfer," "fund," and "warrant" have the same	67
meanings as in section 131.01 of the Revised Code.	68
(2) "Assets" has the same meaning as in section 131.01 of	69
the Revised Code, but does not include items held in safekeeping	70
by the treasurer of state including, but not limited to,	71
collateral pledged to a state agency.	72
(3) "Custodial funds" do not include items held in	73
safekeeping by the treasurer of state including, but not limited	74
to, collateral pledged to a state agency.	75
(B) The state treasury consists of the moneys, claims,	76
bonds, notes, other obligations, stocks, and other securities,	77
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receipts or other evidences of ownership, and other intangible	78

(2) The federal reserve bank of Cleveland, Ohio or secured

and insured depositories in or out of this state as designated

(C) (D) Assets of the state treasury shall not be

commingled with assets of the custodial funds of the treasurer

The repositing and deposit of payments pursuant to

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vaults, safes, and other appliances therein;

by the treasurer of state.

of state.

(A) The securities lending program fund created under

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section 135.47 of the Revised Code;	137
(B) The account created under section 3366.05 of the	138
Revised Code that is in the custody of the treasurer of state	139
and not part of the state treasury.	140
Moneys credited to the treasurer's information technology	141
reserve fund shall be expended only to acquire or maintain	142
hardware, software, or contract services for the efficient	143
operation of the treasurer of state's office. Unexpended amounts	144
shall be retained in the fund and reserved for such future	145
technology needs.	146
Sec. 113.40. (A) As used in this section:	147
(1) "Financial transaction device" includes a credit card,	148
debit card, charge card, prepaid or stored value card, or	149
automated clearinghouse network credit, debit, or e-check entry	150
that includes, but is not limited to, accounts receivable and	151
internet-initiated, point of purchase, and telephone-initiated	152
applications, or any other device or method for making an	153
electronic payment or transfer of funds.	154
(2) "State expenses" includes fees, costs, taxes,	155
assessments, fines, penalties, payments, or any other expense a	156
person owes to a state office under the authority of a state	157
elected official or to a state entity.	158
(3) "State elected official" means the governor,	159
lieutenant governor, attorney general, secretary of state,	160
treasurer of state, and auditor of state.	161
(4) "State entity" includes any state department, agency,	162
board, or commission that deposits funds into the state	163
treasury.	164

(B) Notwithstanding any other section of the Revised Code	165
and subject to division (D) of this section, the board of	166
deposit may adopt a resolution authorizing the acceptance of	167
payments by financial transaction device to pay for state	168
expenses. The resolution shall include all of the following:	169
(1) A designation of those state elected officials and	170
state entities authorized to accept payments by financial	171
transaction device;	172
(2) A list of state expenses that may be paid by the use	173
of a financial transaction device;	174
(3) Specific identification of financial transaction	175
devices that a state elected official or state entity may	176
authorize as acceptable means of payment for state expenses.	177
Division (B)(3) of this section does not require that the same	178
financial transaction devices be accepted for the payment of	179
different types of state expenses.	180
(4) The amount, if any, authorized as a surcharge or	181
convenience fee under division (E) of this section for persons	182
using a financial transaction device. Division (B)(4) of this	183
section does not require that the same surcharges or convenience	184
fees be applied to the payment of different types of state	185
expenses.	186
(5) A specific requirement, as provided in division (G) of	187
this section, for the payment of a penalty if a payment made by	188
means of a financial transaction device is returned or	189
dishonored for any reason.	190
The board of deposit's resolution also shall designate the	191
treasurer of state as the administrative agent to solicit	192

proposals, within guidelines established by the board of deposit

in the resolution and in compliance with the procedures provided
in division (C) of this section, from financial institutions,
issuers of financial transaction devices, and processors of
financial transaction devices; to make recommendations about
those proposals to the state elected officials; and to assist
state offices in implementing the state's financial transaction
device acceptance and processing program.

(C) The administrative agent shall follow the procedures 201 provided in this division whenever it plans to contract with 202 financial institutions, issuers of financial transaction 203 204 devices, or processors of financial transaction devices for the purposes of this section. The administrative agent shall request 205 proposals from at least three financial institutions, issuers of 206 financial transaction devices, or processors of financial 207 transaction devices, as appropriate in accordance with the 208 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section. Prior to 209 sending any financial institution, issuer, or processor a copy 210 of any such request, the administrative agent shall advertise 211 its intent to request proposals in a newspaper of general-212 circulation in the state once a week for two consecutive weeks 213 by electronic publication on a state agency web site made 214 available to the general public. The notice shall state that the 215 administrative agent intends to request proposals; specify the 216 purpose of the request; indicate the date, which shall be at 217 least ten days after the second-publication, on which the 218 request for proposals will be electronically mailed to financial 219 institutions, issuers, or processors; and require that any 220 financial institution, issuer, or processor, whichever is 221 appropriate, interested in receiving the request for proposals 222 submit written notice of this interest to the administrative 223 agent not later than noon of the day on which the request for 224

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proposals	will	be_	electronically	mailed.
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Upon receiving the proposals, the administrative agent 226 shall review them and make a recommendation to the board of 227 deposit regarding which proposals to accept. The board of 228 deposit shall consider the agent's recommendation and review all 229 proposals submitted, and then may choose to contract with any or 230 all of the entities submitting proposals, as appropriate. The 231 board of deposit shall provide any financial institution, 232 issuer, or processor that submitted a proposal, but with which 233 234 the board does not enter into a contract, notice that its 235 proposal is rejected.

(D) The board of deposit shall send a copy of the 236 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section to each 237 state elected official and state entity authorized to accept 238 payments for state expenses by financial transaction device. 239 After receiving the resolution and before accepting such 240 payments by financial transaction device, such a state elected 241 official or state entity shall provide written notification to 242 the administrative agent of the official's or entity's intent to 243 implement the resolution within the official's or entity's 244 office. Each state office or entity subject to the board's 245 resolution adopted under division (B) of this section shall use 246 only the financial institutions, issuers of financial 247 transaction devices, and processors of financial transaction 248 devices with which the board of deposit contracts, and each such 249 office or entity is subject to the terms of those contracts. 250

If a state entity under the authority of a state elected official is directly responsible for collecting one or more state expenses and the state elected official determines not to accept payments by financial transaction device for one or more

of those expenses, the office is not required to accept payments	255
by financial transaction device for those expenses,	256
notwithstanding the adoption of a resolution by the board of	257
deposit under division (B) of this section.	258

Any state entity that prior to March 18, 1999, accepted 259 260 financial transaction devices may continue to accept suchdevices until June 30, 2000, without being subject to any 261 resolution adopted by the board of deposit under division (B) of 262 this section, or any other oversight by the board of the 263 264 entity's financial transaction device program. Any such entitymay use surcharges or convenience fees in any manner the state-265 elected official or other official in charge of the entity-266 determines to be appropriate, and, if the administrative agent 267 consents, may appoint the administrative agent to be the 268 269 entity's administrative agent for purposes of acceptingfinancial transaction devices. In order to be exempt from the 270 resolution of the board of deposit under division (B) of this-271 section, a state entity shall notify the board in writing within-272 thirty days after March 18, 1999, that it accepted financial 273 transaction devices prior to March 18, 1999. Each such 274 notification shall explain how processing costs associated with-275 276 financial transaction devices are being paid and shall indicate whether surcharge or convenience fees are being passed on to-277 consumers. 278

(E) The board of deposit may establish a surcharge or

convenience fee that may be imposed upon a person making payment

by a financial transaction device. The surcharge or convenience

fee shall not be imposed unless authorized or otherwise

permitted by the rules prescribed under a contract, between the

financial institution, issuer, or processor and the

administrative agent, governing the use and acceptance of the

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financial transaction device.

The establishment of a surcharge or convenience fee shall follow the guidelines of the financial institution, issuer of financial transaction devices, or processor of financial transaction devices with which the board of deposit contracts.

If a surcharge or convenience fee is imposed, every state entity accepting payment by a financial transaction device, regardless of whether that entity is subject to a resolution adopted by the board of deposit, shall clearly post a notice in the entity's office, and shall notify each person making a payment by such a device, about the surcharge or fee. Notice to each person making a payment shall be provided regardless of the medium used to make the payment and in a manner appropriate to that medium. Each notice shall include all of the following:

- (1) A statement that there is a surcharge or convenience fee for using a financial transaction device;
- (2) The total amount of the charge or fee expressed in dollars and cents for each transaction, or the rate of the charge or fee expressed as a percentage of the total amount of the transaction, whichever is applicable;
- (3) A clear statement that the surcharge or convenience fee is nonrefundable.
- (F) If a person elects to make a payment by a financial transaction device and a surcharge or convenience fee is imposed, the payment of the surcharge or convenience fee is not refundable.
- (G) If a person makes payment by a financial transaction device and the payment is returned or dishonored for any reason, the person is liable to the state for the state expense and any

reimbursable costs for collection, including banking charges,	315
legal fees, or other expenses incurred by the state in	316
collecting the returned or dishonored payment. The remedies and	317
procedures provided in this section are in addition to any other	318
available civil or criminal remedies provided by law.	319
(H) No person making any payment by a financial	320
transaction device to a state office shall be relieved from	321
liability for the underlying obligation, except to the extent	322
that the state realizes final payment of the underlying	323
obligation in cash or its equivalent. If final payment is not	324
made by the financial transaction device issuer or other	325
guarantor of payment in the transaction, the underlying	326
obligation survives and the state shall retain all remedies for	327
enforcement that would have applied if the transaction had not	328
occurred.	329
(I) A state entity or employee who accepts a financial	330
transaction device payment in accordance with this section and	331
any applicable state or local policies or rules is immune from	332
personal liability for the final collection of such payments as	333
specified in section 9.87 of the Revised Code.	334
(J) If the board of deposit determines that it is	335
necessary and in the state's best interest to contract with an	336
additional entity subsequent to the contract award made under	337
division (C) of this section, the board may meet and choose to	338
contract with one or more additional entities for the remainder	339
of the period previously established by a contract award made	340
under division (C) of this section.	341
(K) The administrative agent, in cooperation with the	342
office of budget and management, may adopt, amend, and rescind	343
rules in accordance with section 111.15 of the Revised Code to	344

implement <u>and administer</u> this section.	345
Sec. 113.60. (A) As used in this section and sections	346
113.61 and 113.62 of the Revised Code:	347
(1) "Service intermediary" means a person or entity that	348
enters into a pay for success contract under this section and	349
sections 113.61 and 113.62 of the Revised Code. The service	350
intermediary may act as the service provider that delivers the	351
services specified in the contract or may contract with a	352
separate service provider to deliver those services.	353
(2) "State agency" and "political subdivision" have the	354
same meanings as in section 9.23 of the Revised Code.	355
(B) The treasurer of state shall administer the pay for	356
success contracting program, shall develop procedures for	357
awarding pay for success contracts, and may take any action	358
necessary to implement and administer the program. Under the	359
program, the treasurer of state may enter into a pay for success	360
contract with a service intermediary for the delivery of	361
specified services that benefit the state, a political	362
subdivision, or a group of political subdivisions, such as	363
programs addressing education, public health, criminal justice,	364
or natural resource management. In the case of a contract for	365
the delivery of services that benefit the state, the treasurer	366
of state shall enter into the contract jointly with the director	367
of administrative services. The treasurer of state and, as	368
applicable, the director of administrative services, may enter	369
into a pay for success contract under either of the following	370
circumstances:	371
(1) Upon receiving an appropriation from the general	372

assembly for the purpose of entering into a pay for success

contract;	374
(2)(a) At the request of a state agency, a political	375
subdivision, or a group of state agencies or political	376
subdivisions that the treasurer of state and, as applicable, the	377
director of administrative services, enter into a pay for	378
success contract on behalf of the requesting state agency,	379
political subdivision, or group. The requesting state agency,	380
political subdivision, or group shall deposit the cost of the	381
contract with the treasurer of state in the appropriate fund	382
established in section 113.62 of the Revised Code.	383
(b) A political subdivision or group of political	384
subdivisions that requests the treasurer of state to enter into	385
a pay for success contract on behalf of the political	386
subdivision or group shall not use state funds to pay the cost	387
of the contract.	388
(c) The treasurer of state may apply for federal grant	389
moneys on behalf of a requesting state agency, political	390
subdivision, or group to pay the cost of all or part of the	391
contract. The treasurer of state shall not apply for federal	392
grant moneys for the purpose of entering into a pay for success	393
contract without first entering into an agreement with a	394
requesting state agency, political subdivision, or group for the	395
treasurer of state to apply for those moneys.	396
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(C) The treasurer of state may adopt rules in accordance	397
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to administer the pay for	398
success contracting program, including rules concerning both any	399
of the following:	400
(1) The procedure for a state agency, political	401
subdivision, or group of state agencies or political	402

subdivisions to request the treasurer of state and, as	403
applicable, the director of administrative services to enter	404
into a pay for success contract and to deposit the cost of the	405
contract with the treasurer of state;	406
(2) The types of services that are appropriate for a	407
service provider to provide under a pay for success contract;	408
(3) Any other rules necessary for the implementation and	409
administration of sections 113.60 to 113.62 of the Revised Code.	410
(D) The rules of the treasurer of state shall include both	411
of the following:	412
(1) A requirement that for not less than seventy-five per-	413
cent of the pay for success contracts entered into under this	414
section, the performance targets specified in the contract	415
require that, based on available regional or national data, the	416
improvement in the status of this state or the relevant area of	417
this state with respect to the issue the contract is meant to	418
address be greater than the average improvement in status with	419
respect to that issue in other geographical areas during the	420
<pre>period of the contract;</pre>	421
(2) A process to ensure that any regional or national data	422
used to determine whether a service provider has met its	423
performance targets under a pay for success contract are	424
scientifically valid.	425
Sec. 125.30. (A)—The department of administrative services	426
shall do both of the following:	427
(1) Create a business reply form that is capable of	428
containing information that a private business is required to	429
provide to state agencies on a regular basis. The director of	430
administrative services shall adopt rules in accordance with	431

Chapter 119. of the Revised Code specifying the information that	432
the form shall contain. Subject to division (E) of this section,	433
state agencies shall use the business reply form to obtain-	434
information from private businesses.	435
(2) Create create and administer an on-line online	436
computer network system <del>to allow private businesses</del> <u>that allows</u>	437
persons to electronically file the business reply form and,	438
as authorized in the Revised Code, tax information with state	439
agencies or political subdivisions.	440
In creating the business reply form described in division-	441
(A) (1) of this section, the director may consider the	442
recommendations of interested parties from the small business-	443
community who have direct knowledge of and familiarity with the-	444
current state reporting requirements that apply to and the	445
associated forms that are filed by small businesses.	446
(B) The director shall establish procedures by which state	447
agencies may share the information that is collected through the	448
form established under division (A) of this section. These	449
procedures shall provide that information that has been	450
designated as confidential by any state agency shall not be made-	451
available to the other state agencies having access to the	452
business reply form.	453
(C) Not later than September 30, 1999, the director may	454
report to the director of budget and management and to the	455
committees that handle finance and the committees that handle-	456
state government affairs in the house of representatives and the-	457
senate on the progress of state agencies in complying with-	458
division (A) (1) of this section. The director may recommend a	459
five per cent reduction in the future appropriations of any	460
state agency that has failed to comply with that division-	461

without good cause.	462
-(D) As used in this section:	463
(1) "State agency" means the secretary of state, the	464
department of job and family services regarding duties it	465
performs pursuant to Title XLI of the Revised Code, the bureau	466
of workers' compensation, the department of administrative	467
services, and any other state agency that elects to participate-	468
in the pilot program as provided in division (E) of this	469
section.	470
(2) "Form" has the same meaning as in division (B) of	471
section 125.91 of the Revised Code.	472
(E) The provisions of this section pertaining to the	473
business reply form constitute a two-year pilot program. Not	474
later than one year after January 21, 1998, the department of	475
administrative services shall complete the planning and	476
preparation that is necessary to implement the pilot program.	477
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The director of administrative services may request other state	
agencies, as defined in division (A) of section 125.91 of the	479
Revised Code, to participate in the pilot program. If the	480
director so requests, the state agency may participate in the	481
program. The provisions of this section shall cease to have	482
effect three years after January 21, 1998. Within ninety days	483
after the completion of the pilot program, the director of	484
administrative services shall report to the director of budget	485
and management and the committees described in division (C) of	486
this section on the effectiveness of the pilot program.	487
Sec. 125.901. (A) There is hereby established the Ohio	488
geographically referenced information program council within the	489
department of administrative services to coordinate the property	490

association or the executive director's designee;

$\frac{(12)}{(11)}$ The executive director of the county	518
commissioners' association or the executive director's designee;	519
(13) (12) The executive director of the county engineers'	520
association or the executive director's designee;	521
(14) (13) The executive director of the Ohio municipal	522
league or the executive director's designee;	523
(15) (14) The executive director of the Ohio townships	524
association or the executive director's designee.	525
(C) Members of the council shall serve without	526
compensation.	527
Sec. 113.41 125.903. (A) The treasurer of state department	528
of administrative services shall develop and maintain a	529
comprehensive and descriptive database of all real property	530
under the custody and control of the state, except when	531
otherwise required for reasons of homeland security. The	532
database shall adequately describe, when known, the location,	533
boundary, and acreage of the property, the use and name of the	534
property, and the contact information and name of the state	535
agency managing the property. The information in the database	536
shall be available to the public free of charge through a	537
searchable internet web site. The treasurer of state shall allow	538
for public comment on property owned by the state.	539
(B) For purposes of the database, the Ohio geographically-	540
referenced information program council established in section-	541
125.901 of the Revised Code shall provide to the treasurer of	542
state, and the treasurer of state shall collect, information, in	543
a format prescribed by the treasurer of state, that adequately-	544
describes Each land-holding state agency shall collect and	545
maintain a geographic information systems database of its	546

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respective land holdings, when known, the location, acreage, and	547
use of state-owned property. The and shall provide the database	548
to the Ohio geographically referenced information program_	549
council <u>established in section 125.901 of the Revised Code</u> shall	550
make its best efforts to obtain the required information on the	551
state-owned property and shall submit updated information to the-	552
treasurer of state as it becomes available.	553

(C) As used in this section, "state-owned property" does

not include state property owned or under the control of the

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general assembly or any legislative agency, any court or

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judicial agency, the secretary of state, auditor of state,

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treasurer of state, or attorney general and their respective

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offices.

Sec. 126.06. The total operating fund consists of all 560 funds in the state treasury except the auto registration 561 distribution fund, local motor vehicle license tax fund, 562 development bond retirement fund, facilities establishment fund, 563 gasoline excise tax fund, higher education improvement fund, 564 highway improvement bond retirement fund, highway capital 565 improvement fund, improvements bond retirement fund, mental 566 health facilities improvement fund, parks and recreation 567 improvement fund, public improvements bond retirement fund, 568 school district income tax fund, state agency facilities 569 improvement fund, public safety - highway purposes fund, Vietnam 570 conflict compensation fund, any other fund determined by the 571 director of budget and management to be a bond fund or bond 572 retirement fund, and such portion of the highway operating fund 573 as is determined by the director of budget and management and 574 the director of transportation to be restricted by Section 5a of 575 Article XII, Ohio Constitution. 576

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When determining the availability of money in the total	577
operating fund to pay claims chargeable to a fund contained	578
within the total operating fund, the director of budget and	579
management shall use the same procedures and criteria the	580
director employs in determining the availability of money in a	581
fund contained within the total operating fund. The director may	582
establish limits on the negative cash balance of the general	583
revenue fund within the total operating fund, but in no case	584
shall the negative cash balance of the general revenue fund	585
exceed ten per cent of the total revenue of the general revenue	586
fund in the preceding fiscal year.	587
Sec. 127.14. The controlling board may, at the request of	588
any state agency or the director of budget and management,	589
authorize, with respect to the provisions of any appropriation	590
act:	591
(A) Transfers of all or part of an appropriation within	592
but not between state agencies, except such transfers as the	593
director of budget and management is authorized by law to make,	594
provided that no transfer shall be made by the director for the	595
purpose of effecting new or changed levels of program service	596
not authorized by the general assembly;	597
(B) Transfers of all or part of an appropriation from one	598
fiscal year to another;	599
(C) Transfers of all or part of an appropriation within or	600
between state agencies made necessary by administrative	601
reorganization or by the abolition of an agency or part of an	602
agency;	603

(D) Transfers of all or part of cash balances in excess of

needs from any fund of the state to the general revenue fund or

which notes or bonds will be issued;

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to such other fund of the state to which the money would have	606
been credited in the absence of the fund from which the	607
transfers are authorized to be made, except that the controlling	608
board may not authorize such transfers from the accrued leave	609
liability fund, auto registration distribution fund, local motor	610
vehicle license tax fund, budget stabilization fund, building	611
improvement fund, development bond retirement fund, facilities	612
establishment fund, gasoline excise tax fund, general revenue	613
fund, higher education improvement fund, highway improvement	614
bond retirement fund, highway capital improvement fund, highway	615
operating fund, horse racing tax fund, improvements bond	616
retirement fund, public library fund, liquor control fund, local	617
government fund, local transportation improvement program fund,	618
medicaid reserve fund, mental health facilities improvement	619
fund, Ohio fairs fund, parks and recreation improvement fund,	620
public improvements bond retirement fund, school district income	621
tax fund, state agency facilities improvement fund, public	622
safety - highway purposes fund, state lottery fund, undivided	623
liquor permit fund, Vietnam conflict compensation bond	624
retirement fund, volunteer fire fighters' dependents fund,	625
waterways safety fund, wildlife fund, workers' compensation	626
fund, or any fund not specified in this division that the	627
director of budget and management determines to be a bond fund	628
or bond retirement fund;	629
(E) Transfers of all or part of those appropriations	630
included in the emergency purposes account of the controlling	631
board;	632
(F) Temporary transfers of all or part of an appropriation	633
or other moneys into and between existing funds, or new funds,	634
as may be established by law when needed for capital outlays for	635

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	(G)	Transfer	or	releas	e of	all	or	part o	of an	appr	opr	iation	637
to a	state	e agency	requ	uiring	cont	roll	ing	board	appro	oval	of	such	638
trans	fer	or releas	se as	s provi	ded	by la	aw;						639

(H) Temporary transfer of funds included in the emergency
purposes appropriation of the controlling board. Such temporary
transfers may be made subject to conditions specified by the
controlling board at the time temporary transfers are
authorized. No transfers shall be made under this division for
the purpose of effecting new or changed levels of program
service not authorized by the general assembly.

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As used in this section, "request" means an application by

a state agency or the director of budget and management seeking

some action by the controlling board.

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When authorizing the transfer of all or part of an appropriation under this section, the controlling board may authorize the transfer to an existing appropriation item and the creation of and transfer to a new appropriation item.

Whenever there is a transfer of all or part of funds 654 included in the emergency purposes appropriation by the 655 controlling board, pursuant to division (E) of this section, the 656 state agency or the director of budget and management receiving 657 such transfer shall keep a detailed record of the use of the 658 transferred funds. At the earliest scheduled meeting of the 659 controlling board following the accomplishment of the purposes 660 specified in the request originally seeking the transfer, or 661 following the total expenditure of the transferred funds for the 662 specified purposes, the state agency or the director of budget 663 and management shall submit a report on the expenditure of such 664 funds to the board. The portion of any appropriation so 665 transferred which is not required to accomplish the purposes 666

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designated in the original request to the controlling board	667
shall be returned to the proper appropriation of the controlling	668
board at this time.	669

Notwithstanding any provisions of law providing for the deposit of revenues received by a state agency to the credit of a particular fund in the state treasury, whenever there is a temporary transfer of funds included in the emergency purposes appropriation of the controlling board pursuant to division (H) of this section, revenues received by any state agency receiving such a temporary transfer of funds shall, as directed by the controlling board, be transferred back to the emergency purposes appropriation.

The board may delegate to the director of budget and management authority to approve transfers among items of appropriation under division (A) of this section.

Sec. 129.06. Funds belonging to the sinking fund shall be 682 applied to the payment of the principal and interest of the 683 bonded debt of the state, and to the expenses of such payment. 684 When paid, bonds or certificates of the bonded debt of the state-685 shall be canceled, and "paid" written on the face thereof with-686 the date of payment, which inscription shall be signed by the 687 board of commissioners of the sinking fund. Bonds or 688 certificates so paid shall be taken from the proper accounts 689 upon the individual and general stock ledgers and entered in the 690 account of bonded debt paid, specifying the particular loan, the 691 number and date of the certificate and bonds so paid, the 692 amount, rate of interest, time at which it was redeemable, and 693 694 in whose name it was standing when paid. All certificates or bonds so paid and canceled shall be filed in the office of the 695 board. 696

<b>Sec. 129.09.</b> Interest on the bonded debt of the state	697
shall be paid to the owner of bonds or certificates evidencing	698
such debt, or to such owner's agent, attorney, or legal	699
representative. Written proof of the authority of such agent,	700
attorney, or legal representative must be presented to and filed	701
with the board of commissioners of the sinking fund.	702
Sec. 131.01. As used in Chapters 113., 117., 123., 124.,	703
125., 126., 127., and 131. of the Revised Code, and any statute	704
that uses the terms in connection with state accounting or	705
<pre>budgeting:</pre>	706
(A) "Account" means any record, element, or summary in	707
which financial transactions are identified and recorded as	708
debit or credit transactions in order to summarize items of a	709
similar nature or classification.	710
(B) "Accounting procedure" means the arrangement of all	711
processes which discover, record, and summarize financial	712
information to produce financial statements and reports and to	713
provide internal control.	714
(C) "Accounting system" means the total structure of	715
records and procedures which discover, record, classify, and	716
report information on the financial position and operations of a	717
governmental unit or any of its funds and organizational	718
components.	719
(D) "Allocation" means a portion of an appropriation which	720
is designated for expenditure by specific organizational units	721
or for special purposes, activities, or objects that do not	722
relate to a period of time.	723
(E) "Allotment" means all or part of an appropriation	724
which may be encumbered or expended within a specific period of	725

time.	726
(F) "Appropriation" means an authorization granted by the	727
general assembly to make expenditures and to incur obligations	728
for specific purposes.	729
(G) "Assets" means resources owned, controlled, or	730
otherwise used or held by the state which have monetary value.	731
(H) "Budget" means the plan of financial operation	732
embodying an estimate of proposed expenditures and obligations	733
for a given period and the proposed means of financing them.	734
(I) "Direct deposit" is a form of electronic funds	735
transfer in which money is electronically deposited into the	736
account of a person or entity at a financial institution.	737
(J) "Disbursement" means a payment made for any purpose.	738
(K) "Electronic benefit transfer" means the electronic	739
delivery of benefits through automated teller machines, point of	740
sale terminals, or other electronic media pursuant to section	741
5101.33 of the Revised Code.	742
(L) "Electronic funds transfer" means the electronic	743
movement of funds via automated clearing house or wire transfer.	744
(M) "Encumbrancing document" means a document reserving	745
all or part of an appropriation.	746
(N) "Expenditure" means a reduction of the balance of an	747
appropriation after legal requirements have been met.	748
(O) "Fund" means an independent fiscal and accounting	749
entity with a self-balancing set of accounts recording cash or	750
other resources, together with all related liabilities,	751
obligations, reserves, and fund balances which are segregated	752

for the purpose of carrying on specific activities or attaining	753
certain objectives in accordance with special rules,	754
restrictions, or limitations.	755
(P) "Lapse" means the automatic termination of an	756
appropriation at the end of the fiscal period for which it was	757
appropriated.	758
(Q) "Reappropriation" means an appropriation of a previous	759
appropriation that is continued in force in a succeeding	760
appropriation period. "Reappropriation" shall be equated with	761
and incorporated in the term "appropriation."	762
(R) "Stored value card" means a payment card that may have	763
money loaded and stored on the card and accessed through	764
automated teller machines, point of sale terminals, or other	765
electronic media. "Stored value card" does not include any	766
payment card linked to, and that can access money in, an	767
external account maintained by a financial institution.	768
(S) "Voucher" means the document used to transmit a claim	769
for payment and evidentiary matter related to the claim.	770
$\frac{(S)}{(T)}$ "Warrant" means an order drawn upon the treasurer	771
of state by the director of budget and management, or an	772
authorized person at a state entity that has a custodial account	773
in the custody of the treasurer of state, directing the	774
treasurer of state to pay a specified amount to one or more	775
specified payees. A variety of payment instruments may be used,	776
including an order to make a lump sum payment to a financial	777
institution for the transfer of funds by but not limited to	778
paper warrants, stored value cards, direct deposit to the	779
payee's bank account, or the drawdown of funds by electronic	780
benefit transfer, and the resulting electronic transfer to or by	781

the ultimate payees.	782
The terms defined in this section shall be used, on all	783
accounting forms, reports, formal rules, and budget requests	784
produced by a state agency, only as defined in this section.	785
Sec. 135.01. Except as otherwise provided in sections	786
135.14, 135.143, 135.181, and 135.182 of the Revised Code, as	787
used in sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code:	788
(A) "Active deposit" means a public deposit necessary to	789
meet current demands on the treasury, and that is deposited in	790
any of the following:	791
(1) A commercial account that is payable or withdrawable,	792
in whole or in part, on demand;	793
(2) A negotiable order of withdrawal account as authorized	794
in the "Consumer Checking Account Equity Act of 1980," 94 Stat.	795
146, 12 U.S.C.A. 1832(a);	796
(3) A money market deposit account as authorized in the	797
"Garn-St. Germain Depository Institutions Act of 1982," 96 Stat.	798
1501, 12 U.S.C. 3503.	799
(B) "Auditor" includes the auditor of state and the	800
auditor, or officer exercising the functions of an auditor, of	801
any subdivision.	802
(C) "Capital funds" means the sum of the following: the	803
par value of the outstanding common capital stock, the par value	804
of the outstanding preferred capital stock, the aggregate par	805
value of all outstanding capital notes and debentures, and the	806
surplus. In the case of an institution having offices in more	807
than one county, the capital funds of such institution, for the	808
purposes of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code,	809

relative to the deposit of the public moneys of the subdivisions

in one such county, shall be considered to be that proportion of

the capital funds of the institution that is represented by the

ratio that the deposit liabilities of such institution

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originating at the office located in the county bears to the

total deposit liabilities of the institution.

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(D) "Governing board" means, in the case of the state, the 816 state board of deposit; in the case of all school districts and 817 educational service centers except as otherwise provided in this 818 819 section, the board of education or governing board of a service 820 center, and when the case so requires, the board of commissioners of the sinking fund; in the case of a municipal 821 corporation, the legislative authority, and when the case so 822 requires, the board of trustees of the sinking fund; in the case 823 of a township, the board of township trustees; in the case of a 824 union or joint institution or enterprise of two or more 825 subdivisions not having a treasurer, the board of directors or 826 trustees thereof; and in the case of any other subdivision 827 828 electing or appointing a treasurer, the directors, trustees, or other similar officers of such subdivision. The governing board 829 of a subdivision electing or appointing a treasurer shall be the 830 governing board of all other subdivisions for which such 831 treasurer is authorized by law to act. In the case of a county 832 school financing district that levies a tax pursuant to section 833 5705.215 of the Revised Code, the county board of education that 834 serves as its taxing authority shall operate as a governing 835 board. Any other county board of education shall operate as a 836 governing board unless it adopts a resolution designating the 837 board of county commissioners as the governing board for the 838 county school district. 839

(E) "Inactive deposit" means a public deposit other than

an interim deposit or an active deposit.	841
(F) "Interim deposit" means a deposit of interim moneys.	842
"Interim moneys" means public moneys in the treasury of the	843
state or any subdivision after the award of inactive deposits	844
has been made in accordance with section 135.07 of the Revised	845
Code, which moneys are in excess of the aggregate amount of the	846
inactive deposits as estimated by the governing board prior to	847
the period of designation and which the treasurer or governing	848
board finds should not be deposited as active or inactive	849
deposits for the reason that such moneys will not be needed for	850
immediate use but will be needed before the end of the period of	851
designation. In the case of the state treasury, "interim moneys"	852
means public moneys that are not active deposits and may be	853
invested in accordance with section 135.143 of the Revised Code.	854
(G) "Permissible rate of interest" means a rate of	855
interest that all eligible institutions mentioned in section	856
135.03 of the Revised Code are permitted to pay by law or valid	857
regulations.	858
(H) "Warrant clearance account" means an account	859
established by the treasurer of state for the either of the	860
following purposes:	861
(a) The deposit of active state moneys-outside the city of	862
Columbus, such account being for the exclusive purpose purposes	863
of clearing state <u>paper</u> warrants through the banking system to	864
the treasurer, funding electronic benefit transfer cards,	865
issuing stored value cards, or otherwise facilitating the	866
settlement of state obligations;	867
(b) The deposit of custodial moneys from an account held	868
in the custody of the treasurer of state to facilitate	869

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#### settlement of obligations of the custodial fund.

- (I) "Public deposit" means public moneys deposited in a public depository pursuant to sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.
- (J) "Public depository" means an institution which 874 receives or holds any public deposits. 875
- (K) "Public moneys" means all moneys in the treasury of 876 the state or any subdivision of the state, or moneys coming 877 lawfully into the possession or custody of the treasurer of 878 state or of the treasurer of any subdivision. "Public moneys of 879 880 the state" includes all such moneys coming lawfully into the possession of the treasurer of state; and "public moneys of a 881 subdivision" includes all such moneys coming lawfully into the 882 possession of the treasurer of the subdivision. 883
- (L) "Subdivision" means any municipal corporation, except 884 one which has adopted a charter under Article XVIII, Ohio 885 Constitution, and the charter or ordinances of the chartered 886 municipal corporation set forth special provisions respecting 887 the deposit or investment of its public moneys, or any school 888 district or educational service center, a county school 889 financing district, township, municipal or school district 890 sinking fund, special taxing or assessment district, or other 891 district or local authority electing or appointing a treasurer, 892 except a county. In the case of a school district or educational 893 service center, special taxing or assessment district, or other 894 local authority for which a treasurer, elected or appointed 895 primarily as the treasurer of a subdivision, is authorized or 896 required by law to act as ex officio treasurer, the subdivision 897 for which such a treasurer has been primarily elected or 898 appointed shall be considered to be the "subdivision." The term 899

also includes a union or joint institution or enterprise of two	900
or more subdivisions, that is not authorized to elect or appoint	901
a treasurer, and for which no ex officio treasurer is provided	902
by law.	903
(M) "Treasurer" means, in the case of the state, the	904
treasurer of state and in the case of any subdivision, the	905
treasurer, or officer exercising the functions of a treasurer,	906
of such subdivision. In the case of a board of trustees of the	907
sinking fund of a municipal corporation, the board of	908
commissioners of the sinking fund of a school district, or a	909
board of directors or trustees of any union or joint institution	910
or enterprise of two or more subdivisions not having a	911
treasurer, such term means such board of trustees of the sinking	912
fund, board of commissioners of the sinking fund, or board of	913
directors or trustees.	914
(N) "Treasury investment board" of a municipal corporation	915
means the mayor or other chief executive officer, the village	916
solicitor or city director of law, and the auditor or other	917
chief fiscal officer.	918
(O) "No-load money market mutual fund" means a no-load	919
money market mutual fund to which all of the following apply:	920
(1) The fund is registered as an investment company under	921
the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A.	922
80a-1 to 80a-64;	923
(2) The fund has the highest letter or numerical rating	924
provided by at least one nationally recognized standard	925
<pre>statistical rating serviceorganization;</pre>	926
(3) The fund does not include any investment in a	927
derivative. As used in division (O)(3) of this section,	928

"derivative" means a financial instrument or contract or	929
obligation whose value or return is based upon or linked to	930
another asset or index, or both, separate from the financial	931
instrument, contract, or obligation itself. Any security,	932
obligation, trust account, or other instrument that is created	933
from an issue of the United States treasury or is created from	934
an obligation of a federal agency or instrumentality or is	935
created from both is considered a derivative instrument. An	936
eligible investment described in section 135.14 or 135.35 of the	937
Revised Code with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a	938
single interest payment or single index comprised of other	939
investments provided for in division (B)(1) or (2) of section	940
135.14 of the Revised Code, is not a derivative, provided that	941
such variable rate investment has a maximum maturity of two	942
years.	943

- (P) "Public depositor" means the state or a subdivision, 944 as applicable, that deposits public moneys in a public 945 depository pursuant to sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised 946 Code. 947
- (Q) "Uninsured public deposit" means the portion of a 948 public deposit that is not insured by the federal deposit 949 insurance corporation or by any other agency or instrumentality 950 of the federal government.
- Sec. 135.02. There shall be a state board of deposit 952 consisting of the treasurer of state or an employee of the 953 treasurer of state's department designated by the treasurer of 954 state, the auditor of state or an employee of the auditor of 955 state's department designated by the auditor of state, and the 956 attorney general or an employee of the attorney general's 957 department designated by the attorney general. The board shall 958

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meet on the call of the chairperson at least annually to perform	959
the duties prescribed in sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the	960
Revised Code. At any time, two members of the board may request	961
that the chairperson call a meeting of the board, and the	962
chairperson shall call the meeting within thirty days after	963
receiving such requests. The treasurer of state or the treasurer	964
of state's designated representative shall be chairperson of the	965
board. The treasurer of state shall designate an employee of the	966
treasurer of state's department to serve as the secretary of the	967
board and keep its records. A certified copy of such records	968
shall be prima-facie evidence of the matter appearing therein in	969
any court of record.	970
The chairperson shall provide a monthly report	971

The chairperson shall provide a monthly report

notification to the board of deposit consisting of the

notifications—that the reports required under division (B) of
section 135.143 of the Revised Code and shall post that report

monthly—have been posted to a web site maintained by the
treasurer of state.

The necessary expenses of the board shall be paid from the 977 state treasury from appropriations for that purpose upon the 978 order of the board certified by the chairperson and the 979 secretary. 980

Sec. 135.04. (A) Any institution mentioned in section 981 135.03 of the Revised Code is eligible to become a public 982 depository of the active deposits, inactive deposits, and 983 interim deposits of public moneys of the state subject to the 984 requirements of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 985

(B) To facilitate the <del>clearance of state warrants to</del>

<u>settlement of obligations of the state treasury and custodial</u>

<u>funds in the custody of the treasurer of state</u>, the state board

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to establish warrant clearance accounts in any institution	990
mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code—located in areas—	991
where the volume of warrant clearances justifies the	992
establishment of an account as determined by the treasurer of	993
state. The balances maintained in such warrant clearance	994
accounts shall be at sufficient levels to cover the activity	995
generated by such accounts on an individual basis. Any financial	996
institution in the state that has a warrant clearance account	997
established by the treasurer of state shall, not more than ten-	998
<u>fifteen</u> days after the close of each <u>quartermonth</u> , prepare and	999
transmit to the treasurer of state an analysis statement of such	1000
account for the quarter month then ended. Such statement shall	1001
contain such information as determined by the state board of	1002
deposit, and this information shall be used in whole or in part	1003
by the treasurer of state in determining the level of balances	1004
to be maintained in such accounts.	1005

(C) Each governing board shall award the active deposits 1006 of public moneys subject to its control to the eligible 1007 institutions in accordance with this section, except that no 1008 such public depository shall thereby be required to take or 1009 permitted to receive and have at any one time a greater amount 1010 of active deposits of such public moneys than that specified in 1011 the application of such depository. When, by reason of such 1012 limitation or otherwise, the amount of active public moneys 1013 deposited or to be deposited in a public depository, pursuant to 1014 an award made under this section, is reduced or withdrawn, as 1015 the case requires, the amount of such reduction or the sum so 1016 withdrawn shall be deposited in another eligible institution 1017 applying therefor, or if there is no such eligible institution, 1018 then the amount so withheld or withdrawn shall be awarded or 1019

deposited for the	he remainder o	of the period	of designation	in 10	020
accordance with	sections 135.	.01 to 135.21	of the Revised	Code. 10	021

- (D) Any institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the 1022 Revised Code is eligible to become a public depository of the 1023 inactive and interim deposits of public moneys of a subdivision. 1024 In case the aggregate amount of inactive or interim deposits 1025 applied for by such eligible institutions is less than the 1026 aggregate maximum amount of such inactive or interim deposits as 1027 estimated to be deposited pursuant to sections 135.01 to 135.21 1028 of the Revised Code, the governing board of the subdivision may 1029 designate as a public depository of the inactive or interim 1030 deposits of the public moneys thereof, one or more institutions 1031 of a kind mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code, 1032 subject to the requirements of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the 1033 Revised Code. 1034
- (E) Any institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the 1035 Revised Code is eligible to become a public depository of the 1036 active deposits of public moneys of a subdivision. In case the 1037 aggregate amount of active deposits of the public moneys of the 1038 subdivision applied for by such eligible institutions is less 1039 than the aggregate maximum amount to be deposited as such, as 1040 estimated by the governing board, said board may designate as a 1041 public depository of the active deposits of the public moneys of 1042 the subdivision, one or more institutions of the kind mentioned 1043 in section 135.03 of the Revised Code, subject to the 1044 requirements of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1045
- (F) (1) The governing board of the state or of a 1046 subdivision may designate one or more minority banks as public 1047 depositories of its inactive, interim, or active deposits of 1048 public moneys designated as federal funds. Except for section 1049

135.18, 135.181, or 135.182 of the Revised Code, Chapter 135. of	1050
the Revised Code does not apply to the application for, or the	1051
award of, such deposits. As used in this division, "minority	1052
bank" means a bank that is owned or controlled by one or more	1053
socially or economically disadvantaged persons. Such	1054
disadvantage may arise from cultural, ethnic, or racial	1055
background, chronic economic circumstances, or other similar	1056
cause. Such persons include, but are not limited to, Afro-	1057
Americans, Puerto Ricans, Spanish-speaking Americans, and	1058
American Indians.	1059
(2) In enacting this division, the general assembly finds	1060
that:	1061
(a) Certain commercial banks are owned or controlled by	1062
minority Americans;	1063
(b) Minority banks are an important source of banking	1064
services in their communities;	1065
(c) Minority banks have been unsuccessful in competing	1066
under Chapter 135. of the Revised Code for the award of federal	1067
funds;	1068
(d) This division contains safeguards for the protection	1069
of the general public and the banking industry, since it	1070
provides the governing board of the state or political	1071
subdivision with permissive authority in the award of deposits;	1072
limits the authority of the governing board to the award of	1073
federal funds; and subjects minority banks to certain	1074
limitations of Chapter 135. of the Revised Code, including the	1075
requirement that, as in the case of every financial institution	1076
subject to Chapter 135. of the Revised Code, a minority bank	1077
pledge certain securities for repayment of the deposits.	1078
preage certain securities for repayment of the deposits.	10/0

(3) The purpose of this division is to recognize that the	1079
state has a substantial and compelling interest in encouraging	1080
the establishment, development, and stability of minority banks	1081
by facilitating their access to the award of federal funds,	1082
while ensuring the protection of the general public and the	1083
banking industry.	1084

(G) The governing board of a subdivision shall award the 1085 first twenty-five thousand dollars of the active deposits of 1086 public moneys subject to its control to the eligible institution 1087 or institutions applying or qualifying therefor on the basis of 1088 the operating needs of the subdivision and shall award the 1089 active deposits of public moneys subject to its control in 1090 excess of twenty-five thousand dollars to the eligible 1091 institution or institutions applying or qualifying therefor. 1092

Sec. 135.05. Each governing board of a subdivision shall, 1093 at least three weeks prior to the date when it is required by 1094 section 135.12 of the Revised Code to designate public 1095 depositories, by resolution, estimate the aggregate maximum 1096 amount of public moneys subject to its control to be awarded and 1097 be on deposit as inactive deposits. The state board of deposit 1098 shall cause a copy of such resolution, together with a notice of 1099 the date on which the meeting of the board for the designation 1100 of such depositories will be held and the period for which such 1101 1102 inactive deposits will be awarded, to be published once a weekfor two consecutive weeks in two newspapers of general 1103 circulation in each of the three most populous counties. The 1104 governing board of each subdivision shall cause a copy of such 1105 resolution, together with a notice of the date on which the 1106 meeting of the board for the designation of such depositories 1107 will be held and the period for which such inactive deposits 1108 will be awarded, to be published once a week for two consecutive 1109

weeks in a newspaper of general circulation in the county or as	1110
provided in section 7.16 of the Revised Code. If a subdivision	1111
is located in more than one county, such publication shall be	1112
made in a newspaper of general circulation in the county in	1113
which the major part of such subdivision is located, and of	1114
general circulation in the subdivision. A written notice stating	1115
the aggregate maximum amount to be awarded as inactive deposits	1116
of the subdivision shall be given to each eligible depository by	1117
the governing board at the time the first publication is made in	1118
the newspaper.	1119

All deposits of the public moneys of the state or any

subdivision made during the period covered by the designation in

excess of the aggregate amount so estimated shall be active

deposits or interim deposits. Inactive, interim, and active

deposits shall be separately awarded, made, and administered as

provided by sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.

Sec. 135.06. Each eligible institution desiring to be a 1126 public depository of the inactive deposits of the public moneys 1127 of the state or of the inactive deposits of the public moneys of 1128 the subdivision shall, not more than thirty days prior to the 1129 date fixed by section 135.12 of the Revised Code for the 1130 designation of such public depositories, make application 1131 therefor in writing to the proper governing board. Such 1132 application shall specify the maximum amount of such public 1133 moneys which the applicant desires to receive and have on 1134 deposit as an inactive deposit at any one time during the period 1135 covered by the designation, provided that it shall not apply for 1136 more than thirty per cent of its total assets as revealed by its 1137 latest report to the superintendent of financial institutions, 1138 the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift-1139 supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the 1140

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board of governors of the federal reserve system, and the rate 1141 of interest which the applicant will pay thereon, subject to the 1142 limitations of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code. 1143 Each application shall be accompanied by a financial statement 1144 of the applicant, under oath of its cashier, treasurer, or other 1145 officer, in such detail as to show the capital funds of the 1146 applicant, as of the date of its latest report to the 1147 superintendent of financial institutions, the comptroller of the 1148 currency, the office of thrift supervision, the federal deposit 1149 insurance corporation, or the board of governors of the federal 1150 reserve system, and adjusted to show any changes therein made 1151 prior to the date of the application. Such application may be 1152 combined with an application for designation as a public 1153 depository of active deposits, interim deposits, or both. 1154

Sec. 135.08. Each eligible institution desiring to be a 1155 public depository of interim deposits of the public moneys of 1156 the state or of the interim deposits of the public moneys of the-1157 subdivision shall, not more than thirty one hundred twenty days 1158 prior to the date fixed by section 135.12 of the Revised Code 1159 for the designation of public depositories, make application 1160 therefor in writing to the proper governing board. Such 1161 application shall specify the maximum amount of such public 1162 moneys which the applicant desires to receive and have on 1163 deposit as interim deposits at any one time during the period 1164 covered by the designation, provided that it shall not apply for 1165 more than thirty per cent of its total assets as revealed by its 1166 latest report to the superintendent of financial institutions, 1167 the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift-1168 supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the 1169 board of governors of the federal reserve system, and the rate 1170 of interest which the applicant will pay thereon, subject to the 1171

limitations of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.

Each application shall be accompanied by a financial 1173 statement of the applicant, under oath of its cashier, 1174 treasurer, or other officer, in such detail as to show the 1175 capital funds of the applicant, as of the date of its latest 1176 report to the superintendent of financial institutions, the 1177 comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision, 1178 the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the board of 1179 governors of the federal reserve system, and adjusted to show 1180 any changes therein made prior to the date of the application. 1181 1182 Such application may be combined with an application for designation as a public depository of inactive deposits, active 1183 deposits, or both. 1184

Sec. 135.10. Each eligible institution desiring to be a 1185 public depository of the active deposits of the public moneys of 1186 the state or of a subdivision shall, not more than thirty one 1187 hundred twenty days prior to the date fixed by section 135.12 of 1188 the Revised Code for the designation of such public 1189 depositories, make application therefor in writing to the proper 1190 governing board. If desired, such application may specify the 1191 maximum amount of such public moneys which the applicant desires 1192 1193 to receive and have on deposit at any one time during the period covered by the designation. Each application shall be 1194 accompanied by a financial statement of the applicant, under 1195 oath of its cashier, treasurer, or other officer, in such detail 1196 as to show the capital funds of the applicant, as of the date of 1197 its latest report to the superintendent of banks-financial 1198 institutions or comptroller of the currency, and adjusted to 1199 show any changes therein prior to the date of the application. 1200 Such application may be combined with an application for 1201 designation as a public depository of inactive deposits, interim 1202

deposits, or both.

**Sec. 135.12.** (A) Beginning in 20042025 and every four 1204 years thereafter, the state board of deposit shall meet on the 1205 third Monday of March in the even-numbered years for the purpose 1206 of designating the public depositories of the public moneys of 1207 the state, and at such meeting or any adjourned session thereof 1208 shall designate such public depositories and award the public 1209 moneys of the state to and among the public depositories so 1210 designated for the period of two-four years commencing on the 1211 first Monday of July next following. 1212

- (B) Each governing board other than the state board of 1213 deposit shall meet every five years on the third Monday or such 1214 regularly scheduled meeting date of the month next preceding the 1215 date of the expiration of its designation of depositories for 1216 the purpose of designating the public depositories of the public 1217 moneys of the subdivision, and at such meeting or any adjourned 1218 session thereof, shall designate such public depositories and 1219 award the public moneys of the subdivision to and among the 1220 public depositories so designated for the period of five years 1221 commencing on the date of the expiration of the next preceding 1222 designation. The designation and award shall be made in 1223 duplicate; one copy shall be retained by the governing board of 1224 the subdivision and one copy shall be certified to the 1225 1226 treasurer.
- (C) If a governing board determines, during a designation 1227 period, that a public depository designated under this section 1228 is insolvent or operating in an unsound or unsafe manner, the 1229 governing board may meet and designate a different public 1230 depository of the public moneys of the state or of the 1231 subdivision for the remainder of the designation period. 1232

(D) If a governing board determines during a designation	1233
period that it is necessary and in the state's or subdivision's	1234
best interests to appoint additional depositories, the governing	1235
board may meet and designate one or more additional public	1236
depositories of the public moneys of the state or of the	1237
subdivision for the remainder of the designation period.	1238
(E) Whenever, by amendment or enactment of any state or	1239
federal law or the amendment or adoption of any valid regulation	1240
thereunder, the terms of a designation or award, lawful at the	1241
beginning of any designation period, cease to be lawful during	1242
such period, and if the change of law or regulation requires,	1243
the designation period shall be limited so as not to extend	1244
beyond the date when that change becomes effective. In such	1245
case, the proper governing board shall meet and designate the	1246
public depositories of the public moneys of the state or of the	1247
subdivision for the remainder of the designation period.	1248
(F) During a designation period, whenever a statute	1249
authorizes a new custodial fund to be created, the state board	1250
of deposit shall meet to award the public moneys associated with	1251
the new custodial fund to a designated public depository.	1252
(G) During a designation period, whenever a state agency,	1253
as defined in section 1.60 of the Revised Code, requests to	1254
change its public depository, the state board of deposit shall	1255
meet to consider the request.	1256
Sec. 135.14. (A) As used in this section:	1257
(1) "Treasurer" does not include the treasurer of state,	1258
and "governing board" does not include the state board of	1259
deposit.	1260
(2) "Other obligations" includes notes whether or not	1261

issued in anticipation of the issuance of bonds.	1262
(B) The treasurer or governing board may invest or deposit	1263
any part or all of the interim moneys. The following	1264
classifications of obligations shall be eligible for such	1265
investment or deposit:	1266
(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any	1267
other obligation or security issued by the United States	1268
treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and	1269
interest by the United States.	1270
Nothing in the classification of eligible obligations set	1271
forth in division (B)(1) of this section or in the	1272
classifications of eligible obligations set forth in divisions	1273
(B)(2) to (7) of this section shall be construed to authorize	1274
any investment in stripped principal or interest obligations of	1275
such eligible obligations.	1276
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or	1277
securities issued by any federal government agency or	1278
instrumentality, including but not limited to, the federal	1279
national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal	1280
farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, and	1281
government national mortgage association. All federal agency	1282
securities shall be direct issuances of federal government	1283
agencies or instrumentalities.	1284
(3) Interim deposits in the eligible institutions applying	1285
for interim moneys as provided in section 135.08 of the Revised	1286
Code. The award of interim deposits shall be made in accordance	1287
with section 135.09 of the Revised Code and the treasurer or the	1288
governing board shall determine the periods for which such	1289
interim deposits are to be made and shall award such interim	1290

deposits for such periods, provided that any eligible	1291
institution receiving an interim deposit award may, upon	1292
notification that the award has been made, decline to accept the	1293
interim deposit in which event the award shall be made as though	1294
the institution had not applied for such interim deposit.	1295
(4) Bonds and other obligations of this state, or the	1296
political subdivisions of this state, provided that, with	1297
respect to bonds or other obligations of political subdivisions,	1298
all of the following apply:	1299
(a) The bonds or other obligations are payable from	1300
general revenues of the political subdivision and backed by the	1301
full faith and credit of the political subdivision.	1302
(b) The bonds or other obligations are rated at the time	1303
of purchase in the three highest classifications established by	1304
at least one nationally recognized standard statistical rating	1305
service organization and purchased through a registered	1306
securities broker or dealer.	1307
(c) The aggregate value of the bonds or other obligations	1308
does not exceed twenty per cent of interim moneys available for	1309
investment at the time of purchase.	1310
(d) The treasurer or governing board is not the sole	1311
purchaser of the bonds or other obligations at original	1312
issuance.	1313
(e) The bonds or other obligations mature within ten years	1314
from the date of settlement.	1315
No investment shall be made under division (B)(4) of this	1316
section unless the treasurer or governing board has completed	1317
additional training for making the investments authorized by	1318
division (B)(4) of this section. The type and amount of	1319

additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state	1320
and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the	1321
treasurer of state.	1322
(5) No-load money market mutual funds consisting	1323
exclusively of obligations described in division (B)(1) or (2)	1324
of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such	1325
obligations, provided that investments in securities described	1326
in this division are made only through eligible institutions	1327
mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code;	1328
(6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section	1329
135.45 of the Revised Code;	1330
(7) Up to forty per cent of interim moneys available for	1331
investment in either of the following:	1332
(a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is	1333
defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) (K)	1334
of section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets	1335
exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of	1336
the following apply:	1337
(i) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the	1338
highest classification established by at least two nationally	1339
recognized standard statistical rating services organizations.	1340
(ii) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten	1341
per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial	1342
paper of the issuing corporation.	1343
(iii) The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy	1344
days after purchase.	1345
(iv) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single	1346
issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of	1347

interim moneys a	vailable for	investment	at the	time of	purchase.	1348
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(b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the 1349 federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later 1350 than one hundred eighty days after purchase. 1351

No investment shall be made pursuant to division (B)(7) of
this section unless the treasurer or governing board has
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completed additional training for making the investments
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authorized by division (B)(7) of this section. The type and
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amount of additional training shall be approved by the treasurer
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of state and may be conducted by or provided under the
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supervision of the treasurer of state.

- (C) Nothing in the classifications of eligible obligations 1359 set forth in divisions (B)(1) to (7) of this section shall be 1360 construed to authorize any investment in a derivative, and no 1361 treasurer or governing board shall invest in a derivative. For 1362 purposes of this division, "derivative" means a financial 1363 instrument or contract or obligation whose value or return is 1364 based upon or linked to another asset or index, or both, 1365 separate from the financial instrument, contract, or obligation 1366 1367 itself. Any security, obligation, trust account, or other instrument that is created from an issue of the United States 1368 treasury or is created from an obligation of a federal agency or 1369 instrumentality or is created from both is considered a 1370 derivative instrument. An eligible investment described in this 1371 section with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a 1372 single interest payment or single index comprised of other 1373 eligible investments provided for in division (B)(1) or (2) of 1374 this section, is not a derivative, provided that such variable 1375 rate investment has a maximum maturity of two years. 1376
  - (D) Except as provided in division (B)(4) or (E) of this

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section, any investment made pursuant to this section must	1378
mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless the	1379
investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the	1380
subdivision.	1381
(E) The treasurer or governing board may also enter into a	1382
written repurchase agreement with any eligible institution	1383
mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code or any eligible	1384
dealer pursuant to division (M) of this section, under the terms	1385
of which agreement the treasurer or governing board purchases,	1386
and such institution or dealer agrees unconditionally to	1387
repurchase any of the securities listed in divisions (D)(1) to	1388
(5), except letters of credit described in division (D)(2), of	1389
section 135.18 of the Revised Code. The market value of	1390
securities subject to an overnight written repurchase agreement	1391
must exceed the principal value of the overnight written	1392
repurchase agreement by at least two per cent. A written	1393
repurchase agreement shall not exceed thirty days and the market	1394
value of securities subject to a written repurchase agreement	1395
must exceed the principal value of the written repurchase	1396
agreement by at least two per cent and be marked to market	1397
daily. All securities purchased pursuant to this division shall	1398
be delivered into the custody of the treasurer or governing	1399
board or an agent designated by the treasurer or governing	1400
board. A written repurchase agreement with an eligible	1401
securities dealer shall be transacted on a delivery versus	1402
payment basis. The agreement shall contain the requirement that	1403
for each transaction pursuant to the agreement the participating	1404
institution or dealer shall provide all of the following	1405
information:	1406

(1) The par value of the securities;

(2) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities;	1408
(3) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	1409
securities industry that designates the securities.	1410
No treasurer or governing board shall enter into a written	1411
repurchase agreement under the terms of which the treasurer or	1412
governing board agrees to sell securities owned by the	1413
subdivision to a purchaser and agrees with that purchaser to	1414
unconditionally repurchase those securities.	1415
(F) No treasurer or governing board shall make an	1416
investment under this section, unless the treasurer or governing	1417
board, at the time of making the investment, reasonably expects	1418
that the investment can be held until its maturity.	1419
(G) No treasurer or governing board shall pay interim	1420
moneys into a fund established by another subdivision,	1421
treasurer, governing board, or investing authority, if that fund	1422
was established for the purpose of investing the public moneys	1423
of other subdivisions. This division does not apply to the	1424
payment of public moneys into either of the following:	1425
(1) The Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (B)	1426
(6) of this section;	1427
(2) A fund created solely for the purpose of acquiring,	1428
constructing, owning, leasing, or operating municipal utilities	1429
pursuant to the authority provided under section 715.02 of the	1430
Revised Code or Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	1431
For purposes of division (G) of this section,	1432
"subdivision" includes a county.	1433
(H) The use of leverage, in which the treasurer or	1434
governing board uses its current investment assets as collateral	1435

for the purpose of purchasing other assets, is prohibited. The

issuance of taxable notes for the purpose of arbitrage is

prohibited. Contracting to sell securities that have not yet

been acquired by the treasurer or governing board, for the

purpose of purchasing such securities on the speculation that

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bond prices will decline, is prohibited.

- (I) Whenever, during a period of designation, the 1442 treasurer classifies public moneys as interim moneys, the 1443 treasurer shall notify the governing board of such action. The 1444 1445 notification shall be given within thirty days after such classification and in the event the governing board does not 1446 concur in such classification or in the investments or deposits 1447 made under this section, the governing board may order the 1448 treasurer to sell or liquidate any of such investments or 1449 deposits, and any such order shall specifically describe the 1450 investments or deposits and fix the date upon which they are to 1451 be sold or liquidated. Investments or deposits so ordered to be 1452 sold or liquidated shall be sold or liquidated for cash by the 1453 treasurer on the date fixed in such order at the then current 1454 market price. Neither the treasurer nor the members of the board 1455 1456 shall be held accountable for any loss occasioned by sales or liquidations of investments or deposits at prices lower than 1457 their cost. Any loss or expense incurred in making such sales or 1458 liquidations is payable as other expenses of the treasurer's 1459 office. 1460
- (J) If any investments or deposits purchased under the

  authority of this section are issuable to a designated payee or

  to the order of a designated payee, the name of the treasurer

  and the title of the treasurer's office shall be so designated.

  If any such securities are registrable either as to principal or

  interest, or both, then such securities shall be registered in

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the name of the treasurer as such.

(K) The treasurer is responsible for the safekeeping of 1468 all documents evidencing a deposit or investment acquired by the 1469 treasurer under this section. Any securities may be deposited 1470 for safekeeping with a qualified trustee as provided in section 1471 135.18 of the Revised Code, except the delivery of securities 1472 acquired under any repurchase agreement under this section shall 1473 be made to a qualified trustee, provided, however, that the 1474 qualified trustee shall be required to report to the treasurer, 1475 1476 governing board, auditor of state, or an authorized outside 1477 auditor at any time upon request as to the identity, market value, and location of the document evidencing each security, 1478 and that if the participating institution is a designated 1479 depository of the subdivision for the current period of 1480 designation, the securities that are the subject of the 1481 repurchase agreement may be delivered to the treasurer or held 1482 in trust by the participating institution on behalf of the 1483 subdivision. Interest earned on any investments or deposits 1484 authorized by this section shall be collected by the treasurer 1485 and credited by the treasurer to the proper fund of the 1486 subdivision. 1487

1488 Upon the expiration of the term of office of a treasurer or in the event of a vacancy in the office of treasurer by 1489 reason of death, resignation, removal from office, or otherwise, 1490 the treasurer or the treasurer's legal representative shall 1491 transfer and deliver to the treasurer's successor all documents 1492 evidencing a deposit or investment held by the treasurer. For 1493 the investments and deposits so transferred and delivered, such 1494 treasurer shall be credited with and the treasurer's successor 1495 shall be charged with the amount of money held in such 1496 investments and deposits. 1497

- (L) Whenever investments or deposits acquired under this

  section mature and become due and payable, the treasurer shall

  present them for payment according to their tenor, and shall

  collect the moneys payable thereon. The moneys so collected

  shall be treated as public moneys subject to sections 135.01 to

  1502

  135.21 of the Revised Code.
- (M)(1) All investments, except for investments in 1504 securities described in divisions (B)(5) and (6) of this section 1505 and for investments by a municipal corporation in the issues of 1506 such municipal corporation, shall be made only through a member 1507 of the financial industry regulatory authority (FINRA), through 1508 a bank, savings bank, or savings and loan association regulated 1509 by the superintendent of financial institutions, or through an 1510 institution regulated by the comptroller of the currency, 1511 federal deposit insurance corporation, or board of governors of 1512 the federal reserve system. 1513
- (2) Payment for investments shall be made only upon the 1514 delivery of securities representing such investments to the 1515 treasurer, governing board, or qualified trustee. If the 1516 securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, 1517 payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of 1518 transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, 1519 or qualified trustee.
- (N) In making investments authorized by this section, a 1521 treasurer or governing board may retain the services of an 1522 investment advisor, provided the advisor is licensed by the 1523 division of securities under section 1707.141 of the Revised 1524 Code or is registered with the securities and exchange 1525 commission, and possesses experience in public funds investment 1526 management, specifically in the area of state and local 1527

government investment portfolios, or the advisor is an eligible 1528 institution mentioned in section 135.03 of the Revised Code. 1529

- (0) (1) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (0) (2) 1530 and (3) of this section, no treasurer or governing board shall 1531 make an investment or deposit under this section, unless there 1532 is on file with the auditor of state a written investment policy 1533 approved by the treasurer or governing board. The policy shall 1534 require that all entities conducting investment business with 1535 the treasurer or governing board shall sign the investment 1536 policy of that subdivision. All brokers, dealers, and financial 1537 institutions, described in division (M)(1) of this section, 1538 initiating transactions with the treasurer or governing board by 1539 giving advice or making investment recommendations shall sign 1540 the treasurer's or governing board's investment policy thereby 1541 acknowledging their agreement to abide by the policy's contents. 1542 All brokers, dealers, and financial institutions, described in 1543 division (M)(1) of this section, executing transactions 1544 initiated by the treasurer or governing board, having read the 1545 policy's contents, shall sign the investment policy thereby 1546 acknowledging their comprehension and receipt. 1547
- (2) If a written investment policy described in division 1548 (0)(1) of this section is not filed on behalf of the subdivision 1549 with the auditor of state, the treasurer or governing board of 1550 that subdivision shall invest the subdivision's interim moneys 1551 only in interim deposits pursuant to division (B)(3) of this 1552 section or interim deposits pursuant to section 135.145 of the 1553 Revised Code and approved by the treasurer of state, no-load 1554 money market mutual funds pursuant to division (B)(5) of this 1555 section, or the Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (B) 1556 (6) of this section. 1557

(3) Divisions (0)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply	1558
to a treasurer or governing board of a subdivision whose average	1559
annual portfolio of investments held pursuant to this section is	1560
one hundred thousand dollars or less, provided that the	1561
treasurer or governing board certifies, on a form prescribed by	1562
the auditor of state, that the treasurer or governing board will	1563
comply and is in compliance with the provisions of sections	1564
135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.	1565

(P) A treasurer or governing board may enter into a 1566 written investment or deposit agreement that includes a 1567 provision under which the parties agree to submit to nonbinding 1568 arbitration to settle any controversy that may arise out of the 1569 agreement, including any controversy pertaining to losses of 1570 public moneys resulting from investment or deposit. The 1571 arbitration provision shall be set forth entirely in the 1572 agreement, and the agreement shall include a conspicuous notice 1573 to the parties that any party to the arbitration may apply to 1574 the court of common pleas of the county in which the arbitration 1575 was held for an order to vacate, modify, or correct the award. 1576 Any such party may also apply to the court for an order to 1577 change venue to a court of common pleas located more than one 1578 hundred miles from the county in which the treasurer or 1579 governing board is located. 1580

For purposes of this division, "investment or deposit 1581 agreement" means any agreement between a treasurer or governing 1582 board and a person, under which agreement the person agrees to 1583 invest, deposit, or otherwise manage a subdivision's interim 1584 moneys on behalf of the treasurer or governing board, or agrees 1585 to provide investment advice to the treasurer or governing 1586 board.

(Q) An investment made by the treasurer or governing board	1588
pursuant to this section prior to September 27, 1996, that was a	1589
legal investment under the law as it existed before September	1590
27, 1996, may be held until maturity.	1591
Sec. 135.142. (A) In addition to the investments	1592
authorized by section 135.14 of the Revised Code, any board of	1593
education, by a two-thirds vote of its members, may authorize	1594
the treasurer of the board of education to invest up to forty	1595
per cent of the interim moneys of the board, available for	1596
investment at any one time, in either of the following:	1597
(1) Commercial paper notes issued by any entity that is	1598
defined in <del>division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) (K)</del>	1599
of section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and has assets exceeding	1600
five hundred million dollars, and to which notes all of the	1601
following apply:	1602
(a) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the	1603
highest classification established by at least two nationally	1604
recognized standard statistical rating services organizations.	1605
(b) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten	1606
per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial	1607
paper of the issuing corporation.	1608
(c) The notes mature no later than two hundred seventy	1609
days after purchase.	1610
(d) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single	1611
issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of	1612
interim moneys of the board available for investment at the time	1613
of purchase.	1614
(2) Bankers' acceptances of banks that are insured by the	1615
federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature no later	1616

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than one hundred eighty days after purchase.

- (B) No investment authorized pursuant to division (A) of 1618 this section shall be made, whether or not authorized by a board 1619 of education, unless the treasurer of the board of education has 1620 completed additional training for making the types of 1621 investments authorized pursuant to division (A) of this section. 1622 The type and amount of such training shall be approved and may 1623 be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the 1624 treasurer of state. 1625
- (C) The treasurer of the board of education shall prepare annually and submit to the board of education, the superintendent of public instruction, and the auditor of state, on or before the thirty-first day of August, a report listing each investment made pursuant to division (A) of this section during the preceding fiscal year, income earned from such investments, fees and commissions paid pursuant to division (D) of this section, and any other information required by the board, the superintendent, and the auditor of state.
- (D) A board of education may make appropriations and 1635 expenditures for fees and commissions in connection with 1636 investments made pursuant to division (A) of this section. 1637
- 1638 (E) (1) In addition to the investments authorized by section 135.14 of the Revised Code and division (A) of this 1639 section, any board of education that is a party to an agreement 1640 with the treasurer of state pursuant to division (G) of section 1641 135.143 of the Revised Code and that has outstanding obligations 1642 issued under authority of section 133.10 of the Revised Code may 1643 authorize the treasurer of the board of education to invest 1644 interim moneys of the board in debt interests rated in either of 1645 the two highest rating classifications by at least two 1646

nationally recognized standard statistical rating services	1647
organizations and issued by entities that are defined in	1648
division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) (K) of section	1649
1706.01 of the Revised Code. The debt interests purchased under	1650
authority of division (E) of this section shall mature not later	1651
than the latest maturity date of the outstanding obligations	1652
issued under authority of section 133.10 or 133.301 of the	1653
Revised Code.	1654
(2) If any of the debt interests acquired under division	1655
(E) (1) of this section ceases to be rated as there required, its	1656
issuer shall notify the treasurer of state of this fact within	1657
twenty-four hours. At any time thereafter the treasurer of state	1658
may require collateralization at the rate of one hundred two per	1659
cent of any remaining obligation of the entity, with securities	1660
authorized for investment under section 135.143 of the Revised	1661
Code. The collateral shall be delivered to and held by a	1662
custodian acceptable to the treasurer of state, marked to market	1663
daily, and any default to be cured within twelve hours.	1664
Unlimited substitution shall be allowed of comparable	1665
securities.	1666
Sec. 135.143. (A) The treasurer of state may invest or	1667
execute transactions for any part or all of the interim funds of	1668
the state in the following classifications of obligations:	1669
(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any	1670
other obligations or securities issued by the United States	1671
treasury or any other obligation guaranteed as to principal and	1672
interest by the United States;	1673
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or	1674
securities issued by any federal government agency or	1675
instrumentality;	1676

- (3) (a) Bonds, notes, and other obligations of the state of 1677 Ohio, including, but not limited to, any obligations issued by 1678 the treasurer of state, the Ohio public facilities commission, 1679 the Ohio building authority, the Ohio housing finance agency, 1680 the Ohio water development authority, the Ohio turnpike 1681 infrastructure commission, the Ohio higher educational facility 1682 commission, and state institutions of higher education as 1683 defined in section 3345.011 of the Revised Code; 1684
- (b) Bonds, notes, and other obligations of any state or

  political subdivision thereof rated in the three highest

  categories by at least one nationally recognized standard

  statistical rating service organization and purchased through a

  registered securities broker or dealer, provided the treasurer

  of state is not the sole purchaser of the bonds, notes, or other

  obligations at original issuance.

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- (4)(a) Written repurchase agreements with any eligible 1692 Ohio financial institution that is a member of the federal 1693 reserve system or federal home loan bank, or-any registered 1694 United States government securities dealer, or any counterparty 1695 rated in one of the three highest categories by at least one 1696 nationally recognized statistical rating organization or 1697 otherwise determined by the treasurer of state to have adequate 1698 capital and liquidity, under the terms of which agreement the 1699 treasurer of state purchases and the eligible financial 1700 institution-or, dealer, or counterparty agrees unconditionally 1701 to repurchase any of the securities that are listed in division 1702  $(A)(1), (2), \frac{or}{or}(3), (6), or (11) of this section. The market$ 1703 value of securities subject to these transactions must exceed 1704 the principal value of the repurchase agreement by an amount 1705 specified by the treasurer of state, and the securities must be 1706 delivered into the custody of the treasurer of state or the 1707

qualified trustee or agent designated by the treasurer of state.	1708
The agreement shall contain the requirement that for each	1709
transaction pursuant to the agreement, the participating	1710
institution-or, dealer, or counterparty shall provide all of	1711
the following information:	1712
(i) The par value of the securities;	1713
(ii) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities;	1714
(iii) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	1715
securities industry that designates the securities.	1716
(b) The treasurer of state also may sell any securities,	1717
listed in division (A)(1), (2), $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{or}}$ (6), or (11) of this section,	1718
regardless of maturity or time of redemption of the securities,	1719
under the same terms and conditions for repurchase, provided	1720
that the securities have been fully paid for and are owned by	1721
the treasurer of state at the time of the sale.	1722
(c) For purposes of division (A)(4) of this section, the	1723
treasurer of state shall only buy or sell securities listed in	1724
division (A)(11) of this section issued by entities that are	1725
organized under the laws of this state, any other state, or the	1726
United States.	1727
(5) Securities lending agreements with any eligible	1728
financial institution that is a member of the federal reserve	1729
system or federal home loan bank or any recognized United States	1730
government securities dealer, under the terms of which	1731
agreements the treasurer of state lends securities and the	1732
eligible financial institution or dealer agrees to	1733
simultaneously exchange similar securities or cash, equal value	1734
for equal value.	1735
Securities and cash received as collateral for a	1736

securities lending agreement are not interim funds of the state.	1737
The investment of cash collateral received pursuant to a	1738
securities lending agreement may be invested only in such	1739
instruments specified by the treasurer of state in accordance	1740
with a written investment policy.	1741
(6) Various forms of commercial paper issued by any entity	1742
that is organized under the laws of the United States or a	1743
state, which notes are rated in the two highest categories by	1744
two nationally recognized standard statistical rating services	1745
organizations, provided that the total amount invested under	1746
this section in any commercial paper at any time shall not	1747
exceed forty per cent of the state's total average portfolio, as	1748
determined and calculated by the treasurer of state;	1749
(7) Bankers acceptances, maturing in two hundred seventy	1750
days or less, provided that the total amount invested in bankers	1751
acceptances at any time shall not exceed ten per cent of the	1752
state's total average portfolio, as determined and calculated by	1753
the treasurer of state;	1754
(8) Certificates of deposit, savings accounts, or deposit	1755
accounts in eligible institutions applying for interim moneys as	1756
provided in section 135.08 of the Revised Code, including linked	1757
deposits as provided in sections 135.61 to $\frac{135.67}{135.66}$ of the	1758
Revised Code, agricultural linked deposits as provided in	1759
sections 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised Code, business linked	1760
deposits as provided in sections 135.77 to 135.774 of the	1761
Revised Code, and housing linked deposits as provided in	1762
sections 135.81 to 135.87 of the Revised Code;	1763
(9) Negotiable certificates of deposit denominated in	1764
United States dollars issued by a nationally or state-chartered	1765

bank, a savings association or a federal <a href="mailto:savings">savings</a> association, a

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state or federal credit union, or a federally licensed or state-	1767
licensed branch of a foreign bank, which are rated in the two	1768
highest categories by two nationally recognized standard	1769
statistical rating organizations services, provided that the	1770
total amount invested under this section in negotiable	1771
certificates of deposit at any time shall not exceed twenty-five	1772
per cent of the state's total average portfolio, as determined	1773
and calculated by the treasurer of state. Interim funds invested	1774
in accordance with division (A)(9) of this section are not	1775
limited to institutions applying for interim moneys under	1776
section 135.08 of the Revised Code, nor are they subject to any	1777
pledging requirements described in sections 135.18, 135.181, or	1778
135.182 of the Revised Code.	1779

- (10) The state treasurer's investment pool authorized under section 135.45 of the Revised Code;
- (11) Debt interests, other than commercial paper described in division (A)(6) of this section, rated in the three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard statistical rating services organizations and issued by entities that are organized under the laws of the United States or a state, or issued by foreign nations diplomatically recognized by the United States government, or any instrument based on, derived from, or related to such interests, provided that:
- (a) The investments in debt interests other than 1790 commercial paper, when added to the investment in written 1791 repurchase agreements for securities listed in division (A) (3) 1792 or (11) of this section, shall not exceed in the aggregate 1793 twenty-five per cent of the state's portfolio. 1794
- (b) The investments in debt interests issued by foreign 1795 nations shall not exceed in the aggregate two per cent of the 1796

state's portfolio.	1797
The treasurer of state shall invest under division (A)(11)	1798
of this section in a debt interest issued by a foreign nation	1799
only if the debt interest is backed by the full faith and credit	1800
of that foreign nation, and provided that all interest and	1801
principal shall be denominated and payable in United States	1802
funds.	1803
(c) When added to the investment in commercial paper and	1804
negotiable certificates of deposit, the investments in the debt	1805
interests of a single issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate	1806
five per cent of the state's portfolio.	1807
(d) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, a	1808
debt interest is rated in the three highest categories by two	1809
nationally recognized standard statistical rating services	1810
organizations if either the debt interest itself or the issuer	1811
of the debt interest is rated, or is implicitly rated, in the	1812
three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard	1813
statistical rating services organizations.	1814
(e) For purposes of division (A)(11) of this section, the	1815
"state's portfolio" means the state's total average portfolio,	1816
as determined and calculated by the treasurer of state.	1817
(12) No-load money market mutual funds rated in the	1818
highest category by one nationally recognized standard	1819
statistical rating service organization or consisting	1820
exclusively of obligations described in division (A)(1), (2), or	1821
(6) of this section and repurchase agreements secured by such	1822
obligations;	1823
(13) Obligations issued by, or on behalf of, an Ohio	1824
political subdivision under Chapter 133. of the Revised Code or	1825

Section 12 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution, and identified	1826
in an agreement described in division (G) of this section;	1827
(14) Obligations issued by the state of Ohio, any	1828
political subdivision thereof, or by or on behalf of any	1829
nonprofit corporation or association doing business in this	1830
state rated in the four highest categories by at least one	1831
nationally recognized standard statistical rating service	1832
organization and identified in an agreement described in	1833
division (K) of this section.	1834
(B) Whenever, during a period of designationOn or before	1835
the tenth day of each month, the treasurer of state elassifies-	1836
<pre>public moneys as interim moneys, the treasurer of state shall</pre>	1837
notify the state board of deposit of such action. The	1838
notification shall be given within thirty days after such	1839
classification and, in that the following reports pertaining to	1840
the immediately preceding month have been posted to the web site	1841
<pre>maintained by the treasurer of state:</pre>	1842
(1) The daily ledger report of state funds prepared in	1843
accordance with section 113.13 of the Revised Code;	1844
(2) The monthly portfolio report detailing the current	1845
inventory of all investments and deposits held within the	1846
<pre>classification of interim moneys;</pre>	1847
(3) The monthly activity report within the classification	1848
of interim moneys summarized by type of investment or deposit.	1849
In the event the state board of deposit does not concur in	1850
such classification or in the investments or deposits made under	1851
this section, the board may order the treasurer of state to sell	1852
or liquidate any of the investments or deposits, and any such	1853
order shall specifically describe the investments or deposits	1854

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and fix the date upon which they are to be sold or liquidated.	1855
Investments or deposits so ordered to be sold or liquidated	1856
shall be sold or liquidated for cash by the treasurer of state	1857
on the date fixed in such order at the then current market	1858
price. Neither the treasurer of state nor the members of the	1859
state board of deposit shall be held accountable for any loss	1860
occasioned by sales or liquidations of investments or deposits	1861
at prices lower than their cost. Any loss or expense incurred in	1862
making these sales or liquidations is payable as other expenses	1863
of the treasurer's office.	1864

- (C) If any securities or obligations invested in by the treasurer of state pursuant to this section are registrable either as to principal or interest, or both, such securities or obligations shall be registered in the name of the treasurer of state.
- (D) The treasurer of state is responsible for the safekeeping of all securities or obligations under this section.

  Any such securities or obligations may be deposited for safekeeping as provided in section 113.05 of the Revised Code.
- (E) Interest earned on any investments or deposits

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  authorized by this section shall be collected by the treasurer

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  of state and credited by the treasurer of state to the proper

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  fund of the state.
- (F) Whenever investments or deposits acquired under this
  section mature and become due and payable, the treasurer of
  state shall present them for payment according to their tenor,
  and shall collect the moneys payable thereon. The moneys so
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  collected shall be treated as public moneys subject to sections
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  135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code.

(G) The treasurer of state and any entity issuing	1884
obligations referred to in division (A)(13) of this section,	1885
which obligations mature within one year from the original date	1886
of issuance, may enter into an agreement providing for:	1887
or restaured, may error rise an agreement providing rer.	2007
(1) The purchase of those obligations by the treasurer of	1888
state on terms and subject to conditions set forth in the	1889
agreement;	1890
(2) The payment to the treasurer of state of a reasonable	1891
fee as consideration for the agreement of the treasurer of state	1892
to purchase those obligations; provided, however, that the	1893
treasurer of state shall not be authorized to enter into any	1894
such agreement with a board of education of a school district	1895
that has an outstanding obligation with respect to a loan	1896
received under authority of section 3313.483 of the Revised	1897
Code.	1898
(H) For purposes of division (G) of this section, a fee	1899
(H) For purposes of division (G) of this section, a fee shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover	1899 1900
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover	1900
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect	1900 1901
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under	1900 1901 1902
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the	1900 1901 1902 1903
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these obligations.	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these obligations.  (I) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these obligations.  (I) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the fee imposed by division (G) of this section shall be deposited	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these obligations.  (I) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the fee imposed by division (G) of this section shall be deposited to the credit of the state political subdivision obligations	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908
shall not be considered reasonable unless it is set to recover only the direct costs, a reasonable estimate of the indirect costs associated with the purchasing of obligations under division (G) of this section and any reselling of the obligations or any interest in the obligations, including interests in a fund comprised of the obligations, and the administration thereof. No money from the general revenue fund shall be used to subsidize the purchase or resale of these obligations.  (I) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the fee imposed by division (G) of this section shall be deposited	1900 1901 1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908

of state's direct and indirect costs associated with purchasing	1914
and reselling obligations under division (G) of this section.	1915
(J) As used in this section, "political subdivision" means	1916
a county, township, municipal corporation, school district, or	1917
other body corporate and politic responsible for governmental	1918
activities in a geographic area smaller than that of the state.	1919
(K)(1) The treasurer of state and any entity issuing	1920
obligations referred to in division (A)(14) of this section,	1921
which obligations have a demand feature to tender the obligation	1922
at par plus accrued interest require a conditional liquidity	1923
requirement, may enter into an agreement providing for the	1924
following:	1925
(a) The purchase of the obligations by the treasurer of	1926
state on terms and subject to conditions set forth in the	1927
agreement;	1928
(b) Payment to the treasurer of state of a fee as	1929
consideration for the agreement of the treasurer of state to	1930
purchase the obligations.	1931
(2) The treasurer of state shall not enter into agreements	1932
under division (K)(1) of this section for obligations that, in	1933
the aggregate, exceed ten per cent of the state's total average	1934
portfolio, as determined and calculated by the treasurer of	1935
state.	1936
(3) For purposes of division (A)(14) of this section, an	1937
obligation is rated in the four highest categories by at least	1938
one nationally recognized standard statistical rating service	1939
<pre>organization if either the debt interest itself or the obligor</pre>	1940
of the debt interest is rated in the four highest categories by	1941
at least one nationally recognized standard statistical rating	1942

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## service organization.

- (4) All money collected by the treasurer of state from the 1944 fee imposed by division (K) of this section shall be deposited 1945 to the credit of the state securities tender program fund, which 1946 is hereby created in the state treasury. The amount of income 1947 from the state securities tender program credited to the state 1948 securities tender program fund shall not exceed one per cent of 1949 the average par value of obligations subject to agreements under 1950 division (K)(1) of this section. All other such income shall be 1951 credited to the general revenue fund. The treasurer of state may 1952 use the state securities tender program fund solely for 1953 operations of the office of the treasurer of state. 1954
- (L)(1) The treasurer of state and a state university or college issuing obligations under section 3345.12 of the Revised Code may enter into an agreement providing for the following:
- (a) The purchase of those obligations by the treasurer of 1958 state pursuant to division (A)(3)(a) of this section on terms 1959 and subject to conditions set forth in the agreement; 1960
- (b) The department of higher education to withhold, in the 1961 event the state university or college does not pay bond service 1962 charges on the obligations when due, appropriated funds 1963 allocated to the state university or college in an amount 1964 sufficient to pay bond service charges on the obligations, less 1965 any amounts deposited for that purpose under the bond 1966 proceedings. Upon the request of the treasurer of state, the 1967 department of higher education shall promptly pay to the 1968 treasurer of state the amounts withheld. 1969
- (2) For purposes of division (L)(1) of this section, 1970
  "obligations," "state university or college," "bond service 1971

charges," and "bond proceedings" have the same meanings as in	1972
section 3345.12 of the Revised Code.	1973
Sec. 135.15. Whenever the governing board, other than the	1974
state board of deposit, is of the opinion that the actual amount	1975
of active deposits is insufficient to meet the anticipated	1976
demands on such active deposits, it shall direct the treasurer	1977
to sell interim money investments or deposits or transfer from	1978
the inactive deposits to the active deposits an amount	1979
sufficient to meet such demands. The board shall designate in	1980
such order the depositories from which withdrawals for such	1981
purpose shall be made and the amounts to be withdrawn from each.	1982
The treasurer shall immediately give appropriate written notice	1983
of such withdrawal to each public depository affected thereby,	1984
and at the expiration of the period of such notice shall make	1985
such withdrawals by presentation of certificates of deposit, or	1986
otherwise, in such manner as the board provides by appropriate	1987
regulations. In case there are two or more public depositories	1988
subject to such withdrawal, the board shall make such	1989
withdrawals from the public depositories paying the lowest rates	1990
of interest and in proportional amounts as near as is	1991
practicable.	1992
Whenever the state board of deposit is of the opinion that	1993
the actual amount of active deposits is insufficient to meet the	1994
anticipated demands on such active deposits, it shall direct the	1995
treasurer of state to sell interim money investments or to	1996
redeem negotiated deposits in an amount sufficient to meet such	1997
demands. The treasurer of state shall use the treasurer of	1998
state's discretion in selecting the instruments to be sold or	1999
redeemed.	2000

Sec. 135.182. (A) As used in this section:

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(1) "Public depository" means that term as defined in	2002
section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also means an	2003
institution that receives or holds any public deposits as	2004
defined in section 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2005
(2) "Public depositor" means that term as defined in	2006
section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes a county	2007
and any municipal corporation that has adopted a charter under	2008
Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	2009
(3) "Public deposits," "public moneys," and "treasurer"	2010
mean those terms as defined in section 135.01 of the Revised	2011
Code, but also have the same meanings as are set forth in	2012
section 135.31 of the Revised Code, but for purposes of this	2013
section does not include the moneys of metropolitan housing	2014
<u>authorities</u> .	2015
(B)(1) Not later than July 1, 2017, the treasurer of state	2016
shall create the Ohio pooled collateral program. Under this	2017
program, each institution designated as a public depository that	2018
selects the pledging method prescribed in division (A)(2) of	2019
section 135.18 or division (A)(2) of section 135.37 of the	2020
Revised Code shall pledge to the treasurer of state a single	2021
pool of eligible securities for the benefit of all public	2022
depositors at the public depository to secure the repayment of	2023
all uninsured public deposits at the public depository, provided	2024
that at all times the total market value of the securities so	2025
pledged is at least equal to either of the following:	2026
(a) One hundred two per cent of the total amount of all	2027
uninsured public deposits;	2028

(b) An amount determined by rules adopted by the treasurer

of state that set forth the criteria for determining the

aggregate market value of the pool of eligible securities	2031
pledged by a public depository pursuant to division (B) of this	2032
section. Such criteria shall include, but are not limited to,	2033
prudent capital and liquidity management by the public	2034
depository and the safety and soundness of the public depository	2035
as determined by a third-party rating organization.	2036

- (2) The treasurer of state shall monitor the eligibility, 2037 market value, and face value of the pooled securities pledged by 2038 the public depository. Each public depository shall carry in its 2039 2040 accounting records at all times a general ledger or other appropriate account of the total amount of all public deposits 2041 to be secured by the pool, as determined at the opening of 2042 business each day, and the total market value of securities 2043 pledged to secure such deposits, and report such information to 2044 the treasurer of state in a manner and frequency as determined 2045 by the treasurer of state pursuant to rules adopted by the 2046 treasurer of state. A public depositor shall be responsible for 2047 periodically confirming the accuracy of its account balances 2048 with the treasurer of state; otherwise, the treasurer of state 2049 shall be the sole public depositor responsible for monitoring 2050 and ensuring the sufficiency of securities pledged under this 2051 section. 2052
- (3) If, on any day, the total market value of the 2053 securities pledged by the public depository is less than that 2054 specified in division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, 2055 whichever is applicable, the public depository shall have two 2056 business days to pledge additional eligible securities having a 2057 market value sufficient, when combined with the market value of 2058 eligible securities already pledged, to satisfy the requirement 2059 of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, as applicable, to 2060 secure the repayment of all uninsured public deposits at the 2061

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public depository.

- (C) The public depository shall designate a qualified 2063 trustee approved by the treasurer of state and place with such 2064 trustee for safekeeping the eligible securities pledged pursuant 2065 to division (B) of this section. The trustee shall hold the 2066 eligible securities in an account indicating the treasurer of 2067 state's security interest in the eligible securities. The 2068 treasurer of state shall give written notice of the trustee to 2069 all public depositors for which such securities are pledged. The 2070 2071 trustee shall report to the treasurer of state information 2072 relating to the securities pledged to secure such public deposits in a manner and frequency as determined by the 2073 treasurer of state. 2074
- (D) In order for a public depository to receive public 2075 moneys under this section, the public depository and the 2076 treasurer of state shall first execute an agreement that sets 2077 forth the entire arrangement among the parties and that meets 2078 the requirements described in 12 U.S.C. 1823(e). In addition, 2079 the agreement shall authorize the treasurer of state to obtain 2080 2081 control of the collateral pursuant to division (D) of section 1308.24 of the Revised Code. 2082
- (E) The securities or other obligations described in 2083 division (D) of section 135.18 of the Revised Code shall be 2084 eligible as collateral for the purposes of division (B) of this 2085 section, provided no such securities or obligations pledged as 2086 collateral are at any time in default as to either principal or 2087 interest.
- (F) Any federal reserve bank or branch thereof located in this state or federal home loan bank, without compliance with Chapter 1111. of the Revised Code and without becoming subject

to any other law of this state relative to the exercise by	2092
corporations of trust powers generally, is qualified to act as	2093
trustee for the safekeeping of securities, under this section.	2094
Any institution mentioned in section 135.03 or 135.32 of the	2095
Revised Code that holds a certificate of qualification issued by	2096
the superintendent of financial institutions or any institution	2097
complying with sections 1111.04, 1111.05, and 1111.06 of the	2098
Revised Code is qualified to act as trustee for the safekeeping	2099
of securities under this section, other than those belonging to	2100
itself or to an affiliate as defined in section 1101.01 of the	2101
Revised Code.	2102

- (G) The public depository may substitute, exchange, or 2103 release eligible securities deposited with the qualified trustee 2104 pursuant to this section, provided that such substitution, 2105 exchange, or release is effectuated pursuant to written 2106 authorization from the treasurer of state, and such action does 2107 not reduce the total market value of the securities to an amount 2108 that is less than the amount established pursuant to division 2109 (B) of this section. 2110
- (H) Notwithstanding the fact that a public depository is 2111 required to pledge eligible securities in certain amounts to 2112 secure public deposits, a qualified trustee has no duty or 2113 obligation to determine the eligibility, market value, or face 2114 value of any securities deposited with the trustee by a public 2115 depository. This applies in all situations including, but not 2116 limited to, a substitution or exchange of securities, but 2117 excluding those situations effectuated by division (I) of this 2118 section in which the trustee is required to determine face and 2119 market value. 2120
  - (I) The qualified trustee shall enter into a custodial

agreement with the treasurer of state and public depository in	2122
which the trustee agrees to comply with entitlement orders	2123
originated by the treasurer of state without further consent by	2124
the public depository or, in the case of collateral held by the	2125
public depository in an account at a federal reserve bank, the	2126
treasurer of state shall have the treasurer's security interest	2127
marked on the books of the federal reserve bank where the	2128
account for the collateral is maintained. If the public	2129
depository fails to pay over any part of the public deposits	2130
made therein as provided by law and secured pursuant to division	2131
(B) of this section, the treasurer of state shall give written	2132
notice of this failure to the qualified trustee holding the pool	2133
of securities pledged against the public deposits, and at the	2134
same time shall send a copy of this notice to the public	2135
depository. Upon receipt of this notice, the trustee shall	2136
transfer to the treasurer of state for sale, the pooled	2137
securities that are necessary to produce an amount equal to the	2138
public deposits made by the public depositor and not paid over,	2139
less the portion of the deposits covered by any federal deposit	2140
insurance, plus any accrued interest due on the deposits. The	2141
treasurer of state shall sell any of the bonds or other	2142
securities so transferred. When a sale of bonds or other	2143
securities has been so made and upon payment to the public	2144
depositor of the purchase money, the treasurer of state shall	2145
transfer such bonds or securities whereupon the absolute	2146
ownership of such bonds or securities shall pass to the	2147
purchasers. Any surplus after deducting the amount due to the	2148
public depositor and expenses of sale shall be paid to the	2149
public depository.	2150

(J) Any charges or compensation of a qualified trustee for 2151 acting as such under this section shall be paid by the public 2152

depository and in no event shall be chargeable to the public	2153
depositor or to any officer of the public depositor. The charges	2154
or compensation shall not be a lien or charge upon the	2155
securities deposited for safekeeping prior or superior to the	2156
rights to and interests in the securities of the public	2157
depositor. The treasurer and the treasurer's bonders or surety	2158
shall be relieved from any liability to the public depositor or	2159
to the public depository for the loss or destruction of any	2160
securities deposited with a qualified trustee pursuant to this	2161
section.	2162
(K) A public depositor, treasurer, or the public	2163
depositor's or treasurer's bonders or surety are not liable for	2164
the loss of funds if a public depository fails to comply with	2165
the terms set forth in the agreement provided for in division	2166
(D) of this section for the appropriate level of collateral, as	2167
required under division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, to	2168
secure the public deposits made under that agreement.	2169
(L)(1) The following information is confidential and not a	2170
public record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code:	2171
(a) All reports or other information obtained or created	2172
about a public depository for purposes of division (B)(1)(b) of	2173
this section;	2174
(b) The identity of a public depositor's public	2175
depository;	2176
(c) The identity of a public depository's public	2177
depositors.	2178
(2) Nothing in this section prevents the treasurer of	2179
state from releasing or exchanging such confidential information	2180
as required by law or for the operation of the pooled collateral	2181

program.	2182
(M) The treasurer of state may impose reasonable fees,	2183
including late fees, upon public depositories participating in	2184
the pooled collateral program to defray the actual and necessary	2185
expenses incurred by the treasurer in connection with the	2186
program. All such fees collected by the treasurer shall be	2187
deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the	2188
administrative fund created in section 113.20 of the Revised	2189
Code.	2190
(N) The treasurer of state may adopt rules necessary for	2191
the implementation of this section and sections 135.18 and	2192
135.181 of the Revised Code. Such rules shall be adopted in	2193
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2194
Sec. 135.31. As used in sections 135.31 to 135.40 of the	2195
Revised Code:	2196
(A) "Active moneys" means an amount of public moneys in	2197
public depositories determined to be necessary to meet current	2198
demands upon a county treasury, and deposited in any of the	2199
following:	2200
(1) A commercial account and withdrawable, in whole or in	2201
part, on demand;	2202
(2) A negotiable order of withdrawal account as authorized	2203
in the "Consumer Checking Account Equity Act of 1980," 94 Stat.	2204
146, 12 U.S.C.A. 1832(a);	2205
(3) A money market deposit account as authorized in the	2206
"Garn-St. Germain Depository Institutions Act of 1982," 96 Stat.	2207
1501, 12 U.S.C. 3503.	2208
(B) "Inactive moneys" means all public moneys in public	2209

depositories in excess of the amount determined to be needed as	2210
active moneys.	2211
(C) "Investing authority" means the treasurer, except as	2212
provided in section 135.34 of the Revised Code.	2213
(D) "Public deposits" means public moneys deposited in a	2214
public depository pursuant to sections 135.31 to 135.40 of the	2215
Revised Code.	2216
(E) "Public moneys" means all moneys in the treasury of a	2217
county or moneys coming lawfully into the possession or custody	2218
of the treasurer.	2219
(F) "Treasurer" means the county treasurer.	2220
(G) "No-load money market mutual fund" means a no-load	2221
money market mutual fund that is registered as an investment	2222
company under the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat.	2223
789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-1 to 80a-64, and that has the highest	2224
letter or numerical rating provided by at least one nationally	2225
recognized standard statistical rating service organization.	2226
Sec. 135.35. (A) The investing authority shall deposit or	2227
invest any part or all of the county's inactive moneys and shall	2228
invest all of the money in the county public library fund when	2229
required by section 135.352 of the Revised Code. The following	2230
classifications of securities and obligations are eligible for	2231
such deposit or investment:	2232
(1) United States treasury bills, notes, bonds, or any	2233
other obligation or security issued by the United States	2234
treasury, any other obligation guaranteed as to principal or	2235
interest by the United States, or any book entry, zero-coupon	2236
United States treasury security that is a direct obligation of	2237
the United States	2238

Nothing in the classification of eligible securities and	2239
obligations set forth in divisions (A)(2) to (10) of this	2240
section shall be construed to authorize any investment in	2241
stripped principal or interest obligations of such eligible	2242
securities and obligations.	2243
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or	2244
securities issued by any federal government agency or	224

- (2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or any other obligations or 2244 securities issued by any federal government agency or 2245 instrumentality, including, but not limited to, the federal 2246 national mortgage association, federal home loan bank, federal 2247 farm credit bank, federal home loan mortgage corporation, and 2248 government national mortgage association. All federal agency 2249 securities shall be direct issuances of federal government 2250 agencies or instrumentalities.
- (3) Time certificates of deposit or savings or deposit

  accounts, including, but not limited to, passbook accounts, in

  2253
  any eligible institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the

  Revised Code;

  2255
- (4) Bonds and other obligations of this state or the 2256 political subdivisions of this state, provided the bonds or 2257 other obligations of political subdivisions mature within ten 2258 years from the date of settlement; 2259
- (5) No-load money market mutual funds rated in the highest 2260 category at the time of purchase by at least one nationally 2261 recognized standard statistical rating service organization or 2262 consisting exclusively of obligations described in division (A) 2263 (1), (2), or (6) of section 135.143 of the Revised Code and 2264 repurchase agreements secured by such obligations, provided that 2265 investments in securities described in this division are made 2266 only through eligible institutions mentioned in section 135.32 2267 of the Revised Code; 2268

(6) The Ohio subdivision's fund as provided in section	2269
135.45 of the Revised Code;	2270
(7) Securities lending agreements with any eligible	2271
institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the Revised Code that	2272
is a member of the federal reserve system or federal home loan	2273
bank or with any recognized United States government securities	2274
dealer meeting the description in division (J)(1) of this	2275
section, under the terms of which agreements the investing	2276
authority lends securities and the eligible institution or	2277
dealer agrees to simultaneously exchange similar securities or	2278
cash, equal value for equal value.	2279
Securities and cash received as collateral for a	2280
securities lending agreement are not inactive moneys of the	2281
county or moneys of a county public library fund. The investment	2282
	2283
of cash collateral received pursuant to a securities lending	
agreement may be invested only in instruments specified by the	2284
investing authority in the written investment policy described	2285
in division (K) of this section.	2286
(8) Up to forty per cent of the county's total average	2287
portfolio in either of the following investments:	2288
(a) Commercial paper notes issued by an entity that is	2289
defined in division (D) of section 1705.01 or division (E) of	2290
section 1706.01 of the Revised Code and that has assets	2291
exceeding five hundred million dollars, to which notes all of	2291
-	
the following apply:	2293
(i) The notes are rated at the time of purchase in the	2294
highest classification established by at least two nationally	2295
recognized standard statistical rating services organizations.	2296

(ii) The aggregate value of the notes does not exceed ten

per cent of the aggregate value of the outstanding commercial	2298
paper of the issuing corporation.	2299
(iii) The notes mature not later than two hundred seventy	2300
days after purchase.	2301
(iv) The investment in commercial paper notes of a single	2302
issuer shall not exceed in the aggregate five per cent of	2302
	2303
interim moneys available for investment at the time of purchase.	2304
(b) Bankers acceptances of banks that are insured by the	2305
federal deposit insurance corporation and that mature not later	2306
than one hundred eighty days after purchase.	2307
No investment shall be made pursuant to division (A)(8) of	2308
this section unless the investing authority has completed	2309
additional training for making the investments authorized by	2310
division (A)(8) of this section. The type and amount of	2311
additional training shall be approved by the treasurer of state	2312
and may be conducted by or provided under the supervision of the	2313
treasurer of state.	2314
(9) Up to fifteen per cent of the county's total average	2315
portfolio in notes issued by corporations that are incorporated	2316
under the laws of the United States and that are operating	2317
within the United States, or by depository institutions that are	2318
doing business under authority granted by the United States or	2319
any state and that are operating within the United States,	2320
provided both of the following apply:	2321
(a) The notes are rated in the three highest categories by	2322
at least two nationally recognized standard statistical rating	2323
services organizations at the time of purchase.	2324
(b) The notes mature not later than three years after	2325
purchase.	2326

(10) Debt interests rated at the time of purchase in the	2327
three highest categories by two nationally recognized standard	2328
statistical rating services organizations and issued by foreign	2329
nations diplomatically recognized by the United States	2330
government. All interest and principal shall be denominated and	2331
payable in United States funds. The investments made under	2332
division (A)(10) of this section shall not exceed in the	2333
aggregate two per cent of a county's total average portfolio.	2334
The investing authority shall invest under division (A)	2335
(10) of this section in a debt interest issued by a foreign	2336
nation only if the debt interest is backed by the full faith and	2337
credit of that foreign nation, there is no prior history of	2338
default, and the debt interest matures not later than five years	2339
after purchase. For purposes of division (A)(10) of this	2340
section, a debt interest is rated in the three highest	2341
categories by two nationally recognized standard statistical	2342
rating services organizations if either the debt interest itself	2343
or the issuer of the debt interest is rated, or is implicitly	2344
rated, at the time of purchase in the three highest categories	2345
by two nationally recognized standard statistical rating	2346
services organizations.	2347
(11) A current unpaid or delinquent tax line of credit	2348
authorized under division (G) of section 135.341 of the Revised	2349
Code, provided that all of the conditions for entering into such	2350
a line of credit under that division are satisfied, or bonds and	2351
other obligations of a county land reutilization corporation	2352
organized under Chapter 1724. of the Revised Code, if the county	2353
land reutilization corporation is located wholly or partly	2354
within the same county as the investing authority.	2355

(B) Nothing in the classifications of eligible obligations

and securities set forth in divisions (A)(1) to (10) of this	2357
section shall be construed to authorize investment in a	2358
derivative, and no investing authority shall invest any county	2359
inactive moneys or any moneys in a county public library fund in	2360
a derivative. For purposes of this division, "derivative" means	2361
a financial instrument or contract or obligation whose value or	2362
return is based upon or linked to another asset or index, or	2363
both, separate from the financial instrument, contract, or	2364
obligation itself. Any security, obligation, trust account, or	2365
other instrument that is created from an issue of the United	2366
States treasury or is created from an obligation of a federal	2367
agency or instrumentality or is created from both is considered	2368
a derivative instrument. An eligible investment described in	2369
this section with a variable interest rate payment, based upon a	2370
single interest payment or single index comprised of other	2371
eligible investments provided for in division (A)(1) or (2) of	2372
this section, is not a derivative, provided that such variable	2373
rate investment has a maximum maturity of two years. A treasury	2374
inflation-protected security shall not be considered a	2375
derivative, provided the security matures not later than five	2376
years after purchase.	2377

- (C) Except as provided in division (A) (4) or (D) of this section, any investment made pursuant to this section must mature within five years from the date of settlement, unless the investment is matched to a specific obligation or debt of the county or to a specific obligation or debt of a political subdivision of this state, and the investment is specifically approved by the investment advisory committee.
- (D) The investing authority may also enter into a written repurchase agreement with any eligible institution mentioned in section 135.32 of the Revised Code or any eligible securities

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2417

dealer pursuant to division (J) of this section, under the terms	2388
of which agreement the investing authority purchases and the	2389
eligible institution or dealer agrees unconditionally to	2390
repurchase any of the securities listed in divisions (D)(1) to	2391
(5), except letters of credit described in division (D)(2), of	2392
section 135.18 of the Revised Code. The market value of	2393
securities subject to an overnight written repurchase agreement	2394
must exceed the principal value of the overnight written	2395
repurchase agreement by at least two per cent. A written	2396
repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the	2397
overnight written repurchase agreement, by at least two per	2398
cent. A written repurchase agreement shall not exceed thirty	2399
days, and the market value of securities subject to a written	2400
repurchase agreement must exceed the principal value of the	2401
written repurchase agreement by at least two per cent and be	2402
marked to market daily. All securities purchased pursuant to	2403
this division shall be delivered into the custody of the	2404
investing authority or the qualified custodian of the investing	2405
authority or an agent designated by the investing authority. A	2406
written repurchase agreement with an eligible securities dealer	2407
shall be transacted on a delivery versus payment basis. The	2408
agreement shall contain the requirement that for each	2409
transaction pursuant to the agreement the participating	2410
institution shall provide all of the following information:	2411
(1) The par value of the securities;	2412
(2) The type, rate, and maturity date of the securities;	2413
(3) A numerical identifier generally accepted in the	2414

securities industry that designates the securities.

No investing authority shall enter into a written

repurchase agreement under the terms of which the investing

purchaser and agrees with that purchaser to unconditionally	2419
repurchase those securities.	2420
(E) No investing authority shall make an investment under	2421
this section, unless the investing authority, at the time of	2422
making the investment, reasonably expects that the investment	2423
can be held until its maturity. The investing authority's	2424
written investment policy shall specify the conditions under	2425
which an investment may be redeemed or sold prior to maturity.	2426
(F) No investing authority shall pay a county's inactive	2427
moneys or moneys of a county public library fund into a fund	2428
established by another subdivision, treasurer, governing board,	2429
or investing authority, if that fund was established by the	2430
subdivision, treasurer, governing board, or investing authority	2431
for the purpose of investing or depositing the public moneys of	2432
other subdivisions. This division does not apply to the payment	2433
of public moneys into either of the following:	2434
(1) The Ohio subdivision's fund pursuant to division (A)	2435
(6) of this section;	2436
(2) A fund created solely for the purpose of acquiring,	2437
constructing, owning, leasing, or operating municipal utilities	2438
pursuant to the authority provided under section 715.02 of the	2439
Revised Code or Section 4 of Article XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	2440
For purposes of division (F) of this section,	2441
"subdivision" includes a county.	2442
(G) The use of leverage, in which the county uses its	2443
current investment assets as collateral for the purpose of	2444
purchasing other assets, is prohibited. The issuance of taxable	2445
notes for the purpose of arbitrage is prohibited. Contracting to	2446

authority agrees to sell securities owned by the county to a

sell securities not owned by the county, for the purpose of	2447
purchasing such securities on the speculation that bond prices	2448
will decline, is prohibited.	2449

- (H) Any securities, certificates of deposit, deposit 2450 accounts, or any other documents evidencing deposits or 2451 investments made under authority of this section shall be issued 2452 in the name of the county with the county treasurer or investing 2453 authority as the designated payee. If any such deposits or 2454 investments are registrable either as to principal or interest, 2455 or both, they shall be registered in the name of the treasurer. 2456
- (I) The investing authority shall be responsible for the 2457 safekeeping of all documents evidencing a deposit or investment 2458 acquired under this section, including, but not limited to, 2459 safekeeping receipts evidencing securities deposited with a 2460 qualified trustee, as provided in section 135.37 of the Revised 2461 Code, and documents confirming the purchase of securities under 2462 any repurchase agreement under this section shall be deposited 2463 with a qualified trustee, provided, however, that the qualified 2464 trustee shall be required to report to the investing authority, 2465 auditor of state, or an authorized outside auditor at any time 2466 upon request as to the identity, market value, and location of 2467 2468 the document evidencing each security, and that if the participating institution is a designated depository of the 2469 county for the current period of designation, the securities 2470 that are the subject of the repurchase agreement may be 2471 delivered to the treasurer or held in trust by the participating 2472 institution on behalf of the investing authority. 2473

Upon the expiration of the term of office of an investing 2474 authority or in the event of a vacancy in the office for any 2475 reason, the officer or the officer's legal representative shall 2476

transfer and deliver to the officer's successor all documents	2477
mentioned in this division for which the officer has been	2478
responsible for safekeeping. For all such documents transferred	2479
and delivered, the officer shall be credited with, and the	2480
officer's successor shall be charged with, the amount of moneys	2481
evidenced by such documents.	2482

- (J) (1) All investments, except for investments in 2483 securities described in divisions (A)(5), (6), and (11) of this 2484 section, shall be made only through a member of the financial 2485 industry regulatory authority (FINRA), through a bank, savings 2486 2487 bank, or savings and loan association regulated by the superintendent of financial institutions, or through an 2488 institution regulated by the comptroller of the currency, 2489 federal deposit insurance corporation, or board of governors of 2490 the federal reserve system. 2491
- (2) Payment for investments shall be made only upon the 2492 delivery of securities representing such investments to the 2493 treasurer, investing authority, or qualified trustee. If the 2494 securities transferred are not represented by a certificate, 2495 payment shall be made only upon receipt of confirmation of 2496 transfer from the custodian by the treasurer, governing board, 2497 or qualified trustee.
- (K)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (K)(2) of 2499 this section, no investing authority shall make an investment or 2500 deposit under this section, unless there is on file with the 2501 auditor of state a written investment policy approved by the 2502 investing authority. The policy shall require that all entities 2503 conducting investment business with the investing authority 2504 shall sign the investment policy of that investing authority. 2505 All brokers, dealers, and financial institutions, described in 2506

division (J)(1) of this section, initiating transactions with	2507
the investing authority by giving advice or making investment	2508
recommendations shall sign the investing authority's investment	2509
policy thereby acknowledging their agreement to abide by the	2510
policy's contents. All brokers, dealers, and financial	2511
institutions, described in division (J)(1) of this section,	2512
executing transactions initiated by the investing authority,	2513
having read the policy's contents, shall sign the investment	2514
policy thereby acknowledging their comprehension and receipt.	2515
(2) If a written investment policy described in division	2516
(K) (1) of this section is not filed on behalf of the county with	2517
the auditor of state, the investing authority of that county	2518
shall invest the county's inactive moneys and moneys of the	2519
county public library fund only in time certificates of deposits	2520
or savings or deposit accounts pursuant to division (A)(3) of	2521
this section, no-load money market mutual funds pursuant to	2522
division (A)(5) of this section, or the Ohio subdivision's fund	2523
pursuant to division (A)(6) of this section.	2524
(L)(1) The investing authority shall establish and	2525
maintain an inventory of all obligations and securities acquired	2526
by the investing authority pursuant to this section. The	2527
inventory shall include a description of each obligation or	2528
security, including type, cost, par value, maturity date,	2529
settlement date, and any coupon rate.	2530
(2) The investing authority shall also keep a complete	2531
record of all purchases and sales of the obligations and	2532
securities made pursuant to this section.	2533
(3) The investing authority shall maintain a monthly	2534
portfolio report and issue a copy of the monthly portfolio	2535

report describing such investments to the county investment

advisory committee, detailing the current inventory of all	2537
obligations and securities, all transactions during the month	2538
that affected the inventory, any income received from the	2539
obligations and securities, and any investment expenses paid,	2540
and stating the names of any persons effecting transactions on	2541
behalf of the investing authority.	2542
(4) The monthly portfolio report shall be a public record	2543
and available for inspection under section 149.43 of the Revised	2544
Code.	2545
(5) The inventory and the monthly portfolio report shall	2546
be filed with the board of county commissioners. The monthly	2547
portfolio report also shall be filed with the treasurer of	2548
state.	2549
(M) An investing authority may enter into a written	2550
investment or deposit agreement that includes a provision under	2551
which the parties agree to submit to nonbinding arbitration to	2552
settle any controversy that may arise out of the agreement,	2553
including any controversy pertaining to losses of public moneys	2554
resulting from investment or deposit. The arbitration provision	2555
shall be set forth entirely in the agreement, and the agreement	2556
shall include a conspicuous notice to the parties that any party	2557
to the arbitration may apply to the court of common pleas of the	2558
county in which the arbitration was held for an order to vacate,	2559
modify, or correct the award. Any such party may also apply to	2560
the court for an order to change venue to a court of common	2561
pleas located more than one hundred miles from the county in	2562
which the investing authority is located.	2563
For purposes of this division, "investment or deposit	2564
agreement" means any agreement between an investing authority	2565

and a person, under which agreement the person agrees to invest,

deposit, or otherwise manage, on behalf of the investing	2567
authority, a county's inactive moneys or moneys in a county	2568
public library fund, or agrees to provide investment advice to	2569
the investing authority.	2570
(N)(1) An investment held in the county portfolio on	2571
September 27, 1996, that was a legal investment under the law as	2572
it existed before September 27, 1996, may be held until	2573
maturity.	2574
(2) An investment held in the county portfolio on	2575
September 10, 2012, that was a legal investment under the law as	2576
it existed before September 10, 2012, may be held until	2577
maturity.	2578
Sec. 125 45 (A) Subject to division (B) of this costion	2579
Sec. 135.45. (A) Subject to division (B) of this section,	
a treasurer, governing board, or investing authority of a	2580
subdivision may pay public moneys of the subdivision into the	2581
Ohio subdivision's fund, which may be established in the custody	2582
of the treasurer of state. The treasurer of state shall invest	2583
the moneys in the fund in separately managed accounts and pooled	2584
accounts, including the state treasurer's investment pool, in	2585
the same manner, in the same types of instruments, and subject	2586
to the same limitations provided for the deposit and investment	2587
of interim moneys of the state, except that the fund shall not	2588
be invested in the linked deposits authorized under sections	2589
135.61 to <del>135.67</del> <u>135.66</u> of the Revised Code.	2590
(B)(1) On and after July 1, 1997, a treasurer, governing	2591
board, or investing authority of a subdivision that has not	2592
entered into an agreement with the treasurer of state under	2593
division (C) of this section shall not invest public moneys of	2594
the subdivision in a pooled account of the Ohio subdivision's	2595

fund under division (B)(6) of section 135.14 of the Revised Code

or division (A)(6) of section 135.35 of the Revised Code if the	2597
pool does not maintain the highest letter or numerical rating	2598
provided by at least one nationally recognized standard-	2599
statistical rating service organization.	2600

- (2) Upon receipt of notice that the pool does not maintain 2601 the highest letter or numerical rating required under division 2602 (B)(1) of this section, the treasurer of state shall have ninety 2603 days to obtain the required highest letter or numerical rating. 2604 If the treasurer of state fails to obtain the required highest 2605 letter or numerical rating, the treasurer of state shall have an 2606 additional one hundred eighty days to develop a plan to dissolve 2607 the pool. The plan shall include reasonable standards for the 2608 equitable return of public moneys in the pool to those 2609 subdivisions participating in the pool. 2610
- (3) Treasurers, governing boards, or investing authorities 2611 of subdivisions participating in the pool shall not be required 2612 to divest in the pool during the initial one hundred eighty days 2613 following the treasurer of state's receipt of notice under 2614 division (B)(2) of this section.
- (C) A treasurer, governing board, or investing authority 2616 of a subdivision that wishes to invest public moneys of the 2617 subdivision in a separately managed account or pooled account of 2618 the Ohio subdivision's fund may enter into an agreement with the 2619 treasurer of state that sets forth the manner in which the money 2620 is to be invested. The treasurer of state shall invest the 2621 moneys in accordance with the agreement, subject to the 2622 limitations set forth in division (A) of this section. For 2623 purposes of this division, the limitation on investments in debt 2624 interests provided in division (A)(11)(a) of section 135.143 of 2625 the Revised Code shall not apply to a subdivision's excess 2626

reserves. 2627

- (D) The treasurer of state shall adopt such rules as are 2628 necessary for the implementation of this section, including the 2629 efficient administration of and accounting for the separately 2630 managed accounts and pooled accounts, including the state 2631 treasurer's investment pool, and the specification of minimum 2632 amounts that may be paid into such pools and minimum periods of 2633 time for which such payments shall be retained in the pools. The 2634 rules shall provide for the administrative expenses of the 2635 2636 separately managed accounts and pooled accounts, including the state treasurer's investment pool, to be paid from the earnings 2637 and for the interest earnings in excess of such expenses to be 2638 credited to the several treasurers, governing boards, and 2639 investing authorities participating in a pool in a manner which 2640 equitably reflects the differing amounts of their respective 2641 investments in the pool and the differing periods of time for 2642 which such amounts are in the pool. 2643
- (E) The treasurer of state shall give bond with sufficient 2644 sureties, payable to the treasurers, governing boards, and 2645 investing authorities of subdivisions participating in the fund, 2646 for the benefit of the subdivisions whose moneys are paid into 2647 the fund for investment, in the total penal sum of two hundred 2648 fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the faithful discharge 2649 of the treasurer of state's duties in relation to the fund. 2650
- (F) The treasurer of state and the treasurer of state's 2651 bonders or surety are liable for the loss of any interim moneys 2652 of the state and subdivisions invested under this section to the 2653 same extent the treasurer of state and the treasurer of state's 2654 bonders or surety are liable for the loss of public moneys under 2655 section 135.19 of the Revised Code. 2656

(G) As used in this section:	2657
(1) "Interim moneys" and "governing board" have the same	2658
meanings as in section 135.01 of the Revised Code.	2659
(2)(a) "Subdivision" has the same meaning as in section	2660
135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes a county, a	2661
municipal corporation that has adopted a charter under Article	2662
XVIII, Ohio Constitution, or any government entity for which the	2663
fund is a permissible investment.	2664
(b) "Public moneys of a subdivision" has the same meaning	2665
as in section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes	2666
"public moneys" as defined in section 135.31 of the Revised	2667
Code, and funds held in the custody of the treasurer of state	2668
notwithstanding any limitations on the permissible investments	2669
of such funds.	2670
(3) "Treasurer" has the same meaning as in sections 135.01	2671
and 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2672
(4) "Investing authority" has the same meaning as in	2673
section 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2674
(5) "Excess reserves" means the amount of a subdivision's	2675
public moneys that exceed the average of a subdivision's annual	2676
operating expenses in the immediately preceding three fiscal	2677
years.	2678
Sec. 135.46. (A) The treasurer of state may create a	2679
taxable investment pool or a tax-exempt investment pool, or	2680
both, for the purpose of providing a procedure for the temporary	2681
investment of bond proceeds. The pool shall be in the custody of	2682
the treasurer of state.	2683
(B) A treasurer, governing board, or investing authority	2684

of a subdivision, or any agency of the state that has debt-	2685
issuing authority may pay bond proceeds into either or both of	2686
the pools authorized under division (A) of this section.	2687
(C) The treasurer of state shall invest the funds of the	2688
taxable investment pool authorized under division (A) of this	2689
section in the same manner, in the same types of instruments,	2690
and subject to the same limitations provided for the deposit and	2691
investment of interim moneys of the state and subdivisions under	2692
sections 135.14 and $\frac{135.141}{135.143}$ of the Revised Code. The	2693
treasurer also may invest in any other taxable obligations	2694
issued by any political subdivision of the state.	2695
(D) The treasurer of state shall invest the funds of the	2696
tax-exempt investment pool in debt obligations and participation	2697
interests in such obligations, if all of the following apply:	2698
(1) The obligations are issued by or on behalf of any	2699
state of the United States, or any political subdivision,	2700
agency, or instrumentality of any such state;	2701
(2) The interest on such obligations is exempt from	2702
<pre>federal income taxation;</pre>	2703
(3) The obligations are rated in either of the two highest	2704
classifications established by at least one nationally	2705
recognized standard statistical rating service organization.	2706
(E)(1) The treasurer of state shall, pursuant to Chapter	2707
119. of the Revised Code, adopt such rules as are necessary to	2708
carry out the purposes of this section and for the efficient	2709
administration and accounting of a pool established pursuant to	2710
division (A) of this section.	2711
(2) The rules shall provide for the administrative	2712
expenses of such pool to be paid from its earnings and for the	2713

interest earnings in excess of such expenses to be credited to	2714
the several treasurers, governing boards, investing authorities,	2715
and agencies of the state participating in the pool in a manner	2716
that equitably reflects the differing amounts of their	2717
respective investments in the pool and the differing periods of	2718
time for which such amounts are in the pool.	2719
(3) The rules shall establish standards governing pools	2720
authorized under division (A) of this section, taking into	2721
consideration all federal rebate and yield restrictions and the	2722
objective of maintaining a high degree of safety and liquidity.	2723
(F) Upon creating a pool authorized under division (A) of	2724
this section, the treasurer of state shall give bond with	2725
sufficient sureties, payable to the treasurers, governing	2726
boards, and investing authorities of subdivisions and agencies	2727
of the state participating in the pool, for the benefit of the	2728
participating subdivisions and agencies, in the total penal sum	2729
of two hundred fifty thousand dollars, conditioned for the	2730
faithful discharge of <a href="https://historycommons.org/">https://historycommons.org/<a href="https://historycommons.org/">https://historycommons.org/</a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a></a>	

(H) As used in this section:

(1) "Governing board" has the same meaning as in section 2741 135.01 of the Revised Code. 2742

(2) "Interim moneys" has the same meaning as in section	2743
135.01 of the Revised Code.	2744
(3) "Investing authority" has the same meaning as in	2745
section 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2746
(4) "Public moneys of a subdivision" has the same meaning	2747
as in section 135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes	2748
"public moneys" as defined in section 135.31 of the Revised	2749
Code, and funds held in the custody of the treasurer of state	2750
notwithstanding any limitations on the permissible investments	2751
of such funds.	2752
(5) "Subdivision" has the same meaning as in section	2753
135.01 of the Revised Code, but also includes a county, or a	2754
municipal corporation that has adopted a charter under Article	2755
XVIII, Ohio Constitution.	2756
(6) "Treasurer" has the same meaning as in sections 135.01	2757
and 135.31 of the Revised Code.	2758
Sec. 135.47. (A) There is hereby created the securities	2759
nlending lending program.	2760
(B) There is hereby created in the state treasury the	2761
securities lending program fund. Income from the interest	2762
earnings of the securities lending program in an amount	2763
calculated pursuant to division (D) of this section shall be	2764
credited to the fund. All other such income shall be credited to	2765
the general revenue fund.	2766
(C) The treasurer of state may use the securities lending	2767
program fund solely for operations of the office of the	2768
treasurer of state or may transfer unexpended amounts in the	2769
fund to the treasurer's information technology reserve fund	2770
created under section 113.22 of the Revised Code.	2771

(D) The amount of income from the interest earnings of the	2772
securities lending program that shall be paid into the	2773
securities lending program fund shall not exceed an amount based	2774
on an annual rate of one-quarter of one per cent of the total	2775
average daily par value of assets in the securities lending	2776
program, as determined and calculated by the treasurer of state.	2777
Such income shall be paid on a monthly basis.	2778
Sec. 135.61. (A) The treasurer of state may invest in	2779
linked deposits under Chapter 135. of the Revised Code, provided	2780
that at the time of placement of any such linked deposits the	2781
combined amount of investments of public money of the state in	2782
linked deposits of any kind is not more than twelve per cent of	2783
the state's total average investment portfolio as determined by	2784
the treasurer of state. When deciding whether to invest in any	2785
linked deposits, the treasurer of state shall give priority to	2786
the investment, liquidity, and cash flow needs of the state.	2787
(B) The treasurer of state may, in accordance with section	2788
111.15 of the Revised Code, adopt rules necessary for the	2789
implementation and administration of linked deposits under this	2790
chapter, including, but not limited to, the manner in which an	2791
eligible lending institution is designated, and the linked	2792
deposits are placed, held, designated, and collateralized.	2793
(C) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to	2794
the contrary, the treasurer of state may require an eligible	2795
credit union that holds linked deposits under this chapter to	2796
pay interest at a rate not lower than the product of the	2797
prevailing interest rate multiplied by the sum of one plus the	2798
treasurer of state's assessment rate. The treasurer of state	2799
may, in accordance with section 119.03 of the Revised Code,	2800
adopt rules necessary for the implementation of division (C) of	2801

this section.	2802
Sec. 135.62. As used in sections 135.61 to 135.66 of the	2803
Revised Code:	2804
(A) "Discount interest rate" means an interest rate below_	2805
the prevailing interest rate that the treasurer of state	2806
determines eligible lending institutions are willing to pay to	2807
hold linked deposits.	2808
(B) "Eligible borrower" means a borrower who has met all	2809
the requirements necessary to participate in the adoption linked	2810
deposit program under section 135.63 of the Revised Code,	2811
agricultural linked deposit program under section 135.64 of the	2812
Revised Code, small business linked deposit program under	2813
section 135.65 of the Revised Code, or home improvement linked	2814
deposit program under section 135.66 of the Revised Code.	2815
(C) "Eligible credit union" means, notwithstanding any	2816
provision of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of the Revised Code to	2817
the contrary, a federal credit union, a foreign credit union	2818
licensed pursuant to section 1733.39 of the Revised Code, or a	2819
<pre>credit union as defined in section 1733.01 of the Revised Code,</pre>	2820
<pre>located in this state.</pre>	2821
(D) "Eligible lending institution" means a financial	2822
institution that is eligible to make loans, agrees to	2823
participate in the applicable linked deposit program, and is one	2824
of the following:	2825
(1) A public depository of state funds, or an eligible	2826
credit union designated under division (A) of section 135.12 of	2827
the Revised Code;	2828
(2) The Ohio housing finance agency, in accordance with	2829
division (A)(3)(a) of section 135 143 of the Revised Code:	2830

(3) For the agricultural linked deposit program,	2831
notwithstanding any provision of sections 135.01 to 135.21 of	2832
the Revised Code to the contrary, an institution of the farm	2833
credit system organized under the federal "Farm Credit Act of	2834
1971," 85 Stat. 583, 12 U.S.C. 2001, as amended.	2835
(E) "Homestead" means a dwelling owned and occupied in	2836
this state as a single-family primary residence by an individual	2837
for the purpose of qualifying for the home improvement linked	2838
deposit program. "Homestead" includes a house, condo, unit in a	2839
multiple-unit dwelling, manufactured home or mobile home taxed	2840
as real property pursuant to division (B) of section 4503.06 of	2841
the Revised Code, or any other building with a residential	2842
classification, as allowed by the treasurer of state.	2843
"Homestead" includes so much of the land surrounding the	2844
dwelling as is reasonably necessary for the use of the dwelling	2845
as a residence, as determined by the treasurer of state.	2846
(F) "Linked deposit" means a certificate of deposit, share	2847
certificate, other financial institution instrument, or portion	2848
of an existing deposit of interim funds made in accordance with	2849
section 135.09 of the Revised Code placed, purchased, or	2850
designated by the treasurer of state with an eligible lending	2851
institution; provided the institution agrees to lend up to the	2852
value of such certificate of deposit, share certificate, other	2853
financial institution instrument, or designated portion of an	2854
existing deposit to eligible borrowers for applicable linked	2855
deposit programs at the rate established in division (A) of	2856
section 135.624 of the Revised Code, and in accordance with the	2857
deposit agreement provided in section 135.623 of the Revised	2858
Code.	2859
(G) "Linked deposit program" means a program authorized	2860

under sections 135.61 to 135.66 of the Revised Code and	2861
established by the treasurer of state pursuant to such sections.	2862
(H) "Loan" means a contractual agreement under which an	2863
eligible lending institution agrees to lend money to an eligible	2864
borrower in the form of an upfront lump sum, a line of credit,	2865
or any other reasonable arrangement approved by the treasurer of	2866
state.	2867
(I) "Manufactured home" has the same meaning as in section	2868
3781.06 of the Revised Code.	2869
(J) "Mobile home" has the same meaning as in section	2870
4501.01 of the Revised Code.	2871
(K) "Other financial institution instrument" means:	2872
(1) For the agricultural linked deposit program under	2873
section 135.64 of the Revised Code, an investment by the	2874
treasurer of state in bonds, notes, debentures, or other	2875
obligations or securities issued by the federal farm credit bank	2876
with regard to an eligible lending institution;	2877
(2) For all linked deposit programs other than the	2878
agricultural linked deposit program, a product that otherwise	2879
would pay the prevailing interest rate approved by the treasurer	2880
of state, for the purpose of providing eligible borrowers with	2881
the benefits of the applicable linked deposit program, and in	2882
accordance with the deposit agreement provided in section	2883
135.623 of the Revised Code.	2884
(L) "Owner" includes a holder of one of the several	2885
estates in fee, a vendee in possession under a purchase	2886
agreement or a land contract, a mortgagor, a life tenant, one or	2887
more tenants with a right of survivorship, tenants in common, a	2888
settlor of a revocable or irrevocable inter vivos trust holding	2889

the title to a homestead occupied by the settlor as of right	2890
under the trust, or any other determination as made by the	2891
treasurer of state.	2892
(M) "Prevailing interest rate" means a current market	2893
interest rate selected by the treasurer of state that eligible	2894
lending institutions are willing to pay to hold deposits of the	2895
treasurer of state.	2896
(N) "Qualifying adoption expense" means any expense	2897
incurred to legally adopt a child as described in division (C)	2898
of section 3107.055 of the Revised Code, including any costs	2899
incurred by the eligible borrower proximately relating to the	2900
completion and approval of the home study under section 3107.031	2901
of the Revised Code, and any other expense as determined by the	2902
treasurer of state.	2903
(0) "Treasurer of state's assessment rate" means a number	2904
not exceeding ten per cent that is calculated in a manner	2905
determined by the treasurer of state and that seeks to account	2906
for the effect that varying tax treatment among different types	2907
of financial institutions has on the ability of financial	2908
institutions to pay competitive interest rates to hold deposits.	2909
Sec. 135.621. (A) An eligible lending institution that	2910
desires to receive a linked deposit shall accept and review	2911
applications for loans from eligible borrowers for linked	2912
deposit programs in which the eligible lending institution	2913
participates. The eligible lending institution shall apply all	2914
usual lending standards to determine the credit worthiness of	2915
each eligible borrower. No loan shall exceed the amount	2916
determined by the treasurer of state.	2917
(B) An eligible borrower shall certify on its loan	2918

application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	2919
for the purposes of the applicable linked deposit program, as	2920
described in section 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, or 135.66 of the	2921
Revised Code. Whoever knowingly makes a false statement	2922
concerning such application is guilty of the offense of	2923
falsification under section 2921.13 of the Revised Code.	2924
(C) The eligible lending institution shall forward to the	2925
treasurer of state a linked deposit loan package, in the form	2926
and manner prescribed by the treasurer of state. The package	2927
shall include such information as required by the treasurer of	2928
state, including the amount of each loan requested by each	2929
eligible borrower and all other information as described in	2930
section 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, or 135.66 of the Revised Code	2931
for the applicable linked deposit program. The institution shall	2932
certify both of the following:	2933
(1) That each applicant is an eligible borrower and, for	2934
each such eligible borrower, the present borrowing rate;	2935
(2) That the eligible lending institution applied all of	2936
its usual lending standards to determine the credit worthiness	2937
of each eligible borrower.	2938
(D) No fee shall be charged to any party for the	2939
preparation, processing, reporting, or monitoring of any	2940
application to an eligible lending institution or the treasurer	2941
of state for participation in a linked deposit program.	2942
Sec. 135.622. (A) The treasurer of state may accept or	2943
reject a linked deposit loan package, or any portion of it,	2944
based on the treasurer of state's evaluation of the eligible	2945
borrowers included in the package, the amount of individual	2946
loans in the package, and the amount of state funds to be	2947

deposited with an eligible lending institution.	2948
(B) Upon acceptance of the linked deposit loan package or	2949
any portion of it, the treasurer of state may place, purchase,	2950
or designate a linked deposit with the eligible lending	2951
institution at the discount interest rate, and in accordance	2952
with the deposit agreement required under section 135.623 of the	2953
Revised Code and the procedures established by the treasurer of	2954
state.	2955
(C) Eligible lending institutions shall comply fully with	2956
Chapter 135. of the Revised Code.	2957
Sec. 135.623. (A) An eligible lending institution shall	2958
enter into a deposit agreement with the treasurer of state,	2959
which shall include requirements necessary to carry out the	2960
purposes of sections 135.62 to 135.66 of the Revised Code.	2961
(B) The deposit agreement shall specify the maturity	2962
period of the linked deposit considered appropriate by the	2963
treasurer of state, which shall not exceed five years, as well	2964
as any other information, terms, or conditions the treasurer of	2965
state may require. Interest shall be paid by the eligible	2966
lending institution at times determined by the treasurer of	2967
state.	2968
Sec. 135.624. (A) Upon the treasurer of state placing,	2969
purchasing, or designating a linked deposit, the eligible	2970
lending institution shall lend the corresponding funds to each	2971
approved eligible borrower listed in the accepted linked deposit	2972
loan package, and in accordance with the deposit agreement	2973
required by section 135.623 of the Revised Code. Unless	2974
otherwise specified in the deposit agreement, the interest rates	2975
on the loans to such eligible borrowers shall be at a rate equal	2976

to or greater than the present borrowing rate applicable to each	2977
specific eligible borrower in the accepted linked deposit loan	2978
package minus the difference between the prevailing interest	2979
rate and the discount interest rate at which the linked deposits	2980
were placed, made, or designated.	2981
(B) The eligible lending institution shall provide to the	2982
treasurer of state a certificate of compliance with division (A)	2983
of this section, in the form and manner prescribed by the	2984
treasurer of state.	2985
(C) Upon the conclusion of the maturity period, the	2986
treasurer of state may allow for the renewal of an application	2987
for a linked deposit program with the same terms for one or more	2988
additional maturity periods if certain requirements are met, as	2989
determined by the treasurer of state. In the event the treasurer	2990
of state does not allow for renewal, the requirements are not	2991
met, or the eligible borrower is not eligible for a renewal, an	2992
eligible borrower may submit a new application to participate in	2993
a linked deposit program.	2994
(D) At the time of maturity or upon the repayment of a	2995
loan in its entirety, whichever is earlier, the eligible	2996
financial institution shall return the amount of the	2997
corresponding linked deposit to the treasurer of state in a	2998
timely manner, as prescribed by the treasurer of state.	2999
(E) The treasurer of state shall take any and all steps	3000
necessary to implement and administer the linked deposit	3001
programs, including the development of guidelines as necessary.	3002
Sec. 135.625. (A) The state and the treasurer of state are	3003
not liable to any eligible lending institution or any eligible	3004
borrower in any manner for payment of the principal or interest	3005

on a loan to an eligible borrower. Any delay in payments,	3006
default on the part of an eligible borrower, or misuse or	3007
misconduct on the part of an eligible lending institution or	3008
eligible borrower does not in any manner affect the deposit	3009
agreement required by section 135.623 of the Revised Code	3010
between the eligible lending institution and the treasurer of	3011
state.	3012
(B) If an eligible lending institution changes the terms	3013
of a loan to an eligible borrower because of a delay in payments	3014
or default, the amount of the linked deposit associated with the	3015
loan plus applicable interest and without early withdrawal	3016
penalties shall be returned to the treasurer of state by the	3017
eligible lending institution in a timely manner as prescribed by	3018
the treasurer of state.	3019
Sec. 135.63. (A) The general assembly finds that	3020
strengthening families across Ohio is critical toward ensuring	3021
the long-term prosperity of the state. However, the upfront	3022
financial costs associated with adoption often deter families	3023
from pursuing the adoption process. Accordingly, it is declared	3024
to be the public policy of the state through the adoption linked	3025
deposit program to create the availability of reduced rate loans	3026
to reduce the financial burden of adoption and to strengthen	3027
families in this state.	3028
(B) An eligible borrower for the adoption linked deposit	3029
program is an individual who is a resident of this state and to	3030
whom either of the following applies:	3031
(1) The individual completes a home study pursuant to	3032
section 3107.031 of the Revised Code and is approved to adopt.	3033
(2) The individual is pursuing an adoption through the	3034

<pre>public foster care system and meets the requirements set by the</pre>	3035
department of job and family services.	3036
(C) An eligible lending institution for the adoption	3037
linked deposit program must be able to make secured or unsecured	3038
personal loans.	3039
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on the borrower's	3040
loan application that the reduced rate loan will be used	3041
exclusively to pay for qualifying adoption expenses.	3042
Sec. 135.64. (A) The general assembly finds that Ohio's	3043
agricultural industry has long served as a critical component of	3044
the state's overall economy. However, an inadequate supply of	3045
affordable financing options that meet the needs of Ohio's	3046
agricultural community and other various economic pressures pose	3047
an ongoing challenge for farmers, agribusiness, and agricultural	3048
cooperatives as they work to grow or maintain sufficient	3049
operations throughout the year. Accordingly, it is declared to	3050
be the public policy of the state through the agricultural	3051
linked deposit program to create the availability of reduced	3052
rate loans to inject needed capital into the agricultural	3053
community, sustain or improve agricultural economic growth and	3054
profitability, and protect a core driver of the state's economy.	3055
(B) An eligible borrower for the agricultural linked	3056
deposit program is any person engaged in agriculture that has	3057
all the following characteristics:	3058
(1) Is headquartered or domiciled in this state;	3059
(2) Maintains land or facilities for agricultural purposes	3060
in this state provided that the land or facilities within this	3061
state comprise not less than fifty-one per cent of the total of	3062
all lands or facilities maintained by the person;	3063

(3) Is either organized for profit or as an agricultural	3064
cooperative as defined in section 1729.01 of the Revised Code.	3065
(C) An eligible lending institution for the agricultural	3066
linked deposit program must be able to make commercial loans.	3067
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on its loan	3068
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	3069
for agricultural purposes on land or in facilities owned or	3070
operated by the eligible borrower in this state and that the	3071
loan will materially contribute to the preservation or growth of	3072
the business.	3073
Sec. 135.65. (A) The general assembly finds that small	3074
businesses make significant contributions to the state's	3075
economic well-being. However, various economic challenges, such	3076
as tightened capital availability, inflationary pressures, or	3077
rising interest rates, can cause disproportionate harm to small	3078
businesses and discourage aspiring job creators from taking root	3079
in Ohio. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public policy of	3080
the state through the small business linked deposit program to	3081
create the availability of reduced rate loans to inject needed	3082
capital into the business community, sustain or improve small	3083
business growth profitability, protect the jobs of residents,	3084
and foster economic growth and development within Ohio's small	3085
businesses.	3086
(B) An eligible borrower for the small business linked	3087
deposit program is any person, including a person engaged in	3088
agriculture, that has all the following characteristics:	3089
(1) Is headquartered or domiciled in this state;	3090
(2) Maintains offices or operating facilities in this	3091
state, provided that the offices or operating facilities within	3092

the state comprise not less than fifty-one per cent of the total	3093
of all offices and operating facilities maintained by the	3094
business;	3095
(3) Employs fewer than one hundred fifty employees, not	3096
less than fifty-one per cent of whom are residents of this	3097
state;	3098
(4) Is organized for profit.	3099
(C) An eligible lending institution for the small business	3100
linked deposit program must be able to make commercial loans.	3101
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on its loan	3102
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	3103
in this state to create new jobs, preserve existing jobs and	3104
employment opportunities, or materially contribute to the	3105
preservation or growth of the business.	3106
Sec. 135.66. (A) The general assembly finds that making	3107
homeownership and maintenance costs more affordable is an	3108
important part of fostering a robust and lasting population	3109
across the state. However, homeowners often struggle to find	3110
adequate and affordable financing options to pursue home	3111
improvement, home restoration, or similar types of projects and	3112
upgrades aimed at maintaining or increasing the livability and	3113
value of a home. Accordingly, it is declared to be the public	3114
policy of the state through the home improvement linked deposit	3115
program to create the availability of reduced rate loans to	3116
improve, maintain, or restore an existing homestead.	3117
(B) An eligible borrower for the home improvement linked	3118
deposit program is any individual who is a resident of this	3119
state and to whom both of the following apply:	3120
(1) The individual is the owner of an existing homestead	3121

located in this state.	3122
(2) The loan will be used to improve or maintain that	3123
<pre>existing homestead.</pre>	3124
(C) An eligible lending institution for the home	3125
improvement linked deposit program must be able to make	3126
residential or secured or unsecured personal loans.	3127
(D) An eligible borrower shall certify on the loan	3128
application that the reduced rate loan will be used exclusively	3129
to improve, maintain, or restore the eligible borrower's	3130
existing homestead, in accordance with the program goals	3131
outlined in division (A) of this section.	3132
(E) An eligible borrower shall include in the loan	3133
application official estimates or receipts for the total amount	3134
of the loan.	3135
Sec. 169.053. (A) As used in this section, "state of Ohio	3136
coupon bond" means property, tangible or intangible, in the form	3137
of a coupon bond and its related interest coupons issued by this	3138
state prior to 1985 and to which all of the following apply:	3139
(1) It has matured, been called and defeased, or otherwise	3140
become due and payable.	3141
(2) Either the treasurer of state or the trustee bank is	3142
the paying agent.	3143
(3) The owner has neither registered the bond or interest	3144
coupon nor claimed the bond's principal or interest.	3145
(B) Notwithstanding any provision of the Revised Code to	3146
the contrary, state of Ohio coupon bonds held by any person,	3147
business, or state or other government, political subdivision,	3148
agency, or instrumentality, and all proceeds thereof, shall be	3149

presumed abandoned in this state and constitute unclaimed funds	3150
under this chapter if both of the following apply:	3151
(1) The owner of the state of Ohio coupon bond or interest	3152
coupon is unknown to the treasurer of state.	3153
(2) The state of Ohio coupon bond's principal or interest	3154
has remained unclaimed and unredeemed for three years after	3155
final maturity, call date, interest payment date, or other	3156
payment date.	3157
(C) State of Ohio coupon bonds that are presumed abandoned	3158
and constitute unclaimed funds under division (B) of this	3159
section, including bonds in the possession of the director of	3160
commerce, shall escheat to the state three years after becoming	3161
abandoned and unclaimed property. All property rights and legal	3162
title to and ownership of such bonds or interest coupons or	3163
proceeds from such bonds or interest coupons, including all	3164
rights, powers, and privileges of survivorship of any owner, co-	3165
owner, or beneficiary, shall vest solely in this state as	3166
provided in divisions (D) to (H) of this section.	3167
(D) If, within one hundred eighty days after the three-	3168
year period prescribed under division (C) of this section, no	3169
claim has been filed under this chapter for the bond, the	3170
director shall commence a civil action in a court of competent	3171
jurisdiction for a determination that the bond escheats to the	3172
state. The director may postpone the commencement of an action	3173
until a sufficient number of bonds have accumulated in the	3174
director's custody to justify the expense of the proceedings.	3175
(E) Service by publication shall be made in accordance	3176
with Rule 4.4 of the Rules of Civil Procedure.	3177
(F) If no person files a claim or appears at the hearing	3178

to substantiate a claim or if the court determines that a	3179
claimant is not entitled to the property claimed, and if the	3180
court is satisfied by the evidence that the director has	3181
substantially complied with the laws of this state, the court	3182
shall enter a judgment that the bonds have escheated to the	3183
state and all property rights and legal title to and ownership	3184
of the bonds or the proceeds from the bonds, including all	3185
rights, powers, and privileges of survivorship of any owner, co-	3186
owner, or beneficiary, have vested solely in the state.	3187
(G) The director shall redeem the state of Ohio coupon	3188
bonds escheated to the state by judgment of the court. When the	3189
proceeds that have escheated have been recovered by the	3190
director, the director shall pay all costs incident to the	3191
collection and recovery of the proceeds from the redemption of	3192
the bonds and disburse the remaining balance of the proceeds in	3193
the manner provided under section 169.05 of the Revised Code for	3194
all other unclaimed funds.	3195
(H) Notwithstanding section 169.08 of the Revised Code,	3196
any person claiming a state of Ohio coupon bond that has	3197
escheated to the state under this section, or for the proceeds	3198
from the bond, may file a claim with the director. Upon	3199
providing sufficient proof of the validity of the person's	3200
claim, the director may, in the director's discretion, pay the	3201
claim less any expenses and costs incurred by the state in	3202
securing full title and ownership of the property by escheat. If	3203
payment has been made to a claimant, no action thereafter may be	3204
maintained by any other claimant against the state or any	3205
officer of the state, for or on account of the payment of the	3206
claim.	3207

Sec. 718.01. Any term used in this chapter that is not

otherwise defined in this chapter has the same meaning as when	3209
used in a comparable context in laws of the United States	3210
relating to federal income taxation or in Title LVII of the	3211
Revised Code, unless a different meaning is clearly required.	3212
Except as provided in section 718.81 of the Revised Code, if a	3213
term used in this chapter that is not otherwise defined in this	3214
chapter is used in a comparable context in both the laws of the	3215
United States relating to federal income tax and in Title LVII	3216
of the Revised Code and the use is not consistent, then the use	3217
of the term in the laws of the United States relating to federal	3218
income tax shall control over the use of the term in Title LVII	3219
of the Revised Code.	3220
Except as otherwise provided in section 718.81 of the	3221
Revised Code, as used in this chapter:	3222
(A)(1) "Municipal taxable income" means the following:	3223
(a) For a person other than an individual, income	3224
apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under	3225
section 718.02 of the Revised Code, as applicable, reduced by	3226
any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the	3227
person for the municipal corporation.	3228
(b)(i) For an individual who is a resident of a municipal	3229
corporation other than a qualified municipal corporation, income	3230
reduced by exempt income to the extent otherwise included in	3231
income, then reduced as provided in division (A)(2) of this	3232
section, and further reduced by any pre-2017 net operating loss	3233
carryforward available to the individual for the municipal	3234
corporation.	3235
(ii) For an individual who is a resident of a qualified	3236

municipal corporation, Ohio adjusted gross income reduced by

income exempted, and increased by deductions excluded, by the	3238
qualified municipal corporation from the qualified municipal	3239
corporation's tax. If a qualified municipal corporation, on or	3240
before December 31, 2013, exempts income earned by individuals	3241
who are not residents of the qualified municipal corporation and	3242
net profit of persons that are not wholly located within the	3243
qualified municipal corporation, such individual or person shall	3244
have no municipal taxable income for the purposes of the tax	3245
levied by the qualified municipal corporation and may be	3246
exempted by the qualified municipal corporation from the	3247
requirements of section 718.03 of the Revised Code.	3248

- (c) For an individual who is a nonresident of a municipal 3249 corporation, income reduced by exempt income to the extent 3250 otherwise included in income and then, as applicable, 3251 apportioned or sitused to the municipal corporation under 3252 section 718.02 of the Revised Code, then reduced as provided in 3253 division (A)(2) of this section, and further reduced by any pre-3254 2017 net operating loss carryforward available to the individual 3255 for the municipal corporation. 3256
- (2) In computing the municipal taxable income of a 3257 taxpayer who is an individual, the taxpayer may subtract, as 3258 provided in division (A)(1)(b)(i) or (c) of this section, the 3259 amount of the individual's employee business expenses reported 3260 on the individual's form 2106 that the individual deducted for 3261 federal income tax purposes for the taxable year, subject to the 3262 limitation imposed by section 67 of the Internal Revenue Code. 3263 For the municipal corporation in which the taxpayer is a 3264 resident, the taxpayer may deduct all such expenses allowed for 3265 federal income tax purposes. For a municipal corporation in 3266 which the taxpayer is not a resident, the taxpayer may deduct 3267 such expenses only to the extent the expenses are related to the 3268

taxpayer's performance of personal services in that nonresident municipal corporation.	3269 3270
(B) "Income" means the following:	3271
(1)(a) For residents, all income, salaries, qualifying	3272
wages, commissions, and other compensation from whatever source	3273
earned or received by the resident, including the resident's	3274
distributive share of the net profit of pass-through entities	3275
owned directly or indirectly by the resident and any net profit	3276
of the resident, except as provided in division (D)(5) of this	3277
section.	3278
(b) For the purposes of division (B)(1)(a) of this	3279
section:	3280
(i) Any net operating loss of the resident incurred in the	3281
taxable year and the resident's distributive share of any net	3282
operating loss generated in the same taxable year and	3283
attributable to the resident's ownership interest in a pass-	3284
through entity shall be allowed as a deduction, for that taxable	3285
year and the following five taxable years, against any other net	3286
profit of the resident or the resident's distributive share of	3287
any net profit attributable to the resident's ownership interest	3288
in a pass-through entity until fully utilized, subject to	3289
division (B)(1)(d) of this section;	3290
(ii) The resident's distributive share of the net profit	3291
of each pass-through entity owned directly or indirectly by the	3292
resident shall be calculated without regard to any net operating	3293
loss that is carried forward by that entity from a prior taxable	3294
year and applied to reduce the entity's net profit for the	3295
current taxable year.	3296
(c) Division (B)(1)(b) of this section does not apply with	3297

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respect to any net profit or net operating loss attributable to	3298
an ownership interest in an S corporation unless shareholders'	3299
distributive shares of net profits from S corporations are	3300
subject to tax in the municipal corporation as provided in	3301
division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section.	3302
(d) Any amount of a net operating loss used to reduce a	3303
taxpayer's net profit for a taxable year shall reduce the amount	3304
of net operating loss that may be carried forward to any	3305
subsequent year for use by that taxpayer. In no event shall the	3306
cumulative deductions for all taxable years with respect to a	3307
taxpayer's net operating loss exceed the original amount of that	3308
net operating loss available to that taxpayer.	3309
(2) In the case of nonresidents, all income, salaries,	3310
qualifying wages, commissions, and other compensation from	3311
whatever source earned or received by the nonresident for work	3312
done, services performed or rendered, or activities conducted in	3313
the municipal corporation, including any net profit of the	3314
nonresident, but excluding the nonresident's distributive share	3315
of the net profit or loss of only pass-through entities owned	3316
directly or indirectly by the nonresident.	3317
(3) For taxpayers that are not individuals, net profit of	3318
the taxpayer;	3319
the taxpayer,	3313
(4) Lottery, sweepstakes, gambling and sports winnings,	3320
winnings from games of chance, and prizes and awards. If the	3321
taxpayer is a professional gambler for federal income tax	3322
purposes, the taxpayer may deduct related wagering losses and	3323
expenses to the extent authorized under the Internal Revenue	3324

Code and claimed against such winnings.

(C) "Exempt income" means all of the following:

(1) The military pay or allowances of members of the armed	3327
forces of the United States or members of their reserve	3328
components, including the national guard of any state;	3329
(2)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(2)(b) of this	3330
section, intangible income;	3331
(b) A municipal corporation that taxed any type of	3332
intangible income on March 29, 1988, pursuant to Section 3 of	3333
S.B. 238 of the 116th general assembly, may continue to tax that	3334
type of income if a majority of the electors of the municipal	3335
corporation voting on the question of whether to permit the	3336
taxation of that type of intangible income after 1988 voted in	3337
favor thereof at an election held on November 8, 1988.	3338
(3) Social security benefits, railroad retirement	3339
benefits, unemployment compensation, pensions, retirement	3340
benefit payments, payments from annuities, and similar payments	3341
made to an employee or to the beneficiary of an employee under a	3342
retirement program or plan, disability payments received from	3343
private industry or local, state, or federal governments or from	3344
charitable, religious or educational organizations, and the	3345
proceeds of sickness, accident, or liability insurance policies.	3346
As used in division (C)(3) of this section, "unemployment	3347
compensation" does not include supplemental unemployment	3348
compensation described in section 3402(o)(2) of the Internal	3349
Revenue Code.	3350
(4) The income of religious, fraternal, charitable,	3351
scientific, literary, or educational institutions to the extent	3352
such income is derived from tax-exempt real estate, tax-exempt	3353
tangible or intangible property, or tax-exempt activities.	3354

(5) Compensation paid under section 3501.28 or 3501.36 of

the Revised Code to a person serving as a precinct election	3356
official to the extent that such compensation does not exceed	3357
one thousand dollars for the taxable year. Such compensation in	3358
excess of one thousand dollars for the taxable year may be	3359
subject to taxation by a municipal corporation. A municipal	3360
corporation shall not require the payer of such compensation to	3361
withhold any tax from that compensation.	3362
(6) Dues, contributions, and similar payments received by	3363
charitable, religious, educational, or literary organizations or	3364
labor unions, lodges, and similar organizations;	3365
(7) Alimony and child support received;	3366
(8) Compensation for personal injuries or for damages to	3367
property from insurance proceeds or otherwise, excluding	3368
compensation paid for lost salaries or wages or compensation	3369
<pre>from punitive damages;</pre>	3370
(9) Income of a public utility when that public utility is	3371
subject to the tax levied under section 5727.24 or 5727.30 of	3372
the Revised Code. Division (C)(9) of this section does not apply	3373
for purposes of Chapter 5745. of the Revised Code.	3374
(10) Gains from involuntary conversions, interest on	3375
federal obligations, items of income subject to a tax levied by	3376
the state and that a municipal corporation is specifically	3377
prohibited by law from taxing, and income of a decedent's estate	3378
during the period of administration except such income from the	3379
operation of a trade or business;	3380
(11) Compensation or allowances excluded from federal	3381
gross income under section 107 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3382
(12) Employee compensation that is not qualifying wages as	3383

defined in division (R) of this section;

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- (13) Compensation paid to a person employed within the 3385 boundaries of a United States air force base under the 3386 jurisdiction of the United States air force that is used for the 3387 housing of members of the United States air force and is a 3388 center for air force operations, unless the person is subject to 3389 taxation because of residence or domicile. If the compensation 3390 is subject to taxation because of residence or domicile, tax on 3391 such income shall be payable only to the municipal corporation 3392 of residence or domicile. 3393
- (14) (a) Except as provided in division (C) (14) (b) or (c) of this section, an S corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S corporation, other than any part of the distributive share of net profits that represents wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code or net earnings from self-employment as defined in section 1402(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.
- (b) If, pursuant to division (H) of former section 718.01 3401 of the Revised Code as it existed before March 11, 2004, a 3402 majority of the electors of a municipal corporation voted in 3403 favor of the question at an election held on November 4, 2003, 3404 the municipal corporation may continue after 2002 to tax an S 3405 corporation shareholder's distributive share of net profits of 3406 an S corporation.
- (c) If, on December 6, 2002, a municipal corporation was
  imposing, assessing, and collecting a tax on an S corporation
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  shareholder's distributive share of net profits of the S
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  corporation to the extent the distributive share would be
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  allocated or apportioned to this state under divisions (B)(1)
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  and (2) of section 5733.05 of the Revised Code if the S
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  corporation were a corporation subject to taxes imposed under

Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, the municipal corporation may	3415
continue to impose the tax on such distributive shares to the	3416
extent such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this	3417
state only until December 31, 2004, unless a majority of the	3418
electors of the municipal corporation voting on the question of	3419
continuing to tax such shares after that date voted in favor of	3420
that question at an election held November 2, 2004. If a	3421
majority of those electors voted in favor of the question, the	3422
municipal corporation may continue after December 31, 2004, to	3423
impose the tax on such distributive shares only to the extent	3424
such shares would be so allocated or apportioned to this state.	3425

- (d) A municipal corporation shall be deemed to have 3426 elected to tax S corporation shareholders' distributive shares 3427 of net profits of the S corporation in the hands of the 3428 shareholders if a majority of the electors of a municipal 3429 corporation voted in favor of a question at an election held 3430 under division (C)(14)(b) or (c) of this section. The municipal 3431 corporation shall specify by resolution or ordinance that the 3432 tax applies to the distributive share of a shareholder of an S 3433 corporation in the hands of the shareholder of the S 3434 corporation. 3435
- (15) To the extent authorized under a resolution or 3436 ordinance adopted by a municipal corporation before January 1, 3437 2016, all or a portion of the income of individuals or a class 3438 of individuals under eighteen years of age. 3439
- (16) (a) Except as provided in divisions (C) (16) (b), (c),

  and (d) of this section, qualifying wages described in division

  (B) (1) or (E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code to the

  extent the qualifying wages are not subject to withholding for

  the municipal corporation under either of those divisions.

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(b) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this	3445
section does not apply with respect to the municipal corporation	3446
in which the employee resided at the time the employee earned	3447
the qualifying wages.	3448
(c) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this	3449
section does not apply to qualifying wages that an employer	3450
elects to withhold under division (D)(2) of section 718.011 of	3451
the Revised Code.	3452
(d) The exemption provided in division (C)(16)(a) of this	3453
section does not apply to qualifying wages if both of the	3454
following conditions apply:	3455
(i) For qualifying wages described in division (B)(1) of	3456
section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's employer	3457
withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the	3458
municipal corporation in which the employee's principal place of	3459
work is situated, or, for qualifying wages described in division	3460
(E) of section 718.011 of the Revised Code, the employee's	3461
employer withholds and remits tax on the qualifying wages to the	3462
municipal corporation in which the employer's fixed location is	3463
located;	3464
(ii) The employee receives a refund of the tax described	3465
in division (C)(16)(d)(i) of this section on the basis of the	3466
employee not performing services in that municipal corporation.	3467
(17)(a) Except as provided in division (C)(17)(b) or (c)	3468
of this section, compensation that is not qualifying wages paid	3469
to a nonresident individual for personal services performed in	3470
the municipal corporation on not more than twenty days in a	3471
taxable year.	3472
(b) The exemption provided in division (C)(17)(a) of this	3473

section does not apply under either of the following	3474
circumstances:	3475
(i) The individual's base of operation is located in the	3476
municipal corporation.	3477
(ii) The individual is a professional athlete,	3478
professional entertainer, or public figure, and the compensation	3479
is paid for the performance of services in the individual's	3480
capacity as a professional athlete, professional entertainer, or	3481
public figure. For purposes of division (C)(17)(b)(ii) of this	3482
section, "professional athlete," "professional entertainer," and	3483
"public figure" have the same meanings as in section 718.011 of	3484
the Revised Code.	3485
	2406
(c) Compensation to which division (C)(17) of this section	3486
applies shall be treated as earned or received at the	3487
individual's base of operation. If the individual does not have	3488
a base of operation, the compensation shall be treated as earned	3489
or received where the individual is domiciled.	3490
(d) For purposes of division (C)(17) of this section,	3491
"base of operation" means the location where an individual owns	3492
or rents an office, storefront, or similar facility to which the	3493
individual regularly reports and at which the individual	3494
regularly performs personal services for compensation.	3495
(18) Compensation paid to a person for personal services	3496
performed for a political subdivision on property owned by the	3497
political subdivision, regardless of whether the compensation is	3498
received by an employee of the subdivision or another person	3499
performing services for the subdivision under a contract with	3500
the subdivision, if the property on which services are performed	3501
is annexed to a municipal corporation pursuant to section	3502

709.023 of the Revised Code on or after March 27, 2013, unless	3503
the person is subject to such taxation because of residence. If	3504
the compensation is subject to taxation because of residence,	3505
municipal income tax shall be payable only to the municipal	3506
corporation of residence.	3507
(19) In the case of a tax administered, collected, and	3508
enforced by a municipal corporation pursuant to an agreement	3509
with the board of directors of a joint economic development	3510
district under section 715.72 of the Revised Code, the net	3511
profits of a business, and the income of the employees of that	3512
business, exempted from the tax under division (Q) of that	3513
section.	3514
(20) All of the following:	3515
(a) Income derived from disaster work conducted in this	3516
state by an out-of-state disaster business during a disaster	3517
response period pursuant to a qualifying solicitation received	3518
by the business;	3519
(b) Income of a qualifying employee described in division	3520
(A) (14) (a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent	3521
such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this	3522
state by the employee during a disaster response period pursuant	3523
to a qualifying solicitation received by the employee's	3524
employer;	3525
(c) Income of a qualifying employee described in division	3526
(A) (14) (b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code, to the extent	3527
such income is derived from disaster work conducted in this	3528
state by the employee during a disaster response period on	3529
critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	3530
employer.	3531

(21) Income the taxation of which is prohibited by the	3532
constitution or laws of the United States.	3533
Any item of income that is exempt income of a pass-through	3534
entity under division (C) of this section is exempt income of	3535
each owner of the pass-through entity to the extent of that	3536
owner's distributive or proportionate share of that item of the	3537
entity's income.	3538
enere, a moome.	3330
(D)(1) "Net profit" for a person who is an individual	3539
means the individual's net profit required to be reported on	3540
schedule C, schedule E, or schedule F reduced by any net	3541
operating loss carried forward. For the purposes of division (D)	3542
(1) of this section, the net operating loss carried forward	3543
shall be calculated and deducted in the same manner as provided	3544
in division (D)(3) of this section.	3545
(2) "Net profit" for a person other than an individual	3546
means adjusted federal taxable income reduced by any net	3547
operating loss incurred by the person in a taxable year	3548
beginning on or after January 1, 2017, subject to the	3549
limitations of division (D)(3) of this section.	3550
(3) (a) The amount of such net operating loss shall be	3551
(3) (a) The amount of such net operating loss shall be deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce	3551 3552
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce	3552
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused	3552 3553
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more	3552 3553 3554
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year	3552 3553 3554 3555
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized.	3552 3553 3554 3555 3556 3557
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized.  (b) No person shall use the deduction allowed by division	3552 3553 3554 3555 3556 3557 3558
deducted from net profit to the extent necessary to reduce municipal taxable income to zero, with any remaining unused portion of the net operating loss carried forward to not more than five consecutive taxable years following the taxable year in which the loss was incurred, but in no case for more years than necessary for the deduction to be fully utilized.	3552 3553 3554 3555 3556 3557

(c)(i) For taxable years beginning in 2018, 2019, 2020,

2021, or 2022, a person may not deduct, for purposes of an	3561
income tax levied by a municipal corporation that levies an	3562
income tax before January 1, 2016, more than fifty per cent of	3563
the amount of the deduction otherwise allowed by division (D)(3)	3564
of this section.	3565
(ii) For taxable years beginning in 2023 or thereafter, a	3566
person may deduct, for purposes of an income tax levied by a	3567
municipal corporation that levies an income tax before January	3568
1, 2016, the full amount allowed by division (D)(3) of this	3569
section without regard to the limitation of division (D)(3)(b)	3570
(i) of this section.	3571
(d) Any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward deduction	3572
that is available may be utilized before a taxpayer may deduct	3573
any amount pursuant to division (D)(3) of this section.	3574
(e) Nothing in division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section	3575
precludes a person from carrying forward, for use with respect	3576
to any return filed for a taxable year beginning after 2018, any	3577
amount of net operating loss that was not fully utilized by	3578
operation of division (D)(3)(c)(i) of this section. To the	3579
extent that an amount of net operating loss that was not fully	3580
utilized in one or more taxable years by operation of division	3581
(D)(3)(c)(i) of this section is carried forward for use with	3582
respect to a return filed for a taxable year beginning in 2019,	3583
2020, 2021, or 2022, the limitation described in division (D)(3)	3584
(c)(i) of this section shall apply to the amount carried	3585
forward.	3586
(4) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding	3587
division (D)(2) of this section, net profit of a disregarded	3588
entity shall not be taxable as against that disregarded entity,	3589

but shall instead be included in the net profit of the owner of

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the disregarded entity.

(5) For the purposes of this chapter, and notwithstanding 3592 any other provision of this chapter, the net profit of a 3593 publicly traded partnership that makes the election described in 3594 division (D)(5) of this section shall be taxed as if the 3595 partnership were a C corporation, and shall not be treated as 3596 the net profit or income of any owner of the partnership. 3597

A publicly traded partnership that is treated as a 3598 partnership for federal income tax purposes and that is subject 3599 to tax on its net profits in one or more municipal corporations 3600 in this state may elect to be treated as a C corporation for 3601 municipal income tax purposes. The publicly traded partnership 3602 shall make the election in every municipal corporation in which 3603 the partnership is subject to taxation on its net profits. The 3604 election shall be made on the annual tax return filed in each 3605 such municipal corporation. The publicly traded partnership 3606 shall not be required to file the election with any municipal 3607 corporation in which the partnership is not subject to taxation 3608 on its net profits, but division (D)(5) of this section applies 3609 3610 to all municipal corporations in which an individual owner of 3611 the partnership resides.

- (E) "Adjusted federal taxable income," for a person required to file as a C corporation, or for a person that has elected to be taxed as a C corporation under division (D)(5) of this section, means a C corporation's federal taxable income before net operating losses and special deductions as determined under the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as follows:
- (1) Deduct intangible income to the extent included in 3618 federal taxable income. The deduction shall be allowed 3619 regardless of whether the intangible income relates to assets 3620

used in a trade or business or assets held for the production of	3621
income.	3622
(2) Add an amount equal to five per cent of intangible	3623
income deducted under division (E)(1) of this section, but	3624
excluding that portion of intangible income directly related to	3625
the sale, exchange, or other disposition of property described	3626
in section 1221 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3627
(3) Add any losses allowed as a deduction in the	3628
computation of federal taxable income if the losses directly	3629
relate to the sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset	3630
described in section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3631
(4)(a) Except as provided in division (E)(4)(b) of this	3632
section, deduct income and gain included in federal taxable	3633
income to the extent the income and gain directly relate to the	3634
sale, exchange, or other disposition of an asset described in	3635
section 1221 or 1231 of the Internal Revenue Code;	3636
(b) Division (E)(4)(a) of this section does not apply to	3637
the extent the income or gain is income or gain described in	3638
section 1245 or 1250 of the Internal Revenue Code.	3639
(5) Add taxes on or measured by net income allowed as a	3640
deduction in the computation of federal taxable income;	3641
(6) In the case of a real estate investment trust or	3642
regulated investment company, add all amounts with respect to	3643
dividends to, distributions to, or amounts set aside for or	3644
credited to the benefit of investors and allowed as a deduction	3645
in the computation of federal taxable income;	3646
(7) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	3647
excluded in computing federal taxable income, any income derived	3648
from a transfer agreement or from the enterprise transferred	3649

under that agreement under section 4313.02 of the Revised Code;	3650
(8) Deduct exempt income to the extent not otherwise	3651
deducted or excluded in computing adjusted federal taxable	3652
income.	3653
(9) Deduct any net profit of a pass-through entity owned	3654
directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the	3655
taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of	3656
corporations includes that net profit in the group's federal	3657
taxable income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section	3658
718.06 of the Revised Code.	3659
(10) Add any loss incurred by a pass-through entity owned	3660
directly or indirectly by the taxpayer and included in the	3661
taxpayer's federal taxable income unless an affiliated group of	3662
corporations includes that loss in the group's federal taxable	3663
income in accordance with division (E)(3)(b) of section 718.06	3664
of the Revised Code.	3665
If the taxpayer is not a C corporation, is not a	3666
disregarded entity that has made the election described in	3667
division (L)(2) of this section, is not a publicly traded	3668
partnership that has made the election described in division (D)	3669
(5) of this section, and is not an individual, the taxpayer	3670
shall compute adjusted federal taxable income under this section	3671
as if the taxpayer were a C corporation, except guaranteed	3672
payments and other similar amounts paid or accrued to a partner,	3673
former partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or	3674
former member shall not be allowed as a deductible expense	3675
unless such payments are a pension or retirement benefit payment	3676
paid to a retired partner, retired shareholder, or retired	3677
member or are in consideration for the use of capital and	3678
treated as payment of interest under section 469 of the Internal	3679

Revenue Code or United States treasury regulations. Amounts paid	3680
or accrued to a qualified self-employed retirement plan with	3681
respect to a partner, former partner, shareholder, former	3682
shareholder, member, or former member of the taxpayer, amounts	3683
paid or accrued to or for health insurance for a partner, former	3684
partner, shareholder, former shareholder, member, or former	3685
member, and amounts paid or accrued to or for life insurance for	3686
a partner, former partner, shareholder, former shareholder,	3687
member, or former member shall not be allowed as a deduction.	3688
Nothing in division (E) of this section shall be construed	3689
as allowing the taxpayer to add or deduct any amount more than	3690
once or shall be construed as allowing any taxpayer to deduct	3691
any amount paid to or accrued for purposes of federal self-	3692
employment tax.	3693
(F) "Schedule C" means internal revenue service schedule C	3694
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue	3695
Code.	3696
(G) "Schedule E" means internal revenue service schedule E	3697
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue	3698
Code.	3699
(H) "Schedule F" means internal revenue service schedule F	3700
(form 1040) filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue	3701
Code.	3702
(I) "Internal Revenue Code" has the same meaning as in	3703
section 5747.01 of the Revised Code.	3704
(J) "Resident" means an individual who is domiciled in the	3705
municipal corporation as determined under section 718.012 of the	3706
Revised Code.	3707
(K) "Nonresident" means an individual that is not a	3708

resident.	3709
(L)(1) "Taxpayer" means a person subject to a tax levied	3710
on income by a municipal corporation in accordance with this	3711
chapter. "Taxpayer" does not include a grantor trust or, except	3712
as provided in division (L)(2)(a) of this section, a disregarded	3713
entity.	3714
(2)(a) A single member limited liability company that is a	3715
disregarded entity for federal tax purposes may be a separate	3716
taxpayer from its single member in all Ohio municipal	3717
corporations in which it either filed as a separate taxpayer or	3718
did not file for its taxable year ending in 2003, if all of the	3719
following conditions are met:	3720
(i) The limited liability company's single member is also	3721
a limited liability company.	3722
(ii) The limited liability company and its single member	3723
were formed and doing business in one or more Ohio municipal	3724
corporations for at least five years before January 1, 2004.	3725
(iii) Not later than December 31, 2004, the limited	3726
liability company and its single member each made an election to	3727
be treated as a separate taxpayer under division (L) of this	3728
section as this section existed on December 31, 2004.	3729
(iv) The limited liability company was not formed for the	3730
purpose of evading or reducing Ohio municipal corporation income	3731
tax liability of the limited liability company or its single	3732
member.	3733
(v) The Ohio municipal corporation that was the primary	3734
place of business of the sole member of the limited liability	3735
company consented to the election.	3736

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(b) For purposes of division (L)(2)(a)(v) of this section,	3737
a municipal corporation was the primary place of business of a	3738
limited liability company if, for the limited liability	3739
company's taxable year ending in 2003, its income tax liability	3740
was greater in that municipal corporation than in any other	3741
municipal corporation in Ohio, and that tax liability to that	3742
municipal corporation for its taxable year ending in 2003 was at	3743
least four hundred thousand dollars.	3744
(M) "Person" includes individuals, firms, companies, joint	3745
stock companies, business trusts, estates, trusts, partnerships,	3746
limited liability partnerships, limited liability companies,	3747
associations, C corporations, S corporations, governmental	3748
entities, and any other entity.	3749
(N) "Pass-through entity" means a partnership not treated	3750
as an association taxable as a C corporation for federal income	3751
tax purposes, a limited liability company not treated as an	3752
association taxable as a C corporation for federal income tax	3753
purposes, an S corporation, or any other class of entity from	3754
which the income or profits of the entity are given pass-through	3755
treatment for federal income tax purposes. "Pass-through entity"	3756
does not include a trust, estate, grantor of a grantor trust, or	3757
disregarded entity.	3758
(O) "S corporation" means a person that has made an	3759
election under subchapter S of Chapter 1 of Subtitle A of the	3760
Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year.	3761
(P) "Single member limited liability company" means a	3762

limited liability company that has one direct member.

(Q) "Limited liability company" means a limited liability

company formed under former Chapter 1705. or of the Revised Code

as that chapter existed prior to February 11, 2022, Chapter	3766
1706. of the Revised Code, or $\frac{\text{under}}{\text{the laws of another state}}$ .	3767
(R) "Qualifying wages" means wages, as defined in section	3768
3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, without regard to any wage	3769
limitations, adjusted as follows:	3770
(1) Deduct the following amounts:	3771
(a) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes	3772
compensation attributable to a plan or program described in	3773
section 125 of the Internal Revenue Code.	3774
(b) Any amount included in wages if the amount constitutes	3775
payment on account of a disability related to sickness or an	3776
accident paid by a party unrelated to the employer, agent of an	3777
employer, or other payer.	3778
(c) Any amount attributable to a nonqualified deferred	3779
compensation plan or program described in section 3121(v)(2)(C)	3780
of the Internal Revenue Code if the compensation is included in	3781
wages and the municipal corporation has, by resolution or	3782
ordinance adopted before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount	3783
from withholding and tax.	3784
(d) Any amount included in wages if the amount arises from	3785
the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock option, the	3786
exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange, or other	3787
disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and the	3788
municipal corporation has, by resolution or ordinance adopted	3789
before January 1, 2016, exempted the amount from withholding and	3790
tax.	3791
(e) Any amount included in wages that is exempt income.	3792
(2) Add the following amounts:	3793

(a) Any amount not included in wages solely because the	3794
employee was employed by the employer before April 1, 1986.	3795
(b) Any amount not included in wages because the amount	3796
arises from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a stock	3797
option, the exercise of a stock option, or the sale, exchange,	3798
or other disposition of stock purchased under a stock option and	3799
the municipal corporation has not, by resolution or ordinance,	3800
exempted the amount from withholding and tax adopted before	3801
January 1, 2016. Division (R)(2)(b) of this section applies only	3802
to those amounts constituting ordinary income.	3803
(c) Any amount not included in wages if the amount is an	3804
amount described in section 401(k), 403(b), or 457 of the	3805
Internal Revenue Code. Division (R)(2)(c) of this section	3806
applies only to employee contributions and employee deferrals.	3807
(d) Any amount that is supplemental unemployment	3808
compensation benefits described in section 3402(o)(2) of the	3809
Internal Revenue Code and not included in wages.	3810
(e) Any amount received that is treated as self-employment	3811
income for federal tax purposes in accordance with section	3812
1402(a)(8) of the Internal Revenue Code.	3813
(f) Any amount not included in wages if all of the	3814
following apply:	3815
(i) For the taxable year the amount is employee	3816
compensation that is earned outside of the United States and	3817
that either is included in the taxpayer's gross income for	3818
federal income tax purposes or would have been included in the	3819
taxpayer's gross income for such purposes if the taxpayer did	3820
not elect to exclude the income under section 911 of the	3821
Internal Revenue Code;	3822

(ii) For no preceding taxable year did the amount	3823
constitute wages as defined in section 3121(a) of the Internal	3824
Revenue Code;	3825
(iii) For no succeeding taxable year will the amount	3826
constitute wages; and	3827
(iv) For any taxable year the amount has not otherwise	3828
been added to wages pursuant to either division (R)(2) of this	3829
section or section 718.03 of the Revised Code, as that section	3830
existed before the effective date of H.B. 5 of the 130th general	3831
assembly, March 23, 2015.	3832
(S) "Intangible income" means income of any of the	3833
following types: income yield, interest, capital gains,	3834
dividends, or other income arising from the ownership, sale,	3835
exchange, or other disposition of intangible property including,	3836
but not limited to, investments, deposits, money, or credits as	3837
those terms are defined in Chapter 5701. of the Revised Code,	3838
and patents, copyrights, trademarks, tradenames, investments in	3839
real estate investment trusts, investments in regulated	3840
investment companies, and appreciation on deferred compensation.	3841
"Intangible income" does not include prizes, awards, or other	3842
income associated with any lottery winnings, gambling winnings,	3843
or other similar games of chance.	3844
(T) "Taxable year" means the corresponding tax reporting	3845
period as prescribed for the taxpayer under the Internal Revenue	3846
Code.	3847
(U)(1) "Tax administrator" means, subject to division (U)	3848
(2) of this section, the individual charged with direct	3849
responsibility for administration of an income tax levied by a	3850
municipal corporation in accordance with this chapter, and also	3851

includes the following:	3852
(a) A municipal corporation acting as the agent of another	3853
municipal corporation;	3854
(b) A person retained by a municipal corporation to	3855
administer a tax levied by the municipal corporation, but only	3856
if the municipal corporation does not compensate the person in	3857
whole or in part on a contingency basis;	3858
(c) The central collection agency or the regional income	3859
tax agency or their successors in interest, or another entity	3860
organized to perform functions similar to those performed by the	3861
central collection agency and the regional income tax agency.	3862
(2) "Tax administrator" does not include the tax	3863
commissioner.	3864
(3) A private individual or entity serving in any position	3865
described in division (U)(1)(b) or (c) of this section shall	3866
have no access to criminal history record information.	3867
(V) "Employer" means a person that is an employer for	3868
federal income tax purposes.	3869
(W) "Employee" means an individual who is an employee for	3870
federal income tax purposes.	3871
(X) "Other payer" means any person, other than an	3872
individual's employer or the employer's agent, that pays an	3873
individual any amount included in the federal gross income of	3874
the individual. "Other payer" includes casino operators and	3875
video lottery terminal sales agents.	3876
(Y) "Calendar quarter" means the three-month period ending	3877
on the last day of March, June, September, or December.	3878

(Z) "Form 2106" means internal revenue service form 2106	3879
filed by a taxpayer pursuant to the Internal Revenue Code.	3880
(AA) "Municipal corporation" includes a joint economic	3881
development district or joint economic development zone that	3882
levies an income tax under section 715.691, 715.70, 715.71, or	3883
715.72 of the Revised Code.	3884
(BB) "Disregarded entity" means a single member limited	3885
liability company, a qualifying subchapter S subsidiary, or	3886
another entity if the company, subsidiary, or entity is a	3887
disregarded entity for federal income tax purposes.	3888
(CC) "Generic form" means an electronic or paper form that	3889
is not prescribed by a particular municipal corporation and that	3890
is designed for reporting taxes withheld by an employer, agent	3891
of an employer, or other payer, estimated municipal income	3892
taxes, or annual municipal income tax liability or for filing a	3893
refund claim.	3894
(DD) "Tax return preparer" means any individual described	3895
in section 7701(a)(36) of the Internal Revenue Code and 26	3896
C.F.R. 301.7701-15.	3897
(EE) "Ohio business gateway" means the online computer	3898
network system, created under section 125.30 of the Revised	3899
Code, that allows persons to electronically file business reply	3900
forms with state agencies and includes or any successor	3901
electronic filing and payment system.	3902
(FF) "Local board of tax review" and "board of tax review"	3903
mean the entity created under section 718.11 of the Revised	3904
Code.	3905
(GG) "Net operating loss" means a loss incurred by a	3906
person in the operation of a trade or business. "Net operating	3907

loss" does not include unutilized losses resulting from basis	3908
limitations, at-risk limitations, or passive activity loss	3909
limitations.	3910
(HH) "Casino operator" and "casino facility" have the same	3911
meanings as in section 3772.01 of the Revised Code.	3912
(II) "Video lottery terminal" has the same meaning as in	3913
section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.	3914
(JJ) "Video lottery terminal sales agent" means a lottery	3915
sales agent licensed under Chapter 3770. of the Revised Code to	3916
conduct video lottery terminals on behalf of the state pursuant	3917
to section 3770.21 of the Revised Code.	3918
(KK) "Postal service" means the United States postal	3919
service.	3920
(LL) "Certified mail," "express mail," "United States	3921
mail," "postal service," and similar terms include any delivery	3922
service authorized pursuant to section 5703.056 of the Revised	3923
Code.	3924
(MM) "Postmark date," "date of postmark," and similar	3925
terms include the date recorded and marked in the manner	3926
described in division (B)(3) of section 5703.056 of the Revised	3927
Code.	3928
(NN) "Related member" means a person that, with respect to	3929
the taxpayer during all or any portion of the taxable year, is	3930
either a related entity, a component member as defined in	3931
section 1563(b) of the Internal Revenue Code, or a person to or	3932
from whom there is attribution of stock ownership in accordance	3933
with section 1563(e) of the Internal Revenue Code except, for	3934
purposes of determining whether a person is a related member	3935
under this division, "twenty per cent" shall be substituted for	3936

"5 percent" wherever "5 percent" appears in section 1563(e) of	3937
the Internal Revenue Code.	3938
(00) "Related entity" means any of the following:	3939
(1) An individual stockholder, or a member of the	3940
stockholder's family enumerated in section 318 of the Internal	3941
Revenue Code, if the stockholder and the members of the	3942
stockholder's family own directly, indirectly, beneficially, or	3943
constructively, in the aggregate, at least fifty per cent of the	3944
value of the taxpayer's outstanding stock;	3945
(2) A stockholder, or a stockholder's partnership, estate,	3946
trust, or corporation, if the stockholder and the stockholder's	3947
partnerships, estates, trusts, or corporations own directly,	3948
indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, in the aggregate,	3949
at least fifty per cent of the value of the taxpayer's	3950
outstanding stock;	3951
(3) A corporation, or a party related to the corporation	3952
in a manner that would require an attribution of stock from the	3953
corporation to the party or from the party to the corporation	3954
under division (00)(4) of this section, provided the taxpayer	3955
owns directly, indirectly, beneficially, or constructively, at	3956
least fifty per cent of the value of the corporation's	3957
outstanding stock;	3958
(4) The attribution rules described in section 318 of the	3959
Internal Revenue Code apply for the purpose of determining	3960
whether the ownership requirements in divisions (00)(1) to (3)	3961
of this section have been met.	3962
(PP)(1) "Assessment" means a written finding by the tax	3963
administrator that a person has underpaid municipal income tax,	3964
or owes penalty and interest, or any combination of tax,	3965

penalty, or interest, to the municipal corporation that	3966
commences the person's time limitation for making an appeal to	3967
the local board of tax review pursuant to section 718.11 of the	3968
Revised Code, and has "ASSESSMENT" written in all capital	3969
letters at the top of such finding.	3970
(2) "Assessment" does not include an informal notice	3971
denying a request for refund issued under division (B)(3) of	3972
section 718.19 of the Revised Code, a billing statement	3973
notifying a taxpayer of current or past-due balances owed to the	3974
municipal corporation, a tax administrator's request for	3975
additional information, a notification to the taxpayer of	3976
mathematical errors, or a tax administrator's other written	3977
correspondence to a person or taxpayer that does not meet the	3978
criteria prescribed by division (PP)(1) of this section.	3979
(QQ) "Taxpayers' rights and responsibilities" means the	3980
rights provided to taxpayers in sections 718.11, 718.12, 718.19,	3981
718.23, 718.36, 718.37, 718.38, 5717.011, and 5717.03 of the	3982
Revised Code and the responsibilities of taxpayers to file,	3983
report, withhold, remit, and pay municipal income tax and	3984
otherwise comply with Chapter 718. of the Revised Code and	3985
resolutions, ordinances, and rules adopted by a municipal	3986
corporation for the imposition and administration of a municipal	3987
income tax.	3988
(RR) "Qualified municipal corporation" means a municipal	3989
corporation that, by resolution or ordinance adopted on or	3990
before December 31, 2011, adopted Ohio adjusted gross income, as	3991
defined by section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as the income	3992
subject to tax for the purposes of imposing a municipal income	3993
tax.	3994

(SS)(1) "Pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward" means

any net operating loss incurred in a taxable year beginning	3996
before January 1, 2017, to the extent such loss was permitted,	3997
by a resolution or ordinance of the municipal corporation that	3998
was adopted by the municipal corporation before January 1, 2016,	3999
to be carried forward and utilized to offset income or net	4000
profit generated in such municipal corporation in future taxable	4001
years.	4002

- (2) For the purpose of calculating municipal taxable 4003 income, any pre-2017 net operating loss carryforward may be 4004 carried forward to any taxable year, including taxable years 4005 beginning in 2017 or thereafter, for the number of taxable years 4006 provided in the resolution or ordinance or until fully utilized, 4007 whichever is earlier.
- (TT) "Small employer" means any employer that had total 4009 revenue of less than five hundred thousand dollars during the 4010 preceding taxable year. For purposes of this division, "total 4011 revenue" means receipts of any type or kind, including, but not 4012 limited to, sales receipts; payments; rents; profits; gains, 4013 dividends, and other investment income; compensation; 4014 4015 commissions; premiums; money; property; grants; contributions; donations; gifts; program service revenue; patient service 4016 4017 revenue; premiums; fees, including premium fees and service fees; tuition payments; unrelated business revenue; 4018 reimbursements; any type of payment from a governmental unit, 4019 including grants and other allocations; and any other similar 4020 receipts reported for federal income tax purposes or under 4021 generally accepted accounting principles. "Small employer" does 4022 not include the federal government; any state government, 4023 including any state agency or instrumentality; any political 4024 subdivision; or any entity treated as a government for financial 4025 accounting and reporting purposes. 4026

(UU) "Audit" means the examination of a person or the	4027
inspection of the books, records, memoranda, or accounts of a	4027
person for the purpose of determining liability for a municipal	4020
income tax.	4030
(VV) "Publicly traded partnership" means any partnership,	4031
an interest in which is regularly traded on an established	4032
securities market. A "publicly traded partnership" may have any	4033
number of partners.	4034
(WW) "Tax commissioner" means the tax commissioner	4035
appointed under section 121.03 of the Revised Code.	4036
(XX) "Out-of-state disaster business," "qualifying	4037
solicitation," "qualifying employee," "disaster work," "critical	4038
infrastructure," and "disaster response period" have the same	4039
meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised Code.	4040
(YY) "Pension" means a retirement benefit plan, regardless	4041
(YY) "Pension" means a retirement benefit plan, regardless of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under	4041 4042
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under	4042
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts	4042
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions	4042 4043 4044
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding	4042 4043 4044 4045
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048 4049
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.  (ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048 4049
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.  (ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or after their termination of service because of retirement or	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048 4049 4050 4051
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.  (ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or after their termination of service because of retirement or disability. "Retirement benefit plan" does not include wage	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048 4049 4050 4051 4052
of whether the plan satisfies the qualifications described under section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code, including amounts that are taxable under the "Federal Insurance Contributions Act," Chapter 21 of the Internal Revenue Code, excluding employee contributions and elective deferrals, and regardless of whether such amounts are paid in the same taxable year in which the amounts are included in the employee's wages, as defined by section 3121(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.  (ZZ) "Retirement benefit plan" means an arrangement whereby an entity provides benefits to individuals either on or after their termination of service because of retirement or	4042 4043 4044 4045 4046 4047 4048 4049 4050 4051 4052 4053

the United States.

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Sec. 1111.04. (A) Prior to soliciting or engaging in trust	4056
business in this state, a trust company shall pledge to the	4057
treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions	4058
interest bearing securities authorized in division (B) of this	4059
section, having a par value, not including unaccrued interest,	4060
of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the	4061
superintendent of financial institutions. The trust company may	4062
pledge the securities either by delivery to the <del>treasurer of</del>	4063
state—superintendent or by placing the securities with a	4064
qualified trustee for safekeeping to the account of the	4065
treasurer of state superintendent of financial institutions, the	4066
corporate fiduciary, and any other person having an interest in	4067
the securities under Chapter 1109. of the Revised Code, as their	4068
respective interests may appear and be asserted by written	4069
notice to or demand upon the qualified trustee or by order of	4070
judgment of a court.	4071
(B) Securities pledged by a trust company to satisfy the	4072
requirements of division (A) of this section shall be one or	4073
more of the following:	4074
(1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by	4075
the United States or for which the full faith and credit of the	4076
United States is pledged for the payment of principal and	4077
interest;	4078
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or	4079
securities issued by any agency or instrumentality of the United	4080
States;	4081
(3) General obligations of this or any other state of the	4082
United States or any subdivision of this or any other state of	4083

(C) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4085
institutions shall review, approve, and accept delivery of	4086
securities pursuant to this section when accompanied by the	4087
superintendent's approval of the securities or the written-	4088
receipt of a qualified trustee describing the securities and	4089
showing the superintendent's approval of the securities, and	4090
shall issue a written acknowledgment of the delivery of the	4091
securities or the qualified trustee's receipt and the	4092
superintendent's approval to the trust company.	4093
(D) The superintendent shall approve securities to be	4094
pledged by a trust company pursuant to this section if the	4095
securities are all of the following:	4096
(1) Interest bearing and of the value required by division	4097
(A) of this section;	4098
(2) Of one or more of the kinds authorized by division (B)	4099
of this section and not a derivative of or merely an interest in	4100
any of those securities;	4101
(3) Not in default.	4102
(E) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4103
institutions shall, with the approval of the superintendent,	4104
permit a trust company to pledge securities in substitution for	4105
securities pledged pursuant to this section and the withdrawal	4106
of the securities substituted for so long as the securities	4107
remaining pledged satisfy the requirements of division (A) of	4108
this section. The treasurer of state superintendent shall permit	4109
a trust company to collect interest paid on securities pledged	4110
pursuant to this section so long as the trust company is	4111
solvent. The treasurer of state-superintendent shall, with the-	4112
approval of the superintendent, permit a trust company to	4113

withdraw securities pledged pursuant to this section when the	4114
trust company has ceased to solicit or engage in trust business	4115
in this state.	4116
(F) For purposes of this section, a qualified trustee is a	4117
federal reserve bank, a federal home loan bank, a trust company	4118
as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised Code, or a national	4119
bank or federal savings association that has pledged securities	4120
pursuant to this section, is authorized to accept and execute	4121
trusts, and is doing business under authority granted by the	4122
office of the comptroller of the currency. However, a national	4123
bank or federal savings association doing business under	4124
authority granted by the office of the comptroller of the	4125
currency or a trust company may not act as a qualified trustee	4126
for securities it or any of its affiliates is pledging pursuant	4127
to this section.	4128
(G) The superintendent, with the approval of the treasurer	4129
of state and the attorney general, shall prescribe the form of	4130
all receipts and acknowledgments provided for by this section,	4131
and upon request shall furnish a copy of each form, with the	4132
superintendent's certification attached, to each qualified	4133
trustee eligible to hold securities for safekeeping under this	4134
section.	4135
Sec. 1112.12. (A) Prior to transacting any business as a	4136
licensed family trust company, a family trust company shall	4137
pledge to the treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4138
<u>institutions</u> interest-bearing securities authorized in division	4139
(B) of this section, having a par value, not including unaccrued	4140
interest, of one hundred thousand dollars, and approved by the	4141
superintendent of financial institutions. The family trust	4142

company may pledge the securities either by delivery to the

treasurer of state superintendent or by placing the securities	4144
with a qualified trustee for safekeeping to the account of the	4145
treasurer of statesuperintendent of financial institutions.	4146
(B) Securities pledged by a family trust company to	4147
satisfy the requirements of division (A) of this section shall	4148
be one or more of the following, provided that the bonds or	4149
other obligations are rated at the time of purchase in the three	4150
highest classifications established by at least one nationally	4151
recognized standard statistical rating service organization and	4152
purchased through a registered securities broker or dealer:	4153
(1) Bonds, notes, or other obligations of or guaranteed by	4154
the United States or for which the full faith and credit of the	4155
United States is pledged for the payment of principal and	4156
<pre>interest;</pre>	4157
(2) Bonds, notes, debentures, or other obligations or	4158
securities issued by any agency or instrumentality of the United	4159
States.	4160
(C) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4161
<pre>institutions shall review, approve, and accept delivery of</pre>	4162
securities pursuant to this section when accompanied by the	4163
superintendent's approval of the securities or the written-	4164
receipt of a qualified trustee describing the securities and	4165
showing the superintendent's approval of the securities, and	4166
shall issue a written acknowledgment of the delivery of the	4167
securities or the qualified trustee's receipt and the	4168
superintendent's approval to the family trust company.	4169
(D) The superintendent shall approve securities to be	4170
pledged by a family trust company pursuant to this section if	4171
the securities are all of the following:	4172

(1) Interest-bearing and of the value required by division	4173
(A) of this section;	4174
(2) Of one or more of the kinds authorized by division (B)	4175
of this section and not a derivative of or merely an interest in	4176
any of those securities;	4177
(3) Not in default.	4178
(E) The treasurer of state superintendent of financial	4179
institutions shall, with the approval of the superintendent,	4180
permit a family trust company to pledge securities in	4181
substitution for securities pledged pursuant to this section and	4182
the withdrawal of the securities substituted for so long as the	4183
securities remaining pledged satisfy the requirements of	4184
division (A) of this section. The <del>treasurer of state</del>	4185
superintendent shall permit a family trust company to collect	4186
interest paid on securities pledged pursuant to this section so	4187
long as the family trust company is solvent. The treasurer of	4188
state superintendent shall, with the approval of the	4189
superintendent, permit a licensed family trust company to	4190
withdraw securities pledged pursuant to this section when the	4191
family trust company has discontinued its business as a licensed	4192
family trust company in this state.	4193
(F) For purposes of this section, a qualified trustee is a	4194
federal reserve bank, a federal home loan bank, a trust company	4195
as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised Code, or a bank or	4196
savings association that has pledged securities pursuant to	4197
section 1111.04 of the Revised Code, is authorized to accept and	4198
execute trusts, and is doing business under authority granted by	4199
the comptroller of the currency.	4200
(G) The superintendent, with the approval of the treasurer	4201

of state, shall prescribe the form of all receipts and	4202
acknowledgments provided for by this section, and upon request	4203
shall furnish a copy of each form, with the superintendent's	4204
certification attached, to each qualified trustee eligible to	4205
hold securities for safekeeping under this section.	4206
Sec. 1315.54. (A) The attorney general may conduct	4207
investigations within or outside this state to determine if a	4208
money transmitter or person engaged in a trade or business has	4209
failed to file a report required by section 1315.53 of the	4210
Revised Code or has engaged or is engaging in an act, practice,	4211
or transaction that constitutes a violation of a provision of	4212
sections 1315.51 to 1315.55 of the Revised Code.	4213
(B) On request of the attorney general, a money	4214
transmitter shall make the money transmitter's books and records	4215
available to the attorney general during normal business hours	4216
for inspection and examination in connection with an	4217
investigation conducted under this section. No person shall	4218
purposely fail to comply with this division.	4219
(C) Any record or other document or information obtained	4220
by the attorney general pursuant to an investigation conducted	4221
under this section is not a public record subject to section	4222
149.43 of the Revised Code and is not subject to disclosure.	4223
(D) This section does not apply to any bank, bank holding	4224
company, or affiliate of a bank or bank holding company, or to	4225
any savings and loan association, savings and loan holding	4226
company, or affiliate of a savings and loan association or	4227
savings and loan holding company that is subject to examination	4228
by the comptroller of the currency, the federal reserve, or the	4229
federal deposit insurance corporation, or to any savings and	4230

loan association, savings and loan holding company, or affiliate

of a savings and loan association or savings and loan holding	4232
company, that is subject to examination by the office of thrift-	4233
supervision.	4234
Sec. 1345.01. As used in sections 1345.01 to 1345.13 of	4235
the Revised Code:	4236
(A) "Consumer transaction" means a sale, lease,	4237
assignment, award by chance, or other transfer of an item of	4238
goods, a service, a franchise, or an intangible, to an	4239
individual for purposes that are primarily personal, family, or	4240
household, or solicitation to supply any of these things.	4241
"Consumer transaction" does not include transactions between	4242
persons, defined in sections 4905.03 and 5725.01 of the Revised	4243
Code, and their customers, except for transactions involving a	4244
loan made pursuant to sections 1321.35 to 1321.48 of the Revised	4245
Code and transactions in connection with residential mortgages	4246
between loan officers, mortgage brokers, or nonbank mortgage	4247
lenders and their customers; transactions involving a home	4248
construction service contract as defined in section 4722.01 of	4249
the Revised Code; transactions between certified public	4250
accountants or public accountants and their clients;	4251
transactions between attorneys, physicians, or dentists and	4252
their clients or patients; and transactions between	4253
veterinarians and their patients that pertain to medical	4254
treatment but not ancillary services.	4255
(B) "Person" includes an individual, corporation,	4256
government, governmental subdivision or agency, business trust,	4257
estate, trust, partnership, association, cooperative, or other	4258
legal entity.	4259
(C) "Supplier" means a seller, lessor, assignor,	4260
franchisor, or other person engaged in the business of effecting	4261

or soliciting consumer transactions, whether or not the person	4262
deals directly with the consumer. If the consumer transaction is	4263
in connection with a residential mortgage, "supplier" does not	4264
include an assignee or purchaser of the loan for value, except	4265
as otherwise provided in section 1345.091 of the Revised Code.	4266
For purposes of this division, in a consumer transaction in	4267
connection with a residential mortgage, "seller" means a loan	4268
officer, mortgage broker, or nonbank mortgage lender.	4269

- (D) "Consumer" means a person who engages in a consumer 4270 transaction with a supplier. 4271
- (E) "Knowledge" means actual awareness, but such actual 4272 awareness may be inferred where objective manifestations 4273 indicate that the individual involved acted with such awareness. 4274
- (F) "Natural gas service" means the sale of natural gas, 4275 exclusive of any distribution or ancillary service. 4276
- (G) "Public telecommunications service" means the 4277 transmission by electromagnetic or other means, other than by a 4278 telephone company as defined in section 4927.01 of the Revised 4279 Code, of signs, signals, writings, images, sounds, messages, or 4280 data originating in this state regardless of actual call 4281 4282 routing. "Public telecommunications service" excludes a system, including its construction, maintenance, or operation, for the 4283 provision of telecommunications service, or any portion of such 4284 service, by any entity for the sole and exclusive use of that 4285 entity, its parent, a subsidiary, or an affiliated entity, and 4286 not for resale, directly or indirectly; the provision of 4287 terminal equipment used to originate telecommunications service; 4288 broadcast transmission by radio, television, or satellite 4289 broadcast stations regulated by the federal government; or cable 4290 television service. 4291

(H)(1) "Loan officer" means an individual who for	4292
compensation or gain, or in anticipation of compensation or	4293
gain, takes or offers to take a residential mortgage loan	4294
application; assists or offers to assist a buyer in obtaining or	4295
applying to obtain a residential mortgage loan by, among other	4296
things, advising on loan terms, including rates, fees, and other	4297
costs; offers or negotiates terms of a residential mortgage	4298
loan; or issues or offers to issue a commitment for a	4299
residential mortgage loan. "Loan officer" also includes a	4300
mortgage loan originator as defined in section 1322.01 of the	4301
Revised Code.	4302

- (2) "Loan officer" does not include an employee of a bank, 4303 savings bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or 4304 credit union service organization organized under the laws of 4305 this state, another state, or the United States; an employee of 4306 a subsidiary of such a bank, savings bank, savings and loan 4307 association, or credit union; or an employee of an affiliate 4308 that (a) controls, is controlled by, or is under common control 4309 with, such a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, 4310 or credit union and (b) is subject to examination, supervision, 4311 and regulation, including with respect to the affiliate's 4312 compliance with applicable consumer protection requirements, by 4313 the board of governors of the federal reserve system, the 4314 comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift supervision, 4315 the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the national 4316 credit union administration. 4317
- (I) "Residential mortgage" or "mortgage" means an

  4318
  obligation to pay a sum of money evidenced by a note and secured

  4319
  by a lien upon real property located within this state

  4320
  containing two or fewer residential units or on which two or

  4321
  fewer residential units are to be constructed and includes such

  4322

an obligation on a residential condominium or cooperative unit.	4323
(J)(1) "Mortgage broker" means any of the following:	4324
(a) A person that holds that person out as being able to	4325
assist a buyer in obtaining a mortgage and charges or receives	4326
from either the buyer or lender money or other valuable	4327
consideration readily convertible into money for providing this	4328
assistance;	4329
(b) A person that solicits financial and mortgage	4330
information from the public, provides that information to a	4331
mortgage broker or a person that makes residential mortgage	4332
loans, and charges or receives from either of them money or	4333
other valuable consideration readily convertible into money for	4334
providing the information;	4335
(c) A person engaged in table-funding or warehouse-lending	4336
mortgage loans that are residential mortgage loans.	4337
(2) "Mortgage broker" does not include a bank, savings	4338
bank, savings and loan association, credit union, or credit	4339
union service organization organized under the laws of this	4340
state, another state, or the United States; a subsidiary of such	4341
a bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit	4342
union; an affiliate that (a) controls, is controlled by, or is	4343
under common control with, such a bank, savings bank, savings	4344
and loan association, or credit union and (b) is subject to	4345
examination, supervision, and regulation, including with respect	4346
to the affiliate's compliance with applicable consumer	4347
protection requirements, by the board of governors of the	4348
federal reserve system, the comptroller of the currency, the	4349
office of thrift supervision, the federal deposit insurance	4350
corporation, or the national credit union administration; or an	4351

employee of any such entity.	4352
(K) "Nonbank mortgage lender" means any person that	4353
engages in a consumer transaction in connection with a	4354
residential mortgage, except for a bank, savings bank, savings	4355
and loan association, credit union, or credit union service	4356
organization organized under the laws of this state, another	4357
state, or the United States; a subsidiary of such a bank,	4358
savings bank, savings and loan association, or credit union; or	4359
an affiliate that (1) controls, is controlled by, or is under	4360
common control with, such a bank, savings bank, savings and loan	4361
association, or credit union and (2) is subject to examination,	4362
supervision, and regulation, including with respect to the	4363
affiliate's compliance with applicable consumer protection	4364
requirements, by the board of governors of the federal reserve	4365
system, the comptroller of the currency, the office of thrift	4366
supervision, the federal deposit insurance corporation, or the	4367
national credit union administration.	4368
(L) For purposes of divisions (H), (J), and (K) of this	4369
section:	4370
(1) "Control" of another entity means ownership, control,	4371
or power to vote twenty-five per cent or more of the outstanding	4372
shares of any class of voting securities of the other entity,	4373
directly or indirectly or acting through one or more other	4374
persons.	4375
(2) "Credit union service organization" means a CUSO as	4376
defined in 12 C.F.R. 702.2.	4377
Sec. 1501.04. The performance cash bond refunds fund is	4378
created in the state treasury. The fund shall consist of money	4379
received by the department of natural resources from other	4380

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entities as performance security. Upon the completion of work or	4381
satisfaction of terms for which the performance cash bond was	4382
required, the money shall be refunded to the pledging entity. If	4383
the performance cash bond is forfeited, the money shall be	4384
transferred to the appropriate fund within the state treasury.	4385
Sec. 1501.10. Advertisement for bids for the leasing of	4386
public service facilities in state parks shall be published in	4387
any newspaper of general circulation in Franklin county and each	4388
county in which the facility to be leased is situated. The	4389
publication shall be made once each week for four consecutive	4390
weeks prior to the date fixed for the acceptance of the bids.	4391
The notice shall set forth the pertinent facts concerning the	4392
facility to be leased and the periods of required operation	4393
during the year and shall refer to the terms and conditions that	4394
the lease shall include, which shall be on file in the office of	4395
the director of natural resources and open to public inspection,	4396
except that questionnaires and financial statements submitted	4397
under this section shall be confidential and shall not be open	4398
to public inspection.	4399
The public service facilities may be leased for a period	4400
of years that may be determined by the director, provided that	4401
the director, at the expiration of the original lease, without	4402
advertisement for bids, may grant the lessee a renewal of the	4403
lease for an additional period not to exceed four years. Leases	4404
executed under this section may contain any provisions that the	4405
director considers necessary, provided that the following	4406
provisions shall be contained in the leases:	4407
(A) The lessee shall be responsible for keeping the	4408
facilities in good condition and repair, reasonable wear and	4409

tear and damages caused by casualty or acts beyond the control

of the lessee excepted.

(B) The lessee shall operate the facilities for periods 4412 during the year that the director determines are necessary to 4413 satisfy the needs of the people of the state, provided that the 4414 periods of required operation shall be set forth in the notice 4415 for the acceptance of bids.

(C) The lessee, upon the execution of the lease, shall 4417 furnish surety to ensure that the lessee shall perform fully all 4418 terms of the lease. The surety shall be in the form of a 4419 performance bond, an irrevocable letter of credit to the state, 4420 cash, or negotiable certificates of deposit of any bank or 4421 savings and loan association organized or transacting business 4422 in the United States. The cash, market value of the certificates 4423 of deposit, or face value of the irrevocable letter of credit 4424 shall be equal to or greater than the amount of the bond 4425 prescribed by the director in the lease. 4426

4427 Immediately upon a deposit of If the lessee deposits cash or certificates of deposit, the director cash shall deliver them 4428 4429 to the treasurer of state, who shall be responsible for their safekeeping and hold them in trust for the purposes for which-4430 they have been deposited credited to the performance cash bond 4431 refunds fund created in section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. A 4432 lessee making a deposit of cash or certificates of deposit may 4433 withdraw and receive, from the treasurer of state, on the 4434 written order of the director, all or any portion of the cash or 4435 certificates of deposit upon depositing with the treasurer of 4436 state cash or director negotiable certificates of deposit issued 4437 by any bank organized or transacting business in this state 4438 equal in par value to the par value of the cash or certificates 4439 of deposit withdrawn. A lessee may demand and receive from the 4440

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treasurer of state director all interest or other income from	4441
any such certificates as it becomes due.	4442
The director may lease any public service facilities in	4443
state parks to the person who submits the highest and best bid	4444
under the terms set forth in this section and in accordance with	4445
	-
the rules of the director, taking into account the financial	4446
responsibility and the ability of the lessee to operate the	4447
facilities. Bids shall be sealed and opened at a date and time	4448
certain, published in advance.	4449
This section does not apply to a lease and contract	4450
executed under section 1501.012 of the Revised Code.	4451
0 - 1500 05 (7) The ship of the 1' is in a 5 5 control	4450
Sec. 1503.05. (A) The chief of the division of forestry	4452
may sell timber and other forest products from the state forest,	4453
state forest nurseries, and federal lands in accordance with the	4454
terms of an agreement under section 1503.271 of the Revised Code	4455
whenever the chief considers such a sale desirable. With the	4456
approval of the attorney general and the director of natural	4457
resources, the chief may sell portions of the state forest lands	4458
when such a sale is advantageous to the state.	4459
(B) Except as otherwise provided in this section, a timber	4460
sale agreement shall not be executed unless the person or	4461
governmental entity bidding on the sale executes and files a	4462
surety bond conditioned on completion of the timber sale in	4463
accordance with the terms of the agreement in an amount	4464
determined by the chief. All bonds shall be given in a form	4465
prescribed by the chief and shall run to the state as obligee.	4466
First 2, one ontol and chart run to the boate ab obligee.	1100
The chief shall not approve any bond until it is	4467

personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety,

or as to either by the attorney in fact thereof, with a

certified copy of the power of attorney attached. The chief	4470
shall not approve the bond unless there is attached a	4471
certificate of the superintendent of insurance that the company	4472
is authorized to transact a fidelity and surety business in this	4473
state.	4474
In lieu of a bond, the bidder may deposit <del>any of the</del>	4475
following:	4476
rorron ring.	1170
(1) Cash in an amount equal to the amount of the bond;	4477
(2) United States government securities having a par value	4478
equal to or greater than the amount of the bond;	4479
(3) Negotiable cash, negotiable certificates of deposit,	4480
or irrevocable letters of credit issued by any bank organized or	4481
transacting business in this state having a par value equal to	4482
or greater than the amount of the bond.	4483
The cash or securities shall be deposited on the same	4484
terms as bonds. If one or more certificates of deposit are	4485
deposited in lieu of a bond, the chief shall require the bank	4486
that issued any of the certificates to pledge securities of the	4487
aggregate market value equal to the amount of the certificate or	4488
certificates that is in excess of the amount insured by the	4489
federal deposit insurance corporation. The securities to be	4490
pledged shall be those designated as eligible under section	4491
135.18 of the Revised Code. The securities shall be security for	4492
the repayment of the certificate or certificates of deposit.	4493
Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, securities,	4494
certificates of deposit, or <u>irrevocable</u> letters of credit	4495
described in division (B) of this section, the chief shall	4496
deliver them to the treasurer of state, who shall hold them in	4497
trust for the purposes for which they have been deposited. The	4498
the purposed for miles oney have been deposited. The	1150

cash as the bidder designates.

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deposits. If the bidder deposits cash, the cash shall be	4500
credited to the performance cash bond refunds fund created in	4501
section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. If the bidder deposits	4502
certificates of deposit or letters of credit, the chief is	4503
responsible for the safekeeping of those certificates or	4504
<u>letters.</u> A bidder making a deposit of cash, <del>securities,</del>	4505
certificates of deposit, or letters of credit may withdraw and	4506
receive, from the treasurer of state, on the written order of	4507
the chief, all or any portion of the cash, securities,	4508
certificates of deposit, or letters of credit upon depositing	4509
with the treasurer of state cash, other United States government	4510
securities, or chief other negotiable certificates of deposit or	4511
irrevocable letters of credit—issued by any bank organized or-	4512
transacting business in this state, that are equal in par value	4513
to the par value of the cash, securities, certificates of	4514
deposit, or letters of credit withdrawn.	4515
A bidder that deposits negotiable certificates of deposit	4516
may demand and receive from the treasurer of state chief all	4517
interest or other income from any such securities or	4518
certificates certificate as it becomes due. If securities	4519
certificates so deposited with and in the possession of the	4520
treasurer of state chief mature or are called for payment by	4521
their issuer, the treasurer of statechief, at the request of the	4522
bidder who deposited them, shall convert the proceeds of the	4523
redemption or payment of the securities into other United States	4524
government securities, negotiable certificates of deposit, or	4525

When the chief finds that a person or governmental agency

has failed to comply with the conditions of the person's or

governmental agency's bond, the chief shall make a finding of

treasurer of state is responsible for the safekeeping of the

that fact and declare the bond, cash, securities, certificates,	4530
or letters of credit forfeited. The chief thereupon shall	4531
certify the total forfeiture to the attorney general, who shall	4532
proceed to collect the amount of the bond, cash, securities,	4533
certificates, or letters of credit.	4534
In lieu of total forfeiture, the surety, at its option,	4535
may cause the timber sale to be completed or pay to the	4536
treasurer of state chief the cost thereof.	4537
All money collected as a result of forfeitures of bonds,	4538
cash, securities, certificates, and letters of credit under this	4539
section shall be credited to the state forest fund created in	4540
this section.	4541
(C) The chief may grant easements and leases on portions	4542
of the state forest lands and state forest nurseries under terms	4543
that are advantageous to the state, and the chief may grant	4544
mineral rights on a royalty basis on those lands and nurseries,	4545
with the approval of the attorney general and the director.	4546
(D) All money received from the sale of state forest	4547
lands, or in payment for easements or leases on or as rents from	4548
those lands or from state forest nurseries, shall be paid into	4549
the state treasury to the credit of the state forest fund, which	4550
is hereby created. In addition, all money received from federal	4551
grants, payments, and reimbursements, from the sale of	4552
reforestation tree stock, from the sale of forest products,	4553
other than standing timber, and from the sale of minerals taken	4554
from the state forest lands and state forest nurseries, together	4555
with royalties from mineral rights, shall be paid into the state	4556
treasury to the credit of the state forest fund. Any other	4557
revenues derived from the operation of the state forests and	4558

related facilities or equipment also shall be paid into the

state treasury to the credit of the state forest fund, as shall	4560
contributions received for the issuance of Smokey Bear license	4561
plates under section 4503.574 of the Revised Code and any other	4562
money required by law to be deposited in the fund. Any revenue	4563
generated from agreements entered into under section 1503.271 of	4564
the Revised Code shall be deposited in the fund.	4565

The state forest fund shall not be expended for any 4566 purpose other than the administration, operation, maintenance, 4567 development, or utilization of the state forests, forest 4568 nurseries, and forest programs; for facilities or equipment 4569 incident to them; for the further purchase of lands for state 4570 forest or forest nursery purposes; for wildfire suppression 4571 payments; for fire prevention purposes in the case of 4572 contributions received pursuant to section 4503.574 of the 4573 Revised Code; or for forest management projects associated with 4574 federal lands in the case of revenues received pursuant to 4575 agreements entered into under section 1503.271 of the Revised 4576 Code. 4577

(E) All money received from the sale of standing timber 4578 taken from state forest lands and state forest nurseries shall 4579 be deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the 4580 forestry holding account redistribution fund, which is hereby 4581 created. The money shall remain in the fund until they are 4582 redistributed in accordance with this division. 4583

The redistribution shall occur at least once each year. To

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begin the redistribution, the chief first shall determine the

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amount of all standing timber sold from state forest lands and

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state forest nurseries, together with the amount of the total

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sale proceeds, in each county, in each township within the

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county, and in each school district within the county. The chief

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next shall determine the amount of the direct costs that the	4590
division of forestry incurred in association with the sale of	4591
that standing timber. The amount of the direct costs shall be	4592
subtracted from the amount of the total sale proceeds and shall	4593
be transferred from the forestry holding account redistribution	4594
fund to the state forest fund.	4595

The remaining amount of the total sale proceeds equals the net value of the standing timber that was sold. The chief shall determine the net value of standing timber sold from state forest lands and state forest nurseries in each county, in each township within the county, and in each school district within the county and shall send to each county treasurer a copy of the determination at the time that money is paid to the county treasurer under this division.

Thirty-five per cent of the net value of standing timber sold from state forest lands and state forest nurseries located in a county shall be transferred from the forestry holding account redistribution fund to the state forest fund. The remaining sixty-five per cent of the net value shall be transferred from the forestry holding account redistribution fund and paid to the county treasurer for the use of the general fund of that county.

The county auditor shall do all of the following:

- (1) Retain for the use of the general fund of the countyone-fourth of the amount received by the county under division(E) of this section;4615
- (2) Pay into the general fund of any township located 4616 within the county and containing such lands and nurseries one- 4617 fourth of the amount received by the county from standing timber 4618

sold from lands and nurseries located in the township;	4619
(3) Request the board of education of any school district	4620
located within the county and containing such lands and	4621
nurseries to identify which fund or funds of the district should	4622
receive the money available to the school district under	4623
division (E)(3) of this section. After receiving notice from the	4624
board, the county auditor shall pay into the fund or funds so	4625
identified one-half of the amount received by the county from	4626
standing timber sold from lands and nurseries located in the	4627
school district, distributed proportionately as identified by	4628
the board.	4629
The division of forestry shall not supply logs, lumber, or	4630
other forest products or minerals, taken from the state forest	4631
lands or state forest nurseries, to any other agency or	4632
subdivision of the state unless payment is made therefor in the	4633
amount of the actual prevailing value thereof. This section is	4634
applicable to the money so received.	4635
(F) The chief may enter into a personal service contract	4636
for consulting services to assist the chief with the sale of	4637
timber or other forest products and related inventory.	4638
Compensation for consulting services shall be paid from the	4639
proceeds of the sale of timber or other forest products and	4640
related inventory that are the subject of the personal service	4641
contract.	4642
Sec. 1509.07. (A)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (A)	4643
(1) (b) or (A) (2) of this section, an owner of any well, except	4644
an exempt Mississippian well or an exempt domestic well, shall	4645
obtain liability insurance coverage from a company authorized or	4646
approved to do business in this state in an amount of not less	4647
than one million dollars bodily injury coverage and property	4648

damage coverage to pay damages for injury to persons or damage	4649
to property caused by the drilling, operation, or plugging of	4650
all the owner's wells in this state. However, if any well is	4651
located within an urbanized area, the owner shall obtain	4652
liability insurance coverage in an amount of not less than three	4653
million dollars for bodily injury coverage and property damage	4654
coverage to pay damages for injury to persons or damage to	4655
property caused by the drilling, operation, or plugging of all	4656
of the owner's wells in this state.	4657

- (b) A board of county commissioners of a county that is an 4658 owner of a well or a board of township trustees of a township 4659 that is an owner of a well may elect to satisfy the liability 4660 coverage requirements specified in division (A)(1)(a) of this 4661 section by participating in a joint self-insurance pool in 4662 accordance with the requirements established under section 4663 2744.081 of the Revised Code. Nothing in division (A)(1)(b) of 4664 this section shall be construed to allow an entity, other than a 4665 county or township, to participate in a joint self-insurance 4666 pool to satisfy the liability coverage requirements specified in 4667 division (A)(1)(a) of this section. 4668
- (2) An owner of a horizontal well shall obtain liability 4669 insurance coverage from an insurer authorized to write such 4670 insurance in this state or from an insurer approved to write 4671 such insurance in this state under section 3905.33 of the 4672 Revised Code in an amount of not less than five million dollars 4673 bodily injury coverage and property damage coverage to pay 4674 damages for injury to persons or damage to property caused by 4675 the production operations of all the owner's wells in this 4676 state. The insurance policy shall include a reasonable level of 4677 coverage available for an environmental endorsement. 4678

- (3) An owner shall maintain the coverage required under 4679 division (A)(1) or (2) of this section until all the owner's 4680 wells are plugged and abandoned or are transferred to an owner 4681 who has obtained insurance as required under this section and 4682 who is not under a notice of material and substantial violation 4683 or under a suspension order. The owner shall provide proof of 4684 liability insurance coverage to the chief of the division of oil 4685 and gas resources management upon request. Upon failure of the 4686 owner to provide that proof when requested, the chief may order 4687 the suspension of any outstanding permits and operations of the 4688 owner until the owner provides proof of the required insurance 4689 coverage. 4690
- (B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, an 4691 owner of any well, before being issued a permit under section 4692 1509.06 of the Revised Code or before operating or producing 4693 from a well, shall execute and file with the division of oil and 4694 gas resources management a surety bond conditioned on compliance 4695 with the restoration requirements of section 1509.072, the 4696 plugging requirements of section 1509.12, the permit provisions 4697 of section 1509.13 of the Revised Code, and all rules and orders 4698 of the chief relating thereto, in an amount set by rule of the 4699 chief. 4700
- (2) The owner may deposit with the chief, instead of a 4701 surety bond, cash in an amount equal to the surety bond as 4702 prescribed pursuant to this section or negotiable certificates 4703 of deposit or irrevocable letters of credit, issued by any bank 4704 organized or transacting business in this state, having a cash 4705 value equal to or greater than the amount of the surety bond as 4706 prescribed pursuant to this section. Cash or certificates of 4707 4708 deposit shall be deposited upon the same terms as those upon which surety bonds may be deposited. If the owner deposits cash, 4709

the cash shall be credited to the performance cash bond refunds	4710
fund created in section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. If the	4711
owner deposits certificates of deposit are deposited with the	4712
chief instead of a surety bond, the chief shall require the bank	4713
that issued any such certificate to pledge securities of a cash	4714
value equal to the amount of the certificate that is in excess	4715
of the amount insured by <del>any of the agencies and</del>	4716
instrumentalities created under the "Federal Deposit Insurance-	4717
Act," 64 Stat. 873 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1811, as amended, and	4718
regulations adopted under it, including at least—the federal	4719
deposit insurance corporation. The securities shall be security	4720
for the repayment of the certificate of deposit.	4721

Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, certificates of deposit, or letters of credit with the chief, the chief shall deliver them to the treasurer of state who shall hold them in trust for the purposes for which they have been deposited. 4725

(3) Instead of a surety bond, the chief may accept proof 4726 of financial responsibility consisting of a sworn financial 4727 statement showing a net financial worth within this state equal 4728 to twice the amount of the bond for which it substitutes and, as 4729 may be required by the chief, a list of producing properties of 4730 the owner within this state or other evidence showing ability 4731 and intent to comply with the law and rules concerning 4732 restoration and plugging that may be required by rule of the 4733 chief. The owner of an exempt Mississippian well is not required 4734 to file scheduled updates of the financial documents, but shall 4735 file updates of those documents if requested to do so by the 4736 chief. The owner of a nonexempt Mississippian well shall file 4737 updates of the financial documents in accordance with a schedule 4738 established by rule of the chief. The chief, upon determining 4739 that an owner for whom the chief has accepted proof of financial 4740

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responsibility instead of bond cannot demonstrate financial	4741
responsibility, shall order that the owner execute and file a	4742
bond or deposit cash, certificates of deposit, or irrevocable	4743
letters of credit as required by this section for the wells	4744
specified in the order within ten days of receipt of the order.	4745
If the order is not complied with, all wells of the owner that	4746
are specified in the order and for which no bond is filed or	4747
cash, certificates of deposit, or letters of credit are	4748
deposited shall be plugged. No owner shall fail or refuse to	4749
plug such a well. Each day on which such a well remains	4750
unplugged thereafter constitutes a separate offense.	4751

(4) The surety bond provided for in this section shall be 4752 executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this 4753 state.

The chief shall not approve any bond until it is personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety, or as to either by the principal's or surety's attorney in fact, with a certified copy of the power of attorney attached thereto. The chief shall not approve a bond unless there is attached a certificate of the superintendent of insurance that the company is authorized to transact a fidelity and surety business in this state.

All bonds shall be given in a form to be prescribed by the chief and shall run to the state as obligee.

(5) An owner of an exempt Mississippian well or an exempt 4765 domestic well, in lieu of filing a surety bond, cash in an 4766 amount equal to the surety bond, certificates of deposit, 4767 irrevocable letters of credit, or a sworn financial statement, 4768 may file a one-time fee of fifty dollars, which shall be 4769 deposited in the oil and gas well plugging fund created in 4770

section 1509.071 of the Revised Code.

(C) An owner, operator, producer, or other person shall

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not operate a well or produce from a well at any time if the

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owner, operator, producer, or other person has not satisfied the

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requirements established in this section.

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Sec. 1509.225. (A) Before being issued a registration 4776 certificate under section 1509.222 of the Revised Code, an 4777 applicant shall execute and file with the division of oil and 4778 gas resources management a surety bond for fifteen thousand 4779 dollars to provide compensation for damage and injury resulting 4780 from transporters' violations of sections 1509.22, 1509.222, and 4781 1509.223 of the Revised Code, all rules and orders of the chief 4782 of the division of oil and gas resources management relating 4783 thereto, and all terms and conditions of the registration 4784 certificate imposed thereunder. The applicant may deposit with 4785 the chief, in lieu of a surety bond, cash in an amount equal to 4786 the surety bond as prescribed in this section, or negotiable 4787 certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized or 4788 transacting business in this state having a cash value equal to 4789 or greater than the amount of the surety bond as prescribed in 4790 this section. Cash or certificates of deposit shall be deposited 4791 4792 upon the same terms as those upon which surety bonds may be deposited, and the chief shall hold them in trust for the 4793 purposes for which they have been deposited. If the applicant 4794 deposits cash, the cash shall be credited to the performance 4795 cash bond refunds fund created in section 1501.04 of the Revised 4796 Code. If the applicant deposits certificates of deposit-are-4797 deposited with the chief in lieu of a surety bond, the chief 4798 shall require the bank that issued any such certificate to 4799 pledge securities of a cash value equal to the amount of the 4800 certificate that is in excess of the amount insured by any of 4801

the agencies and instrumentalities created under the "Federal	4802
Deposit Insurance Act," 64 Stat. 873 (1950), 12 U.S.C. 1811, as-	4803
amended, and regulations adopted under it, including at least-	4804
the federal deposit insurance <del>corporation.</del>	4805

Such corporation. Such securities shall be security for
the repayment of the certificate of deposit. Immediately upon a

deposit of cash or certificates with the chief, the chief shall
deliver it to the treasurer of state who shall hold it in trust

for the purposes for which it has been deposited.

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- (B) The surety bond provided for in this section shall be 4811 executed by a surety company authorized to do business in this 4812 state. The chief shall not approve any bond until it is 4813 personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety, 4814 or as to either by an attorney in fact, with a certified copy of 4815 the power of attorney attached thereto. The chief shall not 4816 approve the bond unless there is attached a certificate of the 4817 superintendent of insurance that the company is authorized to 4818 transact a fidelity and surety business in this state. All bonds 4819 shall be given in a form to be prescribed by the chief. 4820
- (C) If a registered transporter is found liable for a 4821 violation of section 1509.22, 1509.222, or 1509.223 of the 4822 Revised Code or a rule, order, or term or condition of a 4823 certificate involving, in any case, damage or injury to persons 4824 or property, or both, the court may order the forfeiture of any 4825 portion of the bond, cash, or other securities required by this 4826 section in full or partial payment of damages to the person to 4827 whom the damages are due. The treasurer of state and the chief 4828 shall deliver the bond or any cash or other securities deposited 4829 in lieu of bond, as specified in the court's order, to the 4830 person to whom the damages are due; however, execution against 4831

the bond, cash, or other securities, if necessary, is the	4832
responsibility of the person to whom the damages are due. The	4833
chief shall not release the bond, cash, or securities required	4834
by this section except by court order or until the registration	4835
is terminated.	4836

Sec. 1514.04. (A) Upon receipt of notification from the 4837 chief of the division of mineral resources management of the 4838 chief's intent to issue an order granting a surface or in-stream 4839 mining permit to the applicant, the applicant shall file a 4840 4841 surety bond, cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or certificates of deposit in the amount, unless otherwise provided 4842 by rule, of ten thousand dollars. If the amount of land to be 4843 affected is more than twenty acres, the applicant also shall 4844 file a surety bond, cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or 4845 certificates of deposit in the amount of five hundred dollars 4846 per acre of land to be affected that exceeds twenty acres. Upon 4847 receipt of notification from the chief of the chief's intent to 4848 issue an order granting an amendment to a surface or in-stream 4849 mining permit, the applicant shall file a surety bond, cash, an 4850 irrevocable letter of credit, or certificates of deposit in the 4851 amount required in this division. 4852

In the case of a surface mining permit, the bond shall be
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filed based on the number of acres estimated to be affected
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during the first year of operation under the permit. In the case
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of an amendment to a surface mining permit, the bond shall be
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filed based on the number of acres estimated to be affected
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during the balance of the period until the next anniversary date
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of the permit.

In the case of an in-stream mining permit, the bond shall 4860 be filed based on the number of acres of land within the limits 4861

of the in-stream mining permit for the entire permit period. In	4862
the case of an amendment to an in-stream mining permit, the bond	4863
shall be filed based on the number of any additional acres of	4864
land to be affected within the limits of the in-stream mining	4865
permit.	4866

(B) A surety bond filed pursuant to this section and 4867 sections 1514.02 and 1514.03 of the Revised Code shall be upon 4868 the form that the chief prescribes and provides and shall be 4869 signed by the operator as principal and by a surety company 4870 authorized to transact business in the state as surety. The bond 4871 shall be payable to the state and shall be conditioned upon the 4872 faithful performance by the operator of all things to be done 4873 and performed by the operator as provided in this chapter and 4874 the rules and orders of the chief adopted or issued pursuant 4875 thereto. 4876

The operator may deposit with the chief, in lieu of a 4877 surety bond, cash in an amount equal to the surety bond as 4878 prescribed in this section or an irrevocable letter of credit or 4879 negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized 4880 or transacting business in this state having a cash value equal 4881 to or greater than the amount of the surety bond as prescribed 4882 in this section. Cash or certificates of deposit shall be 4883 deposited upon the same terms as the terms upon which surety 4884 bonds may be deposited. If the operator deposits cash, the cash 4885 shall be credited to the performance cash bond refunds fund 4886 created in section 1501.04 of the Revised Code. If one or more-4887 the operator deposits certificates of deposit- are deposited with 4888 the chief in lieu of a surety bond, the chief shall require the 4889 bank that issued any such certificate to pledge securities of a 4890 cash value equal to the amount of the certificate, or-4891 certificates, that is in excess of the amount insured by the 4892 federal deposit insurance corporation. The securities shall be 4893 security for the repayment of the certificate of deposit. 4894

- (C) Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, a letter of 4895 credit, or certificates with the chief, the chief shall <del>deliver</del> 4896 it to the treasurer of state who shall hold it in trust for the 4897 purposes for which it has been deposited. The treasurer of state-4898 chief shall be responsible for the safekeeping of such deposits. 4899 An operator making a deposit of cash, a letter of credit, or 4900 certificates of deposit may withdraw and receive, from the 4901 4902 treasurer of state, on the written order of the chief, all or any part of the cash, letter of credit, or certificates in the 4903 possession of the treasurer of statechief, upon depositing with 4904 the treasurer of state cash, or chief an irrevocable letter of 4905 credit or negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank 4906 organized or transacting business in this state, equal in value 4907 to the value of the cash, letter of credit, or certificates 4908 withdrawn. An operator may demand and receive from the treasurer 4909 of state chief all interest or other income from any 4910 certificates as it becomes due. If certificates deposited with 4911 and in the possession of the treasurer of state chief mature or 4912 are called for payment by the issuer thereof, the treasurer of 4913 statechief, at the request of the operator who deposited them, 4914 shall convert the proceeds of the redemption or payment of the 4915 certificates into such other negotiable certificates of deposit 4916 issued by any bank organized or transacting business in this 4917 state or cash, as may be designated by the operator. 4918
- (D) A governmental agency, as defined in division (A) of 4919 section 1514.022 of the Revised Code, or a board or commission 4920 that derives its authority from a governmental agency shall not 4921 require a surface or in-stream mining operator to file a surety 4922 bond or any other form of financial assurance for the 4923

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reclamation of	land to be a	ffected by a	a surface or	in-stream 4	924
mining operation	on authorized	under this	chapter.	4 9	925

Sec. 1514.05. (A) At any time within the period allowed an 4926 operator by section 1514.02 of the Revised Code to reclaim an 4927 area of land affected by surface or in-stream mining, the 4928 operator may file a request, on a form provided by the chief of 4929 the division of mineral resources management, for inspection of 4930 the area of land upon which the reclamation, other than any 4931 required planting, is completed. The request shall include all 4932 of the following: 4933

- (1) The location of the area and number of acres;
- (2) The permit number;

(3) A map showing the location of the acres reclaimed,
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prepared and certified in accordance with division (A)(11) or
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(12) of section 1514.02 of the Revised Code, as appropriate. In
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the case of an in-stream mining operation, the map also shall
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include, as applicable, the information required under division
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(A)(18) of section 1514.02 of the Revised Code.
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The chief shall make an inspection and evaluation of the 4942 reclamation of the area of land for which the request was 4943 submitted within ninety days after receipt of the request or, if 4944 the operator fails to complete the reclamation or file the 4945 request as required, as soon as the chief learns of the default. 4946 Thereupon, if the chief approves the reclamation, other than any 4947 required planting, as meeting the requirements of this chapter, 4948 rules adopted thereunder, any orders issued during the mining or 4949 reclamation, and the specifications of the plan for mining and 4950 reclaiming, the chief shall issue an order to the operator and 4951 the operator's surety releasing them from liability for one-half 4952

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of the total amount of their surety bond on deposit to ensure	4953
reclamation for the area upon which reclamation is completed. If	4954
the operator has deposited cash, an irrevocable letter of	4955
credit, or certificates of deposit in lieu of a surety bond to	4956
ensure reclamation, the chief shall issue an order deliver to	4957
the operator releasing or the operator's authorized agent one-	4958
half of the amount so held-and promptly shall transmit a	4959
certified copy of the order to the treasurer of state. Upon-	4960

operator to whom it was issued, or by the operator's authorized agent, the treasurer of state shall deliver to the operator or the operator's authorized agent the cash, irrevocable letter of credit, or certificates of deposit designated in the order.

If the chief does not approve the reclamation, other than 4966 any required planting, the chief shall notify the operator by 4967 certified mail. The notice shall be an order stating the reasons 4968 for unacceptability, ordering further actions to be taken, and 4969 setting a time limit for compliance. If the operator does not 4970 comply with the order within the time limit specified, the chief 4971 may order an extension of time for compliance after determining 4972 that the operator's noncompliance is for good cause, resulting 4973 4974 from developments partially or wholly beyond the operator's control. If the operator complies within the time limit or the 4975 extension of time granted for compliance, the chief shall order 4976 release of the performance bond in the same manner as in the 4977 case of approval of reclamation, other than any required 4978 planting, by the chief, and the treasurer of statechief shall 4979 proceed as in that case. If the operator does not comply within 4980 the time limit and the chief does not order an extension, or if 4981 the chief orders an extension of time and the operator does not 4982 comply within the extension of time granted for compliance, the 4983

chief shall issue another order declaring that the operator has	4984
failed to reclaim and, if the operator's permit has not already	4985
expired or been revoked, revoking the operator's permit. The	4986
chief shall thereupon proceed under division (C) of this	4987
section.	4988
(B) At any time within the period allowed an operator by	4989
section 1514.02 of the Revised Code to reclaim an area affected	4990
by surface mining, the operator may file a request, on a form	4991
	4991
provided by the chief, for inspection of the area of land on	
which all reclamation, including the successful establishment of	4993
any required planting, is completed. The request shall include	4994
all of the following:	4995
(1) The location of the area and number of acres;	4996
(2) The permit number;	4997
(3) The type and date of any required planting of	4998
vegetative cover and the degree of success of growth;	4999
(4) A map showing the location of the acres reclaimed,	5000
prepared and certified in accordance with division (A)(11) or	5001
(12) of section 1514.02 of the Revised Code, as appropriate. In	5002
the case of an in-stream mining operation, the map also shall	5003
include the information required under division (A)(18) of	5004
section 1514.02 of the Revised Code.	5005
The chief shall make an inspection and evaluation of the	5006
reclamation of the area of land for which the request was	5007
submitted within ninety days after receipt of the request or, if	5008
the operator fails to complete the reclamation or file the	5009
request as required, as soon as the chief learns of the default.	5010
Thereupon, if the chief finds that the reclamation meets the	5011
requirements of this chapter, rules adopted under it, any orders	5012

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issued during the mining and reclamation, and the specifications	5013
of the plan for mining and reclaiming and decides to release any	5014
remaining performance bond on deposit to ensure reclamation of	5015
the area on which reclamation is completed, within ten days of	5016
completing the inspection and evaluation, the chief shall order	5017
release of the remaining performance bond in the same manner as	5018
in the case of approval of reclamation other than required	5019
planting, and the treasurer of statechief shall proceed as in	5020
that case.	5021

If the chief does not approve the reclamation performed by 5022 the operator, the chief shall notify the operator by certified 5023 mail within ninety days of the filing of the application for 5024 inspection or of the date when the chief learns of the default. 5025 The notice shall be an order stating the reasons for 5026 unacceptability, ordering further actions to be taken, and 5027 setting a time limit for compliance. If the operator does not 5028 comply with the order within the time limit specified, the chief 5029 may order an extension of time for compliance after determining 5030 that the operator's noncompliance is for good cause, resulting 5031 from developments partially or wholly beyond the operator's 5032 control. If the operator complies within the time limit or the 5033 extension of time granted for compliance, the chief shall order 5034 release of the remaining performance bond in the same manner as 5035 in the case of approval of reclamation by the chief, and the 5036 treasurer of statechief shall proceed as in that case. If the 5037 operator does not comply within the time limit and the chief 5038 does not order an extension, or if the chief orders an extension 5039 of time and the operator does not comply within the extension of 5040 time granted for compliance, the chief shall issue another order 5041 declaring that the operator has failed to reclaim and, if the 5042 operator's permit has not already expired or been revoked, 5043

revoking the operator's permit.	The chief then shall proceed	5044
under division (C) of this sect	ion.	5045

(C) Upon issuing an order under division (A) or (B) of 5046 this section declaring that the operator has failed to reclaim, 5047 the chief shall make a finding as to the number and location of 5048 the acres of land that the operator has failed to reclaim in the 5049 manner required by this chapter. The chief shall order the 5050 release of the performance bond in the amount of five hundred 5051 dollars per acre for those acres that the chief finds to have 5052 5053 been reclaimed in the manner required by this chapter. The release shall be ordered in the same manner as in the case of 5054 other approval of reclamation by the chief, and the treasurer of 5055 statechief shall proceed as in that case. If the operator has on 5056 deposit cash, an irrevocable letter of credit, or certificates 5057 of deposit to ensure reclamation of the area of the land 5058 affected, the chief at the same time shall issue an order 5059 declaring that the remaining cash, irrevocable letter of credit, 5060 or certificates of deposit are the property of the state and are 5061 available for use by the chief in performing reclamation of the 5062 area and shall proceed in accordance with section 1514.06 of the 5063 Revised Code. 5064

If the operator has on deposit a surety bond to ensure 5065 reclamation of the area of land affected, the chief shall notify 5066 the surety in writing of the operator's default and shall 5067 request the surety to perform the surety's obligation and that 5068 of the operator. The surety, within ten days after receipt of 5069 the notice, shall notify the chief as to whether it intends to 5070 perform those obligations. 5071

If the surety chooses to perform, it shall arrange for 5072 work to begin within thirty days of the day on which it notifies 5073

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the chief of its decision. If the surety completes the work as	5074
required by this chapter, the chief shall issue an order to the	5075
surety releasing the surety from liability under the bond in the	5076
same manner as if the surety were an operator proceeding under	5077
this section. If, after the surety begins the work, the chief	5078
determines that the surety is not carrying the work forward with	5079
reasonable progress, or that it is improperly performing the	5080
work, or that it has abandoned the work or otherwise failed to	5081
perform its obligation and that of the operator, the chief shall	5082
issue an order terminating the right of the surety to perform	5083
the work and demanding payment of the amount due as required by	5084
this chapter.	5085

If the surety chooses not to perform and so notifies the 5086 chief, does not respond to the chief's notice within ten days of 5087 receipt thereof, or fails to begin work within thirty days of 5088 the day it timely notifies the chief of its decision to perform 5089 its obligation and that of the operator, the chief shall issue 5090 an order terminating the right of the surety to perform the work 5091 and demanding payment of the amount due, as required by this 5092 chapter. 5093

Upon receipt of an order of the chief demanding payment of 5094 the amount due, the surety immediately shall deposit with the 5095 chief cash in the full amount due under the order for deposit 5096 with the treasurer of statechief. If the surety fails to make an 5097 immediate deposit, the chief shall certify it to the attorney 5098 general for collection. When the chief has issued an order 5099 terminating the right of the surety and has the cash on deposit, 5100 the cash is the property of the state and is available for use 5101 by the chief, who shall proceed in accordance with section 5102 1514.06 of the Revised Code. 5103

Sec. 1521.061. (A)(1) Except as otherwise provided in this	5104
section, the chief of the division of water resources shall not	5105
issue a construction permit under section 1521.06 of the Revised	5106
Code unless the person or governmental agency applying for the	5107
permit executes and files a surety bond conditioned on	5108
completion of the dam or levee in accordance with the terms of	5109
the permit and the plans and specifications approved by the	5110
chief. Except as provided in division (A)(2) of this section,	5111
the surety bond shall equal:	5112
(a) \$50,000 for the first \$500,000 of the estimated cost	5113
of the project; plus	5114
(b) Twenty-five per cent of the estimated cost for the	5115
next \$4,500,000 of the estimated cost of the project; plus	5116
(c) Ten per cent of the estimated cost that exceeds	5117
\$5,000,000.	5118
(2) The chief may reduce the amount of the required surety	5119
bond to the amount equal to the cost estimate of construction	5120
activities necessary to render the dam nonhazardous if the cost	5121
estimate is provided by the applicant and approved by the chief.	5122
(B) If a permittee requests an extension of the time	5123
period during which a construction permit is valid in accordance	5124
with rules adopted under section 1521.06 of the Revised Code,	5125
the chief shall determine whether the revised construction cost	5126
estimate provided with the request exceeds the original	5127
construction cost estimate that was filed with the chief by more	5128
than twenty-five per cent. If the revised construction cost	5129
estimate exceeds the original construction cost estimate by more	5130
than twenty-five per cent, the chief may require an additional	5131
surety bond to be filed in an amount determined in accordance	5132

with division (A) of this section based on the revised	5133
construction cost estimate.	5134
(C) The chief shall not approve any bond until it is	5135
personally signed and acknowledged by both principal and surety,	5136
or as to either by the attorney in fact thereof, with a	5137
certified copy of the power of attorney attached. The chief	5138
shall not approve the bond unless there is attached a	5139
certificate of the superintendent of insurance that the company	5140
is authorized to transact a fidelity and surety business in this	5141
state.	5142
All bonds shall be given in a form prescribed by the chief	5143
and shall run to the state as obligee.	5144
(D)(1) The applicant may deposit, in lieu of a bond, cash	5145
in an amount equal to the amount of the bond or <del>United States</del>	5146
government securities or negotiable certificates of deposit	5147
issued by any bank organized or transacting business in this	5148
state having a par value equal to or greater than the amount of	5149
the bond. Such cash or securities shall be deposited upon the	5150
same terms as bonds. If one or more certificates of deposit are	5151
deposited in lieu of a bond, the chief shall require the bank	5152
that issued any such certificate to pledge securities of the	5153
aggregate market value equal to the amount of the certificate	5154
that is in excess of the amount insured by the federal deposit	5155
insurance corporation. The securities to be pledged shall be	5156
those designated as eligible under section 135.18 of the Revised	5157
Code. The securities shall be security for the repayment of the	5158
certificate of deposit.	5159
(2) Immediately upon Upon a deposit of cash, securities,	5160
or certificates of deposit, the chief shall <del>deliver them to the</del>	5161
treasurer of state, who shall hold them in trust for the	5162

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purposes for which they have been deposited. <del>The treasurer of</del>	5163
state is responsible for the safekeeping of such deposits. If	5164
the applicant deposits cash, the cash shall be credited to the	5165
performance cash bond refunds fund created in section 1501.04 of	5166
the Revised Code. An applicant making a deposit of cash,	5167
securities, or certificates of deposit may withdraw and receive,	5168
from the <del>treasurer of state, on the written order of the chief</del> ,	5169
all or any portion of the cash, securities, or certificates of	5170
deposit, upon depositing with the treasurer of state cash, chief	5171
other <del>United States government securities, or</del> negotiable	5172
certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized or	5173
transacting business in this state equal in par value to the par	5174
value of the cash <del>, securities,</del> or certificates of deposit	5175
withdrawn. An applicant may demand and receive from the	5176
treasurer of state chief all interest or other income from any	5177
such <del>securities or certificates</del> as it becomes due. If <del>securities</del>	5178
certificates so deposited with and in the possession of the	5179
treasurer of state chief mature or are called for payment by the	5180
issuer thereof, the <del>treasurer of state</del> <u>chief</u> , at the request of	5181
the applicant who deposited them, shall convert the proceeds of	5182
the redemption or payment of the securities certificates into	5183
such other <del>United States government securities,</del> negotiable	5184
certificates of deposit issued by any bank organized or	5185
transacting business in this state, or cash as the applicant	5186
designates.	5187
(E)(1) When the chief finds that a person or governmental	5188
agency has failed to comply with the conditions of the person's	5189

or agency's bond, the chief shall make a finding of that fact

deposit forfeited in the amount set by rule of the chief. The

and declare the bond, cash, securities, or certificates of

chief shall thereupon certify the total forfeiture to the

attorney general, who shall proceed to collect that amount.	5194
(2) In lieu of total forfeiture, the surety, at its	5195
option, may cause the dam or levee to be completed as required	5196
by section 1521.06 of the Revised Code and rules of the chief,	5197
or otherwise rendered nonhazardous, or pay to the <del>treasurer of</del>	5198
<pre>state_chief_the cost thereof.</pre>	5199
(F)(1) All moneys collected on account of forfeitures of	5200
bonds, cash, securities, and certificates of deposit under this	5201
section shall be credited to the dam safety fund created in	5202
section 1521.06 of the Revised Code. The chief shall make	5203
expenditures from the fund to complete dams and levees for which	5204
bonds have been forfeited or to otherwise render them	5205
nonhazardous.	5206
(2) Expenditures from the fund for those purposes shall be	5207
made pursuant to contracts entered into by the chief with	5208
persons who agree to furnish all of the materials, equipment,	5209
work, and labor as specified and provided in the contract.	5210
(G) A surety bond shall not be required for a permit for a	5211
dam or levee that is to be designed and constructed by an agency	5212
of the United States government, if the agency files with the	5213
chief written assurance of the agency's financial responsibility	5214
for the structure for one year following the chief's approval of	5215
the completed construction provided for under division (E) of	5216
section 1521.06 of the Revised Code.	5217
Sec. 1548.06. (A) (1) Application for a certificate of	5218
title for a watercraft or outboard motor shall be made upon a	5219
form prescribed by the chief of the division of parks and	5220
watercraft and shall be sworn to before a notary public or other	5221
officer empowered to administer oaths. The application shall be	5222

filed with the clerk of any court of common pleas. An	5223
application for a certificate of title may be filed	5224
electronically by any electronic means approved by the chief in	5225
any county with the clerk of the court of common pleas of that	5226
county. The application shall be accompanied by the fee	5227
prescribed in section 1548.10 of the Revised Code. The fee shall	5228
be retained by the clerk who issues the certificate of title and	5229
shall be distributed in accordance with that section. If a clerk	5230
of a court of common pleas, other than the clerk of the court of	5231
common pleas of an applicant's county of residence, issues a	5232
certificate of title to the applicant, the clerk shall transmit	5233
data related to the transaction to the automated title	5234
processing system.	5235

(2) If a certificate of title previously has been issued 5236 for the watercraft or outboard motor, the application for a 5237 certificate of title also shall be accompanied by the 5238 certificate of title duly assigned unless otherwise provided in 5239 this chapter. If a certificate of title previously has not been 5240 issued for the watercraft or outboard motor in this state, the 5241 application, unless otherwise provided in this chapter, shall be 5242 accompanied by a manufacturer's or importer's certificate; by a 5243 sworn statement of ownership if the watercraft or outboard motor 5244 was purchased by the applicant on or before October 9, 1963, or 5245 if the watercraft is less than fourteen feet long with a 5246 permanently affixed mechanical means of propulsion and was 5247 purchased by the applicant on or before January 1, 2000; or by a 5248 certificate of title, bill of sale, or other evidence of 5249 ownership required by the law of another state from which the 5250 watercraft or outboard motor was brought into this state. 5251 Evidence of ownership of a watercraft or outboard motor for 5252 which an Ohio certificate of title previously has not been 5253

issued and which watercraft or outboard motor does not have	5254
permanently affixed to it a manufacturer's serial number shall	5255
be accompanied by the certificate of assignment of a hull	5256
identification number assigned by the chief as provided in	5257
section 1548.07 of the Revised Code.	5258

- (3) The clerk shall retain the evidence of title presented 5259 by the applicant and on which the certificate of title is 5260 issued, except that, if an application for a certificate of 5261 title is filed electronically, by a vendor on behalf of a 5262 5263 purchaser of a watercraft or outboard motor, the clerk shall 5264 retain the completed electronic record to which the vendor converted the certificate of title application and other 5265 required documents. The chief, after consultation with the 5266 attorney general, shall adopt rules that govern the location at 5267 which, and the manner in which, are stored the actual 5268 application and all other documents relating to the sale of a 5269 watercraft or outboard motor when a vendor files the application 5270 for a certificate of title electronically on behalf of a 5271 5272 purchaser.
- (B) The clerk shall use reasonable diligence in 5273 ascertaining whether the facts in the application are true by 5274 checking the application and documents accompanying it or the 5275 electronic record to which a vendor converted the application 5276 and accompanying documents with the records of watercraft and 5277 outboard motors in the clerk's office. If the clerk is satisfied 5278 that the applicant is the owner of the watercraft or outboard 5279 motor and that the application is in the proper form, the clerk 5280 shall issue a physical certificate of title over the clerk's 5281 signature and sealed with the clerk's seal unless the applicant 5282 specifically requests the clerk not to issue a physical 5283 certificate of title and instead to issue an electronic 5284

certificate of title. However, if the evidence indicates and an	5285
investigation shows that one or more Ohio titles already exist	5286
for the watercraft or outboard motor, the chief may cause the	5287
redundant title or titles to be canceled.	5288

- (C) In the case of the sale of a watercraft or outboard 5289 motor by a vendor to a general purchaser or user, the 5290 certificate of title shall be obtained in the name of the 5291 5292 purchaser by the vendor upon application signed by the purchaser. In all other cases, the certificate shall be obtained 5293 by the purchaser. In all cases of transfer of watercraft or 5294 5295 outboard motors, the application for certificate of title shall be filed within thirty days after the later of the date of 5296 purchase or assignment of ownership of the watercraft or 5297 outboard motor. If the application for certificate of title is 5298 not filed within thirty days after the later of the date of 5299 purchase or assignment of ownership of the watercraft or 5300 outboard motor, the clerk shall charge a late penalty fee of 5301 five dollars in addition to the fee prescribed by section 5302 1548.10 of the Revised Code. The clerk shall retain the entire 5303 amount of each late penalty fee. 5304
- (D) The clerk shall refuse to accept an application for 5305 certificate of title unless the applicant either tenders with 5306 the application payment of all taxes levied by or pursuant to 5307 Chapter 5739. or 5741. of the Revised Code based on the 5308 applicant's county of residence less, in the case of a sale by a 5309 vendor, any discount to which the vendor is entitled under 5310 section 5739.12 of the Revised Code, or submits any of the 5311 following: 5312
- (1) A receipt issued by the tax commissioner or a clerk of 5313 courts showing payment of the tax; 5314

(2) A copy of the unit certificate of exemption completed	5315
by the purchaser at the time of sale as provided in section	5316
5739.03 of the Revised Code;	5317
(3) An exemption certificate, in a form prescribed by the	5318
tax commissioner, that specifies why the purchase is not subject	5319
to the tax imposed by Chapter 5739. or 5741. of the Revised	5320
Code.	5321
Payment of the tax shall be in accordance with rules	5322
issued by the tax commissioner, and the clerk shall issue a	5323
receipt in the form prescribed by the tax commissioner to any	5324
applicant who tenders payment of the tax with the application	5325
for the certificate of title.	5326
(E)(1) For receiving and disbursing the taxes paid to the	5327
clerk by a resident of the clerk's county, the clerk may retain	5328
a poundage fee of one and one one-hundredth per cent of the	5329
taxes collected, which shall be paid into the certificate of	5330
title administration fund created by section 325.33 of the	5331
Revised Code. The clerk shall not retain a poundage fee from	5332
payments of taxes by persons who do not reside in the clerk's	5333
county.	5334
(2) A clerk, however, may retain from the taxes paid to	5335
the clerk an amount equal to the poundage fees associated with	5336
certificates of title issued by other clerks of courts of common	5337
pleas to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county. The	5338
chief of the division of parks and watercraft, in consultation	5339
with the tax commissioner and the clerks of the courts of common	5340
pleas, shall develop a report from the automated title	5341
processing system that informs each clerk of the amount of the	5342
poundage fees that the clerk is permitted to retain from those	5343

taxes because of certificates of title issued by the clerks of

other counties to applicants who reside in the first clerk's 5345 county. 5346

- (F) In the case of casual sales of watercraft or outboard 5347 motors that are subject to the tax imposed by Chapter 5739. or 5348 5741. of the Revised Code, the purchase price for the purpose of 5349 determining the tax shall be the purchase price on an affidavit 5350 executed and filed with the clerk by the vendor on a form to be 5351 prescribed by the chief, which shall be prima-facie evidence of 5352 the price for the determination of the tax. In addition to the 5353 information required by section 1548.08 of the Revised Code, 5354 each certificate of title shall contain in bold lettering the 5355 following notification and statements: "WARNING TO TRANSFEROR 5356 AND TRANSFEREE (SELLER AND BUYER). You are required by law to 5357 state the true selling price. A false statement is a violation 5358 of section 2921.13 of the Revised Code and is punishable by six 5359 months imprisonment or a fine of up to one thousand dollars, or 5360 both. All transfers are audited by the department of taxation. 5361 The seller and buyer must provide any information requested by 5362 5363 the department of taxation. The buyer may be assessed any additional tax found to be due." 5364
- (G) Each county clerk of courts shall forward to the 5365 treasurer of state—tax commissioner all sales and use tax 5366 collections resulting from sales of titled watercraft and 5367 5368 outboard motors during a calendar week on or before the Friday following the close of that week. If, on any Friday, the offices 5369 of the clerk of courts or the state are not open for business, 5370 the tax shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state-5371 commissioner on or before the next day on which the offices are 5372 open. Every remittance of tax under this division shall be 5373 accompanied by a remittance report in such form as the tax-5374 5375 commissioner prescribes. Upon receipt of a tax remittance and

remittance report, the treasurer of state shall date stamp the	5376
report and forward it to the tax commissioner. If the tax due	5377
for any week is not remitted by a clerk of courts as required	5378
under this division, the clerk shall forfeit the poundage fees	5379
for the sales made during that week. The treasurer of state-	5380
<pre>commissioner may require the clerks of courts to transmit tax</pre>	5381
collections and remittance reports electronically.	5382
(H) For purposes of a transfer of a certificate of title,	5383
if the clerk is satisfied that a secured party has discharged a	5384
lien but has not canceled the lien notation with a clerk, the	5385
clerk may cancel the lien notation on the automated title	5386
processing system and notify the clerk of the county of origin.	5387
(I) Every clerk shall have the capability to transact by	5388
electronic means all procedures and transactions relating to the	5389
issuance of watercraft or outboard motor certificates of title	5390
that are described in the Revised Code as being accomplished by	5391
electronic means.	5392
Sec. 1733.04. (A) In addition to the authority conferred	5393
by section 1701.13 of the Revised Code, but subject to any	5394
limitations contained in sections 1733.01 to 1733.45 of the	5395
Revised Code, and its articles and regulations, a credit union	5396
may do any of the following:	5397
(1) Make loans as provided in section 1733.25 of the	5398
Revised Code;	5399
(2) Invest its money as provided in section 1733.30 of the	5400
Revised Code;	5401
(3) If authorized by the code of regulations, rebate to	5402
the borrowing members a portion of the member's interest paid to	5403
the credit union;	5404

(4) If authorized by the regulations, charge a membership	5405
or entrance fee;	5406
(5) Purchase group savings life insurance and group credit	5407
life insurance;	5408
(6) Make reasonable contributions to any nonprofit civic,	5409
charitable, or service organizations;	5410
(7) Act as trustee or custodian, for which reasonable	5411
compensation may be received, under any written trust instrument	5412
or custodial agreement created or organized in the United States	5413
and forming part of a tax-advantaged savings plan that qualifies	5414
for specific tax treatment under sections 223, 401(d), 408,	5415
408A, and 530 of the Internal Revenue Code, 26 U.S.C. 223,	5416
401(d), 408, 408A, and 530, as amended, for its members or	5417
groups of its members, provided that the funds of such plans are	5418
invested in share accounts or share certificate accounts of the	5419
credit union. These services include, but are not limited to,	5420
acting as a trustee or custodian for member retirement,	5421
education, or health savings accounts.	5422
(8) Participate in and pledge assets in connection with	5423
the <del>business</del> -linked deposit <del>program programs</del> under sections	5424
135.77 to 135.774 of the Revised Code, the agricultural linked	5425
deposit program under sections 135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised	5426
Code, and the adoption linked deposit program under sections	5427
<del>135.79 to 135.796</del> <u>135.61 to 135.66</u> of the Revised Code.	5428
(B) The authority of a credit union shall be subject to	5429
the following:	5430
(1) A credit union may not borrow money in excess of	5431
twenty-five per cent of its shares and undivided earnings,	5432
without prior specific authorization by the superintendent of	5433

credit unions.	5434
(2) A credit union may not pay a commission or other	5435
compensation to any person for securing members or for the sale	5436
of its shares, except that reasonable incentives may be made	5437
available directly to members or potential members to promote	5438
thrift.	5439
(C)(1) A credit union may have service facilities other	5440
than its home office.	5441
(2) Real estate may be acquired by lease, purchase, or	5442
otherwise as necessary and to the extent required for use of the	5443
credit union presently and in the future operation of its office	5444
or headquarters, and in case of a purchase of real estate, the	5445
superintendent must first be notified in writing prior to the	5446
purchase of the real estate. Nothing herein contained shall be	5447
deemed to prohibit a credit union from taking title to real	5448
estate in connection with a default in the payment of a loan,	5449
provided that title to such real estate shall not be held by the	5450
credit union for more than two years without the prior written	5451
approval of the superintendent. A credit union also may lease	5452
space in any real estate it acquires in accordance with rules	5453
adopted by the superintendent.	5454
(D)(1) As used in division (D) of this section:	5455
(a) "School" means an elementary or secondary school.	5456
(b) "Student" means a child enrolled in a school.	5457
(c) "Student branch" means the designation provided to the	5458
credit union for the in-school services and financial education	5459
offered to students.	5460
(2) A credit union, upon agreement with a school board, in	5461

the case of a public school, or the governing authority, in the	5462
case of a nonpublic school, and with the permission of the	5463
superintendent, may open and maintain a student branch.	5464
(3) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section,	5465
any student enrolled in the school maintaining a student branch	5466
who is not otherwise qualified for membership in the credit	5467
union maintaining the student branch is qualified to be a member	5468
of that student branch.	5469
(4) The student's membership in the student branch expires	5470
upon the student's graduation from secondary school.	5471
(5) The student branch is for the express use of students	5472
and may not be used by faculty, staff, or lineal ancestors or	5473
descendents descendants of students.	5474
(6) Faculty, staff, or lineal ancestors or <del>descendents</del>	5475
<pre>descendants of students are not eligible for membership in the</pre>	5476
credit union maintaining the student branch unless otherwise	5477
qualified by this section to be members.	5478
(7) The superintendent may adopt rules appropriate to the	5479
formation and operation of student branches.	5480
(E) A credit union may guarantee the signature of a member	5481
in connection with a transaction involving tangible or	5482
intangible property in which a member has or seeks to acquire an	5483
interest.	5484
Sec. 1733.24. (A) A credit union is authorized to receive	5485
funds for deposit in share accounts, share draft accounts, and	5486
share certificates from its members, from other credit unions,	5487
and from an officer, employee, or agent of the federal, state,	5488
or local governments, or political subdivisions of the state, in	5489
accordance with such terms, rates, and conditions as may be	5490

established by its board of directors, and for purposes of the	5491
<del>agricultural</del> linked deposit <del>program</del> programs created under	5492
sections <del>135.71 to 135.76 of the Revised Code, the business</del>	5493
linked deposit program created under sections 135.77 to 135.774	5494
of the Revised Code, and the adoption linked deposit program	5495
under sections 135.79 to 135.796 135.61 to 135.66 of the Revised	5496
Code.	5497

- (B) The shares and share accounts of the credit union may 5498 be of one or more classes, as designated by the board of 5499 directors, subject to approval of the superintendent of credit 5500 unions based on rules that shall assure equitable distribution 5501 of dividends among classes, considering costs and advantages of 5502 each class to the members of the credit union, including without 5503 limitation special services rendered, length of ownership, 5504 minimum investment, conditions of repurchase, and other 5505 appropriate standards or combinations thereof. In the event the 5506 articles of incorporation of the credit union indicate the 5507 authorized number of shares to be unlimited, the designation of 5508 classification of shares and share accounts of the credit union 5509 may be effected by the board of directors, subject to the 5510 approval of the superintendent, and does not require amendment 5511 of the articles of incorporation. All shares of the credit union 5512 shall have a par value per share as set by the board of 5513 directors. Redemptions and liquidating dividends shall be 5514 prorated to each member on the basis of the price paid the 5515 credit union for such share, irrespective of the class of such 5516 shares. 5517
- (C) (1) Each credit union shall have one class of shares 5518 designated as "membership share." The membership shares, or if a 5519 credit union has but one class of shares, then all of the shares 5520 of the credit union, shall have a par value as set by the board 5521

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of directors. 5522 (2) Two or more persons that are eligible for membership 5523 that have jointly subscribed for one or more shares under a 5524 joint account each may be admitted to membership. 5525 (D) A credit union need not issue certificates for any or 5526 all of its classes of shares but irrespective of whether 5527 certificates are issued, a registry of shares must be kept, 5528 including all of the transactions of the credit union pertaining 5529 to such shares. 5530 (E) A credit union is authorized to maintain share draft 5531 5532 accounts in accordance with rules prescribed by the superintendent. The credit union may pay dividends on share 5533 draft accounts, may pay dividends at different rates on 5534 different types of share draft accounts, and may permit the 5535 owners of such share draft accounts to make withdrawals by 5536 negotiable or transferable instruments or other orders for the 5537 purpose of making transfers to third parties. 5538 (F) Unless otherwise provided by written agreement of the 5539 parties, the rights, responsibilities, and liabilities attaching 5540 to a share draft withdrawn from, transferred to, or otherwise 5541 5542 handled by a credit union are defined in and governed by Chapters 1303. and 1304. of the Revised Code, as if the credit 5543 union were a bank. 5544 (G) Unless otherwise provided in the articles or 5545 regulations, a member may designate any person or persons to own 5546 or hold shares, or share accounts with the member in joint 5547 tenancy with right of survivorship and not as tenants in common. 5548

(H) Shares or share accounts may be issued in the name of

a custodian under the Ohio transfers to minors act, a member in

trust for a beneficiary, a fiduciary or custodian in trust for a	5551
member beneficiary, or a fiduciary or custodian in trust upon	5552
the death of a member. Redemption of such shares or payment of	5553
such share accounts to a member, to the extent of the payment,	5554
discharges the liability of the credit union to the member and	5555
the beneficiary, and the credit union shall be under no	5556
obligation to see to the application of the payment. Unless	5557
prior to the death of a member, the member has notified the	5558
credit union in writing in a form approved by the credit union	5559
of a different beneficiary to receive the proceeds of such	5560
shares or share accounts, then the proceeds shall be paid to the	5561
peneficiary or to the beneficiary's parent or legal	5562
representative. Any payment made pursuant to written	5563
instructions of the member or pursuant to the provisions herein	5564
contained shall be a valid and sufficient release and discharge	5565
of the credit union in connection with any such share or share	5566
accounts.	5567

- (I) (1) Except as otherwise provided in the articles or 5568 regulations, and subject to the provisions thereof, a minor may 5569 purchase shares, share accounts, or other depository 5570 instruments, and except for qualification as a voting member, 5571 the credit union may deal with the minor with respect to shares, 5572 share accounts, or other depository instruments owned by the 5573 minor as if the minor were a person of legal age. 5574
- (2) If shares, share accounts, or other depository 5575 instruments are issued in the name of a minor, redemption of any 5576 part or all of the shares or withdrawal of funds by payment to 5577 the minor of the shares or funds and any declared dividends or 5578 interest releases the credit union from all obligation to the 5579 minor as to the shares reduced or funds withdrawn. 5580

(J) The regulations may require advance written notice of	5581
a member's intention to withdraw the member's shares. Such	5582
advance notice shall not exceed sixty days.	5583
(K) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,	5584
funds deposited in a share account, share certificate, or in any	5585
other manner pursuant to a program offered by a credit union to	5586
promote consumer savings do not constitute valuable	5587
consideration for purposes of a scheme of chance under Chapter	5588
2915. of the Revised Code.	5589
Sec. 1735.03. No title guarantee and trust company shall	5590
do business until it has deposited with the <del>treasurer of state</del>	5591
superintendent of insurance fifty thousand dollars, in	5592
securities permitted by sections 3925.05, 3925.06, and 3925.08	5593
of the Revised Code. The <del>treasurer of state</del> <u>superintendent</u> shall	5594
hold such securities deposited with him the superintendent as	5595
security for the faithful performance of all guarantees entered	5596
into and all trusts accepted by such company, but so long as it	5597
continues solvent-he the superintendent shall permit it to	5598
collect the interest of, or dividends or distributions on, its	5599
securities so deposited, and to withdraw any of such securities	5600
on depositing with him the superintendent cash or other	5601
securities of the kind specified in this section so as to	5602
maintain the value of such deposit at fifty thousand dollars.	5603
If such a company has made such deposits with the	5604
treasurer of statesuperintendent of insurance, it may request	5605
him the superintendent to return to it securities held by him-	5606
the superintendent in such deposit in excess of the amount	5607
required, and he the superintendent shall then surrender such	5608
excess to the company, taking proper receipts therefor.	5609

Sec. 2109.37. (A) Except as otherwise provided by law,

including division (D) of this section, or by the instrument	5611
creating the trust, a fiduciary having funds belonging to a	5612
trust that are to be invested may invest them in the following:	5613
(1) Bonds or other obligations of the United States or of	5614
this state;	5615
(2) Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of any	5616
county, municipal corporation, school district, or other legally	5617
constituted political taxing subdivision within the state,	5618
provided that the county, municipal corporation, school	5619
district, or other subdivision has not defaulted in the payment	5620
of the interest on any of its bonds or interest-bearing	5621
obligations, for more than one hundred twenty days during the	5622
ten years immediately preceding the investment by the fiduciary	5623
in the bonds or other obligations, and provided that the county,	5624
municipal corporation, school district, or other subdivision, is	5625
not, at the time of the investment, in default in the payment of	5626
principal or interest on any of its bonds or other interest-	5627
bearing obligations;	5628
(3) Bonds or other interest-bearing obligations of any	5629
other state of the United States which, within twenty years	5630
prior to the making of that investment, has not defaulted for	5631
more than ninety days in the payment of principal or interest on	5632
any of its bonds or other interest-bearing obligations;	5633
(4) Any bonds issued by or for federal land banks and any	5634
debentures issued by or for federal intermediate credit banks	5635
under the "Federal Farm Loan Act of 1916," 39 Stat. 360, 12	5636
U.S.C.A. 641, as amended; or any debentures issued by or for	5637
banks for cooperatives under the "Farm Credit Act of 1933," 48	5638
Stat. 257, 12 U.S.C.A. 131, as amended;	5639

(5) Notes that are: (a) secured by a first mortgage on	5640
real property held in fee and located in the state, improved by	5641
a unit designed principally for residential use for not more	5642
than four families or by a combination of that dwelling unit and	5643
business property, the area designed or used for nonresidential	5644
purposes not to exceed fifty per cent of the total floor area;	5645
(b) secured by a first mortgage on real property held in fee and	5646
located in the state, improved with a building designed for	5647
residential use for more than four families or with a building	5648
used primarily for business purposes, if the unpaid principal of	5649
the notes secured by that mortgage does not exceed ten per cent	5650
of the value of the estate or trust or does not exceed five	5651
thousand dollars, whichever is greater; or (c) secured by a	5652
first mortgage on an improved farm held in fee and located in	5653
the state, provided that the mortgage requires that the	5654
buildings on the mortgaged property shall be well insured	5655
against loss by fire, and so kept, for the benefit of the	5656
mortgagee, until the debt is paid, and provided that the unpaid	5657
principal of the notes secured by the mortgage shall not exceed	5658
fifty per cent of the fair value of the mortgaged real property	5659
at the time the investment is made, and the notes shall be	5660
payable not more than five years after the date on which the	5661
investment in them is made; except that the unpaid principal of	5662
the notes may equal sixty per cent of the fair value of the	5663
mortgaged real property at the time the investment is made, and	5664
may be payable over a period of fifteen years following the date	5665
of the investment by the fiduciary if regular installment	5666
payments are required sufficient to amortize four per cent or	5667
more of the principal of the outstanding notes per annum and if	5668
the unpaid principal and interest become due and payable at the	5669
option of the holder upon any default in the payment of any	5670
installment of interest or principal upon the notes or of	5671

taxes, assessments, or insurance premiums upon the mortgaged	5672
premises or upon the failure to cure any such default within any	5673
grace period provided in the notes not exceeding ninety days in	5674
duration;	5675
(6) Life, endowment, or annuity contracts of legal reserve	5676
life insurance companies regulated by sections 3907.01 to	5677
3907.21, 3909.01 to 3909.17, 3911.01 to 3911.24, 3913.01 to	5678
3913.10, 3915.01 to 3915.15, and 3917.01 to 3917.05 of the	5679
Revised Code, and licensed by the superintendent of insurance to	5680
transact business within the state, provided that the purchase	5681
of contracts authorized by this division shall be limited to	5682
executors or the successors to their powers when specifically	5683
authorized by will and to guardians and trustees, which	5684
contracts may be issued on the life of a ward, a beneficiary of	5685
a trust fund, or according to a will, or upon the life of a	5686
person in whom the ward or beneficiary has an insurable interest	5687
and the contracts shall be drawn by the insuring company so that	5688
the proceeds shall be the sole property of the person whose	5689
funds are so invested;	5690
(7) Notes or bonds secured by mortgages and insured by the	5691
federal housing administrator or debentures issued by that	5692
administrator;	5693
(8) Obligations issued by a federal home loan bank created	5694
under the "Federal Home Loan Bank Act of 1932," 47 Stat. 725, 12	5695
U.S.C.A. 1421, as amended;	5696
(9) Shares and certificates or other evidences of deposits	5697
issued by a federal savings and loan association organized and	5698
incorporated under the "Home Owners' Loan Act of 1933," 48 Stat.	5699
128, 12 U.S.C.A. 1461, as amended, to the extent and only to the	5700
extent that those shares or certificates or other evidences of	5701

deposits are insured pursuant to the "Financial Institutions	5702
Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989," 103 Stat. 183,	5703
12 U.S.C.A. 1811, as amended;	5704
(10) Bonds issued by the home owners' loan corporation	5705
created under the "Home Owners' Act of 1933," 48 Stat. 128, 12	5706
U.S.C.A. 1461, as amended;	5707
(11) Obligations issued by the national mortgage	5708
association created under the "National Housing Act," 48 Stat.	5709
1246 (1934), 12 U.S.C.A. 1701, as amended;	5710
(12) Shares and certificates or other evidences of	5711
deposits issued by a domestic savings and loan association	5712
organized under the laws of the state, which association has	5713
obtained insurance of accounts pursuant to the "Financial	5714
Institutions Reform, Recovery, and Enforcement Act of 1989," 103	5715
Stat. 183, 12 U.S.C.A. 1811, as amended, or as may be otherwise	5716
provided by law, only to the extent that the evidences of	5717
deposits are insured under that act, as amended;	5718
(13) Shares and certificates or other evidences of	5719
deposits issued by a domestic savings and loan association	5720
organized under the laws of the state, provided that no	5721
fiduciary may invest the deposits except with the approval of	5722
the probate court, and then in an amount not to exceed the	5723
amount that the fiduciary is permitted to invest under division	5724
(A) (12) of this section;	5725
(14) In savings accounts in, or certificates or other	5726
evidences of deposits issued by, a national bank located in the	5727
state or a state bank located in and organized under the laws of	5728
the state or a state credit union located and organized under	5729
the laws of the state or a federal credit union located in the	5730

state by depositing the funds in the bank or credit union, and	5731
the national or state bank or the federal or state credit union	5732
when itself acting in a fiduciary capacity may deposit the funds	5733
in savings accounts in, or certificates or other evidences of	5734
deposits issued by, its own savings department or any bank	5735
subsidiary corporation owned or controlled by the bank holding	5736
company that owns or controls the national or state bank;	5737
provided that no deposit shall be made by any fiduciary,	5738
individual or corporate, unless the deposits of the depository	5739
bank are insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation	5740
created under the "Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation Act of	5741
1933," 48 Stat. 162, 12 U.S.C. 264, as amended, or provided that	5742
no deposit shall be made by any fiduciary, individual or	5743
corporate, unless the deposits of the depository credit union	5744
are insured by the national credit union administration created	5745
under the "Federal Credit Union Act of 1934," 48 Stat. 1216, 12	5746
U.S.C. 1751, as amended, or the deposits of the depository	5747
credit union are insured by a share guaranty corporation as	5748
defined in Chapter 1761. of the Revised Code, and provided that	5749
the deposit of the funds of any one trust in those savings	5750
accounts in, or certificates or other evidences of deposits	5751
issued by, any one bank or credit union shall not exceed the sum	5752
insured under those acts, as amended, or under Chapter 1761. of	5753
the Revised Code;	5754

(15) Obligations consisting of notes, bonds, debentures,
or equipment trust certificates issued under an indenture that
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are the direct obligations, or in the case of equipment trust
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certificates are secured by direct obligations, of a railroad or
industrial corporation, or a corporation engaged directly and
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primarily in the production, transportation, distribution, or
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sale of electricity or gas, or the operation of telephone or

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telegraph systems or waterworks, or in some combination of them;	5762
provided that the obligor corporation is one that is	5763
incorporated under the laws of the United States, any state, the	5764
District of Columbia, or foreign government, and the obligations	5765
are rated at the time of purchase in the highest or next highest	5766
classification established by at least two standard statistical	5767
rating services organizations selected from a list of the	5768
standard statistical rating services organizations that shall be	5769
prescribed by the superintendent of financial institutions;	5770
provided that every such list shall be certified by the	5771
superintendent to the clerk of each probate court in the state,	5772
and shall continue in effect until a different list is	5773
prescribed and certified as provided in this division;	5774
(16) Obligations issued, assumed, or guaranteed by the	5775
international finance corporation or by the international bank	5776
for reconstruction and development, the Asian development bank,	5777
the inter-American development bank, the African development	5778
bank, or other similar development bank in which the president,	5779
as authorized by congress and on behalf of the United States,	5780
has accepted membership, provided that the obligations are rated	5781
at the time of purchase in the highest or next highest	5782
classification established by at least one standard statistical	5783
rating service organization selected from a list of standard	5784
statistical rating services organizations that shall be	5785
prescribed by the superintendent of financial institutions;	5786
(17) Securities of any investment company, as defined in	5787
and registered under sections 3 and 8 of the "Investment Company	5788

Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15 U.S.C.A. 80a-3 and 80a-8, that

instruments that are fully collateralized by forms of investment

are invested exclusively in forms of investment or in

in which the fiduciary is permitted to invest pursuant to

divisions (A)(1) to (16) of this section, provided that, in	5793
addition to those forms of investment, the investment company	5794
may, for the purpose of reducing risk of loss or of stabilizing	5795
investment returns, engage in hedging transactions.	5796

- (B) No administrator or executor may invest funds 5797 belonging to an estate in any asset other than a direct 5798 obligation of the United States that has a maturity date not 5799 exceeding one year from the date of investment, or other than in 5800 a short-term investment fund that is invested exclusively in 5801 obligations of the United States or of its agencies, or 5802 5803 primarily in those obligations and otherwise only in variable demand notes, corporate money market instruments including, but 5804 not limited to, commercial paper, or fully collateralized 5805 repurchase agreements or other evidences of indebtedness that 5806 are payable on demand or generally have a maturity date not 5807 exceeding ninety-one days from the date of investment, except 5808 with the approval of the probate court or with the permission of 5809 the instruments creating the trust. 5810
- (C)(1) In addition to the investments allowed by this 5811 section, a guardian or trustee, with the approval of the court, 5812 may invest funds belonging to the trust in productive real 5813 5814 property located within the state, provided that neither the quardian nor the trustee nor any member of the family of either 5815 has any interest in the real property or in the proceeds of the 5816 purchase price. The title to any real property so purchased by a 5817 quardian shall be taken in the name of the ward. 5818
- (2) Notwithstanding the provisions of division (C)(1) of 5819 this section, the court may permit the funds to be used to 5820 purchase or acquire a home for the ward or an interest in a home 5821 for the ward in which a member of the ward's family may have an 5822

interest. After the filing of the petition by a guardian or a	5823
conservator for authority to purchase or acquire a home for the	5824
ward or an interest in a home for the ward in which a member of	5825
the ward's family may have an interest, the matter shall be set	5826
for a hearing before the probate court.	5827
(D) If the fiduciary is a trustee appointed by and	5828
accountable to the probate court, the fiduciary shall invest the	5829
trust's assets pursuant to the requirements and standards set	5830
forth in the Ohio Uniform Prudent Investor Act.	5831
Sec. 2109.372. (A) As used in this section:	5832
(1) "Short term trust-quality investment fund" means a	5833
short term investment fund that meets both of the following	5834
conditions:	5835
(a) The fund may be either a collective investment fund	5836
established in accordance with section 1111.14 of the Revised	5837
Code or a registered investment company, including any	5838
affiliated investment company whether or not the fiduciary has	5839
invested other funds held by it in an agency or other	5840
nonfiduciary capacity in the securities of the same registered	5841
investment company or affiliated investment company.	5842
(b) The fund is invested in any one or more of the	5843
following manners:	5844
(i) In obligations of the United States or of its	5845
agencies;	5846
(ii) In obligations of one or more of the states of the	5847
United States or their political subdivisions;	5848
(iii) In obligations of foreign governments or states;	5849
(iv) In variable demand notes, corporate money market	5850

instruments including, but not limited to, commercial paper	5851
rated at the time of purchase in either of the two highest	5852
classifications established by at least one nationally	5853
recognized standard statistical rating service organization;	5854
(v) Deposits in banks, savings banks, or savings and loan	5855
associations, whose deposits are insured by the federal deposit	5856
insurance corporation, or in credit unions insured by the	5857
national credit union administration or by a credit union share	5858
guaranty corporation established under Chapter 1761. of the	5859
Revised Code, if the rate of interest paid on those deposits is	5860
at least equal to the rate of interest generally paid by those	5861
banks, savings banks, savings and loan associations, or credit	5862
unions on deposits of similar terms or amounts;	5863
(vi) In fully collateralized repurchase agreements or	5864
other evidences of indebtedness that are of trust quality and	5865
are payable on demand or have a maturity date consistent with	5866
the purpose of the fund and the duty of fiduciary prudence.	5867
(2) "Registered investment company" means any investment	5868
company that is defined in and registered under sections 3 and 8	5869
of the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15	5870
U.S.C.A. 80a-3 and 80a-8.	5871
(3) "Affiliated investment company" has the same meaning	5872
as in division (E)(1) of section 1111.13 of the Revised Code.	5873
(B) A fiduciary is not required to invest cash that	5874
belongs to the trust and may hold that cash for the period prior	5875
to distribution if either of the following applies:	5876
(1) The fiduciary reasonably expects to do either of the	5877
following:	5878

(a) Distribute the cash to beneficiaries of the trust on a 5879

quarterly or more frequent basis;	5880
(b) Use the cash for the payment of debts, taxes, or	5881
expenses of administration within the ninety-day period	5882
following the receipt of the cash by the fiduciary.	5883
(2) Determined on the basis of the facilities available to	5884
the fiduciary and the amount of the income that reasonably could	5885
be earned by the investment of the cash, the amount of the cash	5886
does not justify the administrative burden or expense associated	5887
with its investment.	5888
(C) If a fiduciary wishes to hold funds that belong to the	5889
trust in liquid form and division (B) of this section does not	5890
apply, the fiduciary may so hold the funds as long as they are	5891
temporarily invested as described in division (D) of this	5892
section.	5893
(D)(1) A fiduciary may make a temporary investment of cash	5894
that the fiduciary may hold uninvested in accordance with	5895
division (B) of this section, and shall make a temporary	5896
investment of funds held in liquid form pursuant to division (C)	5897
of this section, in any of the following investments, unless the	5898
governing instrument provides for other investments in which the	5899
temporary investment of cash or funds is permitted:	5900
(a) A short term trust-quality investment fund;	5901
(b) Direct obligations of the United States or of its	5902
agencies;	5903
(c) A deposit with a bank, savings bank, savings and loan	5904
association, or credit union, including a deposit with the	5905
fiduciary itself or any bank subsidiary corporation owned or	5906
controlled by the bank holding company that owns or controls the	5907
fiduciary, whose deposits are insured by the federal deposit	5908

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insurance corporation, if the rate of interest paid on that	5909
deposit is at least equal to the rate of interest generally paid	5910
by that bank, savings bank, savings and loan association, or	5911
credit union on deposits of similar terms or amounts.	5912
(2) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash	5913
or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section may charge	5914
a reasonable fee for the services associated with that	5915

(3) Fiduciaries that make one or more temporary investments of cash or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trusts involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to receive income, a written disclosure of their temporary investment practices and, if applicable, the method of computing reasonable fees for their temporary investment services pursuant to division (D)(2) of this section. Fiduciaries may comply with this requirement in any appropriate written document, including,

but not limited to, any periodic statement or account.

investment. The fee shall be in addition to the compensation to

which the fiduciary is entitled for ordinary fiduciary services.

- (4) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash
  or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to
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  division (D) (1) (a) of this section shall, when providing any
  periodic account statements of its temporary investment
  5931
  practices, report the net asset value of the shares comprising
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  the investment in the affiliated investment company.
  5933
- (5) If a fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of 5934 cash or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to 5935 division (D)(1)(a) of this section invests in any mutual fund, 5936 the fiduciary shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trust 5937 involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to 5938

be affected by the proposed purchase.

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receive income, a written disclosure, in at least ten-point	5939
boldface type, that the mutual fund is not insured or guaranteed	5940
by the federal deposit insurance corporation or by any other	5941
government agency or government-sponsored agency of the federal	5942
government or of this state.	5943
Sec. 2109.44. (A) Fiduciaries shall not buy from or sell	5944
to themselves and shall not have in their individual capacities	5945
any dealings with the estate, except as expressly authorized by	5946
the instrument creating the trust and then only with the	5947
approval of the probate court in each instance. No corporate	5948
fiduciary, as defined in section 1101.01 of the Revised Code,	5949
that is not subject to examination or regulatory oversight by	5950
the superintendent of financial institutions — or the comptroller	5951
of the currency, or the office of thrift supervision shall be	5952
permitted to deal with the estate, any power in the instrument	5953
creating the trust to the contrary notwithstanding. This section	5954
does not prohibit a fiduciary from making an advancement if the	5955
advancement has been expressly authorized by the instrument	5956
creating the trust or if the probate court approves or from	5957
engaging in any act authorized by this chapter.	5958
(B) The fiduciary may petition the court for authority to	5959
purchase property of the estate if all of the following	5960
requirements are met:	5961
(1) Written consent to the purchase is signed by the	5962
following:	5963
(a) Each known heir whose interest in the estate would be	5964
affected by the proposed purchase;	5965
(b) Each known devisee whose interest in the estate would	5966

(2) The written consents are filed with the court.	5968
(3) The purchase is shown to be to the advantage of the	5969
estate.	5970
(C) The court shall deliver notice of the hearing on the	5971
petition to the heirs, devisees, or legatees of the estate or	5972
any interested person.	5973
Sec. 3314.50. No community school shall initiate	5974
operation, on or after the effective date of this amendment,	5975
unless the governing authority of the school has posted a bond	5976
in the amount of fifty thousand dollars with the auditor of	5977
state. The bond shall be used, in the event the school closes,	5978
to pay the auditor of state any moneys owed or that become owed	5979
by the school for the costs of audits conducted by the auditor	5980
of state or a public accountant under Chapter 117. of the	5981
Revised Code.	5982
The department of education shall notify the auditor of	5983
state of the proposed initiation of operations of any community	5984
school and shall provide the auditor of state with the	5985
certification of the sponsor of the community school of the	5986
compliance by the community school with all legal preconditions	5987
to the initiation of its operations, including compliance with	5988
this section.	5989
In lieu of the bond, the governing authority of the	5990
school, the school's sponsor, or an operator that has a contract	5991
with the school may deposit with the auditor of state cash in	5992
the amount of fifty thousand dollars as guarantee of payment	5993
under the provisions of this section. In lieu of a bond or a	5994
cash deposit, the school's sponsor or an operator that has a	5995
contract with the school may provide a written guarantee of	5996

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payment, which shall obligate the school's sponsor or the	5997
operator that provides the written guarantee to pay the cost of	5998
audits of the school under this section up to the amount of	5999
fifty thousand dollars. Any such written guarantee shall be	6000
binding upon any successor entity that enters into a contract to	6001
sponsor or to operate the school, and any such entity, as a	6002
condition of its undertaking shall acknowledge and accept such	6003
obligation.	6004

In the event that a sponsor or operator has provided a 6005 written guarantee under this section, and, subsequent to the 6006 provision of the guarantee, the governing authority of the 6007 school posts a bond under this section, or the governing 6008 authority of the school, a sponsor, or an operator provides a 6009 cash deposit of fifty thousand dollars as required, the written 6010 guarantee shall cease to be of further effect. 6011

As soon as it is practicable to do so after the filing of 6012 a bond or the deposit of cash, the auditor of state shall-6013 6014 deliver the bond or cash to the treasurer of state, who shall hold it in trust for the purposes prescribed in this section. 6015 The treasurer of state shall be responsible for the safekeeping-6016 of all bonds filed or cash deposited under this section. The 6017 auditor of state shall notify the department of education when 6018 the school's governing authority has filed the bond, deposited 6019 the cash guarantee, or submitted a written guarantee of payment. 6020

When the auditor of state conducts an audit of a community

school that has closed and is subject to the requirements of

this section, the auditor of state shall certify the amount of

forfeiture to the treasurer of stateattorney general, who shall

assess the bond for the costs of the audit—or shall pay money

from the named insurer or from the school's cash deposit for the

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costs of the audit to reimburse the auditor of state or public	6027
accountant for costs incurred in conducting audits of the	6028
school.	6029

To the extent that the amount of the bond-or the cash-6030 deposit is not needed to cover audit costs, the bond shall be of 6031 no further effect, and any cash balance shall be refunded by the 6032 treasurer of state to the entity which provided the bond. When 6033 the auditor of state conducts an audit of a community school 6034 that has closed and is subject to the requirements of this 6035 6036 section, and, as to which, a written guarantee has been given under this section, the entity that provided the guarantee shall 6037 be solely and fully liable for any such audit costs, and shall 6038 promptly pay the costs of the audit up to fifty thousand 6039 dollars. 6040

No community school that is subject to the provisions of 6041 this section shall maintain or continue its operations absent 6042 the ongoing provision of a bond, a cash deposit, or a written 6043 guarantee as required by this section.

Sec. 3366.05. The issuing authority, as an eligible not-6045 for-profit holder of federal education loans, may act as an 6046 eligible not-for-profit servicer of certain student loans owned 6047 by the federal government under Section 2212 of the "Health Care 6048 and Education Reconciliation Act of 2010," Pub. L. No. 111-152. 6049 The issuing authority is authorized to take such actions and to 6050 enter into such contracts and to execute all instruments 6051 necessary or appropriate to act as an eligible not-for-profit 6052 servicer. Notwithstanding division (C) of section 3366.03 and 6053 division (B) of section 3366.04 of the Revised Code, revenues 6054 received by the issuing authority under this section shall be 6055 deposited in an account in the custody of the treasurer of state 6056

that is not part of the state treasury and shall be used to pay	6057
administrative costs incurred by the issuing authority.	6058
Unexpended amounts shall be deposited in the state treasury and	6059
credited, as determined by the treasurer of state, to the	6060
treasurer of state's administrative fund created under section	6061
113.20 of the Revised Code <u>or the treasurer's information</u>	6062
technology reserve fund created under section 113.22 of the	6063
Revised Code.	6064
Sec. 3737.945. Moneys in the funds of the petroleum	6065
underground storage tank release compensation board, except as	6066
otherwise provided in any resolution authorizing the issuance of	6067
its revenue bonds or in any trust agreement securing the same,	6068
in excess of current needs, may be invested by the board in	6069
notes, bonds, or other obligations of the United States, or of	6070
any agency or instrumentality thereof, or in obligations of this	6071
state or any political subdivision thereof, or the treasurer of	6072
state's investment pool authorized under section 135.45 of the	6073
Revised Code. Income from all such investments of moneys in any	6074
fund shall be credited to such funds as the board determines,	6075
subject to the provisions of any resolution or trust agreement,	6076
and the investments may be sold as the board determines.	6077
Sec. 3903.73. All securities deposited with the	6078
superintendent of insurance shall be deposited by him with the	6079
treasurer of state, and the treasurer of state shall not deliver	6080
such securities or coupons attached thereto, except upon the	6081
written order of held by the superintendent for the purpose	6082
<pre>intended. No security shall be accepted for deposit by the</pre>	6083
superintendent unless it is of par value and market value of one	6084
thousand dollars or more.	6085

Sec. 3905.32. For each initial license issued under

section 3905.30 of the Revised Code and renewal of that license,	6087
the superintendent of insurance shall collect one hundred	6088
dollars. The renewal fee shall be paid to the treasurer of	6089
state.	6090
Sec. 3916.01. As used in this chapter:	6091
(A) "Advertising" means any written, electronic, or	6092
printed communication or any communication by means of recorded	6093
telephone messages or transmitted on radio, television, the	6094
internet, or similar communications media, including, but not	6095
limited to, film strips, motion pictures, and videos, that is	6096
published, disseminated, circulated, or placed directly or	6097
indirectly before the public in this state for the purpose of	6098
creating an interest in or inducing a person to purchase or	6099
sell, assign, devise, bequest, or transfer the death benefit or	6100
ownership of a policy pursuant to a viatical settlement	6101
contract.	6102
(B) "Business of viatical settlements" means an activity	6103
involved, but not limited to, in the offering, solicitation,	6104
negotiation, procurement, effectuation, purchasing, investing,	6105
financing, monitoring, tracking, underwriting, selling,	6106
transferring, assigning, pledging, or hypothecating or in any	6107
other manner acquiring an interest in a policy by means of	6108
viatical settlement contracts.	6109
(C) "Chronically ill" means having been certified within	6110
the preceding twelve-month period by a licensed health	6111
professional as:	6112
(1) Being unable to perform, without substantial	6113
assistance from another individual, at least two activities of	6114

daily living, including, but not limited to, eating, toileting,

transferring, bathing, dressing, or continence for at least	6116
ninety days due to a loss of functional capacity; or	6117
(2) Requiring substantial supervision to protect the	6118
individual from threats to health and safety due to severe	6119
cognitive impairment; or	6120
(3) Having a level of disability similar to that described	6121
in division (C)(1) of this section, as determined under	6122
regulations prescribed by the United States secretary of the	6123
treasury in consultation with the United States secretary of	6124
health and human services.	6125
(D) "Escrow agent" means an independent third-party person	6126
who, pursuant to a written agreement signed by the viatical	6127
settlement provider and viator, provides escrow services related	6128
to the acquisition of a policy pursuant to a viatical settlement	6129
contract. "Escrow agent" does not include any person associated	6130
with, affiliated with, or under the control of a person licensed	6131
under this chapter or described in division (C) of section	6132
3916.02 of the Revised Code.	6133
(E)(1) "Financing entity" means an underwriter, placement	6134
agent, lender, purchaser of securities, purchaser of a policy	6135
from a viatical settlement provider, credit enhancer, or any	6136
other person that has a direct ownership interest in a policy	6137
that is the subject of a viatical settlement contract and to	6138
which both of the following apply:	6139
(a) Its principal activity related to the transaction is	6140
providing funds to effect the business of viatical settlements	6141
or the purchase of one or more viaticated policies.	6142
(b) It has an agreement in writing with one or more	6143
licensed viatical settlement providers to finance the	6144

acquisition of viatical settlement contracts.	6145
(2) "Financing entity" does not include a non-accredited	6146
investor or viatical settlement purchaser.	6147
(F) "Recklessly" has the same meaning as in section	6148
2901.22 of the Revised Code.	6149
(G) "Defraud" has the same meaning as in section 2913.01	6150
of the Revised Code.	6151
(H) "Life expectancy" means an opinion or evaluation as to	6152
how long a particular person is going to live.	6153
(I) Notwithstanding section 1.59 of the Revised Code,	6154
"person" means a natural person or a legal entity, including,	6155
but not limited to, an individual, partnership, limited	6156
liability company, limited liability partnership, association,	6157
trust, business trust, or corporation.	6158
(J) "Policy" means an individual or group policy, group	6159
certificate, or other contract or arrangement of life insurance	6160
affecting the rights of a resident of this state or bearing a	6161
reasonable relation to this state, regardless of whether	6162
delivered or issued for delivery in this state.	6163
(K) "Related provider trust" means a titling trust or any	6164
other trust established by a licensed viatical settlement	6165
provider or a financing entity for the sole purpose of holding	6166
ownership or beneficial interest in purchased policies in	6167
connection with a financing transaction, provided that the trust	6168
has a written agreement with the licensed viatical settlement	6169
provider under which the licensed viatical settlement provider	6170
is responsible for ensuring compliance with all statutory and	6171
regulatory requirements and under which the trust agrees to make	6172
all records and files related to viatical settlement	6173

transactions available to the superintendent of insurance as if	6174
those records and files were maintained directly by the licensed	6175
viatical settlement provider.	6176
(L) "Special purpose entity" means a corporation,	6177
partnership, trust, limited liability company or other similar	6178
entity formed solely for one of the following purposes:	6179
(i) To provide access, either directly or indirectly, to	6180
institutional capital markets for a financing entity or licensed	6181
viatical settlement provider;	6182
(ii) In connection with a transaction in which the	6183
securities in the special purpose entity are acquired by	6184
qualified institutional buyers.	6185
(M) "Terminally ill" means certified by a physician as	6186
having an illness or physical condition that can reasonably be	6187
expected to result in death in twenty-four months or less.	6188
(N) "Viatical settlement broker" means a person that, on	6189
behalf of a viator and for a fee, commission, or other valuable	6190
consideration, offers or attempts to negotiate viatical	6191
settlements between a viator and one or more viatical settlement	6192
providers or viatical settlement brokers. "Viatical settlement	6193
broker" does not include an attorney, a certified public	6194
accountant, or a financial planner accredited by a nationally	6195
recognized accreditation agency, who is retained to represent	6196
the viator, whose compensation is not paid directly or	6197
indirectly by the viatical settlement provider or purchaser.	6198
(O)(1) "Viatical settlement contract" means any of the	6199
following:	6200
(a) A written agreement between a viator and a viatical	6201

settlement provider that establishes the terms under which

compensation or anything of value, that is less than the	6203
expected death benefit of the policy is or will be paid in	6204
return for the viator's present or future assignment, transfer,	6205
sale, release, devise, or bequest of the death benefit or	6206
ownership of any portion of the policy or any beneficial	6207
interest in the policy or its ownership;	6208
(b) The transfer or acquisition for compensation or	6209
anything of value for ownership or beneficial interest in a	6210
trust or an interest in another person that owns such a policy	6211
if the trust or other person was formed or availed of for the	6212
principal purpose of acquiring one or more life insurance	6213
policies;	6214
(c) A premium finance loan made for a policy by a lender	6215
to a viator on, before, or after the date of issuance of the	6216
policy in either of the following situations:	6217
(i) The viator or the insured receives a guarantee of the	6218
viatical settlement value of the policy.	6219
(ii) The viator or the insured agrees on, before, or after	6220
the issuance of the policy to sell the policy or any portion of	6221
the policy's death benefit.	6222
(2) "Viatical settlement contracts" include but are not	6223
limited to contracts that are commonly termed "life settlement	6224
contracts" and "senior settlement contracts."	6225
(3) "Viatical settlement contract" does not include any of	6226
the following unless part of a plan, scheme, device, or artifice	6227
to avoid the application of this chapter:	6228
(a) A policy loan or accelerated death benefit made by the	6229
insurer pursuant to the policy's terms whether issued with the	6230
original policy or a rider;	6231

(b) Loan proceeds that are used solely to pay premiums for	6232
the policy and the costs of the loan including interest,	6233
arrangement fees, utilization fees and similar fees, closing	6234
costs, legal fees and expenses, trustee fees and expenses, and	6235
third-party collateral provider fees and expenses, including	6236
fees payable to letter of credit issuers;	6237
(c) A loan made by a regulated financial institution in	6238
which the lender takes an interest in a policy solely to secure	6239
repayment of a loan or, if there is a default on the loan and	6240
the policy is transferred, the transfer of such a policy by the	6241
lender, provided that neither the default itself nor the	6242
transfer is pursuant to an agreement or understanding with any	6243
other person for the purpose of evading regulation under this	6244
chapter;	6245
(d) A premium finance loan made by a lender that does not	6246
violate sections 1321.71 to 1321.83 of the Revised Code, if the	6247
premium finance loan is not described in division (0)(1)(c) of	6248
this section;	6249
(e) An agreement where all parties are closely related to	6250
the insured by blood or law or have a lawful substantial	6251
economic interest in the continued life, health, and bodily	6252
safety of the person insured, or are persons or trusts	6253
established primarily for the benefit of such parties;	6254
(f) Any designation, consent, or agreement by an insured	6255
who is an employee of an employer in connection with the	6256
purchase by the employer, or trust established by the employer,	6257
of life insurance on the life of the employee as described in	6258
section 3911.091 of the Revised Code;	6259
(g) Any business succession planning arrangement	6260

including, but not limited to all of the following if the	6261
arrangements are bona fide arrangements:	6262
(i) An arrangement between one or more shareholders in a	6263
corporation or between a corporation and one or more of its	6264
shareholders or one or more persons or trusts established by its	6265
shareholders;	6266
(ii) An arrangement between one or more partners in a	6267
partnership or between a partnership and one or more of its	6268
partners or one or more trusts established by its partners;	6269
(iii) An arrangement between one or more members in a	6270
limited liability company or between a limited liability company	6271
and one or more of its members or one or more trusts established	6272
by its members.	6273
(h) An agreement entered into by a service recipient, a	6274
trust established by the service recipient and a service	6275
provider, or a trust established by the service provider who	6276
performs significant services for the service recipient's trade	6277
or business;	6278
(i) An arrangement or agreement with a special purpose	6279
entity;	6280
(j) Any other contract, transaction, or arrangement	6281
exempted from the definition of viatical settlement contract by	6282
rule adopted by the superintendent based on the superintendent's	6283
determination that the contract, transaction, or arrangement is	6284
not of the type regulated by this chapter.	6285
(P)(1) "Viatical settlement provider" means a person,	6286
other than a viator, that enters into or effectuates a viatical	6287
settlement contract.	6288

(2) "Viatical settlement provider" does not include any of	6289
the following:	6290
(a) A bank, savings bank, savings and loan association,	6291
credit union, or other regulated financial institution that	6292
takes an assignment of a policy solely as a collateral for a	6293
loan;	6294
(b) A premium finance company exempted under section	6295
1321.72 of the Revised Code from the licensure requirements of	6296
section 3921.73 of the Revised Code that takes an assignment of	6297
a policy solely as collateral for a premium finance loan;	6298
(c) The issuer of a policy;	6299
(d) An individual who enters into or effectuates not more	6300
than one viatical settlement contract in any calendar year for	6301
the transfer of life insurance policies for any value less than	6302
the expected death benefit;	6303
(e) An authorized or eligible insurer that provides stop	6304
loss coverage or financial guarantee insurance to a viatical	6305
settlement provider, purchaser, financing entity, special	6306
purpose entity, or related provider trust;	6307
(f) A financing entity;	6308
(g) A special purpose entity;	6309
(h) A related provider trust;	6310
(i) A viatical settlement purchaser;	6311
(j) Any other person the superintendent determines is not	6312
consistent with the definition of viatical settlement provider.	6313
(Q) "Viaticated policy" means a policy that has been	6314
acquired by a viatical settlement provider pursuant to a	6315

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wiatical	settlement	contract
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(R) "Viator" means the owner of a policy or a certificate	6317
holder under a group policy that has not previously been	6318
viaticated who, in return for compensation or anything of value	6319
that is less than the expected death benefit of the policy or	6320
certificate, assigns, transfers, sells, releases, devises, or	6321
bequests the death benefit or ownership of any portion of the	6322
policy or certificate of insurance. For the purposes of this	6323
chapter, a "viator" is not limited to an owner of a policy or a	6324
certificate holder under a group policy insuring the life of an	6325
individual who is terminally or chronically ill except where	6326
specifically addressed. "Viator" does not include any of the	6327
following:	6328

- (1) A licensee under this chapter; 6329
- (2) A qualified institutional buyer;
- (3) A financing entity; 6331
- (4) A special purpose entity; 6332
- (5) A related provider trust. 6333
- (S) "Viatical settlement purchaser" means a person who 6334 provides a sum of money as consideration for a policy or an 6335 interest in the death benefits of a policy from a viatical 6336 settlement provider that is the subject of a viatical settlement 6337 contract, or a person who owns, acquires, or is entitled to a 6338 beneficial interest in a trust or person that owns a viatical 6339 settlement contract or is the beneficiary of a policy that is 6340 the subject of a viatical settlement contract, for the purpose 6341 of deriving an economic benefit. "Viatical settlement purchaser" 6342 does not include any of the following: 6343

(1) A licensee under this chapter;	6344
(2) A qualified institutional buyer;	6345
(3) A financing entity;	6346
(4) A special purpose entity;	6347
(5) A related provider trust.	6348
(T) "Qualified institutional buyer" has the same meaning	6349
as in 17 C.F.R. 230.144A as that regulation exists on the	6350
effective date of this amendmentSeptember 11, 2008.	6351
(U) "Licensee" means a person licensed as a viatical	6352
settlement provider or viatical settlement broker under this	6353
chapter.	6354
(V) "NAIC" means the national association of insurance	6355
commissioners.	6356
(X) "Regulated financial institution" means a bank, a	6357
savings association, or credit union operating under authority	6358
granted by the superintendent of financial institutions, the	6359
regulatory authority of any other state of the United States,	6360
the office of thrift supervision, the national credit union	6361
administration, or the office of the comptroller of the	6362
currency.	6363
(W)(1) "Stranger-originated life insurance," or "STOLI,"	6364
means a practice, arrangement, or agreement initiated at or	6365
prior to the issuance of a policy that includes both of the	6366
following:	6367
(a) The purchase or acquisition of a policy primarily	6368
benefiting one or more persons who, at the time of issuance of	6369
the policy, lack insurable interest in the person insured under	6370

the policy;	6371
(b) The transfer at any time of the legal or beneficial	6372
ownership of the policy or benefits of the policy or both, in	6373
whole or in part, including through an assumption or forgiveness	6374
of a loan to fund premiums.	6375
(2) "Stranger-originated life insurance" also includes	6376
trusts or other persons that are created to give the appearance	6377
of insurable interest and are used to initiate one or more	6378
policies for investors but violate insurable interest laws and	6379
the prohibition against wagering on life.	6380
(3) "Stranger-originated life insurance" does not include	6381
viatical settlement transactions specifically described in	6382
division (0)(3) of this section.	6383
Sec. 3925.26. When a company organized under section	6384
3925.25 of the Revised Code desires to do business in another	6385
state, by the laws of which, to qualify it therefor, it must	6386
make a deposit of securities assigned in trust for the benefit	6387
of its policyholders with an officer of this state, the	6388
treasurer of state-superintendent of insurance shall receive	6389
such deposit and issue therefor to the company—his_a receipt,	6390
giving a pertinent description of the securities and a	6391
certificate of their market value. The treasurer of state shall-	6392
issue a like certificate to the superintendent of insurance, who	6393
shall place it on file in his office. Such company may exchange	6394
these securities for other like securities, in whole or in part,	6395
as far as its business requires, and it may wholly withdraw them	6396
if it discontinues business in such other state. Such changes or	6397
withdrawals of securities shall at once be certified by the	6398
treasurer of state to the superintendent.	6399

Sec. 4141.241. (A) (1) Any nonprofit organization described	6400
in division (X) of section 4141.01 of the Revised Code, which	6401
becomes subject to this chapter on or after January 1, 1972,	6402
shall pay contributions under section 4141.25 of the Revised	6403
Code, unless it elects, in accordance with this division, to pay	6404
to the director of job and family services for deposit in the	6405
unemployment compensation fund an amount in lieu of	6406
contributions equal to the amount of regular benefits plus one	6407
half of extended benefits paid from that fund that is	6408
attributable to service in the employ of the nonprofit	6409
organization to individuals whose service, during the base	6410
period of the claims, was within the effective period of such	6411
election.	6412

- (2) Any nonprofit organization which becomes subject to 6413 this chapter after January 1, 1972, may elect to become liable 6414 for payments in lieu of contributions for a period of not less 6415 than the remainder of that calendar year and the next calendar 6416 year, beginning with the date on which such subjectivity begins, 6417 by filing a written notice of its election with the director not 6418 later than thirty days immediately following the date of the 6419 determination of such subjectivity. 6420
- (3) Any nonprofit organization which makes an election in

  accordance with this division will continue to be liable for

  payments in lieu of contributions for the period described in

  this division and until it files with the director a written

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  notice terminating its election. The notice shall be filed not

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  later than thirty days prior to the beginning of the calendar

  year for which the termination is to become effective.

  6427
- (4) Any nonprofit organization which has been paying 6428 contributions for a period subsequent to January 1, 1972, may 6429

change to a reimbursable basis by filing with the director, not	6430
later than thirty days prior to the beginning of any calendar	6431
year, a written notice of election to become liable for payments	6432
in lieu of contributions. The election shall not be terminable	6433
by the organization during that calendar year and the next	6434
calendar year.	6435

- (5) The director, in accordance with any rules the

  director prescribes, shall notify each nonprofit organization of
  any determination which the director may make of its status as

  an employer and of the effective date of any election which it

  makes and of any termination of the election. Any determinations

  shall be subject to reconsideration, appeal, and review in

  accordance with section 4141.26 of the Revised Code.

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  6441
- (B) Except as provided in division (I) of section 4141.29 6443 of the Revised Code, benefits based on service with a nonprofit 6444 organization granted a reimbursing status under this section 6445 shall be payable in the same amount, on the same terms, and 6446 subject to the same conditions, as benefits payable on the basis 6447 of other service subject to this chapter. Payments in lieu of 6448 contributions shall be made in accordance with this division and 6449 division (D) of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code. 6450
- (1) (a) At the end of each calendar quarter, or at the end 6451 of any other period as determined by the director under division 6452 (D)(4) of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code, the director 6453 shall bill each nonprofit organization or group of such 6454 organizations which has elected to make payments in lieu of 6455 contributions for an amount equal to the full amount of regular 6456 benefits plus one half of the amount of extended benefits paid 6457 during such quarter or other prescribed period which is 6458 attributable to service in the employ of such organization. 6459

- (b) In the computation of the amount of benefits to be 6460 charged to employers liable for payments in lieu of 6461 contributions, all benefits attributable to service described in 6462 division (B)(1)(a) of this section shall be computed and charged 6463 to such organization as described in division (D) of section 6464 4141.24 of the Revised Code, and, except as provided in division 6465 (D)(2) of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code, no portion of the 6466 amount may be charged to the mutualized account established by 6467 division (B) of section 4141.25 of the Revised Code. 6468
- (c) The director may prescribe regulations under which 6469 organizations, which have elected to make payments in lieu of 6470 contributions, may request permission to make such payments in 6471 equal installments throughout the year with an adjustment at the 6472 end of the year for any excess or shortage of the amount of such 6473 installment payments compared with the total amount of benefits 6474 actually charged the organization's account during the year. In 6475 making any adjustment, where the total installment payments are 6476 less than the actual benefits charged, the organization shall be 6477 liable for payment of the unpaid balance in accordance with 6478 division (B)(2) of this section. If the total installment 6479 payments exceed the actual benefits charged, all or part of the 6480 excess may, at the discretion of the director, be refunded or 6481 retained in the fund as part of the payments which may be 6482 required in the next year. 6483
- (2) Payment of any bill rendered under division (B)(1) of 6484 this section shall be made not later than thirty days after the 6485 bill was mailed to the last known address of the organization or 6486 was otherwise delivered to it, unless there has been an 6487 application for review and redetermination in accordance with 6488 division (B)(4) of this section.

(3) Payments made by an organization under this section	6490
shall not be deducted or deductible, in whole or in part, from	6491
the remuneration of individuals in the employ of the	6492
organization.	6493
(4) An organization may file an application for review and	6494
redetermination of the amounts appearing on any bill rendered to	6495
such organization under division (B)(1) of this section. The	6496
application shall be filed and determined under division (D)(4)	6497
of section 4141.24 of the Revised Code.	6498
(5) Past-due payments of amounts in lieu of contributions	6499
shall be subject to the same interest rates and collection	6500
procedures that apply to past-due contributions under sections	6501
4141.23 and $414.27$ 4141.27 of the Revised Code. In case of	6502
failure to file a required quarterly report within the time	6503
prescribed by the director, the nonprofit organization shall be	6504
subject to a forfeiture pursuant to section 4141.20 of the	6505
Revised Code for each quarterly report that is not timely filed.	6506
All interest and forfeitures collected under this division	6507
shall be paid into the unemployment compensation special	6508
administrative fund as provided in section 4141.11 of the	6509
Revised Code.	6510
(6) All payments in lieu of contributions collected under	6511
this section shall be paid into the unemployment compensation	6512
fund as provided in section 4141.09 of the Revised Code. Any	6513
refunds of such payments shall be paid from the unemployment	6514
compensation fund, as provided in section 4141.09 of the Revised	6515
Code.	6516
(C)(1) Any nonprofit organization, or group of such	6517

organizations approved under division (D) of this section, that

elects to become liable for payments in lieu of contributions	6519
shall be required within thirty days after the effective date of	6520
its election, to execute and file with the director a surety	6521
bond approved by the director <del>or it may elect instead to deposit</del>	6522
with the director approved municipal or other bonds, or approved	6523
securities, or a combination thereof, or other forms of	6524
collateral security approved by the director.	6525

(2) (a) The amount of the bond or deposit required shall be 6526 equal to three per cent of the organization's wages paid for 6527 employment as defined in section 4141.01 of the Revised Code 6528 that would have been taxable had the organization been a subject 6529 employer during the four calendar quarters immediately preceding 6530 the effective date of the election, or the amount established by 6531 the director within the limitation provided in division  $\frac{(C)}{(2)}$ 6532  $\frac{(d)}{(c)}$  (C) (2) (c) of this section, whichever is the less. The 6533 effective date of the amount of the bond or other collateral 6534 security required after the employer initially is determined by 6535 the director to be liable for payments in lieu of contributions 6536 shall be the renewal date in the case of a the bond or the 6537 biennial anniversary of the effective date of election in the 6538 case of deposit of securities or other forms of collateral 6539 security approved by the director, whichever date shall be most-6540 recent and applicable. If the nonprofit organization did not pay 6541 wages in each of such four calendar quarters, the amount of the 6542 bond or deposit shall be as determined by the director under 6543 regulations prescribed for this purpose. 6544

(b) Any bond or other form of collateral security approved

by the director deposited under this division shall be in force

for a period of not less than two calendar years and shall be

for approval of the director, at such times as the

director may prescribe, but not less frequently than at two-year

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intervals as long as the organization continues to be liable for	6550
payments in lieu of contributions. The director shall require	6551
adjustments to be made in a previously filed bond or other form	6552
of collateral security as the director considers appropriate. If	6553
the bond <del>or other form of collateral security</del> is to be	6554
increased, the adjusted bond or collateral security shall be	6555
filed by the organization within thirty days of the date that	6556
notice of the required adjustment was mailed or otherwise	6557
delivered to it. Failure by any organization covered by such	6558
bond or collateral security to pay the full amount of payments	6559
in lieu of contributions when due, together with any applicable	6560
interest provided for in division (B)(5) of this section, shall	6561
render the surety liable on the bond <del>or collateral security to</del>	6562
the extent of the bond <del>or collateral security</del> , as though the	6563
surety was the organization.	6564

6565 (c) Any securities accepted in lieu of surety bond by the director shall be deposited with the treasurer of state who-6566 shall have custody thereof and retain the same in the treasurer 6567 of state's possession, or release them, according to conditions 6568 prescribed by regulations of the director. Income from the 6569 securities, held in custody by the treasurer of state, shall 6570 accrue to the benefit of the depositor and shall be distributed 6571 to the depositor in the absence of any notification from the 6572 director that the depositor is in default on any payment owed to-6573 the director. The director may require the sale of any such-6574 bonds to the extent necessary to satisfy any unpaid payments in 6575 lieu of contributions, together with any applicable interest or 6576 forfeitures provided for in division (B) (5) of this section. The 6577 director shall require the employer within thirty days following-6578 any sale of deposited securities, under this subdivision, to-6579 deposit additional securities, surety bond, or combination of 6580

both, to make whole the employer's security deposit at the	6581
approved level. Any cash remaining from the sale of such	6582
securities may, at the discretion of the director, be refunded	6583
in whole or in part, or be paid into the unemployment	6584
compensation fund to cover future payments required of the	6585
organization.	6586

(d) The required bond or deposit for any nonprofit 6587 organization, or group of such organizations approved by the 6588 director under division (D) of this section, that is determined 6589 by the director to be liable for payments in lieu of 6590 contributions effective beginning on and after January 1, 1996, 6591 but prior to January 1, 1998, and the required bond or deposit 6592 for any renewed elections under division (C)(2)(b) of this 6593 section effective during that period shall not exceed one-6594 million two hundred fifty thousand dollars. The required bond or 6595 6596 deposit for any nonprofit organization, or group of such organizations approved by the director under division (D) of 6597 this section, that is determined to be liable for payments in 6598 lieu of contributions effective on and after January 1, 1998, 6599 and the required bond or deposit for any renewed elections-6600 effective on and after January 1, 1998, shall not exceed two 6601 million dollars. 6602

(3) If any nonprofit organization fails to file a bond or 6603 make a deposit, or to file a bond in an increased amount or to 6604 make whole the amount of a previously made deposit, as provided 6605 under this division, the director may terminate the 6606 organization's election to make payments in lieu of 6607 contributions effective for the quarter following such failure 6608 and the termination shall continue for not less than the 6609 remainder of that calendar year and the next calendar year, 6610 beginning with the quarter in which the termination becomes 6611

effective; except that the director may extend for good cause	6612
the applicable filing, deposit, or adjustment period by not more	6613
than thirty days.	6614

- (D) (1) Two or more nonprofit organizations that have 6615 become liable for payments in lieu of contributions, in 6616 accordance with division (A) of this section, may file a joint 6617 application to the director for the establishment of the group 6618 account for the purpose of sharing the cost of benefits paid 6619 that are attributable to service in the employ of those 6620 employers. Notwithstanding division (E) of section 4141.242 of 6621 6622 the Revised Code, hospitals operated by this state or a political subdivision may participate in a group account with 6623 nonprofit organizations under the procedures set forth in this 6624 section. Each application shall identify and authorize a group 6625 representative to act as the group's agent for the purposes of 6626 this division. 6627
- (2) Upon the director's approval of the application, the 6628 director shall establish a group account for the employers 6629 effective as of the beginning of the calendar quarter in which 6630 the director receives the application and shall notify the 6631 group's representative of the effective date of the account. The 6632 account shall remain in effect for not less than two years and 6633 thereafter until terminated by the director or upon application 6634 6635 by the group.
- (3) Upon establishment of the account, each member of the 6636 group shall be liable, in the event that the group 6637 representative fails to pay any bill issued to it pursuant to 6638 division (B) of this section, for payments in lieu of 6639 contributions with respect to each calendar quarter in the 6640 amount that bears the same ratio to the total benefits paid in 6641

the quarter that are attributable to service performed in the	6642
employ of all members of the group as the total wages paid for	6643
service in employment by the member in the quarter bear to the	6644
total wages paid during the quarter for service performed in the	6645
employ of all members of the group.	6646

(4) The director shall adopt regulations as considered 6647 necessary with respect to the following: applications for 6648 establishment, bonding, maintenance, and termination of group 6649 accounts that are authorized by this section; addition of new 6650 members to and withdrawal of active members from such accounts; 6651 and the determination of the amounts that are payable under this 6652 division by the group representative and in the event of default 6653 in payment by the group representative, members of the group, 6654 and the time and manner of payments. 6655

Sec. 4505.06. (A) (1) Application for a certificate of 6656 title shall be made in a form prescribed by the registrar of 6657 motor vehicles and shall be sworn to before a notary public or 6658 other officer empowered to administer oaths. The application 6659 shall be filed with the clerk of any court of common pleas. An 6660 application for a certificate of title may be filed 6661 electronically by any electronic means approved by the registrar 6662 in any county with the clerk of the court of common pleas of 6663 that county. Any payments required by this chapter shall be 6664 considered as accompanying any electronically transmitted 6665 application when payment actually is received by the clerk. 6666 Payment of any fee or taxes may be made by electronic transfer 6667 of funds. 6668

(2) The application for a certificate of title shall be 6669 accompanied by the fee prescribed in section 4505.09 of the 6670 Revised Code. The fee shall be retained by the clerk who issues 6671

the certificate of title and shall be distributed in accordance	6672
with that section. If a clerk of a court of common pleas, other	6673
than the clerk of the court of common pleas of an applicant's	6674
county of residence, issues a certificate of title to the	6675
applicant, the clerk shall transmit data related to the	6676
transaction to the automated title processing system.	6677

(3) If a certificate of title previously has been issued 6678 for a motor vehicle in this state, the application for a 6679 certificate of title also shall be accompanied by that 6680 certificate of title duly assigned, unless otherwise provided in 6681 this chapter. If a certificate of title previously has not been 6682 issued for the motor vehicle in this state, the application, 6683 unless otherwise provided in this chapter, shall be accompanied 6684 by a manufacturer's or importer's certificate or by a 6685 certificate of title of another state from which the motor 6686 vehicle was brought into this state. If the application refers 6687 to a motor vehicle last previously registered in another state, 6688 the application also shall be accompanied by the physical 6689 inspection certificate required by section 4505.061 of the 6690 Revised Code. If the application is made by two persons 6691 regarding a motor vehicle in which they wish to establish joint 6692 ownership with right of survivorship, they may do so as provided 6693 in section 2131.12 of the Revised Code. If the applicant 6694 requests a designation of the motor vehicle in beneficiary form 6695 so that upon the death of the owner of the motor vehicle, 6696 ownership of the motor vehicle will pass to a designated 6697 transfer-on-death beneficiary or beneficiaries, the applicant 6698 may do so as provided in section 2131.13 of the Revised Code. A 6699 person who establishes ownership of a motor vehicle that is 6700 transferable on death in accordance with section 2131.13 of the 6701 Revised Code may terminate that type of ownership or change the 6702

designation of the transfer-on-death beneficiary or	6703
beneficiaries by applying for a certificate of title pursuant to	6704
this section. The clerk shall retain the evidence of title	6705
presented by the applicant and on which the certificate of title	6706
is issued, except that, if an application for a certificate of	6707
title is filed electronically by an electronic motor vehicle	6708
dealer on behalf of the purchaser of a motor vehicle, the clerk	6709
shall retain the completed electronic record to which the dealer	6710
converted the certificate of title application and other	6711
required documents. The registrar, after consultation with the	6712
attorney general, shall adopt rules that govern the location at	6713
which, and the manner in which, are stored the actual	6714
application and all other documents relating to the transfer of	6715
a motor vehicle when an electronic motor vehicle dealer files	6716
the application for a certificate of title electronically on	6717
behalf of the purchaser. Not later than December 31, 2017, the	6718
registrar shall arrange for a service that enables all	6719
electronic motor vehicle dealers to file applications for	6720
certificates of title on behalf of purchasers of motor vehicles	6721
electronically by transferring the applications directly from	6722
the computer systems of the dealers to the clerk.	6723

The clerk shall use reasonable diligence in ascertaining 6724 whether or not the facts in the application for a certificate of 6725 title are true by checking the application and documents 6726 accompanying it or the electronic record to which a dealer 6727 converted the application and accompanying documents with the 6728 records of motor vehicles in the clerk's office. If the clerk is 6729 satisfied that the applicant is the owner of the motor vehicle 6730 and that the application is in the proper form, the clerk, 6731 within five business days after the application is filed and 6732 except as provided in section 4505.021 of the Revised Code, 6733

shall issue a physical certificate of title over the clerk's	6734
signature and sealed with the clerk's seal, unless the applicant	6735
specifically requests the clerk not to issue a physical	6736
certificate of title and instead to issue an electronic	6737
certificate of title. For purposes of the transfer of a	6738
certificate of title, if the clerk is satisfied that the secured	6739
party has duly discharged a lien notation but has not canceled	6740
the lien notation with a clerk, the clerk may cancel the lien	6741
notation on the automated title processing system and notify the	6742
clerk of the county of origin.	6743

(4) In the case of the sale of a motor vehicle to a 6744 general buyer or user by a dealer, by a motor vehicle leasing 6745 dealer selling the motor vehicle to the lessee or, in a case in 6746 which the leasing dealer subleased the motor vehicle, the 6747 sublessee, at the end of the lease agreement or sublease 6748 agreement, or by a manufactured housing broker, the certificate 6749 of title shall be obtained in the name of the buyer by the 6750 dealer, leasing dealer, or manufactured housing broker, as the 6751 case may be, upon application signed by the buyer. The 6752 certificate of title shall be issued, or the process of entering 6753 the certificate of title application information into the 6754 automated title processing system if a physical certificate of 6755 title is not to be issued shall be completed, within five 6756 business days after the application for title is filed with the 6757 clerk. If the buyer of the motor vehicle previously leased the 6758 motor vehicle and is buying the motor vehicle at the end of the 6759 lease pursuant to that lease, the certificate of title shall be 6760 obtained in the name of the buyer by the motor vehicle leasing 6761 dealer who previously leased the motor vehicle to the buyer or 6762 by the motor vehicle leasing dealer who subleased the motor 6763 vehicle to the buyer under a sublease agreement. 6764

In all other cases, except as provided in section 4505.032 6765 and division (D)(2) of section 4505.11 of the Revised Code, such 6766 certificates shall be obtained by the buyer. 6767

- (5)(a)(i) If the certificate of title is being obtained in 6768 the name of the buyer by a motor vehicle dealer or motor vehicle 6769 leasing dealer and there is a security interest to be noted on 6770 the certificate of title, the dealer or leasing dealer shall 6771 submit the application for the certificate of title and payment 6772 of the applicable tax to a clerk within seven business days 6773 after the later of the delivery of the motor vehicle to the 6774 buyer or the date the dealer or leasing dealer obtains the 6775 manufacturer's or importer's certificate, or certificate of 6776 title issued in the name of the dealer or leasing dealer, for 6777 the motor vehicle. Submission of the application for the 6778 certificate of title and payment of the applicable tax within 6779 the required seven business days may be indicated by postmark or 6780 receipt by a clerk within that period. 6781
- (ii) Upon receipt of the certificate of title with the 6782 security interest noted on its face, the dealer or leasing 6783 dealer shall forward the certificate of title to the secured 6784 party at the location noted in the financing documents or 6785 otherwise specified by the secured party. 6786
- (iii) A motor vehicle dealer or motor vehicle leasing 6787 dealer is liable to a secured party for a late fee of ten 6788 dollars per day for each certificate of title application and 6789 payment of the applicable tax that is submitted to a clerk more 6790 than seven business days but less than twenty-one days after the 6791 later of the delivery of the motor vehicle to the buyer or the 6792 date the dealer or leasing dealer obtains the manufacturer's or 6793 importer's certificate, or certificate of title issued in the 6794

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name of the dealer or leasing dealer, for the motor vehicle and,	6795
from then on, twenty-five dollars per day until the application	6796
and applicable tax are submitted to a clerk.	6797
(b) In all cases of transfer of a motor vehicle except the	6798
transfer of a manufactured home or mobile home, the application	6799
for certificate of title shall be filed within thirty days after	6800
the assignment or delivery of the motor vehicle.	6801
(c) An application for a certificate of title for a new	6802
manufactured home shall be filed within thirty days after the	6803
delivery of the new manufactured home to the purchaser. The date	6804
of the delivery shall be the date on which an occupancy permit	6805
for the manufactured home is delivered to the purchaser of the	6806
home by the appropriate legal authority.	6807
(d) An application for a certificate of title for a used	6808
manufactured home or a used mobile home shall be filed as	6809
follows:	6810
(i) If a certificate of title for the used manufactured	6811
home or used mobile home was issued to the motor vehicle dealer	6812
prior to the sale of the manufactured or mobile home to the	6813
purchaser, the application for certificate of title shall be	6814
filed within thirty days after the date on which an occupancy	6815
permit for the manufactured or mobile home is delivered to the	6816
purchaser by the appropriate legal authority.	6817
(ii) If the motor vehicle dealer has been designated by a	6818
secured party to display the manufactured or mobile home for	6819
sale, or to sell the manufactured or mobile home under section	6820
4505.20 of the Revised Code, but the certificate of title has	6821

not been transferred by the secured party to the motor vehicle

dealer, and the dealer has complied with the requirements of

division (A) of section 4505.181 of the Revised Code, the	6824
application for certificate of title shall be filed within	6825
thirty days after the date on which the motor vehicle dealer	6826
obtains the certificate of title for the home from the secured	6827
party or the date on which an occupancy permit for the	6828
manufactured or mobile home is delivered to the purchaser by the	6829
appropriate legal authority, whichever occurs later.	6830

- (6) If an application for a certificate of title is not 6831 filed within the period specified in division (A)(5)(b), (c), or 6832 (d) of this section, the clerk shall collect a fee of five 6833 dollars for the issuance of the certificate, except that no such 6834 fee shall be required from a motor vehicle salvage dealer, as 6835 defined in division (A) of section 4738.01 of the Revised Code, 6836 who immediately surrenders the certificate of title for 6837 cancellation. The fee shall be in addition to all other fees 6838 established by this chapter, and shall be retained by the clerk. 6839 The registrar shall provide, on the certificate of title form 6840 prescribed by section 4505.07 of the Revised Code, language 6841 necessary to give evidence of the date on which the assignment 6842 or delivery of the motor vehicle was made. 6843
- (7) As used in division (A) of this section, "lease 6844 agreement," "lessee," and "sublease agreement" have the same 6845 meanings as in section 4505.04 of the Revised Code and "new 6846 manufactured home," "used manufactured home," and "used mobile 6847 home" have the same meanings as in section 5739.0210 of the 6848 Revised Code. 6849
- (B) (1) The clerk, except as provided in this section, 6850 shall refuse to accept for filing any application for a 6851 certificate of title and shall refuse to issue a certificate of 6852 title unless the dealer or the applicant, in cases in which the 6853

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certificate shall be obtained by the buyer, submits with the	6854
application payment of the tax levied by or pursuant to Chapters	6855
5739. and 5741. of the Revised Code based on the purchaser's	6856
county of residence. Upon payment of the tax in accordance with	6857
division (E) of this section, the clerk shall issue a receipt	6858
prescribed by the registrar and agreed upon by the tax	6859
commissioner showing payment of the tax or a receipt issued by	6860
the commissioner showing the payment of the tax. When submitting	6861
payment of the tax to the clerk, a dealer shall retain any	6862
discount to which the dealer is entitled under section 5739.12	6863
of the Revised Code.	6864

(2) For receiving and disbursing such taxes paid to the clerk by a resident of the clerk's county, the clerk may retain a poundage fee of one and one one-hundredth per cent, and the clerk shall pay the poundage fee into the certificate of title administration fund created by section 325.33 of the Revised Code. The clerk shall not retain a poundage fee from payments of taxes by persons who do not reside in the clerk's county.

A clerk, however, may retain from the taxes paid to the 6872 clerk an amount equal to the poundage fees associated with 6873 certificates of title issued by other clerks of courts of common 6874 pleas to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county. The 6875 registrar, in consultation with the tax commissioner and the 6876 clerks of the courts of common pleas, shall develop a report 6877 from the automated title processing system that informs each 6878 clerk of the amount of the poundage fees that the clerk is 6879 permitted to retain from those taxes because of certificates of 6880 title issued by the clerks of other counties to applicants who 6881 reside in the first clerk's county. 6882

(3) In the case of casual sales of motor vehicles, as

defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code, the price for 6884 the purpose of determining the tax shall be the purchase price 6885 on the assigned certificate of title, or assignment form 6886 prescribed by the registrar, executed by the seller and filed 6887 with the clerk by the buyer on a form to be prescribed by the 6888 registrar, which shall be prima-facie evidence of the amount for 6889 the determination of the tax.

- 6891 (4) Each county clerk shall forward to the treasurer of state registrar of motor vehicles all sales and use tax 6892 collections resulting from sales of motor vehicles, off-highway 6893 motorcycles, and all-purpose vehicles during a calendar week on 6894 or before the Friday following the close of that week. If, on 6895 any Friday, the offices of the clerk of courts or the state are 6896 not open for business, the tax shall be forwarded to the 6897 treasurer of state-registrar on or before the next day on which 6898 the offices are open. Every remittance of tax under division (B) 6899 (4) of this section shall be accompanied by a remittance report 6900 in such form as the tax commissioner prescribes. Upon receipt of 6901 a tax remittance and remittance report, the treasurer of state-6902 registrar shall date stamp the report and forward it to the tax 6903 commissioner. If the tax due for any week is not remitted by a 6904 clerk of courts as required under division (B)(4) of this 6905 section, the commissioner may require the clerk to forfeit the 6906 poundage fees for the sales made during that week. The treasurer 6907 of state registrar may require the clerks of courts to transmit 6908 tax collections and remittance reports electronically. 6909
- (C) (1) If the transferor indicates on the certificate of 6910 title that the odometer reflects mileage in excess of the 6911 designed mechanical limit of the odometer, the clerk shall enter 6912 the phrase "exceeds mechanical limits" following the mileage 6913 designation. If the transferor indicates on the certificate of 6914

title that the odometer reading is not the actual mileage, the	6915
clerk shall enter the phrase "nonactual: warning - odometer	6916
discrepancy" following the mileage designation. The clerk shall	6917
use reasonable care in transferring the information supplied by	6918
the transferor, but is not liable for any errors or omissions of	6919
the clerk or those of the clerk's deputies in the performance of	6920
the clerk's duties created by this chapter.	6921

The registrar shall prescribe an affidavit in which the 6922 transferor shall swear to the true selling price and, except as 6923 provided in this division, the true odometer reading of the 6924 motor vehicle. The registrar may prescribe an affidavit in which 6925 the seller and buyer provide information pertaining to the 6926 odometer reading of the motor vehicle in addition to that 6927 required by this section, as such information may be required by 6928 the United States secretary of transportation by rule prescribed 6929 under authority of subchapter IV of the "Motor Vehicle 6930 Information and Cost Savings Act," 86 Stat. 961 (1972), 15 6931 U.S.C. 1981. 6932

- (2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not require the 6933 giving of information concerning the odometer and odometer 6934 reading of a motor vehicle when ownership of a motor vehicle is 6935 being transferred as a result of a bequest, under the laws of 6936 intestate succession, to a survivor pursuant to section 2106.18, 6937 2131.12, or 4505.10 of the Revised Code, to a transfer-on-death 6938 beneficiary or beneficiaries pursuant to section 2131.13 of the 6939 Revised Code, in connection with the creation of a security 6940 interest or for a vehicle with a gross vehicle weight rating of 6941 more than sixteen thousand pounds. 6942
- (D) When the transfer to the applicant was made in some 6943 other state or in interstate commerce, the clerk, except as 6944

provided in this section, shall refuse to issue any certificate	6945
of title unless the tax imposed by or pursuant to Chapter 5741.	6946
of the Revised Code based on the purchaser's county of residence	6947
has been paid as evidenced by a receipt issued by the tax	6948
commissioner, or unless the applicant submits with the	6949
application payment of the tax. Upon payment of the tax in	6950
accordance with division (E) of this section, the clerk shall	6951
issue a receipt prescribed by the registrar and agreed upon by	6952
the tax commissioner, showing payment of the tax.	6953

For receiving and disbursing such taxes paid to the clerk 6954 by a resident of the clerk's county, the clerk may retain a 6955 poundage fee of one and one one-hundredth per cent. The clerk 6956 shall not retain a poundage fee from payments of taxes by 6957 persons who do not reside in the clerk's county. 6958

A clerk, however, may retain from the taxes paid to the 6959 clerk an amount equal to the poundage fees associated with 6960 certificates of title issued by other clerks of courts of common 6961 6962 pleas to applicants who reside in the first clerk's county. The registrar, in consultation with the tax commissioner and the 6963 clerks of the courts of common pleas, shall develop a report 6964 from the automated title processing system that informs each 6965 clerk of the amount of the poundage fees that the clerk is 6966 permitted to retain from those taxes because of certificates of 6967 title issued by the clerks of other counties to applicants who 6968 reside in the first clerk's county. 6969

When the vendor is not regularly engaged in the business 6970 of selling motor vehicles, the vendor shall not be required to 6971 purchase a vendor's license or make reports concerning those 6972 sales.

(E) The clerk shall accept any payment of a tax in cash,

or by cashier's check, certified check, draft, money order, or	6975
teller check issued by any insured financial institution payable	6976
to the clerk and submitted with an application for a certificate	6977
of title under division (B) or (D) of this section. The clerk	6978
also may accept payment of the tax by corporate, business, or	6979
personal check, credit card, electronic transfer or wire	6980
transfer, debit card, or any other accepted form of payment made	6981
payable to the clerk. The clerk may require bonds, guarantees,	6982
or letters of credit to ensure the collection of corporate,	6983
business, or personal checks. Any service fee charged by a third	6984
party to a clerk for the use of any form of payment may be paid	6985
by the clerk from the certificate of title administration fund	6986
created in section 325.33 of the Revised Code, or may be	6987
assessed by the clerk upon the applicant as an additional fee.	6988
Upon collection, the additional fees shall be paid by the clerk	6989
into that certificate of title administration fund.	6990

The clerk shall make a good faith effort to collect any 6991 payment of taxes due but not made because the payment was 6992 returned or dishonored, but the clerk is not personally liable 6993 for the payment of uncollected taxes or uncollected fees. The 6994 clerk shall notify the tax commissioner of any such payment of 6995 taxes that is due but not made and shall furnish the information 6996 to the commissioner that the commissioner requires. The clerk 6997 shall deduct the amount of taxes due but not paid from the 6998 clerk's periodic remittance of tax payments, in accordance with 6999 procedures agreed upon by the tax commissioner. The commissioner 7000 may collect taxes due by assessment in the manner provided in 7001 section 5739.13 of the Revised Code. 7002

Any person who presents payment that is returned or 7003 dishonored for any reason is liable to the clerk for payment of 7004 a penalty over and above the amount of the taxes due. The clerk 7005

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shall determine the amount of the penalty, and the penalty shall	7006
be no greater than that amount necessary to compensate the clerk	7007
for banking charges, legal fees, or other expenses incurred by	7008
the clerk in collecting the returned or dishonored payment. The	7009
remedies and procedures provided in this section are in addition	7010
to any other available civil or criminal remedies. Subsequently	7011
collected penalties, poundage fees, and title fees, less any	7012
title fee due the state, from returned or dishonored payments	7013
collected by the clerk shall be paid into the certificate of	7014
title administration fund. Subsequently collected taxes, less	7015
poundage fees, shall be sent by the clerk to the <del>treasurer of</del>	7016
state-registrar of motor vehicles at the next scheduled periodic	7017
remittance of tax payments, with information as the commissioner	7018
may require. The clerk may abate all or any part of any penalty	7019
assessed under this division.	7020
(F) In the following cases, the clerk shall accept for	7021
filing an application and shall issue a certificate of title	7022
without requiring payment or evidence of payment of the tax:	7023
(1) When the purchaser is this state or any of its	7024
political subdivisions, a church, or an organization whose	7025
purchases are exempted by section 5739.02 of the Revised Code;	7026
(2) When the transaction in this state is not a retail	7027
sale as defined by section 5739.01 of the Revised Code;	7028
(3) When the purchase is outside this state or in	7029
interstate commerce and the purpose of the purchaser is not to	7030
use, store, or consume within the meaning of section 5741.01 of	7031
the Revised Code;	7032
(4) When the purchaser is the federal government;	7033

(5) When the motor vehicle was purchased outside this

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state for use outside this state;

(6) When the motor vehicle is purchased by a nonresident 7036 under the circumstances described in division (B)(1) of section 7037 5739.029 of the Revised Code, and upon presentation of a copy of 7038 the statement provided by that section, and a copy of the 7039 exemption certificate provided by section 5739.03 of the Revised 7040 Code.

- (G) An application, as prescribed by the registrar and 7042 agreed to by the tax commissioner, shall be filled out and sworn 7043 to by the buyer of a motor vehicle in a casual sale. The 7044 application shall contain the following notice in bold 7045 lettering: "WARNING TO TRANSFEROR AND TRANSFEREE (SELLER AND 7046 BUYER): You are required by law to state the true selling price. 7047 A false statement is in violation of section 2921.13 of the 7048 Revised Code and is punishable by six months' imprisonment or a 7049 fine of up to one thousand dollars, or both. All transfers are 7050 audited by the department of taxation. The seller and buyer must 7051 provide any information requested by the department of taxation. 7052 The buyer may be assessed any additional tax found to be due." 7053
- (H) For sales of manufactured homes or mobile homes 7054 occurring on or after January 1, 2000, the clerk shall accept 7055 for filing, pursuant to Chapter 5739. of the Revised Code, an 7056 application for a certificate of title for a manufactured home 7057 or mobile home without requiring payment of any tax pursuant to 7058 section 5739.02, 5741.021, 5741.022, or 5741.023 of the Revised 7059 Code, or a receipt issued by the tax commissioner showing 7060 payment of the tax. For sales of manufactured homes or mobile 7061 homes occurring on or after January 1, 2000, the applicant shall 7062 pay to the clerk an additional fee of five dollars for each 7063 certificate of title issued by the clerk for a manufactured or 7064

mobile home pursuant to division (H) of section 4505.11 of the	7065
Revised Code and for each certificate of title issued upon	7066
transfer of ownership of the home. The clerk shall credit the	7067
fee to the county certificate of title administration fund, and	7068
the fee shall be used to pay the expenses of archiving those	7069
certificates pursuant to division (A) of section 4505.08 and	7070
division (H)(3) of section 4505.11 of the Revised Code. The tax	7071
commissioner shall administer any tax on a manufactured or	7072
mobile home pursuant to Chapters 5739. and 5741. of the Revised	7073
Code.	7074

- (I) Every clerk shall have the capability to transact by 7075 electronic means all procedures and transactions relating to the 7076 issuance of motor vehicle certificates of title that are 7077 described in the Revised Code as being accomplished by 7078 electronic means.
- Sec. 4509.101. (A) (1) No person shall operate, or permit 7080 the operation of, a motor vehicle in this state, unless proof of 7081 financial responsibility is maintained continuously throughout 7082 the registration period with respect to that vehicle, or, in the 7083 case of a driver who is not the owner, with respect to that 7084 driver's operation of that vehicle.
- (2) Whoever violates division (A)(1) of this section shall 7086 be subject to the following civil penalties: 7087
- (a) Subject to divisions (A)(2)(b) and (c) of this 7088 section, a class (F) suspension of the person's driver's 7089 license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction 7090 permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege 7091 for the period of time specified in division (B)(6) of section 7092 4510.02 of the Revised Code and impoundment of the person's 7093 license. The court may grant limited driving privileges to the 7094

person, but only if the person presents proof of financial 7095 responsibility and is enrolled in a reinstatement fee payment 7096 plan pursuant to section 4510.10 of the Revised Code. 7097

- (b) If, within five years of the violation, the person's 7098 operating privileges are again suspended and the person's 7099 license again is impounded for a violation of division (A)(1) of 7100 this section, a class C suspension of the person's driver's 7101 license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction 7102 permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege 7103 for the period of time specified in division (B)(3) of section 7104 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited driving 7105 privileges to the person only if the person presents proof of 7106 financial responsibility and has complied with division (A)(5) 7107 of this section, and no court may grant limited driving 7108 privileges for the first fifteen days of the suspension. 7109
- (c) If, within five years of the violation, the person's 7110 operating privileges are suspended and the person's license is 7111 impounded two or more times for a violation of division (A)(1) 7112 of this section, a class B suspension of the person's driver's 7113 license, commercial driver's license, temporary instruction 7114 permit, probationary license, or nonresident operating privilege 7115 for the period of time specified in division (B)(2) of section 7116 4510.02 of the Revised Code. The court may grant limited driving 7117 privileges to the person only if the person presents proof of 7118 financial responsibility and has complied with division (A)(5) 7119 of this section, except that no court may grant limited driving 7120 privileges for the first thirty days of the suspension. 7121
- (d) In addition to the suspension of an owner's license 7122 under division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of this section, the 7123 suspension of the rights of the owner to register the motor 7124

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vehicle and the impoundment of the owner's certificate of	7125
registration and license plates until the owner complies with	7126
division (A)(5) of this section.	7127
The clerk of court shall waive the cost of filing a	7128
petition for limited driving privileges if, pursuant to section	7129
2323.311 of the Revised Code, the petitioner applies to be	7130
qualified as an indigent litigant and the court approves the	7131
application.	7132
(3) A person to whom this state has issued a certificate	7133
of registration for a motor vehicle or a license to operate a	7134
motor vehicle or who is determined to have operated any motor	7135
vehicle or permitted the operation in this state of a motor	7136
vehicle owned by the person shall be required to verify the	7137
existence of proof of financial responsibility covering the	7138
operation of the motor vehicle or the person's operation of the	7139
motor vehicle under either of the following circumstances:	7140
meeel veniere ander erener or ene refranking erreambeanees.	,110
(a) The person or a motor vehicle owned by the person is	7141
involved in a traffic accident that requires the filing of an	7142
accident report under section 4509.06 of the Revised Code.	7143
(b) The person receives a traffic ticket indicating that	7144
proof of the maintenance of financial responsibility was not	7145
produced upon the request of a peace officer or state highway	7146
patrol trooper made in accordance with division (D)(2) of this	7147
section.	7148
(4) An order of the registrar that suspends and impounds a	7149
license or registration, or both, shall state the date on or	7150
before which the person is required to surrender the person's	7151

license or certificate of registration and license plates. The

person is deemed to have surrendered the license or certificate

of registration and license plates, in compliance with the	7154
order, if the person does either of the following:	7155
(a) On or before the date specified in the order,	7156
personally delivers the license or certificate of registration	7157
and license plates, or causes the delivery of the items, to the	7158
registrar;	7159
(b) Mails the license or certificate of registration and	7160
license plates to the registrar in an envelope or container	7161
bearing a postmark showing a date no later than the date	7162
specified in the order.	7163
(5) Except as provided in division (L) of this section,	7164
the registrar shall not restore any operating privileges or	7165
registration rights suspended under this section, return any	7166
license, certificate of registration, or license plates	7167
impounded under this section, or reissue license plates under	7168
section 4503.232 of the Revised Code, if the registrar destroyed	7169
the impounded license plates under that section, or reissue a	7170
license under section 4510.52 of the Revised Code, if the	7171
registrar destroyed the suspended license under that section,	7172
unless the rights are not subject to suspension or revocation	7173
under any other law and unless the person, in addition to	7174
complying with all other conditions required by law for	7175
reinstatement of the operating privileges or registration	7176
rights, complies with all of the following:	7177
(a) Pays to the registrar or an eligible deputy registrar	7178
a financial responsibility reinstatement fee of one hundred	7179
dollars for the first violation of division (A)(1) of this	7180
section, three hundred dollars for a second violation of that	7181
division, and six hundred dollars for a third or subsequent	7182
violation of that division;	7183

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(b) If the person has not voluntarily surrendered the	7184
license, certificate, or license plates in compliance with the	7185
order, pays to the registrar or an eligible deputy registrar a	7186
financial responsibility nonvoluntary compliance fee in an	7187
amount, not to exceed fifty dollars, determined by the	7188
registrar;	7189
(c) Files and continuously maintains proof of financial	7190
responsibility under sections 4509.44 to 4509.65 of the Revised	7191
Code;	7192
(d) Pays a deputy registrar a service fee of ten dollars	7193
to compensate the deputy registrar for services performed under	7194
this section. The deputy registrar shall retain eight dollars of	7195
the service fee and shall transmit the reinstatement fee, any	7196
nonvoluntary compliance fee, and two dollars of the service fee	7197
to the registrar in the manner the registrar shall determine.	7198
(B)(1) Every party required to file an accident report	7199
under section 4509.06 of the Revised Code also shall include	7200
with the report a document described in division (G)(1)(a) of	7201
this section or shall present proof of financial responsibility	7202
through use of an electronic wireless communications device as	7203
permitted by division (G)(1)(b) of this section.	7204
If the registrar determines, within forty-five days after	7205
the report is filed, that an operator or owner has violated	7206
division (A)(1) of this section, the registrar shall do all of	7207
the following:	7208
(a) Order the impoundment, with respect to the motor	7209
vehicle involved, required under division (A)(2)(d) of this	7210
section, of the certificate of registration and license plates	7211

of any owner who has violated division (A)(1) of this section;

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(b) Order the suspension required under division (A)(2)	7213
(a), (b), or (c) of this section of the license of any operator	7214
or owner who has violated division (A)(1) of this section;	7215
(c) Record the name and address of the person whose	7216
certificate of registration and license plates have been	7217
impounded or are under an order of impoundment, or whose license	7218
has been suspended or is under an order of suspension; the	7219
serial number of the person's license; the serial numbers of the	7220
person's certificate of registration and license plates; and the	7221
person's social security account number, if assigned, or, where	7222
the motor vehicle is used for hire or principally in connection	7223
with any established business, the person's federal taxpayer	7224
identification number. The information shall be recorded in such	7225
a manner that it becomes a part of the person's permanent	7226
record, and assists the registrar in monitoring compliance with	7227
the orders of suspension or impoundment.	7228
(d) Send written notification to every person to whom the	7229
order pertains, at the person's last known address as shown on	7230
the records of the bureau. The person, within ten days after the	7231
date of the mailing of the notification, shall surrender to the	7232
registrar, in a manner set forth in division (A)(4) of this	7233
section, any certificate of registration and registration plates	7234
under an order of impoundment, or any license under an order of	7235
suspension.	7236
(2) The registrar shall issue any order under division (B)	7237
(1) of this section without a hearing. Any person adversely	7238
affected by the order, within ten days after the issuance of the	7239
order, may request an administrative hearing before the	7240
registrar, who shall provide the person with an opportunity for	7241

a hearing in accordance with this paragraph. A request for a

hearing does not operate as a suspension of the order. The scope	7243
of the hearing shall be limited to whether the person in fact	7244
demonstrated to the registrar proof of financial responsibility	7245
in accordance with this section. The registrar shall determine	7246
the date, time, and place of any hearing, provided that the	7247
hearing shall be held, and an order issued or findings made,	7248
within thirty days after the registrar receives a request for a	7249
hearing. If requested by the person in writing, the registrar	7250
may designate as the place of hearing the county seat of the	7251
county in which the person resides or a place within fifty miles	7252
of the person's residence. The person shall pay the cost of the	7253
hearing before the registrar, if the registrar's order of	7254
suspension or impoundment is upheld.	7255

- (C) Any order of suspension or impoundment issued under 7256 this section or division (B) of section 4509.37 of the Revised 7257 Code may be terminated at any time if the registrar determines 7258 upon a showing of proof of financial responsibility that the 7259 operator or owner of the motor vehicle was in compliance with 7260 division (A)(1) of this section at the time of the traffic 7261 offense, motor vehicle inspection, or accident that resulted in 7262 the order against the person. A determination may be made 7263 without a hearing. This division does not apply unless the 7264 person shows good cause for the person's failure to present 7265 satisfactory proof of financial responsibility to the registrar 7266 prior to the issuance of the order. 7267
- (D)(1)(a) For the purpose of enforcing this section, every 7268 peace officer is deemed an agent of the registrar. 7269
- (b) Any peace officer who, in the performance of the peace 7270 officer's duties as authorized by law, becomes aware of a person 7271 whose license is under an order of suspension, or whose 7272

certificate of registration and license plates are under an	7273
order of impoundment, pursuant to this section, may confiscate	7274
the license, certificate of registration, and license plates,	7275
and return them to the registrar.	7276

- (2) A peace officer shall request the owner or operator of 7277 a motor vehicle to produce proof of financial responsibility in 7278 a manner described in division (G) of this section at the time 7279 the peace officer acts to enforce the traffic laws of this state 7280 and during motor vehicle inspections conducted pursuant to 7281 section 4513.02 of the Revised Code. 7282
- (3) A peace officer shall indicate on every traffic ticket 7283 whether the person receiving the traffic ticket produced proof 7284 of the maintenance of financial responsibility in response to 7285 the officer's request under division (D)(2) of this section. The 7286 peace officer shall inform every person who receives a traffic 7287 ticket and who has failed to produce proof of the maintenance of 7288 financial responsibility that the person must submit proof to 7289 the traffic violations bureau with any payment of a fine and 7290 costs for the ticketed violation or, if the person is to appear 7291 in court for the violation, the person must submit proof to the 7292 7293 court.
- (4)(a) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the 7294 maintenance of financial responsibility appears in court for a 7295 ticketed violation, the court may permit the defendant to 7296 present evidence of proof of financial responsibility to the 7297 court at such time and in such manner as the court determines to 7298 be necessary or appropriate. In a manner prescribed by the 7299 registrar, the clerk of courts shall provide the registrar with 7300 the identity of any person who fails to submit proof of the 7301 maintenance of financial responsibility pursuant to division (D) 7302

- (3) of this section.
- (b) If a person who has failed to produce proof of the 7304 maintenance of financial responsibility also fails to submit 7305 that proof to the traffic violations bureau with payment of a 7306 fine and costs for the ticketed violation, the traffic 7307 violations bureau, in a manner prescribed by the registrar, 7308 shall notify the registrar of the identity of that person. 7309
- (5) (a) Upon receiving notice from a clerk of courts or 7310 traffic violations bureau pursuant to division (D)(4) of this 7311 section, the registrar shall order the suspension of the license 7312 of the person required under division (A)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of 7313 this section and the impoundment of the person's certificate of 7314 registration and license plates required under division (A)(2) 7315 (d) of this section, effective thirty days after the date of the 7316 mailing of notification. The registrar also shall notify the 7317 person that the person must present the registrar with proof of 7318 financial responsibility in accordance with this section, 7319 surrender to the registrar the person's certificate of 7320 registration, license plates, and license, or submit a statement 7321 subject to section 2921.13 of the Revised Code that the person 7322 7323 did not operate or permit the operation of the motor vehicle at the time of the offense. Notification shall be in writing and 7324 shall be sent to the person at the person's last known address 7325 as shown on the records of the bureau of motor vehicles. The 7326 person, within fifteen days after the date of the mailing of 7327 notification, shall present proof of financial responsibility, 7328 surrender the certificate of registration, license plates, and 7329 license to the registrar in a manner set forth in division (A) 7330 (4) of this section, or submit the statement required under this 7331 section together with other information the person considers 7332 7333 appropriate.

If the registrar does not receive proof or the person does 7334 not surrender the certificate of registration, license plates, 7335 and license, in accordance with this division, the registrar 7336 shall permit the order for the suspension of the license of the 7337 person and the impoundment of the person's certificate of 7338 registration and license plates to take effect. 7339

- (b) In the case of a person who presents, within the 7340 fifteen-day period, proof of financial responsibility, the 7341 registrar shall terminate the order of suspension and the 7342 impoundment of the registration and license plates required 7343 under division (A)(2)(d) of this section and shall send written 7344 notification to the person, at the person's last known address 7345 as shown on the records of the bureau. 7346
- (c) Any person adversely affected by the order of the 7347 registrar under division (D)(5)(a) or (b) of this section, 7348 within ten days after the issuance of the order, may request an 7349 administrative hearing before the registrar, who shall provide 7350 the person with an opportunity for a hearing in accordance with 7351 this paragraph. A request for a hearing does not operate as a 7352 suspension of the order. The scope of the hearing shall be 7353 limited to whether, at the time of the hearing, the person 7354 presents proof of financial responsibility covering the vehicle 7355 and whether the person is eligible for an exemption in 7356 accordance with this section or any rule adopted under it. The 7357 registrar shall determine the date, time, and place of any 7358 hearing; provided, that the hearing shall be held, and an order 7359 issued or findings made, within thirty days after the registrar 7360 receives a request for a hearing. If requested by the person in 7361 writing, the registrar may designate as the place of hearing the 7362 county seat of the county in which the person resides or a place 7363 within fifty miles of the person's residence. Such person shall 7364

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pay the cost of the hearing before the registrar, if	the	7365
registrar's order of suspension or impoundment under	division	7366
(D)(5)(a) or (b) of this section is upheld.		7367
(6) A peace officer may charge an owner or ope	rator of a	7368
motor vehicle with a violation of section 4510.16 of	the Revised	7369
Code when the owner or operator fails to show proof	of the	7370
maintenance of financial responsibility pursuant to	a peace	7371
officer's request under division (D)(2) of this sect	ion, if a	7372
check of the owner or operator's driving record indi	cates that	7373
the owner or operator, at the time of the operation	of the motor	7374
vehicle, is required to file and maintain proof of f	inancial	7375
responsibility under section 4509.45 of the Revised	Code for a	7376
previous violation of this chapter.		7377
(7) Any forms used by law enforcement agencies	in	7378
administering this section shall be prescribed, supp	olied, and	7379
paid for by the registrar.		7380
(8) No peace officer, law enforcement agency ex	mploying a	7381
peace officer, or political subdivision or governmen	tal agency	7382
that employs a peace officer shall be liable in a ci	vil action	7383
for damages or loss to persons arising out of the pe	rformance of	7384
any duty required or authorized by this section.		7385
(9) As used in this section, "peace officer" h	as the	7386
meaning set forth in section 2935.01 of the Revised	Code.	7387
(E) All fees, except court costs, fees paid to	a deputy	7388
registrar, and those portions of the financial respo	nsibility	7389
reinstatement fees as otherwise specified in this di	vision,	7390

collected under this section shall be paid into the state

treasury to the credit of the public safety - highway purposes

fund established in section 4501.06 of the Revised Code and used

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to cover costs incurred by the bureau in the administration of	7394
this section and sections 4503.20, 4507.212, and 4509.81 of the	7395
Revised Code, and by any law enforcement agency employing any	7396
peace officer who returns any license, certificate of	7397
registration, and license plates to the registrar pursuant to	7398
division (C) of this section.	7399
Of each financial responsibility reinstatement fee the	7400
registrar collects pursuant to division (A)(5)(a) of this	7401
section or receives from a deputy registrar under division (A)	7402
(5)(d) of this section, the registrar shall deposit twenty-five	7403
dollars of each one-hundred-dollar reinstatement fee, fifty	7404
dollars of each three-hundred-dollar reinstatement fee, and one	7405
hundred dollars of each six-hundred-dollar reinstatement fee	7406
into the state treasury to the credit of the indigent defense	7407
support fund created by section 120.08 of the Revised Code.	7408
(F) Chapter 119. of the Revised Code applies to this	7409
section only to the extent that any provision in that chapter is	7410
not clearly inconsistent with this section.	7411
(G)(1)(a) The registrar, court, traffic violations bureau,	7412
or peace officer may require proof of financial responsibility	7413
to be demonstrated by use of a standard form prescribed by the	7414
registrar. If the use of a standard form is not required, a	7415
person may demonstrate proof of financial responsibility under	7416
this section by presenting to the traffic violations bureau,	7417
court, registrar, or peace officer any of the following	7418
documents or a copy of the documents:	7419
(i) A financial responsibility identification card as	7420
provided in section 4509.103 of the Revised Code;	7421

(ii) A certificate of proof of financial responsibility on

a form provided and approved by the registrar for the filing of	7423
an accident report required to be filed under section 4509.06 of	7424
the Revised Code;	7425
(iii) A policy of liability insurance, a declaration page	7426
of a policy of liability insurance, or liability bond, if the	7427
policy or bond complies with section 4509.20 or sections 4509.49	7428
to 4509.61 of the Revised Code;	7429
(iv) A bond or certification of the issuance of a bond as	7430
provided in section 4509.59 of the Revised Code;	7431
(v) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as	7432
provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;	7433
(vi) A certificate of self-insurance as provided in	7434
section 4509.72 of the Revised Code.	7435
(b) A person also may present proof of financial	7436
responsibility under this section to the traffic violations	7437
bureau, court, registrar, or peace officer through use of an	7438
electronic wireless communications device as specified under	7439
section 4509.103 of the Revised Code.	7440
(2) If a person fails to demonstrate proof of financial	7441
responsibility in a manner described in division (G)(1) of this	7442
section, the person may demonstrate proof of financial	7443
responsibility under this section by any other method that the	7444
court or the bureau, by reason of circumstances in a particular	7445
case, may consider appropriate.	7446
(3) A motor carrier certificated by the interstate	7447
commerce commission or by the public utilities commission may	7448
demonstrate proof of financial responsibility by providing a	7449
statement designating the motor carrier's operating authority	7450
and averring that the insurance coverage required by the	7451

certificating authority is in full force and effect.	7452
(4)(a) A finding by the registrar or court that a person	7453
is covered by proof of financial responsibility in the form of	7454
an insurance policy or surety bond is not binding upon the named	7455
insurer or surety or any of its officers, employees, agents, or	7456
representatives and has no legal effect except for the purpose	7457
of administering this section.	7458
(b) The preparation and delivery of a financial	7459
responsibility identification card or any other document	7460
authorized to be used as proof of financial responsibility and	7461
the generation and delivery of proof of financial responsibility	7462
to an electronic wireless communications device that is	7463
displayed on the device as text or images does not do any of the	7464
following:	7465
(i) Create any liability or estoppel against an insurer or	7466
surety, or any of its officers, employees, agents, or	7467
representatives;	7468
(ii) Constitute an admission of the existence of, or of	7469
any liability or coverage under, any policy or bond;	7470
(iii) Waive any defenses or counterclaims available to an	7471
insurer, surety, agent, employee, or representative in an action	7472
commenced by an insured or third-party claimant upon a cause of	7473
action alleged to have arisen under an insurance policy or	7474
surety bond or by reason of the preparation and delivery of a	7475
document for use as proof of financial responsibility or the	7476
generation and delivery of proof of financial responsibility to	7477
an electronic wireless communications device.	7478
(c) Whenever it is determined by a final judgment in a	7479
judicial proceeding that an insurer or surety, which has been	7480

named on a document or displayed on an electronic wireless	7481
communications device accepted by a court or the registrar as	7482
proof of financial responsibility covering the operation of a	7483
motor vehicle at the time of an accident or offense, is not	7484
liable to pay a judgment for injuries or damages resulting from	7485
such operation, the registrar, notwithstanding any previous	7486
contrary finding, shall forthwith suspend the operating	7487
privileges and registration rights of the person against whom	7488
the judgment was rendered as provided in division (A)(2) of this	7489
section.	7490

- (H) In order for any document or display of text or images 7491 on an electronic wireless communications device described in 7492 division (G)(1) of this section to be used for the demonstration 7493 of proof of financial responsibility under this section, the 7494 document or words or images shall state the name of the insured 7495 or obligor, the name of the insurer or surety company, and the 7496 effective and expiration dates of the financial responsibility, 7497 and designate by explicit description or by appropriate 7498 reference all motor vehicles covered which may include a 7499 reference to fleet insurance coverage. 7500
- (I) For purposes of this section, "owner" does not include 7501 7502 a licensed motor vehicle leasing dealer as defined in section 4517.01 of the Revised Code, but does include a motor vehicle 7503 renting dealer as defined in section 4549.65 of the Revised 7504 Code. Nothing in this section or in section 4509.51 of the 7505 Revised Code shall be construed to prohibit a motor vehicle 7506 renting dealer from entering into a contractual agreement with a 7507 person whereby the person renting the motor vehicle agrees to be 7508 solely responsible for maintaining proof of financial 7509 responsibility, in accordance with this section, with respect to 7510 the operation, maintenance, or use of the motor vehicle during 7511

the period of the motor vehicle's rental.	7512
(J) The purpose of this section is to require the	7513
maintenance of proof of financial responsibility with respect to	7514
the operation of motor vehicles on the highways of this state,	7515
so as to minimize those situations in which persons are not	7516
compensated for injuries and damages sustained in motor vehicle	7517
accidents. The general assembly finds that this section contains	7518
reasonable civil penalties and procedures for achieving this	7519
purpose.	7520
(K) Nothing in this section shall be construed to be	7521
subject to section 4509.78 of the Revised Code.	7522
(L)(1) The registrar may terminate any suspension imposed	7523
under this section and not require the owner to comply with	7524
divisions (A)(5)(a), (b), and (c) of this section if the	7525
registrar with or without a hearing determines that the owner of	7526
the vehicle has established by clear and convincing evidence	7527
that all of the following apply:	7528
(a) The owner customarily maintains proof of financial	7529
responsibility.	7530
(b) Proof of financial responsibility was not in effect	7531
for the vehicle on the date in question for one of the following	7532
reasons:	7533
(i) The vehicle was inoperable.	7534
(ii) The vehicle is operated only seasonally, and the date	7535
in question was outside the season of operation.	7536
(iii) A person other than the vehicle owner or driver was	7537
at fault for the lapse of proof of financial responsibility	7538
through no fault of the owner or driver.	7539

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(iv) The lapse of proof of financial responsibility was	7540
caused by excusable neglect under circumstances that are not	7541
likely to recur and do not suggest a purpose to evade the	7542
requirements of this chapter.	7543
(2) The registrar may grant an owner or driver relief for	7544
a reason specified in division (L)(1)(b)(iii) or (iv) of this	7545
section only if the owner or driver has not previously been	7546
granted relief under division (L)(1)(b)(iii) or (iv) of this	7547
section.	7548
(M) The registrar shall adopt rules in accordance with	7549
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code that are necessary to	7550
administer and enforce this section. The rules shall include	7551
procedures for the surrender of license plates upon failure to	7552
maintain proof of financial responsibility and provisions	7553
relating to reinstatement of registration rights, acceptable	7554
forms of proof of financial responsibility, the use of an	7555
electronic wireless communications device to present proof of	7556
financial responsibility, and verification of the existence of	7557
financial responsibility during the period of registration.	7558
(N)(1) When a person utilizes an electronic wireless	7559
communications device to present proof of financial	7560
responsibility, only the evidence of financial responsibility	7561
displayed on the device shall be viewed by the registrar, peace	7562
officer, employee or official of the traffic violations bureau,	7563
or the court. No other content of the device shall be viewed for	7564
purposes of obtaining proof of financial responsibility.	7565
(2) When a person provides an electronic wireless	7566
communications device to the registrar, a peace officer, an	7567
employee or official of a traffic violations bureau, or the	7568
court, the person assumes the risk of any resulting damage to	7569

the device unless the registrar, peace officer, employee, or	7570
official, or court personnel purposely, knowingly, or recklessly	7571
commits an action that results in damage to the device.	7572
Sec. 4509.45. (A) As used in this section, "electronic	7573
wireless communications device" has the same meaning as in	7574
section 4509.103 of the Revised Code.	7575
(B) Proof of financial responsibility when required under	7576
section 4509.101, 4509.33, 4509.34, 4509.38, 4509.40, 4509.42,	7577
4509.44, or 4510.038 of the Revised Code may be given by filing	7578
any of the following:	7579
(1) A financial responsibility identification card as	7580
provided in section 4509.104 of the Revised Code;	7581
(2) A certificate of insurance as provided in section	7582
4509.46 or 4509.47 of the Revised Code;	7583
(3) A bond as provided in section 4509.59 of the Revised	7584
(3) A bond as provided in section 4509.59 of the Revised Code;	7584 7585
-	
Code;	7585
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities—as	7585 7586
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities—as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;	7585 7586 7587
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities—as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self-insurance, as provided in	7585 7586 7587 7588
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self-insurance, as provided in section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an	7585 7586 7587 7588 7589
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self-insurance, as provided in section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an agreement by the self-insurer that, with respect to accidents	7585 7586 7587 7588 7589 7590
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities—as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self-insurance, as provided in section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an agreement by the self-insurer that, with respect to accidents occurring while the certificate is in force, the self-insurer	7585 7586 7587 7588 7589 7590 7591
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self-insurance, as provided in section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an agreement by the self-insurer that, with respect to accidents occurring while the certificate is in force, the self-insurer will pay the same amounts that an insurer would have been	7585 7586 7587 7588 7589 7590 7591 7592
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities—as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self—insurance, as provided in section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an agreement by the self—insurer that, with respect to accidents occurring while the certificate is in force, the self—insurer will pay the same amounts that an insurer would have been obligated to pay under an owner's motor vehicle liability policy	7585 7586 7587 7588 7589 7590 7591 7592 7593
Code;  (4) A certificate of deposit of money or securities—as provided in section 4509.62 of the Revised Code;  (5) A certificate of self—insurance, as provided in section 4509.72 of the Revised Code, supplemented by an agreement by the self—insurer that, with respect to accidents occurring while the certificate is in force, the self—insurer will pay the same amounts that an insurer would have been obligated to pay under an owner's motor vehicle liability policy if it had issued such a policy to the self—insurer.	7585 7586 7587 7588 7589 7590 7591 7592 7593 7594

communications device as provided in that section.	7598
(D) Proof under division (B) of this section shall be	7599
filed and maintained for five years from the date of the	7600
registrar's imposition of a class A, B, or C suspension of	7601
operating privileges and shall be filed and maintained for three	7602
years from the date of the registrar's imposition of a class D,	7603
E, or F suspension of operating privileges. Proof of financial	7604
responsibility that is required to be filed and maintained with	7605
the registrar during a period of suspension of operating	7606
privileges described in this division shall not be given through	7607
the use of an electronic wireless communications device.	7608
Sec. 4509.62. Proof A person may effectuate proof of	7609
financial responsibility may be evidenced by the certificate of	7610
the treasurer of state that the person named therein has	7611
deposited with him depositing with the registrar of motor	7612
<u>vehicles</u> thirty thousand dollars in money <del>or bonds of the United</del>	7613
States, of this state, or of a political subdivision of this-	7614
state at their par or face value. The treasurer of state-	7615
registrar shall not accept any such deposit and issue a	7616
certificate therefor and the registrar shall not accept such-	7617
certificate unless it is accompanied by evidence that there are	7618
no unsatisfied judgments against the depositor in the county	7619
where the depositor resides.	7620
The financial responsibility custodial fund is created,	7621
which shall be in the custody of the treasurer of state but	7622
shall not be part of the state treasury. All money deposited	7623
under this section shall be credited to that fund.	7624
Sec. 4509.63. The deposit provided for in section 4509.62	7625
of the Revised Code shall be held by the <del>treasurer of state</del>	7626
registrar of motor vehicles to satisfy, in accordance with	7627

sections 4509.01 to 4509.78, inclusive, of the Revised Code, any	7628
execution on a judgment, against the person making the deposit,	7629
for damages, including damages for care and loss of services,	7630
because of bodily injury to or death of any person, or for	7631
damages because of injury to property, including the loss of use	7632
thereof, resulting from the ownership, maintenance, or use of a	7633
motor vehicle after such deposit was made. Money or securities	7634
so deposited shall not be subject to attachment or execution	7635
unless such attachment or execution arises out of a suit for	7636
damages as described in this section.	7637

Sec. 4509.65. The registrar of motor vehicles shall

consent to the cancellation of any bond or certificate of

insurance or the registrar shall direct and the treasurer of

state shall—return any money or securities—to the person

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entitled thereto upon the substitution and acceptance of other

adequate proof of financial responsibility in accordance with

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sections 4509.01 to 4509.78, inclusive, of the Revised Code.

Sec. 4509.67. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles shall, 7645 upon request, consent to the immediate cancellation of any bond 7646 or certificate of insurance, or shall direct and the treasurer 7647 of state shall return to the person entitled any money or-7648 securities deposited under sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the 7649 Revised Code, as proof of financial responsibility, or the-7650 registrar shall waive the requirement of filing proof, in any of 7651 the following events: 7652

(1) At any time after three years from the date such proof 7653 was required when, during the three years preceding the request, 7654 the registrar has not received record of a conviction or bail 7655 forfeiture which would require or permit the suspension or 7656 revocation of the license, registration or nonresident's 7657

operating privilege of the person by or for whom such proof was	7658
furnished and the person's motor vehicle registration has not	7659
been suspended for a violation of section 4509.101 of the	7660
Revised Code;	7661
(2) In the event of the death of the person on whose	7662
behalf such proof was filed or the permanent incapacity of such	7663
person to operate a motor vehicle;	7664
(3) In the event the person who has given proof surrenders	7665
his the person's license and registration to the registrar.	7666
(B) The registrar shall not consent to the cancellation of	7667
any bond or the return of any money or securities if any action	7668
for damages upon a liability covered by such proof is pending,	7669
or any judgment upon any such liability is unsatisfied, or in	7670
the event the person who has filed such bond or deposited such	7671
money or securities has within two years immediately preceding	7672
such request been involved as a driver or owner in any motor-	7673
vehicle motor vehicle accident resulting in injury to the person	7674
or property of others. An affidavit of the applicant as to the	7675
nonexistence of such facts, or that <u>he</u> the applicant has been	7676
released from all liability, or has been finally adjudicated not	7677
liable, for such injury may be accepted as evidence thereof in	7678
the absence of evidence to the contrary in the records of the	7679
registrar.	7680
(C) Whenever any person whose proof has been canceled or	7681
returned under division (A)(3) of this section applies for a	7682
license or registration within a period of three years from the	7683
date proof was originally required, any such application shall	7684
be refused unless the applicant re-establishes proof of	7685
financial responsibility for the remainder of the three-year	7686
period.	7687

Sec. 4710.03. Nothing in this chapter applies to any of	7688
the following:	7689
(A) The federal national mortgage association; the federal	7690
home loan mortgage corporation; a bank, bank holding company,	7691
trust company, savings and loan association, credit union,	7692
savings bank, or credit card bank, that is regulated by the	7693
office of the comptroller of currency, office of thrift	7694
supervision, federal reserve, federal deposit insurance	7695
corporation, national credit union administration, or division	7696
of financial institutions; or to subsidiaries of any of these	7697
entities;	7698
(B) Debt adjusting incurred in the practice of law in this	7699
state;	7700
(C) A person that incidentally engages in debt adjusting	7701
to adjust the indebtedness owed to that person;	7702
(D) A registrant as defined in section 1321.51 of the	7703
Revised Code;	7704
(E) A registrant or licensee as both are defined in	7705
section 1322.01 of the Revised Code.	7706
Sec. 4749.01. As used in this chapter:	7707
(A) "Private investigator" means any person who engages in	7708
the business of private investigation.	7709
(B) "Business of private investigation" means, except when	7710
performed by one excluded under division (H) of this section,	7711
the conducting, for hire, in person or through a partner or	7712
employees, of any investigation relevant to any crime or wrong	7713
done or threatened, or to obtain information on the identity,	7714
habits, conduct, movements, whereabouts, affiliations,	7715

transactions, reputation, credibility, or character of any	7716
person, or to locate and recover lost or stolen property, or to	7717
determine the cause of or responsibility for any libel or	7718
slander, or any fire, accident, or damage to property, or to	7719
secure evidence for use in any legislative, administrative, or	7720
judicial investigation or proceeding.	7721
(C) "Security guard provider" means any person who engages	7722
in the business of security services.	7723
(D) "Business of security services" means either of the	7724
following:	7725
(1) Furnishing, for hire, watchpersons, guards, private	7726
patrol officers, or other persons whose primary duties are to	7727
protect persons or property;	7728
(2) Furnishing, for hire, guard dogs, or armored motor	7729
vehicle security services, in connection with the protection of	7730
persons or property.	7731
(E) "Class A license" means a license issued under section	7732
4749.03 of the Revised Code that qualifies the person issued the	7733
license to engage in the business of private investigation and	7734
the business of security services.	7735
(F) "Class B license" means a license issued under section	7736
4749.03 of the Revised Code that qualifies the person issued the	7737
license to engage only in the business of private investigation.	7738
(G) "Class C license" means a license issued under section	7739
4749.03 of the Revised Code that qualifies the person issued the	7740
license to engage only in the business of security services.	7741
(H) "Private investigator," "business of private	7742

investigation," "security guard provider," and "business of

security services" do not include:	7744
(1) Public officers and employees whose official duties	7745
require them to engage in investigatory activities;	7746
(2) Attorneys at law or any expert hired by an attorney at	7747
law for consultation or litigation purposes;	7748
(3) A consumer reporting agency, as defined in the "Fair	7749
Credit Reporting Act," 84 Stat. 1128, 15 U.S.C.A. 1681a, as	7750
amended, provided that the consumer reporting agency is in	7751
compliance with the requirements of that act and that the	7752
agency's activities are confined to any of the following:	7753
(a) The issuance of consumer credit reports;	7754
(b) The conducting of limited background investigations	7755
that pertain only to a client's prospective tenant and that are	7756
engaged in with the prior written consent of the prospective	7757
tenant;	7758
(c) The business of pre-employment background	7759
investigation. As used in division (H)(3)(c) of this section,	7760
"business of pre-employment background investigation" means, and	7761
is limited to, furnishing for hire, in person or through a	7762
partner or employees, the conducting of limited background	7763
investigations, in-person interviews, telephone interviews, or	7764
written inquiries that pertain only to a client's prospective	7765
employee and the employee's employment and that are engaged in	7766
with the prior written consent of the prospective employee.	7767
(4) Certified public insurance adjusters that hold a	7768
certificate of authority issued pursuant to sections 3951.01 to	7769
3951.09 of the Revised Code, while the adjuster is investigating	7770
the cause of or responsibility for a fire, accident, or other	7771
damage to property with respect to a claim or claims for loss or	7772

damage under a policy of insurance covering real or personal	7773
property;	7774
(5) Personnel placement services and persons who act as	7775
employees of such entities engaged in investigating matters	7776
related to personnel placement activities;	7777
(6) An employee in the regular course of the employee's	7778
employment, engaged in investigating matters pertinent to the	7779
business of the employee's employer or protecting property in	7780
the possession of the employee's employer, provided the employer	7781
is deducting all applicable state and federal employment taxes	7782
on behalf of the employee and neither the employer nor the	7783
employee is employed by, associated with, or acting for or on	7784
behalf of any private investigator or security guard provider;	7785
(7) Any better business bureau or similar organization or	7786
any of its employees while engaged in the maintenance of the	7787
quality of business activities relating to consumer sales and	7788
services;	7789
(8) An accountant who is registered or certified under	7790
Chapter 4701. of the Revised Code or any of the accountant's	7791
employees while engaged in activities for which the accountant	7792
is certified or registered;	7793
(9) Any person who, for hire or otherwise, conducts	7794
genealogical research in this state.	7795
As used in division (H)(9) of this section, "genealogical	7796
research" means the determination of the origins and descent of	7797
families, including the identification of individuals, their	7798
family relationships, and the biographical details of their	7799
lives. "Genealogical research" does not include furnishing for	7800
hire services for locating missing persons or natural or birth	7801

parents or children.	7802
(10) Any person residing in this state who conducts	7803
research for the purpose of locating the last known owner of	7804
unclaimed funds, provided that the person is in compliance with	7805
Chapter 169. of the Revised Code and rules adopted thereunder.	7806
The exemption set forth in division (H)(10) of this section	7807
applies only to the extent that the person is conducting	7808
research for the purpose of locating the last known owner of	7809
unclaimed funds.	7810
As used in division (H)(10) of this section, "owner" and	7811
"unclaimed funds" have the same meanings as in section 169.01 of	7812
the Revised Code.	7813
(11) A professional engineer who is registered under	7814
Chapter 4733. of the Revised Code or any of his employees.	7815
As used in division (H)(11) of this section and	7816
notwithstanding division (I) of this section, "employee" has the	7817
same meaning as in section 4101.01 of the Revised Code.	7818
(12) Any person residing in this state who, for hire or	7819
otherwise, conducts research for the purpose of locating persons	7820
to whom the state of Ohio owes money in the form of warrants, as	7821
defined in <del>division (S) of section 131.01 of the Revised Code</del> ,	7822
that the state voided but subsequently reissues.	7823
(13) An independent insurance adjuster who, as an	7824
individual, an independent contractor, an employee of an	7825
independent contractor, adjustment bureau association,	7826
corporation, insurer, partnership, local recording agent,	7827
managing general agent, or self-insurer, engages in the business	7828
of independent insurance adjustment, or any person who	7829

supervises the handling of claims except while acting as an

Revised Code.

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employee of an insurer licensed in this state while handling	7831
claims pertaining to specific policies written by that insurer.	7832
As used in division (H)(13) of this section, "independent	7833
insurance adjustment" means conducting investigations to	7834
determine the cause of or circumstances concerning a fire,	7835
accident, bodily injury, or damage to real or personal property;	7836
determining the extent of damage of that fire, accident, injury,	7837
or property damage; securing evidence for use in a legislative,	7838
administrative, or judicial investigation or proceeding,	7839
adjusting losses; and adjusting or settling claims, including	7840
the investigation, adjustment, denial, establishment of damages,	7841
negotiation, settlement, or payment of claims in connection with	7842
insurance contractors, self-insured programs, or other similar	7843
insurance programs. "Independent adjuster" does not include	7844
either of the following:	7845
(a) An attorney who adjusts insurance losses incidental to	7846
the practice of law and who does not advertise or represent that	7847
the attorney is an independent insurance adjuster;	7848
(b) A licensed agent or general agent of an insurer	7849
licensed in this state who processes undisputed or uncontested	7850
losses for insurers under policies issued by that agent or	7851
general agent.	7852
(14) Except for a commissioned peace officer who engages	7853
in the business of private investigation or compensates others	7854
who engage in the business of private investigation or the	7855
business of security services or both, any commissioned peace	7856
officer as defined in division (B) of section 2935.01 of the	7857

(I) "Employee" means every person who may be required or

directed by any employer, in consideration of direct or indirect	7860
gain or profit, to engage in any employment, or to go, or work,	7861
or be at any time in any place of employment, provided that the	7862
employer of the employee deducts all applicable state and	7863
federal employment taxes on behalf of the employee.	7864

Sec. 4763.13. (A) In engaging in appraisal activities, a 7865 person certified, registered, or licensed under this chapter 7866 shall comply with the applicable standards prescribed by the 7867 board of governors of the federal reserve system, the federal 7868 deposit insurance corporation, the comptroller of the currency, 7869 the office of thrift supervision, the national credit union 7870 administration, and the resolution trust corporation in 7871 connection with federally related transactions under the 7872 jurisdiction of the applicable agency or instrumentality. A 7873 certificate holder, registrant, and licensee also shall comply 7874 with the uniform standards of professional appraisal practice, 7875 as adopted by the appraisal standards board of the appraisal 7876 foundation and such other standards adopted by the real estate 7877 appraiser board, to the extent that those standards do not 7878 conflict with applicable federal standards in connection with a 7879 7880 particular federally related transaction.

(B) The terms "state-licensed residential real estate 7881 appraiser," "state-certified residential real estate appraiser," 7882 "state-certified general real estate appraiser," and "state-7883 registered real estate appraiser assistant" shall be used to 7884 refer only to those persons who have been issued the applicable 7885 certificate, registration, or license or renewal certificate, 7886 registration, or license pursuant to this chapter. None of these 7887 terms shall be used following or in connection with the name or 7888 signature of a partnership, corporation, or association or in a 7889 manner that could be interpreted as referring to a person other 7890

than the person to whom the certificat	e, registration, or 789
license has been issued. No person sha	ll fail to comply with 789
this division.	789

- (C) No person, other than a certificate holder, a 7894 registrant, or a licensee, shall assume or use a title, 7895 designation, or abbreviation that is likely to create the 7896 impression that the person possesses certification, 7897 registration, or licensure under this chapter, provided that 7898 professional designations containing the term "certified 7899 appraiser" and being used on or before July 26, 1989, shall not 7900 be construed as being misleading under this division. No person 7901 other than a person certified or licensed under this chapter 7902 shall describe or refer to an appraisal or other evaluation of 7903 real estate located in this state as being certified. 7904
- (D) The terms "state-certified or state-licensed real 7905 estate appraisal report," "state-certified or state-licensed 7906 appraisal report," or "state-certified or state-licensed 7907 appraisal" shall be used to refer only to those real estate 7908 appraisals conducted by a certificate holder or licensee as a 7909 disinterested and unbiased third party provided that the 7910 certificate holder or licensee provides certification with the 7911 appraisal report and provided further that if a licensee is 7912 providing the appraisal, such terms shall only be used if the 7913 licensee is acting within the scope of the licensee's license. 7914 No person shall fail to comply with this division. 7915
- (E) Nothing in this chapter shall preclude a partnership, 7916 corporation, or association which employs, retains, or engages 7917 the services of a certificate holder or licensee to advertise 7918 that the partnership, corporation, or association offers state-7919 certified or state-licensed appraisals through a certificate 7920

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holder or licensee if the advertisement clearly states such fact	7921
in accordance with guidelines for such advertisements	7922
established by rule of the real estate appraiser board.	7923
(F) Except as otherwise provided in section 4763.19 of the	7924
Revised Code, nothing in this chapter shall preclude a person	7925
who is not licensed or certified under this chapter from	7926
appraising real estate for compensation.	7927
Sec. 5725.17. (A) In addition to any other penalty imposed	7928
by this chapter or Chapter 5703. of the Revised Code, the	7929
following penalties shall apply:	7930
(1) If a dealer in intangibles fails to make and furnish	7931
to the tax commissioner the report required by section 5725.14	7932
of the Revised Code, within the time fixed by that section, a	7933
penalty shall be imposed equal to the greater of fifty dollars	7934
per month or fraction of a month, not to exceed five hundred	7935
dollars, or five per cent per month or fraction of a month, not	7936
to exceed fifty per cent, of the tax required to be shown on the	7937
report, for each month or fraction of a month elapsing between	7938
the due date, including extensions of the due date, and the date	7939
on which the report is filed.	7940
(2) If a dealer in intangibles fails to pay any amounts of	7941
the tax levied by division (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised	7942
Code by the dates prescribed for payment, a penalty shall be	7943
imposed equal to the greater of the penalty due under division-	7944
(F) of section 5725.22 of the Revised Code, for which this	7945
penalty shall be a substitute(a) five per cent of the taxes due,	7946
if payment is made within ten calendar days of the date shown on	7947
the tax bill, or ten per cent of the taxes due, if payment is	7948
not made within ten days of such date, or (b) two times the	7949

interest charged under section 5725.221 of the Revised Code for

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the delinquent payment.

- (3) If a dealer in intangibles submits a report required 7952 by section 5725.14 of the Revised Code that is marked, defaced, 7953 or otherwise designed by the dealer to be a frivolous protest or 7954 an attempt to delay or impede the administration of the tax 7955 levied by division (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, a 7956 penalty shall be imposed equal to the greater of one hundred 7957 dollars or twenty-five per cent of the tax required to be shown 7958 on the report. 7959
- (4) If a dealer in intangibles makes a fraudulent attempt 7960 to evade the reporting or payment of the tax levied by division 7961 (D) of section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, a penalty shall be 7962 imposed equal to the greater of one thousand dollars or one 7963 hundred per cent of the tax required to be shown on the report 7964 required by section 5725.14 of the Revised Code. 7965
- (5) If any person makes a false or fraudulent claim for 7966 abatement or refund of the tax levied by division (D) of section 7967 5707.03 of the Revised Code, a penalty shall be imposed equal to 7968 the greater of one thousand dollars or one hundred per cent of 7969 the claim. The penalty imposed by this division, any abatement 7970 or refund on the claim, and interest on any refund from the date 7971 of the refund, may be assessed under section 5725.15 of the 7972 Revised Code or added by the tax commissioner as tax, penalty, 7973 and interest due from the tax levied by division (D) of section 7974 5707.03 of the Revised Code, without regard to whether the 7975 person making the claim is otherwise subject to the tax, and 7976 without regard to any time limitation for assessment. 7977
- (B) Each penalty imposed under division (A) of this 7978 section shall be in addition to any other penalty imposed under 7979 that division. All or part of any penalty imposed under division 7980

(A) of this section may be abated by the commissioner.	7981
<b>Sec. 5725.22.</b> (A) The treasurer of state shall maintain $\frac{an}{a}$	7982
intangible property tax list of taxes levied by section 5707.03	7983
of the Revised Code and certified by the tax commissioner-	7984
pursuant to sections 5711.13, 5725.08, 5725.16, and 5727.15 of	7985
the Revised Code, and a separate list of taxes levied by section	7986
5725.18 of the Revised Code and certified <u>for assessment</u> by the	7987
superintendent of insurance pursuant to section 5725.20 of the	7988
Revised Code.	7989
(B) (1) With respect to taxes levied under section 5725.18	7990
of the Revised Code, the treasurer of state, upon receipt of an	7991
assessment, shall compute the taxes at the rates prescribed by	7992
law and enter the taxes on the proper tax list. (B) The	7993
treasurer of state shall collect, and the taxpayer shall pay,	7994
all such taxes <u>levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code</u>	7995
and any interest applicable thereto. Payments may be made <del>by</del>	7996
mail, in person, electronically or by any other means authorized	7997
by the treasurer of state. The Whenever the superintendent of	7998
insurance submits an electronic call for data, the treasurer of	7999
<pre>state_shall render a daily itemized statement electronically_</pre>	8000
<u>submit</u> to the superintendent <del>of insurance of the data requested,</del>	8001
<pre>including the amount of taxes collected and the name of the</pre>	8002
domestic insurance company from whom collected. The treasurer of	8003
state may adopt rules concerning the methods and timeliness of	8004
payments under this division.	8005
(2) With respect to taxes levied under section 5707.03 of	8006
the Revised Code, any assessment certified to the treasurer of	8007
state shall reflect the taxes computed at the rates prescribed	8008
by law. Upon receipt of such an assessment, the treasurer shall	8009
enter the taxes on the proper tax list. The tax commissioner	8010

shall collect, and the taxpayer shall pay, all such taxes and	8011
any interest applicable thereto. Payments may be made by mail,	8012
in person, or by any other means authorized by the commissioner.	8013
The commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer any-	8014
payments received under this division, together with any	8015
information necessary for the treasurer to properly credit such-	8016
payments. The commissioner may adopt rules concerning the method	8017
and timeliness of payments under this division.	8018

(C) Each tax bill issued pursuant to this section shall 8019 separately reflect the taxes due, interest, if any, due date, 8020 and any other information considered necessary. With respect to 8021 taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code, the The 8022 last day on which payment may be made without penalty shall be 8023 the fifteenth day of June, unless that day is not a business day 8024 as defined in section 5709.40 of the Revised Code, in which case 8025 the payment may be made on the next business day. With respect 8026 to taxes levied under section 5707.03 of the Revised Code, the 8027 last day on which payment may be made without penalty shall be 8028 at least twenty but not more than thirty days from the date of 8029 mailing the tax bill. The treasurer of state or tax 8030 8031 commissioner, as appropriate, shall issue the tax bill and, if the tax bill is issued by mail, the mailing thereof shall be 8032 prima facie evidence of receipt thereof by the taxpayerto the 8033 taxpayer electronically through the department of insurance's 8034 web site. 8035

The treasurer or commissioner, as appropriate, of state

shall refund taxes as provided in this section, but no refund

shall be made to a taxpayer having a delinquent claim certified

pursuant to this section that remains unpaid. The treasurer or

commissioner of state may consult the attorney general regarding

such claims. Refunds shall be paid from the tax refund fund

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created by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code.

(D) (1) Within twenty days after receipt of any preliminary 8043 assessment of taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised 8044 8045 Code Unless an exigency exists, the treasurer of state shall issue a tax bill within twenty days after receipt of an 8046 assessment certified by the superintendent of insurance under 8047 <u>section 5725.20 of the Revised Code</u>, but if such <del>preliminary</del> 8048 8049 assessment reflects a late filed tax return, the treasurer of state shall add interest as provided in division (A) of section 8050 8051 5725.221 of the Revised Code and issue a tax bill. In the case of an exigency, the treasurer of state shall issue the tax bill 8052 as soon as possible and may extend the due date for payment of 8053 the tax prescribed by division (C) of this section. 8054

(2) After receipt of any amended or final assessment of 8055 taxes levied under section 5725.18 of the Revised Code received 8056 from the superintendent of insurance pursuant to section 5725.20 8057 of the Revised Code, the treasurer of state shall ascertain the 8058 difference between the total taxes computed on such assessment 8059 8060 and the total taxes computed on the most recent assessment 8061 certified for the same tax year. If the difference is a 8062 deficiency, the treasurer of state shall add interest as 8063 provided in division (B)(1) of section 5725.221 of the Revised Code and issue a tax bill, with payment due thirty days after 8064 the date of the bill is issued. Unless an exigency exists, the 8065 treasurer shall issue the tax bill on or before the fifteenth 8066 day of May. In the case of an exigency, the treasurer shall-8067 8068 issue the tax bill as soon as possible after the fifteenth day of May and may extend the due date for payment of the tax-8069 prescribed by division (C) of this section. If the difference is 8070 an excess, the treasurer of state shall add interest as provided 8071 in division (B)(2) of section 5725.221 of the Revised Code and 8072

certify the name of the taxpayer and the amount to be refunded	8073
to the director of budget and management for payment to the	8074
taxpayer. If the taxpayer has a deficiency for one tax year and	8075
an excess for another tax year, or any combination thereof for	8076
more than two tax years, the treasurer of state may determine	8077
the net result after adding interest, if applicable, and,	8078
depending on such result, proceed to issue a tax bill or certify	8079
a refund.	8080
(E) (1) Except as provided in division (E) (2) of this	8081
section, within twenty days after certifying to the treasurer of	8082
state an amended or final assessment, or a preliminary	8083
assessment of a dealer in intangibles that has failed to file a	8084
report or disclose taxable property, the tax commissioner shall	8085
ascertain the difference between the total taxes computed on	8086
such assessment and the total taxes computed on the most recent-	8087
assessment certified for the same tax year, if any. If the	8088
difference is a deficiency, the commissioner shall add interest	8089
as provided in division (B)(1) of section 5725.221 of the	8090
Revised Code and issue a tax bill. If the difference is an-	8091
excess, the commissioner shall add interest as provided in-	8092
division (B)(2) of section 5725.221 of the Revised Code and	8093
certify the name of the taxpayer and the amount to be refunded	8094
to the director of budget and management for payment to the	8095
taxpayer. If the taxpayer has a deficiency for one tax year and	8096
excess for another tax year, or any combination thereof for more-	8097
than two tax years, the commissioner may determine the net	8098
result after adding interest, if applicable, and, depending on-	8099
such result, proceed to mail a tax bill or certify a refund.	8100
(2) The tax commissioner may issue a tax bill for any	8101
deficiency resulting from an assessment at the time the	8102
commissioner issues the assessment.	8103

(F) With respect to taxes levied under section 5707.03 of	8104
the Revised Code, if a taxpayer fails to pay all taxes and	8105
interest, if any, on or before the due date shown on the tax-	8106
bill but makes payment within ten calendar days of such date,	8107
the tax commissioner shall add a penalty equal to five per cent-	8108
of the taxes due. If payment is not made within ten days of such	8109
date, the commissioner shall add a penalty equal to ten per cent	8110
of the taxes due. The commissioner shall prepare a delinquent-	8111
claim for each tax bill on which penalties were added and	8112
certify such claims to the attorney general for collection. For	8113
each claim certified by the commissioner, the attorney general	8114
shall proceed to collect the delinquent taxes, penalties, and	8115
interest thereon in the manner prescribed by law.	8116

(G) With respect to taxes levied under section 5725.18 of 8117 the Revised Code, if (E) If a taxpayer fails to pay all taxes 8118 and interest, if any, on or before the due date shown on the tax 8119 bill issued by the treasurer of state, the treasurer of state 8120 shall add a penalty equal to five hundred dollars for each month 8121 the taxpayer fails to pay all taxes and interest due. The 8122 treasurer of state may add an additional penalty, not to exceed 8123 ten per cent of the taxes and interest due, if the taxpayer 8124 fails to demonstrate that the taxpayer made a good faith effort 8125 to pay all taxes and interest on or before the due date shown on 8126 the tax bill. The treasurer of state shall prepare a delinquent 8127 claim for each tax bill on which penalties were added and 8128 certify such claims to the attorney general for collection. The 8129 attorney general shall transmit a copy of each claim certified 8130 by the treasurer of state to the superintendent of insurance. 8131 For each claim certified by the treasurer of state, the attorney 8132 general shall proceed to collect the delinquent taxes, 8133 penalties, and interest thereon in the manner prescribed by law. 8134

Sec. 5727.25. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	8135
this section, within forty-five days after the last day of	8136
March, June, September, and December, each natural gas company	8137
or combined company subject to the excise tax imposed by section	8138
5727.24 of the Revised Code shall file a return with the tax	8139
commissioner, in such form as the <del>tax</del> -commissioner prescribes,	8140
and pay the full amount of the tax due on its taxable gross	8141
receipts for the preceding calendar quarter, except that the	8142
first payment of this tax shall be made on or before November-	8143
15, 2000, for the five-month period of May 1, 2000, to September-	8144
<del>30, 2000</del> . All payments made under this division shall be made <del>by</del>	8145
electronic funds transfer electronically in accordance with	8146
section 5727.311 of the Revised Code.	8147

- (B) Any natural gas company or combined company subject to 8148 the excise tax imposed by this section that has an annual tax 8149 liability for the preceding calendar year ending on the thirty-8150 first day of December of less than three hundred twenty-five 8151 thousand dollars may elect to file an annual return with the tax 8152 commissioner, in such form as the <del>tax</del>-commissioner prescribes, 8153 for the next year. A company that elects to file an annual 8154 return for the calendar year shall file the return and remit the 8155 taxes due on its taxable gross receipts within forty-five days 8156 after the thirty-first day of December. The first payment of the 8157 tax under this division shall be made on or before February 14, 8158 2001, for the period of May 1, 2000, to December 31, 2000. The 8159 minimum tax for a natural gas company or combined company 8160 subject to this division shall be fifty dollars, and the company 8161 shall not be required to remit the tax due by electronic funds 8162 transferelectronically. 8163
- (C) A return required to be filed under division (A) or 8164
  (B) of this section shall show the amount of tax due from the 8165

company for the period covered by the return and any other	8166
information as prescribed by the tax commissioner. A return	8167
shall be considered filed when received by the tax-commissioner.	8168
The commissioner may extend the time for making and filing	8169
returns and paying the tax.	8170

- (D) Any natural gas company or combined company that fails 8171 to file a return or pay the full amount of the tax due within 8172 the period prescribed under this section shall pay an additional 8173 charge of fifty dollars or ten per cent of the tax required to 8174 be paid for the reporting period, whichever is greater. If any 8175 tax due is not paid timely in accordance with this section, the 8176 company liable for the tax shall pay interest, calculated at the 8177 rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised 8178 Code, from the date the tax payment was due to the date of 8179 payment or to the date an assessment was issued, whichever 8180 occurs first. The tax commissioner may collect any additional 8181 charge or interest imposed by this section by assessment in the 8182 manner provided in section 5727.26 of the Revised Code. The 8183 commissioner may abate all or a portion of the additional charge 8184 and may adopt rules governing such abatements. 8185
- (E) The tax commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer of state any amounts that the commissioner receives 8187 under this section. The taxes, additional charges, penalties, 8188 and interest collected under sections 5727.24 to 5727.29 of the 8189 Revised Code shall be credited in accordance with section 8190 5727.45 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 5727.31. (A) Each public utility subject to the 8192 excise tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code, 8193 annually, on or before the first day of August, shall file with 8194 the tax commissioner a statement in such form as the 8195

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commissioner prescribes and shall pay any amount due.

(B) (1) Annually, on or before the fifteenth day of October 8197 of the current year, each public utility whose estimated excise 8198 taxes for the current year as based upon the statement required 8199 to be filed in that year by division (A) of this section are one 8200 thousand dollars or more shall file with the commissioner a 8201 report, in such form as the commissioner prescribes, showing the 8202 amount of excise tax estimated to be charged or levied pursuant 8203 to law for the current year upon the basis of such annual 8204 8205 statement, and shall remit a portion of the estimated excise taxes shown to be due by the report. The portion of the 8206 estimated excise taxes due at the time the report is filed shall 8207 be one-third of its total excise taxes estimated to be charged 8208 or levied for the current year based upon the annual statement 8209 filed under division (A) of this section. 8210

- (2) Annually, on or before the first day of March and 8211 June, each public utility whose excise taxes as based upon its 8212 last preceding annual statement filed under division (A) of this 8213 section prior to the first day of January were one thousand 8214 dollars or more shall file with the commissioner a report, in 8215 such form as the commissioner prescribes, showing the amount of 8216 8217 excise tax charged or levied pursuant to law upon the basis of such annual statement, and shall remit a portion of the excise 8218 taxes shown to be due by each such report. The portion of the 8219 excise taxes due at the time each such report is filed shall be 8220 one-third of its total excise taxes so charged or levied based 8221 upon such annual statement. 8222
- (C) Any public utility subject to the excise taxes imposed 8223 by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code whose tax as certified 8224 under section 5727.38 of the Revised Code in a year equals or 8225

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exceeds the amount specified for that year in section 5727.311	8226
of the Revised Code shall make the payments required under this	8227
section in the second ensuing and each succeeding year in the	8228
manner prescribed by section 5727.311 of the Revised Code,	8229
except as otherwise prescribed by that section.	8230
(D)(1) For purposes of this section, a report required to	8231
be filed under division (B) of this section is considered filed	8232
when it is received by the tax commissioner.	8233
(2) For purposes of this section and sections 5727.311 and	8234
5727.42 of the Revised Code, remittance of an excise tax	8235
required to be made under this section is considered to be made	8236
when the remittance is received by the <del>treasurer of state or </del> tax	8237
commissioner, or when credited to an account designated by the	8238
treasurer of state for the receipt of tax remittances.	8239
Sec. 5727.311. (A) Any public utility subject to an excise	8240
tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code whose tax	8241
equals or exceeds fifty thousand dollars shall make each payment	8242
required under division (B) of section 5727.31 of the Revised	8243
Code for the second ensuing and each succeeding year <del>by</del>	8244
electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	8245
division (C) of this section.	8246
If the tax in each of two consecutive years is less than	8247
fifty thousand dollars, the public utility is relieved of the	8248
requirement to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer	8249
<u>electronically</u> for the year that next follows the second of the	8250
consecutive years in which the tax certified is less than fifty	8251
thousand dollars, and is relieved of that requirement for each	8252

succeeding year unless the tax in a subsequent year equals or

exceeds fifty thousand dollars.

(B) The tax commissioner shall notify each public utility	8255
required by this section or section 5727.25 of the Revised Code	8256
to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically of	8257
the public utility's obligation to do so and shall maintain an	8258
updated list of those public utilities. Failure by the tax-	8259
commissioner to notify a public utility subject to this section	8260
to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically does	8261
not relieve the public utility of its obligation to remit taxes	8262
by electronic funds transferin that manner.	8263

(C) Public utilities required by this section or section 8264 5727.25 of the Revised Code to remit periodic payments by 8265 electronic funds transfer electronically shall remit such 8266 payments to the treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by 8267 rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of 8268 the Revised Codein the manner prescribed by the tax 8269 commissioner. The electronic payment of public utility excise 8270 taxes by electronic funds transfer does not affect a public 8271 utility's obligation to file the annual statement and periodic 8272 reports in the manner and at the times prescribed by section 8273 5727.31 of the Revised Code. 8274

A public utility required by this section or section 8275 5727.25 of the Revised Code to remit taxes by electronic funds 8276 transfer electronically may apply to the tax-commissioner in the 8277 manner prescribed by the commissioner to be excused from that 8278 8279 requirement. The commissioner may excuse the public utility from electronic remittance by electronic funds transfer for good 8280 cause shown for the period of time requested by the public 8281 utility or for a portion of that period. The commissioner shall 8282 notify the public utility of the commissioner's decision as soon 8283 as is practicable. 8284

(D) If a public utility required by this section or	8285
section 5727.25 of the Revised Code to remit taxes by electronic	8286
<pre>funds transfer electronically remits those taxes by some means</pre>	8287
other than <del>by electronic funds transfer electronically as</del>	8288
prescribed by this section—and the rules adopted by the—	8289
treasurer of state, and the tax commissioner determines that the	8290
failure to remit taxes as required was not due to reasonable	8291
cause or was due to willful neglect, the commissioner may impose	8292
an additional charge on the public utility equal to five per	8293
cent of the amount of the taxes required to be paid <del>by</del>	8294
electronic funds transferelectronically, but not to exceed five	8295
thousand dollars. Any additional charge imposed under this	8296
section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed	8297
under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising	8298
from excise taxes imposed by this chapter.	8299

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division 8300 against a public utility that has been notified of its 8301 obligation to remit taxes electronically under this section and 8302 that remits its first two tax payments after such notification 8303 by some other means other than electronic funds transfer. The 8304 additional charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any 8305 subsequent tax payment that the public utility remits by some 8306 means other than electronic funds transfer electronically. 8307

Sec. 5727.42. (A) The treasurer of state shall notify the 8308 tax commissioner of any payment of the excise tax imposed by 8309 section 5727.30 of the Revised Code. The tax commissioner shall 8310 collect the excise tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised 8311 Code and the taxpayer shall pay all taxes and any penalties 8312 thereon. Payments of the tax may be made by mail, in person, by 8313 electronic funds transfer electronically if required to do so by 8314 section 5727.311 of the Revised Code, or by any other means 8315

authorized by the commissioner. The commissioner may adopt rules	8316
concerning the methods and timeliness of payment.	8317
(B) Each tax assessment issued pursuant to this section	8318
shall separately reflect the taxes and any penalty due, and any	8319
other information considered necessary. The commissioner shall	8320
mail the assessment to the taxpayer, and the mailing of it shall	8321
be prima-facie evidence of receipt thereof by the taxpayer.	8322
(C) The commissioner shall refund taxes levied and	8323
payments made for the tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the	8324
Revised Code as provided in this section, but no refund shall be	8325
made to a taxpayer having a delinquent claim certified pursuant	8326
to this section that remains unpaid. The commissioner may	8327
consult the attorney general regarding such claims.	8328
(D) After receiving any excise tax annual statement for	8329
the tax imposed by section 5727.30 of the Revised Code, the	8330
commissioner shall:	8331
(1) Ascertain the difference between the total taxes owed	8332
and the sum of all payments made for that year.	8333
(2) If the difference is a deficiency, the commissioner	8334
shall issue an assessment.	8335
(3) If the difference is an excess, the commissioner shall	8336
notify the director of budget and management and issue a refund	8337
of that amount to the taxpayer. If the amount of the refund is	8338
less than that claimed by the taxpayer, the taxpayer, within	8339
sixty days of the issuance of the refund, may provide to the	8340
commissioner additional information to support the claim or may	8341
request a hearing. Upon receiving such information or request	8342
within that time, the commissioner shall follow the same	8343
procedures set forth in divisions (C) and (D) of section 5703 70	8311

of the Revised Code for the determination of refund	8345
applications.	8346

If the taxpayer has a deficiency for one tax year and an 8347 excess for another tax year, or any combination thereof for more 8348 than two years, the commissioner may determine the net result 8349 and, depending on such result, proceed to issue an assessment or 8350 certify a refund.

8352 (E) If a taxpayer fails to pay the amount of taxes required to be paid, or fails to make an estimated payment on or 8353 before the due date prescribed in division (B) of section 8354 5727.31 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall impose a 8355 penalty in the amount of fifteen per cent of the unpaid amount, 8356 and the commissioner shall issue an assessment for the unpaid 8357 amount and penalty. Unless a timely petition for reassessment is 8358 filed under section 5727.47 of the Revised Code, the attorney 8359 general shall proceed to collect the delinquent taxes and 8360 penalties thereon in the manner prescribed by law and notify the 8361 commissioner of all collections. 8362

Sec. 5727.47. (A) Notice of each assessment certified or 8363 issued pursuant to section 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised 8364 Code shall be mailed to the public utility, and its mailing 8365 shall be prima-facie evidence of its receipt by the public 8366 utility to which it is addressed. With the notice, the tax 8367 commissioner shall provide instructions on how to petition for 8368 reassessment and request a hearing on the petition. If a public 8369 utility objects to such an assessment, it may file with the 8370 commissioner, either personally or by certified mail, within 8371 sixty days after the mailing of the notice of assessment a 8372 written petition for reassessment signed by the utility's 8373 authorized agent having knowledge of the facts. The date the 8374

commissioner receives the petition shall be considered the date	8375
of filing. The petition shall indicate the utility's objections,	8376
but additional objections may be raised in writing if received	8377
by the commissioner prior to the date shown on the final	8378
determination.	8379

In the case of a petition seeking a reduction in taxable 8380 value filed with respect to an assessment certified under 8381 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall state 8382 in the petition the total amount of reduction in taxable value 8383 sought by the petitioner. If the petitioner objects to the 8384 8385 percentage of true value at which taxable property is assessed by the commissioner, the petitioner shall state in the petition 8386 the total amount of reduction in taxable value sought both with 8387 and without regard to the objection pertaining to the percentage 8388 of true value at which its taxable property is assessed. If a 8389 petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment of the 8390 taxable value of the petitioner's taxable property, the 8391 petitioner shall distinctly state in the petition that the 8392 petitioner objects to the commissioner's apportionment, and, 8393 within forty-five days after filing the petition for 8394 reassessment, shall submit the petitioner's proposed 8395 apportionment of the taxable value of its taxable property among 8396 taxing districts. If a petitioner that objects to the 8397 commissioner's apportionment fails to state its objections to 8398 that apportionment in its petition for reassessment or fails to 8399 submit its proposed apportionment within forty-five days after 8400 filing the petition for reassessment, the commissioner shall 8401 dismiss the petitioner's objection to the commissioner's 8402 apportionment, and the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable 8403 property, subject to any adjustment to taxable value pursuant to 8404 the petition or appeal, shall be apportioned in the manner used 8405

by the commissioner	in the prelimi	nary or amended preliminary	8406
assessment certified	under section	n 5727.23 of the Revised Code.	8407

If an additional objection seeking a reduction in taxable 8408 value in excess of the reduction stated in the original petition 8409 is properly and timely raised with respect to an assessment 8410 issued under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner 8411 shall state the total amount of the reduction in taxable value 8412 sought in the additional objection both with and without regard 8413 to any reduction in taxable value pertaining to the percentage 8414 8415 of true value at which taxable property is assessed. If a petitioner fails to state the reduction in taxable value sought 8416 in the original petition or in additional objections properly 8417 raised after the petition is filed, the commissioner shall 8418 notify the petitioner of the failure by certified mailin the 8419 manner provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code. If the 8420 petitioner fails to notify the commissioner in writing of the 8421 reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in an 8422 additional objection within thirty days after receiving the 8423 commissioner's notice, the commissioner shall dismiss the 8424 petition or the additional objection in which that reduction is 8425 8426 sought.

(B) (1) Subject to divisions (B) (2) and (3) of this 8427 section, a public utility filing a petition for reassessment 8428 regarding an assessment certified or issued under section 8429 5727.23 or 5727.38 of the Revised Code shall pay the tax with 8430 respect to the assessment objected to as required by law. The 8431 acceptance of any tax payment by the treasurer of state, tax 8432  $commissioner_{\tau}$  or any county treasurer shall not prejudice any 8433 claim for taxes on final determination by the commissioner or 8434 final decision by the board of tax appeals or any court. 8435

(2) If a public utility properly and timely files a	8436
petition for reassessment regarding an assessment certified	8437
under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the petitioner shall	8438
pay the tax as prescribed by divisions (B)(2)(a), (b), and (c)	8439
of this section:	8440

- (a) If the petitioner does not object to the 8441 commissioner's apportionment of the taxable value of the 8442 petitioner's taxable property, the petitioner is not required to 8443 pay the part of the tax otherwise due on the taxable value that 8444 the petitioner seeks to have reduced, subject to division (B)(2) 8445 (c) of this section.
- (b) If the petitioner objects to the commissioner's 8447 apportionment of the taxable value of the petitioner's taxable 8448 property, the petitioner is not required to pay the tax 8449 otherwise due on the part of the taxable value apportioned to 8450 any taxing district that the petitioner objects to, subject to 8451 division (B)(2)(c) of this section. If, pursuant to division (A) 8452 of this section, the petitioner has, in a proper and timely 8453 manner, apportioned taxable value to a taxing district to which 8454 the commissioner did not apportion the petitioner's taxable 8455 value, the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the taxable value 8456 8457 that the petitioner has apportioned to the taxing district, subject to division (B)(2)(c) of this section. 8458
- (c) If a petitioner objects to the percentage of true 8459 value at which taxable property is assessed by the commissioner, 8460 the petitioner shall pay the tax due on the basis of the 8461 percentage of true value at which the public utility's taxable 8462 property is assessed by the commissioner. In any case, the 8463 petitioner's payment of tax shall not be less than the amount of 8464 tax due based on the taxable value reflected on the last appeal 8465

notice issued by the commissioner under division (C) of this	8466
section. Until the county auditor receives notification under	8467
division (E) of this section and proceeds under section 5727.471	8468
of the Revised Code to issue any refund that is found to be due,	8469
the county auditor shall not issue a refund for any increase in	8470
the reduction in taxable value that is sought by a petitioner	8471
later than forty-five days after the petitioner files the	8472
original petition as required under division (A) of this	8473
section.	8474

- (3) Any part of the tax that, under division (B)(2)(a) or 8475 (b) of this section, is not paid shall be collected upon receipt 8476 of the notification as provided in section 5727.471 of the 8477 Revised Code with interest thereon computed in the same manner 8478 as interest is computed under division (E) of section 5715.19 of 8479 the Revised Code, subject to any correction of the assessment by 8480 the commissioner under division (E) of this section or the final 8481 judgment of the board of tax appeals or a court to which the 8482 board's final judgment is appealed. The penalty imposed under 8483 section 323.121 of the Revised Code shall apply only to the 8484 unpaid portion of the tax if the petitioner's tax payment is 8485 less than the amount of tax due based on the taxable value 8486 reflected on the last appeal notice issued by the commissioner 8487 under division (C) of this section. 8488
- (C) Upon receipt of a properly filed petition for 8489 reassessment with respect to an assessment certified under 8490 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the tax commissioner shall 8491 notify the treasurer of state or the auditor of each county to 8492 which the assessment objected to has been certified. In the case 8493 of a petition with respect to an assessment certified under 8494 section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, the commissioner shall 8495 issue an appeal notice within thirty days after receiving the 8496

amount of the taxable value reduction and apportionment changes	8497
sought by the petitioner in the original petition or in any	8498
additional objections properly and timely raised by the	8499
petitioner. The appeal notice shall indicate the amount of the	8500
reduction in taxable value sought in the petition or in the	8501
additional objections and the extent to which the reduction in	8502
taxable value and any change in apportionment requested by the	8503
petitioner would affect the commissioner's apportionment of the	8504
taxable value among taxing districts in the county as shown in	8505
the assessment. If a petitioner is seeking a reduction in	8506
taxable value on the basis of a lower percentage of true value	8507
than the percentage at which the commissioner assessed the	8508
petitioner's taxable property, the appeal notice shall indicate	8509
the reduction in taxable value sought by the petitioner without	8510
regard to the reduction sought on the basis of the lower	8511
percentage and shall indicate that the petitioner is required to	8512
pay tax on the reduced taxable value determined without regard	8513
to the reduction sought on the basis of a lower percentage of	8514
true value, as provided under division (B)(2)(c) of this	8515
section. The appeal notice shall include a statement that the	8516
reduced taxable value and the apportionment indicated in the	8517
notice are not final and are subject to adjustment by the	8518
commissioner or by the board of tax appeals or a court on	8519
appeal. If the commissioner finds an error in the appeal notice,	8520
the commissioner may amend the notice, but the notice is only	8521
for informational and tax payment purposes; the notice is not	8522
subject to appeal by any person. The commissioner also shall	8523
mail a copy of the appeal notice to the petitioner. Upon the	8524
request of a taxing authority, the county auditor may disclose	8525
to the taxing authority the extent to which a reduction in	8526
taxable value sought by a petitioner would affect the	8527
apportionment of taxable value to the taxing district or	8528

8554

districts under the taxing	authority's jurisdiction, but such a 852	29
disclosure does not constit	ute a notice required by law to be 853	30
given for the purpose of se	ction 5717.02 of the Revised Code. 853	31

- (D) If the petitioner requests a hearing on the petition, 8532 the tax commissioner shall assign a time and place for the 8533 hearing on the petition and notify the petitioner of such time 8534 and place, but the commissioner may continue the hearing from 8535 time to time as necessary.
- 8537 (E) The tax commissioner may make corrections to the assessment as the commissioner finds proper. The commissioner 8538 shall serve a copy of the commissioner's final determination on 8539 the petitioner in the manner provided in section 5703.37 of the 8540 Revised Code. The commissioner's decision in the matter shall be 8541 final, subject to appeal under section 5717.02 of the Revised 8542 Code. With respect to a final determination issued for an 8543 assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the Revised Code, 8544 the commissioner also shall transmit a copy of the final 8545 determination to the applicable county auditor. In the absence 8546 of any further appeal, or when a decision of the board of tax 8547 8548 appeals or of any court to which the decision has been appealed becomes final, the commissioner shall notify the public utility 8549 and, as appropriate, shall proceed under section 5727.42 of the 8550 Revised Code, or notify the applicable county auditor, who shall 8551 proceed under section 5727.471 of the Revised Code. 8552

The notification made under this division is not subject to further appeal.

(F) On appeal, no adjustment shall be made in the tax 8555 commissioner's assessment certified under section 5727.23 of the 8556 Revised Code that reduces the taxable value of a petitioner's 8557 taxable property by an amount that exceeds the reduction sought 8558

by the petitioner in its petition for reassessment or in any	8559
additional objections properly and timely raised after the	8560
petition is filed with the commissioner.	8561

Sec. 5727.53. The taxes, fees, and penalties provided by 8562 this chapter that are remitted to the treasurer of state tax 8563 commissioner may be recovered by an action brought in the name 8564 of the state in the court of common pleas of Franklin county, or 8565 of any county in which such public utility is doing business, or 8566 in which the line of any railroad company is located, and such 8567 court of common pleas shall have jurisdiction of the action 8568 8569 regardless of the amount involved. The attorney general, on request of the tax commissioner, shall institute such action in 8570 the court of common pleas of Franklin county or of any of such 8571 counties the commissioner directs. Sums recovered in any such 8572 action shall be paid into the state treasury in the same manner 8573 as the tax. 8574

Sec. 5727.81. (A) For the purpose of raising revenue to	8575
fund the needs of this state and its local governments, an	8576
excise tax is hereby levied and imposed on an electric	8577
distribution company for all electricity distributed by such	8578
company at the following rates per kilowatt hour of electricity	8579
distributed in a thirty-day period by the company through a	8580
meter of an end user in this state:	8581

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1 2

A KILOWATT HOURS DISTRIBUTED RATE PER

B TO AN END USER KILOWATT HOUR

C For the first 2,000	\$.00465
D For the next 2,001 to 15,000	\$.00419
E For 15,001 and above	\$.00363
If no meter is used to measure the kilowatt hours of	8583
electricity distributed by the company, the rates shall apply to	8584
the estimated kilowatt hours of electricity distributed to an	8585
unmetered location in this state.	8586
The electric distribution company shall base the monthly	8587
tax on the kilowatt hours of electricity distributed to an end	8588
user through the meter of the end user that is not measured for	8589
a thirty-day period by dividing the days in the measurement	8590
period into the total kilowatt hours measured during the	8591
measurement period to obtain a daily average usage. The tax	8592
shall be determined by obtaining the sum of divisions (A)(1),	8593
(2), and (3) of this section and multiplying that amount by the	8594
number of days in the measurement period:	8595
(1) Multiplying \$0.00465 per kilowatt hour for the first	8596
sixty-seven kilowatt hours distributed using a daily average;	8597
(2) Multiplying \$0.00419 for the next sixty-eight to five	8598
hundred kilowatt hours distributed using a daily average;	8599
(3) Multiplying \$0.00363 for the remaining kilowatt hours	8600
distributed using a daily average.	8601
Except as provided in division (C) of this section, the	8602
electric distribution company shall pay the tax to the tax	8603
commissioner in accordance with section 5727.82 of the Revised	8604
Code, unless required to remit each tax payment by electronic	8605
funds transfer to the treasurer of state electronically in	8606

accordance with section 5727.83 of the Revised Code.	8607
Only the distribution of electricity through a meter of an	8608
end user in this state shall be used by the electric	8609
distribution company to compute the amount or estimated amount	8610
of tax due. In the event a meter is not actually read for a	8611
measurement period, the estimated kilowatt hours distributed by	8612
an electric distribution company to bill for its distribution	8613
charges shall be used.	8614
(B) Except as provided in division (C) of this section,	8615
each electric distribution company shall pay the tax imposed by	8616
this section in all of the following circumstances:	8617
(1) The electricity is distributed by the company through	8618
a meter of an end user in this state;	8619
(2) The company is distributing electricity through a	8620
meter located in another state, but the electricity is consumed	8621
in this state in the manner prescribed by the tax commissioner;	8622
(3) The company is distributing electricity in this state	8623
without the use of a meter, but the electricity is consumed in	8624
this state as estimated and in the manner prescribed by the tax	8625
commissioner.	8626
(C)(1) As used in division (C) of this section:	8627
(a) "Total price of electricity" means the aggregate value	8628
in money of anything paid or transferred, or promised to be paid	8629
or transferred, to obtain electricity or electric service,	8630
including but not limited to the value paid or promised to be	8631
paid for the transmission or distribution of electricity and for	8632
transition costs as described in Chapter 4928. of the Revised	8633
Code.	8634

(b) "Package" means the provision or the acquisition, at a	8635
combined price, of electricity with other services or products,	8636
or any combination thereof, such as natural gas or other fuels;	8637
energy management products, software, and services; machinery	8638
and equipment acquisition; and financing agreements.	8639

- (c) "Single location" means a facility located on 8640 contiguous property separated only by a roadway, railway, or 8641 waterway.
- (2) Division (C) of this section applies to any commercial 8643 or industrial purchaser's receipt of electricity through a meter 8644 of an end user in this state or through more than one meter at a 8645 single location in this state in a quantity that exceeds forty-8646 five million kilowatt hours of electricity over the course of 8647 the preceding calendar year, or any commercial or industrial 8648 purchaser that will consume more than forty-five million 8649 kilowatt hours of electricity over the course of the succeeding 8650 twelve months as estimated by the tax commissioner. The tax 8651 commissioner shall make such an estimate upon the written 8652 request by an applicant for registration as a self-assessing 8653 purchaser under this division. For the meter reading period 8654 including July 1, 2008, through the meter reading period-8655 including December 31, 2010, such a purchaser may elect to self-8656 assess the excise tax imposed by this section at the rate of 8657 \$.00075 per kilowatt hour on the first five hundred four million 8658 kilowatt hours distributed to that meter or location during the 8659 registration year, and a percentage of the total price of all 8660 electricity distributed to that meter or location equal to three-8661 and one-half per cent. For the meter reading period including-8662 January 1, 2011, and thereafter, such Such a purchaser may elect 8663 to self-assess the excise tax imposed by this section at the 8664 rate of \$.00257 per kilowatt hour for the first five hundred 8665

million kilowatt hours, and \$.001832 per kilowatt hour for each	8666
kilowatt hour in excess of five hundred million kilowatt hours,	8667
distributed to that meter or location during the registration	8668
year.	8669

A qualified end user that receives electricity through a 8670 meter of an end user in this state or through more than one 8671 meter at a single location in this state and that consumes, over 8672 the course of the previous calendar year, more than forty-five 8673 million kilowatt hours in other than its qualifying 8674 8675 manufacturing process, may elect to self-assess the tax as allowed by this division with respect to the electricity used in 8676 other than its qualifying manufacturing process. 8677

Payment of the tax shall be made directly to the tax 8678 commissioner in accordance with divisions (A)(4) and (5) of 8679 section 5727.82 of the Revised Code, or the treasurer of state 8680 in accordance with section 5727.83 of the Revised Code. If the 8681 electric distribution company serving the self-assessing 8682 purchaser is a municipal electric utility and the purchaser is 8683 within the municipal corporation's corporate limits, payment 8684 shall be made to such municipal corporation's general fund and 8685 reports shall be filed in accordance with divisions (A)(4) and 8686 (5) of section 5727.82 of the Revised Code, except that 8687 "municipal corporation" shall be substituted for "treasurer of 8688 state" and "tax commissioner." A self-assessing purchaser that 8689 pays the excise tax as provided in this division shall not be 8690 required to pay the tax to the electric distribution company 8691 from which its electricity is distributed. If a self-assessing 8692 purchaser's receipt of electricity is not subject to the tax as 8693 measured under this division, the tax on the receipt of such 8694 electricity shall be measured and paid as provided in division 8695 (A) of this section. 8696

(3) In the case of the acquisition of a package, unless	8697
the elements of the package are separately stated isolating the	8698
total price of electricity from the price of the remaining	8699
elements of the package, the tax imposed under this section	8700
applies to the entire price of the package. If the elements of	8701
the package are separately stated, the tax imposed under this	8702
section applies to the total price of the electricity.	8703

- (4) Any electric supplier that sells electricity as part 8704 of a package shall separately state to the purchaser the total 8705 price of the electricity and, upon request by the tax 8706 commissioner, the total price of each of the other elements of 8707 the package.
- (5) The tax commissioner may adopt rules relating to the 8709 computation of the total price of electricity with respect to 8710 self-assessing purchasers, which may include rules to establish 8711 the total price of electricity purchased as part of a package. 8712
- (6) An annual application for registration as a self-8713 assessing purchaser shall be made for each qualifying meter or 8714 location on a form prescribed by the tax commissioner. The 8715 registration year begins on the first day of May and ends on the 8716 following thirtieth day of April. Persons may apply after the 8717 first day of May for the remainder of the registration year. In 8718 the case of an applicant applying on the basis of an estimated 8719 consumption of forty-five million kilowatt hours over the course 8720 of the succeeding twelve months, the applicant shall provide 8721 such information as the tax commissioner considers to be 8722 necessary to estimate such consumption. At the time of making 8723 the application and by the first day of May of each year, a 8724 self-assessing purchaser shall pay a fee of five hundred dollars 8725 to the tax commissioner, or to the treasurer of state as 8726

<del>provided in section 5727.83 of the Revised Code,</del> for each	8727
qualifying meter or location. The tax commissioner shall	8728
immediately pay to the treasurer of state all amounts that the	8729
tax commissioner receives under this section. The treasurer of	8730
state shall deposit such amounts into the kilowatt hour excise	8731
tax administration fund, which is hereby created in the state	8732
treasury. Money in the fund shall be used to defray the tax	8733
commissioner's cost in administering the tax owed under section	8734
5727.81 of the Revised Code by self-assessing purchasers. After	8735
the application is approved by the tax commissioner, the	8736
registration shall remain in effect for the current registration	8737
year, or until canceled by the registrant upon written	8738
notification to the commissioner of the election to pay the tax	8739
in accordance with division (A) of this section, or until	8740
canceled by the tax commissioner for not paying the tax or fee	8741
under division (C) of this section or for not meeting the	8742
qualifications in division (C)(2) of this section. The tax	8743
commissioner shall give written notice to the electric	8744
distribution company from which electricity is delivered to a	8745
self-assessing purchaser of the purchaser's self-assessing	8746
status, and the electric distribution company is relieved of the	8747
obligation to pay the tax imposed by division (A) of this	8748
section for electricity distributed to that self-assessing	8749
purchaser until it is notified by the tax commissioner that the	8750
self-assessing purchaser's registration is canceled. Within	8751
fifteen days of notification of the canceled registration, the	8752
electric distribution company shall be responsible for payment	8753
of the tax imposed by division (A) of this section on	8754
electricity distributed to a purchaser that is no longer	8755
registered as a self-assessing purchaser. A self-assessing	8756
purchaser with a canceled registration must file a report and	8757
remit the tax imposed by division (A) of this section on all	8758

electricity it receives for any measurement period prior to the	8759
tax being reported and paid by the electric distribution	8760
company. A self-assessing purchaser whose registration is	8761
canceled by the tax commissioner is not eligible to register as	8762
a self-assessing purchaser for two years after the registration	8763
is canceled.	8764

- (7) If the tax commissioner cancels the self-assessing 8765 registration of a purchaser registered on the basis of its 8766 estimated consumption because the purchaser does not consume at 8767 least forty-five million kilowatt hours of electricity over the 8768 course of the twelve-month period for which the estimate was 8769 made, the tax commissioner shall assess and collect from the 8770 purchaser the difference between (a) the amount of tax that 8771 would have been payable under division (A) of this section on 8772 the electricity distributed to the purchaser during that period 8773 and (b) the amount of tax paid by the purchaser on such 8774 electricity pursuant to division (C)(2) of this section. The 8775 assessment shall be paid within sixty days after the tax 8776 commissioner issues it, regardless of whether the purchaser 8777 files a petition for reassessment under section 5727.89 of the 8778 Revised Code covering that period. If the purchaser does not pay 8779 the assessment within the time prescribed, the amount assessed 8780 is subject to the additional charge and the interest prescribed 8781 by divisions (B) and (C) of section 5727.82 of the Revised Code, 8782 and is subject to assessment under section 5727.89 of the 8783 Revised Code. If the purchaser is a qualified end user, division 8784 (C)(7) of this section applies only to electricity it consumes 8785 in other than its qualifying manufacturing process. 8786
  - (D) The tax imposed by this section does not apply to:
  - (1) The distribution or obtaining of any kilowatt hours of 8788

electricity to or by any of the following:	8789
(a) The federal government;	8790
(b) An end user located at a federal facility that uses	8791
electricity for the enrichment of uranium;	8792
(c) A qualified regeneration meter;	8793
(d) An end user for any day the end user is a qualified	8794
end user;	8795
(e) An end user if the electricity is generated by an	8796
electric generation facility that is primarily dedicated to	8797
providing electricity to the electric-consuming facilities of	8798
the end user, that is sized so as to not exceed one hundred per	8799
cent of the customer-generator's annual requirements for	8800
electric energy at the time of interconnection, that is	8801
physically interconnected and integrated with the electric-	8802
consuming facilities of the end user, and that is located on the	8803
same property on which the end user's electric-consuming	8804
facilities are situated or on property that is contiguous to the	8805
property on which the end user's electric-consuming facilities	8806
are situated.	8807
(2) Kilowatt hours of electricity generated by a self-	8808
generator if the electric generating facility is sized so as not	8809
to exceed one hundred per cent of the customer-generator's	8810
annual requirements for electric energy at the time of	8811
interconnection.	8812
The exemption under division (D)(1)(d) of this section for	8813
a qualified end user only applies to the manufacturing location	8814
where the qualified end user uses electricity in a chlor-alkali	8815
manufacturing process or where the qualified end user uses more	8816
than three million kilowatt hours per day in an electrochemical	8817

manufacturian museum Barusad in dissiple (B) of this continu		0.01.0
manufacturing process. As used in division (D) of this section,		8818
"customer-generator" and "self-generator" have the same meaning	[S	8819
as in section 4928.01 of the Revised Code.		8820
(E) All revenue arising from the tax imposed by this		8821
section shall be credited to the general revenue fund except as	}	8822
provided by division (C) of this section and section 5727.82 of	: -	8823
the Revised Code.		8824
Sec. 5727.811. (A) For the purpose of raising revenue to		8825
fund the needs of this state and its local governments, an		8826
excise tax is hereby levied on every natural gas distribution		8827
company for all natural gas volumes billed by, or on behalf of,		8828
the company-beginning with the measurement period that includes	<del>-</del>	8829
July 1, 2001. Except as provided in divisions (C) or (D) of this	.S	8830
section, the tax shall be levied at the following rates per MCF	י	8831
of natural gas distributed by the company through a meter of an	1	8832
end user in this state:		8833
		8834
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A MCF DISTRIBUTED TO AN END USER RATE PER	MCF	
A MCF DISTRIBUTED TO AN END USER RATE FER	MCF	
B For the first 100 MCF per month	\$.1593	
C For the next 101 to 2000 MCF per month	\$.0877	
D For 2001 and above MCF per month	\$.0411	
If no meter is used to measure the MCF of natural gas		8835
distributed by the company, the rates shall apply to the		8836
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estimated MCF of natural gas distributed to an unmetered

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location in this state.

- (B) A natural gas distribution company shall base the tax 8839 on the MCF of natural gas distributed to an end user through the 8840 meter of the end user in this state that is estimated to be 8841 consumed by the end user as reflected on the end user's customer 8842 statement from the natural gas distribution company. Until-8843 January 1, 2003, the natural gas distribution company shall pay-8844 the tax levied by this section to the treasurer of state in-8845 accordance with section 5727.82 of the Revised Code. Beginning 8846 January 1, 2003, the The natural gas distribution company shall 8847 pay the tax levied by this section to the tax commissioner in 8848 accordance with section 5727.82 of the Revised Code unless 8849 required to remit payment to the treasurer of state in 8850 accordance with section 5727.83 of the Revised Code. 8851
- (C) A natural gas distribution company with seventy thousand customers or less may elect to apply the rates specified in division (A) of this section to the aggregate of the natural gas distributed by the company through the meter of all its customers in this state, and upon such election, this method shall be used to determine the amount of tax to be paid by such company.
- (D) A natural gas distribution company shall pay the tax 8859 imposed by this section at the rate of \$.02 per MCF of natural 8860 gas distributed by the company through the meter of a flex 8861 customer. The natural gas distribution company correspondingly 8862 shall reduce the per MCF rate that it charges the flex customer 8863 for natural gas distribution services by \$.02 per MCF of natural 8864 gas distributed to the flex customer.
- (E) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, 8866 each natural gas distribution company shall pay the tax imposed 8867

by this section in all of the following circumstances:	8868
(1) The natural gas is distributed by the company through	8869
a meter of an end user in this state;	8870
(2) The natural gas distribution company is distributing	8871
natural gas through a meter located in another state, but the	8872
natural gas is consumed in this state in the manner prescribed	8873
by the tax commissioner;	8874
(3) The natural gas distribution company is distributing	8875
natural gas in this state without the use of a meter, but the	8876
natural gas is consumed in this state as estimated and in the	8877
manner prescribed by the tax commissioner.	8878
(F) The tax levied by this section does not apply to the	8879
distribution of natural gas to the federal government, or	8880
natural gas produced by an end user in this state that is	8881
consumed by that end user or its affiliates and is not	8882
distributed through the facilities of a natural gas company.	8883
(G) All revenue arising from the tax imposed by this	8884
section shall be credited to the general revenue fund.	8885
Sec. 5727.82. (A)(1) Except as provided in divisions (A)	8886
(3) and (D) of this section, by the twentieth day of each month,	8887
each electric distribution company required to pay the tax	8888
imposed by section 5727.81 of the Revised Code shall file with	8889
the tax commissioner a return as prescribed by the tax	8890
commissioner and shall make payment of the full amount of tax	8891
due for the preceding month. The first payment of this tax shall	8892
be made on or before June 20, 2001. The electric distribution	8893
company shall make payment to the tax commissioner unless	8894
required to remit each tax the payment by electronic funds	8895
transfer to the treasurer of state electronically as provided in	8896

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section 5727.83 of the Revised Code.

- (2) By the twentieth day of May, August, November, and 8898 February, each natural gas distribution company required to pay 8899 the tax imposed by section 5727.811 of the Revised Code shall 8900 file with the tax commissioner a return as prescribed by the tax 8901 commissioner and shall make payment to the tax commissioner, or 8902 to the treasurer of state as provided in section 5727.83 of the 8903 Revised Code, of the full amount of tax due for the preceding 8904 quarter. The first payment of this tax shall be made on or 8905 before November 20, 2001, for the quarter ending September 30, 8906 <del>2001.</del> 8907
- (3) If the electric distribution company required to pay 8908 the tax imposed by section 5727.81 of the Revised Code is a 8909 municipal electric utility, it may retain in its general fund 8910 that portion of the tax on the kilowatt hours distributed to end 8911 users located within the boundaries of the municipal 8912 corporation. However, the municipal electric utility shall make 8913 payment in accordance with division (A)(1) of this section of 8914 the tax due on the kilowatt hours distributed to end users 8915 located outside the boundaries of the municipal corporation. 8916
- (4) By the twentieth day of each month, each selfassessing purchaser that under division (C) of section 5727.81
  of the Revised Code pays directly to the tax commissioner or the
  treasurer of state the tax imposed by section 5727.81 of the
  Revised Code shall file with the tax commissioner a return as
  prescribed by the tax commissioner and shall make payment of the
  full amount of the tax due for the preceding month.
- (5) As prescribed by the tax commissioner, a return shall be signed by the company or self-assessing purchaser required to file it, or an authorized employee, officer, or agent of the

company or purchaser. The return shall be deemed filed when 8927 received by the tax commissioner. 8928

- (B) Any natural gas distribution company, electric 8929 distribution company, or self-assessing purchaser required by 8930 this section to file a return who fails to file it and pay the 8931 tax within the period prescribed shall pay an additional charge 8932 of fifty dollars or ten per cent of the tax required to be paid 8933 for the reporting period, whichever is greater. The tax 8934 commissioner may collect the additional charge by assessment 8935 pursuant to section 5727.89 of the Revised Code. The 8936 commissioner may abate all or a portion of the additional charge 8937 and may adopt rules governing such abatements. 8938
- (C) If any tax due is not paid timely in accordance with 8939 this section, the natural gas distribution company, electric 8940 distribution company, or self-assessing purchaser liable for the 8941 tax shall pay interest, calculated at the rate per annum 8942 prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code, from the date 8943 the tax payment was due to the date of payment or to the date an 8944 assessment is issued, whichever occurs first. Interest shall be 8945 paid in the same manner as the tax, and the commissioner may 8946 collect the interest by assessment pursuant to section 5727.89 8947 of the Revised Code. 8948
- (D) Not later than the tenth day of each month, a 8949 qualified end user not making the election to self-assess under 8950 division (C) of section 5727.81 of the Revised Code shall report 8951 in writing to the electric distribution company that distributes 8952 electricity to the end user the kilowatt hours that were 8953 consumed as a qualified end user in a qualifying manufacturing 8954 process for the prior month and the number of days, if any, on 8955 which the end user was not a qualified end user. For each 8956

calendar day during that month, a qualified end user shall	8957
report the kilowatt hours that were not used in a qualifying	8958
manufacturing process. For each calendar day the end user was	8959
not a qualified end user, the end user shall report in writing	8960
to the electric distribution company the total number of	8961
kilowatt hours used on that day, and the electric distribution	8962
company shall pay the tax imposed under section 5727.81 of the	8963
Revised Code on each kilowatt hour that was not distributed to a	8964
qualified end user in a qualifying manufacturing process. The	8965
electric distribution company may rely in good faith on a	8966
qualified end user's report filed under this division. If it is	8967
determined that the end user was not a qualified end user for	8968
any calendar day or the quantity of electricity used by the	8969
qualified end user in a qualifying manufacturing process was	8970
overstated, the tax commissioner shall assess and collect any	8971
tax imposed under section 5727.81 of the Revised Code directly	8972
from the qualified end user. As requested by the commissioner,	8973
each end user reporting to an electric distribution company that	8974
it is a qualified end user shall provide documentation to the	8975
commissioner that establishes the volume of electricity consumed	8976
daily by the qualified end user and the total number of kilowatt	8977
hours consumed in a qualifying manufacturing process.	8978

(E) The tax commissioner shall immediately pay to the treasurer of state all amounts that the tax commissioner space with this section. The treasurer of state shall credit such amounts in accordance with this chapter. 8982

Sec. 5727.83. (A) A natural gas distribution company, an 8983 electric distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser 8984 shall remit each tax payment by electronic funds transfer 8985 electronically as prescribed by divisions (B) and (C) of this 8986 section.

The tax commissioner shall notify each natural gas	8988
distribution company, electric distribution company, and self-	8989
assessing purchaser of the obligation to remit taxes <del>by</del>	8990
electronic funds transfer, shall maintain an updated list of-	8991
those companies and purchasers, and shall timely certify to the-	8992
treasurer of state the list and any additions thereto or-	8993
deletions therefromelectronically by using the Ohio business	8994
gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or	8995
another means of electronic payment. Failure by the tax-	8996
commissioner to notify a company or self-assessing purchaser	8997
subject to this section to remit taxes by electronic funds-	8998
transfer electronically does not relieve the company or self-	8999
assessing purchaser of its obligation to remit taxes in that	9000
manner.	9001

- (B) A natural gas distribution company, an electric 9002 distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser required by 9003 this section to remit payments by electronic funds transfer-9004 electronically shall remit such payments to the treasurer of 9005 state in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer 9006 of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code, and on or 9007 before the dates specified under section 5727.82 of the Revised 9008 Code. The payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer 9009 electronically does not affect a company's or self-assessing 9010 purchaser's obligation to file a return as required under 9011 section 5727.82 of the Revised Code. 9012
- (C) A natural gas distribution company, an electric 9013 distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser required by 9014 this section to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer 9015 electronically may apply to the treasurer of state tax 9016 commissioner in the manner prescribed by the treasurer of state 9017 commissioner to be excused from that requirement. The treasurer 9018

of state commissioner may excuse the company or self-assessing	9019
purchaser from <u>electronic</u> remittance <del>by electronic funds</del>	9020
transfer for good cause shown for the period of time requested	9021
by the company or self-assessing purchaser or for a portion of	9022
that period. The treasurer of state commissioner shall notify	9023
the tax commissioner and the company or self-assessing purchaser	9024
of the treasurer of state's commissioner's decision as soon as	9025
is practicable.	9026
(D) If a natural gas distribution company, an electric	9027

distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser required by 9028 this section to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer-9029 <u>electronically</u> remits those taxes by some means other than <del>by</del> 9030 electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by this 9031 section and the rules adopted by the treasurer of state, and the 9032 treasurer of state tax commissioner determines that such failure 9033 was not due to reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, 9034 the treasurer of state shall notify the tax commissioner of the 9035 failure to remit by electronic funds transfer and shall provide 9036 the commissioner with any information used in making that-9037 determination. The tax-commissioner may collect an additional 9038 charge by assessment in the manner prescribed by section 5727.89 9039 of the Revised Code. The additional charge shall equal five per 9040 cent of the amount of the taxes required to be paid by-9041 electronic funds transferelectronically, but shall not exceed 9042 five thousand dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this 9043 section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed 9044 under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising 9045 from the tax imposed under this chapter. The tax-commissioner 9046 may abate all or a portion of such a charge and may adopt rules 9047 governing such abatements. 9048

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division

against a natural gas distribution company, an electric	9050
distribution company, or a self-assessing purchaser that has	9051
been notified of its obligation to remit taxes <u>electronically</u>	9052
under this section and that remits its first two tax payments	9053
after such notification by some <u>other</u> means other than	9054
electronic funds transfer. The additional charge may be assessed	9055
upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the	9056
company or purchaser remits by some means other than electronic-	9057
funds transferelectronically.	9058

Sec. 5733.022. (A) Subject to division (C) of this 9059 section, if a taxpayer's total liability for taxes imposed by 9060 section 5733.06 of the Revised Code, after reduction for all 9061 nonrefundable credits allowed the taxpayer, for tax year 1992 or 9062 1993 exceeds one hundred thousand dollars, the taxpayer shall 9063 remit each tax payment for tax year 1994 to the treasurer of 9064 state by electronic funds transfer as prescribed by divisions 9065 (B) and (C) of this section. Subject to division (C) of this 9066 section, if a taxpayer's total liability for taxes, after-9067 reduction for all nonrefundable credits allowed the taxpayer, 9068 exceeds one hundred thousand dollars for tax year 1993, the 9069 9070 taxpayer shall remit each tax payment for tax year 1995 by electronic funds transfer as prescribed by divisions (B) and (C) 9071 of this section. If a taxpayer's total liability for taxes, 9072 after reduction for all nonrefundable credits allowed the 9073 taxpayer, exceeds seventy-five thousand dollars for tax year-9074 1994, the taxpayer shall remit each tax payment for tax year 9075 1996 by electronic funds transfer as prescribed by divisions (B) 9076 and (C) of this section. For tax year 1997 and any succeeding 9077 tax year, if a taxpayer's total liability for taxes, after-9078 reduction for all nonrefundable credits allowed the taxpayer, 9079 exceeds fifty thousand dollars for the second preceding tax-9080

year, the taxpayer shall remit each tax payment for the tax year	9081
by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	9082
divisions (B) and (C) of this section.	9083

The tax commissioner shall notify each taxpayer required 9084 to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically of 9085 9086 the taxpayer's obligation to do so, shall maintain an updated list of those taxpayers, and shall provide the list and any 9087 additions thereto or deletions therefrom to the treasurer of 9088 state. Failure by the tax commissioner to notify a taxpayer 9089 9090 subject to this section to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically does not relieve the taxpayer of its 9091 obligation to remit taxes by electronic funds transferin that 9092 9093 manner.

(B) Taxpayers required by this section to remit payments

by electronic funds transfer electronically shall remit such

payments to the treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by

rules adopted by the treasurer under section 113.061 of the

Revised Code the tax commissioner.

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Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the 9099 9100 <u>electronic</u> payment of taxes <del>by electronic funds transfer</del> does not affect a taxpayer's obligation to file the annual 9101 corporation report or the declaration of estimated tax report as 9102 required under sections 5733.02 and 5733.021 of the Revised 9103 Code. If the taxpayer remits estimated tax payments in a manner, 9104 designated by rule of the treasurer of state, that permits the 9105 inclusion of all information necessary for the treasurer of 9106 state to process the tax payment, the taxpayer need not file the 9107 9108 declaration of estimated tax report as required by section-5733.021 of the Revised Code. 9109

(C) If two or more taxpayers have elected or are required

to file a combined report under section 5733.052 of the Revised	9111
Code, the tax liability of those taxpayers for purposes of	9112
division (A) of this section is the aggregate tax liability of	9113
those taxpayers after reduction for nonrefundable credits	9114
allowed the taxpayers.	9115

- (D) A taxpayer required by this section to remit taxes by-9116 electronic funds transfer electronically may apply to the 9117 treasurer of state tax commissioner in the manner prescribed by 9118 the treasurer commissioner to be excused from that requirement. 9119 The treasurer of state commissioner may excuse the taxpayer from 9120 9121 electronic remittance by electronic funds transfer for good cause shown for the period of time requested by the taxpayer or 9122 for a portion of that period. The treasurer commissioner shall 9123 notify the tax commissioner and the taxpayer of the treasurer's 9124 commissioner's decision as soon as is practicable. 9125
- (E) If a taxpayer required by this section to remit taxes 9126 by electronic funds transfer electronically remits those taxes 9127 9128 by some means other than by electronic funds transferelectronically as prescribed by this section and the rules 9129 adopted by the treasurer of state, and the treasurer tax 9130 commissioner determines that such failure was not due to 9131 reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, the treasurer 9132 shall notify the tax commissioner of the failure to remit by 9133 electronic funds transfer and shall provide the commissioner 9134 with any information used in making that determination. The tax 9135 commissioner may collect an additional charge by assessment in 9136 the manner prescribed by section 5733.11 of the Revised Code. 9137 The additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of 9138 the taxes or estimated tax payments required to be paid by-9139 electronic funds transferelectronically, but shall not exceed 9140 five thousand dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this 9141

section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed	9142
under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising	9143
from the taxes imposed under this chapter. The $\frac{tax}{commissioner}$	9144
may remit all or a portion of such a charge and may adopt rules	9145
governing such remission.	9146

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division 9147 against a taxpayer that has been notified of its obligation to 9148 remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits 9149 its first two tax payments after such notification by some other 9150 9151 means-other than electronic funds transfer. The additional 9152 charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the taxpayer remits by some means other than 9153 electronic funds transferelectronically. 9154

Sec. 5735.03. Except as provided in division (C) (2) of 9155 section 5735.02 of the Revised Code, every motor fuel dealer 9156 shall file with the tax commissioner a surety bond of not less 9157 than five thousand dollars, but may be required by the tax 9158 commissioner to submit a surety bond equal to three months' 9159 average tax liability, on a form approved by and with a surety 9160 satisfactory to the commissioner, upon which the motor fuel 9161 dealer shall be the principal obligor and the state shall be the 9162 9163 obligee, conditioned upon the prompt filing of true reports and the payment by the motor fuel dealer to the treasurer of state 9164 commissioner of all motor fuel excise taxes levied by the state, 9165 provided that after notice is received from the state by the 9166 surety of the delinquency of any taxes, if the surety pays the 9167 taxes within thirty days after the receipt of the notice no 9168 penalties or interest shall be charged against the surety. If 9169 the surety does not pay the taxes within thirty days, but does 9170 pay within ninety days from the date of the receipt of notice 9171 from the state by the surety, no penalty shall be assessed 9172

against the surety but the surety shall pay interest at the rate	9173
of six per cent per annum on the unpaid taxes from the date the	9174
taxes are due and payable. If the surety does not pay within	9175
ninety days then the surety shall be liable for interest and	9176
penalties, and the tax commissioner may cancel all bonds issued	9177
by the surety.	9178

The commissioner may increase or reduce the amount of the 9179 bond required to be filed by any licensed motor fuel dealer. If 9180 the commissioner finds that it is necessary to increase the bond 9181 to assure payment of the tax, the bond may be increased to an 9182 amount equal to three months/average liability or fifty thousand 9183 dollars, whichever is greater.

If liability upon the bond thus filed by the motor fuel 9185 dealer with the commissioner is discharged or reduced, whether 9186 by judgment rendered, payment made, or otherwise, or if, in the 9187 opinion of the commissioner any surety on the bond theretofore 9188 9189 given has become unsatisfactory or unacceptable, the 9190 commissioner may require the motor fuel dealer to file a new bond with satisfactory sureties in the same amount, and if a new 9191 bond is not filed the commissioner shall forthwith cancel the 9192 license of the motor fuel dealer. If a new bond is furnished by 9193 the motor fuel dealer, the commissioner shall cancel and 9194 surrender the bond of the motor fuel dealer for which the new 9195 bond is substituted. 9196

A surety on a bond furnished by a motor fuel dealer shall

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be released from all liability to the state accruing on the bond

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after the expiration of sixty days from the date upon which the

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surety lodges with the commissioner a written request to be

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released. The request shall not operate to release the surety

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from any liability already accrued, or which accrues before the

Page	31	2
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expiration of the sixty-day period. The commissioner shall	9203
promptly on receipt of notice of the request notify the motor	9204
fuel dealer who furnished the bond and, unless the motor fuel	9205
dealer on or before the expiration of the sixty-day period files	9206
with the commissioner a new bond with a surety satisfactory to	9207
the commissioner in the amount and form provided in this	9208
section, the commissioner shall forthwith cancel the license of	9209
the motor fuel dealer. If the new bond is furnished by said	9210
motor fuel dealer, the commissioner shall cancel and surrender	9211
the bond of the motor fuel dealer for which the new bond is	9212
substituted.	9213

The commissioner, in lieu of any surety bond required by 9214 this section, may accept a deposit by a motor fuel dealer of 9215 cash. Any cash thus accepted shall be deposited with the 9216 treasurer of state commissioner to be held by the treasurer of 9217 state, in the same manner as other cash required to be deposited 9218 with the treasurer of state under the laws of the state, for the 9219 account of such motor fuel dealer and subject to any lawful 9220 claim of the state for any excise tax upon motor fuel, and 9221 penalties and interest thereon levied by the laws of this state. 9222 The state shall have a lien upon cash thus deposited for the 9223 amount of any motor fuel excise taxes and penalty and interest 9224 due to the state from the motor fuel dealer in whose behalf they 9225 were deposited. The amount of cash to be thus accepted shall in 9226 all respects be determined in the same manner as provided in 9227 this section for the amount of surety bonds. Any cash deposited 9228 shall be subject to levy upon execution to satisfy any judgment 9229 secured in any action by the state to recover any motor fuel 9230 excise taxes, and penalties and interest found to be due to the 9231 state from such motor fuel dealer. The cash shall be released by 9232 the treasurer of state commissioner upon certificate of the 9233

commissioner a determination that the license of the motor fuel	9234
dealer in whose behalf they have been deposited has been	9235
canceled or that other security has been accepted in lieu	9236
thereof, and that the state asserts no claim thereto.	9237
Sec. 5735.062. (A) If the tax commissioner so requires,	9238
the dealer shall remit each monthly tax payment electronically	9239
as prescribed by division (B) of this section.	9240
The commissioner shall notify each dealer required to	9241
remit taxes electronically of the dealer's obligation to do so.	9242
Failure by the commissioner to notify a dealer subject to this	9243
section to remit taxes electronically does not relieve the	9244
dealer of its obligation to remit taxes electronically.	9245
(B) Dealers required by division (A) of this section to	9246
remit payments electronically shall remit such payments to the	9247
treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by	9248
the treasurer under section 113.061 of the Revised Code or	9249
through the department of taxation's web siteOhio business	9250
gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised Code, or in	9251
another manner as prescribed by the commissioner. Required	9252
payments shall be remitted on or before the dates specified	9253
under section 5735.06 of the Revised Code. The payment of taxes	9254
electronically does not affect a dealer's obligation to file the	9255
monthly return as required under section 5735.06 of the Revised	9256
Code.	9257
A dealer required by this section to remit taxes	9258
electronically may apply to the commissioner to be excused from	9259
that requirement. The commissioner may excuse the dealer from	9260
the electronic remittance requirement for good cause shown for	9261
the period of time requested by the dealer or for a portion of	9262
that period.	9263
chac perroa.	9200

issuance of such permits.

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(C) If a dealer required by this section to remit taxes	9264
electronically fails to do so, the commissioner may impose a	9265
penalty on the dealer not to exceed one of the following:	9266
(1) For the first return period the dealer fails to remit	9267
taxes electronically, the greater of twenty-five dollars or five	9268
per cent of the amount of the payment required to be remitted;	9269
(2) For the second or any subsequent return period the	9270
dealer fails to remit taxes electronically, the greater of fifty	9271
dollars or ten per cent of the amount of the payment required to	9272
be remitted.	9273
The penalty imposed under division (C) of this section is	9274
in addition to any other penalty imposed under this chapter and	9275
shall be considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed	9276
under this chapter. A penalty may be collected by assessment in	9277
the manner prescribed by section 5735.12 of the Revised Code.	9278
The commissioner may abate all or a portion of a penalty.	9279
(D) The commissioner may adopt rules necessary to	9280
administer this section.	9281
Sec. 5739.031. (A) Upon application, the tax commissioner	9282
may issue a direct payment permit that authorizes a consumer to	9283
pay the sales tax levied by or pursuant to section 5739.02,	9284
5739.021, 5739.023, or 5739.026 of the Revised Code or the use	9285
tax levied by or pursuant to section 5741.02, 5741.021,	9286
5741.022, or 5741.023 of the Revised Code directly to the state	9287
and waives the collection of the tax by the vendor or seller if	9288
payment directly to the state would improve compliance and	9289
increase the efficiency of the administration of the tax. The	9290
commissioner may adopt rules establishing the criteria for the	9291

(B) Each permit holder, on or before the twenty-third day	9293
of each month, shall make and file with the treasurer of state-	9294
tax commissioner a return for the preceding month in such form	9295
as is prescribed by the <del>tax</del> -commissioner and shall pay the tax	9296
shown on the return to be due. The return shall show the sum of	9297
the prices of taxable merchandise used and taxable services	9298
received, the amount of tax due from the permit holder, and such	9299
other information as the commissioner deems necessary. The	9300
commissioner, upon written request by the permit holder, may	9301
extend the time for making and filing returns and paying the	9302
tax. If the commissioner determines that a permit holder's tax	9303
liability is not such as to merit monthly filing, the	9304
commissioner may authorize the permit holder to file returns and	9305
pay the tax at less frequent intervals. The treasurer of state	9306
shall show on the return the date it was filed and the amount of	9307
the payment remitted to the treasurer. Thereafter, the treasurer-	9308
immediately shall transmit all returns filed under this section-	9309
to the tax commissioner.	9310

Any permit holder required to file a return and pay the 9311 tax under this section whose total payment for any calendar year 9312 equals or exceeds the amount shown in section 5739.032 of the 9313 Revised Code shall make each payment required by this section in 9314 the second ensuing and each succeeding year by electronic funds 9315 transfer electronically as prescribed by, and on or before the 9316 dates specified in, section 5739.032 of the Revised Code, except 9317 as otherwise prescribed by that section. 9318

(C) For purposes of reporting and remitting the tax, the 9319 price of tangible personal property or services purchased by, or 9320 of tangible personal property produced by, the permit holder 9321 shall be determined under division (G) of section 5741.01 of the 9322 Revised Code. Except as otherwise provided in division (E) of 9323

section 5739.033 of the Revised Code, the situs of any purchase	9324
transaction made by the permit holder is the location where the	9325
tangible personal property or service is received by the permit	9326
holder.	9327

- (D) It shall be the duty of every permit holder required 9328 to make a return and pay its tax under this section to keep and 9329 preserve suitable records of purchases together with invoices of 9330 purchases, bills of lading, asset ledgers, depreciation 9331 schedules, transfer journals, and such other primary and 9332 secondary records and documents in such form as the commissioner 9333 requires. All such records and other documents shall be open 9334 during business hours to the inspection of the tax commissioner, 9335 and shall be preserved for a period of four years, unless the 9336 commissioner, in writing, has authorized their destruction or 9337 disposal at an earlier date, or by order or by reason of a 9338 waiver of the four-year time limitation pursuant to section 9339 5739.16 of the Revised Code requires that they be kept longer. 9340
- (E) A permit granted pursuant to this section shall 9341 continue to be valid until surrendered by the holder or canceled 9342 for cause by the tax commissioner. 9343
- (F) Persons who hold a direct payment permit that has not 9344 been canceled shall not be required to issue exemption 9345 certificates and shall not be required to pay the tax as 9346 prescribed in sections 5739.03, 5739.033, and 5741.12 of the 9347 Revised Code. Such persons shall notify vendors and sellers from 9348 whom purchases of tangible personal property or services are 9349 made, of their direct payment permit number and that the tax is 9350 being paid directly to the state. Upon receipt of such notice, 9351 such vendor or seller shall be absolved from all duties and 9352 liabilities imposed by section 5739.03 or 5741.04 of the Revised 9353

Code with respect to sales of tangible personal property or	9354
services to such permit holder.	9355

Vendors and sellers who make sales upon which the tax is

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not collected by reason of the provisions of this section shall

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maintain records in such manner that the amount involved and

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identity of the purchaser may be ascertained. The receipts from

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such sales shall not be subject to the tax levied in section

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5739.10 of the Revised Code.

9362 Upon the cancellation or surrender of a direct payment permit, the provisions of sections 5739.03, 5741.04, and 5741.12 9363 of the Revised Code shall immediately apply to all purchases 9364 made subsequent to such cancellation or surrender by the person 9365 who previously held such permit, and such person shall so notify 9366 vendors and sellers from whom purchases of tangible personal 9367 property or services are made, in writing, prior to or at the 9368 time of the first purchase after such cancellation or surrender. 9369 Upon receipt of such notice, the vendor shall be subject to the 9370 provisions of sections 5739.03 and 5739.10 of the Revised Code 9371 and the seller shall be subject to the provisions of section 9372 5741.04 of the Revised Code, with respect to all sales 9373 subsequently made to such person. Failure of any such person to 9374 notify vendors or sellers from whom purchases of tangible 9375 personal property or services are made of the cancellation or 9376 surrender of a direct payment permit shall be considered as a 9377 refusal to pay the tax by the person required to issue such 9378 notice. 9379

Sec. 5739.032. (A) If the total amount of tax required to 9380 be paid by a permit holder under section 5739.031 of the Revised 9381 Code for any calendar year equals or exceeds seventy-five 9382 thousand dollars, the permit holder shall remit each monthly tax 9383

payment in the second ensuing and each succeeding year <del>by</del>	9384
electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	9385
division (B) of this section.	9386

If a permit holder's tax payment for each of two 9387 consecutive years is less than seventy-five thousand dollars, 9388 the permit holder is relieved of the requirement to remit taxes 9389 by electronic funds transfer electronically for the year that 9390 next follows the second of the consecutive years in which the 9391 tax payment is less than that amount, and is relieved of that 9392 9393 requirement for each succeeding year, unless the tax payment in a subsequent year equals or exceeds seventy-five thousand 9394 dollars. 9395

The tax commissioner shall notify each permit holder 9396 required to remit taxes by electronic funds transfer of the 9397 permit holder's obligation to do so, shall maintain an updated 9398 list of those permit holders, and shall timely certify the list-9399 and any additions thereto or deletions therefrom to the 9400 treasurer of state. Failure by the tax commissioner to notify a 9401 permit holder subject to this section to remit taxes by 9402 electronic funds transfer electronically does not relieve the 9403 permit holder of its obligation to remit taxes by electronic 9404 funds transfer in that manner. 9405

(B) Permit holders required by division (A) of this 9406 section to remit payments by electronic funds transfer-9407 electronically shall remit such payments to the treasurer of 9408 state in the manner prescribed by this section and rules adopted 9409 by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised 9410 Codeby using the Ohio business gateway, as defined in section 9411 718.01 of the Revised Code, or another means of electronic 9412 payment, and as follows: 9413

(1) On or before the twenty-third day of each month, a	9414
permit holder shall remit an amount equal to seventy-five per	9415
cent of the anticipated tax liability for that month.	9416
(2) On or before the twenty-third day of each month, a	9417
permit holder shall report the taxes due for the previous month	9418
and shall remit that amount, less any amounts paid for that	9419
month as required by division (B)(1) of this section.	9420
The <u>electronic</u> payment of taxes <del>by electronic funds</del>	9421
transfer—does not affect a permit holder's obligation to file	9422
the monthly return as required under section 5739.031 of the	9423
Revised Code.	9424
(C) A permit holder required by this section to remit-	9425
taxes by electronic funds transfer may apply to the treasurer of	9426
state in the manner prescribed by the treasurer of state to be-	9427
excused from that requirement. The treasurer of state may excuse	9428
the permit holder from remittance by electronic funds transfer-	9429
for good cause shown for the period of time requested by the	9430
permit holder or for a portion of that period. The treasurer of-	9431
state shall notify the tax commissioner and the permit holder of	9432
the treasurer of state's decision as soon as is practicable.	9433
$\frac{(D)(1)(a)}{(C)(1)(a)}$ If a permit holder that is required to	9434
remit payments under division (B) of this section fails to make	9435
a payment, or makes a payment under division (B)(1) of this	9436
section that is less than seventy-five per cent of the actual	9437
liability for that month, the commissioner may impose an	9438
additional charge not to exceed five per cent of that unpaid	9439
amount.	9440
(b) Division $\frac{(D)(1)(a)}{(C)(1)(a)}$ of this section does not	9441

apply if the permit holder's payment under division (B)(1) of

this section is equal to or greater than seventy-five per cent 9443 of the permit holder's reported liability for the same month in 9444 the immediately preceding calendar year. 9445

- (2) If a permit holder required by this section to remit 9446 taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically remits those 9447 taxes by some means other than by electronic funds transfer-9448 electronically as prescribed by this section and the rules-9449 adopted by the treasurer of state, and the tax commissioner 9450 determines that such failure was not due to reasonable cause or 9451 was due to willful neglect, the commissioner may impose an 9452 9453 additional charge not to exceed the lesser of five per cent of the amount of the taxes required to be paid by electronic funds 9454 transfer electronically or five thousand dollars. 9455
- (3) Any additional charge imposed under division (D)(1) 9456 (C) (1) or (2) of this section is in addition to any other 9457 penalty or charge imposed under this chapter, and shall be 9458 considered as revenue arising from taxes imposed under this 9459 chapter. An additional charge may be collected by assessment in 9460 the manner prescribed by section 5739.13 of the Revised Code. 9461 The tax commissioner may waive all or a portion of such a charge 9462 and may adopt rules governing such waiver. 9463

No additional charge shall be imposed under division (D) 9464  $\frac{(2)-(C)}{(2)}$  of this section against a permit holder that has been 9465 notified of its obligation to remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under 9466 this section and that remits its first two tax payments after 9467 such notification by some other means-other than electronic 9468 funds transfer. The additional charge may be imposed upon the 9469 remittance of any subsequent tax payment that the permit holder 9470 remits by some means other than electronic funds-9471 transferelectronically. 9472

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Sec. 5739.07. (A) When, pursuant to this chapter, a vendor	9473
has paid taxes to the <del>treasurer of state or the treasurer of</del>	9474
state's agent, or to the tax commissioner or the commissioner's	9475
agent, the commissioner shall refund to the vendor the amount of	9476
taxes paid, and any penalties assessed with respect to such	9477
taxes, if the vendor has refunded to the consumer the full	9478
amount of taxes the consumer paid illegally or erroneously or if	9479
the vendor has illegally or erroneously billed the consumer but	9480
has not collected the taxes from the consumer.	9481

- (B) When, pursuant to this chapter, a consumer has paid taxes directly to the treasurer of state or the treasurer of state's agent, or to the tax commissioner or the commissioner's agent, and the payment or assessment was illegal or erroneous, the commissioner shall refund to the consumer the full amount of illegal or erroneous taxes paid and any penalties assessed with respect to such taxes.
- (C) The commissioner shall refund to the consumer amounts 9489 paid illegally or erroneously to a vendor only if: 9490
- (1) The commissioner has not refunded the tax to the 9491 vendor and the vendor has not refunded the tax to the consumer; 9492 or 9493
- (2) The consumer has received a refund from a manufacturer 9494 or other person, other than the vendor, of the full purchase 9495 price, but not the tax, paid to the vendor in settlement of a 9496 complaint by the consumer about the property or service 9497 purchased.

The commissioner may require the consumer to obtain or the 9499 vendor to provide a written statement confirming that the vendor 9500 has not refunded the tax to the consumer and has not filed an 9501

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application for refund of the tax with the commissioner.

- (D) Subject to division (E) of this section, an 9503 application for refund shall be filed with the tax commissioner 9504 on the form prescribed by the commissioner within four years 9505 from the date of the illegal or erroneous payment, unless the 9506 vendor or consumer waives the time limitation under division (A) 9507 (3) of section 5739.16 of the Revised Code. If the time 9508 limitation is waived, the refund application period shall be 9509 extended for the same period as the waiver. 9510
- (E) An application for refund shall be filed in accordance 9511 with division (D) of this section unless a person is subject to 9512 9513 an assessment that is subject to the time limit of division (B) of section 5703.58 of the Revised Code for amounts not reported 9514 and paid between the four-year time limit described in division 9515 (D) of this section and the seven-year limit described in 9516 division (B) of section 5703.58 of the Revised Code, in which 9517 case the person may file an application within six months after 9518 the date the assessment is issued. Any refund allowed under this 9519 division shall not exceed the amount of the assessment due for 9520 9521 the same period.
- (F) On the filing of an application for a refund, the 9522 commissioner shall determine the amount of refund to which the 9523 applicant is entitled. If the amount is not less than that 9524 claimed, the commissioner shall certify that amount to the 9525 director of budget and management and the treasurer of state for 9526 payment from the tax refund fund created by section 5703.052 of 9527 the Revised Code. If the amount is less than that claimed, the 9528 commissioner shall proceed in accordance with section 5703.70 of 9529 the Revised Code. 9530
  - (G) When a refund is granted under this section, it shall

include	interest	thereon	as	provided	by	section	5739.	132	of	the	9532
Revised	Code.										9533

Sec. 5743.05. The tax commissioner shall sell all stamps 9534 provided for by section 5743.03 of the Revised Code. Each stamp 9535 that is to be affixed to a package of cigarettes shall be sold 9536 for the amount of tax due on that package, except the 9537 commissioner shall, by rule, authorize the sale of stamps to 9538 wholesale dealers in this state, or to wholesale dealers outside 9539 this state, at a discount of not less than one and eight-tenths 9540 9541 per cent or more than ten per cent of such tax due, as a 9542 commission for affixing and canceling the stamps.

The commissioner, by rule, shall authorize the delivery of 9543 stamps to wholesale dealers in this state and to wholesale 9544 dealers outside this state on credit. If such a dealer has not 9545 been in good credit standing with this state for five 9546 consecutive years preceding the purchase, the commissioner shall 9547 require the dealer to file with the commissioner a bond to the 9548 9549 state in the amount and in the form prescribed by the commissioner, with surety to the satisfaction of the 9550 commissioner, conditioned on payment to the treasurer of state-9551 or the commissioner within thirty days or the following twenty-9552 9553 third day of June, whichever comes first for stamps delivered within that time. If such a dealer has been in good credit 9554 standing with this state for five consecutive years preceding 9555 the purchase, the commissioner shall not require that the dealer 9556 file such a bond but shall require payment for the stamps within 9557 thirty days after purchase of the stamps or the following 9558 twenty-third day of June, whichever comes first. Each stamp that 9559 is sold to a dealer not required to file a bond shall be sold 9560 for the amount of tax due on that package of cigarettes. The 9561 maximum amount that may be sold on credit to a dealer not 9562

required to file a bond shall equal one hundred ten per cent of	9563
the dealer's average monthly purchases over the preceding	9564
calendar year. The maximum amount shall be adjusted to reflect	9565
any changes in the tax rate and may be adjusted, upon	9566
application to the commissioner by the dealer, to reflect	9567
changes in the business operations of the dealer. The maximum	9568
amount shall be applicable to the period between the first day	9569
of July to the following twenty-third day of June. Payment by a	9570
dealer not required to file a bond shall be remitted by	9571
electronic funds transfer as prescribed by section 5743.051 of	9572
the Revised Code. If a dealer not required to file a bond fails	9573
to make the payment in full within the required payment period,	9574
the commissioner shall not thereafter sell stamps to that dealer	9575
until the dealer pays the outstanding amount, including penalty	9576
and interest on that amount as prescribed in this chapter, and	9577
the commissioner thereafter may require the dealer to file a	9578
bond until the dealer is restored to good standing. The	9579
commissioner shall limit delivery of stamps on credit to the	9580
period running from the first day of July of the fiscal year	9581
until the twenty-third day of the following June. Any discount	9582
allowed as a commission for affixing and canceling stamps shall	9583
be allowed with respect to sales of stamps on credit.	9584

The commissioner shall redeem and pay for any destroyed, 9585 unused, or spoiled tax stamps at their net value, and shall 9586 refund to wholesale dealers the net amount of state and county 9587 taxes paid erroneously or paid on cigarettes that have been sold 9588 in interstate or foreign commerce or that have become unsalable, 9589 and the net amount of county taxes that were paid on cigarettes 9590 that have been sold at retail or for retail sale outside a 9591 9592 taxing county.

An application for a refund of tax shall be filed with the

commissioner, on the form prescribed by the commissioner for	9594
that purpose, within three years from the date the tax stamps	9595
are destroyed or spoiled, from the date of the erroneous	9596
payment, or from the date that cigarettes on which taxes have	9597
been paid have been sold in interstate or foreign commerce or	9598
have become unsalable.	9599

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On the filing of the application, the commissioner shall 9600 determine the amount of refund to which the applicant is 9601 entitled, payable from receipts of the state tax, and, if 9602 9603 applicable, payable from receipts of a county tax. If the amount is not less than that claimed, the commissioner shall certify 9604 the amount to the director of budget and management and 9605 treasurer of state for payment from the tax refund fund created 9606 by section 5703.052 of the Revised Code. If the amount is less 9607 than that claimed, the commissioner shall proceed in accordance 9608 with section 5703.70 of the Revised Code. 9609

If a refund is granted for payment of an illegal or 9610 erroneous assessment issued by the department, the refund shall 9611 include interest on the amount of the refund from the date of 9612 the overpayment. The interest shall be computed at the rate per 9613 annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code. 9614

Sec. 5743.051. This section applies to any wholesale or 9615 retail cigarette dealer required by section 5743.05 of the 9616 Revised Code to remit payment for tax stamps by electronic funds-9617 transferelectronically. The tax commissioner shall notify each 9618 dealer of the dealer's obligation to do so and shall maintain an 9619 updated list of those dealers. Failure by the tax-commissioner 9620 to notify a dealer subject to this section to remit taxes by 9621 electronic funds transfer electronically does not relieve the 9622 dealer of its obligation to remit taxes by electronic funds 9623

#### Sub. S. B. No. 74 As Passed by the Senate

#### transferin that manner.

A dealer required to remit payments by electronic funds

transfer electronically shall remit such payments to the

9626

treasurer of state commissioner in the manner prescribed by

9627

rules adopted by the treasurer of state under section 113.061 of

the Revised Code approved by the commissioner and within the

9629

time prescribed for such a dealer by section 5743.05 of the

8630

Revised Code.

A dealer required to remit taxes by electronic funds

transfer\_electronically may apply to the tax\_commissioner in the

9633

manner prescribed by the tax\_commissioner to be excused from

9634

that requirement. The tax\_commissioner may excuse the dealer

9635

from\_electronic remittance by electronic funds transfer\_for good

9636

cause shown for the period of time requested by the dealer or

9637

for a portion of that period.

If a dealer required to remit taxes by electronic funds 9639 transfer electronically remits those taxes by some other means, 9640 the treasurer of state shall notify the tax commissioner of the 9641 failure to remit by electronic funds transfer. If and the tax 9642 commissioner determines that such failure was not due to 9643 reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, the tax-9644 commissioner may collect an additional charge by assessment in 9645 the manner prescribed by section 5743.081 of the Revised Code. 9646 The additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of 9647 the taxes required to be paid by electronic funds transfer-9648 electronically but shall not exceed five thousand dollars. Any 9649 additional charge assessed under this section is in addition to 9650 any other penalty or charge imposed under this chapter and shall 9651 be considered as revenue arising from taxes imposed under this 9652 chapter. The tax-commissioner may abate all or a portion of such 9653

a charge and may adopt rules governing such remissions.

No additional charge shall be assessed under this section 9655 against a dealer that has been notified of its obligation to 9656 remit taxes electronically under this section and that remits 9657 its first two tax payments after such notification by some other 9658 means other than electronic funds transfer. The additional 9659 charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax 9660 payment that the dealer remits by some means other than 9661 electronic funds transferelectronically. 9662

Sec. 5743.15. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 9663 division, no person shall engage in this state in the wholesale 9664 or retail business of trafficking in cigarettes or in the 9665 business of a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes without 9666 having a license to conduct each such activity issued by a 9667 county auditor under division (B) of this section or the tax 9668 commissioner under divisions (C) and (F) of this section. On 9669 dissolution of a partnership by death, the surviving partner may 9670 operate under the license of the partnership until expiration of 9671 the license, and the heirs or legal representatives of deceased 9672 persons, and receivers and trustees in bankruptcy appointed by 9673 any competent authority, may operate under the license of the 9674 person succeeded in possession by such heir, representative, 9675 receiver, or trustee in bankruptcy if the partner or successor 9676 notifies the issuer of the license of the dissolution or 9677 succession within thirty days after the dissolution or 9678 succession. 9679

(B) (1) Each applicant for a license to engage in the 9680 retail business of trafficking in cigarettes under this section, 9681 annually, on or before the <u>fourth Monday of Mayfirst day of</u> 9682 <u>June</u>, shall make and deliver to the county auditor of the county 9683

in which the applicant desires to engage in the retail business	9684
of trafficking in cigarettes, upon a blank form furnished by	9685
such auditor for that purpose, a statement showing the name of	9686
the applicant, each physical place in the county where the	9687
applicant's business is conducted, the nature of the business,	9688
and any other information the tax commissioner requires in the	9689
form of statement prescribed by the commissioner. If the	9690
applicant is a firm, partnership, or association other than a	9691
corporation, the application shall state the name and address of	9692
each of its members. If the applicant is a corporation, the	9693
application shall state the name and address of each of its	9694
officers. At the time of making the application required by this	9695
section, every person desiring to engage in the retail business	9696
of trafficking in cigarettes shall pay an application fee in the	9697
sum of one hundred twenty-five dollars for each physical place	9698
where the person proposes to carry on such business. Each place	9699
of business shall be deemed such space, under lease or license	9700
to, or under the control of, or under the supervision of the	9701
applicant, as is contained in one or more contiguous, adjacent,	9702
or adjoining buildings constituting an industrial plant or a	9703
place of business operated by, or under the control of, one	9704
person, or under one roof and connected by doors, halls,	9705
stairways, or elevators, which space may contain any number of	9706
points at which cigarettes are offered for sale, provided that	9707
each additional point at which cigarettes are offered for sale	9708
shall be listed in the application.	9709

(2) Upon receipt of the application and exhibition of the 9710 county treasurer's receipt showing the payment of the 9711 application fee, the county auditor shall issue to the applicant 9712 a license for each place of business designated in the 9713 application, authorizing the applicant to engage in such 9714

ousiness at such place for one year commencing on the <del>fourth</del>	9715
Monday of Mayfirst day of June. The form of the license shall be	9716
prescribed by the commissioner. A duplicate license may be	9717
obtained from the county auditor upon payment of a five-dollar	9718
fee if the original license is lost, destroyed, or defaced. When	9719
an application is filed after the <del>fourth Monday of May</del> first day	9720
of June, the application fee required to be paid shall be	9721
proportioned in amount to the remainder of the license year,	9722
except that it shall not be less than twenty-five dollars in any	9723
one year.	9724

- (3) The holder of a retail dealer's cigarette license may 9725 transfer the license to a place of business within the same 9726 county other than that designated on the license on condition 9727 that the licensee's ownership interest and business structure 9728 remain unchanged, and that the licensee applies to the county 9729 auditor therefor, upon forms approved by the commissioner and 9730 the payment of a fee of five dollars into the county treasury. 9731
- (C) (1) Each applicant for a license to engage in the 9732 wholesale business of trafficking in cigarettes under this 9733 section, annually, on or before the fourth Monday in Mayfirst 9734 day of June, shall make and deliver to the tax commissioner, 9735 9736 upon a blank form furnished by the commissioner for that purpose, a statement showing the name of the applicant, physical 9737 street address where the applicant's business is conducted, the 9738 nature of the business, and any other information required by 9739 the commissioner. If the applicant is a firm, partnership, or 9740 association other than a corporation, the applicant shall state 9741 the name and address of each of its members. If the applicant is 9742 a corporation, the applicant shall state the name and address of 9743 each of its officers. At the time of making the application 9744 required by this section, every person desiring to engage in the 9745

wholesale business of trafficking in cigarettes shall pay an 9746 application fee of one thousand dollars for each physical place 9747 where the person proposes to carry on such business. Each place 9748 of business shall be deemed such space, under lease or license 9749 to, or under the control of, or under the supervision of the 9750 applicant, as is contained in one or more contiguous, adjacent, 9751 or adjoining buildings constituting an industrial plant or a 9752 place of business operated by, or under the control of, one 9753 person, or under one roof and connected by doors, halls, 9754 stairways, or elevators. A duplicate license may be obtained 9755 from the commissioner upon payment of a twenty-five-dollar fee 9756 if the original license is lost, destroyed, or defaced. 9757

(2) Upon receipt of the application and payment of any 9758 application fee required by this section, the commissioner shall 9759 verify that the applicant is not in violation of any provision 9760 of Chapter 1346. or Title LVII of the Revised Code. The 9761 commissioner shall also verify that the applicant has filed any 9762 returns, submitted any information, and paid any outstanding 9763 taxes, charges, or fees as required for any tax, charge, or fee 9764 administered by the commissioner, to the extent that the 9765 commissioner is aware of the returns, information, or payments 9766 at the time of the application. Upon approval, the commissioner 9767 shall issue to the applicant a license for each physical place 9768 of business designated in the application authorizing the 9769 applicant to engage in business at that location for one year 9770 commencing on the fourth Monday in Mayfirst day of June. For 9771 licenses issued after the fourth Monday in Mayfirst day of June, 9772 the application fee shall be reduced proportionately by the 9773 remainder of the twelve-month period for which the license is 9774 issued, except that the application fee required to be paid 9775 under this section shall be not less than two hundred dollars in 9776

9777 any one year. (3) The holder of a wholesale dealer cigarette license may 9778 transfer the license to a place of business other than that 9779 designated on the license on condition that the licensee's 9780 ownership or business structure remains unchanged, and that the 9781 licensee applies to the commissioner for such a transfer upon a 9782 form promulgated by the commissioner and pays a fee of twenty-9783 five dollars, which shall be deposited into the cigarette tax 9784 enforcement fund created in division (E) of this section. 9785 (D) (1) The wholesale cigarette license application fees 9786 collected under this section shall be paid into the cigarette 9787 tax enforcement fund. 9788 (2) The retail cigarette license application fees 9789 collected under this section shall be distributed as follows: 9790 (a) Thirty per cent shall be paid upon the warrant of the 9791 county auditor into the treasury of the municipal corporation or 9792 township in which the places of business for which the tax 9793 revenue was received are located; 9794 (b) Ten per cent shall be credited to the general fund of 9795 the county; 9796 (c) Sixty per cent shall be paid into the cigarette tax 9797 enforcement fund. 9798 (3) The remainder of the revenues and fines collected 9799 under this section and the penal laws relating to cigarettes 9800 shall be distributed as follows: 9801 (a) Three-fourths shall be paid upon the warrant of the 9802 county auditor into the treasury of the municipal corporation or 9803

township in which the place of business, on account of which the

revenues and fines were received, is located; 9805

- (b) One-fourth shall be credited to the general fund of 9806 the county. 9807
- (E) There is hereby created within the state treasury the 9808 cigarette tax enforcement fund for the purpose of providing 9809 funds to assist in paying the costs of enforcing sections 9810 1333.11 to 1333.21 and Chapter 5743. of the Revised Code. 9811

9812 The portion of cigarette license application fees received by a county auditor during the annual application period that 9813 ends on the fourth Monday in May first day of June and that is 9814 required to be deposited in the cigarette tax enforcement fund 9815 shall be sent to the treasurer of state tax commissioner by the 9816 thirtieth day of June each year accompanied by the form 9817 prescribed by the tax commissioner. The portion of cigarette 9818 license application fees received by each county auditor after 9819 the fourth Monday in May first day of June and that is required 9820 to be deposited in the cigarette tax enforcement fund shall be 9821 sent to the treasurer of state commissioner by the last day of 9822 the month following the month in which such fees were collected. 9823

(F) (1) Every person who desires to engage in the business 9824 of a manufacturer or importer of cigarettes shall, annually, on 9825 or before the fourth Monday of Mayfirst day of June, make and 9826 deliver to the tax commissioner, upon a blank form furnished by 9827 the commissioner for that purpose, a statement showing the name 9828 of the applicant, the nature of the applicant's business, and 9829 any other information required by the commissioner. If the 9830 applicant is a firm, partnership, or association other than a 9831 corporation, the applicant shall state the name and address of 9832 each of its members. If the applicant is a corporation, the 9833 applicant shall state the name and address of each of its 9834

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officers.

- (2) Upon receipt of the application required under this 9836 section, the commissioner shall verify that the applicant is not 9837 in violation of any provision of Chapter 1346. of the Revised 9838 Code. The commissioner shall also verify that the applicant has 9839 filed any returns, submitted any information, and paid any 9840 outstanding taxes, charges, or fees as required for any tax, 9841 charge, or fee administered by the commissioner, to the extent 9842 that the commissioner is aware of the returns, information, 9843 9844 taxes, charges, or fees at the time of the application. Upon approval, the commissioner shall issue to the applicant a 9845 license authorizing the applicant to engage in the business of 9846 manufacturer or importer, whichever the case may be, for one 9847 year commencing on the fourth Monday of Mayfirst day of June. 9848
- (3) The issuing of a license under division (F)(1) of this 9849 section to a manufacturer does not excuse a manufacturer from 9850 the certification process required under section 1346.05 of the 9851 Revised Code. A manufacturer who is issued a license under 9852 division (F)(1) of this section and who is not listed on the 9853 directory required under section 1346.05 of the Revised Code 9854 shall not be permitted to sell cigarettes in this state other 9855 than to a licensed cigarette wholesaler for sale outside this 9856 state. Such a manufacturer shall provide documentation to the 9857 commissioner evidencing that the cigarettes are legal for sale 9858 in another state. 9859
- (G) The tax commissioner may adopt rules necessary to administer this section.
- Sec. 5745.03. (A) For each taxable year, each taxpayer 9862 shall file an annual report with the tax commissioner not later 9863 than the fifteenth day of the fourth month after the end of the 9864

taxpayer's taxable year, and shall remit with that report the 9865 amount of tax due as shown on the report less the amount paid 9866 for the year under section 5745.04 of the Revised Code. The 9867 remittance shall be made in the form prescribed by the tax-9868 commissioner. If the amount payable with the report exceeds one 9869 thousand dollars, the taxpayer shall remit the amount by-9870 electronic funds transfer as electronically in a manner 9871 prescribed by the treasurer of statecommissioner. The tax-9872 commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer of state-9873 all amounts that the tax commissioner receives pursuant to this 9874 chapter. The treasurer of state shall-credit ninety-eight and 9875 one-half per cent of such remittances to the municipal income 9876 tax fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury, and 9877 credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative 9878 fund, which is hereby created in the state treasury. 9879

(B) Any taxpayer that has been granted an extension for 9880 filing a federal income tax return may request an extension for 9881 filing the return required under this section by filing with the 9882 9883 tax commissioner a copy of the taxpayer's request for the federal filing extension. The request shall be filed not later 9884 than the last day for filing the return as required under 9885 division (A) of this section. If such a request is properly and 9886 timely filed, the tax commissioner shall extend the last day for 9887 filing the return required under this section for the same 9888 period for which the federal filing extension was granted. The 9889 tax commissioner may deny the filing extension request only if 9890 the taxpayer fails to timely file the request, fails to file a 9891 copy of the federal extension request, owes past due taxes, 9892 interest, or penalty under this chapter, or has failed to file a 9893 required report or other document for a prior taxable year. The 9894 granting of an extension under this section does not extend the 9895

last day for paying taxes without penalty pursuant to this	9896
chapter unless the $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{commissioner}}$ extends the payment date.	9897
(C) The annual report shall include statements of the	9898
following facts as of the last day of the taxpayer's taxable	9899
year:	9900
(1) The name of the taxpayer;	9901
(2) The name of the state or country under the laws of	9902
which it is incorporated;	9903
(3) The location of its principal office in this state	9904
and, in the case of a taxpayer organized under the laws of	9905
another state, the principal place of business in this state and	9906
the name and address of the officer or agent of the taxpayer in	9907
charge of the business conducted in this state;	9908
(4) The names of the president, secretary, treasurer, and	9909
statutory agent in this state, with the post-office address of	9910
each;	9911
(5) The date on which the taxpayer's taxable year begins	9912
and ends;	9913
(6) The taxpayer's federal taxable income during the	9914
taxpayer's taxable year;	9915
(7) Any other information the tax commissioner requires	9916
for the proper administration of this chapter.	9917
(D) The tax commissioner may require any reports required	9918
under this chapter to be filed in an electronic format.	9919
(E) A municipal corporation may not require a taxpayer	9920
required to file a report under this section to file a report of	9921
the taxpayer's income, but a municipal corporation may require a	9922

taxpayer to report to the municipal corporation the value of the	9923
taxpayer's real and tangible personal property situated in the	9924
municipal corporation, compensation paid by the taxpayer to its	9925
employees in the municipal corporation, and sales made in the	9926
municipal corporation by the taxpayer, to the extent necessary	9927
for the municipal corporation to compute the taxpayer's	9928
municipal property, payroll, and sales factors for the municipal	9929
corporation.	9930

(F) On or before the thirty-first day of January each 9931 9932 year, each municipal corporation imposing a tax on income shall certify to the tax commissioner the rate of the tax in effect on 9933 the first day of January of that year. If any municipal 9934 corporation fails to certify its income tax rate as required by 9935 this division, the tax commissioner shall notify the director of 9936 budget and management, who, upon receiving such notification, 9937 shall withhold from each payment made to the municipal 9938 corporation under section 5745.05 of the Revised Code fifty per 9939 cent of the amount of the payment otherwise due the municipal 9940 corporation under that section as computed on the basis of the 9941 tax rate most recently certified until the municipal corporation 9942 9943 certifies the tax rate in effect on the first day of January of that year. 9944

The tax rate used to determine the tax payable to a 9945 municipal corporation under this section for a taxpayer's 9946 taxable year shall be the tax rate in effect in a municipal 9947 corporation on the first day of January in that taxable year. If 9948 a taxpayer's taxable year is for a period less than twelve 9949 months that does not include the first day of January, the tax 9950 rate used to determine the tax payable to a municipal 9951 corporation under this section for the taxpayer's taxable year 9952 shall be the tax rate in effect in a municipal corporation on 9953

the first day of January in the preceding taxable year.	9954
Sec. 5745.04. (A) As used in this section, "combined tax	9955
liability" means the total of a taxpayer's income tax	9956
liabilities to all municipal corporations in this state for a	9957
taxable year.	9958
(B) Beginning with its taxable year beginning in 2003,	9959
each Each taxpayer shall file a declaration of estimated tax	9960
report with, and remit estimated taxes to, the tax commissioner,	9961
payable to the treasurer of state, at the times and in the	9962
amounts prescribed in divisions (B)(1) to (4) of this section.	9963
This division also applies to a taxpayer having a taxable year-	9964
consisting of fewer than twelve months, at least one of which is	9965
in 2002, that ends before January 1, 2003. The first taxable	9966
year a taxpayer is subject to this chapter, the estimated taxes	9967
the taxpayer is required to remit under this section shall be	9968
based solely on the current taxable year and not on the	9969
liability for the preceding taxable year.	9970
(1) Not less than twenty-five per cent of the combined tax	9971
liability for the preceding taxable year or twenty per cent of	9972
the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall	9973
have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the	9974
fourth month after the end of the preceding taxable year.	9975
(2) Not less than fifty per cent of the combined tax	9976
liability for the preceding taxable year or forty per cent of	9977
the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall	9978
have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the sixth	9979
month after the end of the preceding taxable year.	9980
(3) Not less than seventy-five per cent of the combined	9981

tax liability for the preceding taxable year or sixty per cent

of the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall	9983
have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the ninth	9984
month after the end of the preceding taxable year.	9985
(4) Not less than one hundred per cent of the combined tax	9986
liability for the preceding taxable year or eighty per cent of	9987
the combined tax liability for the current taxable year shall	9988
have been remitted not later than the fifteenth day of the	9989
twelfth month after the end of the preceding taxable year.	9990
ewerren menen areer ene ena er ene precearing canadre year.	3330
(C) Each taxpayer shall report on the declaration of	9991
estimated tax report the portion of the remittance that the	9992
taxpayer estimates that it owes to each municipal corporation	9993
for the taxable year.	9994
(D) Upon receiving a declaration of estimated tax report	9995
and remittance of estimated taxes under this section, the tax	9996
commissioner shall immediately forward to the treasurer of state	9997
such remittance. The treasurer of state shall credit ninety-	9998
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal	9998 9999
-	
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal	9999
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income	9999 10000
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.	9999 10000 10001
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one	9999 10000 10001 10002
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance	9999 10000 10001 10002 10003
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by	9999 10000 10001 10002 10003 10004
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by section 5745.04 5745.041 of the Revised Code.	9999 10000 10001 10002 10003 10004 10005
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by section 5745.04 5745.041 of the Revised Code.  (F) Notwithstanding section 5745.08 or 5745.09 of the	9999 10000 10001 10002 10003 10004 10005
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by section 5745.04 5745.041 of the Revised Code.  (F) Notwithstanding section 5745.08 or 5745.09 of the Revised Code, no penalty or interest shall be imposed on a	9999 10000 10001 10002 10003 10004 10005
eight and one-half per cent of the remittance to the municipal income tax fund and credit the remainder to the municipal income tax administrative fund.  (E) If any remittance of estimated taxes is for one thousand dollars or more, the taxpayer shall make the remittance by electronic funds transfer electronically as prescribed by section 5745.04 5745.041 of the Revised Code.  (F) Notwithstanding section 5745.08 or 5745.09 of the Revised Code, no penalty or interest shall be imposed on a taxpayer if the declaration of estimated tax report is properly	9999 10000 10001 10002 10003 10004 10005 10006 10007 10008

Sec. 5745.041. Any taxpayer required by section 5745.03 or

5745.04 of the Revised Code to remit tax payments by electronic	10012
funds transfer electronically shall remit such payments to the	10013
treasurer of state in the manner prescribed by rules adopted by	10014
the treasurer under section 113.061 of the Revised Code in the	10015
manner prescribed by the tax commissioner. Except as otherwise	10016
provided in this paragraph, the payment of taxes by electronic-	10017
funds transfer electronically does not affect a taxpayer's	10018
obligation to file reports under this chapter. <del>If a taxpayer</del>	10019
remits estimated tax payments in a manner, designated by rule of	10020
the treasurer of state, that permits the inclusion of all-	10021
information necessary for the treasurer of state to process the	10022
payment, the taxpayer is not required to file the declaration of	10023
estimated tax report as otherwise required under section 5745.04	10024
of the Revised Code.	10025
The treasurer of state, in consultation with the tax	10026
commissioner, may adopt rules governing the format for reporting	10027
and paying estimated taxes by electronic funds transfer.	10028

A taxpayer required to remit taxes by electronic funds 10029 transfer electronically may apply to the treasurer of state tax 10030 commissioner in the manner prescribed by the treasurer 10031 commissioner to be excused from that requirement. The treasurer 10032 of state commissioner may excuse the taxpayer from the 10033 requirement for good cause shown for the period of time 10034 requested by the taxpayer or for a portion of that period. The 10035 treasurer shall notify the tax commissioner and the taxpayer of 10036 the treasurer's decision as soon as is practicable. 10037

If a taxpayer required by this section to remit taxes by

10038

clectronic funds transfer electronically remits those taxes by

10039

some means other than by electronic funds transfer

clectronically as prescribed by this section and the rules

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adopted by the treasurer of state, and the treasurer	10042
<pre>commissioner determines that such failure was not due to</pre>	10043
reasonable cause or was due to willful neglect, the treasurer	10044
shall notify the tax commissioner of the failure to remit by	10045
electronic funds transfer and shall provide the commissioner	10046
with any information used in making that determination. The tax-	10047
commissioner may collect an additional charge by assessment in	10048
the manner prescribed by section 5745.12 of the Revised Code.	10049
The additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of	10050
the taxes or estimated tax payments required to be paid <del>by</del>	10051
electronic funds transferelectronically, but shall not exceed	10052
five thousand dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this	10053
section is in addition to any other penalty or charge imposed	10054
under this chapter, and shall be considered as revenue arising	10055
from municipal income taxes collected under this chapter. The	10056
tax commissioner may remit all or a portion of such a charge and	10057
may adopt rules governing such remission.	10058

No additional charge shall be assessed under this section 10059 against a taxpayer that has been notified of its obligation to 10060 remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits 10061 its first two tax payments after such notification by some other 10062 means-other than electronic funds transfer. The additional 10063 charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax 10064 payment that the taxpayer remits by some means other than 10065 electronic funds transferelectronically. 10066

Sec. 5747.059. (A) This section applies only to reduce a 10067 taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under section 5747.02 of the 10068 Revised Code.

(B) There is hereby allowed a refundable credit against a 10070 taxpayer's aggregate tax liability under section 5747.02 of the 10071

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10100

Revised Code. This credit shall be equal to the taxpayer's	10072
proportionate share of the lesser of either the tax due or the	10073
tax paid under section 5733.41 or 5747.41 of the Revised Code by	10074
any qualifying entity as defined in section 5733.40 of the	10075
Revised Code for the qualifying taxable year of the qualifying	10076
entity which ends in the taxable year of the taxpayer.	10077
(C) The taxpayer shall claim the credit for the taxpayer's	10078
taxable year in which ends the qualifying entity's qualifying	10079
taxable year. For purposes of making tax payments under this	10080
chapter, taxes equal to the amount of the credit shall be	10081
considered to be paid by the taxpayer to this state on the day	10082
that the qualifying entity pays to the treasurer of state tax	10083
commissioner the amount due pursuant to section 5733.41 and	10084
sections 5747.41 to 5747.453 of the Revised Code with respect to	10085
and for the taxpayer.	10086
(D) In claiming the credit and determining the taxpayer's	10087
proportionate share of the tax due and the tax paid by any	10088
qualifying entity, the taxpayer shall follow the concepts set	10089
forth in subchapters J and K of the Internal Revenue Code.	10090
(E) The credit shall be claimed in the order required	10091
under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. If the amount of the	10092
credit under this section exceeds the aggregate amount of tax	10093
otherwise due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after	10094
deduction of all other credits in that order, the taxpayer is	10095
entitled to a refund of the excess.	10096
Sec. 5747.07. (A) As used in this section:	10097
	4000
(1) "Partial weekly withholding period" means a period	10098

during which an employer directly, indirectly, or constructively

pays compensation to, or credits compensation to the benefit of,

an employee, and that consists of a consecutive Saturday,	10101
Sunday, Monday, and Tuesday or a consecutive Wednesday,	10102
Thursday, and Friday. There are two partial weekly withholding	10103
periods each week, except that a partial weekly withholding	10104
period cannot extend from one calendar year into the next	10105
calendar year; if the first day of January falls on a day other	10106
than Saturday or Wednesday, the partial weekly withholding	10107
period ends on the thirty-first day of December and there are	10108
three partial weekly withholding periods during that week.	10109
(2) "Undeposited taxes" means the taxes an employer is	10110
required to deduct and withhold from an employee's compensation	10111
pursuant to section 5747.06 of the Revised Code that have not	10112
been remitted to the tax commissioner pursuant to this section	10113
or to the treasurer of state pursuant to section 5747.072 of the	10114
Revised Code.	10115
(3) A "week" begins on Saturday and concludes at the end	10116
of the following Friday.	10117
(4) "Professional employer organization," "professional	10118
employer organization agreement," and "professional employer	10119
organization reporting entity" have the same meanings as in	10120
section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	10121
(5) "Alternate employer organization" and "alternate	10122
employer organization agreement" have the same meanings as in	10123
section 4133.01 of the Revised Code.	10124
(6) "Client employer" has the same meaning as in section	10125
4125.01 of the Revised Code in the context of a professional	10126
employer organization or a professional employer organization	10127
reporting entity, or the same meaning as in section 4133.01 of	10128

the Revised Code in the context of an alternate employer

organization.	10130
(B) Except as provided in divisions (C) and (D) of this	10131
section and in division (A) of section 5747.072 of the Revised	10132
Code, every employer required to deduct and withhold any amount	10133
under section 5747.06 of the Revised Code shall file a return	10134
and shall pay the amount required by law as follows:	10135
(1) An employer who accumulates or is required to	10136
accumulate undeposited taxes of one hundred thousand dollars or	10137
more during a partial weekly withholding period shall make the	10138
payment of the undeposited taxes by the close of the first	10139
banking day after the day on which the accumulation reaches one	10140
hundred thousand dollars. If required under division (I) of this	10141
section, the payment shall be made <del>by electronic funds transfer</del>	10142
<u>electronically</u> under section 5747.072 of the Revised Code.	10143
(2) Except as required by division (B)(1) of this section,	10144
an employer whose actual or required payments under this section	10145
were at least eighty-four thousand dollars during the twelve-	10146
month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the	10147
preceding calendar year shall make the payment of undeposited	10148
taxes within three banking days after the close of a partial	10149
weekly withholding period during which the employer was required	10150
to deduct and withhold any amount under this chapter. If	10151
required under division (I) of this section, the payment shall	10152
be made by electronic funds transfer electronically under	10153
section 5747.072 of the Revised Code.	10154

(3) Except as required by divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this

section, if an employer's actual or required payments were more

than two thousand dollars during the twelve-month period ending

on the thirtieth day of June of the preceding calendar year, the

employer shall make the payment of undeposited taxes for each

month during which they were required to be withheld no later	10160
than fifteen days following the last day of that month. The	10161
employer shall file the return prescribed by the tax	10162
commissioner with the payment.	10163
(4) Except as required by divisions (B)(1), (2), and (3)	10164
of this section, an employer shall make the payment of	10165
undeposited taxes for each calendar quarter during which they	10166
were required to be withheld no later than the last day of the	10167
month following the last day of March, June, September, and	10168
December each year. The employer shall file the return	10169
prescribed by the tax commissioner with the payment.	10170
(C) The return and payment schedules prescribed by	10171
divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section do not apply to the	10172
return and payment of undeposited school district income taxes	10173
arising from taxes levied pursuant to Chapter 5748. of the	10174
Revised Code. Undeposited school district income taxes shall be	10175
returned and paid pursuant to divisions (B)(3) and (4) of this	10176
section, as applicable.	10177
(D)(1) The requirements of division (B) of this section	10178
are met if the amount paid is not less than ninety-five per cent	10179
of the actual tax withheld or required to be withheld for the	10180
prior quarterly, monthly, or partial weekly withholding period,	10181
and the underpayment is not due to willful neglect. Any	10182
underpayment of withheld tax shall be paid within thirty days of	10183
the date on which the withheld tax was due without regard to	10184
division (D)(1) of this section. An employer described in	10185
division (B)(1) or (2) of this section shall make the payment $rac{by}{}$	10186
electronic funds transfer electronically under section 5747.072	10187
of the Revised Code.	10188

(2) If the tax commissioner believes that quarterly or

monthly payments would result in a delay that might jeopardize	10190
the remittance of withholding payments, the commissioner may	10191
order that the payments be made weekly, or more frequently if	10192
necessary, and the payments shall be made no later than three	10193
banking days following the close of the period for which the	10194
jeopardy order is made. An order requiring weekly or more	10195
frequent payments shall be delivered to the employer personally	10196
or by certified mail in the manner provided in section 5703.37	10197
of the Revised Code and remains in effect until the commissioner	10198
notifies the employer to the contrary.	10199
(3) If compelling circumstances exist concerning the	10200
remittance of undeposited taxes, the commissioner may order the	10201
employer to make payments under any of the payment schedules	10202
under division (B) of this section. The order shall be delivered	10203
to the employer <del>personally or by certified mail in the manner</del>	10204
provided in section 5703.37 of the Revised Code and shall remain	10205
in effect until the commissioner notifies the employer to the	10206
contrary. For purposes of division (D)(3) of this section,	10207
"compelling circumstances" exist if either or both of the	10208
following are true:	10209
(a) Based upon annualization of payments made or required	10210
to be made during the preceding calendar year and during the	10211
current calendar year, the employer would be required for the	10212
next calendar year to make payments under division (B)(2) of	10213
this section.	10214
(b) Based upon annualization of payments made or required	10215
to be made during the current calendar year, the employer would	10216
be required for the next calendar year to make payments under	10217
division (B)(2) of this section.	10218

(E) (1) An employer described in division (B) (1) or (2) of

this section shall file, not later than the last day of the	10220
month following the end of each calendar quarter, a return-	10221
covering, but not limited to, both the actual amount deducted	10222
and withheld and the amount required to be deducted and withheld	10223
for the tax imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code	10224
during each partial weekly withholding period or portion of a	10225
partial weekly withholding period during that quarter. The	10226
employer shall file the quarterly return even if the aggregate	10227
amount required to be deducted and withheld for the quarter is-	10228
zero dollars. At the time of filing the return, the employer	10229
shall pay any amounts of undeposited taxes for the quarter,	10230
whether actually deducted and withheld or required to be-	10231
deducted and withheld, that have not been previously paid. If	10232
required under division (I) of this section, the payment shall-	10233
be made by electronic funds transfer. The tax commissioner shall	10234
prescribe the form and other requirements of the quarterly-	10235
return.	10236

(2)—In addition to other returns required to be filed and 10237 payments required to be made under this section, every employer 10238 required to deduct and withhold taxes shall file, not later than 10239 the thirty-first day of January of each year, an annual return 10240 covering, but not limited to, both the aggregate amount deducted 10241 and withheld and the aggregate amount required to be deducted 10242 and withheld during the entire preceding year for the tax 10243 imposed under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and for each 10244 tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code. At the time 10245 of filing that return, the employer shall pay over any amounts 10246 of undeposited taxes for the preceding year, whether actually 10247 deducted and withheld or required to be deducted and withheld, 10248 that have not been previously paid. The employer shall make the 10249 annual report, to each employee and to the tax commissioner, of 10250

the compensation paid and each tax withheld, as the commissioner	10251
by rule may prescribe.	10252
(2) Each employer required to deduct and withhold any tax	10253
is liable for the payment of that amount required to be deducted	10254
and withheld, whether or not the tax has in fact been withheld,	10255
unless the failure to withhold was based upon the employer's	10256
good faith in reliance upon the statement of the employee as to	10257
liability, and the amount shall be deemed to be a special fund	10258
in trust for the general revenue fund.	10259
(F) Each employer shall file with the employer's annual	10260
return the following items of information on employees for whom	10261
withholding is required under section 5747.06 of the Revised	10262
Code:	10263
(1) The full name of each employee, the employee's	10264
address, the employee's school district of residence, and in the	10265
case of a nonresident employee, the employee's principal county	10266
of employment;	10267
(2) The social security number of each employee;	10268
(3) The total amount of compensation paid before any	10269
deductions to each employee for the period for which the annual	10270
return is made;	10271
(4) The amount of the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of	10272
the Revised Code and the amount of each tax imposed under	10273
Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code withheld from the compensation	10274
of the employee for the period for which the annual return is	10275
made. The commissioner may extend upon good cause the period for	10276
filing any notice or return required to be filed under this	10277
section and may adopt rules relating to extensions of time. If	10278
the extension results in an extension of time for the payment of	10279

the amounts withheld with respect to which the return is filed,	10280
the employer shall pay, at the time the amount withheld is paid,	10281
an amount of interest computed at the rate per annum prescribed	10282
by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code on that amount withheld,	10283
from the day that amount was originally required to be paid to	10284
the day of actual payment or to the day an assessment is issued	10285
under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code, whichever occurs	10286
first.	10287

- (5) In addition to all other interest charges and 10288 penalties imposed, all amounts of taxes withheld or required to 10289 10290 be withheld and remaining unpaid after the day the amounts are required to be paid shall bear interest from the date prescribed 10291 for payment at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 10292 of the Revised Code on the amount unpaid, in addition to the 10293 amount withheld, until paid or until the day an assessment is 10294 issued under section 5747.13 of the Revised Code, whichever 10295 occurs first. 10296
- (G) An employee of a corporation, limited liability 10297 company, or business trust having control or supervision of or 10298 charged with the responsibility of filing the report and making 10299 payment, or an officer, member, manager, or trustee of a 10300 10301 corporation, limited liability company, or business trust who is responsible for the execution of the corporation's, limited 10302 liability company's, or business trust's fiscal 10303 responsibilities, shall be personally liable for failure to file 10304 the report or pay the tax due as required by this section. The 10305 dissolution, termination, or bankruptcy of a corporation, 10306 limited liability company, or business trust does not discharge 10307 a responsible officer's, member's, manager's, employee's, or 10308 trustee's liability for a failure of the corporation, limited 10309 liability company, or business trust to file returns or pay tax 10310

due.

(H) If an employer required to deduct and withhold income 10312 tax from compensation and to pay that tax to the state under 10313 sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the Revised Code sells the 10314 employer's business or stock of merchandise or quits the 10315 employer's business, the taxes required to be deducted and 10316 withheld and paid to the state pursuant to those sections prior 10317 to that time, together with any interest and penalties imposed 10318 on those taxes, become due and payable immediately, and that 10319 person shall make a final return within fifteen days after the 10320 date of selling or quitting business. The employer's successor 10321 shall withhold a sufficient amount of the purchase money to 10322 cover the amount of the taxes, interest, and penalties due and 10323 unpaid, until the former owner produces a receipt from the tax 10324 commissioner showing that the taxes, interest, and penalties 10325 have been paid or a certificate indicating that no such taxes 10326 are due. If the purchaser of the business or stock of 10327 merchandise fails to withhold purchase money, the purchaser 10328 10329 shall be personally liable for the payment of the taxes, interest, and penalties accrued and unpaid during the operation 10330 of the business by the former owner. If the amount of taxes, 10331 interest, and penalties outstanding at the time of the purchase 10332 exceeds the total purchase money, the tax commissioner in the 10333 commissioner's discretion may adjust the liability of the seller 10334 or the responsibility of the purchaser to pay that liability to 10335 maximize the collection of withholding tax revenue. 10336

(I) An employer whose actual or required payments under 10337 this section exceeded eighty-four thousand dollars during the 10338 twelve-month period ending on the thirtieth day of June of the 10339 preceding calendar year shall make all payments required by this 10340 section for the year by electronic funds transfer electronically 10341

under section 5747.072 of the Revised Code.	10342
(J)(1) Every professional employer organization,	10343
professional employer organization reporting entity, and	10344
alternate employer organization shall file a report with the tax	10345
commissioner within thirty days after commencing business in	10346
this state that includes all of the following information:	10347
(a) The name, address, number the employer receives from	10348
the secretary of state to do business in this state, if	10349
applicable, and federal employer identification number of each	10350
client employer of the organization or entity;	10351
(b) The date that each client employer became a client of	10352
the organization or entity;	10353
(c) The names and mailing addresses of the chief executive	10354
officer and the chief financial officer of each client employer	10355
for taxation of the client employer.	10356
(2) Beginning with the calendar quarter ending after a	10357
professional employer organization, professional employer	10358
organization reporting entity, or alternate employer	10359
organization files the report required under division (J)(1) of	10360
this section, and every calendar quarter thereafter, the	10361
organization or entity shall file an updated report with the tax	10362
commissioner. The organization or entity shall file the updated	10363
report not later than the last day of the month following the	10364
end of the calendar quarter and shall include all of the	10365
following information in the report:	10366
(a) If an entity became a client employer of the	10367
professional employer organization, professional employer	10368
organization reporting entity, or alternate employer	10369
organization at any time during the calendar quarter, all of the	10370

information required under division (J)(1) of this section for	10371
each new client employer;	10372
(b) If an entity terminated the professional employer	10373
organization agreement or the alternate employer organization	10374
agreement between the entity and the professional employer	10375
organization, professional employer organization reporting	10376
entity, or alternate employer organization, as applicable, at	10377
any time during the calendar quarter, the information described	10378
in division (J)(1)(a) of this section for that entity, the date	10379
during the calendar quarter that the entity ceased being a	10380
client of the organization or reporting entity, if applicable,	10381
or the date the entity ceased business operations in this state,	10382
if applicable;	10383
(c) If the name or mailing address of the chief executive	10384
officer or the chief financial officer of a client employer has	10385
changed since the professional employer organization,	10386
professional employer organization reporting entity, or	10387
alternate employer organization previously submitted a report	10388
under division (J)(1) or (2) of this section, the updated name	10389
or mailing address, or both, of the chief executive officer or	10390
the chief financial officer, as applicable;	10391
(d) If none of the events described in divisions (J)(2)(a)	10392
to (c) of this section occurred during the calendar quarter, a	10393
statement of that fact.	10394
Sec. 5747.072. (A) Any employer required by section	10395
5747.07 of the Revised Code to remit undeposited taxes <del>by</del>	10396
electronic funds transfer electronically shall do so in the	10397
manner prescribed by rules adopted by the treasurer of state	10398
under section 113.061 of the Revised Code and by using the Ohio	10399
business gateway, as defined in section 718.01 of the Revised	10400

Code, or another means of electronic payment on or before the	10401
dates specified under that <u>division</u> section. The tax commissioner	10402
shall notify each such employer of the employer's obligation to	10403
remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer, shall	10404
maintain an updated list of those employers, and shall provide	10405
the list and any additions thereto or deletions therefrom to the	10406
treasurer of stateelectronically. Failure by the tax	10407
commissioner to notify an employer subject to this section to	10408
remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically does not	10409
relieve the employer of its obligation to remit taxes <del>by</del>	10410
electronic funds transferin that manner.	10411
Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, the The	10412
payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically	10413
does not affect an employer's obligation to file the quarterly	10414
return as required under division (E)(1) of section 5747.07 of	10415
the Revised Code or the annual return as required under	10416
divisions (E) (2) (E) and (F) of that section 5747.07 of the	10417
Revised Code. If the employer remits estimated tax payments in a	10418
manner, designated by the treasurer of state, that permits the	10419
inclusion of all information necessary for the treasurer of	10420
state to process the tax payment, the employer need not file the	10421
return required under division (B) of section 5747.07 of the	10422
Revised Code. The treasurer of state, in consultation with the	10423
tax commissioner, may adopt rules governing the format for-	10424
filing the returns under section 5747.07 of the Revised Code by	10425
employers who remit undeposited taxes by electronic funds-	10426
transfer. The rules may permit the filing of returns at less	10427
frequent intervals than required by that division if the	10428
treasurer of state and the tax commissioner determine that	10429
remittance by electronic funds transfer warrants less frequent	10430
filing of returns.	10431

# Sub. S. B. No. 74 As Passed by the Senate

An employer required by this section to remit taxes <del>by</del>	10432
electronic funds transfer electronically may apply to the	10433
treasurer of state commissioner to be excused from that	10434
requirement. The treasurer of state commissioner may excuse the	10435
employer from <u>electronic</u> remittance <del>by electronic funds transfer</del>	10436
for good cause shown for the period of time requested by the	10437
employer or a portion of that period. The treasurer commissioner	10438
shall notify the tax commissioner and the employer of the	10439
treasurer's commissioner's decision as soon as is practicable.	10440
(B) If an employer required by this section to remit	10441
undeposited taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically	10442
remits those taxes by some other means other than electronic	10443
funds transfer as prescribed by the rules adopted by the	10444
treasurer of state, and the treasurer tax commissioner	10445
determines that such failure was not due to reasonable cause or	10446
was due to willful neglect, the treasurer shall notify the tax	10447
commissioner of the failure to remit by electronic funds	10448
transfer and shall provide the commissioner with any information	10449
used in making that determination. The tax commissioner may	10450
collect an additional charge by assessment in the manner	10451
prescribed by section 5747.13 of the Revised Code. The	10452
additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of the	10453
undeposited taxes, but shall not exceed five thousand dollars.	10454
Any additional charge assessed under this section is in addition	10455
to any other penalty or charge imposed by this chapter, and	10456
shall be considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed by	10457
this chapter. The $\frac{\text{tax}}{\text{commissioner}}$ may remit all or a portion of	10458
such a charge and may adopt rules governing such remission.	10459
No additional charge shall be assessed under this division	10460
against an employer that has been notified of its obligation to	10461

remit taxes <u>electronically</u> under this section and that remits

10491

its first two tax payments after such notification by some other	10463
means-other than electronic funds transfer. The additional	10464
charge may be assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax	10465
payment that the employer remits by some means other than	10466
electronic funds transferelectronically.	10467
Sec. 5747.42. (A) In addition to the other returns	10468
required to be filed and other remittances required to be made	10469
pursuant to this chapter, every qualifying entity or electing	10470
pass-through entity that is subject to the tax imposed by	10471
section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code shall	10472
file an annual return as follows:	10473
(1) For a qualifying entity, on or before the fifteenth	10474
day of the fourth month following the end of the entity's	10475
qualifying taxable year;	10476
(2) For an electing pass-through entity, on or before the	10477
fifteenth day of April following the end of the entity's taxable	10478
year that ends in the preceding calendar year.	10479
Each entity shall also remit to the tax commissioner, with	10480
the remittance made payable to the treasurer of state, the	10481
amount of the taxes shown to be due on the return, less the	10482
amount paid for the taxable year on a declaration of estimated	10483
tax report filed by the taxpayer as provided by section 5747.43	10484
of the Revised Code. Remittance shall be made in the form	10485
prescribed by the tax commissioner, including electronic funds-	10486
transfer electronically if required by section 5747.44 of the	10487
Revised Code.	10488
A domestic qualifying entity shall not dissolve, and a	10489

foreign qualifying entity shall not withdraw or retire from

business in this state, without filing the tax returns and

paying the taxes charged for the year in which such dissolution	10492
or withdrawal occurs.	10493
(B) The tax commissioner shall furnish qualifying entities	10494
or electing pass-through entities, upon request, copies of the	10495
forms prescribed by the commissioner for the purpose of making	10496
the returns required by sections 5747.42 to 5747.453 of the	10497
Revised Code.	10498
(C) The annual return required by this section shall be	10499
signed by the applicable entity's trustee or other fiduciary, or	10500
president, vice-president, secretary, treasurer, general	10501
manager, general partner, superintendent, or managing agent in	10502
this state. The annual return shall contain the facts, figures,	10503
computations, and attachments that result in the tax charged by	10504
section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code. Each	10505
entity also shall file with its annual return all of the	10506
following:	10507
(1) In the case of the tax charged by section 5733.41 or	10508
5747.41 of the Revised Code, the full name and address of each	10509
qualifying investor or qualifying beneficiary unless the	10510
qualifying entity submits such information in accordance with	10511
division (D) of this section;	10512
(2) In the case of the tax charged by section 5733.41 or	10513
5747.41 of the Revised Code, the social security number, federal	10514
employer identification number, or other identifying number of	10515
each qualifying investor or qualifying beneficiary, unless the	10516
taxpayer submits that information in accordance with division	10517
(D) of this section;	10518
(3) In the case of the tax charged by section 5747.38 of	10519
the Revised Code, the full name and address and the social	10520

security number, federal employer identification number, or	10521
other identifying number of each owner of the electing pass-	10522
through entity, unless the entity submits such information in	10523
accordance with division (D) of this section;	10524
(4) The amount of tax imposed by sections 5733.41 and	10525
5747.41 or by section 5747.38 of the Revised Code, and the	10526
amount of the tax paid by the entity, for the applicable taxable	10527
year covered by the annual return;	10528
(5) The amount of tax imposed by sections 5733.41 and	10529
5747.41 or by section 5747.38 of the Revised Code that is	10529
attributable to each qualifying investor, qualifying	10531
beneficiary, or owner, as applicable, unless the entity submits	10531
this information in accordance with division (D) of this	10532
section.	10533
Section.	10334
(D) On the date the annual return is due, including	10535
extensions of time, if any, the applicable entity may be	10536
required by rule to transmit electronically or by magnetic media	10537
the information set forth in division (C) of this section. The	10538
tax commissioner may adopt rules governing the format for the	10539
transmission of such information. The tax commissioner may	10540
exempt an entity or a class of entities from the requirements	10541
imposed by this division.	10542
(E) Upon good cause shown, the tax commissioner may extend	10543
the period for filing any return required to be filed under this	10544
section or section 5747.43 or 5747.44 of the Revised Code and	10545
for transmitting any information required to be transmitted	10546
under those sections. The tax commissioner may adopt rules	10547
relating to extensions of time to file and to transmit. At the	10548
time an entity pays any tax imposed under section 5733.41,	10549
5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code or estimated tax as	10550

required under section 5747.43 of the Revised Code, the entity	10551
also shall pay interest computed at the rate per annum	10552
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code on that tax or	10553
estimated tax, from the time the tax or estimated tax originally	10554
was required to be paid, without consideration of any filing	10555
extensions, to the time of actual payment. Nothing in this	10556
division shall be construed to abate, modify, or limit the	10557
imposition of any penalties imposed for the failure to timely	10558
pay taxes under this chapter or Chapter 5733. of the Revised	10559
Code without consideration of any filing extensions.	10560

Sec. 5747.44. (A) If a qualifying entity's or an electing 10561 pass-through entity's total liability for taxes imposed under 10562 sections 5733.41 and 5747.41 or under section 5747.38 of the 10563 Revised Code exceeds one hundred eighty thousand dollars for the 10564 second preceding taxable year or qualifying taxable year, as 10565 applicable, the entity shall make all payments required under 10566 sections 5747.42 and 5747.43 or under section 5747.38 of the 10567 Revised Code by electronic funds transfer as electronically in 10568 the manner prescribed by this section and rules adopted by the 10569 treasurer of state under section 113.061 of the Revised Code the 10570 tax commissioner. 10571

The tax commissioner shall notify each qualifying entity 10572 and electing pass-through entity required to remit taxes by 10573 electronic funds transfer electronically of the entity's 10574 obligation to do so, shall maintain an updated list of those 10575 entities, and shall provide the list and any additions thereto 10576 or deletions therefrom to the treasurer of state. Failure by the 10577 tax commissioner to notify an entity subject to this section to 10578 remit taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically does not 10579 relieve the entity of its obligation to remit taxes by-10580 electronic funds transferin that manner. 10581

(B) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the	10582
payment of taxes by electronic funds transfer electronically	10583
does not affect a qualifying entity's or an electing pass-	10584
through entity's obligation to file the returns required under	10585
sections 5747.42 and 5747.43 of the Revised Code. The treasurer	10586
of state, in consultation with the tax commissioner, may adopt	10587
rules in addition to the rules adopted under section 113.061 of	10588
the Revised Code governing the format for filing returns by	10589
qualifying entities and electing pass-through entities that	10590
remit taxes by electronic funds transfer. The rules may provide	10591
for the filing of returns at less frequent intervals than-	10592
otherwise required if the treasurer of state and the tax	10593
commissioner determine that remittance by electronic funds-	10594
transfer warrants less frequent filing of returns.	10595

- (C) A qualifying entity or an electing pass-through entity 10596 required by this section to remit taxes by electronic funds 10597 transfer electronically may apply to the treasurer of state tax 10598 commissioner in the manner prescribed by the treasurer of state-10599 commissioner to be excused from that requirement. The treasurer 10600 of state commissioner may excuse the entity from electronic 10601 remittance by electronic funds transfer for good cause shown for 10602 the period of time requested by the entity or for a portion of 10603 that period. The treasurer of state commissioner shall notify 10604 the tax commissioner and the entity of the treasurer of state's 10605 commissioner's decision as soon as is practicable. 10606
- (D) If a qualifying entity or an electing pass-through
  entity required by this section to remit taxes by electronic

  funds transfer electronically remits those taxes by some means

  other than by electronic funds transfer electronically as

  prescribed by this section and the rules adopted by the

  treasurer of state, and the treasurer of state tax commissioner

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determines that such failure was not due to reasonable cause or	10613
was due to willful neglect, the treasurer of state shall notify	10614
the tax commissioner of the failure to remit by electronic funds	10615
transfer and shall provide the commissioner with any information	10616
used in making that determination. The tax commissioner may	10617
collect an additional charge by assessment in the manner	10618
prescribed by section 5747.13 of the Revised Code. The	10619
additional charge shall equal five per cent of the amount of the	10620
taxes required to be paid by electronic funds	10621
transferelectronically, but shall not exceed five thousand	10622
dollars. Any additional charge assessed under this section is in	10623
addition to any other penalty or charge imposed under this	10624
chapter or Chapter 5733. of the Revised Code, and shall be	10625
considered as revenue arising from the taxes imposed under	10626
sections 5733.41 and 5747.41 or under section 5747.38 of the	10627
Revised Code. The tax-commissioner may remit all or a portion of	10628
such a charge and may adopt rules governing such remission.	10629

No additional charge shall be assessed under this division 10630 against a qualifying entity or an electing pass-through entity 10631 that has been notified of its obligation to remit taxes 10632 electronically under this section and that remits its first two 10633 tax payments after such notification by some other means other 10634 than electronic funds transfer. The additional charge may be 10635 assessed upon the remittance of any subsequent tax payment that 10636 the entity remits by some means other than electronic funds-10637 transferelectronically. 10638

Sec. 5747.451. (A) The mere retirement from business or 10639 voluntary dissolution of a domestic or foreign qualifying entity 10640 or electing pass-through entity does not exempt it from the 10641 requirements to make reports as required under sections 5747.42 10642 to 5747.44 or to pay the taxes imposed under section 5733.41, 10643

5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code. If any qualifying	10644
entity or electing pass-through entity subject to the taxes	10645
imposed under section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the	10646
Revised Code sells its business or stock of merchandise or quits	10647
its business, the taxes required to be paid prior to that time,	10648
together with any interest or penalty thereon, become due and	10649
payable immediately, and the entity shall make a final return	10650
within fifteen days after the date of selling or quitting	10651
business. The successor of the qualifying entity or electing	10652
pass-through entity shall withhold a sufficient amount of the	10653
purchase money to cover the amount of such taxes, interest, and	10654
penalties due and unpaid until the entity produces a receipt	10655
from the tax commissioner showing that the taxes, interest, and	10656
penalties have been paid, or a certificate indicating that no	10657
taxes are due. If the purchaser of the business or stock of	10658
goods fails to withhold purchase money, the purchaser is	10659
personally liable for the payment of the taxes, interest, and	10660
penalties accrued and unpaid during the operation of the	10661
business by the entity. If the amount of those taxes, interest,	10662
and penalty unpaid at the time of the purchase exceeds the total	10663
purchase money, the tax commissioner may adjust the entity's	10664
liability for those taxes, interest, and penalty, or adjust the	10665
responsibility of the purchaser to pay that liability, in a	10666
manner calculated to maximize the collection of those	10667
liabilities.	10668

(B) Annually, on the last day of each qualifying taxable

year of a qualifying entity or taxable year of an electing pass
through entity, the taxes imposed under section 5733.41,

5747.38, or 5747.41 of the Revised Code, together with any

penalties subsequently accruing thereon, become a lien on all

property in this state of the entity, whether such property is

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employed by the entity in the prosecution of its business or is	10675
in the hands of an assignee, trustee, or receiver for the	10676
benefit of the entity's creditors and investors. The lien shall	10677
continue until those taxes, together with any penalties	10678
subsequently accruing, are paid.	10679

Upon failure of such a qualifying entity or an electing 10680 pass-through entity to pay those taxes on the day fixed for 10681 payment, the treasurer of state shall thereupon notify the tax-10682 commissioner, and the tax commissioner may file, in the office 10683 of the county recorder in each county in this state in which the 10684 entity owns or has a beneficial interest in real estate, notice 10685 of the lien containing a brief description of such real estate. 10686 No fee shall be charged for such a filing. The lien is not valid 10687 as against any mortgagee, purchaser, or judgment creditor whose 10688 rights have attached prior to the time the notice is so filed in 10689 the county in which the real estate which is the subject of such 10690 mortgage, purchase, or judgment lien is located. The notice 10691 shall be recorded in the official records kept by the county 10692 recorder and indexed under the name of the entity charged with 10693 the tax. When the tax, together with any penalties subsequently 10694 accruing thereon, have been paid, the tax commissioner shall 10695 furnish to the entity an acknowledgment of such payment that the 10696 entity may record with the county recorder of each county in 10697 which notice of such lien has been filed, for which recording 10698 the county recorder shall charge and receive a fee of two 10699 dollars. 10700

(C) In addition to all other remedies for the collection 10701 of any taxes or penalties due under law, whenever any taxes, 10702 interest, or penalties due from any qualifying entity or 10703 electing pass-through entity under section 5733.41 of the 10704 Revised Code or this chapter have remained unpaid for a period 10705

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The petition shall be in the name of the state. Any of the 10722 qualifying entities or electing pass-through entities having its 10723 principal places of business in the county may be joined in one 10724 suit. On the motion of the attorney general, the court of common 10725 pleas shall enter an order requiring all defendants to answer by 10726 a day certain, and may appoint a special master commissioner to 10727 take testimony, with such other power and authority as the court 10728 confers, and permitting process to be served by registered mail 10729 and by publication in a newspaper of general circulation in the 10730 county, which publication need not be made more than once, 10731 setting forth the name of each delinquent entity, the matter in 10732 which the entity is delinquent, the names of its officers, 10733 directors, and managing agents, if set forth in the petition, 10734 and the amount of any taxes, fees, or penalties claimed to be 10735 owing by the entity. 10736

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All or any of the trustees or other fiduciaries, officers,	10737
directors, investors, beneficiaries, or managing agents of any	10738
qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity may be joined	10739
as defendants with such entity.	10740

If it appears to the court upon hearing that any 10741 qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity that is a 10742 party to the proceeding is indebted to the state for taxes 10743 imposed under section 5733.41, 5747.38, or 5747.41 of the 10744 Revised Code, or interest or penalties thereon, judgment shall 10745 be entered therefor with interest; and if it appears that any 10746 qualifying entity or electing pass-through entity has failed to 10747 make or file any report or return, a mandatory injunction may be 10748 issued against the entity, its trustees or other fiduciaries, 10749 officers, directors, and managing agents, enjoining them from 10750 the transaction of any business within this state, other than 10751 acts incidental to liquidation or winding up, until the making 10752 and filing of all proper reports or returns and until the 10753 payment in full of all taxes, interest, and penalties. 10754

If the trustees or other fiduciaries, officers, directors, 10755 investors, beneficiaries, or managing agents of a qualifying 10756 entity or an electing pass-through entity are not made parties 10757 in the first instance, and a judgment or an injunction is 10758 rendered or issued against the entity, those officers, 10759 directors, investors, or managing agents may be made parties to 10760 such proceedings upon the motion of the attorney general, and, 10761 upon notice to them of the form and terms of such injunction, 10762 they shall be bound thereby as fully as if they had been made 10763 parties in the first instance. 10764

In any action authorized by this division, a statement of 10765 the tax commissioner, or the secretary of state, when duly 10766

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certified, shall be prima-facie evidence of the amount of taxes,	10767
interest, or penalties due from any qualifying entity or	10768
electing pass-through entity, or of the failure of any such	10769
entity to file with the commissioner or the secretary of state	10770
any report required by law, and any such certificate of the	10771
commissioner or the secretary of state may be required in	10772
evidence in any such proceeding.	10773
On the application of any defendant and for good cause	10774
shown, the court may order a separate hearing of the issues as	10775
to any defendant.	10776
The costs of the proceeding shall be apportioned among the	10777
parties as the court deems proper.	10778
The court in such proceeding may make, enter, and enforce	10779
such other judgments and orders and grant such other relief as	10780
is necessary or incidental to the enforcement of the claims and	10781
lien of the state.	10782
In the performance of the duties enjoined upon the	10783
attorney general by this division, the attorney general may	10784
direct any prosecuting attorney to bring an action, as	10785
authorized by this division, in the name of the state with	10786
respect to any delinquent qualifying entities or delinquent	10787
electing pass-through entities within the prosecuting attorney's	10788
county, and like proceedings and orders shall be had as if such	10789
action were instituted by the attorney general.	10790
(D) If any qualifying entity or electing pass-through	10791
entity fails to make and file the reports or returns required	10792
under this chapter, or to pay the penalties provided by law for	10793

failure to make and file such reports or returns for a period of

ninety days after the time prescribed by this chapter, the

attorney general, on the request of the tax commissioner, shall	10796
commence an action in quo warranto in the court of appeals of	10797
the county in which that entity has its principal place of	10798
business to forfeit and annul its privileges and franchises. If	10799
the court is satisfied that any such entity is in default, it	10800
shall render judgment ousting such entity from the exercise of	10801
its privileges and franchises within this state, and shall	10802
otherwise proceed as provided in sections 2733.02 to 2733.39 of	10803
the Revised Code.	10804
Sec. 5815.26. (A) As used in this section:	10805
(1) "Fiduciary" means a trustee under any testamentary,	10806
inter vivos, or other trust, an executor or administrator, or	10807
any other person who is acting in a fiduciary capacity for a	10808
person, trust, or estate.	10809
(2) "Short term trust-quality investment fund" means a	10810
short term investment fund that meets both of the following	10811
conditions:	10812
(a) The fund may be either a collective investment fund	10813
established pursuant to section 1111.14 of the Revised Code or a	10814
registered investment company, including any affiliated	10815
investment company whether or not the fiduciary has invested	10816
other funds held by it in an agency or other nonfiduciary	10817
capacity in the securities of the same registered investment	10818
company or affiliated investment company.	10819
(b) The fund is invested in any one or more of the	10820
following manners:	10821
(i) In obligations of the United States or of its	10822
agencies;	10823

(ii) In obligations of one or more of the states of the

United States or their political subdivisions;	10825
(iii) In variable demand notes, corporate money market	10826
instruments including, but not limited to, commercial paper	10827
rated at the time of purchase in either of the two highest	10828
classifications established by at least one nationally	10829
recognized standard statistical rating service organization;	10830
(iv) In deposits in banks or savings and loan associations	10831
whose deposits are insured by the federal deposit insurance	10832
corporation, if the rate of interest paid on such deposits is at	10833
least equal to the rate of interest generally paid by such banks	10834
or savings and loan associations on deposits of similar terms or	10835
amounts;	10836
(v) In fully collateralized repurchase agreements or other	10837
evidences of indebtedness that are of trust quality and are	10838
payable on demand or have a maturity date consistent with the	10839
purpose of the fund and the duty of fiduciary prudence.	10840
(3) "Registered investment company" means any investment	10841
company that is defined in and registered under sections 3 and 8	10842
of the "Investment Company Act of 1940," 54 Stat. 789, 15	10843
U.S.C.A. 80a-3 and 80a-8.	10844
(4) "Affiliated investment company" has the same meaning	10845
as in division (E)(1) of section 1111.10 of the Revised Code.	10846
(B) A fiduciary is not required to invest cash that	10847
belongs to the trust and may hold that cash for the period prior	10848
to distribution if either of the following applies:	10849
(1) The fiduciary reasonably expects to do either of the	10850
following:	10851
(a) Distribute the cash to beneficiaries of the trust on a	10852

quarterly or more frequent basis;	10853
(b) Use the cash for the payment of debts, taxes, or	10854
expenses of administration within the ninety-day period	10855
following the receipt of the cash by the fiduciary.	10856
(2) Determined on the basis of the facilities available to	10857
the fiduciary and the amount of the income that reasonably could	10858
be earned by the investment of the cash, the amount of the cash	10859
does not justify the administrative burden or expense associated	10860
with its investment.	10861
(C) If a fiduciary wishes to hold funds that belong to the	10862
trust in liquid form and division (B) of this section does not	10863
apply, the fiduciary may so hold the funds as long as they are	10864
temporarily invested as described in division (D) of this	10865
section.	10866
(D)(1) A fiduciary may make a temporary investment of cash	10867
that may be held uninvested in accordance with division (B) of	10868
this section, and shall make a temporary investment of funds	10869
held in liquid form pursuant to division (C) of this section, in	10870
any of the following investments, unless the governing	10871
instrument provides for other investments in which the temporary	10872
investment of cash or funds is permitted:	10873
(a) A short term trust-quality investment fund;	10874
(b) Direct obligations of the United States or of its	10875
agencies;	10876
(c) A deposit with a bank or savings and loan association,	10877
including a deposit with the fiduciary itself or any bank	10878
subsidiary corporation owned or controlled by the bank holding	10879
company that owns or controls the fiduciary, whose deposits are	10880
insured by the federal deposit insurance corporation, if the	10881
in the state of th	10001

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rate of interest paid on that deposit is at least equal to the	10882
rate of interest generally paid by that bank or savings and loan	10883
association on deposits of similar terms or amounts.	10884

- (2) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash
  or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section may charge
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  a reasonable fee for the services associated with that
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  investment. The fee shall be in addition to the compensation to
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  which the fiduciary is entitled for his ordinary fiduciary
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  services.
- (3) Fiduciaries that make one or more temporary 10891 investments of cash or funds pursuant to division (D)(1) of this 10892 section shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trusts 10893 involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to 10894 receive income, a written disclosure of their temporary 10895 investment practices and, if applicable, the method of computing 10896 reasonable fees for their temporary investment services pursuant 10897 to division (D)(2) of this section. Fiduciaries may comply with 10898 this requirement in any appropriate written document, including, 10899 but not limited to, any periodic statement or account. 10900
- (4) A fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of cash
  or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to
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  division (D)(1)(a) of this section shall, when providing any
  periodic account statements of its temporary investment
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  practices, report the net asset value of the shares comprising
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  the investment in the affiliated investment company.
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- (5) If a fiduciary that makes a temporary investment of 10907 cash or funds in an affiliated investment company pursuant to 10908 division (D)(1)(a) of this section invests in any mutual fund, 10909 the fiduciary shall provide to the beneficiaries of the trust 10910 involved, that are currently receiving income or have a right to 10911

receive income, a written disclosure, in at least ten-point	10912
boldface type, that the mutual fund is not insured or guaranteed	10913
by the federal deposit insurance corporation or by any other	10914
government agency or government-sponsored agency of the federal	10915
government or of this state.	10916
Sec. 5815.37. (A) If any interest in real property held by	10917
any trustee of an express trust that is wholly or partially	10918
governed by a law of this state or any interest in real property	10919
located in this state that is held by the trustee of a trust	10920
wholly governed by the law of one or more jurisdictions other	10921
than this state is temporarily conveyed to any beneficiary of	10922
that trust and reconveyed back to any trustee of that trust, the	10923
interest in the real property shall be subject to divisions (B)	10924
and (C) of this section if all of the following apply:	10925
(1) The transfer of the control of th	10006
(1) That temporary conveyance is for the principal purpose	10926
of enabling some or all of that interest in the real property to	10927
be used as collateral in a loan transaction.	10928
(2) The loan proceeds will be delivered to the trustee of	10929
the trust or will otherwise be principally used for the benefit	10930
of one or more beneficiaries of the trust.	10931
(3) The interest in the real property is reconveyed back	10932
to one or more trustees of the trust within a reasonable time	10933
after the reconveying beneficiary acquired actual notice that	10934
the lender has perfected the lender's collateral rights in and	10935
to the interest in the real property.	10936
(4) The leader in superior is any of the fellowing.	10027
(4) The lender in question is any of the following:	10937
(a) A bank, thrift, savings bank, savings and loan	10938
association, credit union, or any other similar financial	10939

institution if the activities of the other similar financial

institution are subject to supervision by the Ohio	10941
superintendent of financial institutions, the federal deposit	10941
insurance corporation, the comptroller of the currency, the	10943
office of thrift supervision, any other comparable state or	10944
federal regulatory agency or entity, or a successor of any of	10945
them;	10945
Chem,	10940
(b) An insurance company subject to supervision by the	10947
Ohio department of insurance or any comparable agency	10948
established by the law of any other jurisdiction;	10949
(c) Any other corporation, limited liability company,	10950
partnership, or other similar or comparable entity the routine	10951
and regular business activities of which commonly include the	10952
making of commercial or residential loans that are wholly or	10953
partially secured by real property.	10954
	10055
(B) If a temporary conveyance and reconveyance of an	10955
interest in real property is made for the principal purpose of	10956
allowing a lender to acquire, perfect, foreclose on, or exercise	10957
collateral rights in and to the real property interest in	10958
question, the temporary conveyance to a beneficiary shall be	10959
disregarded for all other purposes, and the reconveyance back to	10960
a trustee shall relate back to the date immediately preceding	10961
that reconveyance on which the interest in the real property was	10962
transferred to any trustee of the trust in a transaction other	10963
than a loan transaction described in division (A)(1) of this	10964
section.	10965
(C) In connection with any temporary conveyance and	10966
reconveyance of an interest in real property pursuant to	10967
division (A) of this section, the following shall survive	10968
unimpaired after any reconveyance back to a trustee made	10969

pursuant to division (A)(3) of this section:

(1) The rights, duties, and obligations of a lender under	10971
the documents governing the loan transaction, including, but not	10972
limited to, any of the following to the extent they are provided	10973
for in those documents:	10974
(a) A lender's collateral rights in and to any interest in	10975
real property that is reconveyed to a trustee;	10976
(b) The lender's rights under any mortgage, deed of trust,	10977
lien, encumbrance, or any other similar or comparable instrument	10978
or arrangement used to give the lender collateral rights in and	10979
to the interest being reconveyed, including, but not limited to,	10980
a lender's right to foreclose on that interest in real property;	10981
(c) The lender's obligations to make loans or advances or	10982
to provide any person with any notice called for by the	10983
documents governing the loan transaction.	10984
(2) The rights, duties, and obligations of any debtor	10985
under any documents governing the loan transaction, including,	10986
but not limited to, the following to the extent they are	10987
provided for in those documents:	10988
(a) The duty to repay the lender or any other person who	10989
is entitled to receive payments under the documents governing	10990
the loan transaction;	10991
(b) The duty to honor any agreements or covenants made by	10992
the debtor in the documents governing the loan transaction;	10993
(c) The right to receive any advances, loans, notices, or	10994
other benefits called for by the documents governing the loan	10995
transaction.	10996
(D) The following apply for purposes of division (A)(1) of	10997
this section:	10998

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(1) A court shall liberally construe the temporary	10999
conveyance to a beneficiary of the trust in question in	11000
determining whether the principal purpose of the temporary	11001
conveyance is to enable some or all of the interest in the real	11002
property to be used as collateral in a loan transaction.	11003
(2) An interest in real property shall be considered to be	11004
used as collateral if, as part of a lending transaction, that	11005
interest is wholly or partially made subject to a mortgage, deed	11006
of trust, lien, encumbrance, or any other similar or comparable	11007
instrument or arrangement used to give the lender collateral	11008
rights in and to that interest.	11009
(T) 7h-ll libll dii-i (7) (0) -5	11010
(E) A court shall liberally construe division (A)(2) of	11010
this section in determining whether the loan proceeds referred	11011
to in that division will be principally used for the benefit of	11012
one or more beneficiaries of the trust in question.	11013
(F) For purposes of division (A)(3) of this section, any	11014
reconveyance to a trustee shall be considered to have occurred	11015
within a reasonable time if it is made within one hundred twenty	11016
_	
days of the date on which the reconveying beneficiary acquired	11017
actual notice that the lender has perfected the lender's	11018
collateral rights in and to the interest in the real property.	11019
In all other cases, a court shall consider all relevant facts	11020
and circumstances in determining whether a beneficiary has	11021

(G) (1) A court shall liberally construe division (A) (4) of 11025 this section in determining whether a corporation, limited 11026 liability company, partnership, or other similar or comparable 11027 entity qualifies as a lender within the meaning of that 11028

reconveyed the interest in the real property back to a trustee

within a reasonable time after the reconveying beneficiary

acquired that actual notice.

division.	11029
(2) Subject to the rule of liberal interpretation set	11030
forth in division (G)(1) of this section, the Ohio	11031
superintendent of financial institutions may from time to time	11032
issue regulations setting forth a nonexhaustive list of entities	11033
that qualify as a lender within the meaning of division (A)(4)	11034
of this section and also may from time to time issue regulations	11035
setting forth specific entities or classes of entities that do	11036
not qualify as a lender within the meaning of that division.	11037
not quality as a lender within the meaning of that division.	11007
(H) An interest in real property may be subject to or	11038
involved in more than one loan transaction undertaken pursuant	11039
to this section.	11040
Section 2. That existing sections 113.05, 113.11, 113.12,	11041
113.40, 113.41, 113.60, 125.30, 125.901, 126.06, 127.14, 129.06,	11042
129.09, 131.01, 135.01, 135.02, 135.04, 135.05, 135.06, 135.08,	11043
135.10, 135.12, 135.14, 135.142, 135.143, 135.15, 135.182,	11044
135.31, 135.35, 135.45, 135.46, 135.47, 718.01, 1111.04,	11045
1112.12, 1315.54, 1345.01, 1501.10, 1503.05, 1509.07, 1509.225,	11046
1514.04, 1514.05, 1521.061, 1548.06, 1733.04, 1733.24, 1735.03,	11047
2109.37, 2109.372, 2109.44, 3314.50, 3366.05, 3737.945, 3903.73,	11048
3905.32, 3916.01, 3925.26, 4141.241, 4505.06, 4509.101, 4509.45,	11049
4509.62, 4509.63, 4509.65, 4509.67, 4710.03, 4749.01, 4763.13,	11050
5725.17, 5725.22, 5727.25, 5727.31, 5727.311, 5727.42, 5727.47,	11051
5727.53, 5727.81, 5727.811, 5727.82, 5727.83, 5733.022, 5735.03,	11052
5735.062, 5739.031, 5739.032, 5739.07, 5743.05, 5743.051,	11053
5743.15, 5745.03, 5745.04, 5745.041, 5747.059, 5747.07,	11054
5747.072, 5747.42, 5747.44, 5747.451, 5815.26, and 5815.37 of	11055
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	11056
Section 3. That sections 113.061, 113.07, 129.02, 129.03,	11057
129.08, 129.10, 129.11, 129.12, 129.13, 129.14, 129.15, 129.16,	11058

129.18, 129.19, 129.20, 129.72, 129.73, 129.74, 129.75, 129.76,	11059
135.101, 135.102, 135.103, 135.104, 135.105, 135.106, 135.61,	11060
135.62, 135.63, 135.64, 135.65, 135.66, 135.67, 135.68, 135.69,	11061
135.70, 135.71, 135.72, 135.73, 135.74, 135.75, 135.76, 135.77,	11062
135.771, 135.772, 135.773, 135.774, 135.78, 135.79, 135.791,	11063
135.792, 135.793, 135.794, 135.795, 135.796, 135.81, 135.82,	11064
135.83, 135.84, 135.85, 135.86, 135.87, 135.91, 135.92, 135.93,	11065
135.94, 135.95, 135.96, 135.97, 144.01, 144.02, 144.03, 144.04,	11066
144.05, 144.06, and 144.07 of the Revised Code are hereby	11067
repealed.	11068
Section 4. Notwithstanding any other provision of the	11069
Revised Code to the contrary, the public depositories designated	11070
and awarded the public moneys of the state under division (A) of	11071
section 135.12 of the Revised Code for the period commencing on	11072
or around July 4, 2022, shall be the designated public	11073
depositories for a total of three years commencing from that	11074
applicable date.	11075
Section 5. Notwithstanding section 5743.15 of the Revised	11076
Code, any license issued under division (B), (C), or (F) of that	11077
section that is active on the effective date of the amendment by	11078
this act of that section remains valid until June 1, 2024,	11079
rather than May 27, 2024.	11080
Section 6. The amendment by this act of division (E) of	11081
section 5747.07 of the Revised Code applies to filings and	11082
payments due on or after January 1, 2024.	11083
Section 7. The General Assembly, applying the principle	11084
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	11085
amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of	11086
simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections,	11087
presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended	11088

by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	11089
sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	11090
as presented in this act:	11091
Section 135.142 of the Revised Code as amended by both	11092
H.B. 197 and S.B. 276 of the 133rd General Assembly.	11093
Section 718.01 of the Revised Code as amended by both H.B.	11094
228 and S.B. 217 of the 134th General Assembly and both H.B. 197	11095
and S.B. 276 of the 133rd General Assembly.	11096
Section 4509.101 of the Revised Code as amended by both	11097
H.B. 62 and H.B. 158 of the 133rd General Assembly.	11098