As Passed by the Senate

133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

Sub. S. B. No. 58

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Senator Gavarone

Cosponsors: Senators Eklund, Antonio, Blessing, Burke, Craig, Dolan, Hackett, Johnson, Kunze, Maharath, McColley, O'Brien, Roegner, Rulli, Wilson, Yuko

A BILL

Τ	Fo amend sections 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, and	1
	2945.39 of the Revised Code to make changes to	2
	the requirements for competency evaluations and	3
	mental health treatment in criminal cases and to	4
	make an appropriation.	5

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2945.37, 2945.371, 2945.38, and	6
2945.39 of the Revised Code be amended to read as follows:	7
Sec. 2945.37. (A) As used in sections 2945.37 to 2945.402	8
of the Revised Code:	9
(1) "Prosecutor" means a prosecuting attorney or a city	10
director of law, village solicitor, or similar chief legal	11
officer of a municipal corporation who has authority to	12
prosecute a criminal case that is before the court or the	13
criminal case in which a defendant in a criminal case has been	14
found incompetent to stand trial or not guilty by reason of	15
insanity.	16
(2) "Examiner" means either of the following:	17

(a) A psychiatrist or a licensed clinical psychologist who
18 satisfies the criteria of division (I) of section 5122.01 of the
19 Revised Code or is employed by a certified forensic center
20 designated by the department of mental health and addiction
21 services to conduct examinations or evaluations.

(b) For purposes of a separate intellectual disability evaluation that is ordered by a court pursuant to division (H) <u>(I)</u> of section 2945.371 of the Revised Code, a psychologist designated by the director of developmental disabilities pursuant to that section to conduct that separate intellectual disability evaluation.

(3) "Nonsecured status" means any unsupervised, offgrounds movement or trial visit from a hospital or institution, or any conditional release, that is granted to a person who is found incompetent to stand trial and is committed pursuant to section 2945.39 of the Revised Code or to a person who is found not guilty by reason of insanity and is committed pursuant to section 2945.40 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Unsupervised, off-grounds movement" includes only off-grounds privileges that are unsupervised and that have an expectation of return to the hospital or institution on a daily basis.

(5) "Trial visit" means a patient privilege of a longer
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stated duration of unsupervised community contact with an
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expectation of return to the hospital or institution at
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designated times.

(6) "Conditional release" means a commitment status under
which the trial court at any time may revoke a person's
conditional release and order the rehospitalization or
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reinstitutionalization of the person as described in division 47 (A) of section 2945.402 of the Revised Code and pursuant to 48 which a person who is found incompetent to stand trial or a 49 person who is found not quilty by reason of insanity lives and 50 receives treatment in the community for a period of time that 51 does not exceed the maximum prison term or term of imprisonment 52 that the person could have received for the offense in question 53 had the person been convicted of the offense instead of being 54 found incompetent to stand trial on the charge of the offense or 55 being found not guilty by reason of insanity relative to the 56 offense. 57

(7) "Licensed clinical psychologist," "mentally ill person subject to court order," and "psychiatrist" have the same meanings as in section 5122.01 of the Revised Code.

(8) "Person with an intellectual disability subject to institutionalization by court order" has the same meaning as in section 5123.01 of the Revised Code.

(B) In a criminal action in a court of common pleas, a 64 county court, or a municipal court, the court, prosecutor, or 65 defense may raise the issue of the defendant's competence to 66 stand trial. If the issue is raised before the trial has 67 commenced, the court shall hold a hearing on the issue as 68 provided in this section. If the issue is raised after the trial 69 has commenced, the court shall hold a hearing on the issue only 70 for good cause shown or on the court's own motion. 71

(C) The court shall conduct the hearing required or
authorized under division (B) of this section within thirty days
after the issue is raised, unless the defendant has been
referred for evaluation in which case the court shall conduct
the hearing within ten days after the filing of the report of

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the evaluation or, in the case of a defendant who is ordered by 77 the court pursuant to division $\frac{(H)}{(I)}$ of section 2945.371 of 78 the Revised Code to undergo a separate intellectual disability 79 evaluation conducted by a psychologist designated by the 80 director of developmental disabilities, within ten days after 81 the filing of the report of the separate intellectual disability 82 evaluation under that division. A hearing may be continued for 83 good cause. 84

(D) The defendant shall be represented by counsel at the hearing conducted under division (C) of this section. If the defendant is unable to obtain counsel, the court shall appoint counsel under Chapter 120. of the Revised Code or under the authority recognized in division (C) of section 120.06, division
(E) of section 120.16, division (E) of section 120.26, or section 2941.51 of the Revised Code before proceeding with the hearing.

(E) The prosecutor and defense counsel may submit evidence on the issue of the defendant's competence to stand trial. A written report of the evaluation of the defendant may be admitted into evidence at the hearing by stipulation, but, if either the prosecution or defense objects to its admission, the report may be admitted under sections 2317.36 to 2317.38 of the Revised Code or any other applicable statute or rule.

(F) The court shall not find a defendant incompetent to
stand trial solely because the defendant is receiving or has
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received treatment as a voluntary or involuntary mentally ill
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patient under Chapter 5122. or a voluntary or involuntary
resident with an intellectual disability under Chapter 5123. of
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the Revised Code or because the defendant is receiving or has
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received psychotropic drugs or other medication, even if the

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defendant might become incompetent to stand trial without the 107 drugs or medication. 108

(G) A defendant is presumed to be competent to stand 109 trial. If, after a hearing, the court finds by a preponderance 110 of the evidence that, because of the defendant's present mental 111 condition, the defendant is incapable of understanding the 112 nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant or 113 of assisting in the defendant's defense, the court shall find 114 the defendant incompetent to stand trial and shall enter an 115 order authorized by section 2945.38 of the Revised Code. 116

(H) Municipal courts shall follow the procedures set forth 117 in sections 2945.37 to 2945.402 of the Revised Code. Except as 118 provided in section 2945.371 of the Revised Code, a municipal 119 court shall not order an evaluation of the defendant's 120 competence to stand trial or the defendant's mental condition at 121 the time of the commission of the offense to be conducted at any 122 hospital operated by the department of mental health and 123 addiction services. Those evaluations shall be performed through 124 community resources including, but not limited to, certified 125 forensic centers, court probation departments, and community 126 mental health services providers. All expenses of the 127 evaluations shall be borne by the legislative authority of the 128 municipal court, as defined in section 1901.03 of the Revised 129 Code, and shall be taxed as costs in the case. If a defendant is 130 found incompetent to stand trial or not quilty by reason of 131 insanity, a municipal court may commit the defendant as provided 132 in sections 2945.38 to 2945.402 of the Revised Code. 133

Sec. 2945.371. (A) If the issue of a defendant's134competence to stand trial is raised or if a defendant enters a135plea of not guilty by reason of insanity, the court may order136

one or more evaluations of the defendant's present mental 137 condition or, in the case of a plea of not guilty by reason of 138 insanity, of the defendant's mental condition at the time of the 139 offense charged. An examiner shall conduct the evaluation. 140

(B) If the court orders more than one evaluation under 141 division (A) of this section, the prosecutor and the defendant 142 may recommend to the court an examiner whom each prefers to 143 perform one of the evaluations. If a defendant enters a plea of 144 not guilty by reason of insanity and if the court does not 145 designate an examiner recommended by the defendant, the court 146 shall inform the defendant that the defendant may have 147 independent expert evaluation and that, if the defendant is 148 unable to obtain independent expert evaluation, it will be 149 obtained for the defendant at public expense if the defendant is 150 151 indigent.

(C) (1) If the court orders an evaluation under division
(A) of this section, the defendant shall be available at the
times and places established by the examiners who are to conduct
the evaluation. The examiners may conduct the evaluation through
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electronic means. The court may order a defendant who has been
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released on bail or recognizance to submit to an evaluation
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under this section. If-

(2) Except as provided in division (E) of this section, if 159 a defendant who has been released on bail or recognizance 160 refuses to submit to a complete evaluation, the court may amend 161 the conditions of bail or recognizance and order the sheriff to 162 take the defendant into custody and deliver the defendant to a 163 center, program, or facility operated or certified by the 164 department of mental health and addiction services or the 165 department of developmental disabilities where the defendant may 166

be held for evaluation for a reasonable period of time not to	167
exceed twenty days.	168
(D) <u>(1)</u> A defendant who has not been released on bail or	169
recognizance may be evaluated at the defendant's place of	170
detention. Upon	171
(2) Except as provided in division (E) of this section,	172
upon the request of the examiner, the court may order the	173
sheriff to transport the defendant to a program or facility	174
operated or certified by the department of mental health and	175
addiction services or the department of developmental	176
disabilities, where the defendant may be held for evaluation for	177
a reasonable period of time not to exceed twenty days, and to	178
return the defendant to the place of detention after the	179
evaluation. A municipal court may make an order under this	180
division only upon the request of a certified forensic center	181
examiner.	182
(E) <u>The court shall not order a defendant to be held for</u>	183
evaluation in a center, program, or facility operated by the	184
department of mental health and addiction services or the	185
department of developmental disabilities unless the defendant is	186
charged with a felony or an offense of violence or unless the	187
court determines that the defendant is in need of immediate	188
hospitalization.	189
(F) If a court orders the evaluation to determine a	190
defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense charged,	191
the court shall inform the examiner of the offense with which	192
the defendant is charged.	193
(F) <u>(</u>G) In conducting an evaluation of a defendant's	194
mental condition at the time of the offense charged, the	195

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examiner shall consider all relevant evidence and may conduct	196
the evaluation through electronic means. If the offense charged	197
involves the use of force against another person, the relevant	198
evidence to be considered includes, but is not limited to, any	199
evidence that the defendant suffered, at the time of the	200
commission of the offense, from the "battered woman syndrome."	201
(G) <u>(H)</u> The examiner shall file a written report with the	202
court <u>, under seal,</u> within thirty days after entry of a court	203
order for evaluation , and the <u>.</u> The court shall provide copies	204
of the report to the prosecutor and defense counsel and shall	205
allow for inspection of the report by the defendant, the	206
defendant's guardian, and any mental health professional	207
involved in the treatment of the defendant, but the report shall	208
not be open to public inspection. The report shall include all	209
of the following:	210
(1) The examiner's findings;	211
(2) The facts in reasonable detail on which the findings	212
are based;	213
(3) If the evaluation was ordered to determine the	214
defendant's competence to stand trial, all of the following	215
findings or recommendations that are applicable:	216
(a) Whether the defendant is capable of understanding the	217
nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant or	218
of assisting in the defendant's defense;	219
(b) If the examiner's opinion is that the defendant is	220
incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the	221
incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the	221 222

opinion is that the defendant presently has an intellectual 225 disability, whether the defendant appears to be a person with an 226 intellectual disability subject to institutionalization by court 227 order; 228

(c) If the examiner's opinion is that the defendant is 229 incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the 230 proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the 231 defendant's defense, the examiner's opinion as to the likelihood 232 of the defendant becoming capable of understanding the nature 233 234 and objective of the proceedings against the defendant and of assisting in the defendant's defense within one year if the 235 defendant is provided with a course of treatment; 236

(d) If the examiner's opinion is that the defendant is 237 incapable of understanding the nature and objective of the 238 proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the 239 defendant's defense and that the defendant presently is mentally 240 ill or has an intellectual disability, the examiner's 241 recommendation as to the least restrictive placement or 242 commitment alternative, including consideration of housing needs 243 244 and the availability of mental health treatment in the 245 community, consistent with the defendant's treatment needs for restoration to competency and with the safety of the community. 246

(4) If the evaluation was ordered to determine the 247 defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense charged, 248 the examiner's findings as to whether the defendant, at the time 249 of the offense charged, did not know, as a result of a severe 250 mental disease or defect, the wrongfulness of the defendant's 251 acts charged. 252

(H) (I) If the examiner's report filed under division (G)253(H) of this section indicates that in the examiner's opinion the254

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defendant is incapable of understanding the nature and objective 255 of the proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the 256 defendant's defense and that in the examiner's opinion the 257 defendant appears to be a person with an intellectual disability 258 subject to institutionalization by court order, the court shall 259 order the defendant to undergo a separate intellectual 260 disability evaluation conducted by a psychologist designated by 261 the director of developmental disabilities. Divisions (C) to (F)262 (G) of this section apply in relation to a separate intellectual 263 264 disability evaluation conducted under this division. The psychologist appointed under this division to conduct the 265 separate intellectual disability evaluation shall file a written 266 report with the court within thirty days after the entry of the 267 court order requiring the separate intellectual disability 268 evaluation, and the court shall provide copies of the report to 269 the prosecutor and defense counsel. The report shall include all 270 of the information described in divisions $\frac{(G)(1)}{(H)(1)}$ to (4) 271 of this section. If the court orders a separate intellectual 272 disability evaluation of a defendant under this division, the 273 court shall not conduct a hearing under divisions (B) to (H) of 274 section 2945.37 of the Revised Code regarding that defendant 275 until a report of the separate intellectual disability 276 evaluation conducted under this division has been filed. Upon 277 the filing of that report, the court shall conduct the hearing 278 within the period of time specified in division (C) of section 279 2945.37 of the Revised Code. 280

(I) (J) An examiner appointed under divisions (A) and (B)281of this section or under division (H) (I) of this section to282evaluate a defendant to determine the defendant's competence to283stand trial also may be appointed to evaluate a defendant who284has entered a plea of not guilty by reason of insanity, but an285

examiner of that nature shall prepare separate reports on the 286 issue of competence to stand trial and the defense of not guilty 287 by reason of insanity. 288

(J) (K) No statement that a defendant makes in an 289 evaluation or hearing under divisions (A) to $\frac{(H)}{(I)}$ of this 290 section relating to the defendant's competence to stand trial or 291 to the defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense 292 charged shall be used against the defendant on the issue of 293 quilt in any criminal action or proceeding, but, in a criminal 294 295 action or proceeding, the prosecutor or defense counsel may call as a witness any person who evaluated the defendant or prepared 296 a report pursuant to a referral under this section. Neither the 297 appointment nor the testimony of an examiner appointed under 298 this section precludes the prosecutor or defense counsel from 299 calling other witnesses or presenting other evidence on 300 301 competency or insanity issues.

(K) (L) Persons appointed as examiners under divisions (A) 302 and (B) of this section or under division $\frac{(H)}{(I)}$ of this 303 section shall be paid a reasonable amount for their services and 304 expenses, as certified by the court. The certified amount shall 305 be paid by the county in the case of county courts and courts of 306 common pleas and by the legislative authority, as defined in 307 section 1901.03 of the Revised Code, in the case of municipal 308 courts. 309

Sec. 2945.38. (A) If the issue of a defendant's competence 310 to stand trial is raised and if the court, upon conducting the 311 hearing provided for in section 2945.37 of the Revised Code, 312 finds that the defendant is competent to stand trial, the 313 defendant shall be proceeded against as provided by law. If the 314 court finds the defendant competent to stand trial and the 315

defendant is receiving psychotropic drugs or other medication,316the court may authorize the continued administration of the317drugs or medication or other appropriate treatment in order to318maintain the defendant's competence to stand trial, unless the319defendant's attending physician advises the court against320continuation of the drugs, other medication, or treatment.321

(B) (1) (a) If, after taking into consideration all relevant 322 reports, information, and other evidence, the court finds that 323 the defendant is incompetent to stand trial and that there is a 324 325 substantial probability that the defendant will become competent to stand trial within one year if the defendant is provided with 326 327 a course of treatment, the court shall order the defendant to 328 undergo treatment. If the defendant has been charged with a felony offense and if, after taking into consideration all 329 relevant reports, information, and other evidence, the court 330 finds that the defendant is incompetent to stand trial, but the 3.31 court is unable at that time to determine whether there is a 332 substantial probability that the defendant will become competent 333 to stand trial within one year if the defendant is provided with 334 a course of treatment, the court shall order continuing 335 evaluation and treatment of the defendant for a period not to 336 exceed four months to determine whether there is a substantial 337 probability that the defendant will become competent to stand 338 trial within one year if the defendant is provided with a course 339 of treatment. 340

(b) The court order for the defendant to undergo treatment
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or continuing evaluation and treatment under division (B) (1) (a)
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of this section shall specify that the defendant, if determined
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to require mental health treatment or continuing evaluation and
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treatment, either shall be committed to the department of mental
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health and addiction services for treatment or continuing
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evaluation and treatment at a hospital, facility, or agency, as 347 determined to be clinically appropriate by the department of 348 mental health and addiction services or shall be committed to a 349 facility certified by the department of mental health and 350 addiction services as being qualified to treat mental illness, 3.51 to a public or community mental health facility, to a county 352 board of alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services, or 353 to a psychiatrist or another mental health professional for 354 treatment or continuing evaluation and treatment. Prior Within 355 forty-eight hours prior to placing the defendant, the department 356 of mental health and addiction services shall obtain inform the 357 court approval for and the prosecutor of that placement 358 following a hearing. The court order for the defendant to 359 undergo treatment or continuing evaluation and treatment under 360 division (B)(1)(a) of this section shall specify that the 361 defendant, if determined to require treatment or continuing 362 evaluation and treatment for an intellectual disability, shall 363 receive treatment or continuing evaluation and treatment at an 364 institution or facility operated by the department of 365 developmental disabilities, at a facility certified by the 366 department of developmental disabilities as being qualified to 367 treat intellectual disabilities, at a public or private 368 intellectual disabilities facility, or by a psychiatrist or 369 another intellectual disabilities professional. In any case, the 370 order may restrict the defendant's freedom of movement as the 371 court considers necessary. The prosecutor in the defendant's 372 case shall send to the chief clinical officer of the hospital, 373 facility, or agency where the defendant is placed by the 374 department of mental health and addiction services, or to the 375 managing officer of the institution, the director of the program 376 or facility, or the person to which the defendant is committed, 377 378 copies of relevant police reports and other background

information that pertains to the defendant and is available to379the prosecutor unless the prosecutor determines that the release380of any of the information in the police reports or any of the381other background information to unauthorized persons would382interfere with the effective prosecution of any person or would383create a substantial risk of harm to any person.384

In determining the place of commitment, the court shall 385 consider the extent to which the person is a danger to the 386 person and to others, the need for security, the availability of 387 housing and supportive services, including outpatient mental 388 health services, and the type of crime involved and shall order 389 the least restrictive alternative available that is consistent 390 with public safety and treatment goals. In weighing these 391 factors, the court shall give preference to protecting public 392 safety and the availability of housing and supportive services. 393

(c) If the defendant is found incompetent to stand trial, 394 if the chief clinical officer of the hospital, facility, or 395 agency where the defendant is placed, or the managing officer of 396 the institution, the director of the program or facility, or the 397 person to which the defendant is committed for treatment or 398 continuing evaluation and treatment under division (B)(1)(b) of 399 this section determines that medication is necessary to restore 400 the defendant's competency to stand trial, and if the defendant 401 lacks the capacity to give informed consent or refuses 402 403 medication, the chief clinical officer of the hospital, facility, or agency where the defendant is placed, or the 404 managing officer of the institution, the director of the program 405 or facility, or the person to which the defendant is committed 406 for treatment or continuing evaluation and treatment may 407 petition the court for authorization for the involuntary 408 administration of medication. The court shall hold a hearing on 409

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the petition within five days of the filing of the petition if 410 the petition was filed in a municipal court or a county court 411 regarding an incompetent defendant charged with a misdemeanor or 412 within ten days of the filing of the petition if the petition 413 was filed in a court of common pleas regarding an incompetent 414 defendant charged with a felony offense. Following the hearing, 415 416 the court may authorize the involuntary administration of 417 medication or may dismiss the petition.

(2) If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent 418 to stand trial and that, even if the defendant is provided with 419 a course of treatment, there is not a substantial probability 420 that the defendant will become competent to stand trial within 421 422 one year, the court shall order the discharge of the defendant, unless upon motion of the prosecutor or on its own motion, the 423 court either seeks to retain jurisdiction over the defendant 424 pursuant to section 2945.39 of the Revised Code or files an 425 affidavit in the probate court for the civil commitment of the 426 defendant pursuant to Chapter 5122. or 5123. of the Revised Code 427 alleging that the defendant is a mentally ill person subject to 428 court order or a person with an intellectual disability subject 429 to institutionalization by court order. If an affidavit is filed 430 in the probate court, the trial court shall send to the probate 431 court copies of all written reports of the defendant's mental 432 condition that were prepared pursuant to section 2945.371 of the 433 Revised Code. 434

The trial court may issue the temporary order of detention435that a probate court may issue under section 5122.11 or 5123.71436of the Revised Code, to remain in effect until the probable437cause or initial hearing in the probate court. Further438proceedings in the probate court are civil proceedings governed439by Chapter 5122. or 5123. of the Revised Code.440

(C) No defendant shall be required to undergo treatment,	441
including any continuing evaluation and treatment, under	442
division (B)(1) of this section for longer than whichever of the	443
following periods is applicable:	444
(1) One year, if the most serious offense with which the	445
defendant is charged is one of the following offenses:	446
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(a) Aggravated murder, murder, or an offense of violence	447
for which a sentence of death or life imprisonment may be	448
<pre>imposed;</pre>	449
(b) An offense of violence that is a felony of the first	450
or second degree;	451
(c) A conspiracy to commit, an attempt to commit, or	452
complicity in the commission of an offense described in division	453
(C)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if the conspiracy, attempt, or	454
complicity is a felony of the first or second degree.	455
(2) Six months, if the most serious offense with which the	456
defendant is charged is a felony other than a felony described	457
in division (C)(1) of this section;	458
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(3) Sixty days, if the most serious offense with which the	459
defendant is charged is a misdemeanor of the first or second	460
degree;	461
(4) Thirty days, if the most serious offense with which	462
the defendant is charged is a misdemeanor of the third or fourth	463
degree, a minor misdemeanor, or an unclassified misdemeanor.	464
(D) Any defendant who is committed pursuant to this	465
section shall not voluntarily admit the defendant or be	466
voluntarily admitted to a hospital or institution pursuant to	467
section 5122.02, 5122.15, 5123.69, or 5123.76 of the Revised	468

(E) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a 470 defendant who is charged with an offense and is committed by the 471 court under this section to the department of mental health and 472 addiction services or is committed to an institution or facility 473 for the treatment of intellectual disabilities shall not be 474 granted unsupervised on-grounds movement, supervised off-grounds 475 movement, or nonsecured status except in accordance with the 476 court order. The court may grant a defendant supervised off-477 grounds movement to obtain medical treatment or specialized 478 habilitation treatment services if the person who supervises the 479 treatment or the continuing evaluation and treatment of the 480 defendant ordered under division (B)(1)(a) of this section 481 informs the court that the treatment or continuing evaluation 482 and treatment cannot be provided at the hospital or facility 483 where the defendant is placed by the department of mental health 484 and addiction services or the institution or facility to which 485 the defendant is committed. The chief clinical officer of the 486 hospital or facility where the defendant is placed by the 487 department of mental health and addiction services or the 488 managing officer of the institution or director of the facility 489 to which the defendant is committed, or a designee of any of 490 those persons, may grant a defendant movement to a medical 491 facility for an emergency medical situation with appropriate 492 supervision to ensure the safety of the defendant, staff, and 493 community during that emergency medical situation. The chief 494 clinical officer of the hospital or facility where the defendant 495 is placed by the department of mental health and addiction 496 services or the managing officer of the institution or director 497 of the facility to which the defendant is committed shall notify 498 the court within twenty-four hours of the defendant's movement 499

to the medical facility for an emergency medical situation under this division. 501 (F) The person who supervises the treatment or continuing 502 evaluation and treatment of a defendant ordered to undergo 503 treatment or continuing evaluation and treatment under division 504 (B) (1) (a) of this section shall file a written report with the 505 court at the following times: 506 (1) Whenever the person believes the defendant is capable 507 of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings 508 against the defendant and of assisting in the defendant's 509 defense; 510 (2) For a felony offense, fourteen days before expiration 511 of the maximum time for treatment as specified in division (C) 512 of this section and fourteen days before the expiration of the 513 maximum time for continuing evaluation and treatment as 514 specified in division (B)(1)(a) of this section, and, for a 515 misdemeanor offense, ten days before the expiration of the 516 maximum time for treatment, as specified in division (C) of this 517 section: 518

(3) At a minimum, after each six months of treatment;

(4) Whenever the person who supervises the treatment or 520 continuing evaluation and treatment of a defendant ordered under 521 division (B)(1)(a) of this section believes that there is not a 522 substantial probability that the defendant will become capable 523 of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings 524 against the defendant or of assisting in the defendant's defense 525 even if the defendant is provided with a course of treatment. 526

(G) A report under division (F) of this section shall 527 contain the examiner's findings, the facts in reasonable detail 528

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on which the findings are based, and the examiner's opinion as 529 to the defendant's capability of understanding the nature and 530 objective of the proceedings against the defendant and of 531 assisting in the defendant's defense. If, in the examiner's 532 opinion, the defendant remains incapable of understanding the 533 nature and objective of the proceedings against the defendant 534 and of assisting in the defendant's defense and there is a 535 substantial probability that the defendant will become capable 536 of understanding the nature and objective of the proceedings 537 against the defendant and of assisting in the defendant's 538 defense if the defendant is provided with a course of treatment, 539 if in the examiner's opinion the defendant remains mentally ill 540 or continues to have an intellectual disability, and if the 541 maximum time for treatment as specified in division (C) of this 542 section has not expired, the report also shall contain the 543 examiner's recommendation as to the least restrictive placement 544 or commitment alternative that is consistent with the 545

defendant's treatment needs for restoration to competency and546with the safety of the community. The court shall provide copies547of the report to the prosecutor and defense counsel.548

(H) If a defendant is committed pursuant to division (B) 549 (1) of this section, within ten days after the treating 550 physician of the defendant or the examiner of the defendant who 551 is employed or retained by the treating facility advises that 552 there is not a substantial probability that the defendant will 553 become capable of understanding the nature and objective of the 554 proceedings against the defendant or of assisting in the 555 defendant's defense even if the defendant is provided with a 556 course of treatment, within ten days after the expiration of the 557 maximum time for treatment as specified in division (C) of this 558 section, within ten days after the expiration of the maximum 559

time for continuing evaluation and treatment as specified in 560 division (B)(1)(a) of this section, within thirty days after a 561 defendant's request for a hearing that is made after six months 562 of treatment, or within thirty days after being advised by the 563 treating physician or examiner that the defendant is competent 564 to stand trial, whichever is the earliest, the court shall 565 conduct another hearing to determine if the defendant is 566 competent to stand trial and shall do whichever of the following 567 is applicable: 568

(1) If the court finds that the defendant is competent to
stand trial, the defendant shall be proceeded against as
provided by law.

(2) If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent 572 to stand trial, but that there is a substantial probability that 573 the defendant will become competent to stand trial if the 574 defendant is provided with a course of treatment, and the 575 maximum time for treatment as specified in division (C) of this 576 section has not expired, the court, after consideration of the 577 examiner's recommendation, shall order that treatment be 578 continued, may change the facility or program at which the 579 treatment is to be continued, and shall specify whether the 580 treatment is to be continued at the same or a different facility 581 or program. 582

(3) If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent 583 to stand trial, if the defendant is charged with an offense 584 listed in division (C)(1) of this section, and if the court 585 finds that there is not a substantial probability that the 586 defendant will become competent to stand trial even if the 587 defendant is provided with a course of treatment, or if the 588 maximum time for treatment relative to that offense as specified 589 in division (C) of this section has expired, further proceedings shall be as provided in sections 2945.39, 2945.401, and 2945.402 of the Revised Code.

(4) If the court finds that the defendant is incompetent 593 to stand trial, if the most serious offense with which the 594 defendant is charged is a misdemeanor or a felony other than a 595 felony listed in division (C)(1) of this section, and if the 596 court finds that there is not a substantial probability that the 597 defendant will become competent to stand trial even if the 598 defendant is provided with a course of treatment, or if the 599 maximum time for treatment relative to that offense as specified 600 in division (C) of this section has expired, the court shall 601 dismiss the indictment, information, or complaint against the 602 defendant. A dismissal under this division is not a bar to 603 further prosecution based on the same conduct. The court shall 604 discharge the defendant unless the court or prosecutor files an 605 affidavit in probate court for civil commitment pursuant to 606 Chapter 5122. or 5123. of the Revised Code. If an affidavit for 607 civil commitment is filed, the court may detain the defendant 608 for ten days enter an interim order of civil commitment for the 609 defendant, pending civil commitmenta hearing in the probate 610 court within thirty days, and the court may appoint a limited 611 quardian for the defendant for the purpose of making mental 612 health treatment decisions. The court has jurisdiction to 613 appoint a guardian for the defendant notwithstanding anything to 614 the contrary in section 2101.24 of the Revised Code. All of the 615 requirements for a guardianship under Chapter 2112. of the 616 Revised Code shall apply to a quardianship created under this 617 division except that a quardianship under this division is 618 temporary and terminates upon the probate court's disposition of 619 the affidavit for civil commitment. All of the following 620

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provisions apply to persons charged with a misdemeanor or a621felony other than a felony listed in division (C) (1) of this622section who are committed by the probate court subsequent to the623court's or prosecutor's filing of an affidavit for civil624commitment under authority of this division:625

(a) The chief clinical officer of the entity, hospital, or
facility, the managing officer of the institution, the director
of the program, or the person to which the defendant is
committed or admitted shall do all of the following:

(i) Notify the prosecutor, in writing, of the discharge of
(i) Notify the prosecutor, in writing, of the discharge of
(i) the defendant, send the notice at least ten days prior to the
(i) discharge unless the discharge is by the probate court, and
(i) discharged;

(ii) Notify the prosecutor, in writing, when the defendant is absent without leave or is granted unsupervised, off-grounds movement, and send this notice promptly after the discovery of the absence without leave or prior to the granting of the unsupervised, off-grounds movement, whichever is applicable;

(iii) Notify the prosecutor, in writing, of the change of
the defendant's commitment or admission to voluntary status,
send the notice promptly upon learning of the change to
voluntary status, and state in the notice the date on which the
defendant was committed or admitted on a voluntary status.

(b) Upon receiving notice that the defendant will be
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granted unsupervised, off-grounds movement, the prosecutor
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either shall re-indict the defendant or promptly notify the
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court that the prosecutor does not intend to prosecute the
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charges against the defendant.
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(I) If a defendant is convicted of a crime and sentenced 650 to a jail or workhouse, the defendant's sentence shall be 651 reduced by the total number of days the defendant is confined 652 for evaluation to determine the defendant's competence to stand 653 trial or treatment under this section and sections 2945.37 and 654 2945.371 of the Revised Code or by the total number of days the 655 defendant is confined for evaluation to determine the 656 defendant's mental condition at the time of the offense charged. 657

Sec. 2945.39. (A) If a defendant who is charged with an 658 offense described in division (C)(1) of section 2945.38 of the 659 Revised Code is found incompetent to stand trial, after the 660 expiration of the maximum time for treatment as specified in 661 division (C) of that section or after the court finds that there 662 is not a substantial probability that the defendant will become 663 competent to stand trial even if the defendant is provided with 664 a course of treatment, one of the following applies: 665

(1) The court or the prosecutor may file an affidavit in 666 probate court for civil commitment of the defendant in the 667 manner provided in Chapter 5122. or 5123. of the Revised Code. 668 669 If the court or prosecutor files an affidavit for civil commitment, the court may detain the defendant for ten days 670 enter an interim order of civil commitment for the defendant, 671 pending a civil commitment hearing in the probate court that 672 shall be held within thirty days. If the probate court commits 673 the defendant subsequent to the court's or prosecutor's filing 674 of an affidavit for civil commitment, the chief clinical officer 675 of the entity, hospital, or facility, the managing officer of 676 the institution, the director of the program, or the person to 677 which the defendant is committed or admitted shall send to the 678 prosecutor the notices described in divisions (H) (4) (a) (i) to 679 (iii) of section 2945.38 of the Revised Code within the periods 680

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divisions. 682 (2) On the motion of the prosecutor or on its own motion, 683 the court may retain jurisdiction over the defendant if, at a 684 hearing, the court finds both of the following by clear and 685 convincing evidence: 686 (a) The defendant committed the offense with which the 687 defendant is charged. 688 (b) The defendant is a mentally ill person subject to 689 court order or a person with an intellectual disability subject 690 to institutionalization by court order. 691 (B) In making its determination under division (A)(2) of 692 this section as to whether to retain jurisdiction over the 693 defendant, the court may consider all relevant evidence, 694 including, but not limited to, any relevant psychiatric, 695 psychological, or medical testimony or reports, the acts 696 constituting the offense charged, and any history of the 697 698 defendant that is relevant to the defendant's ability to conform to the law. 699 (C) If the court conducts a hearing as described in 700 division (A)(2) of this section and if the court does not make 701 both findings described in divisions (A) (2) (a) and (b) of this 702 section by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall 703 dismiss the indictment, information, or complaint against the 704 defendant. Upon the dismissal, the court shall discharge the 705

of time and under the circumstances specified in those

defendant unless the court or prosecutor files an affidavit in 706 probate court for civil commitment of the defendant pursuant to 707 Chapter 5122. or 5123. of the Revised Code. If the court or 708 709 prosecutor files an affidavit for civil commitment, the court

may order that the defendant be detained for up to ten days 710 pending the civil commitment. If the probate court commits the 711 defendant subsequent to the court's or prosecutor's filing of an 712 affidavit for civil commitment, the chief clinical officer of 713 the entity, hospital, or facility, the managing officer of the 714 institution, the director of the program, or the person to which 715 the defendant is committed or admitted shall send to the 716 prosecutor the notices described in divisions (H)(4)(a)(i) to 717 (iii) of section 2945.38 of the Revised Code within the periods 718 of time and under the circumstances specified in those 719 divisions. A dismissal of charges under this division is not a 720 bar to further criminal proceedings based on the same conduct. 721

722 (D) (1) If the court conducts a hearing as described in division (A)(2) of this section and if the court makes the 723 findings described in divisions (A)(2)(a) and (b) of this 724 section by clear and convincing evidence, the court shall commit 725 the defendant, if determined to require mental health treatment, 726 either to the department of mental health and addiction services 727 for treatment at a hospital, facility, or agency as determined 728 clinically appropriate by the department of mental health and 729 addiction services or to another medical or psychiatric 730 facility, as appropriate. Prior to placing the defendant, the 731 department of mental health and addiction services shall obtain 732 court approval for that placement. If the court conducts such a 733 hearing and if it makes those findings by clear and convincing 734 evidence, the court shall commit the defendant, if determined to 735 require treatment for an intellectual disability, to a facility 736 operated by the department of developmental disabilities, or 737 another facility, as appropriate. In determining the place of 738 commitment, the court shall consider the extent to which the 739 person is a danger to the person and to others, the need for 740

security, and the type of crime involved and shall order the 741 least restrictive alternative available that is consistent with 742 public safety and the welfare of the defendant. In weighing 743 these factors, the court shall give preference to protecting 744 public safety. 745

(2) If a court makes a commitment of a defendant under 746 division (D)(1) of this section, the prosecutor shall send to 747 the hospital, facility, or agency where the defendant is placed 748 by the department of mental health and addiction services or to 749 the defendant's place of commitment all reports of the 750 751 defendant's current mental condition and, except as otherwise provided in this division, any other relevant information, 752 including, but not limited to, a transcript of the hearing held 753 pursuant to division (A)(2) of this section, copies of relevant 754 police reports, and copies of any prior arrest and conviction 755 records that pertain to the defendant and that the prosecutor 756 possesses. The prosecutor shall send the reports of the 757 defendant's current mental condition in every case of 758 commitment, and, unless the prosecutor determines that the 759 release of any of the other relevant information to unauthorized 760 persons would interfere with the effective prosecution of any 761 person or would create a substantial risk of harm to any person, 762 the prosecutor also shall send the other relevant information. 763 Upon admission of a defendant committed under division (D)(1) of 764 this section, the place of commitment shall send to the board of 765 alcohol, drug addiction, and mental health services or the 766 community mental health board serving the county in which the 767 charges against the defendant were filed a copy of all reports 768 of the defendant's current mental condition and a copy of the 769 other relevant information provided by the prosecutor under this 770 division, including, if provided, a transcript of the hearing 771

held pursuant to division (A) (2) of this section, the relevant772police reports, and the prior arrest and conviction records that773pertain to the defendant and that the prosecutor possesses.774

(3) If a court makes a commitment under division (D)(1) of
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this section, all further proceedings shall be in accordance
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with sections 2945.401 and 2945.402 of the Revised Code.
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 Section 2. That existing sections 2945.37, 2945.371,
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 2945.38, and 2945.39 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.
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Section 3. All items in this section are hereby 780 appropriated as designated out of any moneys in the state 781 treasury to the credit of the designated fund. For all 782 appropriations made in this act, those in the first column are 783 for fiscal year 2020 and those in the second column are for 784 fiscal year 2021. The appropriations made in this act are in 785 addition to any other appropriations made for the FY 2020-FY 786 2021 biennium. 787

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1 2 3 4 5 А DMH DEPARTMENT OF MENTAL HEALTH AND ADDICTION SERVICES General Revenue Fund В С GRF 336428 Guardianships \$ 250,000 \$ 250,000 \$ 250,000 \$ TOTAL GRF General Revenue Fund 250,000 D GUARDIANSHIPS 789 The foregoing appropriation item 336428, Guardianships, 790

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shall be used to help pay the costs associated with the791appointment of guardians in accordance with section 2945.38 of792the Revised Code.793

Section 4. Within the limits set forth in this act, the 794 Director of Budget and Management shall establish accounts 795 indicating the source and amount of funds for each appropriation 796 made in this act, and shall determine the form and manner in 797 which appropriation accounts shall be maintained. Expenditures 798 from appropriations contained in this act shall be accounted for 799 as though made in Am. Sub. H.B. 166 of the 133rd General 800 801 Assembly.

The appropriations made in this act are subject to all802provisions of Am. Sub. H.B. 166 of the 133rd General Assembly803that are generally applicable to such appropriations.804