### As Reported by the Senate Government Oversight and Reform Committee

# 134th General Assembly

# Regular Session 2021-2022

S. B. No. 333

#### **Senator Wilson**

**Cosponsors: Senators Roegner, Schaffer** 

## A BILL

| То | amend section | 2305.37 of the Revised Code to    | 1 |
|----|---------------|-----------------------------------|---|
|    | alter the law | governing immunity from liability | 2 |
|    | for donations | of perishable food.               | 3 |

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

| Section 1. That section 2305.37 of the Revised Code be          | 4  |
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| amended to read as follows:                                     | 5  |
| Sec. 2305.37. (A) As used in this section:                      | 6  |
| (1) "Agency" means any nonhospital, charitable nonprofit        | 7  |
| corporation that is organized and operated pursuant to Chapter  | 8  |
| 1702. of the Revised Code and that satisfies both all of the    | 9  |
| following, or any nonhospital, charitable association, group,   | 10 |
| institution, organization, or society that is not organized and | 11 |
| not operated for profit and that satisfies both all of the      | 12 |
| following:  | 13 |
| (a) It distributes consumer goods or perishable food,           | 14 |
| directly or indirectly, to individuals in need.                 | 15 |
| (b) It does not charge or accept any form of compensation       | 16 |
| from the individuals in need for the distribution of the        | 17 |

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(8) (9) "Perishable food" means any food that may spoil or otherwise become unfit for human consumption because of its nature, age, or physical condition. "Perishable food" includes, but is not limited to, fresh meats, processed meats, poultry, fish and other seafood, dairy products, bakery products, eggs in the shell, fresh fruits, fresh vegetables, food that is gleaned, food that is packaged, refrigerated, or frozen, food that is canned, and prepared or other food that has not been served by a restaurant, cafeteria, hospital, hotel, caterer, or other food service operation to any customer, patient, or other person in the ordinary course of business, by a public or private school, college, university, or other educational institution to a student or another person on the premises in the ordinary course of the operation of the institution, or by a fraternal, veteran's, or other organization to its members or other persons on the premises in the ordinary course of the operation of the organization.

(9) (10) "Person" has the same meaning as in section 1.59 of the Revised Code and additionally includes governmental entities and federal instrumentalities.

(10)—(11) "Sale date" means the date by which the manufacturer, processor, or packager of a packaged food product recommends that the food product be sold for consumption based on the food product's quality assurance period.

(11)—(12) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for injury, death, or loss to person or property. "Tort action" includes a product liability claim that is subject to sections 2307.71 to 2307.80 of the Revised Code but does not include a civil action for a breach of contract or another agreement between persons.

- (B) Notwithstanding Chapter 3715. of the Revised Code, a person who, in good faith, donates perishable food to an agency is not liable in damages in a tort action for harm that allegedly arises because that perishable food, when distributed by the agency or any other agency to a particular individual in need, is not fit for human consumption, if both of the following apply:
- (1) Prior to the donation of the perishable food to the agency, the person determines that the perishable food will be fit for human consumption at the time of its donation. A presumption favoring liability does not arise because the perishable food is donated to an agency on or after an applicable sale date.
- (2) The person does not make the determination that the perishable food will be fit for human consumption at the time of its donation to the agency in a manner that constitutes gross negligence or willful or wanton misconduct.
- (C) A person who, in good faith, donates consumer goods to

  an agency is not liable in damages in a tort action for harm

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  that allegedly arises because those consumer goods are not fit

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  for use at the time the agency or any other agency distributes

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  them to a particular individual in need, if both of the

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  following apply:
- (1) Prior to the donation of the consumer goods to the agency, the person determines that the consumer goods will be fit for use at the time of their donation. A presumption favoring liability does not arise because the consumer goods are in packaging that has been damaged.
  - (2) The person does not make the determination that the

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| defenses to tort liability established by another section of the                     | 134    |  |
| Revised Code or available at common law to which persons who                         | 135    |  |
| donate consumer goods or perishable food other than to agencies,                     | 136    |  |
| or to which agencies that distribute consumer goods or                               | 137    |  |
| perishable food other than to individuals in need, may be                            | 138    |  |
| entitled.  | 139    |  |
| Section 2. That existing section 2305.37 of the Revised                              | 140    |  |
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| Code is hereby repealed.   | 141    |  |