As Introduced

131st General Assembly Regular Session 2015-2016

S. B. No. 324

Senator Skindell

Cosponsors: Senators Yuko, Cafaro, Williams

A BILL

То	amend sections 3727.50, 3727.51, 3727.52, and	1
	3727.53 and to enact sections 3727.70 to 3727.78	2
	of the Revised Code to establish minimum ratios	3
	of direct-care registered nurses to patients in	4
	hospitals, to specify rights of registered	5
	nurses working in hospitals, and to prohibit	6
	retaliatory actions by hospitals against	7
	registered nurses.	8

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1 . That sections 3727.50, 3727.51, 3727.52, and	9
3727.53 be amended and sections 3727.70, 3727.71, 3727.72,	10
3727.73, 3727.74, 3727.75, 3727.76, 3727.77, and 3727.78 of the	11
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	12
Sec. 3727.50. As used in this section and sections 3727.51	13
to 3727.57 of the Revised Code:	14
(A) "Direct patient care" means care provided by a nurse	15
with direct responsibility to carry out medical regimens or	16
nursing care for one or more patients.	17
(B) "Direct-care registered nurse" means a registered	1.8

nurse who provides direct patient care.	19
(C) "Inpatient care unit" means a hospital unit, including	20
an operating room or other inpatient care area, in which nursing	21
care is provided to patients who have been admitted to the	22
hospital.	23
(C) (D) "Nurse" means a person who is licensed to practice	24
as a registered nurse under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code	25
or, if the hospital employs licensed practical nurses, a person	26
who is licensed to practice as a licensed practical nurse under	27
that chapter.	28
Sec. 3727.51. (A) Each hospital shall convene a hospital-	29
wide nursing care committee not later than ninety days after the	30
effective date of this section September 12, 2008, or, if the	31
hospital is not treating patients on the effective date of this	32
section September 12, 2008, ninety days after the hospital	33
begins to treat patients. The hospital shall select the members	34
of the committee, subject to all of the following:	35
(1) The hospital's chief nursing officer shall be included	36
as a member of the committee.	37
(2) At least fifty per cent of the committee's membership	38
shall consist of <u>direct-care</u> registered nurses who provide	39
direct patient care in the hospital. If the direct-care	40
registered nurses are represented under a collective bargaining	41
agreement, the authorized collective bargaining agent shall	42
appoint the committee members who are direct-care registered	43
nurses.	44
(3) The number of registered nurses included as members of	45
the committee shall be sufficient to provide adequate	46
representation of all types of nursing care services provided in	47

the hospital.	48
(B) The committee member who is the hospital's chief	49
nursing officer shall establish a mechanism for obtaining input	50
from nurses in all inpatient care units who provide direct	51
patient care regarding what the nursing services staffing plan	52
recommendations described in division (B) of section 3727.52 of	53
the Revised Code should include.	54
Sec. 3727.52. A hospital-wide nursing care committee	55
convened pursuant to section 3727.51 of the Revised Code shall	56
do both of the following:	57
(A) If one exists, evaluate the hospital's current nursing	58
services staffing plan;	59
(B) Recommend a nursing services staffing plan that is, at	60
a minimum, consistent with current standards established by	61
private accreditation organizations or governmental entities and	62
addresses all of the following:	63
(1) The selection, implementation, and evaluation of	64
minimum staffing levels for all inpatient care units that ensure	65
that the hospital has a staff of competent nurses with the	66
specialized skills needed to meet patient needs-in accordance-	67
with evidence-based safe nurse staffing standards;	68
(2) The complexity of complete care, assessment on patient	69
admission, volume of patient admissions, discharges and	70
transfers, evaluation of the progress of a patient's problems,	71
the amount of time needed for patient education, ongoing	72
physical assessments, planning for a patient's discharge,	73
assessment after a change in patient condition, and assessment	74
of the need for patient referrals;	75
(3) Patient acuity and the number of patients for whom	76

care is being provided;	77
(4) The need for ongoing assessments of a unit's patients	78
and its nursing staff levels;	79
(5) The hospital's policy for identifying additional	80
nurses who can provide direct patient care when patients'	81
unexpected needs exceed the planned workload for direct care	82
staff.	83
Sec. 3727.53. (A) In accordance with division (B) of this	84
section, each hospital shall create an evidence based a written	85
nursing services staffing plan guiding the assignment of nurses	86
hospital-wide other than direct-care registered nurses assigned	87
pursuant to sections 3727.71 and 3727.72 of the Revised Code.	88
The -	89
The staffing plan shall be implemented not later than	90
ninety days after the hospital-wide nursing care committee is	91
convened pursuant to section 3727.51 of the Revised Code, except	92
that if the hospital's next fiscal year starts not later than	93
one hundred eighty days after the date on which the committee	94
convenes, implementation may be delayed until the first day of	95
that fiscal year.	96
(B) The staffing plan created under this section shall, at	97
a minimum, reflect current standards established by private	98
accreditation organizations or governmental entities. The plan-	99
shall be based on multiple nurse and patient considerations that	100
yield minimum staffing levels for inpatient care units that	101
ensure that the hospital has a staff of competent nurses with	102
specialized skills needed to meet patient needs. These	103
considerations shall include both of the following:	104
(1) The recommendations of the hospital-wide nursing care	105

committee made under section 3727.52 of the Revised Code, which	106
shall be given significant consideration;	107
(2) All of the matters listed in divisions (B)(1) to (5)	108
of section 3727.52 of the Revised Code.	109
Sec. 3727.70. As used in sections 3727.70 to 3727.78 of	110
<pre>the Revised Code:</pre>	111
(A) "Artificial life support" means a technological system	112
used to aid, support, or replace a vital function of the body.	113
(B) "Direct-care registered nurse" has the same meaning as	114
in section 3727.50 of the Revised Code.	115
(C) "Nursing intervention" means a determination by a	116
direct-care registered nurse, before a medical order or	117
treatment plan is implemented, that the order or plan is in the	118
best interest of the patient.	119
(D) "Professional judgment" means application of a direct-	120
care registered nurse's knowledge, skill, expertise, and	121
experience in making decisions about patient care.	122
(E) "Technical support" means specialized equipment;	123
providing for invasive monitoring, telemetry, or mechanical	124
ventilation; or the immediate amelioration or remediation of	125
severe pathology for a patient requiring less care than that	126
provided by an intensive care unit but more than that provided	127
by a medical-surgical unit.	128
Sec. 3727.71. (A) Each hospital shall maintain the	129
following direct-care registered nurse-to-patient ratios:	130
(1) One direct-care registered nurse for each of the	131
<pre>following:</pre>	132

(a) A patient in an operating room;	133
(b) A patient receiving conscious sedation;	134
(c) A trauma or critical care patient in an emergency	135
<pre>department;</pre>	136
(d) An active labor patient, patient with medical or	137
obstetrical complications, or patient for whom the nurse	138
initiates epidural anesthesia and circulation for cesarean	139
<pre>delivery;</pre>	140
(e) An unstable newborn or newborn in a resuscitation	141
<pre>period;</pre>	142
(f) Every three of the following: a healthy mother-infant	143
couplet or, if a mother has delivered multiple infants, a	144
healthy mother-infant group that includes not more than three of	145
her infants.	146
(2)(a) One direct-care registered nurse for every two	147
patients in each of the following units who is not a patient	148
listed in division (A)(1) of this section:	149
(i) An intensive care unit;	150
(ii) A critical care unit for patients whose medical	151
conditions require continuous monitoring, complex nursing	152
interventions, restorative measures, and intensive nursing care	153
<pre>through direct observation;</pre>	154
(iii) A neonatal intensive care unit;	155
(iv) A burn unit;	156
(v) A postanesthesia recovery unit, regardless of the type	157
of anesthesia patients receive.	158
(b) One direct-care registered nurse for every two	159

patients during the immediate postpartum period.	160
(3) (a) One direct-care registered nurse for every three_	161
patients in each of the following units who is not a patient	162
listed in division (A)(1) or (2)(b) of this section:	163
(i) A step-down unit for patients whose severity of	164
illness, including all comorbidities, restorative measures, and	165
level of nursing intensity, requires any of the following:	166
intermediate intensive care, monitoring, multiple assessments,	167
specialized nursing interventions, evaluations, education of the	168
patient's family or other representatives, or technical support	169
but not necessarily artificial life support as a result of	170
<pre>moderate or potentially severe physiologic instability;</pre>	171
(ii) A pediatric unit;	172
(iii) A telemetry unit designated for electronic	173
monitoring, recording, retrieval, and display of cardiac	174
electrical signals for patients whose severity of illness,	175
including all comorbidities, restorative measures, and level of	176
nursing intensity, requires intermediate intensive care,	177
monitoring, multiple assessments, specialized nursing	178
interventions, evaluation, or education of the patient's family	179
or other representatives.	180
(b) One direct-care registered nurse for every three	181
antepartum patients who are not in active labor or three mother-	182
and-infant couplets in a postpartum area.	183
(4) (a) One direct-care registered nurse for every four	184
patients in each of the following units who is not a patient	185
<u>listed in division (A)(1), (2)(b), or (3)(b) of this section:</u>	186
(i) A medical-surgical unit for patients whose severity of	187
illness requires continuous care through direct observation,	188

including units for patients requiring less than intensive care	189
or step-down care, receiving twenty-four-hour inpatient general	190
medical care, post-surgical care, or both general medical and	191
post-surgical care, or with diverse diagnoses and diverse age	192
groups, but not units with pediatric patients;	193
(ii) A presurgical, admissions, or ambulatory surgical	194
unit;	195
(iii) A psychiatric unit;	196
(iv) Any other specialty unit.	197
(b) One direct-care registered nurse for every four of the	198
<pre>following patients:</pre>	199
(i) Patients in an emergency department who are not trauma	200
or critical care patients;	201
(ii) Mothers in an obstetrics unit who are not included in	202
division (A)(1)(f) of this section;	203
(iii) Postpartum or postgynecological surgery patients;	204
(iv) Recently born infants with no unusual medical needs	205
who are not included in division (A)(1)(f) of this section.	206
(5) (a) One direct-care registered nurse for every five	207
patients in each of the following units:	208
(i) A rehabilitation unit that is used to restore an ill	209
or injured patient to the highest level of self-sufficiency or	210
gainful employment of which the patient is capable in the	211
shortest possible time, compatible with the patient's physical,	212
intellectual, emotional, and psychological capabilities, and in	213
accordance with planned goals and objectives;	214
(ii) A skilled nursing unit that is used for the provision	215

of skilled nursing care and supportive care to patients whose	216
primary need is for skilled nursing care on a long-term basis	217
and patients who are admitted after at least a forty-eight-hour	218
period of continuous inpatient care and that provides activities	219
and such services as medical, nursing, dietary, and pharmaceutic	220
services.	221
(b) One direct-care registered nurse for every five	222
infants in a well-baby nursery.	223
(6) The ratios determined in accordance with section	224
3727.72 of the Revised Code for units and circumstances not	225
specified in divisions (A)(1) to (5) of this section.	226
(B) The ratios listed in division (A) of this section are	227
the minimum ratios of direct-care registered nurses to patients	228
that a hospital is required to maintain at all times.	229
(C) Identifying a unit or circumstance other than as	230
described in division (A) of this section does not affect the	231
duty of a hospital to maintain the direct-care registered nurse-	232
to-patient ratios listed in division (A) of this section.	233
Sec. 3727.72. (A) For each hospital unit not listed in	234
section 3727.71 of the Revised Code, the hospital-wide nursing	235
care committee convened under section 3727.51 of the Revised	236
Code shall, using the factors specified in division (B) of this	237
section, determine which unit listed in section 3727.71 of the	238
Revised Code has patient needs most similar to those of the unit	239
that is not listed in that section. The committee shall	240
communicate the results of the determination to the admistrators	241
of the hospital. The hospital administrators shall ensure that	242
the appropriate direct-care registered nurse-to-patient ratio is	243
implemented for the unit not later than thirty days after the	244

committee makes the determination.	245
(B) The hospital-wide nursing care committee shall	246
consider all of the following factors when making a	247
determination required by division (A) of this section:	248
(1) The registered nursing care requirements for	249
individual patients based on the severity of patient illness;	250
(2) The intensity of the nursing interventions and	251
complexity of the professional judgment required to design,	252
implement, and evaluate each patient's nursing care plan	253
consistent with professional standards;	254
(3) The ability of each patient to provide self-care,	255
regardless of motor, sensory, and cognitive deficits;	256
(4) The need for patient advocacy;	257
(5) The licensure of the personnel required for care;	258
(6) The patient care delivery system;	259
(7) The hospital's physical layout;	260
(8) The generally accepted standards of nursing practice;	261
(9) The elements that are unique to the hospital's patient	262
population.	263
(C) A hospital shall implement the ratios established	264
under this section not later than thirty days after the hospital	265
administrators are informed of them.	266
Sec. 3727.73. Each hospital shall post daily, on a shift-	267
by-shift basis, in a conspicuous place visible to the public,	268
the required number of direct-care registered nurses for each	269
patient and unit as determined under sections 3727.71 and	270
3727 72 of the Revised Code the actual number of direct-care	271

registered nurses for each patient and unit for that shift, and	272
any difference between the two.	273
Each hospital shall provide each patient admitted to the	274
hospital for inpatient care the telephone number of the toll-	275
free patient safety telephone line made available to the public	276
by the department of health under section 3701.91 of the Revised	277
Code for reporting inadequate staffing or care in the hospital.	278
The patient may use the telephone number to report inadequate	279
staffing or care at the hospital.	280
Sec. 3727.74. (A) As used in this section, "competency"	281
means the ability of a direct-care registered nurse to act and	282
integrate the knowledge, skills, abilities, and professional	283
judgment in a manner that promotes safe, therapeutic, and	284
effective patient care.	285
(B) No hospital shall knowingly do any of the following	286
regarding the direct-care registered nurse-to-patient ratios	287
required by sections 3727.71 and 3727.72 of the Revised Code:	288
(1) Assign a direct-care registered nurse to a unit unless	289
the hospital and nurse jointly determine that the nurse	290
demonstrates competency in providing care in that unit and the	291
nurse has completed orientation to the unit sufficient to	292
provide safe, therapeutic, and effective care to patients in	293
<pre>that unit;</pre>	294
(2) Average the number of patients and the number of	295
direct-care registered nurses on a unit during any one shift or	296
<pre>over any period of time;</pre>	297
(3) Include in the calculation of the direct-care	298
registered nurse-to-patient ratio any of the following: nurse	299
administrators, supervisors, managers, charge nurses, case	300

<pre>managers, or triage, radio, or flight nurses;</pre>	301
(4) Impose mandatory overtime on any direct-care	302
registered nurse in order to meet the required direct-care	303
registered nurse-to-patient ratio;	304
(5) Impose layoffs of licensed practical nurses or other	305
ancillary or supportive personnel within the hospital as a means	306
of meeting the required ratios;	307
(6) Allow a nurse who is not a direct-care registered	308
nurse to relieve a direct-care registered nurse during a break,	309
meal, or other routine, expected absence from a unit;	310
(7) Use video cameras or monitors or any other form of	311
electronic visualization of a patient as a substitute for the	312
direct observation that is needed for the assessment of a	313
patient by a direct-care registered nurse;	314
(8) Assign a patient to a particular unit within the	315
hospital unless the unit's level of intensity, type of care, and	316
direct-care registered nurse-to-patient ratio meet the patient's	317
needs;	318
(9) Create or use units within the hospital that are	319
adjustable according to patient acuity.	320
(C) Each hospital shall establish criteria for determining	321
competency for purposes of division (B)(1) of this section. The	322
hospital shall include the criteria in the hospital's policies	323
and procedures.	324
Sec. 3727.75. (A) A registered nurse employed by a	325
hospital has the right and duty to act as an advocate for the	326
nurse's patients, as circumstances require, by doing any of the	327
following:	328

(1) Initiating action to improve health care practices in	329
the hospital, including providing professional input on the	330
methods of patient care documentation and the number of	331
ancillary and support staff, such as physical therapists,	332
respiratory therapists, social workers, and patient lifting,	333
transportation, housekeeping, and security personnel, who should	334
be available and present to supplement the work of registered	335
nurses;	336
(2) Advocating and monitoring activities to ensure	337
hospital compliance with implementation of the nursing services	338
staffing plan created under section 3727.53 of the Revised Code	339
and assuring safe registered nurse staffing levels at the unit	340
<pre>level;</pre>	341
(3) Determining whether a health information technology	342
software program or tool displaces registered nurses from	343
patient care, interferes with the nursing process, or otherwise	344
<pre>compromises a registered nurse's professional judgment;</pre>	345
(4) Giving patients an opportunity to make informed	346
decisions regarding their health care before the care is	347
provided.	348
(B) A registered nurse employed by a hospital may object	349
to, or refuse to participate in, any activity, policy, practice,	350
assignment, or task if, in good faith, the nurse believes the	351
activity, policy, practice, assignment, or task violates	352
sections 3727.71 to 3727.74 of the Revised Code or division (A)	353
of this section. With respect to an assignment, the nurse may	354
refuse to complete the assignment if the nurse is not prepared	355
by education, training, or experience to complete the assignment	356
without compromising patient safety or jeopardizing the nurse's	357
license to practice by creating the potential for professional	358

disciplinary action by the board of nursing.	
Sec. 3727.76. (A) A hospital shall not discharge,	360
retaliate against, discriminate against, or otherwise take	361
adverse action against a registered nurse with respect to any	362
aspect of the nurse's employment based on the nurse's refusal to	363
complete an assignment as described in division (B) of section	364
3727.75 of the Revised Code. Actions prohibited under this	365
division include demoting the nurse, decreasing the nurse's	366
compensation, and negatively altering the terms, conditions, or	367
<pre>privileges of employment.</pre>	368
(B) A hospital shall not file a complaint against a	369
registered nurse with the board of nursing based on the nurse's	370
refusal to complete an assignment as described in division (B)	371
of section 3727.75 of the Revised Code.	372
(C) A hospital shall not discriminate or retaliate against	373
any individual for opposing any hospital policy, practice, or	374
action that is alleged to violate sections 3727.71 to 3727.75 of	375
the Revised Code.	376
(D) A hospital, or an individual representing a hospital,	377
shall not do either of the following:	378
(1) Interfere with, restrain, or deny the exercise of, or	379
attempt to deny the exercise of, a right conferred by sections	380
3727.71 to 3727.75 of the Revised Code.	381
(2) Coerce or intimidate any individual regarding the	382
exercise of, or an attempt to exercise, a right conferred by	383
sections 3727.71 to 3727.75 of the Revised Code.	384
Sec. 3727.77. (A) A hospital that fails to comply with	385
sections 3727.71 to 3727.76 of the Revised Code is subject to a	386
fine imposed by the department of health. For each failure, the	387

department shall impose a fine of not more than twenty-five	388
thousand dollars and an additional fine of not more than ten	389
thousand dollars per nursing unit shift until the offense or	390
violation is corrected.	391
(B) On request of the director of health, the attorney	392
general shall bring and prosecute to judgment a civil action to	393
collect any fine imposed under division (A) of this section that	394
remains unpaid.	395
(C) All fines collected under this section shall be	396
deposited into the state treasury to the credit of the general	397
operations fund created under section 3701.83 of the Revised	398
Code.	399
Sec. 3727.78. (A) A registered nurse has a cause of action	400
against a hospital for violation of section 3727.76 of the	401
Revised Code. The nurse may commence the action by filing a	402
civil action in the court of common pleas of the county in which	403
the hospital is located.	404
(B) A nurse who prevails on a cause of action commenced	405
under this section is entitled to any one or more of the	406
<pre>following remedies:</pre>	407
(1) Reinstatement to the position the nurse had before the	408
hospital violated section 3727.76 of the Revised Code;	409
(2) Reimbursement of lost wages, compensation, and	410
benefits;	411
(3) Attorneys' fee;	412
(4) Court costs;	413
(5) Any other damages the court considers appropriate.	414

Section 2. That existing sections 3727.50, 3727.51,	415
3727.52, and 3727.53 of the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	416
Section 3. It is the intent of the General Assembly to	417
recognize all of the following:	418
(A) That each direct-care registered nurse employed by a	419
hospital in this state has the right to do all of the following:	420
(1) Provide safe, therapeutic, effective, and competent	421
nursing care to patients;	422
(2) Have the necessary knowledge, judgment, skills, and	423
ability to provide the required care before accepting a patient	424
assignment;	425
(3) Determine whether the nurse is clinically competent to	426
perform the required care in a particular unit, or with a	427
particular diagnosis, condition, prognosis, or other	428
determinative characteristics of nursing care;	429
(4) Recognize that the nurse is not clinically competent	430
to perform the required care and not accept the patient care	431
assignment;	432
(5) Assess each medical order, and prior to acting on the	433
order, determine whether the order is in the best interest of	434
the patient and was initiated by a person legally authorized to	435
initiate it;	436
(6) Perform continuous and ongoing patient assessments of	437
each patient's condition, including direct observation of the	438
patient's signs and symptoms of illness; reaction to treatment;	439
behavior and physical condition; interpretation of information	440
obtained from the patient and others, including other caregivers	441
on the health team; and data collection and analysis, synthesis,	442

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and evaluation of the data;	443
(7) Plan, implement, and evaluate the nursing care	444
provided to each patient.	445
(B) That the assessment, nursing diagnosis, planning,	446
intervention, evaluation and, as circumstances require, patient	447
advocacy, should be initiated by a direct-care registered nurse	448
at the time of the patient's admission to a hospital and	449
continue as long as the patient remains in the hospital;	450
(C) That the refusal to accept a patient care assignment	451
is an exercise of the direct-care registered nurse's duty and	452
right of patient advocacy;	453
(D) That only direct-care registered nurses are authorized	454
to perform patient assessments, although licensed practical	455
nurses may assist direct-care registered nurses in data	456
collection.	457