As Introduced

132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

S. B. No. 101

Senator Skindell

Cosponsors: Senators Thomas, Yuko, Schiavoni, Brown, Williams, Tavares

A BILL

То	amend sections 121.083 and 121.084 and to enact	1
	sections 4119.01, 4119.02, 4119.03, 4119.04,	2
	4119.05, 4119.06, 4119.07, 4119.08, 4119.09,	3
	4119.10, 4119.11, 4119.12, 4119.13, 4119.14,	4
	4119.15, 4119.16, 4119.17, and 4119.18 of the	5
	Revised Code to regulate certain employment	6
	practices of formula retail establishment	7
	employers, food services establishment	8
	employers, and contractors and to require the	9
	purchaser of a formula retail establishment or	10
	food services establishment to retain certain	11
	employees of the establishment on transfer of	12
	ownership.	13

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 121.083 and 121.084 be amended	14
and sections 4119.01, 4119.02, 4119.03, 4119.04, 4119.05,	15
4119.06, 4119.07, 4119.08, 4119.09, 4119.10, 4119.11, 4119.12,	16
4119.13, 4119.14, 4119.15, 4119.16, 4119.17, and 4119.18 of the	17
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	1.8

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Sec. 121.083. The superintendent of industrial compliance	19
in the department of commerce shall do all of the following:	20
(A) Administer and enforce the general laws of this state	21
pertaining to buildings, pressure piping, boilers, bedding,	22
upholstered furniture, and stuffed toys, steam engineering,	23
elevators, plumbing, licensed occupations regulated by the	24
department, and travel agents, as they apply to plans review,	25
inspection, code enforcement, testing, licensing, registration,	26
and certification.	27
(B) Exercise the powers and perform the duties delegated	28
to the superintendent by the director of commerce under Chapters	29
4109., 4111., and 4115., and 4119. of the Revised Code.	30
(C) Collect and collate statistics as are necessary.	31
(D) Examine and license persons who desire to act as steam	32
engineers, to operate steam boilers, and to act as inspectors of	33
steam boilers, provide for the scope, conduct, and time of such	34
examinations, provide for, regulate, and enforce the renewal and	35
revocation of such licenses, inspect and examine steam boilers	36
and make, publish, and enforce rules and orders for the	37
construction, installation, inspection, and operation of steam	38
boilers, and do, require, and enforce all things necessary to	39
make such examination, inspection, and requirement efficient.	40
(E) Rent and furnish offices as needed in cities in this	41
state for the conduct of its affairs.	42
(F) Oversee a chief of construction and compliance, a	43
chief of operations and maintenance, a chief of licensing and	44
certification, a chief of worker protection, and other designees	45
appointed by the director to perform the duties described in	46
this section.	47

(G) Enforce the rules the board of building standards	48
adopts pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 4104.43 of the	49
Revised Code under the circumstances described in division (D)	50
of that section.	51
(H) Accept submissions, establish a fee for submissions,	52
and review submissions of certified welding and brazing	53
procedure specifications, procedure qualification records, and	54
performance qualification records for building services piping	55
as required by section 4104.44 of the Revised Code.	56
Sec. 121.084. (A) All moneys collected under sections	57
3783.05, 3791.07, 4104.07, 4104.18, 4104.44, 4105.17, 4105.20,	58
4119.13, 4119.15 , 4169.03 , and 5104.051 of the Revised Code, and	59
any other moneys collected by the division of industrial	60
compliance shall be paid into the state treasury to the credit	61
of the industrial compliance operating fund, which is hereby	62
created. The department of commerce shall use the moneys in the	63
fund for paying the operating expenses of the division, the cost	64
of enforcing Chapter 4119. of the Revised Code, and the	65
administrative assessment described in division (B) of this	66
section.	67
(B) The director of commerce, with the approval of the	68
director of budget and management, shall prescribe procedures	69
for assessing the industrial compliance operating fund a	70
proportionate share of the administrative costs of the	71
department of commerce. The assessment shall be made in	72
accordance with those procedures and be paid from the industrial	73
compliance operating fund to the division of administration fund	74
created in section 121.08 of the Revised Code.	75

Sec. 4119.01. As used in this chapter:

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(A) "Confidential employee" means an employee who acts in	77
a confidential capacity to formulate, determine, and effectuate	78
management policies with regard to labor relations or who	79
regularly substitutes for an employee who has these duties.	80
(B) "Disposition" means the sale, assignment, transfer,	81
contribution, consolidation, merger, or reorganization that	82
causes a change in control of all or the majority of the assets	83
of, or the controlling interests in, a business.	84
(C) "Employee" means an individual who is entitled to	85
payment of a minimum wage from an employer or property services	86
contractor under Section 34a of Article II, Ohio Constitution.	87
(D)(1) "Employer" means a person who owns or operates	88
<pre>either of the following:</pre>	89
(a) A formula retail establishment with twenty or more	90
<pre>employees in this state;</pre>	91
(b) A food services establishment.	92
(2) "Employer" includes a corporate officer or executive	93
who, directly or indirectly, exercises control over the wages,	94
hours, or working conditions of an individual, including through	95
the services of a temporary agency or a professional employer	96
organization.	97
(3) "Employer" does not include any of the following:	98
(a) A nonprofit corporation that is exempt from federal	99
income taxation under subsection 501(c)(3) of the Internal	100
Revenue Code;	101
(b) The state or any agency or instrumentality of the	102
state;	103

(c) Any municipal corporation, county, township, school	104
district, or other political subdivision or any agency or	105
instrumentality of a municipal corporation, county, township,	106
school district, or other political subdivision.	107
(E) "Formula retail establishment" means a retail sales	108
establishment doing business in this state that has at least	109
twenty other retail sales establishments in operation worldwide	110
that maintain two or more of the following features:	111
(1) Fifty per cent or more of merchandise stocked by the	112
business comes from a single distributor and bears uniform	113
markings;	114
(2) A standardized facade;	115
(3) A standardized style of interior furnishings, which	116
may include the style of furniture, wall coverings, or permanent	117
<pre>fixtures;</pre>	118
(4) A standardized selection of colors used throughout the	119
business, such as on the furnishings, permanent fixtures, wall	120
coverings, and the facade;	121
(5) Standardized items of clothing worn by employees,	122
including standardized aprons, pants, shirts, smocks, dresses,	123
hats, and pins, and standardized colors of clothing worn by	124
<pre>employees;</pre>	125
(6) Standardized business signs;	126
(7) A trademark or service mark.	127
(F) "Food services establishment" means a food services	128
establishment doing business in this state that employs five	129
hundred or more employees worldwide, including a chain or	130
franchise associated with a franchisor or network of franchises	131

that employs five hundred or more employees in the aggregate.	132
(G) "Professional employer organization" has the same	133
meaning as in section 4125.01 of the Revised Code.	134
(H) "Property services contractor" means any contractor or	135
subcontractor who enters into a contract with an employer to	136
provide janitorial or security services to the employer at a	137
formula retail establishment or food services establishment.	138
(I) "Successor employer" means an employer who owns,	139
controls, or operates a formula retail establishment or food	140
services establishment after a disposition of all or a majority	141
of the assets of the establishment.	142
(J) "Workweek" means a fixed, regularly recurring period	143
of one hundred sixty-eight hours, that an employer or property	144
services contractor expressly adopts for purposes of complying	145
with this chapter and the "Fair Labor Standards Act of 1938," 29	146
U.S.C. 207, as amended.	147
(K) "Normal hourly wage rate" means the following:	148
(1) For an employee who is paid on an hourly basis, the	149
hourly wage rate at which the employee is customarily paid when	150
working for the employer or property services contractor;	151
(2) For an employee who is not paid on an hourly basis,	152
one fortieth of the weekly wage rate at which the employee is	153
customarily paid when working for the employer or property	154
services contractor.	155
(L) "On-call shift" includes a shift where an employee is	156
not required to report to or remain at the employee's site of	157
work, but is required to be available to work the shift if	158
called upon to do so by the employer or property services	159

contractor who employs the employee.	160
Sec. 4119.02. No employer or property services contractor	161
shall fail to comply with sections 4119.03, 4119.04, 4119.05,	162
4119.06, 4119.08, 4119.11, and 4119.17 of the Revised Code.	163
No employer shall fail to comply with sections 4119.09 and	164
4119.10 of the Revised Code.	165
Sec. 4119.03. (A) (1) Except as otherwise provided in	166
division (B) of this section, an employer or property services	167
contractor shall not hire a new employee, coemploy an employee	168
with a professional employer organization, engage an independent	169
contractor, or lease an employee from a temporary agency to	170
perform work in a formula retail establishment or food services	171
establishment unless the employer or property services	172
contractor first offers that work to any employee of the	173
employer or property services contractor who is available to	174
perform the additional work as described in division (A)(2) of	175
this section.	176
(2) An employee is available to perform additional work	177
for an employer or property services contractor if all of the	178
following apply to the employee:	179
(a) The employee is scheduled to work fewer than thirty-	180
five hours in a workweek.	181
(b) The employee is qualified to do the additional work as	182
reasonably determined by the employer or property services	183
contractor.	184
(c) The employee has performed work for the employer or	185
property services contractor that is the same as or similar to	186
the additional work to be performed	187

(d) In a particular week, the employee performs at least	188
two hours of work for an employer or property services	189
contractor within this state or is scheduled to work at least	190
one on-call shift for the employer or property services	191
contractor within this state.	192
(B) An employer or property services contractor is not	193
required to offer more hours of work to an employee than is	194
necessary for that employee's total hours of work for that	195
workweek to reach thirty-five hours.	196
(C) An employer or property services contractor may divide	197
the additional hours of work offered under this section among	198
the employer's or property services contractor's available	199
<pre>employees.</pre>	200
(D) An employee who is offered additional hours of work	201
under this section is not required to accept the additional	202
hours.	203
(E) When an employer or property services contractor	204
offers additional work hours to an employee, the employer or	205
property services contractor shall make the offer in writing.	206
Sec. 4119.04. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division	207
(B) of this section, an employer or property services contractor	208
shall provide an employee of the employer or property services	209
contractor with a written work schedule at least fourteen	210
calendar days before the first day of the schedule. The employer	211
or property services contractor shall include in the written	212
schedule all regular and on-call shifts for a fourteen day	213
period. The employer or property services contractor shall post	214
the written schedule in a conspicuous and accessible location at	215
the work site	216

(B) An employer or property services contractor may	217
provide a newly hired employee or employee who returns to work	218
after a leave of absence with a written work schedule that runs	219
through the last day of the work schedule in effect at the time	220
employee is hired or returns to work. The employer or property	221
services contractor shall include the employee on the next	222
schedule posted in compliance with division (A) of this section	223
and otherwise comply with division (A) of this section with	224
respect to the employee at that time.	225
Sec. 4119.05. (A) As used in this section, "shift"	226
includes an on-call shift.	227
(B) Except as provided in section 4119.07 of the Revised	228
Code, an employer or property services contractor shall pay an	229
employee of the employer or property services contractor for	230
each scheduled shift that the employer or property services	231
contractor changes or cancels or for each previously unscheduled	232
shift that the employer or property services contractor requires	233
the employee to work or be on call as follows:	234
(1) If the employer or property services contractor gives	235
the employee less than fourteen days' notice, but more than	236
twenty-four hours' notice, an amount equal to one hour of the	237
<pre>employee's normal hourly wage rate;</pre>	238
(2) If the employer or property services contractor gives	239
the employee less than twenty-four hours' notice and the	240
changed, canceled, or required shift is four hours or less, an	241
amount equal to two hours of the employee's normal hourly wage	242
rate;	243
(3) If the employer or property services contractor gives	244
the employee less than twenty-four hours' notice and the	245

changed, canceled, or required shift is more than four hours, an	246
amount equal to four hours of the employee's normal hourly wage	247
<pre>rate.</pre>	248
(C) An employer shall pay any amount required to be paid	249
to an employee under division (B) of this section in addition	250
to, and shall not consider that amount to be part of, any wage	251
or salary paid to the employee for time worked.	252
Sec. 4119.06. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of	253
this section or in section 4119.07 of the Revised Code, an	254
employer or property services contractor shall pay an employee	255
of the employer or property services contractor for each on-call	256
shift that the employee is not called in to work as follows:	257
(1) If the on-call shift is four hours or less, an amount	258
equal to two hours of the employee's normal hourly wage rate;	259
(2) If the on-call shift is more than four hours, an	260
amount equal to four hours of the employee's normal hourly wage	261
rate.	262
(B) An employer or property services contractor is not	263
required to pay the amount required by division (A) of this	264
section if the employee is paid the employee's normal hourly	265
wage rate for the on-call shift.	266
Sec. 4119.07. Sections 4119.05 and 4119.06 of the Revised	267
Code do not apply in any of the following circumstances:	268
(A) Operations of an employer or property services	269
contractor cannot begin or continue for any of the following	270
reasons:	271
(1) A threat to the safety of the employer or property	272
services contractor's employees or property exists.	273

(2) A government authority recommends that the operations	274
of an employer or property services contractor should not begin	275
or continue.	276
(3) An act of God or another cause outside of the control	277
of the employer or property services contractor prevents the	278
operations of the employer or property services contractor from	279
beginning or continuing.	280
(B) An employer or property services contractor requires	281
the employee to work a shift or be on call under any of the	282
<pre>following circumstances:</pre>	283
(1) Another employee does not report to work the shift on	284
time.	285
(2) Another employee is unable to work the shift due to	286
illness or the use of any paid or unpaid leave if the employee	287
did not give the employer or property services contractor at	288
<u>least seven days' notice of the absence.</u>	289
(3) Another employee is unable to work the shift because	290
the employee's employment was terminated or the employee was	291
prohibited from working the shift as a disciplinary action.	292
(C) An employee who would otherwise be entitled to receive	293
an amount under section 4119.05 or 4119.06 of the Revised Code	294
requested the schedule change or on-call shift or such a change	295
or shift is the result of a shift trade between the employee and	296
another employee of the employer or property services	297
contractor.	298
Sec. 4119.08. (A) (1) An employer or property services	299
contractor shall not consider the status of an employee as full-	300
time or part-time in determining the starting normal hourly wage	301
rate of an employee	302

(2) Division (A)(1) of this section does not prohibit an	303
employer or property services contractor from considering either	304
of the following:	305
(a) Reasons other than part-time or full-time status in	306
determining starting normal hourly wage rates of employees,	307
including the use of a seniority system, merit system, or other	308
system that determines earnings by quantity or quality of	309
<pre>production, performance, or responsibility;</pre>	310
(b) Full-time or part-time status in determining	311
requirements for the receipt of employee benefits, including	312
health care benefits.	313
(B) An employer or property services contractor shall	314
provide part-time and full-time employees in the same job	315
classification with access to the same types of paid and unpaid	316
leave. An employer or property services contractor may prorate	317
the amount of any time off an employee may receive based on	318
hours worked by the employee.	319
(C) (1) An employer or property services contractor shall	320
not consider the status of an employee as full-time or part-time	321
in determining eligibility for a promotion.	322
(2) Division (C)(1) of this section does not prohibit an	323
<pre>employer or property services contractor from doing either of</pre>	324
the following:	325
(a) Conditioning eligibility for a promotion on an	326
employee's availability for full-time employment in the new	327
position;	328
(b) Considering reasons other than full-time status in	329
determining eligibility for a promotion, including the nature	330
and amount of work experience.	331

Sec. 4119.09. (A) On the day an employer executes	332
documents to transfer ownership of a formula retail	333
establishment or food services establishment to a successor	334
employer, the employer shall provide to the successor employer a	335
list that includes all of the following information for each	336
employee who is eligible to be retained for employment by the	337
successor employer as determined under division (E) of this	338
<pre>section:</pre>	339
(1) The employee's name;	340
(2) The employee's contact information;	341
(3) The employee's date of hire and rate of pay at the	342
<pre>time of transfer;</pre>	343
(4) The average number of hours worked by the employee	344
each week during the six months immediately before the transfer	345
<pre>of ownership;</pre>	346
(5) The employee's position or title.	347
(B)(1) The employer shall post public notice of the	348
transfer of ownership in a conspicuous place at the formula	349
retail establishment or food services establishment within	350
twenty-four hours after the transfer document is fully executed.	351
The successor employer shall ensure that the notice remains	352
posted for at least thirty days after the transfer.	353
(2) The employer shall include all of the following	354
information in the notice required under division (B)(1) of this	355
<pre>section:</pre>	356
(a) The name and contact information of the employer;	357
(b) The name and contact information of the successor	358
employer;	359

(c) The postal address and electronic mail address that an	360
<pre>employee may use to update the employee's contact information;</pre>	361
(d) The effective date of the transfer from the employer_	362
to the successor employer.	363
(C) For the transition period specified in division (H) of	364
this section, a successor employer shall employ each employee	365
identified on a list required under division (A) of this section	366
under the same terms of employment with respect to position or	367
title, compensation, and number of work hours that applied to	368
the employee immediately before the date of the transfer. During	369
the transition period, no successor employer shall discharge an	370
employee identified on the list without just cause.	371
(D) (1) A successor employer offering employment to an	372
employee included on the list required under division (A) of	373
this section shall make the offer in writing.	374
(2) If an employee declines to accept an offer of	375
employment made pursuant to division (D)(1) of this section, the	376
successor employer who offered employment is deemed to have	377
complied with division (B) of this section with respect to that	378
<pre>employee.</pre>	379
(E) Except as provided in division (F) of this section, an	380
employee is eligible to be retained for employment if the	381
employee has been employed by the employer for at least ninety	382
days before the date the employer executes documents to transfer	383
ownership of the formula retail establishment or food services	384
establishment.	385
(F) No managerial employee, supervisory employee, or	386
confidential employee is eliqible for retention under this	387
section.	388

(G) The first time a successor employer pays wages to an	389
employee retained under this section, the successor employer	390
shall provide with that employee's paycheck a notice of the	391
rights of retained employees under this chapter.	392
(H)(1) This section applies to a transfer of ownership of	393
a formula retail establishment or food services establishment	394
until the earlier of three years after the date that the	395
employer executes documents to transfer ownership to the	396
successor employer or ninety days after the successor employer	397
takes control of the establishment.	398
(2) The ninety-day period described in division (H)(1) of	399
this section shall not run for any period of time during which	400
the formula retail establishment or food services establishment	401
is not open to the public during regular business hours.	402
(3) This section applies regardless of whether the	403
successor employer elects to operate the formula retail	404
establishment or food services establishment in the same	405
location or elects to relocate to another location in the state.	406
(I) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the	407
contrary, a successor employer may retain fewer employees than	408
those included in the list created pursuant to division (A) of	409
this section if the successor employer determines that the	410
successor employer requires fewer employees than the former	411
<pre>employer to operate the establishment.</pre>	412
(J) If a successor employer chooses to retain fewer	413
employees as provided in division (I) of this section, the	414
successor employer shall retain employees by seniority, based on	415
the date of hire by the former employer or, if an applicable	416
collective bargaining agreement exists, pursuant to that	417

<pre>agreement.</pre>	418
(K) For the transition period specified in division (H) of	419
this section, no successor employer shall employ an individual	420
who is not included on the list created pursuant to division (A)	421
of this section in a position at the formula retail	422
establishment or food services establishment held by an	423
individual included on that list whom the successor employer	424
does not retain pursuant to division (J) of this section.	425
Sec. 4119.10. (A) Not later than ninety days after the	426
effective date of this section, the director of commerce shall	427
publish and make available to all employers a notice suitable	428
for posting by employers in the workplace informing employees of	429
their rights under this chapter. The director shall publish the	430
notice in English and Spanish.	431
(B) Every employer shall post the notice prepared by the	432
director under division (A) of this section in a conspicuous	433
place at any workplace or job site at which any of the	434
<pre>employer's employees work.</pre>	435
Sec. 4119.11. (A) An employer or property services	436
contractor who offers additional work hours to an employee in	437
accordance with section 4119.03 of the Revised Code shall retain	438
a copy of the written offer for at least three years after the	439
date the offer is made.	440
(B) A successor employer shall keep a record of a list	441
provided by an employer under section 4119.09 of the Revised	442
Code until the transition period described in division (H) of	443
section 4119.09 of the Revised Code has elapsed.	444
(C) A successor employer shall keep a record of a written	445
retention offer made pursuant to section 4119.09 of the Revised	446

Code for at least three years after the date the offer is made.	447
Sec. 4119.12. (A) An individual who believes that a	448
violation of section 4119.02 of the Revised Code has occurred	449
may file a complaint with the director of commerce. If the	450
director has reason to believe that a violation of that section	451
has occurred, the director shall proceed with an investigation	452
under section 4119.13 of the Revised Code.	453
(B) The director shall keep confidential, to the maximum	454
extent possible, any information that identifies an individual	455
who files a complaint pursuant to division (A) of this section	456
unless the individual has consented to disclosure of that	457
information as necessary for the enforcement of section 4119.02	458
of the Revised Code or for other appropriate purposes.	459
Sec. 4119.13. (A) The director of commerce shall take	460
appropriate steps to enforce and coordinate enforcement of this	461
chapter, including investigation of possible violations of this	462
<pre>chapter.</pre>	463
(B) If the director has reason to believe that a violation	464
of section 4119.02 of the Revised Code has occurred, the	465
director shall order any appropriate temporary or interim relief	466
to mitigate the alleged violation or to maintain the status quo	467
pending completion of a full investigation.	468
(C) If, after investigating an alleged violation of	469
section 4119.02 of the Revised Code, the director determines	470
that a violation has occurred, the director shall issue a	471
determination. The determination shall identify the violation	472
and the factual basis for the determination and shall order any	473
appropriate relief, including any of the following:	474
(1) Requiring an employer or property services contractor	475

to offer additional hours of work to an employee as required	476
under section 4119.03 of the Revised Code;	477
(2) Requiring an employer or property services contractor	478
to pay an amount required to be paid to an employee under	479
section 4119.05 or 4119.06 of the Revised Code;	480
(3) Reinstatement;	481
(4) Payment of lost wages;	482
(5) Assessment of an administrative penalty not to exceed	483
the amount of lost wages included in the determination;	484
(6) Requiring the violator to pay to the department of	485
commerce any costs of the enforcement action.	486
(D) The director shall deposit all moneys received from	487
administrative penalties and costs paid under this section into	488
the industrial compliance operating fund created in section	489
121.084 of the Revised Code.	490
(E) A property services contractor and an employer who	491
contracts with the property services contractor shall be jointly	492
and severally liable for any determination against a property	493
services contractor under this section.	494
Sec. 4119.14. (A) The director shall serve a determination	495
made under section 4119.13 of the Revised Code on the employer	496
or property services contractor by regular mail.	497
(B) An employer or property services contractor may appeal	498
that determination within fifteen days after the date the	499
determination is mailed to the employer or property services	500
contractor. The employer or property services contractor shall	501
file the appeal in writing with the director of commerce. If a	502
party fails to submit a timely written appeal, the determination	503

is considered final upon expiration of the fifteen-day period.	504
(C) The director shall, within thirty days after an appeal	505
is filed under division (B) of this section, make an effort to	506
meet and confer in good faith with the employer or property	507
services contractor regarding possible resolution of the	508
determination in advance of further proceedings under this	509
section.	510
(D) Beginning on the thirty-first day after an appeal is	511
filed pursuant to division (B) of this section, the employer or	512
property services contractor may request the attorney general to	513
appoint a hearing officer to hear and decide the appeal. If the	514
employer or property services contractor does not request a	515
hearing officer, the determination is considered final upon	516
expiration of the sixtieth day following the date the appeal was	517
filed.	518
(E) Within fifteen days after the attorney general	519
receives a request for the appointment of a hearing officer, the	520
attorney general shall appoint an impartial hearing officer who	521
is not part of the department of commerce and shall immediately	522
notify the director and the employer or property services	523
contractor of the appointment. The appointed hearing officer	524
shall be an administrative law judge or attorney with at least	525
five years of experience in labor and employment law or wage and	526
hour matters.	527
(F) Upon appointment, the hearing officer shall promptly	528
set a date for a hearing that is not later than forty-five days	529
after the date the attorney general provides the notice of the	530
appointment under division (E) of this section. The hearing	531
shall conclude within seventy-five days after the date that	532
notice is provided. The hearing officer shall conduct a fair and	533

impartial hearing in accordance with the time limitations set	534
forth in this division, except that the hearing officer shall	535
have the discretion to extend the time limitations upon a	536
determination of good cause.	537
(G) An employer or property services contractor who	538
appeals has the burden of proving, by a preponderance of the	539
evidence, that the basis for a determination, or any calculation	540
of lost wages, interest, or penalty payments at issue in the	541
appeal, is incorrect.	542
(H) Within thirty days after the hearing, the hearing	543
officer shall issue a written decision affirming, modifying, or	544
dismissing the determination. The decision of the hearing	545
officer shall consist of findings and a determination and shall	546
constitute the final administrative determination.	547
(I) An employer or property services contractor may appeal	548
a decision issued under division (H) of this section to the	549
court of common pleas of the county in which the violation is	550
alleged to have occurred.	551
(J) Failure to appeal a determination as provided in this	552
section shall constitute a failure to exhaust administrative	553
remedies, which shall serve as a complete defense to any	554
petition or claim brought by an employer or property services	555
contractor against the state regarding the determination.	556
(K) If an employer or property services contractor fails	557
to comply with a final order of the director or hearing officer,	558
the director shall petition the court of common pleas of the	559
county in which the underlying violation occurred for	560
enforcement of the order.	561
Sec. 4119.15. (A) The director of commerce, in accordance	562

with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code, shall impose an	563
administrative fine on an employer or property services	564
<pre>contractor as follows:</pre>	565
(1) For a violation of section 4119.02 of the Revised Code	566
due to an employer's failure to comply with section 4119.10 or	567
division (A) of section 4119.11 of the Revised Code, up to five	568
hundred dollars for each offense;	569
(2) For a violation of section 4119.02 of the Revised Code	570
due to an employer's or property services contractor's failure	571
to comply with division (B) or (C) of section 4119.11 of the	572
Revised Code, up to five hundred dollars for each employee who	573
was eligible for retention under section 4119.09 of the Revised	574
Code.	575
(B) The director shall deposit all moneys received from	576
fines paid under this section into the industrial compliance	577
operating fund created in section 121.084 of the Revised Code.	578
Sec. 4119.16. The director of commerce may bring a civil	579
action in any court of competent jurisdiction on behalf of an	580
employee against an employer or property services contractor for	581
violating section 4119.02 of the Revised Code. If the court	582
determines that a violation has occurred, the court shall make	583
<pre>the following awards:</pre>	584
(A) To the employee on behalf of whom the action was	585
brought, any legal or equitable relief as may be appropriate to	586
remedy the violation, including the payment of lost wages, the	587
payment of a civil penalty not to exceed the amount awarded for	588
lost wages, and reinstatement of employment or other injunctive	589
<pre>relief;</pre>	590
(B) To the director, reasonable attorney's fees and costs.	591

Sec. 4119.17. (A) No employer or property services_	592
contractor shall take adverse action against an individual in	593
retaliation for exercising rights protected under this chapter.	594
(B) The protections provided by this section shall apply	595
to any individual who mistakenly, but in good faith, alleges	596
noncompliance with this chapter.	597
(C) If an employer or property services contractor takes	598
an adverse action against an individual within ninety days after	599
the individual exercises a right protected under this chapter, a	600
rebuttable presumption exists that the action was taken by the	601
employer or property services contractor in retaliation because	602
the individual exercised those rights.	603
Sec. 4119.18. The director of commerce may adopt rules in	604
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement	605
this chapter. The director may establish in those rules	606
procedures for ensuring fair, efficient, and cost-effective	607
implementation and enforcement of this chapter, including	608
supplementary procedures for notifying employees of their rights	609
under this chapter and for monitoring compliance.	610
Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to limit the	611
rights and remedies otherwise available to an employee,	612
including any right the employee may have to remedies for an	613
unlawful discriminatory practice or unlawful discharge.	614
Section 2. That existing sections 121.083 and 121.084 of	615
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	616
Section 3. Sections 1 and 2 of this act take effect six	617
months after the effective date of this act.	618