As Introduced

134th General Assembly Regular Session 2021-2022

H. C. R. No. 15

Representatives Brent, Howse

Cosponsors: Representatives Boyd, Russo, Sykes, Galonski, Patton, Callender, Miranda, Riedel, Weinstein, Smith, K., Ingram, Lepore-Hagan, Kelly, Miller, A., Smith, M., Crawley, Upchurch, Jarrells, White, Hicks-Hudson, Sobecki, Lightbody

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION

Designating	the wee	ek of Apr	il 11 -	April 17,	2021,	as	1
"Black Ma	aternal	Health W	Week" in	Ohio.			2

BE IT RESOLVED BY THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES OF THE STATE OF OHIO (THE SENATE CONCURRING):

WHEREAS, According to research compiled by the Commonwealth	3
Fund, the United States ranks last in maternal mortality rate	4
compared to other industrialized countries; and	5
WHEREAS, According to the University of Washington's	6
Institute for Health Metrics and Evaluation, the United States	7
is the only developed country with rising maternal mortality	8
rates; and	9
WHEREAS, The Maternal Health Task Force at the Harvard T.H.	10
Chan School of Public Health notes that racial disparities are a	11
key component of the United States' high maternal mortality	12
rate; and	13
WHEREAS, According to the Centers for Disease Control (CDC)	14
and Prevention, Black women nationally are three to four times	15
more likely to die of pregnancy-related causes than White women;	16
and	17

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WHEREAS, Ohio Department of Health data indicate that in	18
Ohio, Black women die of pregnancy-related causes at a rate two	19
and a half times higher than White women; and	20
WHEREAS, The CDC reports that maternal mortality	21
disparities exist across income and education levels; and	22
WHEREAS, Researchers at the CDC found that Black women are	23
twice as likely to experience severe maternal morbidity than	24
White women, which includes unexpected outcomes of pregnancy,	25
labor, or delivery that result in significant short- or long-	26
term consequences to a woman's health; and	27
WHEREAS, The March of Dimes reports that Black women are	28
48% more likely to have a preterm birth than all other women;	29
and	30
WHEREAS, The March of Dimes ranks Ohio 40th out of all	31
states on its preterm birth racial and ethnic disparity index	32
(with higher rankings having smaller gaps in preterm birth	33
disparity); and	34
WHEREAS, Leading medical organizations, including the	35
American Medical Association and the American Academy of Family	36
Physicians, conclude that structural racism (a system in which	37
public policies, institutional practices, and cultural	38
representations work to reinforce and perpetuate racial	39
inequality) in American health care and social service delivery	40
is a primary reason why Black women experience disparities in	41
health care not only during pregnancy but throughout their	42
lives; and	43
WHEREAS, The alarmingly high rates of maternal mortality	44
and severe maternal morbidity among Black women are	45
unacceptable; and	4 6
WHEREAS, Recognizing Black Maternal Health Week can bring	47
statewide attention to the maternal health care crisis in the	48

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Black community and the importance of reducing the rate of	49
maternal mortality and morbidity among Black women; and	50
WHEREAS, Black Maternal Health Week is an opportunity to	51
increase attention to the state of Black maternal health in	52
Ohio, amplify the voices of Black women and families, serve as a	53
statewide platform for Black-women-led entities and efforts on	54
maternal health, and enhance community organizing on Black	55
maternal health; now therefore be it	56
RESOLVED, That we, the members of the 134th General	57
Assembly of the State of Ohio, in adopting this resolution,	58
recognize the week of April 11 - April 17, 2021, as Black	59
Maternal Health Week in Ohio; and be it further	60
RESOLVED, That the Clerk of the House of Representatives	61
transmit duly authenticated copies of this resolution to the	62
news media of Ohio.	63