#### As Introduced

# 132nd General Assembly Regular Session 2017-2018

H. B. No. 794

### **Representative Ramos**

## A BILL

То	amend se	ctions 30	7.47, 319	.54, 323.	04, 323.05,	1
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	1313.35,	1319.06,	1321.31,	1707.03,	1707.06,	3
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	2111.08,	2121.03,	2307.09,	2307.10,	2317.02,	5
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	4112.02,	4141.30,	4728.03,	4737.07,	5103.16,	13
	5123.01,	5302.05,	5302.07,	5302.11,	5302.12,	14
	5302.17,	5302.20,	5302.21,	5309.80,	5309.85,	15
	5711.14,	5731.10,	5747.05,	5747.08,	and 5747.081	16
	of the Re	evised Cod	de to cha	nge vario	us references	17
	to husbar	nd and wi	fe in the	Revised	Code to	18
	spouse.					19

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

1313.17,	1313.29,	1313.30,	1313.33,	1313.34,	1313.35,	1319.06,	21
1321.31,	1707.03,	1707.06,	1707.14,	2103.05,	2103.06,	2103.08,	22
2105.06,	2111.08,	2121.03,	2307.09,	2307.10,	2317.02,	2719.06,	23
2907.26,	2921.22,	2933.54,	2945.42,	3101.01,	3101.08,	3101.13,	24
3101.14,	3103.01,	3103.04,	3103.05,	3103.06,	3103.08,	3105.01,	25
3105.17,	3105.31,	3105.32,	3107.03,	3109.03,	3109.56,	3111.92,	26
3111.93,	3111.94,	3111.95,	3111.96,	3111.97,	3113.08,	3115.316,	27
3127.40,	3701.791	, 3705.09,	3911.08,	, 3923.03,	3937.30	, 4112.02,	28
4141.30,	4728.03,	4737.07,	5103.16,	5123.01,	5302.05,	5302.07,	29
5302.11,	5302.12,	5302.17,	5302.20,	5302.21,	5309.80,	5309.85,	30
5711.14,	5731.10,	5747.05,	5747.08,	and 5747	.081 of th	he Revised	31
Code be	amended to	o read as	follows:				32

Sec. 307.47. The board of county commissioners shall provide for the relief, out of the general funds of the county, of any person temporarily or permanently disabled by reason of his the person's automobile being commandeered by any police officer of the county or other political subdivision in the discharge of his official duty. Such board shall pay, out of the general funds of the county, to the husband or wife spouse or other dependents of any person whose death is caused by reason of his the person's automobile being commandeered by any police officer of the county or other political subdivision in the discharge of his official duty, the sum not to exceed five thousand dollars.

Sec. 319.54. (A) On all moneys collected by the county treasurer on any tax duplicate of the county, other than estate tax duplicates, and on all moneys received as advance payments of personal property and classified property taxes, the county auditor, on settlement with the treasurer and tax commissioner, on or before the date prescribed by law for such settlement or any lawful extension of such date, shall be allowed as

compensation for the county auditor's services the following	52
percentages:	53
(1) On the first one hundred thousand dollars, two and	54
one-half per cent;	55
(2) On the next two million dollars, eight thousand three	56
hundred eighteen ten-thousandths of one per cent;	57
(3) On the next two million dollars, six thousand six	58
hundred fifty-five ten-thousandths of one per cent;	59
(4) On all further sums, one thousand six hundred sixty-	60
three ten-thousandths of one per cent.	61
TE and sattlement is not made as an hafana the data	(2)
If any settlement is not made on or before the date	62
prescribed by law for such settlement or any lawful extension of	63
such date, the aggregate compensation allowed to the auditor	64
shall be reduced one per cent for each day such settlement is	65
delayed after the prescribed date. No penalty shall apply if the	66
auditor and treasurer grant all requests for advances up to	67
ninety per cent of the settlement pursuant to section 321.34 of	68
the Revised Code. The compensation allowed in accordance with	69
this section on settlements made before the dates prescribed by	70
law, or the reduced compensation allowed in accordance with this	71
section on settlements made after the date prescribed by law or	72
any lawful extension of such date, shall be apportioned ratably	73
by the auditor and deducted from the shares or portions of the	74
revenue payable to the state as well as to the county,	75
townships, municipal corporations, and school districts.	76
(B) For the purpose of reimbursing county auditors for the	77
expenses associated with the increased number of applications	78
for reductions in real property taxes under sections 323.152 and	79
4503.065 of the Revised Code that result from the amendment of	80

those sections by Am. Sub. H.B. 119 of the 127th general	81
assembly, there shall be paid from the state's general revenue	82
fund to the county treasury, to the credit of the real estate	83
assessment fund created by section 325.31 of the Revised Code,	84
an amount equal to one per cent of the total annual amount of	85
property tax relief reimbursement paid to that county under	86
sections 323.156 and 4503.068 of the Revised Code for the	87
preceding tax year. Payments made under this division shall be	88
made at the same times and in the same manner as payments made	89
under section 323.156 of the Revised Code.	90
(C) From all moneys collected by the county treasurer on	91
any tax duplicate of the county, other than estate tax	92
duplicates, and on all moneys received as advance payments of	93
personal property and classified property taxes, there shall be	94
paid into the county treasury to the credit of the real estate	95
assessment fund created by section 325.31 of the Revised Code,	96
an amount to be determined by the county auditor, which shall	97
not exceed the percentages prescribed in divisions (C)(1) and	98
(2) of this section.	99
(1) For payments made after June 30, 2007, and before	100
2011, the following percentages:	101
(a) On the first five hundred thousand dollars, four per	102
cent;	103
(b) On the next five million dollars, two per cent;	104
(c) On the next five million dollars, one per cent;	105
(d) On all further sums not exceeding one hundred fifty	106
million dollars, three-quarters of one per cent;	107
(e) On amounts exceeding one hundred fifty million	108
dollars, five hundred eighty-five thousandths of one per cent.	109

(2) For payments made in or after 2011, the following	110
percentages:	111
(a) On the first five hundred thousand dollars, four per	112
cent;	113
(b) On the next ten million dollars, two per cent;	114
(c) On amounts exceeding ten million five hundred thousand	115
dollars, three-fourths of one per cent.	116
Such compensation shall be apportioned ratably by the	117
auditor and deducted from the shares or portions of the revenue	118
payable to the state as well as to the county, townships,	119
municipal corporations, and school districts.	120
(D) Each county auditor shall receive four per cent of the	121
amount of tax collected and paid into the county treasury, on	122
property omitted and placed by the county auditor on the tax	123
duplicate.	124
(E) On all estate tax moneys collected by the county	125
treasurer, the county auditor, on settlement annually with the	126
tax commissioner, shall be allowed, as compensation for the	127
auditor's services under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, the	128
following percentages:	129
(1) Four per cent on the first one hundred thousand	130
dollars;	131
(2) One-half of one per cent on all additional sums.	132
Such percentages shall be computed upon the amount	133
collected and reported at each annual settlement, and shall be	134
for the use of the general fund of the county.	135
(F) On all cigarette license moneys collected by the	136

county treasurer, the county auditor, on settlement semiannually	137
with the treasurer, shall be allowed as compensation for the	138
auditor's services in the issuing of such licenses one-half of	139
one per cent of such moneys, to be apportioned ratably and	140
deducted from the shares of the revenue payable to the county	141
and subdivisions, for the use of the general fund of the county.	142
(G) The county auditor shall charge and receive fees as	143
follows:	144
(1) For deeds of land sold for taxes to be paid by the	145
purchaser, five dollars;	146
(2) For the transfer or entry of land, lot, or part of	147
lot, or the transfer or entry on or after January 1, 2000, of a	148
used manufactured home or mobile home as defined in section	149
5739.0210 of the Revised Code, fifty cents for each transfer or	150
entry, to be paid by the person requiring it;	151
(3) For receiving statements of value and administering	152
section 319.202 of the Revised Code, one dollar, or ten cents	153
for each one hundred dollars or fraction of one hundred dollars,	154
whichever is greater, of the value of the real property	155
transferred or, for sales occurring on or after January 1, 2000,	156
the value of the used manufactured home or used mobile home, as	157
defined in section 5739.0210 of the Revised Code, transferred,	158
except no fee shall be charged when the transfer is made:	159
(a) To or from the United States, this state, or any	160
instrumentality, agency, or political subdivision of the United	161
States or this state;	162
(b) Solely in order to provide or release security for a	163
debt or obligation;	164
(c) To confirm or correct a deed previously executed and	165

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recorded or when a current owner on any record made available to	166
the general public on the internet or a publicly accessible	167
database and the general tax list of real and public utility	168
property and the general duplicate of real and public utility	169
property is a peace officer, parole officer, prosecuting	170
attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, correctional employee,	171
youth services employee, firefighter, EMT, or investigator of	172
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation and is	173
changing the current owner name listed on any record made	174
available to the general public on the internet or a publicly	175
accessible database and the general tax list of real and public	176
utility property and the general duplicate of real and public	177
utility property to the initials of the current owner as	178
prescribed in division (B)(1) of section 319.28 of the Revised	179
Code;	180
(d) To evidence a gift, in trust or otherwise and whether	181
revocable or irrevocable, between husband and wife spouses, or	182
parent and child or the spouse of either;	183
(e) On sale for delinquent taxes or assessments;	184
(f) Pursuant to court order, to the extent that such	185
transfer is not the result of a sale effected or completed	186
pursuant to such order;	187
(g) Pursuant to a reorganization of corporations or	188
unincorporated associations or pursuant to the dissolution of a	189
corporation, to the extent that the corporation conveys the	190
property to a stockholder as a distribution in kind of the	191
corporation's assets in exchange for the stockholder's shares in	192
the dissolved corporation;	193

(h) By a subsidiary corporation to its parent corporation

for no consideration, nominal consideration, or in sole	195
consideration of the cancellation or surrender of the	196
subsidiary's stock;	197
(i) By lease, whether or not it extends to mineral or	198
mineral rights, unless the lease is for a term of years	199
renewable forever;	200
(j) When the value of the real property or the	201
manufactured or mobile home or the value of the interest that is	202
conveyed does not exceed one hundred dollars;	203
(k) Of an occupied residential property, including a	204
manufactured or mobile home, being transferred to the builder of	205
a new residence or to the dealer of a new manufactured or mobile	206
home when the former residence is traded as part of the	207
consideration for the new residence or new manufactured or	208
mobile home;	209
(1) To a grantee other than a dealer in real property or	210
in manufactured or mobile homes, solely for the purpose of, and	211
as a step in, the prompt sale of the real property or	212
manufactured or mobile home to others;	213
(m) To or from a person when no money or other valuable	214
and tangible consideration readily convertible into money is	215
paid or to be paid for the real estate or manufactured or mobile	216
home and the transaction is not a gift;	217
(n) Pursuant to division (B) of section 317.22 of the	218
Revised Code, or section 2113.61 of the Revised Code, between	219
spouses or to a surviving spouse pursuant to section 5302.17 of	220
the Revised Code as it existed prior to April 4, 1985, between	221
persons pursuant to section 5302.17 or 5302.18 of the Revised	222
Code on or after April 4, 1985, to a person who is a surviving,	223

survivorship tenant pursuant to section 5302.17 of the Revised	224
Code on or after April 4, 1985, or pursuant to section 5309.45	225
of the Revised Code;	226
(o) To a trustee acting on behalf of minor children of the	227
deceased;	228
(p) Of an easement or right-of-way when the value of the	229
interest conveyed does not exceed one thousand dollars;	230
(q) Of property sold to a surviving spouse pursuant to	231
section 2106.16 of the Revised Code;	232
(r) To or from an organization exempt from federal income	233
taxation under section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code	234
of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended, provided	235
such transfer is without consideration and is in furtherance of	236
the charitable or public purposes of such organization;	237
(s) Among the heirs at law or devisees, including a	238
surviving spouse, of a common decedent, when no consideration in	239
money is paid or to be paid for the real property or	240
manufactured or mobile home;	241
(t) To a trustee of a trust, when the grantor of the trust	242
has reserved an unlimited power to revoke the trust;	243
(u) To the grantor of a trust by a trustee of the trust,	244
when the transfer is made to the grantor pursuant to the	245
exercise of the grantor's power to revoke the trust or to	246
withdraw trust assets;	247
(v) To the beneficiaries of a trust if the fee was paid on	248
the transfer from the grantor of the trust to the trustee or if	249
the transfer is made pursuant to trust provisions which became	250
irrevocable at the death of the grantor;	251

(w) To a corporation for incorporation into a sports	252
facility constructed pursuant to section 307.696 of the Revised	253
Code;	254
(x) Between persons pursuant to section 5302.18 of the	255
Revised Code;	256
(y) From a county land reutilization corporation organized	257
under Chapter 1724. of the Revised Code, or its wholly owned	258
subsidiary, to a third party.	259
(4) For the cost of publishing the delinquent manufactured	260
home tax list, the delinquent tax list, and the delinquent	261
vacant land tax list, a flat fee, as determined by the county	262
auditor, to be charged to the owner of a home on the delinquent	263
manufactured home tax list or the property owner of land on the	264
delinquent tax list or the delinquent vacant land tax list.	265
The auditor shall compute and collect the fee. The auditor	266
shall maintain a numbered receipt system, as prescribed by the	267
tax commissioner, and use such receipt system to provide a	268
receipt to each person paying a fee. The auditor shall deposit	269
the receipts of the fees on conveyances in the county treasury	270
daily to the credit of the general fund of the county, except	271
that fees charged and received under division (G)(3) of this	272
section for a transfer of real property to a county land	273
reutilization corporation shall be credited to the county land	274
reutilization corporation fund established under section 321.263	275
of the Revised Code.	276
The real property transfer fee provided for in division	277
(G)(3) of this section shall be applicable to any conveyance of	278
real property presented to the auditor on or after January 1,	279
1968, regardless of its time of execution or delivery.	280

The transfer fee for a used manufactured home or used	281
mobile home shall be computed by and paid to the county auditor	282
of the county in which the home is located immediately prior to	283
the transfer.	284
Sec. 323.04. A taxpayer may, subject to sections 323.01 to	285
323.05, inclusive, of the Revised Code, use in the payment of	286
	287
his the taxpayer's taxes any liquidated claim which such	
taxpayer, or the husband or wife spouse of such taxpayer, has	288
against any subdivision which is to derive benefit from the tax	289
collection.	290
Sec. 323.05. The liquidated claims and certificates	291
described in sections 323.01 to 323.04, inclusive, of the	292
Revised Code, shall be nonnegotiable for the purposes of such	293
sections, except that where the tax is for property owned	294
jointly by a husband and wife both spouses or by either of them	295
when the other is the owner of a liquidated claim, such	296
liquidated claim and certificate shall be accepted by the county	297
treasurer in the manner provided by section 323.02 of the	298
Revised Code in payment of taxes levied against the property	299
owned by both or either of them. Such certificates shall only be	300
used when a taxpayer or the husband or wife spouse of such	301
taxpayer holds a liquidated claim of record against the	302
subdivision.	303
The use of such certificates constitutes a reduction of	304
the indebtedness of the subdivision to the taxpayer holding such	305
certificates to the extent of the taxes credited on them.	306
Any certificate issued under section 323.02 of the Revised	307
Code may be used for any of the purposes of sections 323.01 to	308
323.05, inclusive, of the Revised Code, and failure of any	309
fiscal officer of any subdivision to give a certificate may be	310

enforced by mandamus. All certificates shall be subject to	311
sections 323.03 and 323.04 of the Revised Code.	312
Sec. 1313.17. No assignment for the benefit of creditors	313
shall include or cover any property exempt from levy or sale on	314
execution, or exempt from being applied to the payment of debts	315
by any legal process, unless in the assignment the exemption is	316
expressly waived.	317
No such assignment shall include any property belonging to	318
the <pre>wife_spouse_of the assignor, nor require the assignor to</pre>	319
deliver up any of such property.	320
Sec. 1313.29. When real property is to be sold as provided	321
in sections 1313.21 to 1313.31, inclusive, of the Revised Code,	322
the husband or wife spouse of the assignor may be made a party,	323
and file an answer in the probate court to have such real	324
property sold free of his or her the spouse's contingent right	325
of dower and to allow him or her the spouse in lieu thereof, out	326
of the proceeds of the sale, such sum of money as the court	327
deems the just and reasonable value of the dower interest	328
therein. Such answer has the force and effect, in all respects,	329
of a deed releasing such contingent dower interest in such real	330
property.	331
Sec. 1313.30. When the assignor and his wife the	332
<u>assignor's spouse</u> jointly have executed a mortgage upon real	333
property assigned for the benefit of creditors, or when the	334
assignor alone has executed a mortgage upon any of such real	335
property to secure the payment of purchase money, or a part	336
thereof, the probate court shall order its sale free from the	337
contingent right of dower of such wife the assignor's spouse,	338
and shall determine the just and reasonable value of her the	339
<pre>spouse's dower interests in the proceeds of sale remaining after</pre>	340

the payment of such encumbrances as preclude her the spouse's	341
right to dower therein.	342
Sec. 1313.33. When real property to be sold, or which has	343
been contracted to be sold by an assignor prior to the	344
assignment for the benefit of creditors, is encumbered with	345
liens, or when questions in regard to the title, or the dower	346
estate of the wife or widow spouse or surviving spouse of the	347
assignor, require a decree to settle them, the assignee may	348
commence a civil action therefor in the court of common pleas or	349
probate court of the proper county, making all persons in	350
interest, including the wife or widow spouse or surviving spouse	351
of the assignor, parties.	352
Upon hearing, the court shall order a sale of the	353
premises, or the completion of such contracts of sale, the	354
payment of encumbrances and the contingent dower interest of the	355
wife or widow spouse or surviving spouse, subject to section	356
1313.35 of the Revised Code, and determine the questions	357
involved as to title to the property.	358
Sec. 1313.34. The proceeds of all the real property of the	359
assignor sold by court order for the benefit of creditors, after	360
payment of liens, encumbrances and the contingent dower rights	361
and interest of his wife or widow the assignor's spouse or	362
surviving spouse, must be reported to the probate court by the	363
assignee, and disposed of as provided in sections 1313.01 to	364
1313.59, inclusive, of the Revised Code.	365
Sec. 1313.35. Sections 1313.21 to 1313.31, inclusive, of	366
the Revised Code relating to the <u>wife</u> spouse of the assignor as	367
a party to the proceedings thereunder and her the spouse's	368
rights by virtue thereof, and also relating to ordering property	369
sold at private sale, and upon terms of credit, apply to	370

proceedings under sections 1313.33 and 1313.34 of the Revised	371
Code.	372
Sec. 1319.06. No-husband or wife_spouse shall create any	373
lien by chattel mortgage or otherwise upon any personal	374
household property owned by either or both of them, without the	375
joint consent of both-husband and wife spouses. No such mortgage	376
is valid unless executed by both husband and wife spouses.	377
This section does not apply to any mortgage or lien for	378
the purchase price of such property.	379
Sec. 1321.31. No assignment of, or order for, wages or	380
salary is valid unless made in writing by the person by whom the	381
said wages or salary are earned and no assignment of, or order	382
for, wages or salary made by a married person is valid unless	383
the written consent of the husband or wife spouse of the person	384
making such assignment or order is attached to such assignment	385
or order. No assignment of, or order for, wages or salary of a	386
minor is valid unless the written consent of a parent or the	387
guardian of such minor is attached to such order or assignment.	388
No assignment of, or order for, wages or salary is valid for	389
more than twenty-five per cent of the earnings, wages, or salary	390
of any married person. No such assignment is valid for more than	391
fifty per cent of the earnings, wages, or salary of any	392
unmarried person.	393
Assignments of wages have priority as to each other from	394
the time they are filed with the employer of the assignor, and	395
the balance due any married person after twenty-five per cent	396
has been so assigned, or due any unmarried person after fifty	397
per cent has been so assigned is not subject to further	398
assignment.	399

Sec. 1707.03. (A) As used in this section, "exempt" means	400
that, except in the case of securities the right to buy, sell,	401
or deal in which has been suspended or revoked under an existing	402
order of the division of securities under section 1707.13 of the	403
Revised Code or under a cease and desist order under division	404
(G) of section 1707.23 of the Revised Code, transactions in	405
securities may be carried on and completed without compliance	406
with sections 1707.08 to 1707.11 of the Revised Code.	407

- (B) A sale of securities made by or on behalf of a bona fide owner, neither the issuer nor a dealer, is exempt if the sale is made in good faith and not for the purpose of avoiding this chapter and is not made in the course of repeated and successive transactions of a similar character. Any sale of securities over a stock exchange that is lawfully conducted in this state and regularly open for public patronage and that has been established and operated for a period of at least five years prior to the sale at a commission not exceeding the commission regularly charged in such transactions also is exempt.
- (C) The sale of securities by executors, administrators, receivers, trustees, or anyone acting in a fiduciary capacity is exempt, where such relationship was created by law, by a will, or by judicial authority, and where such sales are subject to approval by, or are made in pursuance to authority granted by, any court of competent jurisdiction or are otherwise authorized and lawfully made by such fiduciary.
- (D) A sale to the issuer, to a dealer, or to an institutional investor is exempt.
- (E) A sale in good faith, and not for the purpose of 428 avoiding this chapter, by a pledgee of a security pledged for a 429

bona fide debt is exempt.	430
(F) The sale at public auction by a corporation of shares	431
of its stock because of delinquency in payment for the shares is	432
exempt.	433
(G)(1) The giving of any conversion right with, or on	434
account of the purchase of, any security that is exempt, is the	435
subject matter of an exempt transaction, has been registered by	436
description, by coordination, or by qualification, or is the	437
subject matter of a transaction that has been registered by	438
description is exempt.	439
(2) The giving of any subscription right, warrant, or	440
option to purchase a security or right to receive a security	441
upon exchange, which security is exempt at the time the right,	442
warrant, or option to purchase or right to receive is given, is	443
the subject matter of an exempt transaction, is registered by	444
description, by coordination, or by qualification, or is the	445
subject matter of a transaction that has been registered by	446
description is exempt.	447
(3) The giving of any subscription right or any warrant or	448
option to purchase a security, which right, warrant, or option	449
expressly provides that it shall not be exercisable except for a	450
security that at the time of the exercise is exempt, is the	451
subject matter of an exempt transaction, is registered by	452
description, by coordination, or by qualification, or at such	453
time is the subject matter of a transaction that has been	454
registered by description is exempt.	455
(H) The sale of notes, bonds, or other evidences of	456
indebtedness that are secured by a mortgage lien upon real	457
estate, leasehold estate other than oil, gas, or mining	458

leasehold, or tangible personal property, or which evidence of	459
indebtedness is due under or based upon a conditional-sale	460
contract, if all such notes, bonds, or other evidences of	461
indebtedness are sold to a single purchaser at a single sale, is	462
exempt.	463
(I) The delivery of securities by the issuer on the	464
exercise of conversion rights, the sale of securities by the	465
issuer on exercise of subscription rights or of warrants or	466
options to purchase securities, the delivery of voting-trust	467
certificates for securities deposited under a voting-trust	468
agreement, the delivery of deposited securities on surrender of	469
voting-trust certificates, and the delivery of final	470
certificates on surrender of interim certificates are exempt;	471
but the sale of securities on exercise of subscription rights,	472
warrants, or options is not an exempt transaction unless those	473
rights, warrants, or options when granted were the subject	474
matter of an exempt transaction under division (G) of this	475
section or were registered by description, by coordination, or	476
by qualification.	477
(J) The sale of securities by a bank, savings and loan	478
association, savings bank, or credit union organized under the	479
laws of the United States or of this state is exempt if at a	480
profit to that seller of not more than two per cent of the total	481
sale price of the securities.	482
(K)(1) The distribution by a corporation of its securities	483
to its security holders as a share dividend or other	484
distribution out of earnings or surplus is exempt.	485
(2) The exchange or distribution by the issuer of any of	486
its securities or of the securities of any of the issuer's	487

wholly owned subsidiaries exclusively with or to its existing

security holders, if no commission or other remuneration is	489
given directly or indirectly for soliciting the exchange, is	490
exempt.	491
(3) The sale of preorganization subscriptions for shares	492
of stock of a corporation prior to the incorporation of the	493
corporation is exempt, when the sale is evidenced by a written	494
agreement, no remuneration is given, or promised, directly or	495
indirectly, for or in connection with the sale of those	496
securities, and no consideration is received, directly or	497
indirectly, by any person from the purchasers of those	498
securities until registration by qualification, by coordination,	499
or by description of those securities is made under this	500
chapter.	501
(L) The issuance of securities in exchange for one or more	502
bona fide outstanding securities, claims, or property interests,	503
not including securities sold for a consideration payable in	504
whole or in part in cash, under a plan of reorganization,	505
recapitalization, or refinancing approved by a court pursuant to	506
the Bankruptcy Act of the United States or to any other federal	507
act giving any federal court jurisdiction over such plan of	508
reorganization, or under a plan of reorganization approved by a	509
court of competent jurisdiction of any state of the United	510
States is exempt. As used in this division, "reorganization,"	511
"recapitalization," and "refinancing" have the same meanings as	512
in section 1707.04 of the Revised Code.	513
(M) A sale by a licensed dealer, acting either as	514
principal or as agent, of securities issued and outstanding	515
before the sale is exempt, unless the sale is of one or more of	516

(1) Securities constituting the whole or a part of an

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the following:

unsold allotment to or subscription by a dealer as an	519
underwriter or other participant in the distribution of those	520
securities by the issuer, whether that distribution is direct or	521
through an underwriter, provided that, if the issuer is such by	522
reason of owning one-fourth or more of those securities, the	523
dealer has knowledge of this fact or reasonable cause to believe	524
this fact;	525
(2) Any class of shares issued by a corporation when the	526
number of beneficial owners of that class is less than twenty-	527
five, with the record owner of securities being deemed the	528
beneficial owner for this purpose, in the absence of actual	529
knowledge to the contrary;	530
(3) Securities that within one year were purchased outside	531
this state or within one year were transported into this state,	532
if the dealer has knowledge or reasonable cause to believe,	533
before the sale of those securities, that within one year they	534
were purchased outside this state or within one year were	535
transported into this state; but such a sale of those securities	536
is exempt if any of the following occurs:	537
(a) A recognized securities manual contains the names of	538
the issuer's officers and directors, a balance sheet of the	539
issuer as of a date within eighteen months, and a profit and	540
loss statement for either the fiscal year preceding that date or	541
the most recent year of operations;	542
(b) Those securities, or securities of the same class,	543
within one year were registered or qualified under section	544
1707.09 or 1707.091 of the Revised Code, and that registration	545
or qualification is in full force and effect;	546

(c) The sale is made by a licensed dealer on behalf of the

bona fide owner of those securities in accordance with division	548
(B) of this section;	549
(d) Those securities were transported into Ohio in a	550
transaction of the type described in division (L), (K), or (I)	551
of this section, or in a transaction registered under division	552
(A) of section 1707.06 of the Revised Code.	553
(N) For the purpose of this division and division (M) of	554
this section, "underwriter" means any person who has purchased	555
from an issuer with a view to, or sells for an issuer in	556
connection with, the distribution of any security, or who	557
participates directly or indirectly in any such undertaking or	558
in the underwriting thereof, but "underwriter" does not include	559
a person whose interest is limited to a discount, commission, or	560
profit from the underwriter or from a dealer that is not in	561
excess of the customary distributors' or sellers' discount,	562
commission, or profit; and "issuer" includes any person or any	563
group of persons acting in concert in the sale of such	564
securities, owning beneficially one-fourth or more of the	565
outstanding securities of the class involved in the transactions	566
in question, with the record owner of securities being deemed	567
the beneficial owner for this purpose, in the absence of actual	568
knowledge to the contrary.	569
(O)(1) The sale of any equity security is exempt if all	570
the following conditions are satisfied:	571
(a) The sale is by the issuer of the security.	572
(b) The total number of purchasers in this state of all	573
securities issued or sold by the issuer in reliance upon this	574
exemption during the period of one year ending with the date of	575
the sale does not exceed ten. A sale of securities registered	576

under this chapter or sold pursuant to an exemption under this	577
chapter other than this exemption shall not be integrated with a	578
sale pursuant to this exemption in computing the number of	579
purchasers under this exemption.	580
(c) No advertisement, article, notice, or other	581
communication published in any newspaper, magazine, or similar	582
medium or broadcast over television or radio is used in	583
connection with the sale, but the use of an offering circular or	584
other communication delivered by the issuer to selected	585
individuals does not destroy this exemption.	586
(d) The issuer reasonably believes after reasonable	587
investigation that the purchaser is purchasing for investment.	588
investigation that the putchaser is putchasing for investment.	300
(e) The aggregate commission, discount, and other	589
remuneration, excluding legal, accounting, and printing fees,	590
paid or given directly or indirectly does not exceed ten per	591
cent of the initial offering price.	592
(f) Any such commission, discount, or other remuneration	593
for sales in this state is paid or given only to dealers or	594
salespersons registered pursuant to this chapter.	595
(2) For the purposes of division (0)(1) of this section,	596
each of the following is deemed to be a single purchaser of a	597
security: husband and wife both spouses, a child and its parent	598
or guardian when the parent or guardian holds the security for	599
the benefit of the child, a corporation, a limited liability	600
company, a partnership, an association or other unincorporated	601
entity, a joint-stock company, or a trust, but only if the	602

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corporation, limited liability company, partnership,

formed for the purpose of purchasing the security.

association, entity, joint-stock company, or trust was not

(3) As used in division (0)(1) of this section, "equity	606
security" means any stock or similar security of a corporation	607
or any membership interest in a limited liability company; or	608
any security convertible, with or without consideration, into	609
such a security, or carrying any warrant or right to subscribe	610
to or purchase such a security; or any such warrant or right; or	611
any other security that the division considers necessary or	612
appropriate, by such rules as it may prescribe in the public	613
interest or for the protection of investors, to treat as an	614
equity security.	615
(P) The sale of securities representing interests in or	616
under profit-sharing or participation agreements relating to oil	617
or gas wells located in this state, or representing interests in	618
or under oil or gas leases of real estate situated in this	619
state, is exempt if the securities are issued by an individual,	620
partnership, limited partnership, partnership association,	621 622
syndicate, pool, trust or trust fund, or other unincorporated	
association and if each of the following conditions is complied	623
with:	624
(1) The beneficial owners of the securities do not, and	625
will not after the sale, exceed five natural persons;	626
(2) The securities constitute or represent interests in	627
not more than one oil or gas well;	628
not more than one off of gas well,	020
(3) A certificate or other instrument in writing is	629
furnished to each purchaser of the securities at or before the	630
consummation of the sale, disclosing the maximum commission,	631
compensation for services, cost of lease, and expenses with	632
respect to the sale of such interests and with respect to the	633
promotion, development, and management of the oil or gas well,	634
and the total of that commission, compensation, costs, and	635

expenses does not exceed twenty-five per cent of the aggregate	636
interests in the oil or gas well, exclusive of any landowner's	637
rental or royalty;	638
(4) The sale is made in good faith and not for the purpose	639
of avoiding this chapter.	640
(Q) The sale of any security is exempt if all of the	641
following conditions are satisfied:	642
(1) The provisions of section 5 of the Securities Act of	643
1933 do not apply to the sale by reason of an exemption under	644
section 4 (2) of that act.	645
Section 4 (2) of that act.	045
(2) The aggregate commission, discount, and other	646
remuneration, excluding legal, accounting, and printing fees,	647
paid or given directly or indirectly does not exceed ten per	648
cent of the initial offering price.	649
(3) Any such commission, discount, or other remuneration	650
for sales in this state is paid or given only to dealers or	651
salespersons registered under this chapter.	652
(4) The issuer or dealer files with the division of	653
securities, not later than sixty days after the sale, a report	654
setting forth the name and address of the issuer, the total	655
amount of the securities sold under this division, the number of	656
persons to whom the securities were sold, the price at which the	657
securities were sold, and the commissions or discounts paid or	658
given.	659
(5) The issuer pays a filing fee of one hundred dollars	660
for the first filing and fifty dollars for every subsequent	661
filing during each calendar year.	662
(R) A sale of a money order, travelers' check, or other	663

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instrument for the transmission of money by a person qualified 664 to engage in such business under Chapter 1315. of the Revised 665 Code is exempt.

- (S) A sale by a licensed dealer of securities that are in

  the process of registration under the Securities Act of 1933,

  unless exempt under that act, and that are in the process of

  registration, if registration is required under this chapter, is

  exempt, provided that no sale of that nature shall be

  consummated prior to the registration by description or

  qualification of the securities.

  667
- (T) The execution by a licensed dealer of orders for the 674 purchase of any security is exempt, provided that the dealer 675 acts only as agent for the purchaser, has made no solicitation 676 of the order to purchase the security, has no interest in the 677 distribution of the security, and delivers to the purchaser 678 written confirmation of the transaction that clearly itemizes 679 the dealer's commission. "Solicitation," as used in this 680 division, means solicitation of the order for the specific 681 security purchased and does not include general solicitations or 682 advertisements of any kind. 683
- (U) The sale insofar as the security holders of a person 684 are concerned, where, pursuant to statutory provisions of the 685 jurisdiction under which that person is organized or pursuant to 686 provisions contained in its articles of incorporation, 687 certificate of incorporation, partnership agreement, declaration 688 of trust, trust indenture, or similar controlling instrument, 689 there is submitted to the security holders, for their vote or 690 consent, (1) a plan or agreement for a reclassification of 691 securities of that person that involves the substitution of a 692 security of that person for another security of that person, (2) 693

a plan or agreement of merger or consolidation or a similar plan	694
or agreement of acquisition in which the securities of that	695
person held by the security holders will become or be exchanged	696
for securities of any other person, or (3) a plan or agreement	697
for a combination as defined in division (Q) of section 1701.01	698
of the Revised Code or a similar plan or agreement for the	699
transfer of assets of that person to another person in	700
consideration of the issuance of securities of any person, is	701
exempt if, with respect to any of the foregoing transactions,	702
either of the following conditions is satisfied:	703

- (a) The securities to be issued to the security holders 704 are effectively registered under sections 6 to 8 of the 705 Securities Act of 1933 and offered and sold in compliance with 706 section 5 of that act; 707
- (b) At least twenty days prior to the date on which a 708 meeting of the security holders is held or the earliest date on 709 which corporate action may be taken when no meeting is held, 710 there is submitted to the security holders, by that person, or 711 by the person whose securities are to be issued in the 712 transaction, information substantially equivalent to the 713 information that would be required to be included in a proxy 714 statement or information statement prepared by or on behalf of 715 the management of an issuer subject to section 14(a) or 14(c) of 716 the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. 717
- (V) The sale of any security is exempt if the division by
  rule finds that registration is not necessary or appropriate in
  the public interest or for the protection of investors.
  718
- (W) Any offer or sale of securities made in reliance on 721
  the exemptions provided by Rule 505 of Regulation D made 722
  pursuant to the Securities Act of 1933 and the conditions and 723

definitions provided by Rules 501 to 503 thereunder is exempt if	724
the offer or sale satisfies all of the following conditions:	725
(1) No commission or other remuneration is given, directly	726
or indirectly, to any person for soliciting or selling to any	727
person in this state in reliance on the exemption under this	728
division, except to dealers licensed in this state.	729
(2)(a) Unless the cause for disqualification is waived	730
under division ( $\mathbb{W}$ )(2)(b) of this section, no exemption under	731
this section is available for the securities of an issuer unless	732
the issuer did not know and in the exercise of reasonable care	733
could not have known that any of the following applies to any of	734
the persons described in Rule 262(a) to (c) of Regulation A	735
under the Securities Act of 1933:	736
(i) The person has filed an application for registration	737
or qualification that is the subject of an effective order	738
entered against the issuer, its officers, directors, general	739
partners, controlling persons or affiliates thereof, pursuant to	740
the law of any state within five years before the filing of a	741
notice required under division (W)(3) of this section denying	742
effectiveness to, or suspending or revoking the effectiveness	743
of, the registration statement.	744
(ii) The person has been convicted of any offense in	745
connection with the offer, sale, or purchase of any security or	746
franchise, or any felony involving fraud or deceit, including,	747
but not limited to, forgery, embezzlement, fraud, theft, or	748
conspiracy to defraud.	749
(iii) The person is subject to an effective administrative	750
order or judgment that was entered by a state securities	751

administrator within five years before the filing of a notice

required under division (W)(3) of this section and that	753
prohibits, denies, or revokes the use of any exemption from	754
securities registration, prohibits the transaction of business	755
by the person as a dealer, or is based on fraud, deceit, an	756
untrue statement of a material fact, or an omission to state a	757
material fact.	758
(iv) The person is subject to any order, judgment, or	759
decree of any court entered within five years before the filing	760
of a notice required under division (W)(3) of this section,	761
temporarily, preliminarily, or permanently restraining or	762
enjoining the person from engaging in or continuing any conduct	763
or practice in connection with the offer, sale, or purchase of	764
any security, or the making of any false filing with any state.	765
(b)(i) Any disqualification under this division involving	766
a dealer may be waived if the dealer is or continues to be	767
licensed in this state as a dealer after notifying the	768
commissioner of the act or event causing disqualification.	769
(ii) The commissioner may waive any disqualification under	770
this paragraph upon a showing of good cause that it is not	771
necessary under the circumstances that use of the exemption be	772
denied.	773
(3) Not later than five business days before the earlier	774
of the date on which the first use of an offering document or	775
the first sale is made in this state in reliance on the	776
exemption under this division, there is filed with the	777
commissioner a notice comprised of offering material in	778
compliance with the requirements of Rule 502 of Regulation D	779
under the Securities Act of 1933 and a fee of one hundred	780

dollars. Material amendments to the offering document shall be

filed with the commissioner not later than the date of their

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first use in this state.	783
(4) The aggregate commission, discount, and other	784
remuneration paid or given, directly or indirectly, does not	785
exceed twelve per cent of the initial offering price, excluding	786
legal, accounting, and printing fees.	787
(X) Any offer or sale of securities made in reliance on	788
the exemption provided in Rule 506 of Regulation D under the	789
Securities Act of 1933, and in accordance with Rules 501 to 503	790
of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933, is exempt	791
provided that all of the following apply:	792
(1) The issuer makes a notice filing with the division on	793
form D of the securities and exchange commission within fifteen	794
days of the first sale in this state;	795
(2) Any commission, discount, or other remuneration for	796
sales of securities in this state is paid or given only to	797
dealers or salespersons licensed under this chapter;	798
(3) The issuer pays a filing fee of one hundred dollars to	799
the division; however, no filing fee shall be required to file	800
amendments to the form D of the securities and exchange	801
commission.	802
(Y) The offer or sale of securities by an issuer is exempt	803
provided that all of the following apply:	804
(1) The sale of securities is made only to persons who	805
are, or who the issuer reasonably believes are, accredited	806
investors as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the	807
Securities Act of 1933.	808
(2) The issuer reasonably believes that all purchasers are	809
purchasing for investment and not with a view to or for sale in	810

connection with a distribution of the security. Any resale of a	811
security sold in reliance on this exemption within twelve months	812
of sale shall be presumed to be with a view to distribution and	813
not for investment, except a resale to which any of the	814
following applies:	815
(a) The resale is pursuant to a registration statement	816
effective under section 1707.09 or 1707.091 of the Revised Code.	817
(b) The resale is to an accredited investor, as defined in	818
Rule 501 of Regulation D under the Securities Act of 1933.	819
(c) The resale is to an institutional investor pursuant to	820
the exemptions under division (B) or (D) of this section.	821
(3) The exemption under this division is not available to	822
an issuer that is in the development stage and that either has	823
no specific business plan or purpose or has indicated that its	824
business plan is to engage in a merger or acquisition with an	825
unidentified company or companies, or other entities or persons.	826
(4) The exemption under this division is not available to	827
an issuer, if the issuer, any of the issuer's predecessors, any	828
affiliated issuer, any of the issuer's directors, officers,	829
general partners, or beneficial owners of ten per cent or more	830
of any class of its equity securities, any of the issuer's	831
promoters presently connected with the issuer in any capacity,	832
any underwriter of the securities to be offered, or any partner,	833
director, or officer of such underwriter:	834
(a) Within the past five years, has filed a registration	835
statement that is the subject of a currently effective	836
registration stop order entered by any state securities	837
administrator or the securities and exchange commission;	838

(b) Within the past five years, has been convicted of any

criminal offense in connection with the offer, purchase, or sale	840
of any security, or involving fraud or deceit;	841
(c) Is currently subject to any state or federal	842
administrative enforcement order or judgment, entered within the	843
past five years, finding fraud or deceit in connection with the	844
purchase or sale of any security;	845
(d) Is currently subject to any order, judgment, or decree	846
of any court of competent jurisdiction, entered within the past	847
five years, that temporarily, preliminarily, or permanently	848
restrains or enjoins the party from engaging in or continuing to	849
engage in any conduct or practice involving fraud or deceit in	850
connection with the purchase or sale of any security.	851
(5) Division (Y)(4) of this section is inapplicable if any	852
of the following applies:	853
(a) The party subject to the disqualification is licensed	854
or registered to conduct securities business in the state in	855
which the order, judgment, or decree creating the	856
disqualification was entered against the party described in	857
division (Y)(4) of this section.	858
(b) Before the first offer is made under this exemption,	859
the state securities administrator, or the court or regulatory	860
authority that entered the order, judgment, or decree, waives	861
the disqualification.	862
(c) The issuer did not know and, in the exercise of	863
reasonable care based on reasonable investigation, could not	864
have known that a disqualification from the exemption existed	865
under division (Y)(4) of this section.	866
(6) A general announcement of the proposed offering may be	867
made by any means; however, the general announcement shall	868

include only the following information, unless additional	869
information is specifically permitted by the division by rule:	870
(a) The name, address, and telephone number of the issuer	871
of the securities;	872
(b) The name, a brief description, and price of any	873
security to be issued;	874
(c) A brief description of the business of the issuer;	875
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(d) The type, number, and aggregate amount of securities	876
being offered;	877
(e) The name, address, and telephone number of the person	878
to contact for additional information; and	879
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(f) A statement indicating all of the following:	880
(i) Sales will only be made to accredited investors as	881
defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the Securities Act of	882
1933;	883
(ii) No money or other consideration is being solicited or	884
will be accepted by way of this general announcement;	885
(iii) The securities have not been registered with or	886
approved by any state securities administrator or the securities	887
and exchange commission and are being offered and sold pursuant	888
to an exemption from registration.	889
to an exemption from registration.	009
(7) The issuer, in connection with an offer, may provide	890
information in addition to the general announcement described in	891
division (Y)(6) of this section, provided that either of the	892
following applies:	893
(a) The information is delivered through an electronic	894
database that is restricted to persons that are accredited	895
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investors as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the	896
Securities Act of 1933.	897
(b) The information is delivered after the issuer	898
reasonably believes that the prospective purchaser is an	899
accredited investor as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under	900
the Securities Act of 1933.	901
(8) No telephone solicitation shall be done, unless prior	902
to placing the telephone call, the issuer reasonably believes	903
that the prospective purchaser to be solicited is an accredited	904
investor as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D under the	905
Securities Act of 1933.	906
(9) Dissemination of the general announcement described in	907
division (Y)(6) of this section to persons that are not	908
accredited investors, as defined in Rule 501 of Regulation D	909
under the Securities Act of 1933, does not disqualify the issuer	910
from claiming an exemption under this division.	911
(10) The issuer shall file with the division notice of the	912
offering of securities within fifteen days after notice of the	913
offering is made or a general announcement is made in this	914
state. The filing shall be on forms adopted by the division and	915
shall include a copy of the general announcement, if one is made	916
regarding the proposed offering, and copies of any offering	917
materials, circulars, or prospectuses. A filing fee of one	918
hundred dollars also shall be included.	919
Sec. 1707.06. (A) The following transactions in securities	920
may be carried out upon compliance with sections 1707.08 and	921
1707.11 of the Revised Code:	922
(1) The sale of its securities by a corporation may be so	923
carried out when no part of the securities to be sold is issued	924

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directly or indirectly in payment or exchange for intangible	925
property or for property not located in this state, and when the	926
total commission, remuneration, expense, or discount, excluding	927
legal, accounting, and printing fees of the corporation, in	928
connection with the sale of those securities does not exceed	929
three per cent of the initial offering price of those	930
securities.	931
(2) The sale of its securities by any corporation may be	932
so carried out when the securities are sold to not more than a	933
maximum of thirty-five purchasers, the aggregate commission,	934
discount, or other remuneration, excluding legal, accounting,	935
and printing fees, paid or given directly or indirectly in	936
connection with the sale of those securities does not exceed ten	937

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(a) Any purchaser of at least one hundred thousand dollars of the offered securities;

per cent of the initial offering price, and those securities are

good faith and not for the purpose of avoiding this chapter. For

the purposes of this division, neither of the following shall be

issued and disposed of for the sole account of the issuer in

included among the thirty-five purchaser maximum:

- (b) Any director or executive officer of the issuing 945 corporation.
- (3) The sale of securities representing an interest in a 947 partnership, limited liability company, limited partnership, 948 partnership association, syndicate, pool, trust, trust fund, or 949 other unincorporated association may be so carried out if the 950 securities are sold to not more than a maximum of thirty-five 951 purchasers, the aggregate commission, discount, or other 952 remuneration, excluding legal, accounting, and printing fees, 953 paid or given directly or indirectly in connection with the sale 954

of those securities does not exceed ten per cent of the initial	955
offering price, and the sale is made in good faith and not for	956
the purpose of avoiding this chapter. For the purposes of this	957
division, neither of the following shall be included among the	958
thirty-five purchaser maximum:	959
(a) Any purchaser of at least one hundred thousand dollars	960
of the offered securities;	961
(b) Any trustee, general partner, director, or executive	962
officer of the issuer, or any member of a limited liability	963
company, if the issuer is a limited liability company in which	964
the management is reserved to its members, or manager of a	965
limited liability company, if the issuer is a limited liability	966
company in which the management is not reserved to its members.	967
(4) The offering and sale of additional securities of a	968
corporation, made by it to its own security holders exclusively,	969
may be so carried out where no commission or other remuneration	970
is paid or given directly or indirectly in connection with the	971
offering and sale, other than a commission in respect of the	972
securities purchased by such security holders or a discount in	973
respect of the securities not purchased by the security holders,	974
or both, paid by the corporation to a dealer who has agreed to	975
purchase all of those securities not taken by the security	976
holders.	977
(B) An issuer engaging in any transaction specified in	978
this section shall not be deemed a dealer. Any commission,	979
discount, or other remuneration for sales in this state of	980
securities specified in this section shall be paid only to	981

(C) For the purpose of this section, each of the following

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dealers or salespersons licensed pursuant to this chapter.

is deemed to be a single purchaser of a security:	984
(1) - Husband and wife Both spouses;	985
(2) A child and its parent or guardian when the parent or	986
guardian holds the security for the benefit of the child;	987
(3) A corporation, a limited liability company, a	988
partnership, an association or other unincorporated entity, a	989
joint-stock company, or a trust, but only if the corporation,	990
limited liability company, partnership, association, entity,	991
joint-stock company, or trust was not formed for the purpose of	992
purchasing the security.	993
(D) A sale of securities registered under section 1707.09	994
or 1707.091 of the Revised Code or sold pursuant to an exemption	995
under this chapter shall not be integrated with a sale pursuant	996
to this section in computing the number of purchasers under this	997
section.	998
Sec. 1707.14. (A) No person shall act as a dealer, unless	999
the person is licensed as a dealer by the division of	1000
securities, except when at least one of the following cases	1001
applies:	1002
(1) When the person is transacting business through or	1003
with a licensed dealer;	1004
(2) When the securities are the subject matter of one or	1005
more transactions enumerated in divisions (B) to (L), (O) to	1005 1006
more transactions enumerated in divisions (B) to (L), (O) to	1006
more transactions enumerated in divisions (B) to (L), (O) to (R), and (U) to (Y) of section 1707.03, or in section 1707.06 of	1006 1007
more transactions enumerated in divisions (B) to (L), (O) to (R), and (U) to (Y) of section 1707.03, or in section 1707.06 of the Revised Code, except when a commission, discount, or other	1006 1007 1008

(3) When the person is an issuer selling securities issued	1012
by it or by its subsidiary, if such securities are specified	1013
under division (G) or (I) of section 1707.02, or under section	1014
1707.04 of the Revised Code;	1015
(4) When the person is participating in transactions	1016
exempt, under section 1707.34 of the Revised Code, from this	1017
chapter;	1018
(5) When the person has no place of business in this	1019
state, is registered with the securities and exchange	1020
commission, and the only transactions effected in this state are	1021
with institutional investors.	1022
(B) Each dealer that in any twelve-month or shorter	1023
period, alone or with any other dealer with which it is	1024
affiliated, has total revenues of one hundred fifty thousand	1025
dollars or more derived from the business of buying, selling, or	1026
otherwise dealing in securities, and that at any time during	1027
such period has one hundred or more retail securities customers,	1028
shall be registered as a broker or dealer with the securities	1029
and exchange commission under the Securities Exchange Act of	1030
1934, except the following entities:	1031
(1) A bank;	1032
(2) A dealer that enters into and is in compliance with an	1033
undertaking accepted by the division, in which the dealer agrees	1034
that it will not engage in any transaction involving the buying,	1035
selling, or otherwise dealing in securities with any natural	1036
person in this state, except for transactions involving either	1037
of the following:	1038
(a) Securities of corporations or associations that have	1039
qualified for treatment as nonprofit organizations pursuant to	1040

section 501(c)(3) of the "Internal Revenue Code of 1986," 100	1041
Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 501, as amended;	1042
(b) Securities or transactions that are described in	1043
divisions (A)(1) to (4) of this section.	1044
(C) Every dealer that must be registered as a broker or	1045
dealer with the securities and exchange commission pursuant to	1046
division (B) of this section shall become so registered no later	1047
than ninety days after the date on which the dealer meets the	1048
requirements for such registration.	1049
(D) The division by rule may exempt any dealer from	1050
complying with the licensing or registration requirements of	1051
this section, if the division finds that such licensing or	1052
registration is not necessary for the protection of investors or	1053
in the public interest.	1054
(E) As used in division (B) of this section, "retail	1055
securities customer" means a person that purchases from or	1056
through or sells securities to or through a dealer, and that is	1057
not an officer, a director, a principal, a general partner, or	1058
an employee of, the dealer. Each of the following is deemed to	1059
be a single retail securities customer:	1060
(1) A husband and wife Both spouses;	1061
(2) A minor child and the minor child's parent or legal	1062
guardian;	1063
(3) A corporation, a partnership, an association or other	1064
unincorporated entity, a joint stock company, or a trust.	1065
Sec. 2103.05. A husband or wife spouse who leaves the	1066
other spouse and dwells in adultery will be barred from dower in	1067
the real property of the other, unless the offense is condoned	1068

by the injured consort.	1069
Sec. 2103.06. If a husband or wife spouse gives up real	1070
property by collusion or fraud, or loses it by default, the	1071
widow or widower surviving spouse may recover dower therein.	1072
Sec. 2103.08. Sections 5305.01 to 5305.22, inclusive, of	1073
the Revised Code apply to the assignment of the dower of $\overline{a}$	1074
husband either spouse.	1075
Sec. 2105.06. When a person dies intestate having title or	1076
right to any personal property, or to any real property or	1077
inheritance, in this state, the personal property shall be	1078
distributed, and the real property or inheritance shall descend	1079
and pass in parcenary, except as otherwise provided by law, in	1080
the following course:	1081
(A) If there is no surviving spouse, to the children of	1082
the intestate or their lineal descendants, per stirpes;	1083
(B) If there is a spouse and one or more children of the	1084
decedent or their lineal descendants surviving, and all of the	1085
decedent's children who survive or have lineal descendants	1086
surviving also are children of the surviving spouse, then the	1087
whole to the surviving spouse;	1088
(C) If there is a spouse and one child of the decedent or	1089
the child's lineal descendants surviving and the surviving	1090
spouse is not the natural or adoptive parent of the decedent's	1091
child, the first twenty thousand dollars plus one-half of the	1092
balance of the intestate estate to the spouse and the remainder	1093
to the child or the child's lineal descendants, per stirpes;	1094
(D) If there is a spouse and more than one child or their	1095
lineal descendants surviving, the first sixty thousand dollars	1096
if the spouse is the natural or adoptive parent of one, but not	1097

all, of the children, or the first twenty thousand dollars if	1098
the spouse is the natural or adoptive parent of none of the	1099
children, plus one-third of the balance of the intestate estate	1100
to the spouse and the remainder to the children equally, or to	1101
the lineal descendants of any deceased child, per stirpes;	1102
(E) If there are no children or their lineal descendants,	1103
then the whole to the surviving spouse;	1104
(F) Except as provided in section 2105.062 of the Revised	1105
Code, if there is no spouse and no children or their lineal	1106
descendants, to the parents of the intestate equally, or to the	1107
surviving parent;	1108
(G) Except as provided in section 2105.062 of the Revised	1109
Code, if there is no spouse, no children or their lineal	1110
descendants, and no parent surviving, to the brothers and	1111
sisters, whether of the whole or of the half blood of the	1112
intestate, or their lineal descendants, per stirpes;	1113
(H) Except as provided in section 2105.062 of the Revised	1114
Code, if there are no brothers or sisters or their lineal	1115
descendants, one-half to <u>one set of</u> the <u>paternal</u> <u>intestate's</u>	1116
grandparents of the intestate equally, or to the survivor of	1117
them, and one-half to the other set of the maternal intestate's	1118
grandparents of the intestate equally, or to the survivor of	1119
them;	1120
(I) Except as provided in section 2105.062 of the Revised	1121
Code, if there is are no paternal grandparent or no maternal	1122
grandparent grandparents, one-half to the lineal descendants of	1123
the deceased grandparents, per stirpes; if there are no such	1124
lineal descendants, then to the surviving grandparents or their	1125
lineal descendants, per stirpes; if there are no surviving	1126

grandparents or their lineal descendants, then to the next of	1127
kin of the intestate, provided there shall be no representation	1128
among the next of kin;	1129
(J) If there are no next of kin, to stepchildren or their	1130
lineal descendants, per stirpes;	1131
(K) If there are no stepchildren or their lineal	1132
descendants, escheat to the state.	1133
Sec. 2111.08. The wife and husband Both spouses are the	1134
joint natural guardians of their minor children and are equally	1135
charged with their care, nurture, welfare, and education and the	1136
care and management of their estates. The wife and husband	1137
spouses have equal powers, rights, and duties and neither parent	1138
has any right paramount to the right of the other concerning the	1139
parental rights and responsibilities for the care of the minor	1140
or the right to be the residential parent and legal custodian of	1141
the minor, the control of the services or the earnings of such	1142
minor, or any other matter affecting the minor; provided that if	1143
either parent, to the exclusion of the other, is maintaining and	1144
supporting the child, that parent shall have the paramount right	1145
to control the services and earnings of the child. Neither	1146
parent shall forcibly take a child from the guardianship of the	1147
parent who is the residential parent and legal custodian of the	1148
child.	1149
If the wife and husband spouses live apart, the court may	1150
award the guardianship of a minor to either parent, and the	1151
state in which the parent who is the residential parent and	1152
legal custodian or who otherwise has the lawful custody of the	1153
minor resides has jurisdiction to determine questions concerning	1154
the minor's guardianship.	1155

Sec. 2121.03. At the hearing the probate court shall hear	1156
such legally admissible evidence as is offered for the purpose	1157
of ascertaining whether the presumption of death is established.	1158
No person shall be disqualified to testify by reason of	1159
relationship as husband or wife being married to the presumed	1160
decedent, or by reason an interest in the presumed decedent's	1161
property, or because of a right or interest under the terms of a	1162
contract, beneficiary designation, trust, or otherwise, arising	1163
by reason of the death of the presumed decedent.	1164
Sec. 2307.09. A married woman spouse may sue and be sued	1165
as if she the spouse were unmarried, and her husband the other	1166
<pre>spouse may be joined with her only when the cause of action is</pre>	1167
in favor of or against both.	1168
Sec. 2307.10. When husband and wife spouses are sued	1169
together, the wife one spouse may defend for her the spouse's	1170
own right+ and if the husband neglects to also may defend she	1171
also may defend for his the other spouse's right if the other	1172
spouse neglects to do so.	1173
Sec. 2317.02. The following persons shall not testify in	1174
certain respects:	1175
(A)(1) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the	1176
attorney by a client in that relation or concerning the	1177
attorney's advice to a client, except that the attorney may	1178
testify by express consent of the client or, if the client is	1179
deceased, by the express consent of the surviving spouse or the	1180
executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client.	1181
However, if the client voluntarily reveals the substance of	1182
attorney-client communications in a nonprivileged context or is	1183
deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived	1184
any testimonial privilege under this division, the attorney may	1185

be compelled to testify on the same subject. 1186 The testimonial privilege established under this division 1187 does not apply concerning either of the following: 1188 (a) A communication between a client in a capital case, as 1189 defined in section 2901.02 of the Revised Code, and the client's 1190 attorney if the communication is relevant to a subsequent 1191 ineffective assistance of counsel claim by the client alleging 1192 that the attorney did not effectively represent the client in 1193 the case; 1194 (b) A communication between a client who has since died 1195 and the deceased client's attorney if the communication is 1196 relevant to a dispute between parties who claim through that 1197 deceased client, regardless of whether the claims are by testate 1198 or intestate succession or by inter vivos transaction, and the 1199 dispute addresses the competency of the deceased client when the 1200 deceased client executed a document that is the basis of the 1201 dispute or whether the deceased client was a victim of fraud, 1202 undue influence, or duress when the deceased client executed a 1203 document that is the basis of the dispute. 1204 (2) An attorney, concerning a communication made to the 1205 attorney by a client in that relationship or the attorney's 1206 advice to a client, except that if the client is an insurance 1207 company, the attorney may be compelled to testify, subject to an 1208 in camera inspection by a court, about communications made by 1209 the client to the attorney or by the attorney to the client that 1210 are related to the attorney's aiding or furthering an ongoing or 1211 future commission of bad faith by the client, if the party 1212 seeking disclosure of the communications has made a prima-facie 1213 showing of bad faith, fraud, or criminal misconduct by the 1214

1215

client.

(B)(1) A physician, advanced practice registered nurse, or	1216
dentist concerning a communication made to the physician,	1217
advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist by a patient in	1218
that relation or the advice of a physician, advanced practice	1219
registered nurse, or dentist given to a patient, except as	1220
otherwise provided in this division, division (B)(2), and	1221
division (B)(3) of this section, and except that, if the patient	1222
is deemed by section 2151.421 of the Revised Code to have waived	1223
any testimonial privilege under this division, the physician or	1224
advanced practice registered nurse may be compelled to testify	1225
on the same subject.	1226
The testimonial privilege established under this division	1227
does not apply, and a physician, advanced practice registered	1228
nurse, or dentist may testify or may be compelled to testify, in	1229
any of the following circumstances:	1230
(a) In any civil action, in accordance with the discovery	1231
provisions of the Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a	1232
civil action, or in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123.	1233
of the Revised Code, under any of the following circumstances:	1234
(i) If the patient or the guardian or other legal	1235
representative of the patient gives express consent;	1236
(ii) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient	1237
or the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives	1238
express consent;	1239
(iii) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic	1240
claim, or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of	1241
the Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type	1242
of civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised	1243
Code is filed by the patient, the personal representative of the	1244

estate of the patient if deceased, or the patient's guardian or 1245 other legal representative. 1246

- (b) In any civil action concerning court-ordered treatment 1247 or services received by a patient, if the court-ordered 1248 treatment or services were ordered as part of a case plan 1249 journalized under section 2151.412 of the Revised Code or the 1250 court-ordered treatment or services are necessary or relevant to 1251 dependency, neglect, or abuse or temporary or permanent custody 1252 proceedings under Chapter 2151. of the Revised Code. 1253
- (c) In any criminal action concerning any test or the 1254 results of any test that determines the presence or 1255 concentration of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a combination of 1256 them, a controlled substance, or a metabolite of a controlled 1257 substance in the patient's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, 1258 breath, urine, or other bodily substance at any time relevant to 1259 the criminal offense in question. 1260
- (d) In any criminal action against a physician, advanced 1261 practice registered nurse, or dentist. In such an action, the 1262 testimonial privilege established under this division does not 1263 prohibit the admission into evidence, in accordance with the 1264 Rules of Evidence, of a patient's medical or dental records or 1265 other communications between a patient and the physician, 1266 advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist that are related 1267 to the action and obtained by subpoena, search warrant, or other 1268 lawful means. A court that permits or compels a physician, 1269 advanced practice registered nurse, or dentist to testify in 1270 such an action or permits the introduction into evidence of 1271 patient records or other communications in such an action shall 1272 require that appropriate measures be taken to ensure that the 1273 confidentiality of any patient named or otherwise identified in 1274

the records is maintained. Measures to ensure confidentiality 1275 that may be taken by the court include sealing its records or 1276 deleting specific information from its records. 1277 (e)(i) If the communication was between a patient who has 1278 since died and the deceased patient's physician, advanced 1279 practice registered nurse, or dentist, the communication is 1280 relevant to a dispute between parties who claim through that 1281 deceased patient, regardless of whether the claims are by 1282 testate or intestate succession or by inter vivos transaction, 1283 1284 and the dispute addresses the competency of the deceased patient when the deceased patient executed a document that is the basis 1285 of the dispute or whether the deceased patient was a victim of 1286 fraud, undue influence, or duress when the deceased patient 1287 executed a document that is the basis of the dispute. 1288 (ii) If neither the spouse of a patient nor the executor 1289 or administrator of that patient's estate gives consent under 1290 division (B)(1)(a)(ii) of this section, testimony or the 1291 disclosure of the patient's medical records by a physician, 1292 advanced practice registered nurse, dentist, or other health 1293 care provider under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section is a 1294 permitted use or disclosure of protected health information, as 1295 1296 defined in 45 C.F.R. 160.103, and an authorization or opportunity to be heard shall not be required. 1297 (iii) Division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section does not 1298 require a mental health professional to disclose psychotherapy 1299 notes, as defined in 45 C.F.R. 164.501. 1300 (iv) An interested person who objects to testimony or 1301 disclosure under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section may seek 1302

1303

a protective order pursuant to Civil Rule 26.

(v) A person to whom protected health information is	1304
disclosed under division (B)(1)(e)(i) of this section shall not	1305
use or disclose the protected health information for any purpose	1306
other than the litigation or proceeding for which the	1307
information was requested and shall return the protected health	1308
information to the covered entity or destroy the protected	1309
health information, including all copies made, at the conclusion	1310
of the litigation or proceeding.	1311

- (2) (a) If any law enforcement officer submits a written 1312 statement to a health care provider that states that an official 1313 criminal investigation has begun regarding a specified person or 1314 that a criminal action or proceeding has been commenced against 1315 a specified person, that requests the provider to supply to the 1316 officer copies of any records the provider possesses that 1317 pertain to any test or the results of any test administered to 1318 the specified person to determine the presence or concentration 1319 of alcohol, a drug of abuse, a combination of them, a controlled 1320 substance, or a metabolite of a controlled substance in the 1321 person's whole blood, blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine at 1322 any time relevant to the criminal offense in question, and that 1323 conforms to section 2317.022 of the Revised Code, the provider, 1324 except to the extent specifically prohibited by any law of this 1325 state or of the United States, shall supply to the officer a 1326 copy of any of the requested records the provider possesses. If 1327 the health care provider does not possess any of the requested 1328 records, the provider shall give the officer a written statement 1329 that indicates that the provider does not possess any of the 1330 requested records. 1331
- (b) If a health care provider possesses any records of the type described in division (B)(2)(a) of this section regarding 1333 the person in question at any time relevant to the criminal 1334

offense in question, in lieu of personally testifying as to the	1335
results of the test in question, the custodian of the records	1336
may submit a certified copy of the records, and, upon its	1337
submission, the certified copy is qualified as authentic	1338
evidence and may be admitted as evidence in accordance with the	1339
Rules of Evidence. Division (A) of section 2317.422 of the	1340
Revised Code does not apply to any certified copy of records	1341
submitted in accordance with this division. Nothing in this	1342
division shall be construed to limit the right of any party to	1343
call as a witness the person who administered the test to which	1344
the records pertain, the person under whose supervision the test	1345
was administered, the custodian of the records, the person who	1346
made the records, or the person under whose supervision the	1347
records were made.	1348

- (3) (a) If the testimonial privilege described in division 1349 (B) (1) of this section does not apply as provided in division 1350 (B)(1)(a)(iii) of this section, a physician, advanced practice 1351 registered nurse, or dentist may be compelled to testify or to 1352 submit to discovery under the Rules of Civil Procedure only as 1353 to a communication made to the physician, advanced practice 1354 registered nurse, or dentist by the patient in question in that 1355 relation, or the advice of the physician, advanced practice 1356 registered nurse, or dentist given to the patient in question, 1357 that related causally or historically to physical or mental 1358 injuries that are relevant to issues in the medical claim, 1359 dental claim, chiropractic claim, or optometric claim, action 1360 for wrongful death, other civil action, or claim under Chapter 1361 4123. of the Revised Code. 1362
- (b) If the testimonial privilege described in division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to a physician, advancedpractice registered nurse, or dentist as provided in division1365

(B) (1) (c) of this section, the physician, advanced practice	1366
registered nurse, or dentist, in lieu of personally testifying	1367
as to the results of the test in question, may submit a	1368
certified copy of those results, and, upon its submission, the	1369
certified copy is qualified as authentic evidence and may be	1370
admitted as evidence in accordance with the Rules of Evidence.	1371
Division (A) of section 2317.422 of the Revised Code does not	1372
apply to any certified copy of results submitted in accordance	1373
with this division. Nothing in this division shall be construed	1374
to limit the right of any party to call as a witness the person	1375
who administered the test in question, the person under whose	1376
supervision the test was administered, the custodian of the	1377
results of the test, the person who compiled the results, or the	1378
person under whose supervision the results were compiled.	1379

- (4) The testimonial privilege described in division (B)(1)

  of this section is not waived when a communication is made by a

  physician or advanced practice registered nurse to a pharmacist

  or when there is communication between a patient and a

  pharmacist in furtherance of the physician-patient or advanced

  practice registered nurse-patient relation.

  1385
- (5) (a) As used in divisions (B) (1) to (4) of this section, 1386 "communication" means acquiring, recording, or transmitting any 1387 information, in any manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or 1388 statements necessary to enable a physician, advanced practice 1389 registered nurse, or dentist to diagnose, treat, prescribe, or 1390 act for a patient. A "communication" may include, but is not 1391 limited to, any medical or dental, office, or hospital 1392 communication such as a record, chart, letter, memorandum, 1393 laboratory test and results, x-ray, photograph, financial 1394 statement, diagnosis, or prognosis. 1395

(b) As used in division (B)(2) of this section, "health	1396
care provider" means a hospital, ambulatory care facility, long-	1397
term care facility, pharmacy, emergency facility, or health care	1398
practitioner.	1399
(c) As used in division (B)(5)(b) of this section:	1400
(i) "Ambulatory care facility" means a facility that	1401
provides medical, diagnostic, or surgical treatment to patients	1402
who do not require hospitalization, including a dialysis center,	1403
ambulatory surgical facility, cardiac catheterization facility,	1404
diagnostic imaging center, extracorporeal shock wave lithotripsy	1405
center, home health agency, inpatient hospice, birthing center,	1406
radiation therapy center, emergency facility, and an urgent care	1407
center. "Ambulatory health care facility" does not include the	1408
private office of a physician, advanced practice registered	1409
nurse, or dentist, whether the office is for an individual or	1410
group practice.	1411
(ii) "Emergency facility" means a hospital emergency	1412
department or any other facility that provides emergency medical	1413
services.	1414
(iii) "Health care practitioner" has the same meaning as	1415
in section 4769.01 of the Revised Code.	1416
(iv) "Hospital" has the same meaning as in section 3727.01	1417
of the Revised Code.	1418
(v) "Long-term care facility" means a nursing home,	1419
residential care facility, or home for the aging, as those terms	1420
are defined in section 3721.01 of the Revised Code; a	1421
residential facility licensed under section 5119.34 of the	1422
Revised Code that provides accommodations, supervision, and	1423
personal care services for three to sixteen unrelated adults; a	1424

nursing facility, as defined in section 5165.01 of the Revised	1425
Code; a skilled nursing facility, as defined in section 5165.01	1426
of the Revised Code; and an intermediate care facility for	1427
individuals with intellectual disabilities, as defined in	1428
section 5124.01 of the Revised Code.	1429
(vi) "Pharmacy" has the same meaning as in section 4729.01	1430
of the Revised Code.	1431
(d) As used in divisions (B)(1) and (2) of this section,	1432
"drug of abuse" has the same meaning as in section 4506.01 of	1433
the Revised Code.	1434
(6) Divisions (B) $(1)$ , $(2)$ , $(3)$ , $(4)$ , and $(5)$ of this	1435
section apply to doctors of medicine, doctors of osteopathic	1436
medicine, doctors of podiatry, advanced practice registered	1437
nurses, and dentists.	1438
(7) Nothing in divisions (B)(1) to (6) of this section	1439
affects, or shall be construed as affecting, the immunity from	1440
civil liability conferred by section 307.628 of the Revised Code	1441
or the immunity from civil liability conferred by section	1442
2305.33 of the Revised Code upon physicians or advanced practice	1443
registered nurses who report an employee's use of a drug of	1444
abuse, or a condition of an employee other than one involving	1445
the use of a drug of abuse, to the employer of the employee in	1446
accordance with division (B) of that section. As used in	1447
division (B)(7) of this section, "employee," "employer," and	1448
"physician" have the same meanings as in section 2305.33 of the	1449
Revised Code and "advanced practice registered nurse" has the	1450
same meaning as in section 4723.01 of the Revised Code.	1451
(C)(1) A cleric, when the cleric remains accountable to	1452

the authority of that cleric's church, denomination, or sect,

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concerning a confession made, or any information confidentially	1454
communicated, to the cleric for a religious counseling purpose	1455
in the cleric's professional character. The cleric may testify	1456
by express consent of the person making the communication,	1457
except when the disclosure of the information is in violation of	1458
a sacred trust and except that, if the person voluntarily	1459
testifies or is deemed by division (A)(4)(c) of section 2151.421	1460
of the Revised Code to have waived any testimonial privilege	1461
under this division, the cleric may be compelled to testify on	1462
the same subject except when disclosure of the information is in	1463
violation of a sacred trust.	1464
(2) As used in division (C) of this section:	1465
(a) "Cleric" means a member of the clergy, rabbi, priest,	1466
Christian Science practitioner, or regularly ordained,	1467
accredited, or licensed minister of an established and legally	1468
cognizable church, denomination, or sect.	1469
(b) "Sacred trust" means a confession or confidential	1470
communication made to a cleric in the cleric's ecclesiastical	1471
capacity in the course of discipline enjoined by the church to	1472
which the cleric belongs, including, but not limited to, the	1473
Catholic Church, if both of the following apply:	1474
(i) The confession or confidential communication was made	1475
directly to the cleric.	1476
(ii) The confession or confidential communication was made	1477
in the manner and context that places the cleric specifically	1478
and strictly under a level of confidentiality that is considered	1479
inviolate by canon law or church doctrine.	1480
(D) Husband or wife Spouses, concerning any communication	1481

1482

made by one to the other, or an act done by either in the

presence of the other, during coverture, unless the	1483
communication was made, or act done, in the known presence or	1484
hearing of a third person competent to be a witness; and such	1485
rule is the same if the marital relation has ceased to exist;	1486
(E) A person who assigns a claim or interest, concerning	1487
any matter in respect to which the person would not, if a party,	1488
be permitted to testify;	1489
(F) A person who, if a party, would be restricted under	1490
section 2317.03 of the Revised Code, when the property or thing	1491
is sold or transferred by an executor, administrator, guardian,	1492
trustee, heir, devisee, or legatee, shall be restricted in the	1493
same manner in any action or proceeding concerning the property	1494
or thing.	1495
(G)(1) A school guidance counselor who holds a valid	1496
educator license from the state board of education as provided	1497
for in section 3319.22 of the Revised Code, a person licensed	1498
under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code as a licensed	1499
professional clinical counselor, licensed professional	1500
counselor, social worker, independent social worker, marriage	1501
and family therapist or independent marriage and family	1502
therapist, or registered under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code	1503
as a social work assistant concerning a confidential	1504
communication received from a client in that relation or the	1505
person's advice to a client unless any of the following applies:	1506
(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and	1507
present danger to the client or other persons. For the purposes	1508
of this division, cases in which there are indications of	1509
present or past child abuse or neglect of the client constitute	1510

1511

a clear and present danger.

(b) The client gives express consent to the testimony.	1512
(c) If the client is deceased, the surviving spouse or the	1513
executor or administrator of the estate of the deceased client	1514
gives express consent.	1515
(d) The client voluntarily testifies, in which case the	1516
school guidance counselor or person licensed or registered under	1517
Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code may be compelled to testify on	1518
the same subject.	1519
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	1520
communicated by the client is not germane to the counselor-	1521
client, marriage and family therapist-client, or social worker-	1522
client relationship.	1523
(f) A court, in an action brought against a school, its	1524
administration, or any of its personnel by the client, rules	1525
after an in-camera inspection that the testimony of the school	1526
guidance counselor is relevant to that action.	1527
(g) The testimony is sought in a civil action and concerns	1528
court-ordered treatment or services received by a patient as	1529
part of a case plan journalized under section 2151.412 of the	1530
Revised Code or the court-ordered treatment or services are	1531
necessary or relevant to dependency, neglect, or abuse or	1532
temporary or permanent custody proceedings under Chapter 2151.	1533
of the Revised Code.	1534
(2) Nothing in division (G)(1) of this section shall	1535
relieve a school guidance counselor or a person licensed or	1536
registered under Chapter 4757. of the Revised Code from the	1537
requirement to report information concerning child abuse or	1538
neglect under section 2151.421 of the Revised Code.	1539
(H) A mediator acting under a mediation order issued under	1540

division (A) of section 3109.052 of the Revised Code or	1541
otherwise issued in any proceeding for divorce, dissolution,	1542
legal separation, annulment, or the allocation of parental	1543
rights and responsibilities for the care of children, in any	1544
action or proceeding, other than a criminal, delinquency, child	1545
abuse, child neglect, or dependent child action or proceeding,	1546
that is brought by or against either parent who takes part in	1547
mediation in accordance with the order and that pertains to the	1548
mediation process, to any information discussed or presented in	1549
the mediation process, to the allocation of parental rights and	1550
responsibilities for the care of the parents' children, or to	1551
the awarding of parenting time rights in relation to their	1552
children;	1553

(I) A communications assistant, acting within the scope of 1554 the communication assistant's authority, when providing 1555 telecommunications relay service pursuant to section 4931.06 of 1556 the Revised Code or Title II of the "Communications Act of 1557 1934," 104 Stat. 366 (1990), 47 U.S.C. 225, concerning a 1558 communication made through a telecommunications relay service. 1559 Nothing in this section shall limit the obligation of a 1560 communications assistant to divulge information or testify when 1561 mandated by federal law or regulation or pursuant to subpoena in 1562 a criminal proceeding. 1563

Nothing in this section shall limit any immunity or privilege granted under federal law or regulation.

(J) (1) A chiropractor in a civil proceeding concerning a 1566 communication made to the chiropractor by a patient in that 1567 relation or the chiropractor's advice to a patient, except as 1568 otherwise provided in this division. The testimonial privilege 1569 established under this division does not apply, and a 1570

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chiropractor may testify or may be compelled to testify, in any	1571
civil action, in accordance with the discovery provisions of the	1572
Rules of Civil Procedure in connection with a civil action, or	1573
in connection with a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised	1574
Code, under any of the following circumstances:	1575
(a) If the patient or the guardian or other legal	1576
representative of the patient gives express consent.	1577
(b) If the patient is deceased, the spouse of the patient	1578
or the executor or administrator of the patient's estate gives	1579
express consent.	1580
(c) If a medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim,	1581
or optometric claim, as defined in section 2305.113 of the	1582
Revised Code, an action for wrongful death, any other type of	1583
civil action, or a claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code	1584
is filed by the patient, the personal representative of the	1585
estate of the patient if deceased, or the patient's guardian or	1586
other legal representative.	1587
(2) If the testimonial privilege described in division (J)	1588
(1) of this section does not apply as provided in division (J)	1589
(1)(c) of this section, a chiropractor may be compelled to	1590
testify or to submit to discovery under the Rules of Civil	1591
Procedure only as to a communication made to the chiropractor by	1592
the patient in question in that relation, or the chiropractor's	1593
advice to the patient in question, that related causally or	1594
historically to physical or mental injuries that are relevant to	1595
issues in the medical claim, dental claim, chiropractic claim,	1596
or optometric claim, action for wrongful death, other civil	1597
action, or claim under Chapter 4123. of the Revised Code.	1598

(3) The testimonial privilege established under this

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division does not apply, and a chiropractor may testify or be	1600
compelled to testify, in any criminal action or administrative	1601
proceeding.	1602
(4) As used in this division, "communication" means	1603
acquiring, recording, or transmitting any information, in any	1604
manner, concerning any facts, opinions, or statements necessary	1605
to enable a chiropractor to diagnose, treat, or act for a	1606
patient. A communication may include, but is not limited to, any	1607
chiropractic, office, or hospital communication such as a	1608
record, chart, letter, memorandum, laboratory test and results,	1609
x-ray, photograph, financial statement, diagnosis, or prognosis.	1610
(K)(1) Except as provided under division (K)(2) of this	1611
section, a critical incident stress management team member	1612
concerning a communication received from an individual who	1613
receives crisis response services from the team member, or the	1614
team member's advice to the individual, during a debriefing	1615
session.	1616
(2) The testimonial privilege established under division	1617
(K) (1) of this section does not apply if any of the following	1618
are true:	1619
(a) The communication or advice indicates clear and	1620
present danger to the individual who receives crisis response	1621
services or to other persons. For purposes of this division,	1622
cases in which there are indications of present or past child	1623
abuse or neglect of the individual constitute a clear and	1624
present danger.	1625
(b) The individual who received crisis response services	1626
gives express consent to the testimony.	1627

(c) If the individual who received crisis response

services is deceased, the surviving spouse or the executor or	1629
administrator of the estate of the deceased individual gives	1630
express consent.	1631
(d) The individual who received crisis response services	1632
voluntarily testifies, in which case the team member may be	1633
compelled to testify on the same subject.	1634
(e) The court in camera determines that the information	1635
communicated by the individual who received crisis response	1636
services is not germane to the relationship between the	1637
individual and the team member.	1638
(f) The communication or advice pertains or is related to	1639
any criminal act.	1640
(3) As used in division (K) of this section:	1641
(a) "Crisis response services" means consultation, risk	1642
assessment, referral, and on-site crisis intervention services	1643
provided by a critical incident stress management team to	1644
individuals affected by crisis or disaster.	1645
(b) "Critical incident stress management team member" or	1646
"team member" means an individual specially trained to provide	1647
crisis response services as a member of an organized community	1648
or local crisis response team that holds membership in the Ohio	1649
critical incident stress management network.	1650
(c) "Debriefing session" means a session at which crisis	1651
response services are rendered by a critical incident stress	1652
management team member during or after a crisis or disaster.	1653
(L)(1) Subject to division (L)(2) of this section and	1654
except as provided in division (L)(3) of this section, an	1655
employee assistance professional, concerning a communication	1656

made to the employee assistance professional by a client in the	1657
	1658
employee assistance professional's official capacity as an	
employee assistance professional.	1659
(2) Division (L)(1) of this section applies to an employee	1660
assistance professional who meets either or both of the	1661
following requirements:	1662
(a) Is certified by the employee assistance certification	1663
commission to engage in the employee assistance profession;	1664
(b) Has education, training, and experience in all of the	1665
following:	1666
(i) Providing workplace-based services designed to address	1667
employer and employee productivity issues;	1668
(ii) Providing assistance to employees and employees'	1669
dependents in identifying and finding the means to resolve	1670
personal problems that affect the employees or the employees'	1671
performance;	1672
(iii) Identifying and resolving productivity problems	1673
associated with an employee's concerns about any of the	1674
following matters: health, marriage, family, finances, substance	1675
abuse or other addiction, workplace, law, and emotional issues;	1676
(iv) Selecting and evaluating available community	1677
resources;	1678
(v) Making appropriate referrals;	1679
(vi) Local and national employee assistance agreements;	1680
(vii) Client confidentiality.	1681
(3) Division (L)(1) of this section does not apply to any	1682
of the following:	1683

(a) A criminal action or proceeding involving an offense	1684
under sections 2903.01 to 2903.06 of the Revised Code if the	1685
employee assistance professional's disclosure or testimony	1686
relates directly to the facts or immediate circumstances of the	1687
offense;	1688
(b) A communication made by a client to an employee	1689
assistance professional that reveals the contemplation or	1690
commission of a crime or serious, harmful act;	1691
(c) A communication that is made by a client who is an	1692
unemancipated minor or an adult adjudicated to be incompetent	1693
and indicates that the client was the victim of a crime or	1694
abuse;	1695
(d) A civil proceeding to determine an individual's mental	1696
competency or a criminal action in which a plea of not guilty by	1697
reason of insanity is entered;	1698
(e) A civil or criminal malpractice action brought against	1699
the employee assistance professional;	1700
(f) When the employee assistance professional has the	1701
express consent of the client or, if the client is deceased or	1702
disabled, the client's legal representative;	1703
(g) When the testimonial privilege otherwise provided by	1704
division (L)(1) of this section is abrogated under law.	1705
Sec. 2719.06. The court of common pleas may correct,	1706
amend, and relieve against errors, defects, or mistakes	1707
occurring in the deed or other conveyance of—a husband and wife—	1708
spouses, executed and intended to convey or encumber the lands	1709
or estate of the wife one spouse, or her the spouse's right of	1710
dower in the lands of her husband the other spouse, in the	1711
manner and to the extent that such courts are authorized to	1712

correct errors, mistakes, or defects in the deeds or conveyances	1713
of other persons.	1714
Sec. 2907.26. (A) In any case in which it is necessary to	1715
prove that a place is a brothel, evidence as to the reputation	1716
of such place and as to the reputation of the persons who	1717
inhabit or frequent it, is admissible on the question of whether	1718
such place is or is not a brothel.	1719
(B) In any case in which it is necessary to prove that a	1720
person is a prostitute, evidence as to the reputation of such	1721
person is admissible on the question of whether such person is	1722
or is not a prostitute.	1723
(C) In any prosecution for a violation of sections 2907.21	1724
to 2907.25 of the Revised Code, proof of a prior conviction of	1725
the accused of any such offense or substantially equivalent	1726
offense is admissible in support of the charge.	1727
(D) The prohibition contained in division (D) of section	1728
2317.02 of the Revised Code against testimony by a <del>husband or-</del>	1729
wife spouse concerning communications between them does not	1730
apply, and the accused's spouse may testify concerning any such	1731
communication, in any of the following cases:	1732
(1) When the <del>husband or wife spouse</del> is charged with a	1733
violation of section 2907.21 of the Revised Code, and the spouse	1734
testifying was the victim of the offense;	1735
(2) When the husband or wife spouse is charged with a	1736
violation of section 2907.22 of the Revised Code, and the spouse	1737
testifying was the prostitute involved in the offense, or the	1738
person transported, induced, or procured by the offender to	1739
engage in sexual activity for hire;	1740
(3) When the <del>husband or wife spouse</del> is charged with a	1741

violation of section 2907.23 of the Revised Code, and the spouse	1742
testifying was the prostitute involved in the offense or the	1743
person who used the offender's premises to engage in sexual	1744
activity for hire;	1745
(4) When the <del>husband or wife spouse is charged with a</del>	1746
violation of section 2907.24 or 2907.25 of the Revised Code.	1747
Sec. 2921.22. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (A) (2)	1748
of this section, no person, knowing that a felony has been or is	1749
being committed, shall knowingly fail to report such information	1750
to law enforcement authorities.	1751
(2) No person, knowing that a violation of division (B) of	1752
section 2913.04 of the Revised Code has been, or is being	1753
committed or that the person has received information derived	1754
from such a violation, shall knowingly fail to report the	1755
violation to law enforcement authorities.	1756
(B) Except for conditions that are within the scope of	1757
division (E) of this section, no person giving aid to a sick or	1758
injured person shall negligently fail to report to law	1759
enforcement authorities any gunshot or stab wound treated or	1760
observed by the person, or any serious physical harm to persons	1761
that the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe	1762
resulted from an offense of violence.	1763
(C) No person who discovers the body or acquires the first	1764
knowledge of the death of a person shall fail to report the	1765
death immediately to a physician or advanced practice registered	1766
nurse whom the person knows to be treating the deceased for a	1767
condition from which death at such time would not be unexpected,	1768
or to a law enforcement officer, an ambulance service, an	1769

emergency squad, or the coroner in a political subdivision in

which the body is discovered, the death is believed to have	1771
occurred, or knowledge concerning the death is obtained. For	1772
purposes of this division, "advanced practice registered nurse"	1773
does not include a certified registered nurse anesthetist.	1774
(D) No person shall fail to provide upon request of the	1775
person to whom a report required by division (C) of this section	1776
was made, or to any law enforcement officer who has reasonable	1777
cause to assert the authority to investigate the circumstances	1778
surrounding the death, any facts within the person's knowledge	1779
that may have a bearing on the investigation of the death.	1780
(E)(1) As used in this division, "burn injury" means any	1781
of the following:	1782
(a) Second or third degree burns;	1783
(b) Any burns to the upper respiratory tract or laryngeal	1784
edema due to the inhalation of superheated air;	1785
(c) Any burn injury or wound that may result in death;	1786
(d) Any physical harm to persons caused by or as the	1787
result of the use of fireworks, novelties and trick noisemakers,	1788
and wire sparklers, as each is defined by section 3743.01 of the	1789
Revised Code.	1790
(2) No physician, nurse, physician assistant, or limited	1791
practitioner who, outside a hospital, sanitarium, or other	1792
medical facility, attends or treats a person who has sustained a	1793
burn injury that is inflicted by an explosion or other	1794
incendiary device or that shows evidence of having been	1795
inflicted in a violent, malicious, or criminal manner shall fail	1796
to report the burn injury immediately to the local arson, or	1797
fire and explosion investigation, bureau, if there is a bureau	1798
of this type in the jurisdiction in which the person is attended	1799

or treated, or otherwise to local law enforcement authorities.

(3) No manager, superintendent, or other person in charge 1801 of a hospital, sanitarium, or other medical facility in which a 1802 person is attended or treated for any burn injury that is 1803 inflicted by an explosion or other incendiary device or that 1804 shows evidence of having been inflicted in a violent, malicious, 1805 or criminal manner shall fail to report the burn injury 1806 immediately to the local arson, or fire and explosion 1807 investigation, bureau, if there is a bureau of this type in the 1808 jurisdiction in which the person is attended or treated, or 1809 otherwise to local law enforcement authorities. 1810

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- (4) No person who is required to report any burn injury

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  under division (E)(2) or (3) of this section shall fail to file,

  within three working days after attending or treating the

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  victim, a written report of the burn injury with the office of

  the state fire marshal. The report shall comply with the uniform

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  standard developed by the state fire marshal pursuant to

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  division (A)(15) of section 3737.22 of the Revised Code.
- (5) Anyone participating in the making of reports under 1818 division (E) of this section or anyone participating in a 1819 judicial proceeding resulting from the reports is immune from 1820 any civil or criminal liability that otherwise might be incurred 1821 or imposed as a result of such actions. Notwithstanding section 1822 4731.22 of the Revised Code, the physician-patient relationship 1823 or advanced practice registered nurse-patient relationship is 1824 not a ground for excluding evidence regarding a person's burn 1825 injury or the cause of the burn injury in any judicial 1826 proceeding resulting from a report submitted under division (E) 1827 of this section. 1828
  - (F)(1) Any doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine,

hospital intern or resident, nurse, psychologist, social worker, 1830 independent social worker, social work assistant, licensed 1831 professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 1832 counselor, independent marriage and family therapist, or 1833 marriage and family therapist who knows or has reasonable cause 1834 to believe that a patient or client has been the victim of 1835 domestic violence, as defined in section 3113.31 of the Revised 1836 Code, shall note that knowledge or belief and the basis for it 1837 in the patient's or client's records. 1838

- (2) Notwithstanding section 4731.22 of the Revised Code,

  the physician-patient privilege or advanced practice registered

  nurse-patient privilege shall not be a ground for excluding any

  information regarding the report containing the knowledge or

  belief noted under division (F)(1) of this section, and the

  information may be admitted as evidence in accordance with the

  Rules of Evidence.

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- (G) Divisions (A) and (D) of this section do not require 1846 disclosure of information, when any of the following applies: 1847
- (1) The information is privileged by reason of the 1848 relationship between attorney and client; physician and patient; 1849 advanced practice registered nurse and patient; licensed 1850 psychologist or licensed school psychologist and client; 1851 licensed professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 1852 counselor, independent social worker, social worker, independent 1853 marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist 1854 and client; member of the clergy, rabbi, minister, or priest and 1855 any person communicating information confidentially to the 1856 member of the clergy, rabbi, minister, or priest for a religious 1857 counseling purpose of a professional character; husband and wife-1858 spouses; or a communications assistant and those who are a party 1859

to a telecommunications relay service call. 1860 (2) The information would tend to incriminate a member of 1861 the actor's immediate family. 1862 (3) Disclosure of the information would amount to 1863 revealing a news source, privileged under section 2739.04 or 1864 2739.12 of the Revised Code. 1865 (4) Disclosure of the information would amount to 1866 disclosure by a member of the ordained clergy of an organized 1867 religious body of a confidential communication made to that 1868 member of the clergy in that member's capacity as a member of 1869 the clergy by a person seeking the aid or counsel of that member 1870 of the clergy. 1871 (5) Disclosure would amount to revealing information 1872 acquired by the actor in the course of the actor's duties in 1873 connection with a bona fide program of treatment or services for 1874 drug dependent persons or persons in danger of drug dependence, 1875 which program is maintained or conducted by a hospital, clinic, 1876 person, agency, or community addiction services provider whose 1877 alcohol and drug addiction services are certified pursuant to 1878 section 5119.36 of the Revised Code. 1879 (6) Disclosure would amount to revealing information 1880 acquired by the actor in the course of the actor's duties in 1881 connection with a bona fide program for providing counseling 1882 services to victims of crimes that are violations of section 1883 2907.02 or 2907.05 of the Revised Code or to victims of 1884 felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section 1885 2907.12 of the Revised Code. As used in this division, 1886 "counseling services" include services provided in an informal 1887 1888

setting by a person who, by education or experience, is

competent to provide those services.	1889
(H) No disclosure of information pursuant to this section	1890
gives rise to any liability or recrimination for a breach of	1891
privilege or confidence.	1892
(I) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this section	1893
is guilty of failure to report a crime. Violation of division	1894
(A)(1) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1895
Violation of division (A)(2) or (B) of this section is a	1896
misdemeanor of the second degree.	1897
(J) Whoever violates division (C) or (D) of this section	1898
is guilty of failure to report knowledge of a death, a	1899
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	1900
(K)(1) Whoever negligently violates division (E) of this	1901
section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	1902
(2) Whoever knowingly violates division (E) of this	1903
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	1904
(L) As used in this section, "nurse" includes an advanced	1905
practice registered nurse, registered nurse, and licensed	1906
practical nurse.	1907
Sec. 2933.54. (A) A judge of a court of common pleas to	1908
whom an application for an interception warrant is made under	1909
section 2933.53 of the Revised Code may issue an interception	1910
warrant if the judge determines, on the basis of the facts	1911
submitted by the person who made the application and all	1912
affiants, that all of the following exist:	1913
(1) The application and affidavits comply with section	1914
2933.53 of the Revised Code.	1915
(2) There is probable cause to believe that a particular	1916

person is committing, has committed, or is about to commit a	1917
designated offense.	1918
(3) There is probable cause to believe that particular	1919
communications concerning the designated offense will be	1920
obtained through the interception of wire, oral, or electronic	1921
communications.	1922
(4) Normal investigative procedures with respect to the	1923
designated offense have been tried and have failed or normal	1924
investigative procedures with respect to the designated offense	1925
reasonably appear to be unlikely to succeed if tried or to be	1926
too dangerous to employ in order to obtain evidence.	1927
(5) Except as provided in division (G)(1) of section	1928
2933.53 of the Revised Code, there is probable cause to believe	1929
that the communication facilities from which the communications	1930
are to be intercepted, or the place at which oral communications	1931
are to be intercepted, are being used or are about to be used in	1932
connection with the commission of the designated offense or are	1933
leased to, listed in the name of, or commonly used by a person	1934
who is the subject of the interception warrant.	1935
(6) The investigative officer has received training that	1936
satisfies the minimum standards established by the attorney	1937
general and the Ohio peace officer training commission under	1938
section 2933.64 of the Revised Code in order to intercept the	1939
wire, oral, or electronic communication and is able to execute	1940
the interception sought.	1941
(B) If the communication facilities from which a wire or	1942
electronic communication is to be intercepted are public	1943
facilities, the judge of the court of common pleas to whom the	1944

application for an interception warrant is made shall not issue

an interception warrant unless the judge, in addition to the 1946 findings specified in division (A) of this section, determines 1947 that there is a special need to intercept wire or electronic 1948 communications made from the facilities. 1949

- (C) If the facilities from which, or the place at which, 1950 the wire, oral, or electronic communications are to be 1951 intercepted are being used by, are about to be used by, are 1952 leased to, are listed in the name of, or are commonly used by a 1953 licensed physician, a licensed practicing psychologist, an 1954 1955 attorney, a practicing clergyman member of the clergy, or a journalist or are used primarily for habitation by a husband and 1956 wife two spouses, the judge of the court of common pleas to whom 1957 the application is made shall not issue an interception warrant 1958 unless the judge, in addition to the findings specified in 1959 divisions (A) and (B) of this section, determines that there is 1960 a special need to intercept wire, oral, or electronic 1961 communications over the facilities or in those places. No 1962 otherwise privileged wire, oral, or electronic communication 1963 shall lose its privileged character because it is intercepted in 1964 accordance with or in violation of sections 2933.51 to 2933.66 1965 of the Revised Code. 1966
- (D) If an application for an interception warrant does not 1967 comply with section 2933.53 of the Revised Code, or if the judge 1968 of a court of common pleas with whom an application is filed is 1969 not satisfied that grounds exist for issuance of an interception 1970 warrant, the judge shall deny the application. 1971
- (E) An interception warrant shall terminate when the 1972 objective of the warrant has been achieved or upon the 1973 expiration of thirty days after the date of commencement of the 1974 warrant as specified in this division, whichever occurs first, 1975

unless an extension is granted as described in this division.

The date of commencement of an interception warrant is the day

on which an investigative or law enforcement officer first

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begins to conduct an interception under the warrant, or the day

that is ten days after the warrant is issued, whichever is

earlier. A judge of a court of common pleas may grant extensions

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of a warrant pursuant to section 2933.55 of the Revised Code.

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(F) If a judge of a court of common pleas issues an 1983 interception warrant, the judge shall make a finding as to the objective of the warrant.1985

Sec. 2945.42. No person is disqualified as a witness in a 1986 criminal prosecution by reason of the person's interest in the 1987 prosecution as a party or otherwise or by reason of the person's 1988 conviction of crime. Husband and wife Both spouses are competent 1989 witnesses to testify in behalf of each other in all criminal 1990 prosecutions and to testify against each other in all actions, 1991 prosecutions, and proceedings for personal injury of either by 1992 the other, bigamy, or failure to provide for, neglect of, or 1993 cruelty to their children under eighteen years of age or their 1994 physically or mentally handicapped child under twenty-one years 1995 of age. A spouse may testify against his or her spouse in a 1996 prosecution under a provision of sections 2903.11 to 2903.13, 1997 2919.21, 2919.22, or 2919.25 of the Revised Code for cruelty to, 1998 neglect of, or abandonment of such spouse, in a prosecution 1999 against his or her spouse under section 2903.211 or 2911.211, of 2000 the Revised Code for the commission of the offense against the 2001 spouse who is testifying, in a prosecution under section 2919.27 2002 of the Revised Code involving a protection order issued or 2003 consent agreement approved pursuant to section 2919.26 or 2004 3113.31 of the Revised Code for the commission of the offense 2005 against the spouse who is testifying, or in a prosecution under 2006

section 2907.02 of the Revised Code for the commission of rape	2007
or under former section 2907.12 of the Revised Code for	2008
felonious sexual penetration against such spouse in a case in	2009
which the offense can be committed against a spouse. Such	2010
interest, conviction, or relationship may be shown for the	2011
purpose of affecting the credibility of the witness. Husband or	2012
wife-Neither spouse shall not-testify concerning a communication	2013
made by one to the other, or act done by either in the presence	2014
of the other, during coverture, unless the communication was	2015
made or act done in the known presence or hearing of a third	2016
person competent to be a witness, or in case of personal injury	2017
by either the husband or wife spouse to the other, or rape or	2018
the former offense of felonious sexual penetration in a case in	2019
which the offense can be committed against a spouse, or bigamy,	2020
or failure to provide for, or neglect or cruelty of either to	2021
their children under eighteen years of age or their physically	2022
or mentally handicapped child under twenty-one years of age,	2023
violation of a protection order or consent agreement, or neglect	2024
or abandonment of a spouse under a provision of those sections.	2025
The presence or whereabouts of the husband or wife a spouse is	2026
not an act under this section. The rule is the same if the	2027
marital relation has ceased to exist.	2028

Sec. 3101.01. (A) Male persons of the age of eighteen 2029 years, and female persons of the age of sixteen years, not 2030 nearer of kin than second cousins, and not having a husband or 2031 wife spouse living, may be joined in enter into marriage. A 2032 marriage may only be entered into-by one man and one woman-2033 between two persons. A minor shall first obtain the consent of 2034 the minor's parents, surviving parent, parent who is designated 2035 the residential parent and legal custodian of the minor by a 2036 court of competent jurisdiction, guardian, or any one of the 2037

following who has been awarded permanent custody of the minor by	2038
a court exercising juvenile jurisdiction:	2039
(1) An adult person;	2040
(2) The department of job and family services or any child	2041
welfare organization certified by the department;	2042
(3) A public children services agency.	2043
(B) For the purposes of division (A) of this section, a	2044
minor shall not be required to obtain the consent of a parent	2045
who resides in a foreign country, has neglected or abandoned the	2046
minor for a period of one year or longer immediately preceding	2047
the minor's application for a marriage license, has been	2048
adjudged incompetent, is an inmate of a state mental or	2049
correctional institution, has been permanently deprived of	2050
parental rights and responsibilities for the care of the minor	2051
and the right to have the minor live with the parent and to be	2052
the legal custodian of the minor by a court exercising juvenile	2053
jurisdiction, or has been deprived of parental rights and	2054
responsibilities for the care of the minor and the right to have	2055
the minor live with the parent and to be the legal custodian of	2056
the minor by the appointment of a guardian of the person of the	2057
minor by the probate court or by another court of competent	2058
jurisdiction.	2059
(C)(1) Any marriage between persons of the same sex is	2060
against the strong public policy of this state. Any marriage	2061
between persons of the same sex shall have no legal force or	2062
effect in this state and, if attempted to be entered into in	2063
this state, is void ab initio and shall not be recognized by	2064
this state.	2065
(2) Any marriage entered into by persons of the same sex-	2066

in any other jurisdiction shall be considered and treated in all	2067
respects as having no legal force or effect in this state and	2068
shall not be recognized by this state.	2069
(3) The recognition or extension by the state of the	2070
specific statutory benefits of a legal marriage to nonmarital	2071
relationships between persons of the same sex or different sexes-	2072
is against the strong public policy of this state. Any public	2073
act, record, or judicial proceeding of this state, as defined in	2074
section 9.82 of the Revised Code, that extends the specific	2075
statutory benefits of legal marriage to nonmarital relationships-	2076
between persons of the same sex or different sexes is void ab	2077
initio. Nothing in division (C)(3) of this section shall be	2078
construed to do either of the following:	2079
(a) Prohibit the extension of specific benefits otherwise	2080
enjoyed by all persons, married or unmarried, to nonmarital	2081
relationships between persons of the same sex or different	2082
sexes, including the extension of benefits conferred by any	2083
statute that is not expressly limited to married persons, which-	2084
includes but is not limited to benefits available under Chapter	2085
4117. of the Revised Code;	2086
(b) Affect the validity of private agreements that are	2087
otherwise valid under the laws of this state.	2088
(4) Any public act, record, or judicial proceeding of any	2089
other state, country, or other jurisdiction outside this state-	2090
that extends the specific benefits of legal marriage to	2091
nonmarital relationships between persons of the same sex or	2092
different sexes shall be considered and treated in all respects	2093
as having no legal force or effect in this state and shall not	2094
be recognized by this state.	2095

Sec. 3101.08. An ordained or licensed minister of any	2096
religious society or congregation within this state who is	2097
licensed to solemnize marriages, a judge of a county court in	2098
accordance with section 1907.18 of the Revised Code, a judge of	2099
a municipal court in accordance with section 1901.14 of the	2100
Revised Code, a probate judge in accordance with section 2101.27	2101
of the Revised Code, the mayor of a municipal corporation in any	2102
county in which such municipal corporation wholly or partly	2103
lies, the superintendent of the state school for the deaf, or	2104
any religious society in conformity with the rules of its	2105
church, may join together as <del>husband and wife spouses</del> any	2106
persons who are not prohibited by law from being joined in	2107
marriage.	2108

Sec. 3101.13. Except as otherwise provided in this 2109 section, a certificate of every marriage solemnized shall be 2110 transmitted by the authorized person solemnizing the marriage, 2111 within thirty days after the solemnization, to the probate judge 2112 of the county in which the marriage license was issued. If, in 2113 accordance with section 2101.27 of the Revised Code, a probate 2114 judge solemnizes a marriage and if the probate judge issued the 2115 marriage license to the husband and wife spouses, the probate 2116 judge shall file a certificate of that solemnized marriage in 2117 the probate judge's office within thirty days after the 2118 solemnization. All of the transmitted and filed certificates 2119 shall be consecutively numbered and recorded in the order in 2120 which they are received. 2121

Sec. 3101.14. Every marriage license shall have printed 2122 upon it in prominent type the notice that, unless the person 2123 solemnizing the marriage returns a certificate of the solemnized 2124 marriage to the probate court that issued the marriage license 2125 within thirty days after performing the ceremony, or, if the 2126

person solemnizing the marriage is a probate judge who is acting	2127
in accordance with section 2101.27 of the Revised Code and who	2128
issued the marriage license to the husband and wife spouses,	2129
unless that probate judge files a certificate of the solemnized	2130
marriage in the probate judge's office within thirty days after	2131
the solemnization, the person or probate judge is guilty of a	2132
minor misdemeanor and, upon conviction, may be punished by a	2133
fine of fifty dollars. An envelope suitable for returning the	2134
certificate of marriage, and addressed to the proper probate	2135
court, shall be given with each license, except that this	2136
requirement does not apply if a marriage is to be solemnized by	2137
a probate judge who is acting in accordance with section 2101.27	2138
of the Revised Code and who issued the marriage license to the	2139
husband and wife spouses.	2140
Sec. 3103.01. Husband and wife Both spouses contract	2141
towards each other obligations of mutual respect, fidelity, and	2142
support.	2143
Sec. 3103.04. Neither husband nor wife spouse has any	2144
interest in the property of the other, except as mentioned in	2145
section 3103.03 of the Revised Code, the right to dower, and the	2146
right to remain in the mansion house after the death of either.	2147
Neither can be excluded from the other's dwelling, except upon a	2148
decree or order of injunction made by a court of competent	2149
jurisdiction.	2150
Sec. 3103.05. A husband or wife spouse may enter into any	2151
engagement or transaction with the other, or with any other	2152
engagement or transaction with the other, or with any other person, which either might if unmarried; subject, in	2152 2153
person, which either might if unmarried; subject, in	2153

Sec. 3103.06. A husband and wife Spouses cannot, by any	2157
contract with each other, alter their legal relations, except	2158
that they may agree to an immediate separation and make	2159
provisions for the support of either of them and their children	2160
during the separation.	2161
Sec. 3103.08. Neither husband nor wife spouse, as such, is	2162
answerable for the acts of the other.	2163
Sec. 3105.01. The court of common pleas may grant divorces	2164
for the following causes:	2165
(A) Either party had a <del>husband or wife spouse</del> living at	2166
the time of the marriage from which the divorce is sought;	2167
(B) Willful absence of the adverse party for one year;	2168
(C) Adultery;	2169
(D) Extreme cruelty;	2170
(E) Fraudulent contract;	2171
(F) Any gross neglect of duty;	2172
(G) Habitual drunkenness;	2173
(H) Imprisonment of the adverse party in a state or	2174
federal correctional institution at the time of filing the	2175
complaint;	2176
(I) Procurement of a divorce outside this state, by a	2177
husband or wife spouse, by virtue of which the party who	2178
procured it is released from the obligations of the marriage,	2179
while those obligations remain binding upon the other party;	2180
(J) On the application of either party, when husband and	2181
wife the spouses have, without interruption for one year, lived	2182
separate and apart without cohabitation;	2183

(K) Incompatibility, unless denied by either party.	2184
A plea of res judicata or of recrimination with respect to	2185
any provision of this section does not bar either party from	2186
obtaining a divorce on this ground.	2187
Sec. 3105.17. (A) Either party to the marriage may file a	2188
complaint for divorce or for legal separation, and when filed	2189
the other may file a counterclaim for divorce or for legal	2190
separation. The court of common pleas may grant divorces for the	2191
causes set forth in section 3105.01 of the Revised Code. The	2192
court of common pleas may grant legal separation on a complaint	2193
or counterclaim, regardless of whether the parties are living	2194
separately at the time the complaint or counterclaim is filed,	2195
for the following causes:	2196
(1) Either party had a husband or wife spouse living at	2197
the time of the marriage from which legal separation is sought;	2198
(2) Willful absence of the adverse party for one year;	2199
(3) Adultery;	2200
(4) Extreme cruelty;	2201
(5) Fraudulent contract;	2202
(6) Any gross neglect of duty;	2203
(7) Habitual drunkenness;	2204
(8) Imprisonment of the adverse party in a state or	2205
federal correctional institution at the time of filing the	2206
complaint;	2207
(9) On the application of either party, when <del>husband and</del>	2208
wife both spouses have, without interruption for one year, lived	2209
separate and apart without cohabitation;	2210

(10) Incompatibility, unless denied by either party.	2211
(B) The filing of a complaint or counterclaim for legal	2212
separation or the granting of a decree of legal separation under	2213
this section does not bar either party from filing a complaint	2214
or counterclaim for a divorce or annulment or obtaining a	2215
divorce or annulment.	2216
Sec. 3105.31. A marriage may be annulled for any of the	2217
following causes existing at the time of the marriage:	2218
(A) That the party in whose behalf it is sought to have	2219
the marriage annulled was under the age at which persons may be	2220
joined in marriage as established by section 3101.01 of the	2221
Revised Code, unless after attaining such age such party	2222
cohabited with the other as husband or wife a spouse;	2223
(B) That the former <del>husband or wife spouse of either party</del>	2224
was living and the marriage with such former husband or wife	2225
<pre>spouse was then and still is in force;</pre>	2226
(C) That either party has been adjudicated to be mentally	2227
incompetent, unless such party after being restored to	2228
competency cohabited with the other as <a href="https://husband.or.wife_a spouse">husband or wife_a spouse</a> ;	2229
(D) That the consent of either party was obtained by	2230
fraud, unless such party afterwards, with full knowledge of the	2231
facts constituting the fraud, cohabited with the other as	2232
husband or wife a spouse;	2233
(E) That the consent to the marriage of either party was	2234
obtained by force, unless such party afterwards cohabited with	2235
the other as <u>husband or wife</u> a spouse;	2236
(F) That the marriage between the parties was never	2237
consummated although otherwise valid.	2238

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whom is an adult;	2267
(B) An unmarried adult;	2268
(C) The unmarried minor parent of the person to be	2269
adopted;	2270
(D) A married adult without the other spouse joining as a	2271
petitioner if any of the following apply:	2272
(1) The other spouse is a parent of the person to be	2273
adopted and supports the adoption;	2274
(2) The petitioner and the other spouse are separated	2275
under section 3103.06 or 3105.17 of the Revised Code;	2276
(3) The failure of the other spouse to join in the	2277
petition or to support the adoption is found by the court to be	2278
by reason of prolonged unexplained absence, unavailability,	2279
incapacity, or circumstances that make it impossible or	2280
unreasonably difficult to obtain either the support or refusal	2281
of the other spouse.	2282
Sec. 3109.03. When husband and wife spouses are living	2283
separate and apart from each other, or are divorced, and the	2284
question as to the parental rights and responsibilities for the	2285
care of their children and the place of residence and legal	2286
custodian of their children is brought before a court of	2287
competent jurisdiction, they shall stand upon an equality as to	2288
the parental rights and responsibilities for the care of their	2289
children and the place of residence and legal custodian of their	2290
children, so far as parenthood is involved.	2291
Sec. 3109.56. When a parent seeks to create a power of	2292
attorney pursuant to section 3109.52 of the Revised Code, all of	2293
the following apply:	2294

(A) The power of attorney shall be executed by both	2295
parents if any of the following apply:	2296
(1) The parents are married to each other and are living	2297
as-husband and wife_spouses.	2298
(2) The child is the subject of a shared parenting order	2299
issued pursuant to section 3109.04 of the Revised Code.	2300
(3) The child is the subject of a custody order issued	2301
pursuant to section 3109.04 of the Revised Code unless one of	2302
the following is the case:	2303
(a) The parent who is not the residential parent and legal	2304
custodian is prohibited from receiving a notice of relocation in	2305
accordance with section 3109.051 of the Revised Code.	2306
decordance with section stop. our of the nevisea code.	2000
(b) The parental rights of the parent who is not the	2307
residential parent and legal custodian have been terminated by	2308
order of a juvenile court pursuant to Chapter 2151. of the	2309
Revised Code.	2310
(c) The parent who is not the residential parent and legal	2311
custodian cannot be located with reasonable efforts.	2312
(B) In all other cases, the power of attorney may be	2313
executed only by one of the following persons:	2313
executed only by one of the following persons.	2311
(1) The parent who is the residential parent and legal	2315
custodian of the child, as determined by court order or as	2316
provided in section 3109.042 of the Revised Code;	2317
(2) The parent with whom the child is residing the	2318
majority of the school year in cases in which no court has	2319
issued an order designating a parent as the residential parent	2320
and legal custodian of the child or section 3109.042 of the	2321
Revised Code is not applicable.	2322

Sec. 3111.92. The non-spousal artificial insemination of a	2323
married woman may occur only if both she and her husband spouse	2324
sign a written consent to the artificial insemination as	2325
described in section 3111.93 of the Revised Code.	2326
Sec. 3111.93. (A) Prior to a non-spousal artificial	2327
insemination, the physician associated with it shall do the	2328
following:	2329
(1) Obtain the written consent of the recipient on a form	2330
that the physician shall provide. The written consent shall	2331
contain all of the following:	2332
(a) The name and address of the recipient and, if married,	2333
her <u>husband</u> spouse;	2334
(b) The name of the physician;	2335
(c) The proposed location of the performance of the	2336
artificial insemination;	2337
(d) A statement that the recipient and, if married, her	2338
husband spouse consent to the artificial insemination;	2339
(e) If desired, a statement that the recipient and, if	2340
married, her <a href="husband-spouse">husband-spouse</a> consent to more than one artificial	2341
insemination if necessary;	2342
(f) A statement that the donor shall not be advised by the	2343
physician or another person performing the artificial	2344
insemination as to the identity of the recipient or, if married,	2345
her <a href="husband-spouse">her husband-spouse</a> and that the recipient and, if married, her	2346
<pre>husband_spouse shall not be advised by the physician or another</pre>	2347
person performing the artificial insemination as to the identity	2348
of the donor;	2349
(g) A statement that the physician is to obtain necessary	2350

semen from a donor and, subject to any agreed upon provision as	2351
described in division (A)(1)(n) of this section, that the	2352
recipient and, if married, her <a href="https://husband-spouse">hall rely upon</a>	2353
the judgment and discretion of the physician in this regard;	2354
(h) A statement that the recipient and, if married, her	2355
husband spouse understand that the physician cannot be	2356
responsible for the physical or mental characteristics of any	2357
child resulting from the artificial insemination;	2358
(i) A statement that there is no guarantee that the	2359
recipient will become pregnant as a result of the artificial	2360
insemination;	2361
(j) A statement that the artificial insemination shall	2362
occur in compliance with sections 3111.88 to 3111.96 of the	2363
Revised Code;	2364
(k) A brief summary of the paternity consequences of the	2365
artificial insemination as set forth in section 3111.95 of the	2366
Revised Code;	2367
(1) The signature of the recipient and, if married, her	2368
<pre>husband_spouse;</pre>	2369
(m) If agreed to, a statement that the artificial	2370
insemination will be performed by a person who is under the	2371
supervision and control of the physician;	2372
(n) Any other provision that the physician, the recipient,	2373
and, if married, her <u>husband</u> spouse agree to include.	2374
(2) Upon request, provide the recipient and, if married,	2375
her <a href="husband-spouse">husband-spouse</a> with the following information to the extent	2376
the physician has knowledge of it:	2377
(a) The medical history of the donor, including, but not	2378

limited to, any available genetic history of the donor and	2379
persons related to him by consanguinity, the blood type of the	2380
donor, and whether he has an RH factor;	2381
(b) The race, eye and hair color, age, height, and weight	2382
of the donor;	2383
(c) The educational attainment and talents of the donor;	2384
(d) The religious background of the donor;	2385
(e) Any other information that the donor has indicated may	2386
be disclosed.	2387
(B) After each non-spousal artificial insemination of a	2388
woman, the physician associated with it shall note the date of	2389
the artificial insemination in the physician's records	2390
pertaining to the woman and the artificial insemination, and	2391
retain this information as provided in section 3111.94 of the	2392
Revised Code.	2393
Sec. 3111.94. (A) The physician who is associated with a	2394
non-spousal artificial insemination shall place the written	2395
consent obtained pursuant to division (A)(1) of section 3111.93	2396
of the Revised Code, information provided to the recipient and,	2397
if married, her <del>husband</del> spouse pursuant to division (A)(2) of	2398
that section, other information concerning the donor that the	2399
physician possesses, and other matters concerning the artificial	2400
insemination in a file that shall bear the name of the	2401
recipient. This file shall be retained by the physician in the	2402
physician's office separate from any regular medical chart of	2403
the recipient, and shall be confidential, except as provided in	2404
divisions (B) and (C) of this section. This file is not a public	2405
record under section 149.43 of the Revised Code.	2406
(B) The written consent form and information provided to	2407

the recipient and, if married, her <a href="https://husband-spouse">husband-spouse</a> pursuant to	2408
division (A)(2) of section 3111.93 of the Revised Code shall be	2409
open to inspection only until the child born as the result of	2410
the non-spousal artificial insemination is twenty-one years of	2411
age, and only to the recipient or, if married, her <del>husband</del>	2412
spouse upon request to the physician.	2413
(C) Information pertaining to the donor that was not	2414
provided to the recipient and, if married, her <a href="https://husband-spouse">husband-spouse</a>	2415
pursuant to division (A)(2) of section 3111.93 of the Revised	2416
Code and that the physician possesses shall be kept in the file	2417
pertaining to the non-spousal artificial insemination for at	2418
least five years from the date of the artificial insemination.	2419
At the expiration of this period, the physician may destroy such	2420
information or retain it in the file.	2421
The physician shall not make this information available	2422
for inspection by any person during the five-year period or, if	2423
the physician retains the information after the expiration of	2424
that period, at any other time, unless the following apply:	2425
(1) A child is born as a result of the artificial	2426
insemination, an action is filed by the recipient, her <del>husband</del>	2427
spouse if she is married, or a guardian of the child in the	2428
domestic relations division or, if there is no domestic	2429
relations division, the general division of the court of common	2430
pleas of the county in which the office of the physician is	2431
located, the child is not twenty-one years of age or older, and	2432
the court pursuant to division (C)(2) of this section issues an	2433
order authorizing the inspection of specified types of	2434
information by the recipient, <u>husband spouse</u> , or guardian;	2435
(2) Prior to issuing an order authorizing an inspection of	2436

information, the court shall determine, by clear and convincing

evidence, that the information that the recipient, -husband-	2438
spouse, or guardian wishes to inspect is necessary for or	2439
helpful in the medical treatment of the child born as a result	2440
of the artificial insemination, and shall determine which types	2441
of information in the file are germane to the medical treatment	2442
and are to be made available for inspection by the recipient,	2443
husband spouse, or guardian in that regard. An order only shall	2444
authorize the inspection of information germane to the medical	2445
treatment of the child.	2446
Sec. 3111.95. (A) If a married woman is the subject of a	2447

non-spousal artificial insemination and if her <a href="husband-spouse">husband-spouse</a> 2448 2449 shall be treated in law and regarded as the natural father 2450 parent of a child conceived as a result of the artificial 2451 insemination, and a child so conceived shall be treated in law 2452 and regarded as the natural child of the husband woman's spouse. 2453 A presumption that arises under division (A)(1) or (2) of 2454 section 3111.03 of the Revised Code is conclusive with respect 2455 to this father parent and child relationship, and no action or 2456 proceeding under sections 3111.01 to 3111.18 or sections 3111.38 2457 to 3111.54 of the Revised Code shall affect the relationship. 2458

(B) If a woman is the subject of a non-spousal artificial 2459 insemination, the donor shall not be treated in law or regarded 2460 as the natural father of a child conceived as a result of the 2461 artificial insemination, and a child so conceived shall not be 2462 treated in law or regarded as the natural child of the donor. No 2463 action or proceeding under sections 3111.01 to 3111.18 or 2464 sections 3111.38 to 3111.54 of the Revised Code shall affect 2465 these consequences. 2466

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Sec. 3111.96. The failure of a physician or person under

the supervision and control of a physician to comply with the	2468
applicable requirements of sections 3111.88 to 3111.95 of the	2469
Revised Code shall not affect the legal status, rights, or	2470
obligations of a child conceived as a result of a non-spousal	2471
artificial insemination, a recipient, a husband recipient's	2472
spouse who consented to the non-spousal artificial insemination	2473
of his wife, or the donor. If a recipient who is married and her	2474
husband the recipient's spouse make a good faith effort to	2475
execute a written consent that is in compliance with section	2476
3111.93 of the Revised Code relative to a non-spousal artificial	2477
insemination, the failure of the written consent to so comply	2478
shall not affect the paternity consequences set forth in	2479
division (A) of section 3111.95 of the Revised Code.	2480
Sec. 3111.97. (A) A woman who gives birth to a child born	2481
as a result of embryo donation shall be treated in law and	2482
4	

- Sec. 3111.97. (A) A woman who gives birth to a child born 2481 as a result of embryo donation shall be treated in law and 2482 regarded as the natural mother of the child, and the child shall 2483 be treated in law and regarded as the natural child of the 2484 woman. No action or proceeding under this chapter shall affect 2485 the relationship.
- (B) If a married woman gives birth to a child born as a 2487 result of embryo donation to which her <a href="husband-spouse">husband-spouse</a> consented, 2488 the <del>husband</del> spouse shall be treated in law and regarded as the 2489 natural father parent of the child, and the child shall be 2490 treated in law and regarded as the natural child of the husband-2491 woman's spouse. A presumption that arises under division (A)(1) 2492 or (2) of section 3111.03 of the Revised Code is conclusive with 2493 respect to this **father** parent and child relationship, and no 2494 action or proceeding under this chapter shall affect the 2495 relationship. 2496
  - (C) If a married woman gives birth to a child born as a

result of embryo donation to which her <a href="https://husband-spouse">https://husband-spouse</a> has not	2498
consented, a presumption that arises under division (A)(1) or	2499
(2) of section 3111.03 of the Revised Code that the <del>husband</del>	2500
spouse is the <del>father</del> -parent of the child may be rebutted by	2501
clear and convincing evidence that includes the lack of consent	2502
to the embryo donation.	2503
(D) As used in this division, "donor" means an individual	2504
who produced genetic material used to create an embryo, consents	2505
to the implantation of the embryo in a woman who is not the	2506
individual or the individual's wife, and at the time of the	2507
embryo donation does not intend to raise the resulting child as	2508
the individual's own.	2509
If an individual who produced genetic material used to	2510
create an embryo dies, the other person who produced genetic	2511
material used to create the embryo may consent to donate the	2512
embryo. In such a case, the deceased person shall be deemed a	2513
donor for the purposes of this section.	2514
A donor shall not be treated in law or regarded as a	2515
parent of a child born as a result of embryo donation. A donor	2516
shall have no parental responsibilities and shall have no right,	2517
obligation, or interest with respect to a child resulting from	2518
the donation.	2519
(E) This section deals with embryo donation for the	2520
purpose of impregnating a woman so that she can bear a child	2521
that she intends to raise as her child.	2522
Sec. 3113.08. Upon failure of the father or mother either	2523
<pre>parent_of a child under eighteen years of age, or of a</pre>	2524
physically or mentally handicapped child under twenty-one years	2525
of age, or the <a href="https://husband-spouse.com">husband-spouse</a> of a pregnant woman to comply with	2526

any order and undertaking provided for in sections 3113.01 to	2527
3113.14 <del>, inclusive,</del> of the Revised Code, such person may be	2528
arrested by the sheriff or other officer, on a warrant issued on	2529
the praecipe of the prosecuting attorney, and brought before the	2530
court of common pleas for sentence. Thereupon the court may pass	2531
sentence, or for good cause shown, may modify the order as to	2532
the time and amount of payments, or take a new undertaking and	2533
further suspend sentence, whichever is for the best interests of	2534
such child or pregnant woman and of the public.	2535

- Sec. 3115.316. (A) The physical presence of a nonresident 2536 party who is an individual in a tribunal of this state is not 2537 required for the establishment, enforcement, or modification of 2538 a support order or the rendition of a judgment determining 2539 parentage of a child.
- (B) An affidavit, a document substantially complying with
  federally mandated forms, or a document incorporated by
  2542
  reference in any of them, which would not be excluded under the
  hearsay rule if given in person, is admissible in evidence if
  2544
  given under penalty of perjury by a party or witness residing
  2545
  outside this state.
- (C) A copy of the record of child-support payments 2547 certified as a true copy of the original by the custodian of the 2548 record may be forwarded to a responding tribunal. The copy is 2549 evidence of facts asserted in it, and is admissible to show 2550 whether payments were made.
- (D) Copies of bills for testing for parentage of a child, 2552 and for prenatal and postnatal health care of the mother and 2553 child, furnished to the adverse party at least ten days before 2554 trial, are admissible in evidence to prove the amount of the 2555 charges billed and that the charges were reasonable, necessary, 2556

and customary.	2557
(E) Documentary evidence transmitted from outside this	2558
state to a tribunal of this state by telephone, telecopier, or	2559
other electronic means that do not provide an original record	2560
may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the	2561
means of transmission.	2562
(F) In a proceeding under this chapter, a tribunal of this	2563
state shall permit a party or witness residing outside this	2564
state to be deposed or to testify under penalty of perjury by	2565
telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means at a	2566
designated tribunal or other location. A tribunal or support	2567
enforcement agency of this state shall cooperate with other	2568
tribunals in designating an appropriate location for the	2569
deposition or testimony.	2570
(G) If a party called to testify at a civil hearing	2571
refuses to answer on the ground that the testimony may be self-	2572
incriminating, the trier of fact may draw an adverse inference	2573
from the refusal.	2574
(H) A privilege against disclosure of communications	2575
between spouses does not apply in a proceeding under this	2576
chapter.	2577
(I) The defense of immunity based on the relationship of	2578
husband and wife-spouses or parent and child does not apply in a	2579
proceeding under this chapter.	2580
(J) A voluntary acknowledgment of paternity, certified as	2581
a true copy, is admissible to establish parentage of the child.	2582
Sec. 3127.40. (A) Unless the court issues a temporary	2583
emergency order pursuant to section 3127.18 of the Revised Code,	2584
upon a finding that a petitioner is entitled to immediate	2585

physical custody of the child, the court shall order that the	2586
petitioner may take immediate physical custody of the child	2587
unless the respondent establishes either of the following:	2588
(1) That the child custody determination has not been	2589
registered and confirmed under section 3127.35 of the Revised	2590
Code and that one of the following circumstances applies:	2591
(a) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under	2592
sections 3127.15 to 3127.24 of the Revised Code or a similar	2593
statute of another state.	2594
(b) The child custody determination for which enforcement	2595
is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a	2596
state having jurisdiction to do so under sections 3127.15 to	2597
3127.24 of the Revised Code or a similar statute of another	2598
state.	2599
(c) The respondent was entitled to notice of the child	2600
custody proceeding for which enforcement is sought, but notice	2601
was not given in accordance with the standards of section	2602
3127.07 of the Revised Code or a similar statute of another	2603
state.	2604
(2) That the child custody determination for which	2605
enforcement is sought was registered and confirmed under section	2606
3127.35 of the Revised Code but has been vacated, stayed, or	2607
modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so	2608
under sections 3127.15 to 3127.24 of the Revised Code or a	2609
similar statute of another state.	2610
(B) The court shall award the fees, costs, and expenses	2611
authorized under section 3127.42 of the Revised Code, and may	2612
grant additional relief, including a request for the assistance	2613
of law enforcement officials, and shall set a further hearing to	2614

determine whether the additional relief is appropriate.	2615
(C) If a party called to testify in a proceeding to	2616
enforce a child custody determination refuses to answer on the	2617
basis that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the court	2618
may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.	2619
(D) A privilege against disclosure of communications	2620
between spouses and a defense of immunity based on the	2621
relationship of husband and wife spouses or parent and child may	2622
not be invoked in a proceeding under this chapter.	2623
Sec. 3701.791. (A) As used in this section, "medical	2624
emergency" means a condition of a pregnant woman that, in the	2625
reasonable judgment of the physician who is attending the woman,	2626
creates an immediate threat of serious risk to the life or	2627
physical health of the woman from the continuation of the	2628
pregnancy necessitating the immediate performance or inducement	2629
of an abortion.	2630
(B) Except as provided in division (D) of this section, an	2631
office or facility at which abortions are performed or induced	2632
shall post the notice described in division (C) of this section	2633
in a conspicuous location in an area of the office or facility	2634
that is accessible to all patients, employees, and visitors.	2635
The notice shall be displayed on a poster with dimensions	2636
of at least seventeen inches by eleven inches. The first two	2637
sentences of the notice shall be printed in at least a forty-	2638
four-point typeface and the remaining lines shall be in at least	2639
a thirty-point typeface.	2640
(C) The department of health shall publish the following	2641
notice on its internet web site in a manner that can be copied	2642
and produced in poster form:	2643

"NO ONE CAN FORCE YOU TO HAVE AN ABORTION.	2644
NO ONE - NOT A PARENT, NOT A-HUSBAND SPOUSE, NOT A	2645
BOYFRIEND - NO ONE.	2646
Under Ohio law, an abortion cannot be legally performed on	2647
anyone, regardless of her age, unless she VOLUNTARILY CONSENTS	2648
to having the abortion.	2649
Ohio law requires that, before an abortion can legally be	2650
performed, the pregnant female must sign a form indicating that	2651
she consents to having the abortion "voluntarily" and "WITHOUT	2652
COERCION BY ANY PERSON."	2653
IF SOMEONE IS TRYING TO FORCE YOU TO HAVE AN ABORTION	2654
AGAINST YOUR WILL:	2655
DO NOT SIGN THE CONSENT FORM	2656
IF YOU ARE AT AN ABORTION FACILITY, TELL AN EMPLOYEE OF	2657
THE FACILITY THAT SOMEONE IS TRYING TO FORCE YOU TO HAVE AN	2658
ABORTION."	2659
(D) Division (B) of this section does not apply to an	2660
office or facility at which abortions are performed or induced	2661
due only to a medical emergency.	2662
Sec. 3705.09. (A) A birth certificate for each live birth	2663
in this state shall be filed in the registration district in	2664
which it occurs within ten calendar days after such birth and	2665
shall be registered if it has been completed and filed in	2666
accordance with this section.	2667
(B) When a birth occurs in or en route to an institution,	2668
the person in charge of the institution or a designated	2669
representative shall obtain the personal data, prepare the	2670
certificate, and complete and certify the facts of birth on the	2671

certificate within ten calendar days. The physician or certified	2672
nurse-midwife in attendance shall be listed on the birth record.	2673
(C) When a birth occurs outside an institution, the birth	2674
certificate shall be prepared and filed by one of the following	2675
in the indicated order of priority:	2676
(1) The physician or certified nurse-midwife in attendance	2677
at or immediately after the birth;	2678
(2) Any other person in attendance at or immediately after	2679
the birth;	2680
(3) The father;	2681
(4) The mother;	2682
(5) The person in charge of the premises where the birth	2683
occurred.	2684
(D) Either of the parents of the child or other informant	2685
shall attest to the accuracy of the personal data entered on the	2686
birth certificate in time to permit the filing of the	2687
certificate within the ten days prescribed in this section.	2688
(E) When a birth occurs in a moving conveyance within the	2689
United States and the child is first removed from the conveyance	2690
in this state, the birth shall be registered in this state and	2691
the place where it is first removed shall be considered the	2692
place of birth. When a birth occurs on a moving conveyance while	2693
in international waters or air space or in a foreign country or	2694
its air space and the child is first removed from the conveyance	2695
in this state, the birth shall be registered in this state but	2696
the record shall show the actual place of birth insofar as can	2697
be determined.	2698
(F)(1) If the mother of a child was married at the time of	2699

- (2) If the mother was not married at the time of 2706 conception or birth or between conception and birth, the child 2707 shall be registered by the surname designated by the mother. The 2708 name of the father of such child shall also be inserted on the 2709 birth certificate if both the mother and the father sign an 2710 acknowledgement of paternity affidavit before the birth record 2711 2712 has been sent to the local registrar. If the father is not named on the birth certificate pursuant to division (F)(1) or (2) of 2713 this section, no other information about the father shall be 2714 entered on the record. 2715
- (G) When a man is presumed, found, or declared to be the 2716 father of a child, according to section 2105.26, sections 2717 3111.01 to 3111.18, former section 3111.21, or sections 3111.38 2718 to 3111.54 of the Revised Code, or the father has acknowledged 2719 the child as his child in an acknowledgment of paternity, and 2720 the acknowledgment has become final pursuant to section 2721 2151.232, 3111.25, or 3111.821 of the Revised Code, and 2722 documentary evidence of such fact is submitted to the department 2723 of health in such form as the director may require, a new birth 2724 record shall be issued by the department which shall have the 2725 same overall appearance as the record which would have been 2726 issued under this section if a marriage had occurred before the 2727 birth of such child. Where handwriting is required to effect 2728 2729 such appearance, the department shall supply it. Upon the issuance of such new birth record, the original birth record 2730

shall cease to be a public record. Except as provided in 2731 division (C) of section 3705.091 of the Revised Code, the 2732 original record and any documentary evidence supporting the new 2733 registration of birth shall be placed in an envelope which shall 2734 be sealed by the department and shall not be open to inspection 2735 or copy unless so ordered by a court of competent jurisdiction. 2736

(H) Every birth certificate filed under this section on or 2737 after July 1, 1990, shall be accompanied by all social security 2738 numbers that have been issued to the parents of the child, 2739 2740 unless the division of child support in the department of job and family services, acting in accordance with regulations 2741 prescribed under the "Family Support Act of 1988," 102 Stat. 2742 2353, 42 U.S.C.A. 405, as amended, finds good cause for not 2743 requiring that the numbers be furnished with the certificate. 2744 The parents' social security numbers shall not be recorded on 2745 the certificate. No social security number obtained under this 2746 division shall be used for any purpose other than child support 2747 enforcement. 2748

Sec. 3911.08. In respect to insurance issued upon the life 2749 of any minor, regardless of the age of the minor at the date of 2750 the issuance of said insurance, for the benefit of such minor, 2751 2752 or for the benefit of the father, mother, husband, wife, spouse, child, brother, or sister of such minor, the insured is not, by 2753 reason only of such minority, incompetent to contract for such 2754 insurance, or for the surrender of such insurance, or to give a 2755 valid discharge for any benefit accruing, or for money payable 2756 under the contract, or to contract for the payment of a policy 2757 loan, or to contract for any policy change, provided he the 2758 minor is fifteen years of age or older on the date he enters of 2759 entering into any such contract or gives giving any such 2760 discharge. 2761

Sec. 3923.03. No policy of sickness and accident insurance	2762
shall be delivered, issued for delivery, or used in this state	2763
unless all the following requirements are complied with:	2764
(A) The entire money and other considerations therefor are	2765
expressed therein.	2766
(B) The time at which insurance takes effect and	2767
terminates is expressed therein.	2768
(C) It purports to insure only one person, except that a	2769
policy may be issued to the head of a family, who for this	2770
purpose may be the husband or the wife either spouse and who is	2771
considered the policyholder, covering any two or more members of	2772
any one family, including husband, wife spouses, dependent	2773
children, any children under the age of nineteen, and other	2774
dependents living with the family.	2775
(D) Every printed portion of the text matter and of any	2776
indorsements or attached papers shall be printed in uniform type	2777
of which the face shall be not less than ten point, the "text"	2778
to include all printed matter except the name and address of the	2779
insurer, name and title of the policy, captions, subcaptions,	2780
and form number. The superintendent of insurance shall not	2781
disapprove any such policy on the ground that every printed	2782
portion of its text matter or of any indorsement or attached	2783
paper is not printed in uniform type if it is shown that the	2784
type used is required to conform to the laws of another state in	2785
which the insurer is licensed.	2786
(E) The exceptions and reductions of indemnity are	2787
adequately captioned and clearly set forth in the policy.	2788

(F) Every such policy, including riders and indorsements,

shall be identified by a form number in the lower left-hand

2789

corner of its first page.	2791
Sec. 3937.30. (A) As used in sections 3937.30 to 3937.39	2792
of the Revised Code, "automobile insurance policy" means an	2793
insurance policy delivered or issued in this state or covering a	2794
motor vehicle required to be registered in this state which:	2795
(1) Provides automobile bodily injury or property damage	2796
liability, or related coverage, or any combination thereof;	2797
(2) Insures as named insured, any of the following:	2798
(a) Any one person;	2799
(b) A husband and wife resident Spouses in the same	2800
household;	2801
(c) Either a husband or a wife spouse who reside resides	2802
in the same household if an endorsement on the policy excludes	2803
the other spouse from coverage under the policy and the spouse	2804
excluded signs the endorsement. Nothing in division (A)(2)(c) of	2805
this section shall prevent the issuance of separate policies to	2806
each spouse or affect the compliance of the policy with Chapter	2807
4509. of the Revised Code as to the named insured or any	2808
additional insured.	2809
(3) Does not cover garage, automobile sales agency, repair	2810
shop, service station, or public parking operation hazards;	2811
(4) Is not issued under an assigned risk plan pursuant to	2812
section 4509.70 of the Revised Code.	2813
(B) For purposes of this section, "motor vehicle," means a	2814
self-propelled vehicle designed for and principally used on	2815
public roads, including an automobile, truck, motorcycle, and a	2816
motor home, provided the motor home is not stationary and is not	2817
being used as a temporary or permanent residence or office.	2818

"Motor vehicle" does not include a trailer, motorized bicycle,	2819
golf cart, off-road recreational vehicle, snowmobile,	2820
watercraft, construction equipment, farm tractor or other	2821
vehicle designed and principally used for agricultural purposes,	2822
mobile home, vehicle traveling on treads or rails, or any	2823
similar vehicle.	2824
Sec. 4112.02. It shall be an unlawful discriminatory	2825
practice:	2826
(A) For any employer, because of the race, color,	2827
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability,	2828
age, or ancestry of any person, to discharge without just cause,	2829
to refuse to hire, or otherwise to discriminate against that	2830
person with respect to hire, tenure, terms, conditions, or	2831
privileges of employment, or any matter directly or indirectly	2832
related to employment.	2833
(B) For an employment agency or personnel placement	2834
service, because of race, color, religion, sex, military status,	2835
national origin, disability, age, or ancestry, to do any of the	2836
following:	2837
(1) Refuse or fail to accept, register, classify properly,	2838
or refer for employment, or otherwise discriminate against any	2839
person;	2840
(2) Comply with a request from an employer for referral of	2841
applicants for employment if the request directly or indirectly	2842
indicates that the employer fails to comply with the provisions	2843
of sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.	2844
(C) For any labor organization to do any of the following:	2845
(1) Limit or classify its membership on the basis of race,	2846
color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,	2847

disability, age, or ancestry; 2848 (2) Discriminate against, limit the employment 2849 opportunities of, or otherwise adversely affect the employment 2850 status, wages, hours, or employment conditions of any person as 2851 an employee because of race, color, religion, sex, military 2852 status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry. 2853 (D) For any employer, labor organization, or joint labor-2854 management committee controlling apprentice training programs to 2855 discriminate against any person because of race, color, 2856 religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability, or 2857 ancestry in admission to, or employment in, any program 2858 established to provide apprentice training. 2859 (E) Except where based on a bona fide occupational 2860 qualification certified in advance by the commission, for any 2861 employer, employment agency, personnel placement service, or 2862 labor organization, prior to employment or admission to 2863 membership, to do any of the following: 2864 (1) Elicit or attempt to elicit any information concerning 2865 the race, color, religion, sex, military status, national 2866 2867 origin, disability, age, or ancestry of an applicant for employment or membership; 2868 (2) Make or keep a record of the race, color, religion, 2869 sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or 2870 ancestry of any applicant for employment or membership; 2871 2872 (3) Use any form of application for employment, or personnel or membership blank, seeking to elicit information 2873 regarding race, color, religion, sex, military status, national 2874 origin, disability, age, or ancestry; but an employer holding a 2875 contract containing a nondiscrimination clause with the 2876

government of the United States, or any department or agency of	2877
that government, may require an employee or applicant for	2878
employment to furnish documentary proof of United States	2879
citizenship and may retain that proof in the employer's	2880
personnel records and may use photographic or fingerprint	2881
identification for security purposes;	2882
(4) Print or publish or cause to be printed or published	2883
any notice or advertisement relating to employment or membership	2884
indicating any preference, limitation, specification, or	2885
discrimination, based upon race, color, religion, sex, military	2886
status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry;	2887
(5) Announce or follow a policy of denying or limiting,	2888
through a quota system or otherwise, employment or membership	2889
opportunities of any group because of the race, color, religion,	2890
sex, military status, national origin, disability, age, or	2891
ancestry of that group;	2892
(6) Utilize in the recruitment or hiring of persons any	2893
employment agency, personnel placement service, training school	2894
or center, labor organization, or any other employee-referring	2895
source known to discriminate against persons because of their	2896
race, color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,	2897
disability, age, or ancestry.	2898
(F) For any person seeking employment to publish or cause	2899
to be published any advertisement that specifies or in any	2900
manner indicates that person's race, color, religion, sex,	2901
military status, national origin, disability, age, or ancestry,	2902
or expresses a limitation or preference as to the race, color,	2903
religion, sex, military status, national origin, disability,	2904

age, or ancestry of any prospective employer.

(G) For any proprietor or any employee, keeper, or manager	2906
of a place of public accommodation to deny to any person, except	2907
for reasons applicable alike to all persons regardless of race,	2908
color, religion, sex, military status, national origin,	2909
disability, age, or ancestry, the full enjoyment of the	2910
accommodations, advantages, facilities, or privileges of the	2911
place of public accommodation.	2912
(H) Subject to section 4112.024 of the Revised Code, for	2913
any person to do any of the following:	2914
(1) 7 6	0015
(1) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease,	2915
sublease, or finance housing accommodations, refuse to negotiate	2916
for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, or otherwise	2917
deny or make unavailable housing accommodations because of race,	2918
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status,	2919
ancestry, disability, or national origin;	2920
(2) Represent to any person that housing accommodations	2921
are not available for inspection, sale, or rental, when in fact	2922
they are available, because of race, color, religion, sex,	2923
military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or	2924
national origin;	2925
(3) Discriminate against any person in the making or	2926
purchasing of loans or the provision of other financial	2927
assistance for the acquisition, construction, rehabilitation,	2928
repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations, or any person	2929
in the making or purchasing of loans or the provision of other	2930
financial assistance that is secured by residential real estate,	2931
because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial	2932
status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of	2933
the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing	2934

accommodations are located, provided that the person, whether an

individual, corporation, or association of any type, lends money	2936
as one of the principal aspects or incident to the person's	2937
principal business and not only as a part of the purchase price	2938
of an owner-occupied residence the person is selling nor merely	2939
casually or occasionally to a relative or friend;	2940
(4) Discriminate against any person in the terms or	2941
conditions of selling, transferring, assigning, renting,	2942
leasing, or subleasing any housing accommodations or in	2943
furnishing facilities, services, or privileges in connection	2944
with the ownership, occupancy, or use of any housing	2945
accommodations, including the sale of fire, extended coverage,	2946
or homeowners insurance, because of race, color, religion, sex,	2947
military status, familial status, ancestry, disability, or	2948
national origin or because of the racial composition of the	2949
neighborhood in which the housing accommodations are located;	2950
(5) Discriminate against any person in the terms or	2951
conditions of any loan of money, whether or not secured by	2952
mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition, construction,	2953
rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing accommodations	2954
because of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial	2955
status, ancestry, disability, or national origin or because of	2956
the racial composition of the neighborhood in which the housing	2957
accommodations are located;	2958
(6) Refuse to consider without prejudice the combined	2959
income of both <a href="https://husband.and.wife-spouses">husband.and.wife-spouses</a> for the purpose of	2960
extending mortgage credit to a married couple or either member	2961
of a married couple;	2962
(7) Print, publish, or circulate any statement or	2963
advertisement, or make or cause to be made any statement or	2964

advertisement, relating to the sale, transfer, assignment,

rental, lease, sublease, or acquisition of any housing	2966
accommodations, or relating to the loan of money, whether or not	2967
secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the acquisition,	2968
construction, rehabilitation, repair, or maintenance of housing	2969
accommodations, that indicates any preference, limitation,	2970
specification, or discrimination based upon race, color,	2971
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	2972
disability, or national origin, or an intention to make any such	2973
preference, limitation, specification, or discrimination;	2974
(8) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(8) or	2975
(17) of this section, make any inquiry, elicit any information,	2976
make or keep any record, or use any form of application	2977
containing questions or entries concerning race, color,	2978
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	2979
disability, or national origin in connection with the sale or	2980
lease of any housing accommodations or the loan of any money,	2981
whether or not secured by mortgage or otherwise, for the	2982
acquisition, construction, rehabilitation, repair, or	2983
maintenance of housing accommodations. Any person may make	2984
inquiries, and make and keep records, concerning race, color,	2985
religion, sex, military status, familial status, ancestry,	2986
disability, or national origin for the purpose of monitoring	2987
compliance with this chapter.	2988
(9) Include in any transfer, rental, or lease of housing	2989
accommodations any restrictive covenant, or honor or exercise,	2990
or attempt to honor or exercise, any restrictive covenant;	2991
(10) Induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or solicit, a	2992

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housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction by

representing that a change has occurred or may occur with

respect to the racial, religious, sexual, military status,

familial status, or ethnic composition of the block,	2996
neighborhood, or other area in which the housing accommodations	2997
are located, or induce or solicit, or attempt to induce or	2998
solicit, a housing accommodations listing, sale, or transaction	2999
by representing that the presence or anticipated presence of	3000
persons of any race, color, religion, sex, military status,	3001
familial status, ancestry, disability, or national origin, in	3002
the block, neighborhood, or other area will or may have results	3003
including, but not limited to, the following:	3004
(a) The lowering of property values;	3005
(b) A change in the racial, religious, sexual, military	3006
status, familial status, or ethnic composition of the block,	3007
neighborhood, or other area;	3008
(c) An increase in criminal or antisocial behavior in the	3009
block, neighborhood, or other area;	3010
(d) A decline in the quality of the schools serving the	3011
block, neighborhood, or other area.	3012
(11) Deny any person access to or membership or	3013
participation in any multiple-listing service, real estate	3014
brokers' organization, or other service, organization, or	3015
facility relating to the business of selling or renting housing	3016
accommodations, or discriminate against any person in the terms	3017
or conditions of that access, membership, or participation, on	3018
account of race, color, religion, sex, military status, familial	3019
status, national origin, disability, or ancestry;	3020
(12) Coerce, intimidate, threaten, or interfere with any	3021
person in the exercise or enjoyment of, or on account of that	3022
person's having exercised or enjoyed or having aided or	3023

encouraged any other person in the exercise or enjoyment of, any

right granted or protected by division (H) of this section;	3025
(13) Discourage or attempt to discourage the purchase by a	3026
prospective purchaser of housing accommodations, by representing	3027
that any block, neighborhood, or other area has undergone or	3028
might undergo a change with respect to its religious, racial,	3029
sexual, military status, familial status, or ethnic composition;	3030
(14) Refuse to sell, transfer, assign, rent, lease,	3031
sublease, or finance, or otherwise deny or withhold, a burial	3032
lot from any person because of the race, color, sex, military	3033
status, familial status, age, ancestry, disability, or national	3034
origin of any prospective owner or user of the lot;	3035
(15) Discriminate in the sale or rental of, or otherwise	3036
make unavailable or deny, housing accommodations to any buyer or	3037
renter because of a disability of any of the following:	3038
(a) The buyer or renter;	3039
(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the	3040
housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made	3041
available;	3042
(c) Any individual associated with the person described in	3043
division (H)(15)(b) of this section.	3044
(16) Discriminate in the terms, conditions, or privileges	3045
of the sale or rental of housing accommodations to any person or	3046
in the provision of services or facilities to any person in	3047
connection with the housing accommodations because of a	3048
disability of any of the following:	3049
(a) That person;	3050
(b) A person residing in or intending to reside in the	3051
housing accommodations after they are sold, rented, or made	3052

available;	3053
(c) Any individual associated with the person described in	3054
division (H)(16)(b) of this section.	3055
(17) Except as otherwise provided in division (H)(17) of	3056
this section, make an inquiry to determine whether an applicant	3057
for the sale or rental of housing accommodations, a person	3058
residing in or intending to reside in the housing accommodations	3059
after they are sold, rented, or made available, or any	3060
individual associated with that person has a disability, or make	3061
an inquiry to determine the nature or severity of a disability	3062
of the applicant or such a person or individual. The following	3063
inquiries may be made of all applicants for the sale or rental	3064
of housing accommodations, regardless of whether they have	3065
disabilities:	3066
(a) An inquiry into an applicant's ability to meet the	3067
requirements of ownership or tenancy;	3068
(b) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is	3069
qualified for housing accommodations available only to persons	3070
with disabilities or persons with a particular type of	3071
disability;	3072
(c) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant is	3073
qualified for a priority available to persons with disabilities	3074
or persons with a particular type of disability;	3075
(d) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant currently	3076
uses a controlled substance in violation of section 2925.11 of	3077
the Revised Code or a substantively comparable municipal	3078
ordinance;	3079
(e) An inquiry to determine whether an applicant at any	3080
time has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense, an	3081

element of which is the illegal sale, offer to sell,	3082
cultivation, manufacture, other production, shipment,	3083
transportation, delivery, or other distribution of a controlled	3084
substance.	3085
(18)(a) Refuse to permit, at the expense of a person with	3086
a disability, reasonable modifications of existing housing	3087
accommodations that are occupied or to be occupied by the person	3088
with a disability, if the modifications may be necessary to	3089
afford the person with a disability full enjoyment of the	3090
housing accommodations. This division does not preclude a	3091
landlord of housing accommodations that are rented or to be	3092
rented to a disabled tenant from conditioning permission for a	3093
proposed modification upon the disabled tenant's doing one or	3094
more of the following:	3095
(i) Providing a reasonable description of the proposed	3096
modification and reasonable assurances that the proposed	3097
modification will be made in a workerlike manner and that any	3098
required building permits will be obtained prior to the	3099
commencement of the proposed modification;	3100
(ii) Agreeing to restore at the end of the tenancy the	3101
interior of the housing accommodations to the condition they	3102
were in prior to the proposed modification, but subject to	3103
reasonable wear and tear during the period of occupancy, if it	3104
is reasonable for the landlord to condition permission for the	3105
proposed modification upon the agreement;	3106
(iii) Paying into an interest-bearing escrow account that	3107
is in the landlord's name, over a reasonable period of time, a	3108
reasonable amount of money not to exceed the projected costs at	3109
the end of the tenancy of the restoration of the interior of the	3110
housing accommodations to the condition they were in prior to	3111

the proposed modification, but subject to reasonable wear and	3112
tear during the period of occupancy, if the landlord finds the	3113
account reasonably necessary to ensure the availability of funds	3114
for the restoration work. The interest earned in connection with	3115
an escrow account described in this division shall accrue to the	3116
benefit of the disabled tenant who makes payments into the	3117
account.	3118
(b) A landlord shall not condition permission for a	3119
proposed modification upon a disabled tenant's payment of a	3120
security deposit that exceeds the customarily required security	3121
deposit of all tenants of the particular housing accommodations.	3122
(19) Refuse to make reasonable accommodations in rules,	3123
policies, practices, or services when necessary to afford a	3124
person with a disability equal opportunity to use and enjoy a	3125
dwelling unit, including associated public and common use areas;	3126
(20) Fail to comply with the standards and rules adopted	3127
under division (A) of section 3781.111 of the Revised Code;	3128
(21) Discriminate against any person in the selling,	3129
brokering, or appraising of real property because of race,	3130
color, religion, sex, military status, familial status,	3131
ancestry, disability, or national origin;	3132
(22) Fail to design and construct covered multifamily	3133
dwellings for first occupancy on or after June 30, 1992, in	3134
accordance with the following conditions:	3135
(a) The dwellings shall have at least one building	3136
entrance on an accessible route, unless it is impractical to do	3137
so because of the terrain or unusual characteristics of the	3138
site.	3139
(b) With respect to dwellings that have a building	3140

entrance on an accessible route, all of the following apply:	3141
(i) The public use areas and common use areas of the	3142
dwellings shall be readily accessible to and usable by persons	3143
with a disability.	3144
(ii) All the doors designed to allow passage into and	3145
within all premises shall be sufficiently wide to allow passage	3146
by persons with a disability who are in wheelchairs.	3147
(iii) All premises within covered multifamily dwelling	3148
units shall contain an accessible route into and through the	3149
dwelling; all light switches, electrical outlets, thermostats,	3150
and other environmental controls within such units shall be in	3151
accessible locations; the bathroom walls within such units shall	3152
contain reinforcements to allow later installation of grab bars;	3153
and the kitchens and bathrooms within such units shall be	3154
designed and constructed in a manner that enables an individual	3155
in a wheelchair to maneuver about such rooms.	3156
For purposes of division (H)(22) of this section, "covered	3157
multifamily dwellings" means buildings consisting of four or	3158
more units if such buildings have one or more elevators and	3159
ground floor units in other buildings consisting of four or more	3160
units.	3161
(I) For any person to discriminate in any manner against	3162
any other person because that person has opposed any unlawful	3163
discriminatory practice defined in this section or because that	3164
person has made a charge, testified, assisted, or participated	3165
in any manner in any investigation, proceeding, or hearing under	3166
sections 4112.01 to 4112.07 of the Revised Code.	3167
(J) For any person to aid, abet, incite, compel, or coerce	3168
the doing of any act declared by this section to be an unlawful	3169

discriminatory practice, to obstruct or prevent any person from	3170
complying with this chapter or any order issued under it, or to	3171
attempt directly or indirectly to commit any act declared by	3172
this section to be an unlawful discriminatory practice.	3173
(K) Nothing in divisions (A) to (E) of this section shall	3174
be construed to require a person with a disability to be	3175
employed or trained under circumstances that would significantly	3176
increase the occupational hazards affecting either the person	3177
with a disability, other employees, the general public, or the	3178
facilities in which the work is to be performed, or to require	3179
the employment or training of a person with a disability in a	3180
job that requires the person with a disability routinely to	3181
undertake any task, the performance of which is substantially	3182
and inherently impaired by the person's disability.	3183
(L) An aggrieved individual may enforce the individual's	3184
rights relative to discrimination on the basis of age as	3185
provided for in this section by instituting a civil action,	3186
within one hundred eighty days after the alleged unlawful	3187
discriminatory practice occurred, in any court with jurisdiction	3188
for any legal or equitable relief that will effectuate the	3189
individual's rights.	3190
A person who files a civil action under this division is	3191
barred, with respect to the practices complained of, from	3192
instituting a civil action under section 4112.14 of the Revised	3193
Code and from filing a charge with the commission under section	3194
4112.05 of the Revised Code.	3195
(M) With regard to age, it shall not be an unlawful	3196
discriminatory practice and it shall not constitute a violation	3197

of division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised Code for any

employer, employment agency, joint labor-management committee

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controlling apprenticeship training programs, or labor 3200 organization to do any of the following: 3201 (1) Establish bona fide employment qualifications 3202 reasonably related to the particular business or occupation that 3203 may include standards for skill, aptitude, physical capability, 3204 intelligence, education, maturation, and experience; 3205 (2) Observe the terms of a bona fide seniority system or 3206 any bona fide employee benefit plan, including, but not limited 3207 3208 to, a retirement, pension, or insurance plan, that is not a subterfuge to evade the purposes of this section. However, no 3209 such employee benefit plan shall excuse the failure to hire any 3210 individual, and no such seniority system or employee benefit 3211 plan shall require or permit the involuntary retirement of any 3212 individual, because of the individual's age except as provided 3213 for in the "Age Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 3214 1978," 92 Stat. 189, 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended by the "Age 3215 Discrimination in Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 3216 3342, 29 U.S.C.A. 623, as amended. 3217 (3) Retire an employee who has attained sixty-five years 3218 of age who, for the two-year period immediately before 3219 retirement, is employed in a bona fide executive or a high 3220 policymaking position, if the employee is entitled to an 3221 immediate nonforfeitable annual retirement benefit from a 3222 pension, profit-sharing, savings, or deferred compensation plan, 3223

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or any combination of those plans, of the employer of the

employee, which equals, in the aggregate, at least forty-four thousand dollars, in accordance with the conditions of the "Age

Discrimination in Employment Act Amendment of 1978," 92 Stat.

189, 29 U.S.C.A. 631, as amended by the "Age Discrimination in

Employment Act Amendments of 1986," 100 Stat. 3342, 29 U.S.C.A.

631, as amended;	3230
(4) Observe the terms of any bona fide apprenticeship	3231
program if the program is registered with the Ohio	3232
apprenticeship council pursuant to sections 4139.01 to 4139.06	3233
of the Revised Code and is approved by the federal committee on	3234
apprenticeship of the United States department of labor.	3235
(N) Nothing in this chapter prohibiting age discrimination	3236
and nothing in division (A) of section 4112.14 of the Revised	3237
Code shall be construed to prohibit the following:	3238
(1) The designation of uniform age the attainment of which	3239
is necessary for public employees to receive pension or other	3240
retirement benefits pursuant to Chapter 145., 742., 3307.,	3241
3309., or 5505. of the Revised Code;	3242
(2) The mandatory retirement of uniformed patrol officers	3243
of the state highway patrol as provided in section 5505.16 of	3244
the Revised Code;	3245
(3) The maximum age requirements for appointment as a	3246
patrol officer in the state highway patrol established by	3247
section 5503.01 of the Revised Code;	3248
(4) The maximum age requirements established for original	3249
appointment to a police department or fire department in	3250
sections 124.41 and 124.42 of the Revised Code;	3251
(5) Any maximum age not in conflict with federal law that	3252
may be established by a municipal charter, municipal ordinance,	3253
or resolution of a board of township trustees for original	3254
appointment as a police officer or firefighter;	3255
(6) Any mandatory retirement provision not in conflict	3256
with federal law of a municipal charter, municipal ordinance, or	3257

resolution of a board of township trustees pertaining to police	3258
officers and firefighters;	3259
(7) Until January 1, 1994, the mandatory retirement of any	3260
employee who has attained seventy years of age and who is	3261
serving under a contract of unlimited tenure, or similar	3262
arrangement providing for unlimited tenure, at an institution of	3263
higher education as defined in the "Education Amendments of	3264
1980," 94 Stat. 1503, 20 U.S.C.A. 1141(a).	3265
(0)(1)(a) Except as provided in division (0)(1)(b) of this	3266
section, for purposes of divisions (A) to (E) of this section, a	3267
disability does not include any physiological disorder or	3268
condition, mental or psychological disorder, or disease or	3269
condition caused by an illegal use of any controlled substance	3270
by an employee, applicant, or other person, if an employer,	3271
employment agency, personnel placement service, labor	3272
organization, or joint labor-management committee acts on the	3273
basis of that illegal use.	3274
(b) Division (0)(1)(a) of this section does not apply to	3275
an employee, applicant, or other person who satisfies any of the	3276
following:	3277
(i) The employee, applicant, or other person has	3278
successfully completed a supervised drug rehabilitation program	3279
and no longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled	3280
substance, or the employee, applicant, or other person otherwise	3281
successfully has been rehabilitated and no longer is engaging in	3282
that illegal use.	3283
(ii) The employee, applicant, or other person is	3284
participating in a supervised drug rehabilitation program and no	3285

longer is engaging in the illegal use of any controlled

substance.	3287
(iii) The employee, applicant, or other person is	3288
erroneously regarded as engaging in the illegal use of any	3289
controlled substance, but the employee, applicant, or other	3290
person is not engaging in that illegal use.	3291
(2) Divisions (A) to (E) of this section do not prohibit	3292
an employer, employment agency, personnel placement service,	3293
labor organization, or joint labor-management committee from	3294
doing any of the following:	3295
(a) Adopting or administering reasonable policies or	3296
procedures, including, but not limited to, testing for the	3297
illegal use of any controlled substance, that are designed to	3298
ensure that an individual described in division (0)(1)(b)(i) or	3299
(ii) of this section no longer is engaging in the illegal use of	3300
any controlled substance;	3301
(b) Prohibiting the illegal use of controlled substances	3302
and the use of alcohol at the workplace by all employees;	3303
(c) Requiring that employees not be under the influence of	3304
alcohol or not be engaged in the illegal use of any controlled	3305
substance at the workplace;	3306
(d) Requiring that employees behave in conformance with	3307
the requirements established under "The Drug-Free Workplace Act	3308
of 1988," 102 Stat. 4304, 41 U.S.C.A. 701, as amended;	3309
(e) Holding an employee who engages in the illegal use of	3310
any controlled substance or who is an alcoholic to the same	3311
qualification standards for employment or job performance, and	3312
the same behavior, to which the employer, employment agency,	3313
personnel placement service, labor organization, or joint labor-	3314
management committee holds other employees, even if any	3315

unsatisfactory performance or behavior is related to an	3316
employee's illegal use of a controlled substance or alcoholism;	3317
(f) Exercising other authority recognized in the	3318
"Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990," 104 Stat. 327, 42	3319
U.S.C.A. 12101, as amended, including, but not limited to,	3320
requiring employees to comply with any applicable federal	3321
standards.	3322
(3) For purposes of this chapter, a test to determine the	3323
illegal use of any controlled substance does not include a	3324
medical examination.	3325
(4) Division (0) of this section does not encourage,	3326
prohibit, or authorize, and shall not be construed as	3327
encouraging, prohibiting, or authorizing, the conduct of testing	3328
for the illegal use of any controlled substance by employees,	3329
applicants, or other persons, or the making of employment	3330
decisions based on the results of that type of testing.	3331
(P) This section does not apply to a religious	3332
corporation, association, educational institution, or society	3333
with respect to the employment of an individual of a particular	3334
religion to perform work connected with the carrying on by that	3335
religious corporation, association, educational institution, or	3336
society of its activities.	3337
The unlawful discriminatory practices defined in this	3338
section do not make it unlawful for a person or an appointing	3339
authority administering an examination under section 124.23 of	3340
the Revised Code to obtain information about an applicant's	3341
military status for the purpose of determining if the applicant	3342
is eligible for the additional credit that is available under	3343
that section.	3344

Sec. 4141.30. (A) All	benefits shall be paid through	3345
public employment offices	in accordance with such rules as the	3346
director of job and family	services prescribes.	3347
(B) With the exception	ns in division (B)(4) of this	3348
section, benefits are paya	ble to each eligible and qualified	3349
individual on account of e	ach week of involuntary total	3350
unemployment after the spe	cified waiting period at the weekly	3351
benefit amount determined	by:	3352
(1) Computing the ind	ividual's average weekly wage as	3353
defined in division (0)(2)	of section 4141.01 of the Revised	3354
Code;		3355
(2) Determining the i	ndividual's dependency class under	3356
division (E) of this secti	on;	3357
(3) Computing the ind	ividual's weekly benefit amount to be	3358
fifty per cent of the indi	vidual's average weekly wage except,	3359
that the individual's week	ly benefit amount shall not exceed the	3360
$\hbox{maximum amount shown for t}$	he individual's dependency class in	3361
the following table:		3362
	Maximum Weekly	3363
Dependency Class	Benefit Amount	3364
A	\$147	3365
В	223	3366
С	233	3367
Effective Sunday of t	he calendar week in which January 1,	3368
1988, occurs and on each s	imilar day of each year thereafter,	3369
the current maximum weekly	benefit amount for each dependency	3370
class shall be adjusted ba	sed on the statewide average weekly	3371
wage. Any percentage incre	ase in such statewide average weekly	3372
wage between the wage comp	uted for the current year and the wage	3373

computed for the preceding year shall be used to increase the	3374
maximum amounts then in effect by the same percentage. Such	3375
increased amounts will be effective with respect to applications	3376
for benefit rights filed during the fifty-two consecutive	3377
calendar weeks beginning with such Sunday date.	3378
The director shall calculate the statewide average weekly	3379
wage based on the average weekly earnings of all workers in	3380
employment subject to this chapter during the preceding twelve-	3381
month period ending the thirtieth day of June. The calculation	3382
shall be made in the following manner:	3383
Shall be made in the following manner.	3303
(a) The sum of the total monthly employment reported for	3384
the previous twelve-month period shall be divided by twelve to	3385
determine the average monthly employment;	3386
(b) The sum of the total wages reported for the previous	3387
twelve-month period shall be divided by the average monthly	3388
employment to determine the average annual wage;	3389
(c) The average annual wage shall be divided by fifty-two	3390
to determine the statewide average weekly wage.	3391
In the computation of the weekly benefit amount, any	3392
resulting amount not a multiple of one dollar shall be rounded	3393
to the next lower multiple of one dollar. In the computation of	3394
the adjusted maximum benefit amounts, based on the statewide	3395
average weekly wage, any resulting amount not a multiple of one	3396
dollar shall be rounded to the next lower multiple of one	3397
dollar.	3398
(4) Effective Sunday of the calendar week in which January	3399
1, occurs for calendar years 1988 through 1993, the maximum	3400
weekly benefit amount payable for an individual's dependency	3401
	3401
class for those years shall be computed in accordance with this	3402

division, with an additional increase added to the prior year's	3403
increase equal to one-sixth of total percentage increase that	3404
otherwise would have been available in calendar years 1983,	3405
1984, 1985, 1986, and 1987, if in those years an adjustment in	3406
the maximum weekly benefit amount would have been made pursuant	3407
to this division.	3408
(5) Effective Sunday of the calendar week in which January	3409
1, 1991, occurs, the maximum weekly benefit amounts computed	3410
under divisions (B)(3) and (4) of this section shall not exceed	3411
the following amounts:	3412
(a) For dependency class A, fifty per cent of the	3413
statewide average weekly wage;	3414
(b) For dependency class B, sixty per cent of the	3415
statewide average weekly wage;	3416
(c) For dependency class C, sixty-six and two-thirds per	3417
cent of the statewide average weekly wage.	3418
Division (B)(5) of this section applies to all new claims	3419
filed on and after the Sunday of the calendar week in which	3420
January 1, 1991, occurs, provided that the maximum weekly	3421
benefit amounts established for the dependency classes prior to	3422
such date apply to all claims until the maximum weekly benefit	3423
amounts as determined pursuant to division (B)(5) of this	3424
section equal or exceed the maximum weekly benefit amounts in	3425
effect prior to such date.	3426
(6) For the time period beginning on January 1, 2018, and	3427
ending January 1, 2020, no individual's weekly benefit amount	3428
shall exceed the maximum weekly benefit amounts in effect on—the—	3429
effective date of this section March 28, 2017.	3430
(C) Benefits are payable to each partially unemployed	3431

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individual oth	erwise eligible on account of each week of	3432
involuntary pa	rtial unemployment after the specified waiting	3433
period in an a	mount equal to the individual's weekly benefit	3434
amount less th	at part of the remuneration payable to the	3435
individual wit	h respect to such week which is in excess of	3436
twenty per cen	t of the individual's weekly benefit amount, and	3437
the resulting	amount rounded to the next lower multiple of one	3438
dollar.		3439
(D) The t	otal benefits to which an individual is entitled	3440
in any benefit	year, whether for partial or total unemployment,	3441
or both, shall	not exceed the lesser of the following two	3442
amounts: (1) a	n amount equal to twenty-six times the	3443
individual's w	eekly benefit amount determined in accordance with	3444
division (B) o	f this section and this division, or (2) an amount	3445
computed by ta	king the sum of twenty times the individual's	3446
weekly benefit	amount for the first twenty base period	3447
qualifying wee	ks plus one times the weekly benefit amount for	3448
each additiona	l qualifying week beyond the first twenty	3449
qualifying wee	ks in the individual's base period.	3450
(E) Each	eligible and qualified individual shall be	3451
assigned a dep	endency class in accordance with the following	3452
schedule:		3453
Class	Description of Dependents	3454
А	No dependents, or has	3455
	insufficient wages to qualify	3456
	for more than the maximum	3457
	weekly benefit amount as	3458
	provided under dependency	3459
	class A	3460
В	One or two dependents	3461

C Three or more dependents	3462
As used in this division "dependent" means:	3463
(1) Any natural child, stepchild, or adopted child of the	3464
individual claiming benefits for whom such individual at the	3465
beginning of the individual's current benefit year is supplying	3466
and for at least ninety consecutive days, or for the duration of	3467
the parental relationship if it existed less than ninety days,	3468
immediately preceding the beginning of such benefit year, has	3469
supplied more than one-half of the cost of support and if such	3470
child on the beginning date of such benefit year was under	3471
eighteen years of age, or if unable to work because of permanent	3472
physical or mental disability;	3473
(2) The legally married wife or husband spouse of the	3474
individual claiming benefits for whom more than one-half the	3475
cost of support has been supplied by such individual for at	3476
least ninety consecutive days, or for the duration of the	3477
marital relationship if it has existed for less than ninety	3478
days, immediately preceding the beginning of such individual's	3479
current benefit year and such wife or husband spouse was living	3480
with such individual and had an average weekly income, in such	3481
period, not in excess of twenty-five per cent of the claimant's	3482
average weekly wage.	3483
(3) If both the husband and wife spouses qualify for	3484
benefit rights with overlapping benefit years, only one of them	3485
may qualify for a dependency class other than A.	3486
Sec. 4728.03. (A) As used in this section, "experience and	3487
fitness in the capacity involved" means that the applicant for a	3488
precious metals dealer's license has had sufficient financial	3489
responsibility, reputation, and experience in the business of	3490

precious metals dealer, or a related business, to act as a	3491
precious metals dealer in compliance with this chapter.	3492
(B)(1) The division of financial institutions in the	3493
department of commerce may grant a precious metals dealer's	3494
license to any person of good character, having experience and	3495
fitness in the capacity involved, who demonstrates a net worth	3496
of at least ten thousand dollars and the ability to maintain	3497
that net worth during the licensure period. The superintendent	3498
of financial institutions shall compute the applicant's net	3499
worth according to generally accepted accounting principles.	3500
(2) In place of the demonstration of net worth required by	3501
division (B)(1) of this section, an applicant may obtain a	3502
surety bond issued by a surety company authorized to do business	3503
in this state if all of the following conditions are met:	3504
(a) A copy of the surety bond is filed with the division;	3505
(b) The bond is in favor of any person, and of the state	3506
for the benefit of any person, injured by any violation of this	3507
chapter;	3508
(c) The bond is in the amount of not less than ten	3509
thousand dollars.	3510
(3) Before granting a license under this division, the	3511
division shall determine that the applicant meets the	3512
requirements of division (B)(1) or (2) of this section.	3513
(C) The division shall require an applicant for a precious	3514
metals dealer's license to pay to the division a nonrefundable,	3515
initial investigation fee of two hundred dollars which shall be	3516
for the exclusive use of the state. The license fee for a	3517
precious metals dealer's license and the renewal fee shall be	3518
determined by the superintendent, provided that the fee may not	3519

exceed three hundred dollars. A license issued by the division	3520
shall expire on the last day of June next following the date of	3521
its issuance. Fifty per cent of license fees shall be for the	3522
use of the state, and fifty per cent shall be paid to the	3523
municipal corporation, or if outside the limits of any municipal	3524
corporation, to the county in which the office of the licensee	3525
is located. All portions of license fees payable to municipal	3526
corporations or counties shall be paid as they accrue, by the	3527
treasurer of state, on vouchers issued by the director of budget	3528
and management.	3529

- (D) Every such license shall be renewed annually by the 3530 last day of June according to the standard renewal procedure of 3531 Chapter 4745. of the Revised Code. No license shall be granted 3532 to any person not a resident of or the principal office of which 3533 is not located in the municipal corporation or county designated 3534 in such license, unless, and until such applicant shall, in 3535 writing and in due form, to be first approved by and filed with 3536 the division, appoint an agent, a resident of the state, and 3537 city or county where the office is to be located, upon whom all 3538 judicial and other process, or legal notice, directed to the 3539 applicant may be served; and in case of the death, removal from 3540 the state, or any legal disability or any disqualification of 3541 any agent, service of process or notice may be made upon the 3542 superintendent. 3543
- (E) The division may, pursuant to Chapter 119. of the 3544
  Revised Code, upon notice to the licensee and after giving the 3545
  licensee reasonable opportunity to be heard, revoke or suspend 3546
  any license, if the licensee or the licensee's officers, agents, 3547
  or employees violate this chapter. Whenever, for any cause, the 3548
  license is revoked or suspended, the division shall not issue 3549
  another license to the licensee nor to the husband or wife 3550

<u>spouse</u> of the licensee, nor to any copartnership or corporation	3551
of which the licensee is an officer, nor to any person employed	3552
by the licensee, until the expiration of at least one year from	3553
the date of revocation of the license.	3554

(F) In conducting an investigation to determine whether an 3555 applicant satisfies the requirements for licensure under this 3556 section, the superintendent may request that the superintendent 3557 of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation 3558 investigate and determine whether the bureau has procured any 3559 information pursuant to section 109.57 of the Revised Code 3560 pertaining to the applicant.

3562 If the superintendent of financial institutions determines that conducting an investigation to determine whether an 3563 applicant satisfies the requirements for licensure under this 3564 section will require procuring information outside the state, 3565 then, in addition to the fee established under division (C) of 3566 this section, the superintendent may require the applicant to 3567 3568 pay any of the actual expenses incurred by the division to conduct such an investigation, provided that the superintendent 3569 shall assess the applicant a total no greater than one thousand 3570 dollars for such expenses. The superintendent may require the 3571 3572 applicant to pay in advance of the investigation, sufficient funds to cover the estimated cost of the actual expenses. If the 3573 superintendent requires the applicant to pay investigation 3574 expenses, the superintendent shall provide to the applicant an 3575 itemized statement of the actual expenses incurred by the 3576 division to conduct the investigation. 3577

(G)(1) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(2) of 3578 this section a precious metals dealer licensed under this 3579 section shall maintain a net worth of at least ten thousand 3580

dollars, computed as required under division (B)(1) of this
section, for as long as the licensee holds a valid precious
metals dealer's license issued pursuant to this section.

3583

(2) A licensee who obtains a surety bond under division 3584
(B)(2) of this section is exempt from the requirement of 3585
division (G)(1) of this section, but shall maintain the bond for 3586
at least two years after the date on which the licensee ceases 3587
to conduct business in this state. 3588

Sec. 4737.07. No person shall operate and maintain a junk 3589 yard outside of a municipality, except in zoned or unzoned 3590 industrial areas adjacent to the interstate or primary systems, 3591 without first obtaining a license to do so from the county 3592 auditor of the county in which such junk yard is located or in 3593 which such junk yard is to be established. A person who was 3594 operating or maintaining a junk yard prior to January 1, 1964 is 3595 entitled to be issued a license or renewal thereof upon payment 3596 of the fee provided for in this section. Any person operating or 3597 maintaining a junk yard within one thousand feet of the nearest 3598 edge of the right of way of a state or county road or within 3599 three hundred feet of the nearest edge of the right of way of a 3600 township road, prior to January 1, 1964, shall within one year 3601 thereafter erect the required fence or make suitable plantings 3602 if such junk yard is not obscured by natural objects or a fence. 3603 If, after January 1, 1964, a junk yard is established within one 3604 thousand feet of the nearest edge of the right of way of a state 3605 or county highway or within three hundred feet of the nearest 3606 edge of the right of way of a township road, it shall be so 3607 located that the view thereof from such road is obscured by 3608 natural objects or a fence. If the yard is so obscured, the 3609 person operating or maintaining it shall be issued a license. 3610

If it is not practical or economically feasible by reason	3611
of topography, as determined by the sheriff or, if the sheriff	3612
so designates, a policeman police officer or constable of the	3613
township where the junk yard is located, to obscure the view of	3614
a junk yard established on or before January 1, 1970, from any	3615
state or county highway or township road which is not part of	3616
the interstate or primary system, the sheriff or township	3617
policeman police officer or constable shall require suitable	3618
plantings, or a practical and appropriate barrier not less than	3619
six feet nor more than ten feet in height, to partially obscure	3620
the view of such junk yard from such state or county highway or	3621
township road.	3622

No person shall operate and maintain a junk yard adjacent 3623 to the interstate or primary systems within a municipality, 3624 except in zoned or unzoned industrial areas without first 3625 obtaining a license to do so from the chief executive officer of 3626 the municipality in which such junk yard is located or in which 3627 such junk yard is to be established. Any person operating or 3628 maintaining a junk yard within one thousand feet of the nearest 3629 edge of the right of way of an interstate or primary highway 3630 within a municipality, except in a zoned or unzoned industrial 3631 area, prior to November 18, 1969, shall within one year 3632 thereafter erect the required fence or make suitable plantings 3633 if such junk yard is not screened by natural objects or a fence. 3634 This exception does not prohibit the regulation or prohibition 3635 of junk yards in zoned or unzoned industrial areas by municipal 3636 corporations. If a junk yard is established after November 18, 3637 1969, within one thousand feet of the nearest edge of the right 3638 of way of an interstate or primary highway, it shall be so 3639 located that the view thereof from such highway is obscured by 3640 natural objects or a fence. If the yard is so obscured, the 3641

person operating or maintaining it shall be issued a license	3642
under this section. Nothing contained in this section shall be	3643
construed to relieve any person of his the duty to comply with	3644
the provisions of ordinances enacted by municipal corporations	3645
regulating or prohibiting junk yards, including requirements to	3646
obtain a license under municipal ordinances. The requirement to	3647
obtain a license from the municipality under this section shall	3648
be in addition to regulations imposed and licenses required	3649
under municipal ordinances. No license shall be issued unless	3650
such yard accords with the provisions of this section.	3651

The fee for a license issued under this section is twentyfive dollars, except that the fee for municipal licenses issued
under this section shall be reduced by the amount paid by the
licensee for any similar licenses issued pursuant to ordinances
of such municipality. All licenses issued under this section
shall expire on the first day of January following the date of
issue. A license may be renewed from year to year upon paying
the chief executive officer of the municipality or the auditor
of the county in which the junk yard is located the sum of ten
dollars for each such renewal.

All fees paid under this section shall be for the use of 3662 the county or municipality which issues the license or renewal 3663 thereof. 3664

Any license or renewal thereof issued under this section 3665 may be revoked by the chief executive officer of the 3666 municipality or the county auditor of the county in which the 3667 licensee's junk yard is located, after reasonable notice and 3668 opportunity to be heard, for any violation of sections 4737.01 3669 to 4737.12 of the Revised Code, by the licensee or by any of his 3670 the licensee's officers, agents, or employees. Whenever a 3671

license has been revoked under this section, the chief executive	3672
officer of the municipality or the county auditor shall not	3673
issue another license to such licensee, to the husband or wife	3674
spouse of such licensee, or to any partnership or corporation of	3675
which—he the licensee is an officer or member, until such	3676
licensee complies with sections 4737.05 to 4737.12 of the	3677
Revised Code.	3678

Sec. 5103.16. (A) Except as otherwise provided in this 3679 section, no child shall be placed or accepted for placement 3680 3681 under any written or oral agreement or understanding that transfers or surrenders the legal rights, powers, or duties of 3682 the legal parent, parents, or guardian of the child into the 3683 temporary or permanent custody of any association or institution 3684 that is not certified by the department of job and family 3685 services under section 5103.03 of the Revised Code, without the 3686 written consent of the office in the department that oversees 3687 the interstate compact for placement of children established 3688 under section 5103.20 of the Revised Code or the interstate 3689 compact on the placement of children established under section 3690 5103.23 of the Revised Code, as applicable, or by a commitment 3691 3692 of a juvenile court, or by a commitment of a probate court as provided in this section. A child may be placed temporarily 3693 without written consent or court commitment with persons related 3694 by blood or marriage or in a legally licensed boarding home. 3695

(B) (1) Associations and institutions certified under 3696 section 5103.03 of the Revised Code for the purpose of placing 3697 children in free foster homes or for legal adoption shall keep a 3698 record of the temporary and permanent surrenders of children. 3699 This record shall be available for separate statistics, which 3700 shall include a copy of an official birth record and all 3701 information concerning the social, mental, and medical history 3702

of the children that will aid in an intelligent disposition of
the children in case that becomes necessary because the parents
or guardians fail or are unable to reassume custody.

(2) No child placed on a temperary surrender with an

- (2) No child placed on a temporary surrender with an 3706 association or institution shall be placed permanently in a 3707 foster home or for legal adoption. All surrendered children who 3708 are placed permanently in foster homes or for adoption shall 3709 have been permanently surrendered, and a copy of the permanent 3710 surrender shall be a part of the separate record kept by the 3711 association or institution.
- (C) Any agreement or understanding to transfer or 3713 surrender the legal rights, powers, or duties of the legal 3714 parent or parents and place a child with a person seeking to 3715 adopt the child under this section shall be construed to contain 3716 a promise by the person seeking to adopt the child to pay the 3717 expenses listed in divisions (C)(1), (2), and (4) of section 3718 3107.055 of the Revised Code and, if the person seeking to adopt 3719 the child refuses to accept placement of the child, to pay the 3720 temporary costs of routine maintenance and medical care for the 3721 child in a hospital, foster home, or other appropriate place for 3722 up to thirty days or until other custody is established for the 3723 3724 child, as provided by law, whichever is less.
- (D) No child shall be placed or received for adoption or 3725 with intent to adopt unless placement is made by a public 3726 children services agency, an institution or association that is 3727 certified by the department of job and family services under 3728 section 5103.03 of the Revised Code to place children for 3729 adoption, or custodians in another state or foreign country, or 3730 unless all of the following criteria are met: 3731
  - (1) Prior to the placement and receiving of the child, the 3732

parent or parents of the child personally have applied to, and	3733
appeared before, the probate court of the county in which the	3734
parent or parents reside, or in which the person seeking to	3735
adopt the child resides, for approval of the proposed placement	3736
specified in the application and have signed and filed with the	3737
court a written statement showing that the parent or parents are	3738
aware of their right to contest the decree of adoption subject	3739
to the limitations of section 3107.16 of the Revised Code;	3740

- (2) The court ordered an independent home study of the 3741 proposed placement to be conducted as provided in section 3742 3107.031 of the Revised Code, and after completion of the home 3743 study, the court determined that the proposed placement is in 3744 the best interest of the child; 3745
- (3) The court has approved of record the proposed 3746 placement.

In determining whether a custodian has authority to place 3748 children for adoption under the laws of a foreign country, the 3749 probate court shall determine whether the child has been 3750 released for adoption pursuant to the laws of the country in 3751 which the child resides, and if the release is in a form that 3752 satisfies the requirements of the immigration and naturalization 3753 service of the United States department of justice for purposes 3754 of immigration to this country pursuant to section 101(b)(1)(F) 3755 of the "Immigration and Nationality Act," 75 Stat. 650 (1961), 8 3756 U.S.C. 1101 (b) (1) (F), as amended or reenacted. 3757

If the parent or parents of the child are deceased or have 3758 abandoned the child, as determined under division (A) of section 3759 3107.07 of the Revised Code, the application for approval of the proposed adoptive placement may be brought by the relative 3761 seeking to adopt the child, or by the department, board, or 3762

organization not otherwise having legal authority to place the	3763
orphaned or abandoned child for adoption, but having legal	3764
custody of the orphaned or abandoned child, in the probate court	3765
of the county in which the child is a resident, or in which the	3766
department, board, or organization is located, or where the	3767
person or persons with whom the child is to be placed reside.	3768
Unless the parent, parents, or guardian of the person of the	3769
child personally have appeared before the court and applied for	3770
approval of the placement, notice of the hearing on the	3771
application shall be served on the parent, parents, or guardian.	3772

The consent to placement, surrender, or adoption executed by a minor parent before a judge of the probate court or an authorized deputy or referee of the court, whether executed within or outside the confines of the court, is as valid as though executed by an adult. A consent given as above before an employee of a children services agency that is licensed as provided by law, is equally effective, if the consent also is accompanied by an affidavit executed by the witnessing employee or employees to the effect that the legal rights of the parents have been fully explained to the parents, prior to the execution of any consent, and that the action was done after the birth of the child.

If the court approves a placement, the prospective adoptive parent with whom the child is placed has care, custody, and control of the child pending further order of the court.

- (E) (1) This section does not apply to an adoption by a 3788 stepparent, a grandparent's husband or wife 3789 spouse, a legal custodian, or a guardian. 3790
  - (2) As used in division (E)(1) of this section:

(a) "Legal custodian" means a person who has been granted	3792
the legal custody of a child by a court of competent	3793
jurisdiction.	3794
(b) "Legal custody" has the same meaning as in section	3795
2151.011 of the Revised Code or in any other substantially	3796
equivalent statute.	3797
equivatene beacace.	3737
Sec. 5123.01. As used in this chapter:	3798
(A) "Chief medical officer" means the licensed physician	3799
appointed by the managing officer of an institution for persons	3800
with intellectual disabilities with the approval of the director	3801
of developmental disabilities to provide medical treatment for	3802
residents of the institution.	3803
(B) "Chief program director" means a person with special	3804
training and experience in the diagnosis and management of	3805
persons with developmental disabilities, certified according to	3806
division (C) of this section in at least one of the designated	3807
fields, and appointed by the managing officer of an institution	3808
for persons with intellectual disabilities with the approval of	3809
the director to provide habilitation and care for residents of	3810
the institution.	3811
(C) "Comprehensive evaluation" means a study, including a	3812
sequence of observations and examinations, of a person leading	3813
to conclusions and recommendations formulated jointly, with	3814
dissenting opinions if any, by a group of persons with special	3815
training and experience in the diagnosis and management of	3816
persons with developmental disabilities, which group shall	3817
include individuals who are professionally qualified in the	3818
fields of medicine, psychology, and social work, together with	3819
such other specialists as the individual case may require.	3820

(D) "Education" means the process of formal training and	3821
instruction to facilitate the intellectual and emotional	3822
development of residents.	3823
(E) "Habilitation" means the process by which the staff of	3824
the institution assists the resident in acquiring and	3825
maintaining those life skills that enable the resident to cope	3826
more effectively with the demands of the resident's own person	3827
and of the resident's environment and in raising the level of	3828
the resident's physical, mental, social, and vocational	3829
efficiency. Habilitation includes but is not limited to programs	3830
of formal, structured education and training.	3831
(F) "Health officer" means any public health physician,	3832
public health nurse, or other person authorized or designated by	3833
a city or general health district.	3834
(G) "Home and community-based services" means medicaid-	3835
funded home and community-based services specified in division	3836
(A) (1) of section 5166.20 of the Revised Code provided under the	3837
medicaid waiver components the department of developmental	3838
disabilities administers pursuant to section 5166.21 of the	3839
Revised Code. Except as provided in section 5123.0412 of the	3840
Revised Code, home and community-based services provided under	3841
the medicaid waiver component known as the transitions	3842
developmental disabilities waiver are to be considered to be	3843
home and community-based services for the purposes of this	3844
chapter, and Chapters 5124. and 5126. of the Revised Code, only	
	3845
to the extent, if any, provided by the contract required by	3845 3846
to the extent, if any, provided by the contract required by section 5166.21 of the Revised Code regarding the waiver.	

of the Revised Code.

(I) "Indigent person" means a person who is unable,	3850
without substantial financial hardship, to provide for the	3851
payment of an attorney and for other necessary expenses of legal	3852
representation, including expert testimony.	3853
(J) "Institution" means a public or private facility, or a	3854
part of a public or private facility, that is licensed by the	3855
appropriate state department and is equipped to provide	3856
residential habilitation, care, and treatment for persons with	3857
intellectual disabilities.	3858
(K) "Licensed physician" means a person who holds a valid	3859
certificate issued under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code	3860
authorizing the person to practice medicine and surgery or	3861
osteopathic medicine and surgery, or a medical officer of the	3862
government of the United States while in the performance of the	3863
officer's official duties.	3864
(L) "Managing officer" means a person who is appointed by	3865
the director of developmental disabilities to be in executive	3866
control of an institution under the jurisdiction of the	3867
department of developmental disabilities.	3868
(M) "Medicaid case management services" means case	3869
management services provided to an individual with a	3870
developmental disability that the state medicaid plan requires.	3871
(N) "Intellectual disability" means a disability	3872
characterized by having significantly subaverage general	3873
intellectual functioning existing concurrently with deficiencies	3874
in adaptive behavior, manifested during the developmental	3875
period.	3876
(O) "Person with an intellectual disability subject to	3877
institutionalization by court order" means a person eighteen	3878

years of age or older with at least a moderate level of	3879
intellectual disability and in relation to whom, because of the	3880
person's disability, either of the following conditions exists:	3881
(1) The person represents a very substantial risk of	3882
physical impairment or injury to self as manifested by evidence	3883
that the person is unable to provide for and is not providing	3884
for the person's most basic physical needs and that provision	3885
for those needs is not available in the community;	3886
(2) The person needs and is susceptible to significant	3887
habilitation in an institution.	3888
(P) "Moderate level of intellectual disability" means the	3889
condition in which a person, following a comprehensive	3890
evaluation, is found to have at least moderate deficits in	3891
overall intellectual functioning, as indicated by a full-scale	3892
intelligence quotient test score of fifty-five or below, and at	3893
least moderate deficits in adaptive behavior, as determined in	3894
accordance with the criteria established in the fifth edition of	3895
the diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders	3896
published by the American psychiatric association.	3897
(Q) "Developmental disability" means a severe, chronic	3898
disability that is characterized by all of the following:	3899
(1) It is attributable to a mental or physical impairment	3900
or a combination of mental and physical impairments, other than	3901
a mental or physical impairment solely caused by mental illness,	3902
as defined in division (A) of section 5122.01 of the Revised	3903
Code.	3904
(2) It is manifested before age twenty-two.	3905

(3) It is likely to continue indefinitely.

(4) It results in one of the following:	3907
(a) In the case of a person under three years of age, at	3908
least one developmental delay, as defined in rules adopted under	3909
section 5123.011 of the Revised Code, or a diagnosed physical or	3910
mental condition that has a high probability of resulting in a	3911
developmental delay, as defined in those rules;	3912
(b) In the case of a person at least three years of age	3913
but under six years of age, at least two developmental delays,	3914
as defined in rules adopted under section 5123.011 of the	3915
Revised Code;	3916
(c) In the case of a person six years of age or older, a	3917
substantial functional limitation in at least three of the	3918
following areas of major life activity, as appropriate for the	3919
person's age: self-care, receptive and expressive language,	3920
learning, mobility, self-direction, capacity for independent	3921
living, and, if the person is at least sixteen years of age,	3922
capacity for economic self-sufficiency.	3923
(5) It causes the person to need a combination and	3924
sequence of special, interdisciplinary, or other type of care,	3925
treatment, or provision of services for an extended period of	3926
time that is individually planned and coordinated for the	3927
person.	3928
"Developmental disability" includes intellectual	3929
disability.	3930
(R) "State institution" means an institution that is tax-	3931
supported and under the jurisdiction of the department of	3932
developmental disabilities.	3933
(S) "Residence" and "legal residence" have the same	3934
meaning as "legal settlement," which is acquired by residing in	3935

Ohio for a period of one year without receiving general	3936
assistance prior to July 17, 1995, under former Chapter 5113. of	3937
the Revised Code, without receiving financial assistance prior	3938
to December 31, 2017, under former Chapter 5115. of the Revised	3939
Code, or assistance from a private agency that maintains records	3940
of assistance given. A person having a legal settlement in the	3941
state shall be considered as having legal settlement in the	3942
assistance area in which the person resides. No adult person	3943
coming into this state and having a spouse or minor children	3944
residing in another state shall obtain a legal settlement in	3945
this state as long as the spouse or minor children are receiving	3946
public assistance, care, or support at the expense of the other	3947
state or its subdivisions. For the purpose of determining the	3948
legal settlement of a person who is living in a public or	3949
private institution or in a home subject to licensing by the	3950
department of job and family services, the department of mental	3951
health and addiction services, or the department of	3952
developmental disabilities, the residence of the person shall be	3953
considered as though the person were residing in the county in	3954
which the person was living prior to the person's entrance into	3955
the institution or home. Settlement once acquired shall continue	3956
until a person has been continuously absent from Ohio for a	3957
period of one year or has acquired a legal residence in another	3958
state. A woman person who marries a man another person with a	3959
legal settlement in any county immediately acquires the	3960
settlement of her husband the spouse. The legal settlement of a	3961
minor is that of the parents, surviving parent, sole parent,	3962
parent who is designated the residential parent and legal	3963
custodian by a court, other adult having permanent custody	3964
awarded by a court, or guardian of the person of the minor,	3965
provided that:	3966

(1) A minor female who marries shall be considered to have	3967
the legal settlement of her husband the minor's spouse and, in	3968
the case of death of her husband the minor's spouse or divorce,	3969
she the minor shall not thereby lose her the minor's legal	3970
settlement obtained by the marriage.	3971
(2) A minor male who marries, establishes a home, and who	3972
has resided in this state for one year without receiving general	3973
assistance prior to July 17, 1995, under former Chapter 5113. of	3974
the Revised Code or assistance from a private agency that	3975
maintains records of assistance given shall be considered to	3976
have obtained a legal settlement in this state.	3977
(3) The legal settlement of a child under eighteen years	3978
of age who is in the care or custody of a public or private	3979
child caring agency shall not change if the legal settlement of	3980
the parent changes until after the child has been in the home of	3981
the parent for a period of one year.	3982
No person, adult or minor, may establish a legal	3983
settlement in this state for the purpose of gaining admission to	3984
any state institution.	3985
(T)(1) "Resident" means, subject to division (T)(2) of	3986
this section, a person who is admitted either voluntarily or	3987
involuntarily to an institution or other facility pursuant to	3988
section 2945.39, 2945.40, 2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised	3989
Code subsequent to a finding of not guilty by reason of insanity	3990
or incompetence to stand trial or under this chapter who is	3991
under observation or receiving habilitation and care in an	3992
institution.	3993
(2) "Resident" does not include a person admitted to an	3994

institution or other facility under section 2945.39, 2945.40,

2945.401, or 2945.402 of the Revised Code to the extent that the	3996
reference in this chapter to resident, or the context in which	3997
the reference occurs, is in conflict with any provision of	3998
sections 2945.37 to 2945.402 of the Revised Code.	3999
(U) "Respondent" means the person whose detention,	4000
commitment, or continued commitment is being sought in any	4001
proceeding under this chapter.	4002
(V) "Working day" and "court day" mean Monday, Tuesday,	4003
Wednesday, Thursday, and Friday, except when such day is a legal	4004
holiday.	4005
(W) "Prosecutor" means the prosecuting attorney, village	4006
solicitor, city director of law, or similar chief legal officer	4007
who prosecuted a criminal case in which a person was found not	4008
guilty by reason of insanity, who would have had the authority	4009
to prosecute a criminal case against a person if the person had	4010
not been found incompetent to stand trial, or who prosecuted a	4011
case in which a person was found guilty.	4012
(X) "Court" means the probate division of the court of	4013
common pleas.	4014
(Y) "Supported living" and "residential services" have the	4015
same meanings as in section 5126.01 of the Revised Code.	4016
Sec. 5302.05. A deed in substance following the form set	4017
forth in this section, when duly executed in accordance with	4018
Chapter 5301. of the Revised Code, has the force and effect of a	4019
deed in fee simple to the grantee, the grantee's heirs, assigns,	4020
and successors, to the grantee's and the grantee's heirs',	4021
assigns', and successors' own use, with covenants on the part of	4022

the grantor with the grantee, the grantee's heirs, assigns, and

successors, that, at the time of the delivery of that deed the

4023

grantor was lawfully seized in fee simple of the granted	4025
premises, that the granted premises were free from all	4026
encumbrances, that the grantor had good right to sell and convey	4027
the same to the grantee and the grantee's heirs, assigns, and	4028
successors, and that the grantor does warrant and will defend	4029
the same to the grantee and the grantee's heirs, assigns, and	4030
successors, forever, against the lawful claims and demands of	4031
all persons.	4032
"GENERAL WARRANTY DEED	4033
(marital status), of	4034
County, for valuable consideration paid,	4035
grant(s), with general warranty covenants, to,	4036
whose tax-mailing address is, the following	4037
real property:	4038
(description of land or interest therein and encumbrances,	4039
reservations, and exceptions, if any)	4040
Prior Instrument Reference: Volume, Page	4041
wife (husband) spouse of the grantor, releases	4042
all rights of dower therein.	4043
Executed this day of	4044
	4045
(Signature of Grantor)	4046
(Execution in accordance with Chapter 5301. of the Revised	4047
Code) "	4048
Sec. 5302.07. A deed in substance following the form set	4049
forth in this section, when duly executed in accordance with	4050
Chapter 5301. of the Revised Code, has the force and effect of a	4051
deed in fee simple to the grantee, the grantee's heirs, assigns,	4052

and successors, to the grantee's and the grantee's heirs',	4053
assigns', and successors' own use, with covenants on the part of	4054
the grantor with the grantee, the grantee's heirs, assigns, and	4055
successors, that, at the time of the delivery of that deed the	4056
premises were free from all encumbrances made by the grantor,	4057
and that the grantor does warrant and will defend the same to	4058
the grantee and the grantee's heirs, assigns, and successors,	4059
forever, against the lawful claims and demands of all persons	4060
claiming by, through, or under the grantor, but against none	4061
other.	4062
"LIMITED WARRANTY DEED	4063
(marital status), of	4064
County, for valuable consideration paid, grant(s),	4065
with limited warranty covenants, to, whose tax-	4066
mailing address is, the following real property:	4067
(description of land or interest therein and encumbrances,	4068
reservations, and exceptions, if any)	4069
Prior Instrument Reference: Volume, Page	4070
, wife (husband) spouse of said grantor, releases to	4071
said grantee all rights of dower therein.	4072
Executed this day of	4073
	4074
(Signature of Grantor)	4075
(Execution in accordance with Chapter 5301. of the Revised	4076
Code) "	4077
Sec. 5302.11. A deed in substance following the form set	4078
forth in this section, when duly executed in accordance with	4079
Chapter 5301. of the Revised Code, has the force and effect of a	4080

	4001
deed in fee simple to the grantee, the grantee's heirs, assigns,	4081
and successors, and to the grantee's and the grantee's heirs',	4082
assigns', and successors' own use, but without covenants of any	4083
kind on the part of the grantor.	4084
"QUIT-CLAIM DEED	4085
(marital status), of	4086
County, for valuable consideration paid,	4087
grant(s) to, whose tax-mailing address	4088
is, the following real property:	4089
(description of land or interest therein and encumbrances,	4090
reservations, and exceptions, if any)	4091
Prior Instrument Reference: Volume, Page	4092
, wife (husband) spouse of the grantor,	4093
releases all rights of dower therein.	4094
Executed this day of	4095
	4096
(Signature of Grantor)	4097
(Execution in accordance with Chapter 5301. of the Revised	4098
Code) "	4099
Sec. 5302.12. A mortgage in substance following the form	4100
set forth in this section, when duly executed in accordance with	4101
Chapter 5301. of the Revised Code, has the force and effect of a	4102
mortgage to the use of the mortgagee and the mortgagee's heirs,	4103
assigns, and successors, with mortgage covenants and upon the	4104
statutory condition, as defined in sections 5302.13 and 5302.14	4105
of the Revised Code, to secure the payment of the money or the	4106
performance of any obligation specified in the mortgage. The	4107
parties may insert in the mortgage any other lawful agreement or	4108
condition.	4109

"MORTGAGE	4110
(marital status),	4111
of (current mailing address), for	4112
Dollars paid, grant(s), with mortgage covenants,	4113
to, of (current mailing	4114
address), the following real property:	4115
(Description of land or interest in land and encumbrances,	4116
reservations, and exceptions, if any.)	4117
(A reference to the last recorded instrument through which	4118
the mortgagor claims title. The omission of the reference shall	4119
not affect the validity of the mortgage.)	4120
This mortgage is given, upon the statutory condition, to	4121
secure the payment of dollars with interest as	4122
provided in a note of the same date.	4123
"Statutory condition" is defined in section 5302.14 of the	4124
Revised Code and provides generally that, if the mortgagor pays	4125
the principal and interest secured by this mortgage, performs	4126
the other obligations secured by this mortgage and the	4127
conditions of any prior mortgage, pays all the taxes and	4128
assessments, maintains insurance against fire and other hazards,	4129
and does not commit or suffer waste, then this mortgage shall be	4130
void.	4131
wife (husband) spouse of the	4132
mortgagor, releases to the mortgagee all rights of dower in the	4133
described real property.	4134
Executed this day of	4135
	4136
(Signature of Mortgagor)	4137

(Execution in accordance with Chapter 5301. of the Revised	4138
Code) "	4139
Sec. 5302.17. A deed conveying any interest in real	4140
property to two or more persons, and in substance following the	4141
form set forth in this section, when duly executed in accordance	4142
with Chapter 5301. of the Revised Code, creates a survivorship	4143
tenancy in the grantees, and upon the death of any of the	4144
grantees, vests the interest of the decedent in the survivor,	4145
survivors, or the survivor's or survivors' separate heirs and	4146
assigns.	4147
"SURVIVORSHIP DEED	4148
(marital status), of	4149
County, for valuable consideration	4150
<pre>paid, grant(s), (covenants, if any),</pre>	4151
to (marital status)	4152
and (marital status), for their joint lives,	4153
remainder to the survivor of them, whose tax-mailing addresses	4154
are, the following real property:	4155
(description of land or interest therein and encumbrances,	4156
reservations, and exceptions, if any)	4157
Prior Instrument Reference:	4158
wife (husband) spouse of the grantor,	4159
releases all rights of dower therein.	4160
Executed this day of	4161
	4162
(Signature of Grantor)	4163
(Execution in accordance with Chapter 5301. of the Revised	4164
Code) "	4165

Any persons who are the sole owners of real property,	4166
prior to April 4, 1985, as tenants with a right of survivorship	4167
under the common or statutory law of this state or as tenants in	4168
common may create in themselves and in any other person or	4169
persons a survivorship tenancy in the real property by executing	4170
a deed as provided in this section conveying their entire,	4171
separate interests in the real property to themselves and to the	4172
other person or persons.	4173

Except as otherwise provided in this section, when a 4174 person holding real property as a survivorship tenant dies, the 4175 transfer of the interest of the decedent may be recorded by 4176 presenting to the county auditor and filing with the county 4177 recorder either a certificate of transfer as provided in section 4178 2113.61 of the Revised Code, or an affidavit accompanied by a 4179 certified copy of a death certificate. The affidavit shall 4180 recite the names of the other survivorship tenant or tenants, 4181 the address of the other survivorship tenant or tenants, the 4182 date of death of the decedent, and a description of the real 4183 property. The county recorder shall record any certificate or 4184 affidavit so filed in the official records. When a person 4185 holding real property as a survivorship tenant dies and the 4186 title to the property is registered pursuant to Chapter 5309. of 4187 the Revised Code, the procedure for the transfer of the interest 4188 of the decedent shall be pursuant to section 5309.081 of the 4189 Revised Code. 4190

Sec. 5302.20. (A) Except as provided in section 5302.21 of 4191 the Revised Code, if any interest in real property is conveyed 4192 or devised to two or more persons for their joint lives and then 4193 to the survivor or survivors of them, those persons hold title 4194 as survivorship tenants, and the joint interest created is a 4195 survivorship tenancy. Any deed or will containing language that 4196

shows a clear intent to create a survivorship tenancy shall be	4197
liberally construed to do so. The use of the word "or" between	4198
the names of two or more grantees or devisees does not by itself	4199
create a survivorship tenancy but shall be construed and	4200
interpreted as if the word "and" had been used between the	4201
names.	4202
(B) If two or more persons hold an interest in the title	4203
to real property as survivorship tenants, each survivorship	4204
tenant holds an equal share of the title during their joint	4205
lives unless otherwise provided in the instrument creating the	4206
survivorship tenancy. Upon the death of any of them, the title	4207
of the decedent vests proportionately in the surviving tenants	4208
as survivorship tenants. This is the case until only one	4209
survivorship tenant remains alive, at which time the survivor is	4210
fully vested with title to the real property as the sole title	4211
holder. If the last two or more survivorship tenants die under	4212
such circumstances that the survivor cannot be determined, title	4213
passes as if those last survivors had been tenants in common.	4214
(C) A survivorship tenancy has the following	4215
characteristics or ramifications:	4216
(1) Unless otherwise provided in the instrument creating	4217
the survivorship tenancy, each of the survivorship tenants has	4218
an equal right to share in the use, occupancy, and profits, and	4219
each of the survivorship tenants is subject to a proportionate	4220
share of the costs related to the ownership and use of the real	4221
property subject to the survivorship tenancy.	4222
(2) A conveyance from all of the survivorship tenants to	4223

any other person or from all but one of the survivorship tenants

to the remaining survivorship tenant terminates the survivorship

tenancy and vests title in the grantee. A conveyance from any

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survivorship tenant, or from any number of survivorship tenants	4227
that is from less than all of them, to a person who is not a	4228
survivorship tenant vests the title of the grantor or grantors	4229
in the grantee, conditioned on the survivorship of the grantor	4230
or grantors of the conveyance, and does not alter the interest	4231
in the title of any of the other survivorship tenants who do not	4232
join in the conveyance.	4233

- (3) A fee simple title, leasehold interest, or land 4234 contract vendee's interest in real property or any fractional 4235 interest in any of these interests may be subjected to a 4236 survivorship tenancy. 4237
- (4) A creditor of a survivorship tenant may enforce a lien 4238 against the interest of one or more survivorship tenants by an 4239 action to marshall liens against the interest of the debtor or 4240 debtors. Every person with an interest in or lien against the 4241 interest of the debtor or debtors shall be made a party to the 4242 action. Upon a determination by the court that a party or cross-4243 claimant has a valid lien against the interest of a survivorship 4244 tenant, the title to the real property ceases to be a 4245 survivorship tenancy and becomes a tenancy in common. Each 4246 tenant in common of that nature then holds an undivided share in 4247 the title. The interest of each tenant in common of that nature 4248 shall be equal unless otherwise provided in the instrument 4249 creating the survivorship tenancy. The court then may order the 4250 sale of the fractional interest of the lien debtor or debtors as 4251 on execution, and the proceeds of the sale shall be applied to 4252 pay the lien creditors in the order of their priority. 4253
- (5) If the entire title to a parcel of real property is 4254 held by two survivorship tenants who are married to each other 4255 and the marriage is terminated by divorce, annulment, or 4256

dissolution of marriage, the title, except as provided in this	4257
division, immediately ceases to be a survivorship tenancy and	4258
becomes a tenancy in common. Each tenant in common of that	4259
nature holds an undivided interest in common in the title to the	4260
real property, unless the judgment of divorce, annulment, or	4261
dissolution of marriage expressly states that the survivorship	4262
tenancy shall continue after termination of the marriage. The	4263
interest of each tenant in common of that nature shall be equal	4264
unless otherwise provided in the instrument creating the	4265
survivorship tenancy or in the judgment of divorce, annulment,	4266
or dissolution of marriage.	4267

If a survivorship tenancy includes one or more

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survivorship tenants in addition to a husband and wife spouses

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whose marriage is terminated by divorce, annulment, or

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dissolution of marriage, the survivorship tenancy is not

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affected by the divorce, annulment, or dissolution of marriage

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marriage unless the court alters the interest of the

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survivorship tenants whose marriage has been terminated.

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Sec. 5302.21. (A) Sections 5302.17 to 5302.20 of the 4275 Revised Code do not affect deeds that were executed and recorded 4276 prior to the effective date of this section and that created a 4277 4278 tenancy by the entireties in a husband and wife both spouses pursuant to section 5302.17 of the Revised Code as it existed 4279 prior to the effective date of this section. If spouses covered 4280 by such deeds are tenants by the entireties on the day prior to 4281 the effective date of this section, such deeds continue to be 4282 valid on and after such effective date, and, unless they choose 4283 to do so, the spouses do not have to prepare a deed, as 4284 described in section 5302.17 of the Revised Code as effective on 4285 the effective date of this section, creating in themselves a 4286 survivorship tenancy. 4287

(B) Sections 5302.17 to 5302.20 of the Revised Code do not	4288
affect conveyances or devises of real property to two or more	4289
persons for their joint lives and then to the survivor or	4290
survivors of them, that occurred prior to the effective date of	4291
this section and that did not involve tenancies by the	4292
entireties. These conveyances and devises, if they are valid on	4293
the effective date of this section, continue to be valid on and	4294
after that date. Unless persons so holding property choose to do	4295
so, they do not have to prepare a deed, as described in section	4296
5302.17 of the Revised Code as effective on the effective date	4297
of this section, creating in themselves a survivorship tenancy.	4298

Sec. 5309.80. Every deed or other voluntary instrument 4299 which is presented for registration, and every instrument or 4300 paper filed with the county recorder by any person or officer 4301 under sections 5309.02 to 5310.21, inclusive, of the Revised 4302 Code, or any amendment thereof, for the purpose of acquiring or 4303 affecting in any way an involuntary interest in, or lien or 4304 charge upon registered land, shall contain or have indorsed upon 4305 it the full name, county of residence, and post-office address 4306 of the grantee or other person who acquires, or claims, or is 4307 seeking to acquire or claim, an interest under such instrument, 4308 or to affect thereby some estate or interest in, or lien or 4309 charge upon said registered land. Every deed shall state whether 4310 the grantor and also the grantee are married or unmarried, and 4311 if married, the name in full of the husband or wife spouse. 4312

Any change in the residence or post-office address of any

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such person shall, by sworn statement of the party or—his\_the

party's authorized agent or attorney, immediately be filed with

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the recorder, who shall indorse such sworn change on the

original instrument and on the record thereof if recorded. The

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names, residences, and addresses of all such persons, and all

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sworn changes thereof, shall also be entered on all certificates 4319 of title in the register. 4320

Sec. 5309.85. Registered land, and ownership therein, 4321 except as otherwise provided in sections 5309.02 to 5310.21, 4322 inclusive, of the Revised Code, shall in all respects be subject 4323 to the same burdens and incidents which attach by law to 4324 unregistered land. Such sections shall not relieve registered 4325 land or the owners thereof from any rights incident to the 4326 relation of husband or wife spouses, or from liability to 4327 4328 attachment or mesne process or levy, on execution, or from liability to any lien of any description established by law on 4329 land and the buildings thereon, or the interest of the owner in 4330 such land or buildings, or change the laws of descent, or the 4331 rights of partition between co-tenants, or the rights to take 4332 such land or buildings by eminent domain, or relieve such land 4333 from liability to be recovered by an assignee in insolvency 4334 under the laws relative to preferences, or change or affect in 4335 any way any other rights or liabilities created by law and 4336 applicable to unregistered land, except as otherwise expressly 4337 provided in sections 5309.02 to 5310.21, inclusive, of the 4338 Revised Code. 4339

4340 Sec. 5711.14. A corporation which owns or controls at least fifty-one-percent per cent of the common stock of another 4341 corporation may, under uniform regulations prescribed by the tax 4342 commissioner, make a consolidated return for the purpose of 4343 sections 5711.01 to 5711.36, inclusive, of the Revised Code. In 4344 such case all the taxable property mentioned in section 5709.01 4345 of the Revised Code, belonging to the corporation making the 4346 return and to each of its subsidiaries shall be listed and 4347 assessed in the name of the separate owners thereof; but the 4348 parent corporation making such return shall not be required to 4349

list any of its investments in the stocks, securities, and other	4350
obligations of its subsidiaries, and in computing the amount of	4351
taxable credits inter-company accounts shall be eliminated. The	4352
commissioner may adopt regulations to govern the use of	4353
consolidated returns authorized by this section, but a	4354
corporation which avails itself of the option permitted or	4355
authorized by this section shall thereafter continue to file	4356
consolidated returns until the parent corporation notifies the	4357
commissioner in writing, on or before the twentieth day of April	4358
of the year in which the return is due, that it does not intend	4359
to file a consolidated return for such year.	4360

A husband and wife—Spouses living together may, under

uniform regulations prescribed by the commissioner, make a joint

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return for the purpose of sections 5711.01 to 5711.36—

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inclusive, of the Revised Code. In such case investments of

either spouse in the obligations of the other shall not be

required to be listed therein, and in computing the amount of

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taxable credits such obligations shall be eliminated.

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Sec. 5731.10. (A) The value of the gross estate shall 4368 include the value of all property, to the extent of the interest 4369 therein held by the decedent and any person jointly, so that 4370 upon the death of one of them, the survivor has or the survivors 4371 have a right to the immediate ownership or possession or 4372 enjoyment of the whole property, except such part thereof as may 4373 be shown to have originally belonged to such other person or 4374 persons and never to have been received or acquired by the 4375 latter from the decedent for less than an adequate and full 4376 consideration in money or money's worth. 4377

(B) When the <u>person persons</u> holding property jointly are 4378 husband and wife spouses, the amount includible in the gross 4379

estate shall be one-half the value of said property. When the	4380
property has been acquired by gift, bequest, devise, or	4381
inheritance by the decedent and any other person or persons as	4382
joint owners and their interests are not otherwise specified or	4383
fixed by law, the amount includible in the gross estate shall be	4384
the value of a fractional part of said property determined by	4385
dividing the value of the property by the number of joint	4386
owners.	4387
Sec. 5747.05. As used in this section, "income tax"	4388
Sec. 5747.05. As used in this section, "income tax" includes both a tax on net income and a tax measured by net	4388 4389
includes both a tax on net income and a tax measured by net	4389
includes both a tax on net income and a tax measured by net income.	4389
<pre>includes both a tax on net income and a tax measured by net income.  The following credits shall be allowed against the</pre>	4389 4390 4391
includes both a tax on net income and a tax measured by net income.  The following credits shall be allowed against the aggregate income tax liability imposed by section 5747.02 of the	4389 4390 4391 4392

- (A) (1) The amount of tax otherwise due under section 4394 5747.02 of the Revised Code on such portion of the combined 4395 adjusted gross income and business income of any nonresident 4396 taxpayer that is not allocable or apportionable to this state 4397 pursuant to sections 5747.20 to 5747.23 of the Revised Code. The 4398 credit provided under this division shall not exceed the total 4399 tax due under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code. 4400
- (2) The tax commissioner may enter into an agreement with 4401 the taxing authorities of any state or of the District of 4402 Columbia that imposes an income tax to provide that compensation 4403 paid in this state to a nonresident taxpayer shall not be 4404 subject to the tax levied in section 5747.02 of the Revised Code 4405 so long as compensation paid in such other state or in the 4406 District of Columbia to a resident taxpayer shall likewise not 4407 be subject to the income tax of such other state or of the 4408 District of Columbia. 4409

(B) The lesser of division (B) (1) or (2) of this section:

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(1) The aggregate amount of tax otherwise due under	4411
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code on such portion of the	4412
combined adjusted gross income and business income of a resident	4413
taxpayer that in another state or in the District of Columbia is	4414
subjected to an income tax. The credit provided under division	4415
(B) (1) of this section shall not exceed the total tax due under	4416
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code.	4417
(2) The amount of income tax liability to another state or	4418
the District of Columbia on the portion of the combined adjusted	4419
gross income and business income of a resident taxpayer that in	4420
another state or in the District of Columbia is subjected to an	4421
income tax. The credit provided under division (B)(2) of this	4422
section shall not exceed the total amount of tax otherwise due	4423
under section 5747.02 of the Revised Code.	4424
(3) If the credit provided under division (B) of this	4425
section is affected by a change in either the portion of the	4426
combined adjusted gross income and business income of a resident	4427
taxpayer subjected to an income tax in another state or the	4428
District of Columbia or the amount of income tax liability that	4429
has been paid to another state or the District of Columbia, the	4430
taxpayer shall report the change to the tax commissioner within	4431
sixty days of the change in such form as the commissioner	4432
requires.	4433
(a) In the case of an underpayment, the report shall be	4434

accompanied by payment of any additional tax due as a result of

the reduction in credit together with interest on the additional

tax and is a return subject to assessment under section 5747.13

of the Revised Code solely for the purpose of assessing any

additional tax due under this division, together with any

applicable penalty and interest. It shall not reopen the	4440
computation of the taxpayer's tax liability under this chapter	4441
from a previously filed return no longer subject to assessment	4442
except to the extent that such liability is affected by an	4443
adjustment to the credit allowed by division (B) of this	4444
section.	4445
(b) In the case of an overpayment, an application for	4446
refund may be filed under this division within the sixty-day	4447
period prescribed for filing the report even if it is beyond the	4448
period prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code if it	4449
otherwise conforms to the requirements of such section. An	4450
application filed under this division shall only claim refund of	4451
overpayments resulting from an adjustment to the credit allowed	4452
by division (B) of this section unless it is also filed within	4453
the time prescribed in section 5747.11 of the Revised Code. It	4454
shall not reopen the computation of the taxpayer's tax liability	4455
except to the extent that such liability is affected by an	4456
adjustment to the credit allowed by division (B) of this	4457
section.	4458
(4) No credit shall be allowed under division (B) of this	4459
section:	4460
(a) For income tax paid or accrued to another state or to	4461
the District of Columbia if the taxpayer, when computing federal	4462
adjusted gross income, has directly or indirectly deducted, or	4463
was required to directly or indirectly deduct, the amount of	4464
that income tax;	4465
(b) For compensation that is not subject to the income tax	4466
of another state or the District of Columbia as the result of an	4467
agreement entered into by the tax commissioner under division	4468
(A)(3) of this section; or	4469

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4470

District of Columbia if the taxpayer fails to furnish such proof	4471
as the tax commissioner shall require that such income tax	4472
liability has been paid.	4473
(C) An individual who is a resident for part of a taxable	4474
year and a nonresident for the remainder of the taxable year is	4475
allowed the credits under divisions (A) and (B) of this section	4476
in accordance with rules prescribed by the tax commissioner. In	4477
no event shall the same income be subject to both credits.	4478
(D) The credit allowed under division (A) of this section	4479
shall be calculated based upon the amount of tax due under	4480
section 5747.02 of the Revised Code after subtracting any other	4481
credits that precede the credit under that division in the order	4482
required under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code. The credit	4483
allowed under division (B) of this section shall be calculated	4484
based upon the amount of tax due under section 5747.02 of the	4485
Revised Code after subtracting any other credits that precede	4486
the credit under that division in the order required under	4487
section 5747.98 of the Revised Code.	4488
(E)(1) On a joint return filed by a husband and wife both	4489
spouses, each of whom had adjusted gross income of at least five	4490
hundred dollars, exclusive of interest, dividends and	4491
distributions, royalties, rent, and capital gains, a credit	4492
equal to the lesser of six hundred fifty dollars or the	4493
percentage shown in column B that corresponds with the	4494
taxpayer's adjusted gross income, less exemptions for the	4495
taxable year, of the total amount of tax due after allowing for	4496
any other credit that precedes this credit as required under	4497
section 5747.98 of the Revised Code:	4498
A. B.	4499

(c) For income tax paid or accrued to another state or the

IF THE ADJUSTED GROSS INCOME, THE CREDIT FOR THE TAXABLE	4500
LESS EXEMPTIONS, FOR THE YEAR IS:	4501
TAX YEAR IS:	4502
\$25,000 or less 20%	4503
More than \$25,000 but not more 15%	4504
than \$50,000	4505
More than \$50,000 but not more 10%	4506
than \$75,000	4507
More than \$75,000 5%	4508
(2) The credit shall be claimed in the order required	4509
under section 5747.98 of the Revised Code.	4510
(F) No claim for credit under this section shall be	4511
allowed unless the claimant furnishes such supporting	4512
information as the tax commissioner prescribes by rules.	4513
Sec. 5747.08. An annual return with respect to the tax	4514
Sec. 5747.08. An annual return with respect to the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax	4514 4515
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax	4515
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by	4515 4516
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is	4515 4516 4517
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that	4515 4516 4517 4518
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code for the year are equal to or exceed the tax	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520 4521
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code for the year are equal to or exceed the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code, in which case no	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520 4521 4522
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code for the year are equal to or exceed the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code, in which case no return shall be required unless the taxpayer is liable for a tax	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520 4521 4522 4523
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code for the year are equal to or exceed the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code, in which case no return shall be required unless the taxpayer is liable for a tax imposed pursuant to Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code.	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520 4521 4522 4523 4524
imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code and each tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code shall be made by every taxpayer for any taxable year for which the taxpayer is liable for the tax imposed by that section or under that chapter, unless the total credits allowed under division (E) of section 5747.05 and divisions (F) and (G) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code for the year are equal to or exceed the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code, in which case no return shall be required unless the taxpayer is liable for a tax imposed pursuant to Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code.  (A) If an individual is deceased, any return or notice	4515 4516 4517 4518 4519 4520 4521 4522 4523 4524

(B) If an individual is unable to make a return or notice	4529
required by this chapter, the return or notice required of that	4530
individual shall be made and filed by the individual's duly	4531
authorized agent, guardian, conservator, fiduciary, or other	4532
person charged with the care of the person or property of that	4533
individual.	4534
(C) Returns or notices required of an estate or a trust	4535
shall be made and filed by the fiduciary of the estate or trust.	4536
(D)(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(1)	4537
(b) of this section, any pass-through entity may file a single	4538
return on behalf of one or more of the entity's investors other	4539
than an investor that is a person subject to the tax imposed	4540
under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code. The single return	4541
shall set forth the name, address, and social security number or	4542
other identifying number of each of those pass-through entity	4543
investors and shall indicate the distributive share of each of	4544
those pass-through entity investor's income taxable in this	4545
state in accordance with sections 5747.20 to 5747.231 of the	4546
Revised Code. Such pass-through entity investors for whom the	4547
pass-through entity elects to file a single return are not	4548
entitled to the exemption or credit provided for by sections	4549
5747.02 and 5747.022 of the Revised Code; shall calculate the	4550
tax before business credits at the highest rate of tax set forth	4551
in section 5747.02 of the Revised Code for the taxable year for	4552
which the return is filed; and are entitled to only their	4553
distributive share of the business credits as defined in	4554
division (D)(2) of this section. A single check drawn by the	4555
pass-through entity shall accompany the return in full payment	4556
of the tax due, as shown on the single return, for such	4557
investors, other than investors who are persons subject to the	4558
tax imposed under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code.	4559

(b)(i) A pass-through entity shall not include in such a	4560
single return any investor that is a trust to the extent that	4561
any direct or indirect current, future, or contingent	4562
beneficiary of the trust is a person subject to the tax imposed	4563
under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code.	4564

- (ii) A pass-through entity shall not include in such a 4565 single return any investor that is itself a pass-through entity 4566 to the extent that any direct or indirect investor in the second 4567 pass-through entity is a person subject to the tax imposed under 4568 section 5733.06 of the Revised Code. 4569
- (c) Nothing in division (D) of this section precludes the 4570 tax commissioner from requiring such investors to file the 4571 return and make the payment of taxes and related interest, 4572 penalty, and interest penalty required by this section or 4573 section 5747.02, 5747.09, or 5747.15 of the Revised Code. 4574 Nothing in division (D) of this section precludes such an 4575 investor from filing the annual return under this section, 4576 utilizing the refundable credit equal to the investor's 4577 proportionate share of the tax paid by the pass-through entity 4578 on behalf of the investor under division (I) of this section, 4579 and making the payment of taxes imposed under section 5747.02 of 4580 the Revised Code. Nothing in division (D) of this section shall 4581 be construed to provide to such an investor or pass-through 4582 entity any additional deduction or credit, other than the credit 4583 provided by division (I) of this section, solely on account of 4584 the entity's filing a return in accordance with this section. 4585 Such a pass-through entity also shall make the filing and 4586 payment of estimated taxes on behalf of the pass-through entity 4587 investors other than an investor that is a person subject to the 4588 tax imposed under section 5733.06 of the Revised Code. 4589

(2) For the purposes of this section, "business credits"	4590
means the credits listed in section 5747.98 of the Revised Code	4591
excluding the following credits:	4592
(a) The retirement income credit under division (B) of	4593
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	4594
(b) The senior citizen credit under division (F) of	4595
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	4596
(c) The lump sum distribution credit under division (G) of	4597
section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	4598
(d) The dependent care credit under section 5747.054 of	4599
the Revised Code;	4600
(e) The lump sum retirement income credit under division	4601
(C) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	4602
(f) The lump sum retirement income credit under division	4603
(D) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	4604
(g) The lump sum retirement income credit under division	4605
(E) of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code;	4606
(h) The credit for displaced workers who pay for job	4607
training under section 5747.27 of the Revised Code;	4608
(i) The twenty-dollar personal exemption credit under	4609
section 5747.022 of the Revised Code;	4610
(j) The joint filing credit under division (E) of section	4611
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	4612
(k) The nonresident credit under division (A) of section	4613
5747.05 of the Revised Code;	4614
(1) The credit for a resident's out-of-state income under	4615
division (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code;	4616

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	(m)	The	earned	income	tax	credit	under	section	5747.71	of	4617
the	Revis	sed (	Code.								4618

- (3) The election provided for under division (D) of this 4619 section applies only to the taxable year for which the election 4620 is made by the pass-through entity. Unless the tax commissioner 4621 provides otherwise, this election, once made, is binding and 4622 irrevocable for the taxable year for which the election is made. 4623 Nothing in this division shall be construed to provide for any 4624 deduction or credit that would not be allowable if a nonresident 4625 pass-through entity investor were to file an annual return. 4626
- (4) If a pass-through entity makes the election provided 4627 for under division (D) of this section, the pass-through entity 4628 shall be liable for any additional taxes, interest, interest 4629 penalty, or penalties imposed by this chapter if the tax 4630 commissioner finds that the single return does not reflect the 4631 correct tax due by the pass-through entity investors covered by 4632 that return. Nothing in this division shall be construed to 4633 limit or alter the liability, if any, imposed on pass-through 4634 entity investors for unpaid or underpaid taxes, interest, 4635 interest penalty, or penalties as a result of the pass-through 4636 entity's making the election provided for under division (D) of 4637 this section. For the purposes of division (D) of this section, 4638 "correct tax due" means the tax that would have been paid by the 4639 pass-through entity had the single return been filed in a manner 4640 reflecting the commissioner's findings. Nothing in division (D) 4641 of this section shall be construed to make or hold a pass-4642 through entity liable for tax attributable to a pass-through 4643 entity investor's income from a source other than the pass-4644 through entity electing to file the single return. 4645
  - (E) If a husband and wife spouses file a joint federal

income tax return for a taxable year, they shall file a joint	4647
return under this section for that taxable year, and their	4648
liabilities are joint and several, but, if the federal income	4649
tax liability of either spouse is determined on a separate	4650
federal income tax return, they shall file separate returns	4651
under this section.	4652
If either spouse is not required to file a federal income	4653
tax return and either or both are required to file a return	4654

tax return and either or both are required to file a return

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pursuant to this chapter, they may elect to file separate or

joint returns, and, pursuant to that election, their liabilities

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are separate or joint and several. If a husband and wife spouses

file separate returns pursuant to this chapter, each must claim

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the taxpayer's own exemption, but not both, as authorized under

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section 5747.02 of the Revised Code on the taxpayer's own

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return.

- (F) Each return or notice required to be filed under this 4662 section shall contain the signature of the taxpayer or the 4663 taxpayer's duly authorized agent and of the person who prepared 4664 the return for the taxpayer, and shall include the taxpayer's 4665 social security number. Each return shall be verified by a 4666 declaration under the penalties of perjury. The tax commissioner 4667 shall prescribe the form that the signature and declaration 4668 shall take. 4669
- (G) Each return or notice required to be filed under this 4670 section shall be made and filed as required by section 5747.04 4671 of the Revised Code, on or before the fifteenth day of April of 4672 each year, on forms that the tax commissioner shall prescribe, 4673 together with remittance made payable to the treasurer of state 4674 in the combined amount of the state and all school district 4675 income taxes shown to be due on the form.

Upon good cause shown, the commissioner may extend the	4677
period for filing any notice or return required to be filed	4678
under this section and may adopt rules relating to extensions.	4679
If the extension results in an extension of time for the payment	4680
of any state or school district income tax liability with	4681
respect to which the return is filed, the taxpayer shall pay at	4682
the time the tax liability is paid an amount of interest	4683
computed at the rate per annum prescribed by section 5703.47 of	4684
the Revised Code on that liability from the time that payment is	4685
due without extension to the time of actual payment. Except as	4686
provided in section 5747.132 of the Revised Code, in addition to	4687
all other interest charges and penalties, all taxes imposed	4688
under this chapter or Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code and	4689
remaining unpaid after they become due, except combined amounts	4690
due of one dollar or less, bear interest at the rate per annum	4691
prescribed by section 5703.47 of the Revised Code until paid or	4692
until the day an assessment is issued under section 5747.13 of	4693
the Revised Code, whichever occurs first.	4694

If the commissioner considers it necessary in order to
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ensure the payment of the tax imposed by section 5747.02 of the
Revised Code or any tax imposed under Chapter 5748. of the
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Revised Code, the commissioner may require returns and payments
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to be made otherwise than as provided in this section.
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To the extent that any provision in this division 4700 conflicts with any provision in section 5747.026 of the Revised 4701 Code, the provision in that section prevails. 4702

(H) The amounts withheld by an employer pursuant to 4703 section 5747.06 of the Revised Code, a casino operator pursuant 4704 to section 5747.063 of the Revised Code, or a lottery sales 4705 agent pursuant to section 5747.064 of the Revised Code shall be 4706

allowed to the recipient of the compensation casino winnings, or

lottery prize award as credits against payment of the

appropriate taxes imposed on the recipient by section 5747.02

and under Chapter 5748. of the Revised Code.

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- (I) If a pass-through entity elects to file a single 4711 return under division (D) of this section and if any investor is 4712 required to file the annual return and make the payment of taxes 4713 required by this chapter on account of the investor's other 4714 income that is not included in a single return filed by a pass-4715 through entity or any other investor elects to file the annual 4716 return, the investor is entitled to a refundable credit equal to 4717 the investor's proportionate share of the tax paid by the pass-4718 through entity on behalf of the investor. The investor shall 4719 claim the credit for the investor's taxable year in which or 4720 with which ends the taxable year of the pass-through entity. 4721 Nothing in this chapter shall be construed to allow any credit 4722 provided in this chapter to be claimed more than once. For the 4723 purpose of computing any interest, penalty, or interest penalty, 4724 the investor shall be deemed to have paid the refundable credit 4725 provided by this division on the day that the pass-through 4726 entity paid the estimated tax or the tax giving rise to the 4727 credit. 4728
- (J) The tax commissioner shall ensure that each return 4729 required to be filed under this section includes a box that the 4730 taxpayer may check to authorize a paid tax preparer who prepared 4731 the return to communicate with the department of taxation about 4732 matters pertaining to the return. The return or instructions 4733 accompanying the return shall indicate that by checking the box 4734 the taxpayer authorizes the department of taxation to contact 4735 the preparer concerning questions that arise during the 4736 processing of the return and authorizes the preparer only to 4737

provide the department with information that is missing from the	4738
return, to contact the department for information about the	4739
processing of the return or the status of the taxpayer's refund	4740
or payments, and to respond to notices about mathematical	4741
errors, offsets, or return preparation that the taxpayer has	4742
received from the department and has shown to the preparer.	4743
(K) The tax commissioner shall permit individual taxpayers	4744
to instruct the department of taxation to cause any refund of	4745
overpaid taxes to be deposited directly into a checking account,	4746
savings account, or an individual retirement account or	4747
individual retirement annuity, or preexisting college savings	4748
plan or program account offered by the Ohio tuition trust	4749
authority under Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code, as designated	4750
by the taxpayer, when the taxpayer files the annual return	4751
required by this section electronically.	4752
(L) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to administer	4753
this section.	4754
Sec. 5747.081. An individual whose state income tax	4755
liability for a tax year is one dollar or more may designate	4756
that one dollar be paid into the Ohio political party fund to be	4757
divided among qualifying political parties. If a husband and	4758
<pre>wife spouses who file a joint tax return have a tax liability of</pre>	4759
two dollars or more, each spouse may designate that one dollar	4760
be paid into the fund. The tax commissioner shall provide, on	4761
the face of the individual income tax return form, a place where	4762
a taxpayer may make the designation authorized in this section.	4763
The tax commissioner shall include language informing the	4764
taxpayer of the purpose of the designation and indicating that a	4765

designation will not increase or decrease the taxpayer's tax

liability.

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Section 2. That existing sections 307.47, 319.54, 323.04,	4768
323.05, 1313.17, 1313.29, 1313.30, 1313.33, 1313.34, 1313.35,	4769
1319.06, 1321.31, 1707.03, 1707.06, 1707.14, 2103.05, 2103.06,	4770
2103.08, 2105.06, 2111.08, 2121.03, 2307.09, 2307.10, 2317.02,	4771
2719.06, 2907.26, 2921.22, 2933.54, 2945.42, 3101.01, 3101.08,	4772
3101.13, 3101.14, 3103.01, 3103.04, 3103.05, 3103.06, 3103.08,	4773
3105.01, 3105.17, 3105.31, 3105.32, 3107.03, 3109.03, 3109.56,	4774
3111.92, 3111.93, 3111.94, 3111.95, 3111.96, 3111.97, 3113.08,	4775
3115.316, 3127.40, 3701.791, 3705.09, 3911.08, 3923.03, 3937.30,	4776
4112.02, 4141.30, 4728.03, 4737.07, 5103.16, 5123.01, 5302.05,	4777
5302.07, 5302.11, 5302.12, 5302.17, 5302.20, 5302.21, 5309.80,	4778
5309.85, 5711.14, 5731.10, 5747.05, 5747.08, and 5747.081 of the	4779
Revised Code are hereby repealed.	4780
Section 3. Section 2921.22 of the Revised Code is	4781
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	4782

presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended

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by both Sub. H.B. 216 and Sub. S.B. 319 of the 131st General

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Assembly. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in

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division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments

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are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous

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operation, finds that the composite is the resulting version of

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the section in effect prior to the effective date of the section

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as presented in this act.