#### As Introduced

# 133rd General Assembly Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 749

#### **Representative Roemer**

Cosponsors: Representatives Reineke, Lang

## A BILL

То	amend section 5747.01 of the Revised Code to	1
	temporarily suspend provisions relating to bonus	2
	depreciation adjustments for a taxpayer with a	3
	federal net operating loss.	4

### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That section 5747.01 of the Revised Code be	5
amended to read as follows:	6
Sec. 5747.01. Except as otherwise expressly provided or	7
clearly appearing from the context, any term used in this	8
chapter that is not otherwise defined in this section has the	9
same meaning as when used in a comparable context in the laws of	10
the United States relating to federal income taxes or if not	11
used in a comparable context in those laws, has the same meaning	12
as in section 5733.40 of the Revised Code. Any reference in this	13
chapter to the Internal Revenue Code includes other laws of the	14
United States relating to federal income taxes.	15
As used in this chapter:	16
(A) "Adjusted gross income" or "Ohio adjusted gross	17
income" means federal adjusted gross income, as defined and used	18

in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as provided in this	19
section:	20
(1) Add interest or dividends on obligations or securities	21
of any state or of any political subdivision or authority of any	22
state, other than this state and its subdivisions and	23
authorities.	24
(2) Add interest or dividends on obligations of any	25
authority, commission, instrumentality, territory, or possession	26
of the United States to the extent that the interest or	27
dividends are exempt from federal income taxes but not from	28
state income taxes.	29
(3) Deduct interest or dividends on obligations of the	30
United States and its territories and possessions or of any	31
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	32
to the extent that the interest or dividends are included in	33
federal adjusted gross income but exempt from state income taxes	34
under the laws of the United States.	35
(4) Deduct disability and survivor's benefits to the	36
extent included in federal adjusted gross income.	37
(5) Deduct benefits under Title II of the Social Security	38
Act and tier 1 railroad retirement benefits to the extent	39
included in federal adjusted gross income under section 86 of	40
the Internal Revenue Code.	41
(6) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	42
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	43
allowable as a deduction in computing federal adjusted gross	44
income for the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit	45
allowed and determined under sections 38, 51, and 52 of the	46
Internal Revenue Code not been in effect	47

(7) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent on public	48
obligations and purchase obligations to the extent that the	49
interest or interest equivalent is included in federal adjusted	50
gross income.	51
(8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the	52

- (8) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from the
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  sale, exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to
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  the extent that the loss has been deducted or the gain has been
  included in computing federal adjusted gross income.
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- (9) Deduct or add amounts, as provided under section
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  5747.70 of the Revised Code, related to contributions to
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  variable college savings program accounts made or tuition units
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  purchased pursuant to Chapter 3334. of the Revised Code.
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- (10)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a 60 deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted 61 gross income for the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid 62 during the taxable year for medical care insurance and qualified 63 long-term care insurance for the taxpayer, the taxpayer's 64 spouse, and dependents. No deduction for medical care insurance 65 under division (A)(10)(a) of this section shall be allowed 66 either to any taxpayer who is eligible to participate in any 67 subsidized health plan maintained by any employer of the 68 taxpayer or of the taxpayer's spouse, or to any taxpayer who is 69 entitled to, or on application would be entitled to, benefits 70 under part A of Title XVIII of the "Social Security Act," 49 71 Stat. 620 (1935), 42 U.S.C. 301, as amended. For the purposes of 72 division (A)(10)(a) of this section, "subsidized health plan" 73 means a health plan for which the employer pays any portion of 74 the plan's cost. The deduction allowed under division (A)(10)(a) 75 of this section shall be the net of any related premium refunds, 76 related premium reimbursements, or related insurance premium 77

dividends received during the taxable year. 78

(b) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	79
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	80
during the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer paid during the	81
taxable year, not compensated for by any insurance or otherwise,	82
for medical care of the taxpayer, the taxpayer's spouse, and	83
dependents, to the extent the expenses exceed seven and one-half	84
per cent of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	85

- (c) For purposes of division (A)(10) of this section, 86 "medical care" has the meaning given in section 213 of the 87 Internal Revenue Code, subject to the special rules, 88 limitations, and exclusions set forth therein, and "qualified 89 long-term care" has the same meaning given in section 7702B(c) 90 of the Internal Revenue Code. Solely for purposes of division 91 (A) (10) (a) of this section, "dependent" includes a person who 92 otherwise would be a "qualifying relative" and thus a 93 "dependent" under section 152 of the Internal Revenue Code but 94 for the fact that the person fails to meet the income and 9.5 support limitations under section 152(d)(1)(B) and (C) of the 96 Internal Revenue Code. 97
- (11) (a) Deduct any amount included in federal adjusted 98 99 gross income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or refund of expenses that in any year the 100 taxpayer had deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to 101 section 63 of the Internal Revenue Code and applicable United 102 States department of the treasury regulations. The deduction 103 otherwise allowed under division (A)(11)(a) of this section 104 shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is attributable 105 to an amount the taxpayer deducted under this section in any 106 taxable year. 107

(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio adjusted	108
gross income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount	109
is attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	110
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio	111
adjusted gross income in any taxable year.	112
(12) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	113
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	114
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	115
meets both of the following requirements:	116
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	117
included in the taxpayer's adjusted gross income for a prior	118
taxable year and did not qualify for a credit under division (A)	119
or (B) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year;	120
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's adjusted	121
gross income for the current or any other taxable year.	122
(13) Deduct an amount equal to the deposits made to, and	123
net investment earnings of, a medical savings account during the	124
taxable year, in accordance with section 3924.66 of the Revised	125
Code. The deduction allowed by division (A) (13) of this section	126
does not apply to medical savings account deposits and earnings	127
otherwise deducted or excluded for the current or any other	128
taxable year from the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income.	129
(14)(a) Add an amount equal to the funds withdrawn from a	130
medical savings account during the taxable year, and the net	131
investment earnings on those funds, when the funds withdrawn	132
were used for any purpose other than to reimburse an account	133
holder for, or to pay, eligible medical expenses, in accordance	134
with section 3924.66 of the Revised Code;	135

(b) Add the amounts distributed from a medical savings

account under division (A)(2) of section 3924.68 of the Revised	137
Code during the taxable year.	138
(15) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	139
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that such amount	140
satisfies either of the following:	141
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	142
computation of the taxpayer's federal adjusted gross income as	143
required to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under	144
the Internal Revenue Code;	145
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction of the taxpayer's	146
federal adjusted gross income as required to be reported for any	147
of the taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	148
(16) Deduct the amount contributed by the taxpayer to an	149
individual development account program established by a county	150
department of job and family services pursuant to sections	151
329.11 to 329.14 of the Revised Code for the purpose of matching	152
funds deposited by program participants. On request of the tax	153
commissioner, the taxpayer shall provide any information that,	154
in the tax commissioner's opinion, is necessary to establish the	155
amount deducted under division (A)(16) of this section.	156
(17)(a)(i) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and	157
(v) of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of	158
depreciation expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of	159
the Internal Revenue Code, including the taxpayer's	160
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of	161
depreciation expense allowed by that subsection to a pass-	162
through entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect	163
ownership interest.	164
(ii) Subject to divisions (A)(17)(a)(iii), (iv), and (v)	165

of this section, add five-sixths of the amount of qualifying	166
section 179 depreciation expense, including the taxpayer's	167
proportionate or distributive share of the amount of qualifying	168
section 179 depreciation expense allowed to any pass-through	169
entity in which the taxpayer has a direct or indirect ownership	170
interest.	171
(iii) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	172
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, if the	173
increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer is equal to or	174
greater than ten per cent of income taxes withheld by the	175
taxpayer during the taxpayer's immediately preceding taxable	176
year, "two-thirds" shall be substituted for "five-sixths" for	177
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	178
(iv) Subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this section,	179
for taxable years beginning in 2012 or thereafter, a taxpayer is	180
not required to add an amount under division (A)(17) of this	181
section if the increase in income taxes withheld by the taxpayer	182
and by any pass-through entity in which the taxpayer has a	183
direct or indirect ownership interest is equal to or greater	184
than the sum of (I) the amount of qualifying section 179	185
depreciation expense and (II) the amount of depreciation expense	186
allowed to the taxpayer by subsection (k) of section 168 of the	187
Internal Revenue Code, and including the taxpayer's	188
proportionate or distributive shares of such amounts allowed to	189
any such pass-through entities.	190
(v) If Except for a taxable year ending in 2020 or 2021,	191
<u>if</u> a taxpayer directly or indirectly incurs a <u>federal</u> net	192
operating loss for the taxable year <del>-for federal income tax-</del>	193
purposes, to the extent such loss resulted from depreciation	194
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	195

Revenue Code and by qualifying section 179 depreciation expense,	196
"the entire" shall be substituted for "five-sixths of the" for	197
the purpose of divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) and (ii) of this section.	198
The tax commissioner, under procedures established by the	199
commissioner, may waive the add-backs related to a pass-through	200
entity if the taxpayer owns, directly or indirectly, less than	201
five per cent of the pass-through entity.	202
(b) Nothing in division (A)(17) of this section shall be	203
construed to adjust or modify the adjusted basis of any asset.	204
(c) To the extent the add-back required under division (A)	205
(17)(a) of this section is attributable to property generating	206
nonbusiness income or loss allocated under section 5747.20 of	207
the Revised Code, the add-back shall be sitused to the same	208
location as the nonbusiness income or loss generated by the	209
property for the purpose of determining the credit under	210
division (A) of section 5747.05 of the Revised Code. Otherwise,	211
the add-back shall be apportioned, subject to one or more of the	212
four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in section	213
5747.21 of the Revised Code.	214
(d) For the purposes of division (A)(17)(a)(v) of this	215
section, net operating loss carryback and carryforward shall not	216
include the allowance of any net operating loss deduction	217
carryback or carryforward to the taxable year to the extent such	218
loss resulted from depreciation allowed by <u>subsection (k) of</u>	219
section $\frac{168(k)-168}{168}$ of the Internal Revenue Code and by the	220
qualifying section 179 depreciation expense amount.	221
(e) For the purposes of divisions (A)(17) and (18) of this	222
section:	223

(i) "Income taxes withheld" means the total amount

withheld and remitted under sections 5747.06 and 5747.07 of the	225
Revised Code by an employer during the employer's taxable year.	226
(ii) "Increase in income taxes withheld" means the amount	227
by which the amount of income taxes withheld by an employer	228
during the employer's current taxable year exceeds the amount of	229
income taxes withheld by that employer during the employer's	230
immediately preceding taxable year.	231
(iii) "Qualifying section 179 depreciation expense" means	232
the difference between (I) the amount of depreciation expense	233
directly or indirectly allowed to a taxpayer under section 179	234
of the Internal Revised Code, and (II) the amount of	235
depreciation expense directly or indirectly allowed to the	236
taxpayer under section 179 of the Internal Revenue Code as that	237
section existed on December 31, 2002.	238
(18)(a) If the taxpayer was required to add an amount	239
under division (A)(17)(a) of this section for a taxable year,	240
deduct one of the following:	241
(i) One-fifth of the amount so added for each of the five	242
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was five-sixths	243
of qualifying section 179 depreciation expense or depreciation	244
expense allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal	245
Revenue Code;	246
(ii) One-half of the amount so added for each of the two	247
succeeding taxable years if the amount so added was two-thirds	248
of such depreciation expense;	249
(iii) One-sixth of the amount so added for each of the six	250
succeeding taxable years if the entire amount of such	251
depreciation expense was so added.	252
(b) If the amount deducted under division (A)(18)(a) of	253

this section is attributable to an add-back allocated under	254
division (A)(17)(c) of this section, the amount deducted shall	255
be sitused to the same location. Otherwise, the add-back shall	256
be apportioned using the apportionment factors for the taxable	257
year in which the deduction is taken, subject to one or more of	258
the four alternative methods of apportionment enumerated in	259
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code.	260
(c) No Except for a taxable year that includes a federal	261
net operating loss carryback from a taxable year ending in 2020	262
or 2021, no deduction is available under division (A)(18)(a) of	263
this section with regard to any depreciation allowed by	264
<u>subsection (k) of section <math>168(k)</math> 168</u> of the Internal Revenue	265
Code and by the qualifying section 179 depreciation expense	266
amount to the extent that such depreciation results in or	267
increases a federal net operating loss carryback or	268
carryforward. If no such deduction is available for a taxable	269
year, the taxpayer may carry forward the amount not deducted in	270
such taxable year to the next taxable year and add that amount	271
to any deduction otherwise available under division (A)(18)(a)	272
of this section for that next taxable year. The carryforward of	273
amounts not so deducted shall continue until the entire addition	274
required by division (A)(17)(a) of this section has been	275
deducted.	276
(19) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	277
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	278
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	279
taxable year as reimbursement for life insurance premiums under	280

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section 5919.31 of the Revised Code.

(20) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or

excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for

the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	284
taxable year as a death benefit paid by the adjutant general	285
under section 5919.33 of the Revised Code.	286
(21) Deduct, to the extent included in federal adjusted	287
gross income and not otherwise allowable as a deduction or	288
exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	289
the taxable year, military pay and allowances received by the	290
taxpayer during the taxable year for active duty service in the	291
United States army, air force, navy, marine corps, or coast	292
guard or reserve components thereof or the national guard. The	293
deduction may not be claimed for military pay and allowances	294
received by the taxpayer while the taxpayer is stationed in this	295
state.	296
(22) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise allowable as a	297
deduction or exclusion in computing federal or Ohio adjusted	298
gross income for the taxable year and not otherwise compensated	299
for by any other source, the amount of qualified organ donation	300
expenses incurred by the taxpayer during the taxable year, not	301
to exceed ten thousand dollars. A taxpayer may deduct qualified	302
organ donation expenses only once for all taxable years	303
beginning with taxable years beginning in 2007.	304
For the purposes of division (A)(22) of this section:	305
(a) "Human organ" means all or any portion of a human	306
liver, pancreas, kidney, intestine, or lung, and any portion of	307
human bone marrow.	308
(b) "Qualified organ donation expenses" means travel	309
expenses, lodging expenses, and wages and salary forgone by a	310

taxpayer in connection with the taxpayer's donation, while

living, of one or more of the taxpayer's human organs to another

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human being.	313
(23) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	314
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	315
the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as retired	316
personnel pay for service in the uniformed services or reserve	317
components thereof, or the national guard, or received by the	318
surviving spouse or former spouse of such a taxpayer under the	319
survivor benefit plan on account of such a taxpayer's death. If	320
the taxpayer receives income on account of retirement paid under	321
the federal civil service retirement system or federal employees	322
retirement system, or under any successor retirement program	323
enacted by the congress of the United States that is established	324
and maintained for retired employees of the United States	325
government, and such retirement income is based, in whole or in	326
part, on credit for the taxpayer's uniformed service, the	327
deduction allowed under this division shall include only that	328
portion of such retirement income that is attributable to the	329
taxpayer's uniformed service, to the extent that portion of such	330
retirement income is otherwise included in federal adjusted	331
gross income and is not otherwise deducted under this section.	332
Any amount deducted under division (A)(23) of this section is	333
not included in a taxpayer's adjusted gross income for the	334
purposes of section 5747.055 of the Revised Code. No amount may	335
be deducted under division (A)(23) of this section on the basis	336
of which a credit was claimed under section 5747.055 of the	337
Revised Code.	338
(24) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	339
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	340
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received during the	341
taxable year from the military injury relief fund created in	342

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section 5902.05 of the Revised Code.

(25) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	344
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	345
the taxable year, the amount the taxpayer received as a veterans	346
bonus during the taxable year from the Ohio department of	347
veterans services as authorized by Section 2r of Article VIII,	348
Ohio Constitution.	349
(26) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	350
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	351
the taxable year, any income derived from a transfer agreement	352
or from the enterprise transferred under that agreement under	353
section 4313.02 of the Revised Code.	354
(27) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	355
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for	356
the taxable year, Ohio college opportunity or federal Pell grant	357
amounts received by the taxpayer or the taxpayer's spouse or	358
dependent pursuant to section 3333.122 of the Revised Code or 20	359
U.S.C. 1070a, et seq., and used to pay room or board furnished	360
by the educational institution for which the grant was awarded	361
at the institution's facilities, including meal plans	362
administered by the institution. For the purposes of this	363
division, receipt of a grant includes the distribution of a	364
grant directly to an educational institution and the crediting	365
of the grant to the enrollee's account with the institution.	366
(28) Deduct from the portion of an individual's federal	367
adjusted gross income that is business income, to the extent not	368
otherwise deducted or excluded in computing federal adjusted	369
gross income for the taxable year, one hundred twenty-five	370
thousand dollars for each spouse if spouses file separate	371
returns under section 5747.08 of the Revised Code or two hundred	372
fifty thousand dollars for all other individuals.	373

(29) Deduct, as provided under section 5747.78 of the	374
Revised Code, contributions to ABLE savings accounts made in	375
accordance with sections 113.50 to 113.56 of the Revised Code.	376
(30)(a) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or	377
excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income	378
during the taxable year, all of the following:	379
(i) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	380
in division (A)(14)(a) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	381
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	382
this state during a disaster response period pursuant to a	383
qualifying solicitation received by the employee's employer;	384
(ii) Compensation paid to a qualifying employee described	385
in division (A)(14)(b) of section 5703.94 of the Revised Code to	386
the extent such compensation is for disaster work conducted in	387
this state by the employee during the disaster response period	388
on critical infrastructure owned or used by the employee's	389
employer;	390
(iii) Income received by an out-of-state disaster business	391
for disaster work conducted in this state during a disaster	392
response period, or, if the out-of-state disaster business is a	393
pass-through entity, a taxpayer's distributive share of the	394
pass-through entity's income from the business conducting	395
disaster work in this state during a disaster response period,	396
if, in either case, the disaster work is conducted pursuant to a	397
qualifying solicitation received by the business.	398
(b) All terms used in division (A)(30) of this section	399
have the same meanings as in section 5703.94 of the Revised	400
Code.	401

(31) For a taxpayer who is a qualifying Ohio educator,

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deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or excluded in	403
computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for the taxable	404
year, the lesser of two hundred fifty dollars or the amount of	405
expenses described in subsections (a)(2)(D)(i) and (ii) of	406
section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code paid or incurred by the	407
taxpayer during the taxpayer's taxable year in excess of the	408
amount the taxpayer is authorized to deduct for that taxable	409
year under subsection (a)(2)(D) of that section.	410

(34) (32) Deduct, to the extent not otherwise deducted or 411 excluded in computing federal or Ohio adjusted gross income for 412 the taxable year, amounts received by the taxpayer as a 413 disability severance payment, computed under 10 U.S.C. 1212, 414 following discharge or release under honorable conditions from 415 the armed forces, as defined by 10 U.S.C. 101.

- (B) "Business income" means income, including gain or 417 loss, arising from transactions, activities, and sources in the 418 regular course of a trade or business and includes income, gain, 419 or loss from real property, tangible property, and intangible 420 property if the acquisition, rental, management, and disposition 421 of the property constitute integral parts of the regular course 422 of a trade or business operation. "Business income" includes 423 424 income, including gain or loss, from a partial or complete liquidation of a business, including, but not limited to, gain 425 or loss from the sale or other disposition of goodwill. 426
- (C) "Nonbusiness income" means all income other than 427 business income and may include, but is not limited to, 428 compensation, rents and royalties from real or tangible personal 429 property, capital gains, interest, dividends and distributions, 430 patent or copyright royalties, or lottery winnings, prizes, and 431 awards.

(D) "Compensation" means any form of remuneration paid to	433
an employee for personal services.	434
(E) "Fiduciary" means a guardian, trustee, executor,	435
administrator, receiver, conservator, or any other person acting	436
in any fiduciary capacity for any individual, trust, or estate.	437
(F) "Fiscal year" means an accounting period of twelve	438
months ending on the last day of any month other than December.	439
(G) "Individual" means any natural person.	440
(H) "Internal Revenue Code" means the "Internal Revenue	441
Code of 1986," 100 Stat. 2085, 26 U.S.C.A. 1, as amended.	442
(I) "Resident" means any of the following:	443
(1) An individual who is domiciled in this state, subject	444
to section 5747.24 of the Revised Code;	445
(2) The estate of a decedent who at the time of death was	446
domiciled in this state. The domicile tests of section 5747.24	447
of the Revised Code are not controlling for purposes of division	448
(I)(2) of this section.	449
(3) A trust that, in whole or part, resides in this state.	450
If only part of a trust resides in this state, the trust is a	451
resident only with respect to that part.	452
For the purposes of division (I)(3) of this section:	453
(a) A trust resides in this state for the trust's current	454
taxable year to the extent, as described in division (I)(3)(d)	455
of this section, that the trust consists directly or indirectly,	456
in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related liabilities,	457
that were transferred, or caused to be transferred, directly or	458
indirectly, to the trust by any of the following:	459

(i) A person, a court, or a governmental entity or	460
instrumentality on account of the death of a decedent, but only	461
if the trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) or (ii) of	462
this section;	463
(ii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	464
purposes of this chapter when the person directly or indirectly	465
transferred assets to an irrevocable trust, but only if at least	466
one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this	467
state for the purposes of this chapter during all or some	468
portion of the trust's current taxable year;	469
(iii) A person who was domiciled in this state for the	470
purposes of this chapter when the trust document or instrument	471
or part of the trust document or instrument became irrevocable,	472
but only if at least one of the trust's qualifying beneficiaries	473
is a resident domiciled in this state for the purposes of this	474
chapter during all or some portion of the trust's current	475
taxable year. If a trust document or instrument became	476
irrevocable upon the death of a person who at the time of death	477
was domiciled in this state for purposes of this chapter, that	478
person is a person described in division (I)(3)(a)(iii) of this	479
section.	480
(b) A trust is irrevocable to the extent that the	481
transferor is not considered to be the owner of the net assets	482
of the trust under sections 671 to 678 of the Internal Revenue	483
Code.	484
(c) With respect to a trust other than a charitable lead	485
trust, "qualifying beneficiary" has the same meaning as	486
"potential current beneficiary" as defined in section 1361(e)(2)	487
of the Internal Revenue Code, and with respect to a charitable	488
lead trust "qualifying beneficiary" is any current, future, or	489

contingent beneficiary, but with respect to any trust	490
"qualifying beneficiary" excludes a person or a governmental	491
entity or instrumentality to any of which a contribution would	492
qualify for the charitable deduction under section 170 of the	493
Internal Revenue Code.	494
(d) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a) of this	495
section, the extent to which a trust consists directly or	496
indirectly, in whole or in part, of assets, net of any related	497
liabilities, that were transferred directly or indirectly, in	498
whole or part, to the trust by any of the sources enumerated in	499
that division shall be ascertained by multiplying the fair	500
market value of the trust's assets, net of related liabilities,	501
by the qualifying ratio, which shall be computed as follows:	502
(i) The first time the trust receives assets, the	503
numerator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	504
those assets at that time, net of any related liabilities, from	505
sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section. The	506
denominator of the qualifying ratio is the fair market value of	507
all the trust's assets at that time, net of any related	508
liabilities.	509
(ii) Each subsequent time the trust receives assets, a	510
revised qualifying ratio shall be computed. The numerator of the	511
revised qualifying ratio is the sum of (1) the fair market value	512
of the trust's assets immediately prior to the subsequent	513
transfer, net of any related liabilities, multiplied by the	514
qualifying ratio last computed without regard to the subsequent	515
transfer, and (2) the fair market value of the subsequently	516
transferred assets at the time transferred, net of any related	517
liabilities, from sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of	518

this section. The denominator of the revised qualifying ratio is

the fair market value of all the trust's assets immediately	520
after the subsequent transfer, net of any related liabilities.	521
(iii) Whether a transfer to the trust is by or from any of	522
the sources enumerated in division (I)(3)(a) of this section	523
shall be ascertained without regard to the domicile of the	524
trust's beneficiaries.	525
(e) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(a)(i) of this	526
section:	527
(i) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(i) of this	528
section if the trust is a testamentary trust and the testator of	529
that testamentary trust was domiciled in this state at the time	530
of the testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under	531
Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code.	532
(ii) A trust is described in division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of	533
this section if the transfer is a qualifying transfer described	534
in any of divisions (I)(3)(f)(i) to (vi) of this section, the	535
trust is an irrevocable inter vivos trust, and at least one of	536
the trust's qualifying beneficiaries is domiciled in this state	537
for purposes of this chapter during all or some portion of the	538
trust's current taxable year.	539
(f) For the purposes of division (I)(3)(e)(ii) of this	540
section, a "qualifying transfer" is a transfer of assets, net of	541
any related liabilities, directly or indirectly to a trust, if	542
the transfer is described in any of the following:	543
(i) The transfer is made to a trust, created by the	544
decedent before the decedent's death and while the decedent was	545
domiciled in this state for the purposes of this chapter, and,	546
prior to the death of the decedent, the trust became irrevocable	547
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	548

of this chapter.	549
(ii) The transfer is made to a trust to which the	550
decedent, prior to the decedent's death, had directly or	551
indirectly transferred assets, net of any related liabilities,	552
while the decedent was domiciled in this state for the purposes	553
of this chapter, and prior to the death of the decedent the	554
trust became irrevocable while the decedent was domiciled in	555
this state for the purposes of this chapter.	556
(iii) The transfer is made on account of a contractual	557
relationship existing directly or indirectly between the	558
transferor and either the decedent or the estate of the decedent	559
at any time prior to the date of the decedent's death, and the	560
decedent was domiciled in this state at the time of death for	561
purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter 5731. of the Revised	562
Code.	563
(iv) The transfer is made to a trust on account of a	564
contractual relationship existing directly or indirectly between	565
the transferor and another person who at the time of the	566
decedent's death was domiciled in this state for purposes of	567
this chapter.	568
(v) The transfer is made to a trust on account of the will	569
of a testator who was domiciled in this state at the time of the	570
testator's death for purposes of the taxes levied under Chapter	571
5731. of the Revised Code.	572
(vi) The transfer is made to a trust created by or caused	573
to be created by a court, and the trust was directly or	574
indirectly created in connection with or as a result of the	575
death of an individual who, for purposes of the taxes levied	576

under Chapter 5731. of the Revised Code, was domiciled in this

state at the time of the individual's death.	578
(g) The tax commissioner may adopt rules to ascertain the	579
part of a trust residing in this state.	580
(J) "Nonresident" means an individual or estate that is	581
not a resident. An individual who is a resident for only part of	582
a taxable year is a nonresident for the remainder of that	583
taxable year.	584
(K) "Pass-through entity" has the same meaning as in	585
section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	586
(L) "Return" means the notifications and reports required	587
to be filed pursuant to this chapter for the purpose of	588
reporting the tax due and includes declarations of estimated tax	589
when so required.	590
(M) "Taxable year" means the calendar year or the	591
taxpayer's fiscal year ending during the calendar year, or	592
fractional part thereof, upon which the adjusted gross income is	593
calculated pursuant to this chapter.	594
(N) "Taxpayer" means any person subject to the tax imposed	595
by section 5747.02 of the Revised Code or any pass-through	596
entity that makes the election under division (D) of section	597
5747.08 of the Revised Code.	598
(O) "Dependents" means one of the following:	599
(1) For taxable years beginning on or after January 1,	600
2018, and before January 1, 2026, dependents as defined in the	601
Internal Revenue Code;	602
(2) For all other taxable years, dependents as defined in	603
the Internal Revenue Code and as claimed in the taxpayer's	604
federal income tax return for the taxable year or which the	605

taxpayer would have been permitted to claim had the taxpayer	606
filed a federal income tax return.	607
(P) "Principal county of employment" means, in the case of	608
a nonresident, the county within the state in which a taxpayer	609
performs services for an employer or, if those services are	610
performed in more than one county, the county in which the major	611
portion of the services are performed.	612
(Q) As used in sections 5747.50 to 5747.55 of the Revised	613
Code:	614
(1) "Subdivision" means any county, municipal corporation,	615
park district, or township.	616
(2) "Essential local government purposes" includes all	617
functions that any subdivision is required by general law to	618
exercise, including like functions that are exercised under a	619
charter adopted pursuant to the Ohio Constitution.	620
(R) "Overpayment" means any amount already paid that	621
exceeds the figure determined to be the correct amount of the	622
tax.	623
(S) "Taxable income" or "Ohio taxable income" applies only	624
to estates and trusts, and means federal taxable income, as	625
defined and used in the Internal Revenue Code, adjusted as	626
follows:	627
(1) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	628
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	629
taxable income, on obligations or securities of any state or of	630
any political subdivision or authority of any state, other than	631
this state and its subdivisions and authorities, but only to the	632
extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible in Ohio	633
taxable income and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or	634

(b) of this section:	635
(a) The net amount is not attributable to the S portion of	636
an electing small business trust and has not been distributed to	637
beneficiaries for the taxable year;	638
(b) The net amount is attributable to the S portion of an	639
electing small business trust for the taxable year.	640
(2) Add interest or dividends, net of ordinary, necessary,	641
and reasonable expenses not deducted in computing federal	642
taxable income, on obligations of any authority, commission,	643
instrumentality, territory, or possession of the United States	644
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	645
federal income taxes but not from state income taxes, but only	646
to the extent that such net amount is not otherwise includible	647
in Ohio taxable income and is described in either division (S)	648
(1) (a) or (b) of this section;	649
(3) Add the amount of personal exemption allowed to the	650
estate pursuant to section 642(b) of the Internal Revenue Code;	651
(4) Deduct interest or dividends, net of related expenses	652
deducted in computing federal taxable income, on obligations of	653
the United States and its territories and possessions or of any	654
authority, commission, or instrumentality of the United States	655
to the extent that the interest or dividends are exempt from	656
state taxes under the laws of the United States, but only to the	657
extent that such amount is included in federal taxable income	658
and is described in either division (S)(1)(a) or (b) of this	659
section;	660
(5) Deduct the amount of wages and salaries, if any, not	661
otherwise allowable as a deduction but that would have been	662
allowable as a deduction in computing federal taxable income for	663

the taxable year, had the targeted jobs credit allowed under	664
sections 38, 51, and 52 of the Internal Revenue Code not been in	665
effect, but only to the extent such amount relates either to	666
income included in federal taxable income for the taxable year	667
or to income of the S portion of an electing small business	668
trust for the taxable year;	669
(6) Deduct any interest or interest equivalent, net of	670
related expenses deducted in computing federal taxable income,	671
on public obligations and purchase obligations, but only to the	672
extent that such net amount relates either to income included in	673
federal taxable income for the taxable year or to income of the	674
S portion of an electing small business trust for the taxable	675
year;	676
(7) Add any loss or deduct any gain resulting from sale,	677
exchange, or other disposition of public obligations to the	678
extent that such loss has been deducted or such gain has been	679
included in computing either federal taxable income or income of	680
the S portion of an electing small business trust for the	681
taxable year;	682
(8) Except in the case of the final return of an estate,	683
add any amount deducted by the taxpayer on both its Ohio estate	684
tax return pursuant to section 5731.14 of the Revised Code, and	685
on its federal income tax return in determining federal taxable	686
income;	687
(9)(a) Deduct any amount included in federal taxable	688
income solely because the amount represents a reimbursement or	689
refund of expenses that in a previous year the decedent had	690
deducted as an itemized deduction pursuant to section 63 of the	691
Internal Revenue Code and applicable treasury regulations. The	692
deduction otherwise allowed under division (S)(9)(a) of this	693

section shall be reduced to the extent the reimbursement is	694
attributable to an amount the taxpayer or decedent deducted	695
under this section in any taxable year.	696
(b) Add any amount not otherwise included in Ohio taxable	697
income for any taxable year to the extent that the amount is	698
attributable to the recovery during the taxable year of any	699
amount deducted or excluded in computing federal or Ohio taxable	700
income in any taxable year, but only to the extent such amount	701
has not been distributed to beneficiaries for the taxable year.	702
(10) Deduct any portion of the deduction described in	703
section 1341(a)(2) of the Internal Revenue Code, for repaying	704
previously reported income received under a claim of right, that	705
meets both of the following requirements:	706
(a) It is allowable for repayment of an item that was	707
included in the taxpayer's taxable income or the decedent's	708
adjusted gross income for a prior taxable year and did not	709
qualify for a credit under division (A) or (B) of section	710
5747.05 of the Revised Code for that year.	711
(b) It does not otherwise reduce the taxpayer's taxable	712
income or the decedent's adjusted gross income for the current	713
or any other taxable year.	714
(11) Add any amount claimed as a credit under section	715
5747.059 of the Revised Code to the extent that the amount	716
satisfies either of the following:	717
(a) The amount was deducted or excluded from the	718
computation of the taxpayer's federal taxable income as required	719
to be reported for the taxpayer's taxable year under the	720
Internal Revenue Code;	721
(b) The amount resulted in a reduction in the taxpayer's	722

federal taxable income as required to be reported for any of the	723
taxpayer's taxable years under the Internal Revenue Code.	724
(12) Deduct any amount, net of related expenses deducted	725
in computing federal taxable income, that a trust is required to	726
report as farm income on its federal income tax return, but only	727
if the assets of the trust include at least ten acres of land	728
satisfying the definition of "land devoted exclusively to	729
agricultural use" under section 5713.30 of the Revised Code,	730
regardless of whether the land is valued for tax purposes as	731
such land under sections 5713.30 to 5713.38 of the Revised Code.	732
If the trust is a pass-through entity investor, section 5747.231	733
of the Revised Code applies in ascertaining if the trust is	734
eligible to claim the deduction provided by division (S)(12) of	735
this section in connection with the pass-through entity's farm	736
income.	737
Except for farm income attributable to the S portion of an	738
electing small business trust, the deduction provided by	739
division (S)(12) of this section is allowed only to the extent	740
that the trust has not distributed such farm income.	741
(13) Add the net amount of income described in section	742
641(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to the extent that amount is	743
not included in federal taxable income.	744
(14) Add or deduct the amount the taxpayer would be	745
required to add or deduct under division (A)(17) or (18) of this	746
section if the taxpayer's Ohio taxable income were computed in	747
the same manner as an individual's Ohio adjusted gross income is	748
computed under this section.	749
(T) "School district income" and "school district income	750

tax" have the same meanings as in section 5748.01 of the Revised

Code.	752
(U) As used in divisions (A)(7), (A)(8), (S)(6), and (S)	753
(7) of this section, "public obligations," "purchase	754
obligations," and "interest or interest equivalent" have the	755
same meanings as in section 5709.76 of the Revised Code.	756
(V) "Limited liability company" means any limited	757
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised Code	758
or under the laws of any other state.	759
(W) "Pass-through entity investor" means any person who,	760
during any portion of a taxable year of a pass-through entity,	761
is a partner, member, shareholder, or equity investor in that	762
pass-through entity.	763
(X) "Banking day" has the same meaning as in section	764
1304.01 of the Revised Code.	765
(Y) "Month" means a calendar month.	766
(Z) "Quarter" means the first three months, the second	767
three months, the third three months, or the last three months	768
of the taxpayer's taxable year.	769
(AA)(1) "Modified business income" means the business	770
income included in a trust's Ohio taxable income after such	771
taxable income is first reduced by the qualifying trust amount,	772
if any.	773
(2) "Qualifying trust amount" of a trust means capital	774
gains and losses from the sale, exchange, or other disposition	775
of equity or ownership interests in, or debt obligations of, a	776
qualifying investee to the extent included in the trust's Ohio	777
taxable income, but only if the following requirements are	778
satisfied:	779

(a) The book value of the qualifying investee's physical	780
assets in this state and everywhere, as of the last day of the	781
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	782
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	783
loss, is available to the trust.	784
(b) The requirements of section 5747.011 of the Revised	785
Code are satisfied for the trust's taxable year in which the	786
trust recognizes the gain or loss.	787
Any gain or loss that is not a qualifying trust amount is	788
modified business income, qualifying investment income, or	789
modified nonbusiness income, as the case may be.	790
(3) "Modified nonbusiness income" means a trust's Ohio	791
taxable income other than modified business income, other than	792
the qualifying trust amount, and other than qualifying	793
investment income, as defined in section 5747.012 of the Revised	794
Code, to the extent such qualifying investment income is not	795
otherwise part of modified business income.	796
(4) "Modified Ohio taxable income" applies only to trusts,	797
and means the sum of the amounts described in divisions (AA)(4)	798
(a) to (c) of this section:	799
(a) The fraction, calculated under section 5747.013, and	800
applying section 5747.231 of the Revised Code, multiplied by the	801
sum of the following amounts:	802
(i) The trust's modified business income;	803
(ii) The trust's qualifying investment income, as defined	804
in section 5747.012 of the Revised Code, but only to the extent	805
the qualifying investment income does not otherwise constitute	806
modified business income and does not otherwise constitute a	807
qualifying trust amount.	808

(b) The qualifying trust amount multiplied by a fraction,	809
the numerator of which is the sum of the book value of the	810
qualifying investee's physical assets in this state on the last	811
day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending	812
immediately prior to the day on which the trust recognizes the	813
qualifying trust amount, and the denominator of which is the sum	814
of the book value of the qualifying investee's total physical	815
assets everywhere on the last day of the qualifying investee's	816
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the day on	817
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount. If, for	818
a taxable year, the trust recognizes a qualifying trust amount	819
with respect to more than one qualifying investee, the amount	820
described in division (AA)(4)(b) of this section shall equal the	821
sum of the products so computed for each such qualifying	822
investee.	823

- (c) (i) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that824is a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I) (3)825(d) of this section, its modified nonbusiness income.826
- (ii) With respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is 827 not a resident as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3) 828 (d) of this section, the amount of its modified nonbusiness 829 income satisfying the descriptions in divisions (B)(2) to (5) of 830 section 5747.20 of the Revised Code, except as otherwise 831 provided in division (AA)(4)(c)(ii) of this section. With 832 respect to a trust or portion of a trust that is not a resident 833 as ascertained in accordance with division (I)(3)(d) of this 834 section, the trust's portion of modified nonbusiness income 835 recognized from the sale, exchange, or other disposition of a 836 debt interest in or equity interest in a section 5747.212 837 entity, as defined in section 5747.212 of the Revised Code, 838 without regard to division (A) of that section, shall not be 839

allocated to this state in accordance with section 5747.20 of	840
the Revised Code but shall be apportioned to this state in	841
accordance with division (B) of section 5747.212 of the Revised	842
Code without regard to division (A) of that section.	843
If the allocation and apportionment of a trust's income	844
under divisions (AA)(4)(a) and (c) of this section do not fairly	845
represent the modified Ohio taxable income of the trust in this	846
state, the alternative methods described in division (C) of	847
section 5747.21 of the Revised Code may be applied in the manner	848
and to the same extent provided in that section.	849
(5)(a) Except as set forth in division (AA)(5)(b) of this	850
section, "qualifying investee" means a person in which a trust	851
has an equity or ownership interest, or a person or unit of	852
government the debt obligations of either of which are owned by	853
a trust. For the purposes of division (AA)(2)(a) of this section	854
and for the purpose of computing the fraction described in	855
division (AA)(4)(b) of this section, all of the following apply:	856
(i) If the qualifying investee is a member of a qualifying	857
controlled group on the last day of the qualifying investee's	858
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	859
which the trust recognizes the gain or loss, then "qualifying	860
investee" includes all persons in the qualifying controlled	861
group on such last day.	862
(ii) If the qualifying investee, or if the qualifying	863
investee and any members of the qualifying controlled group of	864
which the qualifying investee is a member on the last day of the	865
qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar year ending immediately	866
prior to the date on which the trust recognizes the gain or	867

loss, separately or cumulatively own, directly or indirectly, on

the last day of the qualifying investee's fiscal or calendar

868

year ending immediately prior to the date on which the trust	870
recognizes the qualifying trust amount, more than fifty per cent	871
of the equity of a pass-through entity, then the qualifying	872
investee and the other members are deemed to own the	873
proportionate share of the pass-through entity's physical assets	874
which the pass-through entity directly or indirectly owns on the	875
last day of the pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year	876
ending within or with the last day of the qualifying investee's	877
fiscal or calendar year ending immediately prior to the date on	878
which the trust recognizes the qualifying trust amount.	879

(iii) For the purposes of division (AA) (5) (a) (iii) of this 880 section, "upper level pass-through entity" means a pass-through 881 entity directly or indirectly owning any equity of another pass-through entity, and "lower level pass-through entity" means that 883 other pass-through entity.

An upper level pass-through entity, whether or not it is 885 also a qualifying investee, is deemed to own, on the last day of 886 the upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year, 887 the proportionate share of the lower level pass-through entity's 888 physical assets that the lower level pass-through entity 889 directly or indirectly owns on the last day of the lower level 890 pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year ending within or 891 with the last day of the upper level pass-through entity's 892 fiscal or calendar year. If the upper level pass-through entity 893 directly and indirectly owns less than fifty per cent of the 894 equity of the lower level pass-through entity on each day of the 895 upper level pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in 896 which or with which ends the calendar or fiscal year of the 897 lower level pass-through entity and if, based upon clear and 898 convincing evidence, complete information about the location and 899 cost of the physical assets of the lower pass-through entity is 900

not available to the upper level pass-through entity, then	901
solely for purposes of ascertaining if a gain or loss	902
constitutes a qualifying trust amount, the upper level pass-	903
through entity shall be deemed as owning no equity of the lower	904
level pass-through entity for each day during the upper level	905
pass-through entity's calendar or fiscal year in which or with	906
which ends the lower level pass-through entity's calendar or	907
fiscal year. Nothing in division (AA)(5)(a)(iii) of this section	908
shall be construed to provide for any deduction or exclusion in	909
computing any trust's Ohio taxable income.	910
(b) With respect to a trust that is not a resident for the	911
taxable year and with respect to a part of a trust that is not a	912
resident for the taxable year, "qualifying investee" for that	913
taxable year does not include a C corporation if both of the	914
following apply:	915
(i) During the taxable year the trust or part of the trust	916
recognizes a gain or loss from the sale, exchange, or other	917
disposition of equity or ownership interests in, or debt	918
obligations of, the C corporation.	919
(ii) Such gain or loss constitutes nonbusiness income.	920
(6) "Available" means information is such that a person is	921
able to learn of the information by the due date plus	922
extensions, if any, for filing the return for the taxable year	923
in which the trust recognizes the gain or loss.	924
(BB) "Qualifying controlled group" has the same meaning as	925
in section 5733.04 of the Revised Code.	926
(CC) "Related member" has the same meaning as in section	927
5733.042 of the Revised Code.	928

(DD)(1) For the purposes of division (DD) of this section:

(a) "Qualifying person" means any person other than a	930
qualifying corporation.	931
(b) "Qualifying corporation" means any person classified	932
for federal income tax purposes as an association taxable as a	933
corporation, except either of the following:	934
(i) A corporation that has made an election under	935
subchapter S, chapter one, subtitle A, of the Internal Revenue	936
Code for its taxable year ending within, or on the last day of,	937
the investor's taxable year;	938
(ii) A subsidiary that is wholly owned by any corporation	939
that has made an election under subchapter S, chapter one,	940
subtitle A of the Internal Revenue Code for its taxable year	941
ending within, or on the last day of, the investor's taxable	942
year.	943
(2) For the purposes of this chapter, unless expressly	944
stated otherwise, no qualifying person indirectly owns any asset	945
directly or indirectly owned by any qualifying corporation.	946
(EE) For purposes of this chapter and Chapter 5751. of the	947
Revised Code:	948
(1) "Trust" does not include a qualified pre-income tax	949
trust.	950
(2) A "qualified pre-income tax trust" is any pre-income	951
tax trust that makes a qualifying pre-income tax trust election	952
as described in division (EE)(3) of this section.	953
(3) A "qualifying pre-income tax trust election" is an	954
election by a pre-income tax trust to subject to the tax imposed	955
by section 5751.02 of the Revised Code the pre-income tax trust	956
and all pass-through entities of which the trust owns or	957

controls, directly, indirectly, or constructively through	958
related interests, five per cent or more of the ownership or	959
equity interests. The trustee shall notify the tax commissioner	960
in writing of the election on or before April 15, 2006. The	961
election, if timely made, shall be effective on and after	962
January 1, 2006, and shall apply for all tax periods and tax	963
years until revoked by the trustee of the trust.	964
(4) A "pre-income tax trust" is a trust that satisfies all	965
of the following requirements:	966
(a) The document or instrument creating the trust was	967
executed by the grantor before January 1, 1972;	968
(b) The trust became irrevocable upon the creation of the	969
trust; and	970
(c) The grantor was domiciled in this state at the time	971
the trust was created.	972
(FF) "Uniformed services" has the same meaning as in 10	973
U.S.C. 101.	974
(GG) "Taxable business income" means the amount by which	975
an individual's business income that is included in federal	976
adjusted gross income exceeds the amount of business income the	977
individual is authorized to deduct under division (A)(31) of	978
this section for the taxable year.	979
(HH) "Employer" does not include a franchisor with respect	980
to the franchisor's relationship with a franchisee or an	981
employee of a franchisee, unless the franchisor agrees to assume	982
that role in writing or a court of competent jurisdiction	983
determines that the franchisor exercises a type or degree of	984
control over the franchisee or the franchisee's employees that	985
is not customarily exercised by a franchisor for the purpose of	986

protecting the franchisor's trademark, brand, or both. For	987
purposes of this division, "franchisor" and "franchisee" have	988
the same meanings as in 16 C.F.R. 436.1.	989
(II) "Modified adjusted gross income" means Ohio adjusted	990
gross income plus any amount deducted under division (A)(28) of	991
this section for the taxable year.	992
(JJ) "Qualifying Ohio educator" means an individual who,	993
for a taxable year, qualifies as an eligible educator, as that	994
term is defined in section 62 of the Internal Revenue Code, and	995
who holds a certificate, license, or permit described in Chapter	996
3319. or section 3301.071 of the Revised Code.	997
Section 2. That existing section 5747.01 of the Revised	998
Code is hereby repealed.	999
Section 3. It is the intent of the General Assembly that	1000
any taxpayer with a federal net operating loss in a taxable year	1001
ending in 2020 or 2021 and subject to division (A)(17)(a)(v) of	1002
section 5747.01 of the Revised Code, as amended by this act,	1003
shall add back, for that taxable year, depreciation expense	1004
allowed by subsection (k) of section 168 of the Internal Revenue	1005
Code and qualifying section 179 depreciation expense, as defined	1006
in that division, pursuant to divisions (A)(17)(a)(i) to (iv) of	1007
that section, as applicable.	1008
Section 4. Section 5747.01 of the Revised Code is	1009
presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended	1010
by both H.B. 18 and H.B. 197 of the 133rd General Assembly. The	1011
General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B)	1012
of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be	1013
harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation,	1014
finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section	1015

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in effect prior to the effective date of the section as	1016
presented in this act.	1017