As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 632

Representative Daniels

Cosponsors: Representatives Hillyer, Lorenz

A BILL

То	amend sections 2329.01, 2329.151, 2329.152,	1
	2329.153, 2329.17, 2329.18, 2329.19, 2329.20,	2
	2329.211, 2329.26, 2329.27, 2329.312, 2329.51,	3
	and 2329.52 of the Revised Code relating to real	4
	property foreclosures.	-

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2329.01, 2329.151, 2329.152,	6
2329.153, 2329.17, 2329.18, 2329.19, 2329.20, 2329.211, 2329.26,	7
2329.27, 2329.312, 2329.51, and 2329.52 of the Revised Code be	8
amended to read as follows:	9
Sec. 2329.01. (A) Lands and tenements, including vested	10
legal interests therein, permanent leasehold estates renewable	11
forever, and goods and chattels, not exempt by law, shall be	12
subject to the payment of debts, and liable to be taken on	13
execution and sold as provided in sections 2329.02 to 2329.61 of	14
the Revised Code.	15
(B) As used in sections 2329.02 to 2329.61 of the Revised	16
Code:	17
(1) "Commercial property" means any property that is not	18

residential property.	19
(2) "Private selling officer" means a resident of this	20
state licensed as both an auctioneer under Chapter 4707. of the	21
Revised Code and as a real estate broker or real estate	22
salesperson under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code.	23
(3) "Residential mortgage loan" and "residential property"	24
have the same meanings as in section 2308.01 of the Revised	25
Code.	26
(4) "Sale date" means the day on which an auction for real	27
<pre>estate concludes.</pre>	28
(5) "Start date" means the first day an auction for real	29
estate is open for bidding to the public.	30
Sec. 2329.151. Except as provided in sections 2329.152 to	31
2329.154 of the Revised Code, all public auctions of goods,	32
chattels, or lands levied upon by execution shall be conducted	33
personally by one of the following:	34
(A) An officer of the court;	35
(B) For the public auction of goods and chattels, a	36
resident of this state licensed as an auctioneer under Chapter	37
4707. of the Revised Code;	38
$\frac{(C)}{(C)}$ (C) (1) For the public auction of lands, a private	39
selling officer who is not affiliated with or employed by either	40
of the following:	41
(a) A mortgagee or mortgage servicer;	42
(b) A subsidiary of a mortgagee or mortgage servicer.	43
(2) As used in division (C)(1) of this section,	44
"affiliated with" a mortgagee or mortgage servicer means a	45

person that, directly or indirectly, through one or more	46
intermediaries, controls, is controlled by, or is under common	47
control with, the specified mortgagee or mortgage servicer.	48
(3) Nothing in this section shall be construed to prohibit	49
a mortgagee or mortgage servicer from engaging in a regular	50
course of business with an independent private selling officer.	51
Sec. 2329.152. (A) In every action demanding the judicial	52
or execution sale of real estate in which the debtor has failed	53
to plead or otherwise defend as provided by the Rules of Civil	54
Procedure, the judgment creditor may elect that the real estate	55
be sold at a public auction by a private selling officer. If the	56
judgment creditor elects to have the real estate sold by the	57
private selling officer, the judgment creditor shall file with	58
the clerk of the court a praecipe directing the issuance of an	59
order of sale to the private selling officer. A judgment	60
creditor may specify multiple private selling officers in the	61
praecipe, any of which may conduct the sale.	62
In every other action demanding the judicial or execution	63
sale of real estate, the county sheriff shall sell the real	64
estate at a public auction, unless the judgment creditor files a	65
motion with the court for an order authorizing a specified	66
private selling officer to sell the real estate at a public	67
auction. If the court authorizes a private selling officer to	68
sell the real estate, the judgment creditor may seek to have the	69
property sold by the private selling officer authorized by the	70
court or by the county sheriff. If the judgment creditor elects	71
to have the property sold by the private selling officer	72
authorized by the court, the judgment creditor shall file with	73
the clerk of the court a praecipe requesting the issuance of an	74
order of appraisal to the sheriff and an order of sale to the	75

private selling officer authorized by the court. Upon	76
Upon the filing of that the praecipe, the clerk of the	77
court shall immediately issue both of the following:	78
(1) An order of appraisal to the sheriff, who shall obtain	79
an appraisal of the real estate in conformity with sections	80
2329.17 and 2329.18 of the Revised Code;	81
(2) An an order of sale to the private selling officer,	82
who, after the return or determination of the appraisal, shall	83
advertise and sell the real estate in conformity with applicable	84
provisions of sections 2329.01 to 2329.61 of the Revised Code	85
using the appraised value established under section 2329.17 of	86
the Revised Code.	87
Within ten days after the issuance of an order of sale to	88
a private selling officer, any lienholder who is a party to the	89
action may file a motion with the court objecting to the use of	90
the private selling officer. If such motion is filed within ten	91
days after the issuance of the order of sale and the court	92
determines there is good and reasonable cause, as defined in	93
this division, the court may order that the sale be reset,	94
republished, and conducted by the county sheriff.	95
As used in this division, "good and reasonable cause"	96
means that the lienholder is more likely to have its lien_	97
satisfied, in whole or in part, if the sale is conducted by the	98
<pre>county sheriff.</pre>	99
(B)(1) As used in this division:	100
(a) "Business day" means a calendar day that is not a	101
Saturday or Sunday or a legal holiday as defined in section 1.14	102
of the Revised Code.	103

104

133

(b) "Remote bid" means a bid submitted in writing via

facsimile, electronic mail, or overnight delivery or courier.	105
(2) If the sale of the real estate is conducted at a	106
physical location and not online, then each judgment creditor	107
and lienholder who was a party to the action may submit a remote	108
bid to the sheriff or the private selling officer. Each sheriff	109
and private selling officer shall establish and maintain a	110
facsimile number or an electronic mail address for use by	111
judgment creditors and lienholders in submitting remote bids.	112
Each remote bid shall be of a fixed maximum amount and shall be	113
delivered to the sheriff or private selling officer on or before	114
four-thirty p.m. on the business day immediately preceding the	115
date of the sale date.	116
(3) Before the sale, the sheriff or the private selling	117
officer shall confirm receipt of the remote bid by sending	118
notice of such receipt via facsimile or electronic mail to the	119
judgment creditor or lienholder who submitted the remote bid.	120
During the sale, the sheriff or the private selling officer	121
shall place the remote bid on behalf of the judgment creditor or	122
lienholder who submitted the remote bid. After the sale, the	123
sheriff or the private selling officer shall provide notice of	124
the results of the sale not later than the close of business on	125
the day of the sale to all judgment creditors and lienholders	126
who submitted remote bids. Such notice shall be sent via	127
facsimile or electronic mail to the judgment creditor or	128
lienholder or by posting the results of the sale on a public web	129
site.	130
(4) If a sheriff or private selling officer fails to place	131
a remote bid on behalf of a judgment creditor or lienholder to	132

the prejudice of the judgment creditor or lienholder, then, upon

the filing of a motion to vacate the sale within ten business 134 days after the sale date, the sale shall be vacated. 135

- (C) (1) A judgment creditor that obtains a court order 136 authorizing a specified private selling officer to sell the real 137 estate at a public auction pursuant to division (A) of this 138 section may instruct the private selling officer to postpone the 139 sale of the real estate one or more times, provided, however 140 that all rescheduled sale dates shall be within one hundred 141 eighty days of the initial sale date. Upon receiving this 142 instruction, the private selling officer shall postpone the sale 143 of the real estate by announcing that the sale is postponed. If 144 the sale is at a physical location, this announcement shall be 145 made at the sale and shall include the date, time, and place of 146 the rescheduled sale of the real estate. If the sale is online, 147 this announcement shall be made on the auction web site and 148 shall include the date of the rescheduled sale of real estate. 149 Each such announcement shall be deemed to meet the notice 150 requirement in section 2329.26 of the Revised Code. 151
- (2) If the judgment creditor does not wish to postpone the 152 sale of the real estate, the judgment creditor may instruct the 153 private selling officer to cancel the sale of the real estate. 154 Upon receiving this instruction, the private selling officer 155 shall cancel the sale of the real estate by announcing that the 156 sale is canceled. If the sale is at a physical location, this 157 announcement shall be made at the sale. If the sale is online, 158 this announcement shall be made on the auction web site and 159 shall remain posted there until at least the end of the seven-160 calendar-day bidding period described in 161 division (E)(1)(a) of this section -2329.152 of the Revised Code. 162

163

(3) If the sale of the real estate is postponed or

canceled as described in divisions (C)(1) and (2) of this	164
section, all bids made on the real estate prior to the	165
postponement or cancellation of the sale shall be void.	166
(D)(1) If the judgment creditor obtains a court order to	167
have the real estate sold by a private selling officer, then:	168
(a) The Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(5) of	169
section 122.17 of the Revised Code, the cost of the appraisal	170
appraisals required by that section 2329.17 of the Revised Code	171
shall be taxed as costs in the case.	172
(b) The cost of the advertisement <u>in a newspaper of</u>	173
general circulation as required by section 2329.26 of the	174
Revised Code, not to exceed fifty dollars, shall be taxed as	175
costs in the case.	176
(c) The fee charged by the private selling officer and all	177
costs incurred by the private selling officer other than the	178
costs described in divisions (D)(1)(a) and (b) of this section	179
shall be taxed as costs in the case up to an amount equal to one	180
and one-half per cent of the sale price of the real estate. To	181
the extent the fees and costs described in division (D)(1)(c) of	182
this section exceed one and one-half per cent of the sale price	183
of the real estate, they shall not be included in the amount	184
necessary to redeem real estate under section 2329.33 of the	185
Revised Code or in the calculation of any deficiency judgment	186
under section 2329.08 of the Revised Code but rather. Rather,	187
the fees and costs shall be paid by the buyer of the property,	188
the judgment creditor, or from the judgment creditor's portion	189
of the proceeds of the sale in an amount not exceeding ten per	190
cent of the sale price of the real estate.	191
(2) The private selling officer shall file with the court	192

that issued the order of sale an itemized report of all	193
appraisal, publication, marketing, and other expenses of a sale	194
conducted under this section and all fees charged by the private	195
selling officer for marketing the real estate or conducting the	196
sale of the real estate, including the fee charged by the title	197
agent or title insurance company for administrative services, if	198
applicable, and title, escrow, and closing services. Each filing	199
of such itemized report shall be deemed to meet the writ of	200
execution requirement in section 2329.28 of the Revised Code.	201
(E)(1) The private selling officer who conducts a sale	202
under this section may do any of the following:	203
(a) Market the real estate and conduct the public auction	204
of the real estate online or at any physical location in the	205
county in which the real estate is situated. If the auction	206
occurs online, the auction shall be open for bidding for a	207
minimum of seven three calendar days, counted by excluding the	208
day the auction is first open for bidding and, notwithstanding	209
section 1.14 of the Revised Code, including all subsequent days.	210
The online auction shall be conducted in a manner so that all	211
bids are publicly displayed upon entry by the bidder throughout	212
the bidding period described in division (E)(1)(a) of this	213
section.	214
(b) Hire a title insurance agent licensed under Chapter	215
3953. of the Revised Code or title insurance company authorized	216
to do business under that chapter to assist the private selling	217
officer in performing administrative services;	218
(c) Execute to the purchaser, or to the purchaser's legal	219
representatives, a deed of conveyance of the real estate sold;	220

(d) Record on behalf of the purchaser the deed conveying

221

title to the real estate sold, notwithstanding that the deed may	222
not actually have been delivered to the purchaser prior to its	223
recording.	224
(2) By placing a bid at a sale conducted pursuant to this	225
section, a purchaser appoints the private selling officer who	226
conducts the sale as agent of the purchaser for the sole purpose	227
of accepting delivery of the deed.	228
or accepting derivery or the deed.	220
(3) The private selling officer who conducts the sale	229
shall hire a title insurance agent licensed under Chapter 3953.	230
of the Revised Code or title insurance company authorized to do	231
business under that chapter to perform title, escrow, and	232
closing services related to the sale of the real estate.	233
(F) The fee charged by the title agent or title insurance	234
company for services provided under divisions (E)(1)(b) and (3)	235
of this section shall be taxed as costs in the case provided	236
they are reasonable. Fees less than or equal to five hundred	237
dollars are presumed to be reasonable. Fees exceeding five	238
hundred dollars shall be paid only if authorized by a court	239
order.	240
Sec. 2329.153. (A) Not later than ninety days after the	241
effective date of this section September 28, 2016, the	242
department of administrative services shall solicit competitive	243
sealed proposals for the creation, operation, and maintenance of	244
the official public sheriff sale web site and an integrated	245
auction management system. The official public sheriff sale web	246
site and integrated auction management system shall be a single	247
statewide system for use by all county sheriffs in accordance	248
with the requirements of this section.	249
(B) The official public sheriff sale web site shall meet	250

the following minimum requirements:	251
(1) The web site shall have a domain name relevant to the	252
judicial sale of real property.	253
(2) The web site shall be limited to the judicial sale of	254
real property located in this state.	255
(3) The web site shall not charge a fee for members of the	256
public to view properties for sale.	257
(4) The web site shall allow each county sheriff to add	258
text, images, or graphics to the web site for the purpose of	259
identifying the county or sheriff conducting the sale.	260
(5) The web site shall include industry-standard features	261
and functionality, including user guides, online financial	262
transaction device payments, anti-snipe functionality, watch	263
lists, electronic mail notifications, maximum bid limits,	264
automatic incremental bidding, and search and map features that	265
allow users to search by county, zip code, address, parcel	266
number, appraised value, party name, case number, and other	267
variables relevant to the judicial sale of real property. As	268
used in this section, "financial transaction device" has the	269
same meaning as in section 301.28 of the Revised Code.	270
(6) The web site shall include features that allow for the	271
cancellation of sales as required by law or court order and the	272
postponement of sales in accordance with divisions (E)(2) and	273
(3) of this section.	274
(7) The web site shall provide a secure payment processing	275
system that accepts online payments for property sold via the	276
web site and, in an efficient and cost-effective manner,	277
transfers those payments to the appropriate county official or	278
account	279

(8) The web site shall include the ability for an attorney	280
or law firm to enter a bid in a representative capacity.	281
(9) The web site shall be integrated with the auction	282
management system described in division (C) of this section.	283
(C) The auction management system shall meet the following	284
minimum requirements:	285
(1) The auction management system shall have a role-based	286
workflow engine to assist in conducting sales on the web site,	287
capturing data, complying with all relevant laws, and managing	288
administrative processes related to the judicial sale of real	289
property in a timely, secure, and accurate manner.	290
(2) The auction management system shall record the data	291
necessary to meet the reporting requirements of section 2329.312	292
of the Revised Code.	293
(3) The auction management system shall be able to	294
generate documents required by the court ordering the sale or	295
related to the judicial sale of real property.	296
(4) The auction management system shall be able to record	297
fees, costs, deposits, and other money items with the objective	298
of ensuring an accurate accounting of moneys received and	299
disbursed in each judicial sale of real property.	300
(5) The auction management system shall be integrated with	301
the web site described in division (B) of this section.	302
(6) The auction management system shall conduct the sale	303
in a manner so that all bids are publicly displayed upon entry	304
by the bidder throughout the bidding period described in	305
division (E) (1) of this section.	306
(D) The license fee for the creation, operation, and	307

Page 12 H. B. No. 632 As Introduced

maintenance of the official public sheriff sale web site and	308
integrated auction management system shall be determined using a	309
per-transaction license fee model or a per-use license fee	310
model. The addition of a property to the official public sheriff	311
sale web site or the auction management system shall each be	312
deemed a transaction for purposes of determining the license	313
fee. The license fee applicable to each judicial sale of real	314
property shall be taxed as costs in the case. No additional	315
license fees shall be assessed to the county sheriff.	316
(E)(1) Not later than one year after the effective date of	317
this section September 28, 2016, in all cases in which the	318
sheriff is ordered to conduct a judicial sale of real property,	319
the following shall occur:	320
(a) For residential property, the sale may be conducted on	321
the official public sheriff sale web site for a five-year period	322
beginning on the date the online system is fully operational.	323
After this five-year period sales shall be conducted on the	324
official public sheriff sale web site.	325
(b) For commercial property, the sale may be conducted on	326
the official public sheriff sale web site.	327
All sales conducted on the official public sheriff sale	328
web site shall be open for bidding for at least seven three	329
days.	330
(2) If the sale of the real property is to be conducted on	331
the official public sheriff sale web site, the judgment creditor	332
may instruct the sheriff to postpone the sale of the real	333
property one time for up to one hundred eighty days after the	334
initial sale date. Upon receiving such instruction for	335
postponement, the sheriff shall postpone the sale of the	336

property by announcing on the official public sheriff sale web	337
site that the sale is postponed and giving notice of the	338
rescheduled sale date. This announcement shall be deemed to meet	339
the notice requirement of section 2329.26 of the Revised Code.	340
(2) 75 12 1 2 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	2.41
(3) If the judgment creditor does not wish to postpone the	341
sale of the real property, the judgment creditor may instruct	342
the sheriff to cancel the sale of the property. Upon receiving	343
this instruction, the sheriff shall cancel the sale of the	344
property by announcing on the official public sheriff sale web	345
site that the sale is canceled. This announcement shall remain	346
posted on the official public sheriff sale web site until at	347
least the end of the seven-day three-day bidding period	348
described in division (E)(1) of this section.	349
(4) If the colo of the weel property is rectmoned on	350
(4) If the sale of the real property is postponed or	
canceled according to divisions (E)(2) and (3) of this section,	351
all bids made on the real property prior to the postponement or	352
cancellation of the sale shall be void.	353
(F) Pursuant to their authority in section 9.482 of the	354
Revised Code, counties may elect to enter into a shared services	355
agreement relating to the judicial sale of real property on the	356
official public sheriff sale web site. The shared services	357
agreement may seek to improve efficiency and reduce costs in the	358
judicial sale of real property by consolidating administrative	359
functions and processes.	360
Sec. 2329.17. $\frac{(A)-(A)(1)}{(A)}$ When execution is levied upon	361
lands and tenements residential real property, the sheriff	362
responsible for the sale of the property shall—call an inquest—	363
	364
of three disinterested freeholders, who are residents of, and	
real property owners in, the county where the lands taken in	365

execution are situated, who shall appraise the property so

366

levied upon, upon actual view. acquire three exterior-only	367
appraisals of the property.	368
(2) Each such appraisal shall be conducted by an	369
individual who meets all of the following criteria:	370
(a) Is licensed under either Chapter 4735. or 4763. of the	371
Revised Code;	372
(b) Is a freeholder in this state;	373
(c) Resides and owns real property in the county where the	374
<pre>property is located;</pre>	375
(d) Is not the sheriff, the private selling officer, or a	376
person affiliated with the sheriff or private selling officer.	377
(3) The cost of the appraisals shall not exceed an amount	378
that the sheriff determines is reasonable and customary for such	379
services.	380
(4)(a) The individuals selected to conduct the appraisal	381
shall return to the sheriff an estimate of the value of the	382
property within fourteen calendar days after the clerk of court	383
issues the order of appraisal.	384
(b) If a private selling officer is responsible for the	385
sale of the property, the individuals selected by the sheriff	386
also shall deliver an electronic copy of the individual's	387
appraisal to the private selling officer, as directed by the	388
private selling officer, contemporaneously with the delivery of	389
the individual's appraisal to the sheriff.	390
(5) If the individuals selected by the sheriff under this	391
section do not deliver the individual's appraisal within	392
fourteen calendar days after the clerk of court issues the order	393
of appraisal, then both of the following apply:	394

(a) The cost of the appraisal conducted by the individuals	395
shall not be paid to the individuals or taxed as costs in the	396
case.	397
(b) The appraised value of the property shall be the most_	398
recent appraised value of the property as shown on the records	399
of the county auditor unless, for good cause shown, the court	400
authorizes a separate appraisal of the property.	401
(B) If the property to be appraised is residential	402
property, the freeholders selected by the sheriff shall return-	403
to the sheriff an estimate of the value of the property in money	404
within twenty-one calendar days of the issuance of the order of	405
appraisal by the clerk of the court.	406
If the court has ordered or the clerk of the court has-	407
issued an order for a private selling officer to advertise and	408
sell the appraised property, the freeholders selected by the	409
sheriff shall also deliver a copy of their appraisal to the	410
private selling officer contemporaneously with their delivery of	411
their appraisal to the sheriff.	412
(C) If the freeholders selected by the sheriff under-	413
division (B) of this section do not deliver their appraisal	414
within twenty-one calendar days of the issuance of the order of	415
appraisal by the clerk of the court as required by division (B)	416
of this section, then all of the following shall occur:	417
(1) The cost of the appraisal by the freeholders shall not	418
be payable to the freeholders or taxed as costs in the case.	419
(2) The appraised value of the property shall be the most	420
recent appraised value of the property as shown on the records	421
of the county auditor, unless, for good cause shown, the court	422
authorizes a separate appraisal of the property.	423

(3) The advertisement and sale of the property shall	424
proceed immediately in accordance with the order of	425
advertisement and sale issued by the clerk of the court.	426
If a separate appraisal of the property is obtained, the	427
cost of the appraisal shall be included as an expense of the	428
sale pursuant to division (D) of section 2329.152 of the Revised	429
Code.	430
(D)(B)(1) If the property to be appraised sold is	431
commercial property, the <u>sheriff shall acquire three appraisals</u>	432
of the property. Each such appraisal shall be conducted by an	433
individual who meets the criteria prescribed by division (A)(2)	434
of this section.	435
(2) The freeholders selected by the sheriff shall return	436
to the sheriff an estimate of the value of the property in money	437
in accordance with the timing or other requirements, if any,	438
that may be established for the sale.	439
(E) (C) The advertisement and sale of real property	440
described in division (A) or (B) of this section shall proceed	441
immediately in accordance with the order of advertisement and	442
sale issued by the clerk of the court.	443
(D) The municipal corporation or township in which the	444
real property described in division (A) or (B) of this section	445
is situated may inspect prior to the judicial sale any	446
structures located on lands subject to a writ of execution such	447
real property.	448
Sec. 2329.18. (A) If a court has ordered or the clerk of a	449
court has issued an order for the sheriff to advertise and sell	450
the real estate-for which the appraised value has been-	451
determined pursuant to section 2329.17 of the Revised Code, the	452

sheriff shall deposit a copy of the appraisal with the clerk of	453
the court from which the writ was issued, and immediately	454
advertise and sell such the real estate in conformity with	455
sections 2329.01 to 2329.61 of the Revised Code.	456
(B) If the court has ordered or the clerk of the court has	457
issued an order for a private selling officer to advertise and	458
sell the real estate—for which the appraised value has been—	459
determined pursuant to section 2329.17 of the Revised Code, the	460
private selling officer shall immediately advertise and sell the	461
real estate in conformity with sections 2329.01 to 2329.61 of	462
the Revised Code.	463
Sec. 2329.19. Upon the determination of the appraised	464
value pursuant to section 2329.17 of the Revised Code, if If it	465
appears that two-thirds of the appraised value, as established	466
pursuant to section 2329.17 of the Revised Code, of the lands	467
and tenements real property levied upon is sufficient to satisfy	468
the execution, with costs, the judgment on which the execution	469
issued shall not operate as a lien on the residue of the	470
debtor's estate to the prejudice of any other judgment creditor.	471
Sec. 2329.20. Except as otherwise provided in this section	472
or sections 2329.51 and 2329.52 of the Revised Code, no tract of	473
land shall be sold for less than two-thirds the amount of the	474
appraised value as determined established pursuant to section	475
2329.17 of the Revised Code. In all cases in which a junior	476
mortgage or other junior lien is sought to be enforced against	477
real estate by an order, judgment, or decree of court, subject	478
to a prior lien thereon, and such prior lien, and the claims or	479
obligations secured thereby, are unaffected by such order,	480
judgment, or decree, the court making such order, judgment, or	481
decree, may determine the minimum amount for which such real	482

estate may be sold. In such a case, the minimum amount shall be	483
not less than two-thirds of the difference between the appraised	484
value of the real estate as <u>determined</u> established in that	485
section, and the amount remaining unpaid on the claims or	486
obligations secured by such prior lien.	487
Sec. 2329.211. (A)(1) In every action demanding the	488
judicial or execution sale of residential property, if the	489
judgment creditor is the purchaser at the sale, the purchaser	490
shall not be required to make a sale deposit. All other	491
purchasers shall make a sale deposit as follows:	492
(a) If the appraised value of the residential property is	493
less than or equal to ten thousand dollars, the deposit shall be	494
two thousand dollars.	495
(b) If the appraised value of the residential property is	496
greater than ten thousand dollars but less than or equal to two	497
hundred thousand dollars, the deposit shall be five thousand	498
dollars.	499
(c) If the appraised value of the residential property is	500
greater than two hundred thousand dollars, the deposit shall be	501
ten thousand dollars.	502
(2) The timing of the deposit and other payment	503
requirements shall be established by the court or the person	504
conducting the sale and included in the advertisement of the	505
sale. If the purchaser fails to meet the timing or other	506
requirements of the deposit, the sale shall be invalid and the	507
residential property may be brought to sale on the provisional	508
second sale any subsequent start date, if any, described in	509
division (B) of section 2329.52 of the Revised Code, and	510
included in the notice required by division (A)(1)(a)(i) of	511

section 2329.26 of the Revised Code.	512
(3) If the sale is held online, the deposit may be made by	513
a financial transaction device as defined in section 301.28 of	514
the Revised Code.	515
(B) In every action demanding the judicial or execution	516
sale of commercial property, the purchaser at the sale shall	517
make a deposit pursuant to the requirements, if any, established	518
for the sale.	519
Sec. 2329.26. (A) Lands and tenements taken in execution	520
shall not be sold until all of the following occur:	521
(1)(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (A)(1)(b)	522
of this section, the judgment creditor who seeks the sale of the	523
lands and tenements or the judgment creditor's attorney does	524
both of the following:	525
(i) Causes a written notice to be served in accordance	526
with divisions (A) and (B) of Civil Rule 5 upon the judgment	527
debtor and upon each other party to the action in which the	528
judgment giving rise to the execution was rendered. Such notice	529
shall include the <u>start</u> date, time, and place of the sale if the	530
sale is to be held at a physical location or the start date and	531
web site address of the sale if the sale is to be held online.	532
Such notice shall also include the provisional second sale any	533
subsequent start date described in division (B) of section	534
2329.52 of the Revised Code, if applicable.	535
(ii) At least seven calendar days prior to the <u>sale</u> date	536
of the sale, files with the clerk of the court that rendered the	537
judgment giving rise to the execution a copy of the written	538
notice described in division (A)(1)(a)(i) of this section with	539
proof of service endorsed on the copy in the form described in	540

division (B) of Civil Rule 5.	541
(b) Service of the written notice described in division	542
(A)(1)(a)(i) of this section is not required to be made upon any	543
party who is in default for failure to appear in the action in	544
which the judgment giving rise to the execution was rendered.	545
(2) One of the following applies:	546
(a) The officer taking the lands and tenements gives	547
public notice once a week for at least three consecutive weeks	548
before the day of sale if the sale is to be held at a physical	549
location or the start date of the sale if the sale is to be	550
conducted onlinedate. The last date of publication shall be four	551
or more calendar days prior to the sale date.	552
Such Except as otherwise provided in division (C) of this	553
section, the first such notice, occurring at least three weeks	554
<u>before the sale date</u> , shall be by advertisement in a newspaper	555
of general circulation in the county. The newspaper shall meet	556
the requirements of section 7.12 of the Revised Code. The court	557
ordering the sale may designate in the order of sale the	558
newspaper in which this public notice shall be published.	559
Subsequent notices required by division (A)(2)(a) of this	560
section shall be made on the sheriff's web site, or a web site	561
maintained by the sheriff for that purpose.	562
The notice notices shall include all the following	563
information:	564
(i) The date, time, and place of the sale if the sale is	565
to be held at a physical location;	566
(ii) The start date, the minimum duration, and web site	567
address of the sale if the sale is to be held online;	568

(iii) The deposit required by section 2329.211 of the	569
Revised Code;	570
(iv) That the purchaser shall be responsible for those	571
costs, allowances, and taxes that the proceeds of the sale are	572
insufficient to cover;	573
(v) The Information meeting the requirements of division	574
(A)(2)(a)(i) or (ii) of this section, as applicable to where the	575
sale is to be held, for any subsequent provisional second sale	576
date described in division (B) of section 2329.52 of the Revised	577
Code, if applicable; provided, however, that no sale shall be	578
invalid, nor shall the court vacate any sale, if the notice	579
described in division (A)(1)(a)(i) of this section or the public	580
notice described in division (A)(2) of this section fails to	581
include the provisional <u>sale</u> date for a <u>second</u> <u>subsequent</u> sale	582
of the property and the property is sold on the initial sale	583
date.	584
(vi) The notices required by division (A)(2) of this	585
section need not include a description of the property in metes	586
and bounds.	587
(b) If Except as provided in division (B) of this section,	588
<u>if</u> a private selling officer has been ordered to sell the lands	589
and tenements, the private selling officer shall give the public	590
notice described in division (A)(2)(a) of this section—in the	591
newspaper designated by the court. If the court has not	592
designated a newspaper, the private selling officer shall give	593
this public notice in the newspaper customarily used or	594
designated by the county sheriff, except that the online notices	595
required by that division shall be posted to the private selling	596
officer's web site, or a web site maintained by the private	597
selling officer for those purposes, rather than the sheriff's	598

web site, or a web site maintained by the sheriff for those	599
purposes. No sale that otherwise complies with division (A)(2)	600
of this section shall be invalid.	601
(B) Any officer taking lands and tenements in execution	602
that are advertised and offered for sale but unsold for want of	603
bidders may advertise any subsequent sale in any method the	604
officer finds suitable, which may include online advertisement	605
instead of print. Any such advertisement of a subsequent sale	606
shall be deemed to meet the notice requirement in division (A)	607
of this section.	608
(C)(1) A sheriff or private selling officer shall not	609
charge or include as an expense of the sale any amount for	610
publishing notice on the sheriff's or private selling officer's	611
web site or a web site maintained by the sheriff or private	612
selling officer for those purposes.	613
(2) A sheriff or private selling officer shall not include	614
as an expense of the sale more than fifty dollars to give public	615
notice of the sale in a newspaper of general circulation in the	616
county.	617
(3) If the court ordering the sale designates the	618
newspaper in which the public notice is to be published, and the	619
sheriff or private selling officer is unable to publish notice	620
in that newspaper for fifty dollars or less, then the sheriff or	621
private selling officer may publish notice in another newspaper	622
of general circulation in the county.	623
(4) If the sheriff or private selling officer, despite	624
reasonable efforts, is unable to find a newspaper of general	625
circulation in the county that will publish notice of the sale_	626
for fifty dollars or less, subject to division (C)(1) of this	627

section, the sheriff or private selling officer may instead	628
publish notice of the sale on a sheriff's or private selling	629
officer's web site, or a web site maintained by the sheriff or	630
private selling officer for those purposes.	631
(D) The sheriff or private selling officer taking the	632
lands and tenements shall collect the purchaser's information	633
required by section 2329.271 of the Revised Code.	634
$\frac{(C)}{(E)}$ A sale of lands and tenements taken in execution	635
may be set aside in accordance with division (A) or (B) of	636
section 2329.27 of the Revised Code.	637
Sec. 2329.27. (A) When the public notice required by	638
division (A)(2) of section 2329.26 of the Revised Code is made-	639
in a newspaper published weekly, it is sufficient to insert it-	640
for three consecutive weeks. If both a daily and weekly edition-	641
of the paper are published and the circulation of the daily in-	642
the county exceeds that of the weekly in the county, or if the-	643
lands and tenements taken in execution are situated in a city,	644
both a daily and weekly edition of the paper are published, and	645
the circulation of the daily in that city exceeds the	646
circulation of the weekly in that city, it is sufficient to-	647
publish the public notice in the daily once a week for three	648
consecutive weeks before the day of sale, each insertion to be-	649
on the same day of the week. The expense of that publication in-	650
a daily shall not exceed the cost of publishing it in a weekly.	651
(B)(1) Subject Except as provided in division (B) of	652
section 2329.26 of the Revised Code and subject to divisions (B)	653
(2) and (3) of this section, all sales of lands and	654
tenements taken in execution that are made without compliance	655
with the written notice requirements of division (A)(1)(a) of	656
section 2329.26 of the Revised Code, the public notice	657

requirements of division (A)(2) of that section, <u>and</u> the notice	658
requirements of section 2329.261 of the Revised Code, the	659
purchaser information requirements of section 2329.271 of the	660
Revised Code, and division (A) of this section shall be set	661
aside, on motion by any interested party, by the court to which	662
the execution is returnable.	663
(2) (B) Proof of service endorsed upon a copy of the	664
written notice required by division (A)(1)(a) of section 2329.26	665
of the Revised Code shall be conclusive evidence of the service	666
of the written notice in compliance with the requirements of	667
that division, unless a party files a motion to set aside the	668
sale of the lands and tenements pursuant to division $\frac{(B)(1)}{(A)}$	669
of this section and establishes by a preponderance of the	670
evidence that the proof of service is fraudulent.	671
$\frac{(3)}{(C)}$ If the court to which the execution is returnable	672
enters its order confirming the sale of the lands and tenements,	673
the order shall have both of the following effects:	674
$\frac{(a)}{(1)}$ The order shall be deemed to constitute a judicial	675
finding as follows:	676
(i) (a) That the sale of the lands and tenements complied	677
with the written notice requirements of division (A)(1)(a) of	678
section 2329.26 of the Revised Code and the public notice	679
requirements of division (A)(2) of that $section_{7}$ and $section$	680
2329.261 of the Revised Code, and division (A) of this section,	681
or that compliance of that nature did not occur but the failure	682
to give a written notice to a party entitled to notice under	683
division (A)(1)(a) of section 2329.26 of the Revised Code has	684
not prejudiced that party;	685
(ii) (b) That all parties entitled to notice under	686

division (A)(1)(a) of section 2329.26 of the Revised Code	687			
received adequate notice of the date, time, and place of the				
sale of the lands and tenements;	689			
(iii) (c) That the purchaser has submitted the contact	690			
information required by section 2329.271 of the Revised Code.				
	691 692			
(b) (2) The order bars the filing of any further motions				
to set aside the sale of the lands and tenements.	693			
Sec. 2329.312. (A) All levying officers appointed or	694			
authorized by a court under this chapter to conduct the judicial	695			
or execution sale of residential property consisting of one to	696			
four single-family units shall submit quarterly reports to the	697			
attorney general. The reports shall include data on each such	698			
sale conducted by the officer, including data showing whether or	699			
not the deadlines required under division (E) of section	700			
2308.02 , division (B) of section 2329.17, and sections 2329.30				
and 2329.31 of the Revised Code are met.	702			
(B) The attorney general shall make the information	703			
included in the reports described in division (A) of this				
section publicly available.	705			
Sec. 2329.51. When real estate taken on execution and	706			
appraised, is advertised, and offered for sale but is unsold for	707			
want of bidders meeting the minimum bid requirements established	708			
under this chapter, the court from which the execution issued,	709			
on motion of the plaintiff, shall set aside such appraisement	710			
and order a new appraisement to be made, or shall set aside the	711			
levy and appraisement and award a new execution to issue. When	712			
such real estate or a part of it has been two times appraised	713			
and thereafter advertised and offered for sale, and is unsold-	714			
for want of bidders, the court may direct the amount for which	715			

				- 4 6
i 🛨	shall	he	5014	716
_ L	SHALL	\mathcal{L}	5014.	710

Sec. 2329.52. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division 717 (B) of this section, when premises are ordered to be sold, if 718 said premises, or a part thereof, remain unsold for want of 719 bidders meeting the minimum bid requirements established under 720 this chapter, after having been once appraised, advertised, and 721 offered for sale, the court from which the order of sale issued 722 may, on motion of the plaintiff or defendant and from time to 723 time until said premises are disposed of, order a new 724 725 appraisement and sale or direct the amount for which said premises, or a part thereof, may be sold. 726

The court may order that the premises be sold as follows:

One third cash in hand, one third in nine months from the day of sale date, and the remaining one third in eighteen months from the day of sale date, the deferred payments to draw interest at six per cent and be secured by a mortgage on the premises.

727

728

729

730

731

(B) (1) When a residential property is ordered to be sold 732 pursuant to a residential mortgage loan foreclosure action, if 733 the property remains unsold after the first auction, then a 734 second_subsequent_auction shall be held and the property shall 735 be sold to the highest bidder without regard to the minimum bid 736 requirement in section 2329.20 of the Revised Code, but subject 737 to section 2329.21 of the Revised Code relating to costs, 738 allowances, and real estate taxes, or disposed of in any other 739 manner pursuant to this chapter or any other provision of the 740 Revised Code. This second Any subsequent auction shall be held 741 not earlier than seven_three days and not later than thirty days 742 743 after the <u>first previous</u> auction <u>start date</u>. A <u>residential</u> property that remains unsold after two auctions may be-744 745 subsequently offered for sale without regard to the minimum bid

requirement in section 2329.20 of the Revised Code, but subject	746	
to section 2329.21 of the Revised Code relating to costs,	747	
allowances, and real estate taxes, or disposed of in any other-	748	
manner pursuant to this chapter or any other provision of the	749	
Revised Code.	750	
(2) For purposes of division (B)(1) of this section, the	751	
first day an online auction is open for bidding shall be		
considered the start date of the auction.		
Section 2. That existing sections 2329.01, 2329.151,	754	
2329.152, 2329.153, 2329.17, 2329.18, 2329.19, 2329.20,	755	
2329.211, 2329.26, 2329.27, 2329.312, 2329.51, and 2329.52 of	756	
the Revised Code are hereby repealed.	757	