As Introduced

135th General Assembly Regular Session 2023-2024

H. B. No. 536

Representatives Cross, Miller, K.

A BILL

Го	amend sections 307.515, 733.40, 2152.21,	1
	4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81,	2
	4513.263, 4513.35, and 5503.04 and to enact	3
	sections 4510.312 and 4513.264 of the Revised	4
	Code to make failure to wear a seat belt and	5
	failure to properly secure a child in the	6
	appropriate booster seat or seat belt a primary	7
	offense, rather than a secondary offense, and to	8
	make other specified changes regarding those	9
	offenses.	10

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 307.515, 733.40, 2152.21,	11
4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81, 4513.263,	12
4513.35, and 5503.04 be amended and sections 4510.312 and	13
4513.264 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	14
Sec. 307.515. (A) All fines and penalties collected by,	15
and moneys arising from forfeited bail in, a municipal court for	16
offenses and misdemeanors brought for prosecution in the name of	17
a municipal corporation under one of its penal ordinances, where	18
there is in force a state statute under which the offense might	19

be prosecuted, or brought for prosecution in the name of the	20
state, except a portion of those fines, penalties, and moneys	21
that, plus all costs collected monthly in those state cases,	22
equal the compensation allowed by the board of county	23
commissioners to the judges of the municipal court, its clerk,	24
and the prosecuting attorney of that court in state cases, shall	25
be retained by the clerk of that municipal court and shall be	26
deposited by the clerk each month in the county law library	27
resources fund that is created under section 307.514 of the	28
Revised Code in the county in which that municipal corporation	29
is located. The sum that the clerk of the municipal court	30
deposits in the county law library resources fund shall in no	31
month be less than twenty-five per cent of the amount of such	32
fines, penalties, and moneys received in that month, without	33
deducting the amount of the allowance of the board of county	34
commissioners to the judges, clerk, and prosecuting attorney.	35

36

37

38

39

40

41

42

43

44

45

46

47

48

49

The total amount paid under this section in any one calendar year by the clerks of all municipal courts in any one county to the county law library resources fund shall in no event exceed the following amounts:

- (1) In counties having a population of fifty thousand or less, seventy-five hundred dollars and the maximum amount paid by any of such courts shall not exceed four thousand dollars in any calendar year.
- (2) In counties having a population in excess of fifty thousand but not in excess of one hundred thousand, eight thousand dollars and the maximum amount paid by any of such courts shall not exceed five thousand five hundred dollars in any calendar year.
 - (3) In counties having a population in excess of one

hundred thousand but not in excess of one hundred fifty 50 thousand, ten thousand dollars and the maximum amount paid by 51 any of such courts shall not exceed seven thousand dollars in 52 any calendar year. 53

- (4) In counties having a population of in excess of one 54 hundred fifty thousand, fifteen thousand dollars in any calendar 55 year. The maximum amount to be paid by each clerk shall be 56 determined by the county auditor in December of each year for 57 the next succeeding calendar year and shall bear the same ratio 58 to the total amount payable under this section from the clerks 59 of all municipal courts in such county as the total fines, 60 costs, and forfeitures received by the corresponding municipal 61 court, bear to the total fines, costs, and forfeitures received 62 by all the municipal courts in the county, as shown for the last 63 complete year of actual receipts, on the latest available 64 budgets of such municipal courts. Payments in the full amounts 6.5 provided in this section shall be made monthly by each clerk in 66 each calendar year until the maximum amount for such year has 67 been paid. When that amount, so determined by the auditor, has 68 been paid to the county law library resources fund, then no 69 further payments shall be required in that calendar year from 70 the clerk of that court. 71
- (5) This section does not apply to fines collected by a 72 municipal court for violations of division (B) of section 73 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal 74 ordinance that is substantively comparable to that division, all 75 of which shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state as 76 provided in division (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised 77 Code. 78
 - (B) The county treasurer, upon the voucher of the county 79

auditor, shall deposit fifty per cent of all moneys collected by	80
a county court accruing from fines, penalties, and forfeited	81
bail, unless otherwise distributed by law, in the county law	82
library resources fund in that county that is created under	83
section 307.514 of the Revised Code. The county treasurer shall	84
deposit those moneys into that fund within thirty days after	85
those moneys have been paid into the county treasury by the	86
clerk of the county court.	87

88

89

90

91

92

93

This section does not apply to fines collected by a county court for violations of division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal ordinance that is substantively comparable to that division, all of which shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state as provided in division-(E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.

(C) In each county of the state, the clerk of the court of 94 common pleas and the clerk of the probate court shall retain all 95 fines and penalties collected by, and moneys arising from 96 forfeited bail in, the court of common pleas and the probate 97 court of that county for offenses and misdemeanors brought for 98 prosecution in those courts in the name of the state and monthly 99 shall deposit those moneys in the county law library resources 100 fund in that county that is created under section 307.514 of the 101 Revised Code. The total sums so deposited shall not exceed 102 twelve hundred fifty dollars per annum, and when that amount has 103 been deposited in the fund in accordance with this section then 104 no further payments shall be required under this section in that 105 calendar year from the clerks of those respective courts. 106

This section does not apply to fines collected by a court 107 of common pleas for violations of division (B) of section 108 4513.263 of the Revised Code, all of which shall be forwarded to 109

the treasurer of state as provided in division (E) of that	110
section.	111
This section does not apply to fines imposed under	112
division (B)(9) of section 2929.18 of the Revised Code and	113
collected by a court of common pleas, all of which shall be	114
forwarded by the court to the treasurer of state not later than	115
the twentieth day of the month after the month in which they are	116
collected for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of	117
the rape crisis program trust fund created by section 109.921 of	118
the Revised Code.	119
the Kevised Code.	119
(D) In each county, the treasurer of the county or the	120
treasurer of the municipal corporation shall deposit monthly	121
fifty per cent of all fines and penalties collected by, and	122
fifty per cent of moneys arising from forfeited bail in, any	123
court in that county for offenses brought for prosecution under	124
Chapters 4301. and 4303. of the Revised Code and the state	125
traffic laws in the county legal resources fund in that county	126
that is created under section 307.514 of the Revised Code. The	127
sum so deposited in that fund by each treasurer shall not exceed	128
twelve hundred dollars per annum under Chapters 4301. and 4303.	129
of the Revised Code, and when that amount has been deposited in	130
that fund in accordance with this section, then no further	131
deposits shall be required under this section in that calendar	132
year from those treasurers.	133
	1 2 4
As used in this section, "state traffic laws" does not	134
include division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	135
Sec. 733.40. Except as otherwise provided in section	136
4511.193 of the Revised Code, all fines, forfeitures, and costs	137
in ordinance cases and all fees that are collected by the mayor,	138

that in any manner come into the mayor's hands, or that are due

the mayor or a marshal, chief of police, or other officer of the	140
municipal corporation, any other fees and expenses that have	141
been advanced out of the treasury of the municipal corporation,	142
and all money received by the mayor for the use of the municipal	143
corporation shall be paid by the mayor into the treasury of the	144
municipal corporation on the first Monday of each month. At the	145
first regular meeting of the legislative authority each month,	146
the mayor shall submit a full statement of all money received,	147
from whom and for what purposes received, and when paid into the	148
treasury. Except as otherwise provided by section 307.515 or	149
4511.19 of the Revised Code, all fines, and forfeitures	150
collected by the mayor in state cases, together with all fees	151
and expenses collected that have been advanced out of the county	152
treasury, shall be paid by the mayor to the county treasury on	153
the first business day of each month. Except as otherwise	154
provided by section 307.515 or 4511.19 of the Revised Code, the	155
mayor shall pay all court costs and fees collected by the mayor	156
in state cases into the municipal treasury on the first business	157
day of each month.	158

This section does not apply to fines collected by a 159 mayor's court for violations of division (B) of section 4513.263 160 of the Revised Code, or for violations of any municipal 161 ordinance that is substantively comparable to that division, all 162 of which shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state as 163 provided in division (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised 164 Code. 165

Sec. 2152.21. (A) Unless division (C) of this section 166 applies, if a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender, 167 the court may make any of the following orders of disposition: 168

(1) Impose costs and one or more financial sanctions in 169

accordance with section 2152.20 of the Revised Code;	170
(2) Suspend the child's driver's license, probationary	171
driver's license, or temporary instruction permit for a definite	172
period not exceeding two years or suspend the registration of	173
all motor vehicles registered in the name of the child for a	174
definite period not exceeding two years. A child whose license	175
or permit is so suspended is ineligible for issuance of a	176
license or permit during the period of suspension. At the end of	177
the period of suspension, the child shall not be reissued a	178
license or permit until the child has paid any applicable	179
reinstatement fee and complied with all requirements governing	180
license reinstatement.	181
(3) Place the child on community control;	182
(4) If the child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic	183
offender for an act other than an act that would be a minor	184
misdemeanor if committed by an adult and other than an act that	185
could be disposed of by the juvenile traffic violations bureau	186
serving the court under Traffic Rule 13.1 if the court has	187
established a juvenile traffic violations bureau, require the	188
child to make restitution pursuant to division (A)(3) of section	189
2152.20 of the Revised Code;	190
(5)(a) If the child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic	191
offender for committing a violation of division (A) of section	192
4511.19 of the Revised Code or of a municipal ordinance that is	193
substantially equivalent to that division, commit the child, for	194
not longer than five days, to either of the following:	195
(i) The temporary custody of a detention facility or	196
district detention facility established under section 2152.41 of	197
the Revised Code;	198

(ii) The temporary custody of any school, camp,	199
institution, or other facility for children operated in whole or	200
in part for the care of juvenile traffic offenders of that	201
nature by the county, by a district organized under section	202
2151.65 or 2152.41 of the Revised Code, or by a private agency	203
or organization within the state that is authorized and	204
qualified to provide the care, treatment, or placement required.	205
(b) If an order of disposition committing a child to the	206
temporary custody of a home, school, camp, institution, or other	207
facility of that nature is made under division (A)(5)(a) of this	208
section, the length of the commitment shall not be reduced or	209
diminished as a credit for any time that the child was held in a	210
place of detention or shelter care, or otherwise was detained,	211
prior to entry of the order of disposition.	212
(6) If, after making a disposition under divisions (A)(1)	213
to (5) of this section, the court finds upon further hearing	214
that the child has failed to comply with the orders of the court	215
and the child's operation of a motor vehicle constitutes the	216
child a danger to the child and to others, the court may make	217
any disposition authorized by divisions (A)(1), (4), (5), and	218
(8) of section 2152.19 of the Revised Code, except that the	219
child may not be committed to or placed in a secure correctional	220
facility unless authorized by division (A)(5) of this section,	221
and commitment to or placement in a detention facility may not	222
exceed twenty-four hours.	223
(B) If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender	224
for violating division (A) or (B) of section 4511.19 of the	225
Revised Code, in addition to any order of disposition made under	226
division (A) of this section, the court shall impose a class six	227

suspension of the temporary instruction permit, probationary

driver's license, or driver's license issued to the child from	229
the range specified in division (A)(6) of section 4510.02 of the	230
Revised Code. The court, in its discretion, may terminate the	231
suspension if the child attends and satisfactorily completes a	232
drug abuse or alcohol abuse education, intervention, or	233
treatment program specified by the court. During the time the	234
child is attending a program as described in this division, the	235
court shall retain the child's temporary instruction permit,	236
probationary driver's license, or driver's license issued, and	237
the court shall return the permit or license if it terminates	238
the suspension as described in this division.	239
(C) If a child is adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender	240
for violating division (B)(1) of section 4513.263 of the Revised	241

- Code, the court shall impose the appropriate fine set forth in 242 division $\frac{(G)-(F)(1)}{(F)(1)}$ of that section. If a child is adjudicated a 243 juvenile traffic offender for violating division (B)(3) of 244 section 4513.263 of the Revised Code and if the child is sixteen 245 years of age or older, the court shall impose the fine set forth 246 in division $\frac{(G)(2)}{(F)(2)}$ (F)(2) of that section. If a child is 247 adjudicated a juvenile traffic offender for violating division 248 (B)(3) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code and if the child 249 is under sixteen years of age, the court shall not impose a fine 250 but may place the child on probation or community control. 251
- (D) A juvenile traffic offender is subject to sections 4509.01 to 4509.78 of the Revised Code.
- Sec. 4501.11. (A) There is hereby created in the state 254 treasury the security, investigations, and policing fund. 255 Notwithstanding section 5503.04 of the Revised Code, no fines 256 collected from or money arising from bonds or bail forfeited by 257 persons apprehended or arrested by state highway patrol troopers 258

shall be credited to the general revenue fund until sufficient	259
revenue to fund appropriations for the activities described	260
under division (B) of this section are credited to the security,	261
investigations, and policing fund. All investment earnings of	262
the security, investigations, and policing fund shall be	263
credited to that fund.	264
This division does not apply to fines for violations of	265
division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or to	266
fines for violations of any municipal ordinance that is	267
substantively comparable to that division, which fines shall be	268
	269
delivered to the treasurer of state as provided in division (E)	
of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	270
(B) The money credited to the security, investigations,	271
and policing fund shall be used to pay the costs of:	272
(1) Providing security for the governor, other officials	273
and dignitaries, the capitol square, and other state property	274
pursuant to division (E) of section 5503.02 of the Revised Code;	275
(2) Undertaking major criminal investigations that involve	276
state property interests;	277
(3) Providing traffic control and security for the Ohio	278
expositions commission on a full-time, year-round basis;	279
(4) Performing nonhighway-related duties of the state	280
highway patrol at the Ohio state fair.	281
Sec. 4507.05. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles, or a	282
deputy registrar, upon receiving an application for a temporary	283
instruction permit and a temporary instruction permit	284
identification card for a driver's license from any person who	285
is at least fifteen years six months of age, may issue such a	286
permit and identification card entitling the applicant to drive	287

a motor vehicle, other than a commercial motor vehicle, upon the	288
highways under the following conditions:	289
(1) If the permit is issued to a person who is at least	290
fifteen years six months of age, but less than sixteen years of	291
age:	292
(a) The permit and identification card are in the holder's	293
<pre>immediate possession;</pre>	294
(b) The holder is accompanied by an eligible adult who	295
actually occupies the seat beside the permit holder and does not	296
have a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole blood,	297
blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine as provided in division	298
(A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code;	299
(c) The total number of occupants of the vehicle does not	300
exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices	301
originally installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer,	302
and each occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available	303
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device.	304
(2) If the permit is issued to a person who is at least	305
sixteen years of age:	306
(a) The permit and identification card are in the holder's	307
<pre>immediate possession;</pre>	308
(b) The holder is accompanied by a licensed operator who	309
is at least twenty-one years of age, is actually occupying a	310
seat beside the driver, and does not have a prohibited	311
concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, blood serum or	312
plasma, breath, or urine as provided in division (A) of section	313
4511.19 of the Revised Code;	314
(c) The total number of occupants of the vehicle does not	315

exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices	316
originally installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer,	317
and each occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available	318
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device.	319
(B) The registrar or a deputy registrar, upon receiving	320
from any person an application for a temporary instruction	321
permit and temporary instruction permit identification card to	322
operate a motorcycle, motor-driven cycle or motor scooter, or	323
motorized bicycle, may issue such a permit and identification	324
card entitling the applicant, while having the permit and	325
identification card in the applicant's immediate possession, to	326
drive a motorcycle or motor-driven cycle or motor scooter, under	327
the restrictions prescribed in section 4511.53 of the Revised	328
Code, or to drive a motorized bicycle under restrictions	329
determined by the registrar. A temporary instruction permit and	330
temporary instruction permit identification card to operate a	331
motorized bicycle may be issued to a person fourteen or fifteen	332
years old.	333
(C) Any permit and identification card issued under this	334
section shall be issued in the same manner as a driver's	335
license, upon a form to be furnished by the registrar. A	336
temporary instruction permit to drive a motor vehicle other than	337
a commercial motor vehicle shall be valid for a period of one	338
year.	339
(D) Any person having in the person's possession a valid	340
and current driver's license or motorcycle operator's license or	341
endorsement issued to the person by another jurisdiction	342
recognized by this state is exempt from obtaining a temporary	343
instruction permit for a driver's license and from submitting to	344
the examination for a temporary instruction permit and the	345

regular examination for obtaining a driver's license or	346
motorcycle operator's endorsement in this state if the person	347
does all of the following:	348
(1) Submits to and passes vision screening as provided in	349
section 4507.12 of the Revised Code;	350
(2) Surrenders to the registrar or deputy registrar the	351
person's driver's license issued by the other jurisdiction; and	352
(3) Complies with all other applicable requirements for	353
issuance by this state of a driver's license, driver's license	354
with a motorcycle operator's endorsement, or restricted license	355
to operate a motorcycle.	356
If the person does not comply with all the requirements of	357
this division, the person shall submit to the regular	358
examination for obtaining a driver's license or motorcycle	359
operator's endorsement in this state in order to obtain such a	360
license or endorsement.	361
(E) The registrar may adopt rules governing the use of	362
temporary instruction permits and temporary instruction permit	363
identification cards.	364
(F)(1) No holder of a permit issued under division (A) of	365
this section shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or any	366
public or private property used by the public for purposes of	367
vehicular travel or parking in violation of the conditions	368
established under division (A) of this section.	369
(2) Except as provided in division (F)(2) of this section,	370
no holder of a permit that is issued under division (A) of this	371
section and that is issued on or after July 1, 1998, and who has	372
not attained the age of eighteen years, shall operate a motor	373
vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by	374

the	public	for	purpose	s of	vehicular	travel	or	parking	between	375
the	hours	of mi	idnight	and	six a.m.					376

The holder of a permit issued under division (A) of this 377 section on or after July 1, 1998, who has not attained the age 378 of eighteen years, may operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or 379 any public or private property used by the public for purposes 380 of vehicular travel or parking between the hours of midnight and 381 six a.m. if, at the time of such operation, the holder is 382 accompanied by the holder's parent, quardian, or custodian, and 383 the parent, guardian, or custodian holds a current valid 384 driver's or commercial driver's license issued by this state, is 385 actually occupying a seat beside the permit holder, and does not 386 have a prohibited concentration of alcohol in the whole blood, 387 blood serum or plasma, breath, or urine as provided in division 388 (A) of section 4511.19 of the Revised Code. 389

(G) (1) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the 390 contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of 391 392 a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stopthe motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether-393 each occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the 394 available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining 395 device as required by division (A) of this section, or for the 396 sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the 397 requirement in that division has been or is being violated, or 398 for causing the arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a 399 person for a violation of that requirement. 400

(2)—(G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a 404

violation of division (F)(2) of this section has been or is	405
being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket,	406
citation, or summons for such a violation or for causing the	407
arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for such	408
violation.	409
(H) As used in this section:	410
(1) "Eligible adult" means any of the following:	411
(a) An instructor of a driver training course approved by	412
the department of public safety;	413
(b) Any of the following persons who holds a current valid	414
driver's or commercial driver's license issued by this state:	415
(i) A parent, guardian, or custodian of the permit holder;	416
(ii) A person twenty-one years of age or older who acts in	417
loco parentis of the permit holder.	418
(2) "Occupant restraining device" has the same meaning as	419
in section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	420
(I) Whoever violates division (F)(1) or (2) of this	421
section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	422
Sec. 4507.071. (A) The registrar of motor vehicles or any	423
deputy registrar shall not issue a driver's license to any	424
person under eighteen years of age, except that the registrar or	425
a deputy registrar may issue a probationary license to a person	426
who is at least sixteen years of age and has held a temporary	427
instruction permit for a period of at least six months.	428
(B)(1)(a) No holder of a probationary driver's license who	429
has held the license for less than twelve months shall operate a	430
motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property	431

used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking	432
between the hours of midnight and six a.m. unless the holder is	433
accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian.	434
(b) No holder of a probationary driver's license who has	435
held the license for twelve months or longer shall operate a	436
motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property	437
used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking	438
between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m. unless the holder is	439
accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian.	440
(2)(a) Subject to division (D)(1) of this section,	441
division (B)(1)(a) of this section does not apply to the holder	442
of a probationary driver's license who is doing-either any of	443
the following:	444
(i) Traveling to or from work between the hours of	445
midnight and six a.m., provided that the holder has in the	446
holder's immediate possession written documentation from the	447
holder's employer-;	448
(ii) Traveling to or from an official function sponsored	449
by the school the holder attends between the hours of midnight	450
and six a.m., provided that the holder has in the holder's	451
immediate possession written documentation from an appropriate	452
official of the school;	453
(iii) Traveling to or from an official religious event	454
between the hours of midnight and six a.m., provided that the	455
holder has in the holder's immediate possession written	456
documentation from an appropriate official affiliated with the	457
event.	458
(b) Division (B)(1)(b) of this section does not apply to	459
the holder of a probationary driver's license who is doing	460

<pre>either_any of the following:</pre>	461
(i) Traveling to or from work between the hours of one	462
a.m. and five a.m., provided that the holder has in the holder's	463
immediate possession written documentation from the holder's	464
employer-;	465
(ii) Traveling to or from an official function sponsored	466
by the school the holder attends between the hours of one a.m.	467
and five a.m., provided that the holder has in the holder's	468
immediate possession written documentation from an appropriate	469
official of the school;	470
(iii) Traveling to or from an official religious event	471
between the hours of one a.m. and five a.m., provided that the	472
holder has in the holder's immediate possession written	473
documentation from an appropriate official affiliated with the	474
event.	475
(3) An employer, school official, or official affiliated	476
with a religious event is not liable in damages in a civil	477
action for any injury, death, or loss to person or property that	478
allegedly arises from, or is related to, the fact that the	479
employer, school official, or official affiliated with a	480
religious event provided the holder of a probationary driver's	481
license with the written documentation described in division (B)	482
(2) of this section.	483
The registrar of motor vehicles shall make available at no	484
cost a form to serve as the written documentation described in	485
division (B)(2) of this section, and employers, school	486
officials, officials affiliated with religious events, and	487
holders of probationary driver's licenses may utilize that form	488
or may choose to utilize any other written documentation to meet	489

the requirements of that division.	490
(4) No holder of a probationary driver's license who has	491
held the license for less than twelve months shall operate a	492
motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property	493
used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking	494
with more than one person who is not a family member occupying	495
the vehicle unless the probationary license holder is	496
accompanied by the probationary license holder's parent,	497
guardian, or custodian.	498
(C) It is an affirmative defense to a violation of	499
division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if, at the time of the	500
violation, an emergency existed that required the holder of the	501
probationary driver's license to operate a motor vehicle in	502
violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section or the	503
holder was an emancipated minor.	504
(D)(1) If a person is issued a probationary driver's	505
license prior to attaining the age of seventeen years and the	506
person pleads guilty to, is convicted of, or is adjudicated in	507
juvenile court of having committed a moving violation during the	508
six-month period commencing on the date on which the person is	509
issued the probationary driver's license, the court with	510
jurisdiction over the violation may order that the holder must	511
be accompanied by the holder's parent or guardian whenever the	512
holder is operating a motor vehicle upon a highway or any public	513
or private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular	514
travel or parking for a period not to exceed six months or the	515
date the holder attains the age of seventeen years, whichever	516
occurs first.	517
(2) Any person who is subject to the operating	518

restrictions established under division (D) (1) of this section

as a result of a first moving violation may petition the court	520
for driving privileges without being accompanied by the holder's	521
parent or guardian during the period of time determined by the	522
court under that division. In granting the driving privileges,	523
the court shall specify the purposes of the privileges and shall	524
issue the person appropriate forms setting forth the privileges	525
granted. If a person is convicted of, pleads guilty to, or is	526
adjudicated in juvenile court of having committed a second or	527
subsequent moving violation, the court with jurisdiction over	528
the violation may terminate any driving privileges previously	529
granted under this division.	530

- (3) No person shall violate any operating restriction imposed under division (D)(1) or (2) of this section.
- (E) No holder of a probationary license shall operate a motor vehicle upon a highway or any public or private property used by the public for purposes of vehicular travel or parking unless the total number of occupants of the vehicle does not exceed the total number of occupant restraining devices originally installed in the motor vehicle by its manufacturer, and each occupant of the vehicle is wearing all of the available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device.
- (F) A restricted license may be issued to a person who is fourteen or fifteen years of age upon proof of hardship satisfactory to the registrar of motor vehicles.
- (G) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the

 contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of

 a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop

 the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether

 cach occupant of the motor vehicle is wearing all of the

 available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining

 549

device as required by division (E) of this section, or for the	550
sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation, or summons if the	551
requirement in that division has been or is being violated, or	552
for causing the arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a	553
person for a violation of that requirement.	554
(H) Notwithstanding any other provision of law to the	555
contrary, no law enforcement officer shall cause the operator of	556
a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop	557
the motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a	558
violation of division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section has been	559
or is being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a	560
ticket, citation, or summons for such a violation or for causing	561
the arrest of or commencing a prosecution of a person for such	562
violation.	563
(I) (H) As used in this section:	564
(1) "Occupant restraining device" has the same meaning as	565
in section 4513.263 of the Revised Code.	566
(2) "Family member" of a probationary license holder	567
includes any of the following:	568
(a) A spouse;	569
(b) A child or stepchild;	570
(c) A parent, stepparent, grandparent, or parent-in-law;	571
(d) An aunt or uncle;	572
(e) A sibling, whether of the whole or half blood or by	573
adoption, a brother-in-law, or a sister-in-law;	574
(f) A son or daughter of the probationary license holder's	575
stepparent if the stepparent has not adopted the probationary	576

license holder;	577
(g) An eligible adult, as defined in section 4507.05 of	578
the Revised Code.	579
(3) "Moving violation" means any violation of any statute	580
or ordinance that regulates the operation of vehicles,	581
streetcars, or trackless trolleys on the highways or streets.	582
"Moving violation" does not include a violation of section	583
4513.263 of the Revised Code or a substantially equivalent	584
municipal ordinance, or a violation of any statute or ordinance	585
regulating pedestrians or the parking of vehicles, vehicle size	586
or load limitations, vehicle fitness requirements, or vehicle	587
registration.	588
$\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ Whoever violates division (B)(1) or (4), (D)(3),	589
or (E) of this section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	590
Sec. 4510.312. (A) As used in this section, "offender"	591
means a person to which both of the following apply:	592
(1) The person has been issued a ticket, citation, or	593
summons for a violation of section 4511.81 or 4513.263 of the	594
Revised Code;	595
(2) The person has not previously been issued a ticket,	596
citation, or summons and paid a fine under section 4511.81 or	597
4513.263 of the Revised Code or equivalent municipal ordinances.	598
(B) The director of public safety shall establish an	599
occupant restraint safety course. The director shall require the	600
course to consist of thirty minutes of online instruction	601
regarding the following:	602
(1) Laws governing and the importance of wearing a	603

(2) Laws governing and the importance of properly securing	605
children in appropriate child restraint systems, booster seats,	606
and occupant restraining devices.	607
(C) The director shall not charge a fee to an offender who	608
participates in the course.	609
(D) The director shall issue to an offender who	610
successfully completes the course written evidence of such	611
<pre>completion.</pre>	612
Sec. 4511.043. (A) (1) No law enforcement officer who stops	613
the operator of a motor vehicle in the course of an authorized	614
sobriety or other motor vehicle checkpoint operation or a motor	615
vehicle safety inspection shall issue a ticket, citation, or	616
summons for a secondary traffic offense unless in the course of	617
the checkpoint operation or safety inspection the officer first	618
determines that an offense other than a secondary traffic	619
offense has occurred and either places the operator or a vehicle	620
occupant under arrest or issues a ticket, citation, or summons	621
to the operator or a vehicle occupant for an offense other than	622
a secondary offense.	623
(2) A law enforcement agency that operates a motor vehicle	624
checkpoint for an express purpose related to a secondary traffic	625
offense shall not issue a ticket, citation, or summons for any	626
secondary traffic offense at such a checkpoint, but may use such	627
a checkpoint operation to conduct a public awareness campaign	628
and distribute information.	629
(B) As used in this section, "secondary traffic offense"	630
means a violation of division $\frac{A}{O}$ or $\frac{A}{O}$ (F) (2) of section 4507.05,	631
division (B)(1)(a) or (b) $\frac{\text{or}}{\text{(E)}}$ of section 4507.071, $\frac{\text{division}}{\text{constant}}$	632
(C) or (D) of section 4511.81, or division (A) (3) of section	633

4513.03, or division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised	634
Code.	635
Sec. 4511.81. (A) When any child who is in either or both	636
of the following categories is being transported in a motor	637
vehicle, other than a taxicab or public safety vehicle as	638
defined in section 4511.01 of the Revised Code, that is required	639
by the United States department of transportation to be equipped	640
with seat belts at the time of manufacture or assembly, the	641
operator of the motor vehicle shall have the child properly	642
secured in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in a	643
child restraint system that meets federal motor vehicle safety	644
standards:	645
(1) A child who is less than four years of age;	646
(2) A child who weighs less than forty pounds.	647
(B) When any child who is in either or both of the	648
following categories is being transported in a motor vehicle,	649
other than a taxicab, that is owned, leased, or otherwise under	650
the control of a nursery school or child care center, the	651
operator of the motor vehicle shall have the child properly	652
secured in accordance with the manufacturer's instructions in a	653
child restraint system that meets federal motor vehicle safety	654
standards:	655
(1) A child who is less than four years of age;	656
(2) A child who weighs less than forty pounds.	657
(C) When any child who is less than eight years of age and	658
less than four feet nine inches in height, who is not required	659
by division (A) or (B) of this section to be secured in a child	660
restraint system, is being transported in a motor vehicle, other	661
than a taxicab or public safety vehicle as defined in section	662

4511.01 of the Revised Code or a vehicle that is regulated under

section 5104.015 of the Revised Code, that is required by the

United States department of transportation to be equipped with

seat belts at the time of manufacture or assembly, the operator

of the motor vehicle shall have the child properly secured in

accordance with the manufacturer's instructions on a booster

seat that meets federal motor vehicle safety standards.

669

- (D) When any child who is at least eight years of age but 670 not older than fifteen years of age, and who is not otherwise 671 required by division (A), (B), or (C) of this section to be 672 secured in a child restraint system or booster seat, is being 673 transported in a motor vehicle, other than a taxicab or public 674 safety vehicle as defined in section 4511.01 of the Revised 675 Code, that is required by the United States department of 676 transportation to be equipped with seat belts at the time of 677 manufacture or assembly, the operator of the motor vehicle shall 678 have the child properly restrained either in accordance with the 679 manufacturer's instructions in a child restraint system that 680 meets federal motor vehicle safety standards or in an occupant 681 restraining device as defined in section 4513.263 of the Revised 682 Code. 683
- (E) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 684 no law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of a motor 685 vehicle being operated on any street or highway to stop the 686 motor vehicle for the sole purpose of determining whether a-687 violation of division (C) or (D) of this section has been or is 688 being committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket, 689 citation, or summons for a violation of division (C) or (D) of 690 691 this section or causing the arrest of or commencing aprosecution of a person for a violation of division (C) or (D) 692 of this section, and absent another violation of law, a law-693

enforcement officer's view of the interior or visual inspection	694
of a motor vehicle being operated on any street or highway may	695
not be used for the purpose of determining whether a violation	696
of division (C) or (D) of this section has been or is being	697
committed.	698
(F) The director of public safety shall adopt such rules	699
as are necessary to carry out this section.	700
$\frac{(G)}{(F)}$ The failure of an operator of a motor vehicle to	701
secure a child in a child restraint system, a booster seat, or	702
an occupant restraining device as required by this section is	703
not negligence imputable to the child, is not admissible as	704
evidence in any civil action involving the rights of the child	705
against any other person allegedly liable for injuries to the	706
child, is not to be used as a basis for a criminal prosecution	707
of the operator of the motor vehicle other than a prosecution	708
for a violation of this section, and is not admissible as	709
evidence in any criminal action involving the operator of the	710
motor vehicle other than a prosecution for a violation of this	711
section.	712
(H) (G) This section does not apply when an emergency	713
exists that threatens the life of any person operating or	714
occupying a motor vehicle that is being used to transport a	715
child who otherwise would be required to be restrained under	716
this section. This section does not apply to a person operating	717
a motor vehicle who has an affidavit signed by a physician	718
licensed to practice in this state under Chapter 4731. of the	719
Revised Code or a chiropractor licensed to practice in this	720
state under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code that states that	721
the child who otherwise would be required to be restrained under	722
this section has a physical impairment that makes use of a child	723

restraint system, booster seat, or an occupant restraining	724
device impossible or impractical, provided that the person	725
operating the vehicle has safely and appropriately restrained	726
the child in accordance with any recommendations of the	727
physician or chiropractor as noted on the affidavit.	728
$\frac{\text{(H)}}{\text{(H)}}$ There is hereby created in the state treasury the	729
child highway safety fund, consisting of fines imposed pursuant	730
to division (L)(1) of this section for violations of divisions	731
(A), (B), (C), and (D) of this section. The money in the fund	732
shall be used by the department of health only to defray the	733
cost of designating hospitals as pediatric trauma centers under	734
section 3727.081 of the Revised Code and to establish and	735
administer a child highway safety program. The purpose of the	736
program shall be to educate the public about child restraint	737
systems and booster seats and the importance of their proper	738
use. The program also shall include a process for providing	739
child restraint systems and booster seats to persons who meet	740
the eligibility criteria established by the department, and a	741
toll-free telephone number the public may utilize to obtain	742
information about child restraint systems and booster seats, and	743
their proper use.	744
$\frac{(J)}{(I)}$ The director of health, in accordance with Chapter	745
119. of the Revised Code, shall adopt any rules necessary to	746
carry out this section, including rules establishing the	747
criteria a person must meet in order to receive a child	748
restraint system or booster seat under the department's child	749
highway safety program; provided that rules relating to the	750
verification of pediatric trauma centers shall not be adopted	751
under this section.	752

(K) (J) Nothing in this section shall be construed to

require any person to carry with the person the birth	754
certificate of a child to prove the age of the child, but the	755
production of a valid birth certificate for a child showing that	756
the child was not of an age to which this section applies is a	757
defense against any ticket, citation, or summons issued for	758
violating this section.	759
$\frac{\text{(L) (1)}}{\text{(K) (1)}}$ Whoever violates division (A), (B), (C), or	760
(D) of this section shall be punished as follows, provided that	761
the failure of an operator of a motor vehicle to secure more	762
than one child in a child restraint system, booster seat, or	763
occupant restraining device as required by this section that	764
occurred at the same time, on the same day, and at the same	765
location is deemed to be a single violation of this section:	766
(a) Except as otherwise provided in division $\frac{\text{(L) (1) (b)}}{\text{(K)}}$	767
(1)(b) of this section, the offender is guilty of a minor	768
misdemeanor and shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars	769
nor more than seventy-five dollars.	770
(b) If the offender previously has been convicted of or	771
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (A), (B), (C), or (D)	772
of this section or of a municipal ordinance that is	773
substantially similar to any of those divisions, the offender is	774
guilty of a misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	775
(2) All fines imposed pursuant to division $\frac{\text{(L) (1)}}{\text{(K) (1)}}$	776
of this section shall be forwarded to the treasurer of state for	777
deposit in the child highway safety fund created by division $\overline{\text{(I)}}$	778
(H) of this section.	779
(3) In lieu of payment of the fine under division (K) (1)	780
(a) of this section, an offender who has not previously been	781
issued a ticket, citation, or summons and paid a fine under this	782

section, section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or equivalent	783
municipal ordinances may elect to complete the occupant	784
restraint safety course established under section 4510.312 of	785
the Revised Code. If the offender successfully completes the	786
course, the offender shall submit to the court, in lieu of the	787
fine, the written evidence required to be issued to the offender	788
under that section. The offender shall submit the written	789
evidence within ninety days of the offense.	790
Sec. 4513.263. (A) As used in this section—and in section—	791
4513.99 of the Revised Code:	792
(1) "Automobile" means any commercial tractor, passenger	793
car, commercial car, or truck that is required to be factory-	794
equipped with an occupant restraining device for the operator or	795
any passenger by regulations adopted by the United States	796
secretary of transportation pursuant to the "National Traffic-	797
and Motor Vehicle Safety Act of 1966," 80 Stat. 719, 15 U.S.C.A.	798
1392 and the national highway traffic safety administration.	799
(2) "Occupant restraining device" means a seat safety	800
belt, shoulder belt, harness, or other safety device for	801
restraining a person who is an operator of or passenger in an	802
automobile and that satisfies the minimum federal vehicle safety	803
standards established by the United States department of	804
transportation.	805
(3) "Passenger" means any person in an automobile, other	806
than its operator, who is occupying a seating position for which	807
an occupant restraining device is provided.	808
(4) "Commercial tractor," "passenger car," and "commercial	809
car" have the same meanings as in section 4501.01 of the Revised	810
Code.	811

Page 29 H. B. No. 536 As Introduced

(5) "Vehicle" and "motor vehicle," as used in the	812
definitions of the terms set forth in division (A)(4) of this	813
section, have the same meanings as in section 4511.01 of the	814
Revised Code.	815
(6) "Tort action" means a civil action for damages for	816
injury, death, or loss to person or property. "Tort action"	817
includes a product liability claim, as defined in section	818
2307.71 of the Revised Code, and an asbestos claim, as defined	819
in section 2307.91 of the Revised Code, but does not include a	820
civil action for damages for breach of contract or another	821
agreement between persons.	822
(B) No person shall do any of the following:	823
(1) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless	824
that person is wearing all of the available elements of a	825
properly adjusted occupant restraining device, or operate a	826
school bus that has an occupant restraining device installed for	827
use in its operator's seat unless that person is wearing all of	828
the available elements of the device, as properly adjusted;	829
(2) Operate an automobile on any street or highway unless	830
each passenger in the automobile who is subject to the	831
requirement set forth in division (B)(3) of this section is	832
wearing all of the available elements of a properly adjusted	833
occupant restraining device;	834
(3) Occupy, as a passenger, a seating position on the	835
front seat of an automobile being operated on any street or	836
highway unless that person is wearing all of the available	837
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device;	838
(4) Operate a taxicab on any street or highway unless all	839
factory-equipped occupant restraining devices in the taxicab are	840

maintained in usable form.	841
(C)(1) Division (B)(3) of this section does not apply to a	842
person who is required by section 4511.81 of the Revised Code to	843
be secured in a child restraint device or booster seat.	844
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to a	845
person who is an employee of the United States postal service or	846
of a newspaper home delivery service, during any period in which	847
the person is engaged in the operation of an automobile to	848
deliver mail or newspapers to addressees.	849
(3) Divisions (B)(1) and (3) of this section do not apply	850
to a person who has an affidavit signed by a physician licensed	851
to practice in this state under Chapter 4731. of the Revised	852
Code or a chiropractor licensed to practice in this state under	853
Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code that states the following:	854
(a) That the person has a physical impairment that makes	855
use of an occupant restraining device impossible or impractical;	856
(b) Whether the physical impairment is temporary,	857
permanent, or reasonably expected to be permanent;	858
(c) If the physical impairment is temporary, how long the	859
physical impairment is expected to make the use of an occupant	860
restraining device impossible or impractical.	861
(4) Divisions (B)(1) and (3) of this section do not apply	862
to a person who has registered with the registrar of motor	863
vehicles in accordance with division (C)(5) of this section.	864
(5) A person who has received an affidavit under division	865
(C)(3) of this section stating that the person has a permanent	866
or reasonably expected to be permanent physical impairment that	867
makes use of an occupant restraining device impossible or	868

impracticable may register with the registrar attesting to that	869
fact. Upon such registration, the registrar shall make that	870
information available in the law enforcement automated data	871
system. A person included in the database under division (C)(5)	872
of this section is not required to have the affidavit obtained	873
in accordance with division (C)(3) of this section in their	874
possession while operating or occupying an automobile.	875
(6) A physician or chiropractor who issues an affidavit	876
for the purposes of division (C)(3) or (4) of this section is	877
immune from civil liability arising from any injury or death	878
sustained by the person who was issued the affidavit due to the	879
failure of the person to wear an occupant restraining device	880
unless the physician or chiropractor, in issuing the affidavit,	881
acted in a manner that constituted willful, wanton, or reckless	882
misconduct.	883
(7) The registrar shall adopt rules in accordance with	884
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code establishing a process for a	885
person to be included in the database under division (C)(5) of	886
this section. The information provided and included in the	887
database under division (C)(5) of this section is not a public	888
record subject to inspection or copying under section 149.43 of	889
the Revised Code.	890
(D) - Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary,	891
no law enforcement officer shall cause an operator of an-	892
automobile being operated on any street or highway to stop the	893
automobile for the sole purpose of determining whether a-	894
violation of division (B) of this section has been or is being	895
committed or for the sole purpose of issuing a ticket, citation,	896
or summons for a violation of that nature or causing the arrest	897

of or commencing a prosecution of a person for a violation of

that nature, and no law enforcement officer shall view the	899
interior or visually inspect any automobile being operated on	900
any street or highway for the sole purpose of determining	901
whether a violation of that nature has been or is being	902
committed.	903
(E) (1) All fines collected for violations of division (B)	904
of this section, or for violations of any ordinance or	905
resolution of a political subdivision that is substantively	906
comparable to that division, shall be forwarded to the treasurer	907
of state for deposit into the state treasury to the credit of	908
the trauma and emergency medical services fund, which is hereby	909
created. In addition, the	910
(2) The trauma and emergency medical services fund shall	911
also consist of all of the following which shall be deposited	912
into the fund:	913
(a) The portion of the driver's license reinstatement fee	914
described in division (F)(2)(g) of section 4511.191 of the	915
Revised Code, plus all:	916
(b) All fees collected under section 4765.11 of the	917
Revised Code, plus all:	918
(c) All fines imposed under section 4765.55 of the Revised	919
Code, plus the ;	920
(d) The fees and other moneys specified in section 4766.05	921
of the Revised Code, and plus five;	922
(e) Five per cent of fines and moneys arising from bail	923
forfeitures as directed by section 5503.04 of the Revised Code,	924
also shall be deposited into the trauma and emergency medical	925
services fund All	926

(3) All money deposited into the trauma and emergency	927
medical services fund shall be used by the department of public	928
safety for the administration and operation of the division of	929
emergency medical services and the state board of emergency	930
medical, fire, and transportation services, and by the state	931
board of emergency medical, fire, and transportation services to	932
make grants, in accordance with section 4765.07 of the Revised	933
Code and rules the board adopts under section 4765.11 of the	934
Revised Code.—The—	935
(4) The director of budget and management may transfer	936
excess money from the trauma and emergency medical services fund	937
to the public safety - highway purposes fund established in	938
section 4501.06 of the Revised Code if the director of public	939
safety determines that the amount of money in the trauma and	940
emergency medical services fund exceeds the amount required to	941
cover such costs incurred by the emergency medical services	942
agency and the grants made by the state board of emergency	943
medical, fire, and transportation services and requests the	944
director of budget and management to make the transfer.	945
$\frac{(F)(1)}{(E)(1)}$ Subject to division $\frac{(F)(2)}{(E)(2)}$ of this	946
section, the failure of a person to wear all of the available	947
elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining device in	948
violation of division (B)(1) or (3) of this section or the	949
failure of a person to ensure that each minor who is a passenger	950
of an automobile being operated by that person is wearing all of	951
the available elements of a properly adjusted occupant	952
restraining device in violation of division (B)(2) of this	953
section shall not be considered or used by the trier of fact in	954
a tort action as evidence of negligence or contributory	955
negligence. But, the trier of fact may determine based on	956
evidence admitted consistent with the Ohio Rules of Evidence	957

that the failure contributed to the harm alleged in the tort	958
action and may diminish a recovery of compensatory damages that	959
represents noneconomic loss, as defined in section 2307.011 of	960
the Revised Code, in a tort action that could have been	961
recovered but for the plaintiff's failure to wear all of the	962
available elements of a properly adjusted occupant restraining	963
device. Evidence of that failure shall not be used as a basis	964
for a criminal prosecution of the person other than a	965
prosecution for a violation of this section; and shall not be	966
admissible as evidence in a criminal action involving the person	967
other than a prosecution for a violation of this section.	968
(2) If, at the time of an accident involving a passenger	969
car equipped with occupant restraining devices, any occupant of	970
the passenger car who sustained injury or death was not wearing	971
an available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of	972
the available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such	973
a device as properly adjusted, then, consistent with the Rules	974
of Evidence, the fact that the occupant was not wearing the	975
available occupant restraining device, was not wearing all of	976
the available elements of such a device, or was not wearing such	977
a device as properly adjusted is admissible in evidence in	978
relation to any claim for relief in a tort action to the extent	979
that the claim for relief satisfies all of the following:	980
(a) It seeks to recover damages for injury or death to the	981
occupant.	982
(b) The defendant in question is the manufacturer,	983
designer, distributor, or seller of the passenger car.	984

(c) The claim for relief against the defendant in question

is that the injury or death sustained by the occupant was

enhanced or aggravated by some design defect in the passenger

985

986

car or that the passenger car was not crashworthy.	988
$\frac{(G)(1)-(F)(1)}{(F)(1)}$ Whoever violates division (B)(1) of this	989
section shall be fined thirty dollars.	990
(2) Whoever violates division (B)(3) of this section shall	991
be fined twenty dollars.	992
(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division, whoever	993
violates division (B)(4) of this section is guilty of a minor	994
misdemeanor. If the offender previously has been convicted of or	995
pleaded guilty to a violation of division (B)(4) of this	996
section, whoever violates division (B)(4) of this section is	997
guilty of a misdemeanor of the third degree.	998
(4) In lieu of payment of the fine under divisions (F)(1)	999
to (3) of this section, an offender who has not previously been	1000
issued a ticket, citation, or summons and paid a fine under this	1001
section, section 4511.81 of the Revised Code, or equivalent	1002
municipal ordinances may elect to complete the occupant	1003
restraint safety course established under section 4510.312 of	1004
the Revised Code. If the offender successfully completes the	1005
course, the offender shall submit to the court, in lieu of the	1006
fine, the written evidence required to be issued to the offender	1007
under that section. The offender shall submit the written	1008
evidence within ninety days of the offense.	1009
Sec. 4513.264. (A) If a law enforcement officer issues an	1010
offender a ticket, citation, or summons for a violation of	1011
section 4511.81 or 4513.263 of the Revised Code, the officer	1012
shall report the issuance of the ticket, citation, or summons to	1013
the officer's law enforcement agency.	1014
(B) A law enforcement agency shall compile the information	1015
from reports submitted in accordance with division (A) of this	1016

section. Every other month, the agency shall prepare a report	1017
that describes the number of offenders who received a ticket,	1018
citation, or summons under sections 4511.81 and 4513.263 of the	1019
Revised Code during the prior two months. Upon completion of the	1020
report, the agency shall send the report to the attorney	1021
<pre>general.</pre>	1022
(C) The attorney general shall complete an annual report	1023
that is based on the reports submitted by law enforcement	1024
agencies under this section during the prior one-year period.	1025
The report shall describe both of the following:	1026
(1) The total number of offenders who received a ticket,	1027
citation, or summons for a violation of section 4511.81 or	1028
4513.263 of the Revised Code;	1029
(2) The information specified under division (B)(1) of	1030
this section listed by law enforcement agency.	1031
(D) Upon completion of the annual report, the attorney	1032
general shall submit it to the governor, the speaker of the	1033
house of representatives, and the president of the senate.	1034
Sec. 4513.35. (A) All fines collected under sections	1035
4511.01 to 4511.78, 4511.99, and 4513.01 to 4513.37 of the	1036
Revised Code shall be paid into the county treasury and, with	1037
the exception of that portion distributed under section 307.515	1038
of the Revised Code, shall be placed to the credit of the fund	1039
for the maintenance and repair of the highways within that	1040
county, except that:	1041
(1) All fines for violations of division (B) of section	1042
4513.263 shall be delivered to the treasurer of state as	1043
provided in division (E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised	1044
Code.	1045

(2) All fines collected from, or moneys arising from bonds	1046
forfeited by, persons apprehended or arrested by state highway	1047
patrol troopers shall be distributed as provided in section	1048
5503.04 of the Revised Code.	1049
(3)(a) Subject to division (E) of section 4513.263 of the	1050
Revised Code and except as otherwise provided in division (A)(3)	1051
(b) of this section, one-half of all fines collected from, and	1052
one-half of all moneys arising from bonds forfeited by, persons	1053
apprehended or arrested by a township constable or other	1054
township police officer shall be paid to the township treasury	1054
to be placed to the credit of the general fund.	1056
(b) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from	1057
bonds forfeited by, persons apprehended or arrested by a	1058
township constable or other township police officer pursuant to	1059
division (B)(2) or (C) of section 4513.39 of the Revised Code	1060
for a violation of section 4511.21 of the Revised Code or any	1061
other law, ordinance, or regulation pertaining to speed that	1062
occurred on a highway that is part of the interstate system or	1063
otherwise part of the national highway system, shall be paid	1064
into the county treasury and be credited as provided in the	1065
first paragraph of this section.	1066
(B) Notwithstanding any other provision of this section or	1067
of any other section of the Revised Code:	1068
	1000
(1) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from	1069
bonds forfeited by, persons arrested under division (E)(1) or	1070
(2) of section 2935.03 of the Revised Code are deemed to be	1071
collected, and to arise, from arrests made within the	1072
jurisdiction in which the arresting officer is appointed,	1073

elected, or employed, for violations of one of the sections or

chapters of the Revised Code listed in division (E)(1) of that

1074

section and shall be distributed accordingly.

(2) All fines collected from, and all moneys arising from 1077 bonds forfeited by, persons arrested under division (E)(3) of 1078 section 2935.03 of the Revised Code are deemed to be collected, 1079 and to arise, from arrests made within the jurisdiction in which 1080 the arresting officer is appointed, elected, or employed, for 1081 violations of municipal ordinances that are substantially 1082 equivalent to one of the sections or one of the provisions of 1083 one of the chapters of the Revised Code listed in division (E) 1084 (1) of that section and for violations of one of the sections or 1085 one of the provisions of one of the chapters of the Revised Code 1086 listed in division (E)(1) of that section, and shall be 1087 distributed accordingly. 1088

Sec. 5503.04. Forty-five per cent of the fines collected 1089 from or moneys arising from bail forfeited by persons 1090 apprehended or arrested by state highway patrol troopers shall 1091 be paid into the state treasury to be credited to the general 1092 revenue fund, five per cent shall be paid into the state 1093 treasury to be credited to the trauma and emergency medical 1094 services fund created by section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, 1095 and fifty per cent shall be paid into the treasury of the 1096 municipal corporation where the case is prosecuted, if in a 1097 mayor's court. If the prosecution is in a trial court outside a 1098 municipal corporation, or outside the territorial jurisdiction 1099 of a municipal court, the fifty per cent of the fines and moneys 1100 that is not paid into the state treasury shall be paid into the 1101 treasury of the county where the case is prosecuted. The fines 1102 and moneys paid into a county treasury and the fines and moneys 1103 paid into the treasury of a municipal corporation shall be 1104 deposited one-half to the same fund and expended in the same 1105 manner as is the revenue received from the registration of motor 1106

vehicles, and one-half to the general fund of such county or	1107
municipal corporation.	1108
If the prosecution is in a municipal court, forty-five per	1109
cent of the fines and moneys shall be paid into the state	1110
treasury to be credited to the general revenue fund, five per	1111
cent shall be paid into the state treasury to be credited to the	1112
trauma and emergency medical services fund created by division-	1113
(E) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, ten per cent shall	1114
be paid into the county treasury to be credited to the general	1115
fund of the county, and forty per cent shall be paid into the	1116
municipal treasury to be credited to the general fund of the	1117
municipal corporation. In the Auglaize county, Clermont county,	1118
Crawford county, Hocking county, Jackson county, Lawrence	1119
county, Madison county, Miami county, Ottawa county, Portage	1120
county, and Wayne county municipal courts, that portion of money	1121
otherwise paid into the municipal treasury shall be paid into	1122
the county treasury.	1123
The trial court shall make remittance of the fines and	1124
moneys as prescribed in this section, and at the same time as	1125
the remittance is made of the state's portion to the state	1126
treasury, the trial court shall notify the superintendent of the	1127
state highway patrol of the case and the amount covered by the	1128
remittance.	1129
This section does not apply to fines for violations of	1130
division (B) of section 4513.263 of the Revised Code, or for	1131
violations of any municipal ordinance that is substantively	1132
comparable to that division, all of which shall be delivered to	1133
the treasurer of state as provided in division (E) of section	1134
4513.263 of the Revised Code.	1135
Section 2. That existing sections 307.515, 733.40,	1136

I. B. No. 536 Page as Introduced	
2152.21, 4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81,	1137
4513.263, 4513.35, and 5503.04 of the Revised Code are hereby	1138
repealed.	1139
Section 3. The amendment of sections 307.515, 733.40,	1140
2152.21, 4501.11, 4507.05, 4507.071, 4511.043, 4511.81,	1141
4513.263, 4513.35, and 5503.04 of the Revised Code by this act	1142
and the enactment of sections 4510.312 and 4513.264 of the	1143
Revised Code by this act take effect ninety days after the	1144
effective date of this section.	1145