### As Reported by the House State and Local Government Committee

## **133rd General Assembly**

# Regular Session 2019-2020

H. B. No. 460

### Representatives Hambley, Skindell

Cosponsors: Representatives Jones, Kick, O'Brien, Keller, Wiggam, Smith, T.

### A BILL

То	amend sections 1901.07, 3501.01, 3505.03,	1
	3505.04, 3513.07, 3513.257, 3513.31, and	2
	3517.012 of the Revised Code to allow a partisan	3
	judicial candidate to appear on the general	4
	election ballot with a political party	5
	designation.	6

#### BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

<b>Section 1.</b> That sections 1901.07, 3501.01, 3505.03,	7
3505.04, 3513.07, 3513.257, 3513.31, and 3517.012 of the Revised	8
Code be amended to read as follows:	9
Sec. 1901.07. (A) All municipal court judges shall be	10
elected <del>on the nonpartisan ballot</del> for terms of six years. In a	11
municipal court in which only one judge is to be elected in any	12
one year, that judge's term commences on the first day of	13
January after the election. In a municipal court in which two or	14
more judges are to be elected in any one year, their terms	15
commence on successive days beginning the first day of January,	16
following the election, unless otherwise provided by section	17
1901.08 of the Revised Code.	18

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(B) All candidates for municipal court judge may be nominated either by nominating petition or by primary election, except that if the jurisdiction of a municipal court extends only to the corporate limits of the municipal corporation in which the court is located and that municipal corporation operates under a charter, all candidates shall be nominated in the same manner provided in the charter for the office of municipal court judge or, if no specific provisions are made in the charter for the office of municipal court judge, in the same manner as the charter prescribes for the nomination and election of the legislative authority of the municipal corporation.

If the jurisdiction of a municipal court extends beyond the corporate limits of the municipal corporation in which it is located or if the jurisdiction of the court does not extend beyond the corporate limits of the municipal corporation in which it is located and no charter provisions apply, all candidates for party nomination to the office of municipal court judge shall file a declaration of candidacy and petition not later than four p.m. of the ninetieth day before the day of the primary election in the form prescribed by section 3513.07 of the Revised Code. The petition shall conform to the requirements provided for those petitions of candidacy contained in section 3513.05 of the Revised Code, except that the petition shall be signed by at least fifty electors of the territory of the court. If no valid declaration of candidacy is filed for nomination as a candidate of a political party for election to the office of municipal court judge, or if the number of persons filing the declarations of candidacy for nominations as candidates of one political party for election to the office does not exceed the number of candidates that that party is entitled to nominate as its candidates for election to the office, no primary election

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shall be held for the purpose of nominating candidates of that party for election to the office, and the candidates shall be issued certificates of nomination in the manner set forth in section 3513.02 of the Revised Code.

If the jurisdiction of a municipal court extends beyond 54 the corporate limits of the municipal corporation in which it is 55 located or if the jurisdiction of the court does not extend 56 beyond the corporate limits of the municipal corporation in 57 which it is located and no charter provisions apply, nonpartisan-58 independent candidates for the office of municipal court judge 59 shall file nominating petitions not later than four p.m. of the 60 day before the day of the primary election in the form 61 prescribed by section 3513.261 of the Revised Code. The petition 62 shall conform to the requirements provided for those petitions 63 of candidacy contained in section 3513.257 of the Revised Code, 64 except that the petition shall be signed by at least fifty 6.5 electors of the territory of the court. 66

The nominating petition or declaration of candidacy for a 67 municipal court judge shall contain a designation of the term 68 for which the candidate seeks election. At the following regular 69 municipal election, the candidacies of the judges nominated 70 shall be submitted to the electors of the territory on  $\frac{1}{2}$ 71 nonpartisan, judicial an office type ballot in the same manner 72 as provided for judges of the court of common pleas, except 73 that, in a municipal corporation operating under a charter, all 74 candidates for municipal court judge shall be elected in 75 conformity with the charter if provisions are made in the 76 charter for the election of municipal court judges. 77

(C) Notwithstanding divisions (A) and (B) of this section, in the following municipal courts, the judges shall be nominated

and elected as follows:

- (1) In the Cleveland municipal court, the judges shall be 81 nominated only by petition. The petition shall be signed by at 82 least fifty electors of the territory of the court. It shall be 83 in the statutory form and shall be filed in the manner and 84 within the time prescribed by the charter of the city of 8.5 Cleveland for filing petitions of candidates for municipal 86 offices. Each elector shall have the right to sign petitions for 87 as many candidates as are to be elected, but no more. The judges 88 shall be elected by the electors of the territory of the court 89 in the manner provided by law for the election of judges of the 90 court of common pleas. 91
- (2) In the Toledo municipal court, the judges shall be 92 nominated only by petition. The petition shall be signed by at 93 least fifty electors of the territory of the court. It shall be 94 in the statutory form and shall be filed in the manner and 95 within the time prescribed by the charter of the city of Toledo 96 for filing nominating petitions for city council. Each elector 97 shall have the right to sign petitions for as many candidates as 98 are to be elected, but no more. The judges shall be elected by 99 the electors of the territory of the court in the manner 100 provided by law for the election of judges of the court of 101 common pleas. 102
- (3) In the Akron municipal court, the judges shall be

  nominated only by petition. The petition shall be signed by at

  least fifty electors of the territory of the court. It shall be

  in statutory form and shall be filed in the manner and within

  the time prescribed by the charter of the city of Akron for

  filing nominating petitions of candidates for municipal offices.

  Each elector shall have the right to sign petitions for as many

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candidates as are to be elected, but no more. The judges shall

be elected by the electors of the territory of the court in the

manner provided by law for the election of judges of the court

of common pleas.

- (4) In the Hamilton county municipal court, the judges shall be nominated only by petition. The petition shall be signed by at least one hundred electors of the judicial district of the county from which the candidate seeks election, which petitions shall be signed and filed not later than four p.m. of the day before the day of the primary election in the form prescribed by section 3513.261 of the Revised Code. Unless otherwise provided in this section, the petition shall conform to the requirements provided for nominating petitions in section 3513.257 of the Revised Code. The judges shall be elected by the electors of the relative judicial district of the county at the regular municipal election and in the manner provided by law for the election of judges of the court of common pleas.
- (5) In the Franklin county municipal court, the judges 127 shall be nominated only by petition. The petition shall be 128 signed by at least fifty electors of the territory of the court. 129 The petition shall be in the statutory form and shall be filed 130 in the manner and within the time prescribed by the charter of 131 the city of Columbus for filing petitions of candidates for 132 municipal offices. The judges shall be elected by the electors 133 of the territory of the court in the manner provided by law for 134 the election of judges of the court of common pleas. 135
- (6) In the Auglaize, Brown, Carroll, Clermont, Crawford, 136
  Hocking, Jackson, Lawrence, Madison, Miami, Morrow, Paulding, 137
  Perry, Putnam, Sandusky, and Wayne county municipal courts, the 138
  judges shall be nominated only by petition. The petitions shall 139

- (E) (1) "Primary" or "primary election" means an election 169 held for the purpose of nominating persons as candidates of 170 political parties for election to offices, and for the purpose 171 of electing persons as members of the controlling committees of 172 political parties and as delegates and alternates to the 173 conventions of political parties. Primary elections shall be 174 held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in May of each 175 year except in years in which a presidential primary election is 176 held. 177
- (2) "Presidential primary election" means a primary 178 election as defined by division (E)(1) of this section at which 179 an election is held for the purpose of choosing delegates and 180 alternates to the national conventions of the major political 181 parties pursuant to section 3513.12 of the Revised Code. Unless 182 otherwise specified, presidential primary elections are included 183 in references to primary elections. In years in which a 184 presidential primary election is held, all primary elections 185 shall be held on the third Tuesday after the first Monday in 186 March except as otherwise authorized by a municipal or county 187 charter. 188
- (F) "Political party" means any group of voters meetingthe requirements set forth in section 3517.01 of the RevisedCode for the formation and existence of a political party.191
- (1) "Major political party" means any political party

  organized under the laws of this state whose candidate for

  governor or nominees for presidential electors received not less

  than twenty per cent of the total vote cast for such office at

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  the most recent regular state election.
- (2) "Minor political party" means any political party

  organized under the laws of this state that meets either of the

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following requirements:

- (a) Except as otherwise provided in this division, the 200 political party's candidate for governor or nominees for 201 presidential electors received less than twenty per cent but not 202 less than three per cent of the total vote cast for such office 203 at the most recent regular state election. A political party 204 that meets the requirements of this division remains a political 205 206 party for a period of four years after meeting those requirements. 207
- (b) The political party has filed with the secretary of 208 state, subsequent to its failure to meet the requirements of 209 division (F)(2)(a) of this section, a petition that meets the 210 requirements of section 3517.01 of the Revised Code. 211

A newly formed political party shall be known as a minor political party until the time of the first election for governor or president which occurs not less than twelve months subsequent to the formation of such party, after which election the status of such party shall be determined by the vote for the office of governor or president.

- (G) "Dominant party in a precinct" or "dominant political party in a precinct" means that political party whose candidate for election to the office of governor at the most recent regular state election at which a governor was elected received more votes than any other person received for election to that office in such precinct at such election.
- (H) "Candidate" means any qualified person certified in accordance with the provisions of the Revised Code for placement on the official ballot of a primary, general, or special election to be held in this state, or any qualified person who

claims to be a write-in candidate, or who knowingly assents to
being represented as a write-in candidate by another at either a
primary, general, or special election to be held in this state.

- (I) "Independent candidate" means any candidate who claims not to be affiliated with a political party, and whose name has been certified on the office-type ballot at a general or special election through the filing of a statement of candidacy and nominating petition, as prescribed in section 3513.257 of the Revised Code.
- (J) "Nonpartisan candidate" means any candidate whose name is required, pursuant to section 3505.04 of the Revised Code, to be listed on the nonpartisan ballot, including all candidates for judicial office, for member of any board of education, for municipal or township offices in which primary elections are not held for nominating candidates by political parties, and for offices of municipal corporations having charters that provide for separate ballots for elections for these offices.
- (K) "Party candidate" means any candidate who claims to be a member of a political party and who has been certified to appear on the office-type ballot at a general or special election as the nominee of a political party because the candidate has won the primary election of the candidate's party for the public office the candidate seeks, has been nominated under section 3517.012, or is selected by party committee in accordance with section 3513.31 of the Revised Code.
- (L) "Officer of a political party" includes, but is not limited to, any member, elected or appointed, of a controlling committee, whether representing the territory of the state, a district therein, a county, township, a city, a ward, a precinct, or other territory, of a major or minor political

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party.	258
(M) "Question or issue" means any question or issue	259
certified in accordance with the Revised Code for placement on	260
an official ballot at a general or special election to be held	261
in this state.	262
(N) "Elector" or "qualified elector" means a person having	263
the qualifications provided by law to be entitled to vote.	264
(0) "Voter" means an elector who votes at an election.	265
(P) "Voting residence" means that place of residence of an	266
elector which shall determine the precinct in which the elector	267
may vote.	268
(Q) "Precinct" means a district within a county	269
established by the board of elections of such county within	270
which all qualified electors having a voting residence therein	271
may vote at the same polling place.	272
(R) "Polling place" means that place provided for each	273
precinct at which the electors having a voting residence in such	274
precinct may vote.	275
(S) "Board" or "board of elections" means the board of	276
elections appointed in a county pursuant to section 3501.06 of	277
the Revised Code.	278
(T) "Political subdivision" means a county, township,	279
city, village, or school district.	280
(U) "Election officer" or "election official" means any of	281
the following:	282
(1) Secretary of state;	283
(2) Employees of the secretary of state serving the	284

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division of elections in the capacity of attorney,	285
administrative officer, administrative assistant, elections	286
administrator, office manager, or clerical supervisor;	287
(3) Director of a board of elections;	288
(4) Deputy director of a board of elections;	289
(5) Member of a board of elections;	290
(6) Employees of a board of elections;	291
(7) Precinct election officials;	292
(8) Employees appointed by the boards of elections on a	293
temporary or part-time basis.	294
(V) "Acknowledgment notice" means a notice sent by a board	295
of elections, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state,	296
informing a voter registration applicant or an applicant who	297
wishes to change the applicant's residence or name of the status	298
of the application; the information necessary to complete or	299
update the application, if any; and if the application is	300
complete, the precinct in which the applicant is to vote.	301
(W) "Confirmation notice" means a notice sent by a board	302
of elections, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, to	303
a registered elector to confirm the registered elector's current	304
address.	305
(X) "Designated agency" means an office or agency in the	306
state that provides public assistance or that provides state-	307
funded programs primarily engaged in providing services to	308
persons with disabilities and that is required by the National	309
Voter Registration Act of 1993 to implement a program designed	310
and administered by the secretary of state for registering	311
voters, or any other public or government office or agency that	312

implements a program designed and administered by the secretary	313
of state for registering voters, including the department of job	314
and family services, the program administered under section	315
3701.132 of the Revised Code by the department of health, the	316
department of mental health and addiction services, the	317
department of developmental disabilities, the opportunities for	318
Ohioans with disabilities agency, and any other agency the	319
secretary of state designates. "Designated agency" does not	320
include public high schools and vocational schools, public	321
libraries, or the office of a county treasurer.	322
(Y) "National Voter Registration Act of 1993" means the	323
"National Voter Registration Act of 1993," 107 Stat. 77, 42	324
U.S.C.A. 1973gg.	325
(Z) "Voting Rights Act of 1965" means the "Voting Rights	326
Act of 1965," 79 Stat. 437, 42 U.S.C.A. 1973, as amended.	327
(AA) "Photo identification" means a document that meets	328
each of the following requirements:	329
(1) It shows the name of the individual to whom it was	330
issued, which shall conform to the name in the poll list or	331
signature pollbook.	332
(2) It shows the current address of the individual to whom	333
it was issued, which shall conform to the address in the poll	334
list or signature pollbook, except for a driver's license or a	335
state identification card issued under section 4507.50 of the	336
Revised Code, which may show either the current or former	337
address of the individual to whom it was issued, regardless of	338
whether that address conforms to the address in the poll list or	339
signature pollbook.	340

(3) It shows a photograph of the individual to whom it was

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general, auditor of state, secretary of state, treasurer of	370
state, chief justice of the supreme court, justice of the	371
supreme court, United States senator, representative to	372
congress, state senator, state representative, judge of the	373
court of appeals, county commissioner, county auditor, judge of	374
the court of common pleas, judge of the county court,	375
prosecuting attorney, clerk of the court of common pleas,	376
sheriff, county recorder, county treasurer, county engineer, and	377
coroner. The offices of governor and lieutenant governor shall	378
be printed on the ballot in a manner that requires a voter to	379
cast one vote jointly for the candidates who have been nominated	380
by the same political party or petition.	381

(D) Within the rectangular space within which the title of
each judicial office is printed on the ballot and immediately
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below the title shall be printed the date of the commencement of
the term of the office, if it is a full term, as follows: "Full
term commencing (Date)," or the date of the end of
the term of the office, if it is an unexpired term, as follows:
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"Unexpired term ending (Date),"
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(E)(1) The names of all candidates for an office shall be 389 arranged in a group under the title of that office, and, except 390 for absentee ballots or when the number of candidates for a 391 particular office is the same as the number of candidates to be 392 elected for that office, shall be rotated from one precinct to 393 another. On absentee ballots, the names of all candidates for an 394 office shall be arranged in a group under the title of that 395 office and shall be so alternated that each name shall appear, 396 insofar as may be reasonably possible, substantially an equal 397 number of times at the beginning, at the end, and in each 398 intermediate place, if any, of the group in which such name 399 belongs, unless the number of candidates for a particular office 400

is the same as the number of candidates to be elected for that 401 office. 402 (2) The method of printing the ballots to meet the 403 rotation requirement of this section shall be as follows: the 404 least common multiple of the number of names in each of the 405 several groups of candidates shall be used, and the number of 406 changes made in the printer's forms in printing the ballots 407 shall correspond with that multiple. The board of elections 408 shall number all precincts in regular serial sequence. In the 409 first precinct, the names of the candidates in each group shall 410 be listed in alphabetical order. In each succeeding precinct, 411 the name in each group that is listed first in the preceding 412 precinct shall be listed last, and the name of each candidate 413 shall be moved up one place. In each precinct using paper 414 ballots, the printed ballots shall then be assembled in tablets. 415 Under (F) (1) (a) Except as otherwise provided in division 416 (F) (1) (b) of this section, under the name of each candidate 417 nominated at a primary election, nominated by petition under 418 section 3517.012 of the Revised Code, or certified by a party 419 committee to fill a vacancy under section 3513.31 of the Revised 420 Code shall be printed, in less prominent type face than that in 421 which the candidate's name is printed, the name of the political 422 party by which the candidate was nominated or certified. Under-423 (b) If the person is a candidate for a judicial office who 424 has requested on the candidate's declaration of candidacy and 425 petition, nominating petition, or written acceptance of a 426 certification that no political party designation appear under 427 the candidate's name, no such designation shall appear under the 428 candidate's name. 429 (2) Under the name of each candidate appearing on the 430

ballot who filed a nominating petition and requested a ballot	431
designation as a nonparty candidate under section 3513.257 of	432
the Revised Code shall be printed, in less prominent type face	433
than that in which the candidate's name is printed, the	434
designation of "nonparty candidate." Under the name of each	435
candidate appearing on the ballot who filed a nominating	436
petition and requested a ballot designation as an other-party	437
candidate under section 3513.257 of the Revised Code shall be	438
printed, in less prominent type face than that in which the	439
candidate's name is printed, the designation of "other-party	440
candidate." No designation shall appear under the name of a	441
candidate appearing on the ballot who filed a nominating	442
petition and requested that no ballot designation appear under	443
the candidate's name under section 3513.257 of the Revised Code,	444
or who filed a nominating petition and failed to request a	445
ballot designation either as a nonparty candidate or as an	446
other-party candidate under that section.	447

(G) Except as provided in this section, no words,

designations, or emblems descriptive of a candidate or the

candidate's political affiliation, or indicative of the method

by which the candidate was nominated or certified, shall be

printed under or after a candidate's name that is printed on the

ballot.

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Sec. 3505.04. On the nonpartisan ballot shall be printed 454 the names of all nonpartisan candidates for election to judicial 455 office, the office of member of the state board of education, 456 the office of member of a board of education, municipal or 457 township offices for municipal corporations and townships in 458 which primary elections are not held for nomination of 459 candidates by political parties, and municipal offices of 460 municipal corporations having charters which provide for 461

separate ballots for elections for such municipal offices.	462
Such ballots shall have printed across the top, and below	463
the stubs, "Official Nonpartisan Ballot."	464
The order in which the offices are listed on the ballot	465
shall be prescribed by, and certified to each board of elections	466
by, the secretary of state; provided that the office of member	467
of the state board of education shall be listed first on the	468
ballot, then state, district, and county judicial offices shall-	469
be listed on the ballot in such order, followed by municipal and	470
township offices $ au$ and $ au$ offices of member of a board of	471
education, in the order stated.	472
Within the rectangular space within which the title of	473
each judicial office is printed on the ballot and immediately	474
below such title shall be printed the date of the commencement	475
of the term of the office, if a full term, as follows: "Full	476
term commencing," or the date of the end of	477
the term of the office, if an unexpired term, as follows:	478
"Unexpired term ending(Date)"	479
The secretary of state shall prescribe the information and	480
directions to the voter to be printed on the ballot within the	481
rectangular space in which the title of office of member of the	482
state board of education appears.	483
Within the rectangular space within which the title of	484
each office for member of a board of education is printed on the	485
ballot shall be printed "For Member of Board of Education," and	486
the number to be elected, directions to the voter as to voting	487
for one, two, or more, and, if the office to be voted for is	488
member of a board of education of a city school district, words	489
shall be printed in said space on the ballot to indicate whether	490

candidates are to be elected from subdistricts or at large.	491
The names of all nonpartisan candidates for an office	492
shall be arranged in a group under the title of that office, and	493
shall be rotated and printed on the ballot as provided in	494
section 3505.03 of the Revised Code.	495
No name or designation of any political party nor any	496
words, designations, or emblems descriptive of a candidate or	497
his the candidate's political affiliation, or indicative of	498
the method by which such candidate was nominated or certified,	499
shall be printed under or after any nonpartisan candidate's name	500
which is printed on the ballot.	501
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Sec. 3513.07. The (A) Except as otherwise provided in	502
divisions (B) and (C) of this section, the form of declaration	503
of candidacy and petition of a person desiring to be a candidate	504
for a party nomination or a candidate for election to an office	505
or position to be voted for at a primary election shall be	506
substantially as follows:	507
"DECLARATION OF CANDIDACY PARTY PRIMARY ELECTION	508
I, (Name of Candidate), the	509
undersigned, hereby declare under penalty of election	510
falsification that my voting residence is in	511
precinct of the (Township) or	512
(Ward and City or Village) in the county of,	513
Ohio; that my voting residence is (Street and	514
Number, if any, or Rural Route and Number) of the	515
(City or Village) of	516
, Ohio; and that I am a qualified elector in	517
the precinct in which my voting residence is located. I am a	518
member of the Party. I hereby declare that I desire to	519

be (a candidate for nomination as a	520
candidate of the Party for election to the office of	521
) (a candidate for election to the office or	522
position of) for the in the state,	523
district, (Full term or unexpired term ending)	524
county, city, or village of, at the primary	525
election to be held on the day of,,	526
and I hereby request that my name be printed upon the official	527
primary election ballot of the said Party as a	528
candidate for (such nomination) or (such election) as	529
provided by law.	530
I further declare that, if elected to said office or	531
position, I will qualify therefor, and that I will support and	532
abide by the principles enunciated by the Party.	533
Dated this,,,	534
	535
(Signature of candidate)	536
WHOEVER COMMITS ELECTION FALSIFICATION IS GUILTY OF A	537
FELONY OF THE FIFTH DEGREE.	538
PETITION OF CANDIDATE	539
We, the undersigned, qualified electors of the state of	540
Ohio, whose voting residence is in the county, city, village,	541
ward, township, or school district, and precinct set opposite	542
our names, and members of the	543
Party, hereby certify	544
that (Name of candidate) whose	545
declaration of candidacy is filed herewith, is a member of the	546
Party, and is, in our opinion, well qualified to	547
perform the duties of the office or position to which that	548

candidate desires to be elected.	549
Street City,	550
and Village or	551
Signature Number Township Ward Precinct County Date	552
(Must use address on file with the board of elections)	553
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	555
	556
(Name of	557
circulator of petition), declares under penalty of election	558
falsification that the circulator of the petition is a qualified	559
elector of the state of Ohio and resides at the address	560
appearing below the signature of that circulator; that the	561
circulator is a member of the Party; that the	562
circulator is the circulator of the foregoing petition paper	563
containing (Number) signatures; that the	564
circulator witnessed the affixing of every signature; that all	565
signers were to the best of the circulator's knowledge and	566
belief qualified to sign; and that every signature is to the	567
best of the circulator's knowledge and belief the signature of	568
the person whose signature it purports to be or of an attorney	569
in fact acting pursuant to section 3501.382 of the Revised Code.	570
	571
(Signature of circulator)	572
	573
(Address of circulator's	574
permanent residence in this	575

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state)		576
		577
(If netit	cion is for a	578
(II pecif	21011 15 101 4	370
statewide	e candidate, the	579
name and	address of person	580
employing	g to circulate	581
petition,	if any)	582
WHOEVER COMMITS ELECTION FALSIFICA	ATION IS GUILTY OF A	583
FELONY OF THE FIFTH DEGREE."		584
(B) The secretary of state shall p	prescribe a form of	585
declaration of candidacy and petition, a	and the form shall be	586
substantially similar to the declaration	n of candidacy and	587
petition set forth in <u>division (A) of</u> th	nis section, that will be	588
suitable for joint candidates for the o	ffices of governor and	589
lieutenant governor.		590
(C) The secretary of state shall p	prescribe a version of	591
the form of declaration of candidacy and	d petition set forth in	592
division (A) of this section to be used	by a candidate for	593
nomination to a judicial office. The for	rm shall include an	594
option for the candidate to request that	t, if the candidate is so	595
nominated, no political party designation	on appear under the	596
candidate's name on the ballot at the ge	eneral election.	597
(D) The petition provided for in t	this section shall be	598
circulated only by a member of the same	political party as the	599
candidate.		600
Sec. 3513.257. Each person desiring	ng to become an	601
independent candidate for an office for	which candidates may be	602

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nominated at a primary election, except persons desiring to	603
become independent joint candidates for the offices of governor	604
and lieutenant governor and for the offices of president and	605
vice-president of the United States, shall file no later than	606
four p.m. of the day before the day of the primary election	607
immediately preceding the general election at which such	608
candidacy is to be voted for by the voters, a statement of	609
candidacy and nominating petition as provided in section	610
3513.261 of the Revised Code. Persons desiring to become	611
independent joint candidates for the offices of governor and	612
lieutenant governor shall file, not later than four p.m. of the	613
day before the day of the primary election, one statement of	614
candidacy and one nominating petition for the two of them.	615
Persons desiring to become independent joint candidates for the	616
offices of president and vice-president of the United States	617
shall file, not later than four p.m. of the ninetieth day before	618
the day of the general election at which the president and vice-	619
president are to be elected, one statement of candidacy and one	620
nominating petition for the two of them. The prospective	621
independent joint candidates' statement of candidacy shall be	622
filed with the nominating petition as one instrument.	623

The statement of candidacy and separate petition papers of each candidate or pair of joint candidates shall be filed at the same time as one instrument.

The nominating petition shall contain signatures of qualified electors of the district, political subdivision, or portion of a political subdivision in which the candidacy is to be voted on in an amount to be determined as follows:

(A) If the candidacy is to be voted on by electors 631 throughout the entire state, the nominating petition, including 632

the nominating petition of independent joint candidates for the offices of governor and lieutenant governor, shall be signed by no less than five thousand qualified electors, provided that no petition shall be accepted for filing if it purports to contain more than fifteen thousand signatures.

- (B) If the candidacy is to be voted on by electors in any district, political subdivision, or part thereof in which less than five thousand electors voted for the office of governor at the most recent election for that office, the nominating petition shall contain signatures of not less than twenty-five qualified electors of the district, political subdivision, or part thereof, or a number of qualified signatures equal to at least five per cent of that vote, if this number is less than twenty-five.
- (C) If the candidacy is to be voted on by electors in any
  district, political subdivision, or part thereof in which five
  thousand or more electors voted for the office of governor at
  the most recent election for that office, the nominating
  petition shall contain a number of signatures equal to at least
  one per cent of those electors.

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All nominating petitions of candidates for offices to be voted on by electors throughout the entire state shall be filed in the office of the secretary of state. No nominating petition for the offices of president and vice-president of the United States shall be accepted for filing unless there is submitted to the secretary of state, at the time of filing the petition, a slate of presidential electors sufficient in number to satisfy the requirement of the United States Constitution. The secretary of state shall not accept for filing the statement of candidacy of a person who desires to be an independent candidate for the

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office of governor unless it also shows the joint candidacy of a	663
person who desires to be an independent candidate for the office	664
of lieutenant governor, shall not accept for filing the	665
statement of candidacy of a person who desires to be an	666
independent candidate for the office of lieutenant governor	667
unless it also shows the joint candidacy of a person who desires	668
to be an independent candidate for the office of governor, and	669
shall not accept for filing the statement of candidacy of a	670
person who desires to be an independent candidate to the office	671
of governor or lieutenant governor who, for the same election,	672
has already filed a declaration of candidacy, a declaration of	673
intent to be a write-in candidate, or a statement of candidacy,	674
or has become a candidate by the filling of a vacancy under	675
section 3513.30 of the Revised Code for any other state office	676
or any federal or county office.	677

Nominating petitions of candidates for offices to be voted 678 on by electors within a district or political subdivision 679 comprised of more than one county but less than all counties of 680 the state shall be filed with the boards of elections of that 681 county or part of a county within the district or political 682 subdivision which had a population greater than that of any 683 other county or part of a county within the district or 684 political subdivision according to the last federal decennial 685 census. 686

Nominating petitions for offices to be voted on by electors within a county or district smaller than a county shall be filed with the board of elections for such county.

No petition other than the petition of a candidate whose 690 candidacy is to be considered by electors throughout the entire 691 state shall be accepted for filing if it appears on its face to 692

contain more than three times the minimum required number of	693
signatures. A board of elections shall not accept for filing a	694
nominating petition of a person seeking to become a candidate if	695
that person, for the same election, has already filed a	696
declaration of candidacy, a declaration of intent to be a write-	697
in candidate, or a nominating petition, or has become a	698
candidate by the filling of a vacancy under section 3513.30 of	699
the Revised Code for any federal, state, or county office, if	700
the nominating petition is for a state or county office, or for	701
any municipal or township office, for member of a city, local,	702
or exempted village board of education, or for member of a	703
governing board of an educational service center, if the	704
nominating petition is for a municipal or township office, or	705
for member of a city, local, or exempted village board of	706
education, or for member of a governing board of an educational	707
service center. When a petition of a candidate has been accepted	708
for filing by a board of elections, the petition shall not be	709
deemed invalid if, upon verification of signatures contained in	710
the petition, the board of elections finds the number of	711
signatures accepted exceeds three times the minimum number of	712
signatures required. A board of elections may discontinue	713
verifying signatures when the number of verified signatures on a	714
petition equals the minimum required number of qualified	715
signatures.	716

Any nonjudicial—candidate who files a nominating petition 717
may request, at the time of filing, that the candidate be 718
designated on the ballot as a nonparty candidate or as an other-719
party candidate, or may request that the candidate's name be 720
placed on the ballot without any designation. Any such candidate 721
who fails to request a designation either as a nonparty 722
candidate or as an other-party candidate shall have the 723

candidate's name placed on the ballot without any designation.

The purpose of establishing a filing deadline for 725 independent candidates prior to the primary election immediately 726 preceding the general election at which the candidacy is to be 727 voted on by the voters is to recognize that the state has a 728 substantial and compelling interest in protecting its electoral 729 process by encouraging political stability, ensuring that the 730 winner of the election will represent a majority of the 731 community, providing the electorate with an understandable 732 ballot, and enhancing voter education, thus fostering informed 733 and educated expressions of the popular will in a general 734 election. The filing deadline for independent candidates 735 required in this section prevents splintered parties and 736 unrestrained factionalism, avoids political fragmentation, and 737 maintains the integrity of the ballot. The deadline, one day 738 prior to the primary election, is the least drastic or 739 restrictive means of protecting these state interests. The 740 general assembly finds that the filing deadline for independent 741 candidates in primary elections required in this section is 742 reasonably related to the state's purpose of ensuring fair and 743 honest elections while leaving unimpaired the political, voting, 744 and associational rights secured by the first and fourteenth 745 amendments to the United States Constitution. 746

Sec. 3513.31. (A) If a person nominated in a primary 747 election as a candidate for election at the next general 748 election, whose candidacy is to be submitted to the electors of 749 the entire state, withdraws as that candidate or is disqualified 750 as that candidate under section 3513.052 of the Revised Code, 751 the vacancy in the party nomination so created may be filled by 752 the state central committee of the major political party that 753 made the nomination at the primary election, if the committee's 754

chairperson and secretary certify the name of the person 755 selected to fill the vacancy by the time specified in this 756 division, at a meeting called for that purpose. The meeting 757 shall be called by the chairperson of that committee, who shall 758 give each member of the committee at least two days' notice of 759 the time, place, and purpose of the meeting. If a majority of 760 the members of the committee are present at the meeting, a 761 majority of those present may select a person to fill the 762 vacancy. The chairperson and secretary of the meeting shall 763 certify in writing and under oath to the secretary of state, not 764 later than the eighty-sixth day before the day of the general 765 election, the name of the person selected to fill the vacancy. 766 The certification must be accompanied by the written acceptance 767 of the nomination by the person whose name is certified. A 768 vacancy in a party nomination that may be filled by a minor 769 political party shall be filled in accordance with the party's 770 rules by authorized officials of the party. Certification must 771 be made as in the manner provided for a major political party. 772

(B) If a person nominated in a primary election as a party 773 candidate for election at the next general election, whose 774 775 candidacy is to be submitted to the electors of a district comprised of more than one county but less than all of the 776 counties of the state, withdraws as that candidate or is 777 disqualified as that candidate under section 3513.052 of the 778 Revised Code, the vacancy in the party nomination so created may 779 be filled by a district committee of the major political party 780 that made the nomination at the primary election, if the 781 committee's chairperson and secretary certify the name of the 782 person selected to fill the vacancy by the time specified in 783 this division, at a meeting called for that purpose. The 784 district committee shall consist of the chairperson and 785

secretary of the county central committee of such political 786 party in each county in the district. The district committee 787 shall be called by the chairperson of the county central 788 committee of such political party of the most populous county in 789 the district, who shall give each member of the district 790 committee at least two days' notice of the time, place, and 791 purpose of the meeting. If a majority of the members of the 792 district committee are present at the district committee 793 meeting, a majority of those present may select a person to fill 794 the vacancy. The chairperson and secretary of the meeting shall 795 certify in writing and under oath to the board of elections of 796 the most populous county in the district, not later than four 797 p.m. of the eighty-sixth day before the day of the general 798 election, the name of the person selected to fill the vacancy. 799 The certification must be accompanied by the written acceptance 800 of the nomination by the person whose name is certified. A 801 vacancy in a party nomination that may be filled by a minor 802 political party shall be filled in accordance with the party's 803 rules by authorized officials of the party. Certification must 804 be made as in the manner provided for a major political party. 805

(C) If a person nominated in a primary election as a party 806 candidate for election at the next general election, whose 807 candidacy is to be submitted to the electors of a county, 808 withdraws as that candidate or is disqualified as that candidate 809 under section 3513.052 of the Revised Code, the vacancy in the 810 party nomination so created may be filled by the county central 811 committee of the major political party that made the nomination 812 at the primary election, or by the county executive committee if 813 so authorized, if the committee's chairperson and secretary 814 certify the name of the person selected to fill the vacancy by 815 the time specified in this division, at a meeting called for 816

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that purpose. The meeting shall be called by the chairperson of that committee, who shall give each member of the committee at least two days' notice of the time, place, and purpose of the meeting. If a majority of the members of the committee are present at the meeting, a majority of those present may select a person to fill the vacancy. The chairperson and secretary of the meeting shall certify in writing and under oath to the board of that county, not later than four p.m. of the eighty-sixth day before the day of the general election, the name of the person selected to fill the vacancy. The certification must be accompanied by the written acceptance of the nomination by the person whose name is certified. A vacancy in a party nomination that may be filled by a minor political party shall be filled in accordance with the party's rules by authorized officials of the party. Certification must be made as in the manner provided for a major political party.

(D) If a person nominated in a primary election as a party 833 candidate for election at the next general election, whose 834 candidacy is to be submitted to the electors of a district 835 within a county, withdraws as that candidate or is disqualified 836 as that candidate under section 3513.052 of the Revised Code, 837 the vacancy in the party nomination so created may be filled by 838 a district committee consisting of those members of the county 839 central committee or, if so authorized, those members of the 840 county executive committee in that county of the major political 841 party that made the nomination at the primary election who 842 represent the precincts or the wards and townships within the 843 district, if the committee's chairperson and secretary certify 844 the name of the person selected to fill the vacancy by the time 845 specified in this division, at a meeting called for that 846 purpose. The district committee meeting shall be called by the 847

chairperson of the county central committee or executive 848 committee, as appropriate, who shall give each member of the 849 district committee at least two days' notice of the time, place, 850 and purpose of the meeting. If a majority of the members of the 851 district committee are present at the district committee 852 meeting, a majority of those present may select a person to fill 853 the vacancy. The chairperson and secretary of the district 854 committee meeting shall certify in writing and under oath to the 855 board of the county, not later than four p.m. of the eighty-856 sixth day before the day of the general election, the name of 857 the person selected to fill the vacancy. The certification must 858 be accompanied by the written acceptance of the nomination by 859 the person whose name is certified. A vacancy in a party 860 nomination that may be filled by a minor political party shall 861 be filled in accordance with the party's rules by authorized 862 officials of the party. Certification must be made as in the 863 manner provided for a major political party. 864

(E) If a person nominated in a primary election as a party 865 candidate for election at the next general election, whose 866 candidacy is to be submitted to the electors of a subdivision 867 within a county, withdraws as that candidate or is disqualified 868 as that candidate under section 3513.052 of the Revised Code, 869 the vacancy in the party nomination so created may be filled by 870 a subdivision committee consisting of those members of the 871 county central committee or, if so authorized, those members of 872 the county executive committee in that county of the major 873 political party that made the nomination at that primary 874 election who represent the precincts or the wards and townships 875 within that subdivision, if the committee's chairperson and 876 secretary certify the name of the person selected to fill the 877 vacancy by the time specified in this division, at a meeting 878

called for that purpose.

The subdivision committee meeting shall be called by the 880 chairperson of the county central committee or executive 881 committee, as appropriate, who shall give each member of the 882 subdivision committee at least two days' notice of the time, 883 place, and purpose of the meeting. If a majority of the members 884 of the subdivision committee are present at the subdivision 885 committee meeting, a majority of those present may select a 886 person to fill the vacancy. The chairperson and secretary of the 887 subdivision committee meeting shall certify in writing and under 888 oath to the board of the county, not later than four p.m. of the 889 eighty-sixth day before the day of the general election, the 890 name of the person selected to fill the vacancy. The 891 certification must be accompanied by the written acceptance of 892 the nomination by the person whose name is certified. A vacancy 893 in a party nomination that may be filled by a minor political 894 party shall be filled in accordance with the party's rules by 895 authorized officials of the party. Certification must be made in 896 the manner provided for a major political party. 897

(F) If a person nominated by petition as an independent or 898 nonpartisan candidate for election at the next general election 899 withdraws as that candidate or is disqualified as that candidate 900 under section 3513.052 of the Revised Code, the vacancy so 901 created may be filled by a majority of the committee of five, as 902 designated on the candidate's nominating petition, if a member 903 of that committee certifies in writing and under oath to the 904 election officials with whom the candidate filed the candidate's 905 nominating petition, not later than the eighty-sixth day before 906 the day of the general election, the name of the person selected 907 to fill the vacancy. The certification shall be accompanied by 908 the written acceptance of the nomination by the person whose 909 name is certified and shall be made in the manner provided for a 910 major political party. 911

- (G) If a person nominated in a primary election or 912 nominated by petition under section 3517.012 of the Revised Code 913 as a party candidate for election at the next general election 914 dies, the vacancy so created may be filled by the same committee 915 in the same manner as provided in this section for the filling 916 of similar vacancies created by withdrawals or disqualifications 917 under section 3513.052 of the Revised Code, except that the 918 919 certification, when filling a vacancy created by death, may not be filed with the secretary of state, or with a board of the 920 most populous county of a district, or with the board of a 921 county in which the major portion of the population of a 922 subdivision is located, later than four p.m. of the tenth day 923 before the day of such general election, or with any other board 924 later than four p.m. of the fifth day before the day of such 925 general election. 926
- (H) If a person nominated by petition as an independent or 927 nonpartisan candidate for election at the next general election 928 929 dies prior to the tenth day before the day of that general election, the vacancy so created may be filled by a majority of 930 the committee of five designated in the nominating petition to 931 represent the candidate named in it. To fill the vacancy a 932 member of the committee shall, not later than four p.m. of the 933 fifth day before the day of the general election, file with the 934 election officials with whom the petition nominating the person 935 was filed, a certificate signed and sworn to under oath by a 936 majority of the members, designating the person they select to 937 fill the vacancy. The certification must be accompanied by the 938 written acceptance of the nomination by the person whose name is 939 so certified. 940

(I) If a person holding an elective office dies or resigns 941 subsequent to the one hundred fifteenth day before the day of a 942 primary election and prior to the eighty-sixth day before the 943 day of the next general election, and if, under the laws of this 944 state, a person may be elected at that general election to fill 945 the unexpired term of the person who has died or resigned, the 946 appropriate committee of each political party, acting as in the 947 case of a vacancy in a party nomination, as provided in 948 divisions (A) to (D) of this section, may select a person as the 949 950 party candidate for election for such unexpired term at that general election, and certify the person's name to the 951 appropriate election official not later than four p.m. on the 952 eighty-sixth day before the day of that general election, or on 953 the tenth day following the day on which the vacancy occurs, 954 whichever is later. When the vacancy occurs on or subsequent to 955 the eighty-sixth day and six or more days prior to the fortieth 956 day before the general election, the appropriate committee may 957 select a person as the party candidate and certify the person's 958 name, as provided in the preceding sentence, not later than four 959 p.m. on the tenth day following the day on which the vacancy 960 occurs. When the vacancy occurs fewer than six days before the 961 fortieth day before the general election, the deadline for 962 filing shall be four p.m. on the thirty-sixth day before the 963 general election. Thereupon the name shall be printed as the 964 party candidate under proper titles and in the proper place on 965 the proper ballots for use at the election. If a person has been 966 nominated in a primary election or nominated by petition under 967 section 3517.012 of the Revised Code, the authorized committee 968 of that political party shall not select and certify a person as 969 the party candidate. 970

(J) Each person desiring to become an independent

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candidate to fill the unexpired term shall file a statement of 972 candidacy and nominating petition, as provided in section 973 3513.261 of the Revised Code, with the appropriate election 974 official not later than four p.m. on the tenth day following the 975 day on which the vacancy occurs, provided that when the vacancy 976 occurs fewer than six days before the fifty-sixth day before the 977 general election, the deadline for filing shall be four p.m. on 978 the fiftieth day before the general election. The nominating 979 petition shall contain at least seven hundred fifty signatures 980 and no more than one thousand five hundred signatures of 981 qualified electors of the district, political subdivision, or 982 portion of a political subdivision in which the office is to be 983 voted upon, or the amount provided for in section 3513.257 of 984 the Revised Code, whichever is less. 985

(K) When a person nominated as a candidate by a political 986 party in a primary election or by nominating petition for an 987 elective office for which candidates are nominated at a party 988 primary election withdraws, dies, or is disqualified under 989 section 3513.052 of the Revised Code prior to the general 990 election, the appropriate committee of any other major political 991 party or committee of five that has not nominated a candidate 992 for that office, or whose nominee as a candidate for that office 993 has withdrawn, died, or been disqualified without the vacancy so 994 created having been filled, may, acting as in the case of a 995 vacancy in a party nomination or nomination by petition as 996 provided in divisions (A) to (F) of this section, whichever is 997 appropriate, select a person as a candidate of that party or of 998 that committee of five for election to the office. 999

(L) A person who is nominated as a party candidate for a 1000 judicial office by certification under this section may include 1001 on the person's written acceptance of the nomination a request 1002

that no political party designation appear under the person's	1003
name on the ballot at the general election.	1004
Sec. 3517.012. (A)(1) When a party formation petition	1005
meeting the requirements of section 3517.01 of the Revised Code	1006
declaring the intention to organize a political party is filed	1007
with the secretary of state, the new party comes into legal	1008
existence on the date of filing and is entitled to nominate	1009
candidates to appear on the ballot at the general election held	1010
in even-numbered years that occurs more than one hundred twenty-	1011
five days after the date of filing.	1012
(2)(a) Upon receiving a party formation petition filed	1013
under division (A)(1) of this section, the secretary of state	1014
shall promptly transmit to each board of elections the separate	1015
petition papers that purport to contain signatures of electors	1016
of that board's county.	1017
(b) Not later than the one hundred eighteenth day before	1018
the day of the general election, each board shall examine and	1019
determine the sufficiency of the signatures on the petition	1020
papers and shall return them to the secretary of state, together	1021
with the board's certification of its determination as to the	1022
validity or invalidity of the signatures on the petition.	1023
(c) Any qualified elector may file a written protest	1024
against the petition with the secretary of state not later than	1025
the one hundred fourteenth day before the day of the general	1026
election. Any such protest shall be resolved in the manner	1027
specified under section 3501.39 of the Revised Code.	1028
(d) Not later than the ninety-fifth day before the day of	1029
the general election, the secretary of state shall determine	1030
whether the party formation petition is sufficient and shall	1031

notify the committee designated in the petition of that	1032
determination.	1033
(B)(1) (a) Not later than one hundred ten days before the	1034
day of that general election and not earlier than the day the	1035
applicable party formation petition is filed, each candidate or	1036
pair of joint candidates wishing to appear on the ballot at the	1037
general election as the nominee or nominees of the party that	1037
filed the party formation petition shall file a nominating	1030
petition, on a form prescribed by the secretary of state, that	1040
includes the name of the political party that submitted the	1041
party formation petition. <del>Except</del>	1042
(b) The secretary of state shall prescribe a version of	1043
the nominating petition form to be used by a candidate for a	1044
judicial office. The form shall include a space for the	1045
candidate to request that, if the candidate appears on the	1046
ballot at the general election, no political party designation	1047
appear under the candidate's name on the ballot.	1048
(c) Except as otherwise provided in this section and	1049
sections 3505.03, 3505.08, 3506.11, 3513.31, 3513.311, and	1050
3513.312 of the Revised Code, the provisions of the Revised Code	1051
concerning independent candidates who file nominating petitions	1052
apply to candidates who file nominating petitions under this	1053
section.	1054
(2)(a) If the candidacy is to be submitted to electors	1055
throughout the entire state, the nominating petition, including	1056
a petition for joint candidates for the offices of governor and	1057
lieutenant governor, shall be signed by at least fifty qualified	1058
electors who have not voted as a member of a different political	1059
party at any primary election within the current year or the	1060
immediately preceding two calendar years.	1061

- (b) Except as otherwise provided in this division, if If 1062 the candidacy is to be submitted only to electors within a 1063 district, political subdivision, or portion thereof, the 1064 nominating petition shall be signed by not less than five 1065 qualified electors who have not voted as a member of a different 1066 political party at any primary election within the current year 1067 or the immediately preceding two calendar years. 1068 (3) (a) Each board of elections that is responsible to 1069 verify signatures on the nominating petition shall examine and 1070 determine the sufficiency of those signatures not later than the 1071 one hundred fifth day before the day of the general election 1072 and shall be resolved as specified in that section . 1073 (b) Written protests against the petition may be filed in 1074 the manner specified under section 3513.263 of the Revised Code 1075 not later than the one hundredth day before the general election 1076 and shall be resolved as specified in that section. 1077 (c) Not later than the ninety-fifth day before the day of 1078 the general election, the secretary of state or the board of 1079 elections, as applicable, shall determine whether the nominating 1080 petition is sufficient and shall notify the candidate and the 1081 committee designated in the party formation petition of that 1082 determination. 1083 1084
- (C) (1) After being notified that the political party has

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  submitted a sufficient party formation petition under division

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  (A) of this section, the committee designated in a party

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  formation petition shall, not later than the seventy-fifth day

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  before the day of the general election, certify to the secretary

  of state a slate of candidates consisting of candidates or joint

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  candidates who submitted sufficient nominating petitions under

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  division (B) of this section. The slate certifying the

candidates shall be on a form prescribed by the secretary of	1092
state and signed by all of the individuals of the committee	1093
designated in the party formation petition. In no event shall	1094
the slate of candidates include more than one candidate for any	1095
public office or more than one set of joint candidates for the	1096
offices of governor and lieutenant governor. The names of the	1097
candidates or joint candidates so certified shall appear on the	1098
ballot at the general election as that party's nominees for	1099
those offices. For purposes of this division, "joint candidates"	1100
means the joint candidates for the offices of governor and	1101
lieutenant governor.	1102

- (2) If a candidate's nominating petition is insufficient 1103 or if the committee does not certify the candidate's name under 1104 division (C)(1) of this section, the candidate shall not appear 1105 on the ballot in the general election. 1106
- (3) If a party formation petition is insufficient, no

  candidate shall appear on the ballot in the general election as

  that political party's nominee, regardless of whether any

  candidate's nominating petition is sufficient.

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- Section 2. That existing sections 1901.07, 3501.01,
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   3505.03, 3505.04, 3513.07, 3513.257, 3513.31, and 3517.012 of
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   the Revised Code are hereby repealed.
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Section 3. Section 1901.07 of the Revised Code is 1114 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 1115 by both H.B. 215 and S.B. 25 of the 132nd General Assembly. The 1116 General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) 1117 of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 1118 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, 1119 finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section 1120 in effect prior to the effective date of the section as 1121

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presented in this act.

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