As Passed by the Senate

133rd General Assembly

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Am. Sub. H. B. No. 341

Representative Ginter

Cosponsors: Representatives Seitz, Blair, Lightbody, Koehler, Liston, Abrams, Brent, Brown, Callender, Carfagna, Carruthers, Crawley, Crossman, Cupp, Denson, Edwards, Fraizer, Galonski, Hambley, Hicks-Hudson, Hillyer, Holmes, A., Kick, Lanese, LaRe, Leland, Lepore-Hagan, Manning, D., Manning, G., McClain, Miller, J., O'Brien, Patterson, Perales, Richardson, Riedel, Robinson, Roemer, Rogers, Romanchuk, Russo, Scherer, Sheehy, Smith, T., Sobecki, Stein, Swearingen, Sweeney, Upchurch, Weinstein, West, Wiggam

Senators Huffman, S., Antonio, Blessing, Burke, Craig, Dolan, Eklund, Gavarone, Hoagland, Johnson, Kunze, Lehner, Manning, McColley, Obhof, O'Brien, Peterson, Schaffer, Thomas, Williams, Wilson, Yuko

A BILL

То	amend sections 121.22, 2925.01, 2925.61,	1
	4723.50, 4723.52, 4729.01, 4729.29, 4729.44,	2
	4729.45, 4729.51, 4729.514, 4729.541, 4729.553,	3
	4729.80, 4730.56, and 4731.83; to amend, for the	4
	purpose of adopting new section numbers as	5
	indicated in parentheses, sections 4723.486	6
	(4723.488), 4723.488 (4723.484), and 4730.431	7
	(4730.434); and to enact new section 4723.486	8
	and sections 4723.485, 4729.515, 4730.435, and	9
	4730.436 of the Revised Code regarding the	10
	administration of addiction treatment drugs,	11
	federal agency access to the Ohio Automated Rx	12
	Reporting System, the Board of Pharmacy's	13
	exemption from open meetings requirements, the	14
	occasional sale of certain drugs at wholesale,	15
	and naloxone access and education.	16

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 121.22, 2925.01, 2925.61,	17
4723.50, 4723.52, 4729.01, 4729.29, 4729.44, 4729.45, 4729.51,	18
4729.514, 4729.541, 4729.553, 4729.80, 4730.56, and 4731.83 be	19
amended; sections 4723.486 (4723.488), 4723.488 (4723.484), and	20
4730.431 (4730.434) be amended for the purpose of adopting new	21
section numbers as indicated in parentheses; and new section	22
4723.486 and sections 4723.485, 4729.515, 4730.435, and 4730.436	23
of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	24
Sec. 121.22. (A) This section shall be liberally construed	25
to require public officials to take official action and to	26
conduct all deliberations upon official business only in open	27
meetings unless the subject matter is specifically excepted by	28
law.	29
(B) As used in this section:	30
(1) "Public body" means any of the following:	31
(a) Any board, commission, committee, council, or similar	32
decision-making body of a state agency, institution, or	33
authority, and any legislative authority or board, commission,	34
committee, council, agency, authority, or similar decision-	35
making body of any county, township, municipal corporation,	36
school district, or other political subdivision or local public	37
institution;	38
(b) Any committee or subcommittee of a body described in	39
division (B)(1)(a) of this section;	40
(c) A court of jurisdiction of a sanitary district	41
organized wholly for the purpose of providing a water supply for	42

domestic, municipal, and public use when meeting for the purpose	43
of the appointment, removal, or reappointment of a member of the	44
board of directors of such a district pursuant to section	45
6115.10 of the Revised Code, if applicable, or for any other	46
matter related to such a district other than litigation	47
involving the district. As used in division (B)(1)(c) of this	48
section, "court of jurisdiction" has the same meaning as "court"	49
in section 6115.01 of the Revised Code.	50
(2) "Meeting" means any prearranged discussion of the	51
public business of the public body by a majority of its members.	52
(3) "Regulated individual" means either of the following:	53
(a) A student in a state or local public educational	54
institution;	55
(b) A person who is, voluntarily or involuntarily, an	56
inmate, patient, or resident of a state or local institution	57
because of criminal behavior, mental illness, an intellectual	58
disability, disease, disability, age, or other condition	59
requiring custodial care.	60
(4) "Public office" has the same meaning as in section	61
149.011 of the Revised Code.	62
(C) All meetings of any public body are declared to be	63
public meetings open to the public at all times. A member of a	64
public body shall be present in person at a meeting open to the	65
public to be considered present or to vote at the meeting and	66
for purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at the	67
meeting.	68
The minutes of a regular or special meeting of any public	69
body shall be promptly prepared, filed, and maintained and shall	70

be open to public inspection. The minutes need only reflect the

(7) The board of nursing when determining whether to

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the Revised Code:

suspend a license or certificate without a prior hearing	100
pursuant to division (B) of section 4723.281 of the Revised	101
Code;	102
(8) The state board of pharmacy when determining whether	103
to suspend do either of the following:	104
(a) Suspend a license, certification, or registration	105
without a prior hearing, including during meetings conducted by	106
telephone conference, pursuant to division (D) of section	107
4729.16 Chapters 3719., 3796., 4729., and 4752. of the Revised	108
Code and rules adopted thereunder; or	109
(b) Restrict a person from obtaining further information	110
from the drug database established in section 4729.75 of the	111
Revised Code without a prior hearing pursuant to division (C) of	112
section 4729.86 of the Revised Code.	113
(9) The state chiropractic board when determining whether	114
to suspend a license without a hearing pursuant to section	115
4734.37 of the Revised Code;	116
(10) The executive committee of the emergency response	117
commission when determining whether to issue an enforcement	118
order or request that a civil action, civil penalty action, or	119
criminal action be brought to enforce Chapter 3750. of the	120
Revised Code;	121
(11) The board of directors of the nonprofit corporation	122
formed under section 187.01 of the Revised Code or any committee	123
thereof, and the board of directors of any subsidiary of that	124
corporation or a committee thereof;	125
(12) An audit conference conducted by the audit staff of	126
the department of job and family services with officials of the	127
public office that is the subject of that audit under section	128

5101.37 of the Revised Code;	129
(13) The occupational therapy section of the occupational	130
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when	131
determining whether to suspend a license or limited permit	132
without a hearing pursuant to division (D) of section 4755.11 of	133
the Revised Code;	134
(14) The physical therapy section of the occupational	135
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when	136
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing	137
pursuant to division (E) of section 4755.47 of the Revised Code;	138
(15) The athletic trainers section of the occupational	139
therapy, physical therapy, and athletic trainers board when	140
determining whether to suspend a license without a hearing	141
pursuant to division (D) of section 4755.64 of the Revised Code;	142
(16) Meetings of the pregnancy-associated mortality review	143
board established under section 3738.01 of the Revised Code;	144
(17) Meetings of a fetal-infant mortality review board	145
established under section 3707.71 of the Revised Code.	146
(E) The controlling board, the tax credit authority, or	147
the minority development financing advisory board, when meeting	148
to consider granting assistance pursuant to Chapter 122. or 166.	149
of the Revised Code, in order to protect the interest of the	150
applicant or the possible investment of public funds, by	151
unanimous vote of all board or authority members present, may	152
close the meeting during consideration of the following	153
information confidentially received by the authority or board	154
from the applicant:	155
(1) Marketing plans;	156

(2) Specific business strategy;	157
(3) Production techniques and trade secrets;	158
(4) Financial projections;	159
(5) Personal financial statements of the applicant or	160
members of the applicant's immediate family, including, but not	161
limited to, tax records or other similar information not open to	162
public inspection.	163
The vote by the authority or board to accept or reject the	164
application, as well as all proceedings of the authority or	165
board not subject to this division, shall be open to the public	166
and governed by this section.	167
(F) Every public body, by rule, shall establish a	168
reasonable method whereby any person may determine the time and	169
place of all regularly scheduled meetings and the time, place,	170
and purpose of all special meetings. A public body shall not	171
hold a special meeting unless it gives at least twenty-four	172
hours' advance notice to the news media that have requested	173
notification, except in the event of an emergency requiring	174
immediate official action. In the event of an emergency, the	175
member or members calling the meeting shall notify the news	176
media that have requested notification immediately of the time,	177
place, and purpose of the meeting.	178
The rule shall provide that any person, upon request and	179
payment of a reasonable fee, may obtain reasonable advance	180
notification of all meetings at which any specific type of	181
public business is to be discussed. Provisions for advance	182
notification may include, but are not limited to, mailing the	183
agenda of meetings to all subscribers on a mailing list or	184

mailing notices in self-addressed, stamped envelopes provided by

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- (G) Except as provided in divisions (G)(8) and (J) of this
 section, the members of a public body may hold an executive
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 session only after a majority of a quorum of the public body
 determines, by a roll call vote, to hold an executive session
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 and only at a regular or special meeting for the sole purpose of
 the consideration of any of the following matters:
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- (1) To consider the appointment, employment, dismissal, discipline, promotion, demotion, or compensation of a public employee or official, or the investigation of charges or complaints against a public employee, official, licensee, or regulated individual, unless the public employee, official, licensee, or regulated individual requests a public hearing. Except as otherwise provided by law, no public body shall hold an executive session for the discipline of an elected official for conduct related to the performance of the elected official's official duties or for the elected official's removal from office. If a public body holds an executive session pursuant to division (G)(1) of this section, the motion and vote to hold that executive session shall state which one or more of the approved purposes listed in division (G)(1) of this section are the purposes for which the executive session is to be held, but need not include the name of any person to be considered at the meeting.
- (2) To consider the purchase of property for public purposes, the sale of property at competitive bidding, or the sale or other disposition of unneeded, obsolete, or unfit-for-use property in accordance with section 505.10 of the Revised Code, if premature disclosure of information would give an unfair competitive or bargaining advantage to a person whose

personal, private interest is adverse to the general public	216
interest. No member of a public body shall use division (G)(2)	217
of this section as a subterfuge for providing covert information	218
to prospective buyers or sellers. A purchase or sale of public	219
property is void if the seller or buyer of the public property	220
has received covert information from a member of a public body	221
that has not been disclosed to the general public in sufficient	222
time for other prospective buyers and sellers to prepare and	223
submit offers.	224

If the minutes of the public body show that all meetings and deliberations of the public body have been conducted in compliance with this section, any instrument executed by the public body purporting to convey, lease, or otherwise dispose of any right, title, or interest in any public property shall be conclusively presumed to have been executed in compliance with this section insofar as title or other interest of any bona fide purchasers, lessees, or transferees of the property is concerned.

- (3) Conferences with an attorney for the public body concerning disputes involving the public body that are the subject of pending or imminent court action;
- (4) Preparing for, conducting, or reviewing negotiations or bargaining sessions with public employees concerning their compensation or other terms and conditions of their employment;
- (5) Matters required to be kept confidential by federal 240 law or regulations or state statutes; 241
- (6) Details relative to the security arrangements and
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 emergency response protocols for a public body or a public
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 office, if disclosure of the matters discussed could reasonably
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be expected to jeopardize the security of the public body or	245
<pre>public office;</pre>	246
(7) In the case of a county hospital operated pursuant to	247
Chapter 339. of the Revised Code, a joint township hospital	248
operated pursuant to Chapter 513. of the Revised Code, or a	249
municipal hospital operated pursuant to Chapter 749. of the	250
Revised Code, to consider trade secrets, as defined in section	251
1333.61 of the Revised Code;	252
(8) To consider confidential information related to the	253
marketing plans, specific business strategy, production	254
techniques, trade secrets, or personal financial statements of	255
an applicant for economic development assistance, or to	256
negotiations with other political subdivisions respecting	257
requests for economic development assistance, provided that both	258
of the following conditions apply:	259
(a) The information is directly related to a request for	260
economic development assistance that is to be provided or	261
administered under any provision of Chapter 715., 725., 1724.,	262
or 1728. or sections 701.07, 3735.67 to 3735.70, 5709.40 to	263
5709.43, 5709.61 to 5709.69, 5709.73 to 5709.75, or 5709.77 to	264
5709.81 of the Revised Code, or that involves public	265
infrastructure improvements or the extension of utility services	266
that are directly related to an economic development project.	267
(b) A unanimous quorum of the public body determines, by a	268
roll call vote, that the executive session is necessary to	269
protect the interests of the applicant or the possible	270
investment or expenditure of public funds to be made in	271
connection with the economic development project.	272

If a public body holds an executive session to consider

any of the matters listed in divisions (G)(2) to (8) of this	274
section, the motion and vote to hold that executive session	275
shall state which one or more of the approved matters listed in	276
those divisions are to be considered at the executive session.	277
A public body specified in division (B)(1)(c) of this	278

A public body specified in division (B)(1)(c) of this section shall not hold an executive session when meeting for the purposes specified in that division.

- (H) A resolution, rule, or formal action of any kind is invalid unless adopted in an open meeting of the public body. A resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting that results from deliberations in a meeting not open to the public is invalid unless the deliberations were for a purpose specifically authorized in division (G) or (J) of this section and conducted at an executive session held in compliance with this section. A resolution, rule, or formal action adopted in an open meeting is invalid if the public body that adopted the resolution, rule, or formal action violated division (F) of this section.
- (I) (1) Any person may bring an action to enforce this section. An action under division (I) (1) of this section shall be brought within two years after the date of the alleged violation or threatened violation. Upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of this section in an action brought by any person, the court of common pleas shall issue an injunction to compel the members of the public body to comply with its provisions.
- (2) (a) If the court of common pleas issues an injunction pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section, the court shall order the public body that it enjoins to pay a civil forfeiture of five hundred dollars to the party that sought the injunction

and shall award to that party all court costs and, subject to	304
reduction as described in division (I)(2) of this section,	305
reasonable attorney's fees. The court, in its discretion, may	306
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reduce an award of attorney's fees to the party that sought the	307
injunction or not award attorney's fees to that party if the	308
court determines both of the following:	309
(i) That, based on the ordinary application of statutory	310
law and case law as it existed at the time of violation or	311
threatened violation that was the basis of the injunction, a	312
well-informed public body reasonably would believe that the	313
public body was not violating or threatening to violate this	314
section;	315
(ii) That a well-informed public body reasonably would	316
believe that the conduct or threatened conduct that was the	317
basis of the injunction would serve the public policy that	318
underlies the authority that is asserted as permitting that	319
conduct or threatened conduct.	320
(b) If the court of common pleas does not issue an	321
injunction pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section and the	322
court determines at that time that the bringing of the action	323
was frivolous conduct, as defined in division (A) of section	324
2323.51 of the Revised Code, the court shall award to the public	325
body all court costs and reasonable attorney's fees, as	326
determined by the court.	327
(3) Irreparable harm and prejudice to the party that	328
sought the injunction shall be conclusively and irrebuttably	329
presumed upon proof of a violation or threatened violation of	330
this section.	331
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(4) A member of a public body who knowingly violates an

injunction issued pursuant to division (I)(1) of this section	333
may be removed from office by an action brought in the court of	334
common pleas for that purpose by the prosecuting attorney or the	335
attorney general.	336
(J)(1) Pursuant to division (C) of section 5901.09 of the	337
Revised Code, a veterans service commission shall hold an	338
executive session for one or more of the following purposes	339
unless an applicant requests a public hearing:	340
(a) Interviewing an applicant for financial assistance	341
under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised Code;	342
(b) Discussing applications, statements, and other	343
documents described in division (B) of section 5901.09 of the	344
Revised Code;	345
(c) Reviewing matters relating to an applicant's request	346
for financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of	347
the Revised Code.	348
(2) A veterans service commission shall not exclude an	349
applicant for, recipient of, or former recipient of financial	350
assistance under sections 5901.01 to 5901.15 of the Revised	351
Code, and shall not exclude representatives selected by the	352
applicant, recipient, or former recipient, from a meeting that	353
the commission conducts as an executive session that pertains to	354
the applicant's, recipient's, or former recipient's application	355
for financial assistance.	356
(3) A veterans service commission shall vote on the grant	357
or denial of financial assistance under sections 5901.01 to	358
5901.15 of the Revised Code only in an open meeting of the	359
commission. The minutes of the meeting shall indicate the name,	360
address, and occupation of the applicant, whether the assistance	361

cocaine, L.S.D., heroin, any fentanyl-related compound, and

of this section, whichever of the following is applicable:

five unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or

or opium derivative;

hashish and except as provided in division (D)(2), (5), or (6)

substance that is or contains any amount of a schedule I opiate

(a) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams or twenty-

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(b) An amount equal to or exceeding ten grams of a	391
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	392
any amount of raw or gum opium;	393
(c) An amount equal to or exceeding thirty grams or ten	394
unit doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	395
that is or contains any amount of a schedule I hallucinogen	396
other than tetrahydrocannabinol or lysergic acid amide, or a	397
schedule I stimulant or depressant;	398
(d) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five	399
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified	400
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,	401
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any	402
amount of a schedule II opiate or opium derivative;	403
(e) An amount equal to or exceeding five grams or ten unit	404
doses of a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is	405
or contains any amount of phencyclidine;	406
(f) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty	407
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose	408
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of	409
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or	410
contains any amount of a schedule II stimulant that is in a	411
final dosage form manufactured by a person authorized by the	412
"Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat. 1040 (1938), 21	413
U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, and the federal drug abuse control	414
laws, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code, that is	415
or contains any amount of a schedule II depressant substance or	416
a schedule II hallucinogenic substance;	417
(g) An amount equal to or exceeding three grams of a	418

compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains

any amount of a schedule II stimulant, or any of its salts or	420
isomers, that is not in a final dosage form manufactured by a	421
person authorized by the Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act	422
and the federal drug abuse control laws.	423
(2) An amount equal to or exceeding one hundred twenty	424
grams or thirty times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose	425
range specified in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of	426
a compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or	427
contains any amount of a schedule III or IV substance other than	428
an anabolic steroid or a schedule III opiate or opium	429
derivative;	430
(3) An amount equal to or exceeding twenty grams or five	431
times the maximum daily dose in the usual dose range specified	432
in a standard pharmaceutical reference manual of a compound,	433
mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains any	434
amount of a schedule III opiate or opium derivative;	435
(4) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred fifty	436
milliliters or two hundred fifty grams of a compound, mixture,	437
preparation, or substance that is or contains any amount of a	438
schedule V substance;	439
(5) An amount equal to or exceeding two hundred solid	440
dosage units, sixteen grams, or sixteen milliliters of a	441
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance that is or contains	442
any amount of a schedule III anabolic steroid;	443
(6) For any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance	444
that is a combination of a fentanyl-related compound and any	445
other compound, mixture, preparation, or substance included in	446
schedule III, schedule IV, or schedule V, if the defendant is	447

charged with a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code

and the sentencing provisions set forth in divisions (C)(10)(b)	449
and (C)(11) of that section will not apply regarding the	450
defendant and the violation, the bulk amount of the controlled	451
substance for purposes of the violation is the amount specified	452
in division (D)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section for	453
the other schedule III, IV, or V controlled substance that is	454
combined with the fentanyl-related compound.	455
(E) "Unit dose" means an amount or unit of a compound,	456
mixture, or preparation containing a controlled substance that	457
is separately identifiable and in a form that indicates that it	458
is the amount or unit by which the controlled substance is	459
separately administered to or taken by an individual.	460
(F) "Cultivate" includes planting, watering, fertilizing,	461
or tilling.	462
(G) "Drug abuse offense" means any of the following:	463
(1) A violation of division (A) of section 2913.02 that	464
constitutes theft of drugs, or a violation of section 2925.02,	465
2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.11, 2925.12,	466
2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.31, 2925.32, 2925.36,	467
or 2925.37 of the Revised Code;	468
(2) A violation of an existing or former law of this or	469
any other state or of the United States that is substantially	470
equivalent to any section listed in division (G)(1) of this	471
section;	472
(3) An offense under an existing or former law of this or	473
any other state, or of the United States, of which planting,	474
cultivating, harvesting, processing, making, manufacturing,	475
producing, shipping, transporting, delivering, acquiring,	476

possessing, storing, distributing, dispensing, selling, inducing

another to use, administering to another, using, or otherwise	478
dealing with a controlled substance is an element;	479
(4) A conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or	480
complicity in committing or attempting to commit any offense	481
under division $(G)(1)$, (2) , or (3) of this section.	482
(H) "Felony drug abuse offense" means any drug abuse	483
offense that would constitute a felony under the laws of this	484
state, any other state, or the United States.	485
(I) "Harmful intoxicant" does not include beer or	486
intoxicating liquor but means any of the following:	487
(1) Any compound, mixture, preparation, or substance the	488
gas, fumes, or vapor of which when inhaled can induce	489
intoxication, excitement, giddiness, irrational behavior,	490
depression, stupefaction, paralysis, unconsciousness,	491
asphyxiation, or other harmful physiological effects, and	492
includes, but is not limited to, any of the following:	493
(a) Any volatile organic solvent, plastic cement, model	494
cement, fingernail polish remover, lacquer thinner, cleaning	495
fluid, gasoline, or other preparation containing a volatile	496
organic solvent;	497
(b) Any aerosol propellant;	498
(c) Any fluorocarbon refrigerant;	499
(d) Any anesthetic gas.	500
(2) Gamma Butyrolactone;	501
(3) 1,4 Butanediol.	502
(J) "Manufacture" means to plant, cultivate, harvest,	503
process, make, prepare, or otherwise engage in any part of the	504

production of a drug, by propagation, extraction, chemical	505
synthesis, or compounding, or any combination of the same, and	506
includes packaging, repackaging, labeling, and other activities	507
incident to production.	508
(K) "Possess" or "possession" means having control over a	509
thing or substance, but may not be inferred solely from mere	510
access to the thing or substance through ownership or occupation	511
of the premises upon which the thing or substance is found.	512
(L) "Sample drug" means a drug or pharmaceutical	513
preparation that would be hazardous to health or safety if used	514
without the supervision of a licensed health professional	515
authorized to prescribe drugs, or a drug of abuse, and that, at	516
one time, had been placed in a container plainly marked as a	517
sample by a manufacturer.	518
(M) "Standard pharmaceutical reference manual" means the	519
current edition, with cumulative changes if any, of references	520
that are approved by the state board of pharmacy.	521
(N) "Juvenile" means a person under eighteen years of age.	522
(O) "Counterfeit controlled substance" means any of the	523
following:	524
(1) Any drug that bears, or whose container or label	525
bears, a trademark, trade name, or other identifying mark used	526
without authorization of the owner of rights to that trademark,	527
trade name, or identifying mark;	528
(2) Any unmarked or unlabeled substance that is	529
represented to be a controlled substance manufactured,	530
processed, packed, or distributed by a person other than the	531
person that manufactured, processed, packed, or distributed it;	532

(3) Any substance that is represented to be a controlled	533
substance but is not a controlled substance or is a different	534
controlled substance;	535
(4) Any substance other than a controlled substance that a	536
reasonable person would believe to be a controlled substance	537
because of its similarity in shape, size, and color, or its	538
markings, labeling, packaging, distribution, or the price for	539
which it is sold or offered for sale.	540
(P) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a school"	541
if the offender commits the offense on school premises, in a	542
school building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries	543
of any school premises, regardless of whether the offender knows	544
the offense is being committed on school premises, in a school	545
building, or within one thousand feet of the boundaries of any	546
school premises.	547
(Q) "School" means any school operated by a board of	548
education, any community school established under Chapter 3314.	549
of the Revised Code, or any nonpublic school for which the state	550
board of education prescribes minimum standards under section	551
3301.07 of the Revised Code, whether or not any instruction,	552
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school	553
is being conducted at the time a criminal offense is committed.	554
(R) "School premises" means either of the following:	555
(1) The parcel of real property on which any school is	556
situated, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular	557
activities, or training provided by the school is being	558
conducted on the premises at the time a criminal offense is	559
committed;	560

(2) Any other parcel of real property that is owned or

leased by a board of education of a school, the governing	562
authority of a community school established under Chapter 3314.	563
of the Revised Code, or the governing body of a nonpublic school	564
for which the state board of education prescribes minimum	565
standards under section 3301.07 of the Revised Code and on which	566
some of the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training	567
of the school is conducted, whether or not any instruction,	568
extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school	569
is being conducted on the parcel of real property at the time a	570
criminal offense is committed.	571

- (S) "School building" means any building in which any of the instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by a school is conducted, whether or not any instruction, extracurricular activities, or training provided by the school is being conducted in the school building at the time a criminal offense is committed.
- (T) "Disciplinary counsel" means the disciplinary counsel 578 appointed by the board of commissioners on grievances and 579 discipline of the supreme court under the Rules for the 580 Government of the Bar of Ohio. 581
- (U) "Certified grievance committee" means a duly constituted and organized committee of the Ohio state bar association or of one or more local bar associations of the state of Ohio that complies with the criteria set forth in Rule V, section 6 of the Rules for the Government of the Bar of Ohio.
- (V) "Professional license" means any license, permit, 587 certificate, registration, qualification, admission, temporary 588 license, temporary permit, temporary certificate, or temporary 589 registration that is described in divisions (W)(1) to (37) of 590 this section and that qualifies a person as a professionally 591

licensed person.	592
(W) "Professionally licensed person" means any of the	593
following:	594
(1) A person who has received a certificate or temporary	595
certificate as a certified public accountant or who has	596
registered as a public accountant under Chapter 4701. of the	597
Revised Code and who holds an Ohio permit issued under that	598
chapter;	599
(2) A person who holds a certificate of qualification to	600
practice architecture issued or renewed and registered under	601
Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code;	602
(3) A person who is registered as a landscape architect	603
under Chapter 4703. of the Revised Code or who holds a permit as	604
a landscape architect issued under that chapter;	605
(4) A person licensed under Chapter 4707. of the Revised	606
Code;	607
(5) A person who has been issued a certificate of	608
registration as a registered barber under Chapter 4709. of the	609
Revised Code;	610
(6) A person licensed and regulated to engage in the	611
business of a debt pooling company by a legislative authority,	612
under authority of Chapter 4710. of the Revised Code;	613
(7) A person who has been issued a cosmetologist's	614
license, hair designer's license, manicurist's license,	615
esthetician's license, natural hair stylist's license, advanced	616
cosmetologist's license, advanced hair designer's license,	617
advanced manicurist's license, advanced esthetician's license,	618
advanced natural hair stylist's license, cosmetology	619

instructor's license, hair design instructor's license,	620
manicurist instructor's license, esthetics instructor's license,	621
natural hair style instructor's license, independent	622
contractor's license, or tanning facility permit under Chapter	623
4713. of the Revised Code;	624
(8) A person who has been issued a license to practice	625
dentistry, a general anesthesia permit, a conscious sedation	626
permit, a limited resident's license, a limited teaching	627
license, a dental hygienist's license, or a dental hygienist's	628
teacher's certificate under Chapter 4715. of the Revised Code;	629
(9) A person who has been issued an embalmer's license, a	630
funeral director's license, a funeral home license, or a	631
crematory license, or who has been registered for an embalmer's	632
or funeral director's apprenticeship under Chapter 4717. of the	633
Revised Code;	634
(10) A person who has been licensed as a registered nurse	635
or practical nurse, or who has been issued a certificate for the	636
practice of nurse-midwifery under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	637
Code;	638
(11) A person who has been licensed to practice optometry	639
or to engage in optical dispensing under Chapter 4725. of the	640
Revised Code;	641
(12) A person licensed to act as a pawnbroker under	642
Chapter 4727. of the Revised Code;	643
(13) A person licensed to act as a precious metals dealer	644
under Chapter 4728. of the Revised Code;	645
(14) A person licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised	646
Code as a pharmacist or pharmacy intern or registered under that	647
chapter as a registered pharmacy technician, certified pharmacy	648

technician, or pharmacy technician trainee;	649
(15) A person licensed under Chapter 4729. of the Revised	650
Code as a manufacturer of dangerous drugs, outsourcing facility,	651
third-party logistics provider, repackager of dangerous drugs,	652
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs, or terminal	653
distributor of dangerous drugs;	654
(16) A person who is authorized to practice as a physician	655
assistant under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code;	656
(17) A person who has been issued a license to practice	657
medicine and surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or	658
podiatric medicine and surgery under Chapter 4731. of the	659
Revised Code or has been issued a certificate to practice a	660
limited branch of medicine under that chapter;	661
(18) A person licensed as a psychologist or school	662
psychologist under Chapter 4732. of the Revised Code;	663
(19) A person registered to practice the profession of	664
engineering or surveying under Chapter 4733. of the Revised	665
Code;	666
(20) A person who has been issued a license to practice	667
chiropractic under Chapter 4734. of the Revised Code;	668
(21) A person licensed to act as a real estate broker or	669
real estate salesperson under Chapter 4735. of the Revised Code;	670
(22) A person registered as a registered sanitarian under	671
Chapter 4736. of the Revised Code;	672
(23) A person licensed to operate or maintain a junkyard	673
under Chapter 4737. of the Revised Code;	674
(24) A nerson who has been issued a motor webicle salvage	675

dealer's license under Chapter 4738. of the Revised Code;	676
(25) A person who has been licensed to act as a steam	677
engineer under Chapter 4739. of the Revised Code;	678
(26) A person who has been issued a license or temporary	679
permit to practice veterinary medicine or any of its branches,	680
or who is registered as a graduate animal technician under	681
Chapter 4741. of the Revised Code;	682
(27) A person who has been issued a hearing aid dealer's	683
or fitter's license or trainee permit under Chapter 4747. of the	684
Revised Code;	685
(28) A person who has been issued a class A, class B, or	686
class C license or who has been registered as an investigator or	687
security guard employee under Chapter 4749. of the Revised Code;	688
(29) A person licensed to practice as a nursing home	689
administrator under Chapter 4751. of the Revised Code;	690
(30) A person licensed to practice as a speech-language	691
pathologist or audiologist under Chapter 4753. of the Revised	692
Code;	693
(31) A person issued a license as an occupational	694
therapist or physical therapist under Chapter 4755. of the	695
Revised Code;	696
(32) A person who is licensed as a licensed professional	697
clinical counselor, licensed professional counselor, social	698
worker, independent social worker, independent marriage and	699
family therapist, or marriage and family therapist, or	700
registered as a social work assistant under Chapter 4757. of the	701
Revised Code;	702
(33) A person issued a license to practice dietetics under	703

Chapter 4759. of the Revised Code;	704
(34) A person who has been issued a license or limited	705
permit to practice respiratory therapy under Chapter 4761. of	706
the Revised Code;	707
(35) A person who has been issued a real estate appraiser	708
certificate under Chapter 4763. of the Revised Code;	709
(36) A person who has been issued a home inspector license	710
under Chapter 4764. of the Revised Code;	711
(37) A person who has been admitted to the bar by order of	712
the supreme court in compliance with its prescribed and	713
published rules.	714
(X) "Cocaine" means any of the following:	715
(1) A cocaine salt, isomer, or derivative, a salt of a	716
cocaine isomer or derivative, or the base form of cocaine;	717
(2) Coca leaves or a salt, compound, derivative, or	718
preparation of coca leaves, including ecgonine, a salt, isomer,	719
or derivative of ecgonine, or a salt of an isomer or derivative	720
of ecgonine;	721
(3) A salt, compound, derivative, or preparation of a	722
substance identified in division (X)(1) or (2) of this section	723
that is chemically equivalent to or identical with any of those	724
substances, except that the substances shall not include	725
decocainized coca leaves or extraction of coca leaves if the	726
extractions do not contain cocaine or ecgonine.	727
(Y) "L.S.D." means lysergic acid diethylamide.	728
(Z) "Hashish" means the a resin or a preparation of the a	729
resin to which both of the following apply:	730

(1) It is contained in marihuanaor derived from any part	731
of the plant of the genus cannabis, whether in solid form or in	732
a liquid concentrate, liquid extract, or liquid distillate form.	733
(2) It has a delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol concentration of	734
more than three-tenths per cent.	735
"Hashish" does not include a hemp byproduct in the	736
possession of a licensed hemp processor under Chapter 928. of	737
the Revised Code, provided that the hemp byproduct is being	738
produced, stored, and disposed of in accordance with rules	739
adopted under section 928.03 of the Revised Code.	740
(AA) "Marihuana" has the same meaning as in section	741
3719.01 of the Revised Code, except that it does not include	742
hashish.	743
(BB) An offense is "committed in the vicinity of a	744
juvenile" if the offender commits the offense within one hundred	745
feet of a juvenile or within the view of a juvenile, regardless	746
of whether the offender knows the age of the juvenile, whether	747
the offender knows the offense is being committed within one	748
hundred feet of or within view of the juvenile, or whether the	749
juvenile actually views the commission of the offense.	750
(CC) "Presumption for a prison term" or "presumption that	751
a prison term shall be imposed" means a presumption, as	752
described in division (D) of section 2929.13 of the Revised	753
Code, that a prison term is a necessary sanction for a felony in	754
order to comply with the purposes and principles of sentencing	755
under section 2929.11 of the Revised Code.	756
(DD) "Major drug offender" has the same meaning as in	757
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	758

(EE) "Minor drug possession offense" means either of the

following:	760
(1) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	761
it existed prior to July 1, 1996;	762
(2) A violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code as	763
it exists on and after July 1, 1996, that is a misdemeanor or a	764
felony of the fifth degree.	765
(FF) "Mandatory prison term" has the same meaning as in	766
section 2929.01 of the Revised Code.	767
(GG) "Adulterate" means to cause a drug to be adulterated	768
as described in section 3715.63 of the Revised Code.	769
(HH) "Public premises" means any hotel, restaurant,	770
tavern, store, arena, hall, or other place of public	771
accommodation, business, amusement, or resort.	772
(II) "Methamphetamine" means methamphetamine, any salt,	773
isomer, or salt of an isomer of methamphetamine, or any	774
compound, mixture, preparation, or substance containing	775
methamphetamine or any salt, isomer, or salt of an isomer of	776
methamphetamine.	777
(JJ) "Deception" has the same meaning as in section	778
2913.01 of the Revised Code.	779
(KK) "Fentanyl-related compound" means any of the	780
following:	781
(1) Fentanyl;	782
(2) Alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(alpha-methyl-beta-	783
phenyl)ethyl-4- piperidyl]propionanilide; 1-(1-methyl-2-	784
phenylethyl)-4-(N-propanilido) piperidine);	785
(3) Alpha-methylthiofentanyl (N-[1-methyl-2-(2-	786

thienyl)ethyl-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);	787
(4) Beta-hydroxyfentanyl (N-[1-(2-hydroxy-2-phenethyl-4-	788
<pre>piperidinyl] -N-phenylpropanamide);</pre>	789
(5) Beta-hydroxy-3-methylfentanyl (other name: N-[1-(2-	790
hydroxy-2- phenethyl)-3-methyl-4-piperidinyl]-N-	791
<pre>phenylpropanamide);</pre>	792
(6) 3-methylfentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-(2-phenylethyl)-4-	793
<pre>piperidyl]-N- phenylpropanamide);</pre>	794
(7) 3-methylthiofentanyl (N-[3-methyl-1-[2-	795
<pre>(thienyl)ethyl]-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylpropanamide);</pre>	796
(8) Para-fluorofentanyl (N-(4-fluorophenyl)-N-[1-(2-	797
<pre>phenethyl)-4- piperidinyl]propanamide;</pre>	798
(9) Thiofentanyl (N-phenyl-N-[1-(2-thienyl)ethyl-4-	799
<pre>piperidinyl]- propanamide;</pre>	800
(10) Alfentanil;	801
(11) Carfentanil;	802
(12) Remifentanil;	803
(13) Sufentanil;	804
(14) Acetyl-alpha-methylfentanyl (N-[1-(1-methyl-2-	805
phenethyl)-4- piperidinyl]-N-phenylacetamide); and	806
(15) Any compound that meets all of the following fentanyl	807
pharmacophore requirements to bind at the mu receptor, as	808
identified by a report from an established forensic laboratory,	809
including acetylfentanyl, furanylfentanyl, valerylfentanyl,	810
butyrylfentanyl, isobutyrylfentanyl, 4-methoxybutyrylfentanyl,	811
para-fluorobutyrylfentanyl, acrylfentanyl, and ortho-	812
fluorofentanyl:	813

(a) A chemical scaffold consisting of both of the	814
following:	815
(i) A five, six, or seven member ring structure containing	816
a nitrogen, whether or not further substituted;	817
(ii) An attached nitrogen to the ring, whether or not that	818
nitrogen is enclosed in a ring structure, including an attached	819
aromatic ring or other lipophilic group to that nitrogen.	820
(b) A polar functional group attached to the chemical	821
scaffold, including but not limited to a hydroxyl, ketone,	822
amide, or ester;	823
(c) An alkyl or aryl substitution off the ring nitrogen of	824
the chemical scaffold; and	825
(d) The compound has not been approved for medical use by	826
the United States food and drug administration.	827
(LL) "First degree felony mandatory prison term" means one	828
of the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(1)(b) of	829
section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the first	830
degree, except that if the violation for which sentence is being	831
imposed is committed on or after the effective date of this	832
amendment March 22, 2019, it means one of the minimum prison	833
terms prescribed in division (A)(1)(a) of that section for a	834
felony of the first degree.	835
(MM) "Second degree felony mandatory prison term" means	836
one of the definite prison terms prescribed in division (A)(2)	837
(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the	838
second degree, except that if the violation for which sentence	839
is being imposed is committed on or after the effective date of	840
this amendment March 22, 2019, it means one of the minimum	841
prison terms prescribed in division (A)(2)(a) of that section	842

for a felony of the second degree.	843
(NN) "Maximum first degree felony mandatory prison term"	844
means the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division	845
(A) (1) (b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of	846
the first degree, except that if the violation for which	847
sentence is being imposed is committed on or after the effective	848
date of this amendment March 22, 2019, it means the longest	849
minimum prison term prescribed in division (A)(1)(a) of that	850
section for a felony of the first degree.	851
(00) "Maximum second degree felony mandatory prison term"	852
means the maximum definite prison term prescribed in division	853
(A)(2)(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of	854
the second degree, except that if the violation for which	855
sentence is being imposed is committed on or after the effective	856
date of this amendment March 22, 2019, it means the longest	857
minimum prison term prescribed in division (A)(2)(a) of that	858
section for a felony of the second degree.	859
(PP) "Delta-9 tetrahydrocannabinol" has the same meaning	860
as in section 928.01 of the Revised Code.	861
Sec. 2925.61. (A) As used in this section:	862
(1) "Law enforcement agency" means a government entity	863
that employs peace officers to perform law enforcement duties.	864
(2) "Licensed health professional" means all of the	865
following:	866
(a) A physician;	867
(b) A physician assistant who is licensed under Chapter	868
4730. of the Revised Code, holds a valid prescriber number	869
issued by the state medical board, and has been granted	870

physician-delegated prescriptive authority;	871
(c) An advanced practice registered nurse who holds a	872
current, valid license issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	873
Code and is designated as a clinical nurse specialist, certified	874
nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner.	875
(3) "Peace officer" has the same meaning as in section	876
2921.51 of the Revised Code.	877
(4) "Physician" means an individual who is authorized	878
under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	879
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	880
and surgery.	881
(B) A family member, friend, or other individual who is in	882
a position to assist an individual who is apparently	883
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	884
overdose τ is not subject to criminal prosecution for a violation	885
of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code or, is not subject to	886
criminal prosecution under this chapter, and is not liable for	887
damages in a civil action for injury, death, or loss to person	888
or property for an act or omission that allegedly arises from	889
obtaining, maintaining, accessing, or administering naloxone, if	890
the individual, acting in good faith, does all of the following:	891
(1) Obtains naloxone pursuant to a prescription issued by	892
a licensed health professional, or obtains naloxone from one of	893
the following:	894
(a) A licensed health professional;	895
(b) An individual who is authorized to personally furnish	896
<pre>naloxone by either a any of the following:</pre>	897
(i) A physician under section 4731.941 of the Revised Code	898

or a ;	899
(ii) An advanced practice registered nurse under section	900
4723.485 of the Revised Code;	901
(iii) A physician assistant under section 4730.435 of the	902
Revised Code;	903
(iv) A board of health under section 3707.561 of the	904
Revised Code to personally furnish naloxone;	905
(c) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who is authorized by a	906
physician or board of health under section 4729.44 of the	907
Revised Code to dispense naloxone without a prescription.	908
(2) Administers the naloxone obtained as described in	909
division (B)(1) of this section to an individual who is	910
apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose;	911
(3) Attempts to summon emergency services as soon as	912
practicable either before or after administering the naloxone.	913
(C) An individual who is an employee, volunteer, or	914
contractor of a service entity, as defined in section 4729.514	915
of the Revised Code, and has been authorized under section	916
3707.562 <u>, 4723.486, 4730.436</u> , or 4731.943 of the Revised Code to	917
administer naloxone is not subject to criminal prosecution for a	918
violation of section 4731.41 of the Revised Code or criminal	919
prosecution under this chapter $_{\!\scriptscriptstyle L}$ if the individual, acting in	920
good faith, does all of the following:	921
(1) Obtains naloxone from the service entity of which the	922
individual is an employee, volunteer, or contractor;	923
(2) Administers the naloxone obtained to an individual who	924
is apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose:	925

(3) Attempts to summon emergency services as soon as	926
practicable either before or after administering the naloxone.	927
(D) Divisions (B) and (C) of this section do not apply to	928
a peace officer or to an emergency medical technician-basic,	929
emergency medical technician-intermediate, or emergency medical	930
technician-paramedic, as defined in section 4765.01 of the	931
Revised Code.	932
(E)(1) If a peace officer, acting in good faith,	933
administers naloxone to an individual who is apparently	934
experiencing an opioid-related overdose, both of the following	935
apply:	936
(a) The peace officer is not subject to administrative	937
action, criminal prosecution for a violation of section 4731.41	938
of the Revised Code, or criminal prosecution under this chapter.	939
(b) The peace officer is not liable for damages in a civil	940
action for injury, death, or loss to person or property for an	941
act or omission that allegedly arises from obtaining,	942
maintaining, accessing, or administering the naloxone.	943
(2) Division (E)(1)(b) of this section does not eliminate,	944
limit, or reduce any other immunity or defense that an entity or	945
person may be entitled to under section 9.86 or Chapter 2744. of	946
the Revised Code, any other provision of the Revised Code, or	947
the common law of this state.	948
Sec. 4723.488 4723.484. (A) Notwithstanding any provision	949
of this chapter or rule adopted by the board of nursing, an	950
advanced practice registered nurse who is designated as a	951
clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or certified	952
nurse practitioner may personally furnish a supply of naloxone,	953
or issue a prescription for naloxone, without having examined	954

the individual to whom it may be administered if both of the	955
following conditions are met:	956
(1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the	957
prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member,	958
friend, or other individual in a position to assist an	959
individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of	960
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	961
(2) The advanced practice registered nurse instructs the	962
individual receiving the naloxone supply or prescription to	963
summon emergency services as soon as practicable either before	964
or after administering naloxone to an individual apparently	965
experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	966
(B) An advanced practice registered nurse who under	967
division (A) of this section in good faith furnishes a supply of	968
naloxone or issues a prescription for naloxone is not liable for	969
or subject to any of the following for any action or omission of	970
the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished or the	971
prescription is issued: damages in any civil action, prosecution	972
in any criminal proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	973
Sec. 4723.485. (A) (1) An advanced practice registered	974
nurse who is designated as a clinical nurse specialist,	975
certified nurse-midwife, or certified nurse practitioner and who	976
has established a protocol that meets the requirements of	977
division (C) of this section may authorize one or more other	978
individuals to personally furnish a supply of naloxone pursuant	979
to the protocol to either of the following:	980
(a) An individual who there is reason to believe is	981
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	982
overdose;	983

(b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position	984
to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at	985
risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	986
(2) An individual authorized under this section to	987
personally furnish naloxone may do so without having examined	988
the individual to whom it may be administered.	989
(B) An individual authorized by an advanced practice	990
registered nurse under this section may personally furnish	991
naloxone to an individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b)	992
of this section if both of the following conditions are met:	993
(1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	994
established by the authorizing advanced practice registered	995
nurse, including having completed the training required by the	996
protocol.	997
(2) The authorized individual instructs the individual to	998
whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon	999
as practicable either before or after administering naloxone.	1000
(C) A protocol established by an advanced practice	1001
registered nurse for purposes of this section shall be	1002
established in writing and include all of the following:	1003
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	1004
naloxone;	1005
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning	1006
furnishing naloxone;	1007
(3) Any limitations the advanced practice registered nurse	1008
specifies concerning the individuals to whom naloxone may be	1009
furnished;	1010
(4) The naloyone dosage that may be furnished and any	1 0 1 1

variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	1012
<pre>protocol;</pre>	1013
(5) Labeling, storage, record keeping, and administrative	1014
requirements;	1015
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	1016
<pre>individual will be authorized to furnish naloxone;</pre>	1017
(7) Any instructions or training that the authorized	1018
individual must provide to an individual to whom naloxone is	1019
furnished.	1020
(D) An advanced practice registered nurse who in good	1021
faith authorizes another individual to personally furnish	1022
naloxone in accordance with a protocol established by the	1023
advanced practice registered nurse under this section is not	1024
liable for or subject to any of the following for any action or	1025
omission of the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished:	1026
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	1027
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	1028
An individual authorized under this section to personally	1029
furnish naloxone who does so in good faith is not liable for or	1030
subject to any of the following for any action or omission of	1031
the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	1032
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	1033
professional disciplinary action.	1034
Sec. 4723.486. (A) As used in this section, "service	1035
entity" has the same meaning as in section 4729.514 of the	1036
Revised Code.	1037
(B) An advanced practice registered nurse who is	1038
designated as a clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-	1039
midwife, or certified nurse practitioner and who has established	1040

a protocol under division (D) of this section may authorize an	1041
individual who is an employee, volunteer, or contractor of a	1042
service entity to administer naloxone to an individual who is	1043
apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	1044
(C) An individual authorized by an advanced practice	1045
registered nurse under this section may administer naloxone to	1046
an individual who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related	1047
overdose if all of the following conditions are met:	1048
(1) The naloxone is obtained from a service entity of	1049
which the authorized individual is an employee, volunteer, or	1050
contractor.	1051
(2) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	1052
established by the authorizing advanced practice registered	1053
nurse.	1054
(3) The authorized individual summons emergency services	1055
as soon as practicable either before or after administering the	1056
naloxone.	1057
(D) A protocol established by an advanced practice	1058
registered nurse for purposes of this section must be in writing	1059
and include all of the following:	1060
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	1061
naloxone;	1062
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning the	1063
administration of naloxone;	1064
(3) Any limitations the advanced practice registered nurse	1065
specifies concerning the individuals to whom naloxone may be	1066
administered;	1067
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be administered and any	1068

variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	1069
<pre>protocol;</pre>	1070
(5) Labeling, storage, record keeping, and administrative	1071
<pre>requirements;</pre>	1072
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	1073
individual can be authorized to administer naloxone.	1074
(E) An advanced practice registered nurse who in good	1075
faith authorizes an individual to administer naloxone under this	1076
section is not liable for or subject to any of the following for	1077
any act or omission of the authorized individual: damages in any	1078
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	1079
professional disciplinary action.	1080
A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor	1081
of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the	1082
following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	1083
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	1084
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or administering naloxone	1085
under this section, unless the act or omission constitutes	1086
willful or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action,	1087
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	1088
disciplinary action.	1089
This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	1090
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	1091
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	1092
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	1093
or under the common law of this state.	1094
Sec. 4723.486 4723.488. (A) Except as provided in division	1095
(B) of this section, in the case of a license holder who is	1096
seeking renewal of a license to practice nursing as an advanced	1097

practice registered nurse and who prescribes opioid analgesics	1098
or benzodiazepines, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised	1099
Code, the holder shall certify to the board whether the holder	1100
has been granted access to the drug database established and	1101
maintained by the state board of pharmacy pursuant to section	1102
4729.75 of the Revised Code.	1103
(B) The requirement in division (A) of this section does	1104
not apply if any of the following is the case:	1105
(1) The state board of pharmacy notifies the board of	1106
nursing pursuant to section 4729.861 of the Revised Code that	1107
the license holder has been restricted from obtaining further	1108
information from the drug database.	1109
(2) The state board of pharmacy no longer maintains the	1110
drug database.	1111
(3) The license holder does not practice nursing in this	1112
state.	1113
(C) If a license holder certifies to the board of nursing	1114
that the holder has been granted access to the drug database and	1115
the board finds through an audit or other means that the holder	1116
has not been granted access, the board may take action under	1117
section 4723.28 of the Revised Code.	1118
Sec. 4723.50. (A) As used in this section:	1119
(1) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	1120
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	1121
(2) "Medication-assisted treatment" has the same meaning	1122
as in section 340.01 of the Revised Code.	1123
(B) In accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code,	1124
the board of nursing shall adopt rules as necessary to implement	1125

the provisions of this chapter pertaining to the authority of	1126
advanced practice registered nurses who are designated as	1127
clinical nurse specialists, certified nurse-midwives, and	1128
certified nurse practitioners to prescribe and furnish drugs and	1129
therapeutic devices.	1130
The board shall adopt rules that are consistent with a	1131
recommended exclusionary formulary the board receives from the	1132
committee on prescriptive governance pursuant to section	1133
4723.492 of the Revised Code. After reviewing a formulary	1134
submitted by the committee, the board may either adopt the	1135
formulary as a rule or ask the committee to reconsider and	1136
resubmit the formulary. The board shall not adopt any rule that	1137
does not conform to a formulary developed by the committee.	1138
The exclusionary formulary shall permit, in a manner	1139
consistent with section 4723.481 of the Revised Code, the	1140
prescribing of controlled substances, including drugs that	1141
contain buprenorphine used in medication-assisted treatment and	1142
both oral and long-acting opioid antagonists. The formulary	1143
shall not permit the prescribing or furnishing of any of the	1144
following:	1145
(1) A drug or device to perform or induce an abortion;	1146
(2) A drug or device prohibited by federal or state law.	1147
(C) In addition to the rules described in division (B) of	1148
this section, the board shall adopt rules under this section	1149
that do the following:	1150
(1) Establish standards for board approval of the course	1151
of study in advanced pharmacology and related topics required by	1152
section 4723.482 of the Revised Code;	1153

(2) Establish requirements for board approval of the two-

hour course of instruction in the laws of this state as required	1155
under division (C)(1) of section 4723.482 of the Revised Code	1156
and division (B) (2) of section 4723.484 of the Revised Code;	1157
(3) Establish criteria for the components of the standard	1158
care arrangements described in section 4723.431 of the Revised	1159
Code that apply to the authority to prescribe, including the	1160
components that apply to the authority to prescribe schedule II	1161
controlled substances. The rules shall be consistent with that	1162
section and include all of the following:	1163
(a) Quality assurance standards;	1164
(b) Standards for periodic review by a collaborating	1165
physician or podiatrist of the records of patients treated by	1166
the clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or	1167
certified nurse practitioner;	1168
(c) Acceptable travel time between the location at which	1169
the clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife, or	1170
certified nurse practitioner is engaging in the prescribing	1171
components of the nurse's practice and the location of the	1172
nurse's collaborating physician or podiatrist;	1173
(d) Any other criteria recommended by the committee on	1174
prescriptive governance.	1175
Sec. 4723.52. (A) As used in this section:	1176
(1) "Community addiction services provider" has the same	1177
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	1178
(2) "Medication-assisted treatment" has the same meaning	1179
as in section 340.01 of the Revised Code.	1180
(B) An advanced practice registered nurse shall comply	1181
with section 3719 064 of the Revised Code and rules adopted	1182

under section 4723.51 of the Revised Code when treating a	1183
patient for addiction with medication-assisted treatment or	1184
proposing to initiate such treatment.	1185
(C) An advanced practice registered nurse who fails to	1186
comply with this section shall treat not more than thirty	1187
patients at any one time with medication-assisted treatment even	1188
if the facility or location at which the treatment is provided	1189
is either of the following:	1190
(1) Exempted by divisions (B)(2)(a) to (d) or (i) of	1191
section 4729.553 of the Revised Code from being required to	1192
possess a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1193
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification;	1194
(2) A community addiction services provider that provides	1195
alcohol and drug addiction services that are certified by the	1196
department of mental health and addiction services under section	1197
5119.36 of the Revised Code.	1198
Sec. 4729.01. As used in this chapter:	1199
Sec. 4729.01. As used in this chapter.	1199
(A) "Pharmacy," except when used in a context that refers	1200
to the practice of pharmacy, means any area, room, rooms, place	1201
of business, department, or portion of any of the foregoing	1202
where the practice of pharmacy is conducted.	1203
(B) "Practice of pharmacy" means providing pharmacist care	1204
requiring specialized knowledge, judgment, and skill derived	1205
from the principles of biological, chemical, behavioral, social,	1206
pharmaceutical, and clinical sciences. As used in this division,	1207
"pharmacist care" includes the following:	1208
(1) Interpreting prescriptions;	1209
(2) Dispensing drugs and drug therapy related devices;	1210

(3) Compounding drugs;	1211
(4) Counseling individuals with regard to their drug	1212
therapy, recommending drug therapy related devices, and	1213
assisting in the selection of drugs and appliances for treatment	1214
of common diseases and injuries and providing instruction in the	1215
proper use of the drugs and appliances;	1216
(5) Performing drug regimen reviews with individuals by	1217
discussing all of the drugs that the individual is taking and	1218
explaining the interactions of the drugs;	1219
(6) Performing drug utilization reviews with licensed	1220
health professionals authorized to prescribe drugs when the	1221
pharmacist determines that an individual with a prescription has	1222
a drug regimen that warrants additional discussion with the	1223
prescriber;	1224
(7) Advising an individual and the health care	1225
professionals treating an individual with regard to the	1226
<pre>individual's drug therapy;</pre>	1227
(8) Acting pursuant to a consult agreement with one or	1228
more physicians authorized under Chapter 4731. of the Revised	1229
Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	1230
and surgery, if an agreement has been established;	1231
(9) Engaging in the administration of immunizations to the	1232
extent authorized by section 4729.41 of the Revised Code;	1233
(10) Engaging in the administration of drugs to the extent	1234
authorized by section 4729.45 of the Revised Code.	1235
(C) "Compounding" means the preparation, mixing,	1236
assembling, packaging, and labeling of one or more drugs in any	1237
of the following circumstances:	1238

(1) Pursuant to a prescription issued by a licensed health	1239
professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	1240
(2) Pursuant to the modification of a prescription made in	1241
accordance with a consult agreement;	1242
(3) As an incident to research, teaching activities, or	1243
chemical analysis;	1244
(4) In anticipation of orders for drugs pursuant to	1245
prescriptions, based on routine, regularly observed dispensing	1246
patterns;	1247
(5) Pursuant to a request made by a licensed health	1248
professional authorized to prescribe drugs for a drug that is to	1249
be used by the professional for the purpose of direct	1250
administration to patients in the course of the professional's	1251
practice, if all of the following apply:	1252
(a) At the time the request is made, the drug is not	1253
commercially available regardless of the reason that the drug is	1254
not available, including the absence of a manufacturer for the	1255
drug or the lack of a readily available supply of the drug from	1256
a manufacturer.	1257
(b) A limited quantity of the drug is compounded and	1258
provided to the professional.	1259
(c) The drug is compounded and provided to the	1260
professional as an occasional exception to the normal practice	1261
of dispensing drugs pursuant to patient-specific prescriptions.	1262
(D) "Consult agreement" means an agreement that has been	1263
entered into under section 4729.39 of the Revised Code.	1264
(E) "Drug" means:	1265

(1) Any article recognized in the United States	1266
pharmacopoeia and national formulary, or any supplement to them,	1267
intended for use in the diagnosis, cure, mitigation, treatment,	1268
or prevention of disease in humans or animals;	1269
(2) Any other article intended for use in the diagnosis,	1270
cure, mitigation, treatment, or prevention of disease in humans	1271
or animals;	1272
(3) Any article, other than food, intended to affect the	1273
structure or any function of the body of humans or animals;	1274
(4) Any article intended for use as a component of any	1275
article specified in division $(E)(1)$, (2) , or (3) of this	1276
section; but does not include devices or their components,	1277
parts, or accessories.	1278
"Drug" does not include "hemp" or a "hemp product" as	1279
those terms are defined in section 928.01 of the Revised Code.	1280
(F) "Dangerous drug" means any of the following:	1281
(1) Any drug to which either of the following applies:	1282
(a) Under the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52	1283
Stat. 1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended, the drug is	1284
required to bear a label containing the legend "Caution: Federal	1285
law prohibits dispensing without prescription" or "Caution:	1286
Federal law restricts this drug to use by or on the order of a	1287
licensed veterinarian" or any similar restrictive statement, or	1288
the drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription;	1289
(b) Under Chapter 3715. or 3719. of the Revised Code, the	1290
drug may be dispensed only upon a prescription.	1291
(2) Any drug that contains a schedule V controlled	1292
substance and that is exempt from Chapter 3719. of the Revised	1293

Code or to which that chapter does not apply;	1294
(3) Any drug intended for administration by injection into	1295
the human body other than through a natural orifice of the human	1296
body;	1297
(4) Any drug that is a biological product, as defined in	1298
section 3715.01 of the Revised Code.	1299
(G) "Federal drug abuse control laws" has the same meaning	1300
as in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	1301
(H) "Prescription" means all of the following:	1302
(1) A written, electronic, or oral order for drugs or	1303
combinations or mixtures of drugs to be used by a particular	1304
individual or for treating a particular animal, issued by a	1305
licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs;	1306
(2) For purposes of sections 2925.61, 4723.4884723.484,	1307
4730.4314730.434, and 4731.94 of the Revised Code, a written,	1308
electronic, or oral order for naloxone issued to and in the name	1309
of a family member, friend, or other individual in a position to	1310
assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at risk	1311
of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	1312
(3) For purposes of section 4729.44 of the Revised Code, a	1313
written, electronic, or oral order for naloxone issued to and in	1314
the name of either of the following:	1315
(a) An individual who there is reason to believe is at	1316
risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose;	1317
(b) A family member, friend, or other individual in a	1318
position to assist an individual who there is reason to believe	1319
is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	1320

(4) For purposes of sections 4723.4810, 4729.282,	1321
4730.432, and 4731.93 of the Revised Code, a written,	1322
electronic, or oral order for a drug to treat chlamydia,	1323
gonorrhea, or trichomoniasis issued to and in the name of a	1324
patient who is not the intended user of the drug but is the	1325
sexual partner of the intended user;	1326
(5) For purposes of sections 3313.7110, 3313.7111,	1327
3314.143, 3326.28, 3328.29, 4723.483, 4729.88, 4730.433,	1328
4731.96, and 5101.76 of the Revised Code, a written, electronic,	1329
or oral order for an epinephrine autoinjector issued to and in	1330
the name of a school, school district, or camp;	1331
(6) For purposes of Chapter 3728. and sections 4723.483,	1332
4729.88, 4730.433, and 4731.96 of the Revised Code, a written,	1333
electronic, or oral order for an epinephrine autoinjector issued	1334
to and in the name of a qualified entity, as defined in section	1335
3728.01 of the Revised Code.	1336
(I) "Licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	1337
drugs" or "prescriber" means an individual who is authorized by	1338
law to prescribe drugs or dangerous drugs or drug therapy	1339
related devices in the course of the individual's professional	1340
practice, including only the following:	1341
(1) A dentist licensed under Chapter 4715. of the Revised	1342
Code;	1343
(2) A clinical nurse specialist, certified nurse-midwife,	1344
or certified nurse practitioner who holds a current, valid	1345
license issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code to	1346
practice nursing as an advanced practice registered nurse;	1347
(3) A certified registered nurse anesthetist who holds a	1348
current, valid license issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised	1349

Code to practice nursing as an advanced practice registered	1350
nurse, but only to the extent of the nurse's authority under	1351
sections 4723.43 and 4723.434 of the Revised Code;	1352
(4) An optometrist licensed under Chapter 4725. of the	1353
Revised Code to practice optometry under a therapeutic	1354
pharmaceutical agents certificate;	
pharmaceutical agents certificate;	1355
(5) A physician authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	1356
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery, osteopathic	1357
medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine and surgery;	1358
(6) A physician assistant who holds a license to practice	1359
as a physician assistant issued under Chapter 4730. of the	1360
Revised Code, holds a valid prescriber number issued by the	1361
state medical board, and has been granted physician-delegated	1362
	1363
prescriptive authority;	1303
(7) A veterinarian licensed under Chapter 4741. of the	1364
Revised Code.	1365
(J) "Sale" or "sell" includes any transaction made by any	1366
person, whether as principal proprietor, agent, or employee, to	1367
do or offer to do any of the following: deliver, distribute,	1368
broker, exchange, gift or otherwise give away, or transfer,	1369
whether the transfer is by passage of title, physical movement,	1370
or both.	1371
or both.	1371
(K) "Wholesale sale" and "sale at wholesale" mean any sale	1372
in which the purpose of the purchaser is to resell the article	1373
purchased or received by the purchaser.	1374
(L) "Retail sale" and "sale at retail" mean any sale other	1375
than a wholesale sale or sale at wholesale.	1376
(M) "Retail seller" means any person that sells any	1377

dangerous drug to consumers without assuming control over and	1378
responsibility for its administration. Mere advice or	1379
instructions regarding administration do not constitute control	1380
or establish responsibility.	1381
(N) "Price information" means the price charged for a	1382
prescription for a particular drug product and, in an easily	1383
understandable manner, all of the following:	1384
(1) The proprietary name of the drug product;	1385
(2) The established (generic) name of the drug product;	1386
(3) The strength of the drug product if the product	1387
contains a single active ingredient or if the drug product	1388
contains more than one active ingredient and a relevant strength	1389
can be associated with the product without indicating each	1390
active ingredient. The established name and quantity of each	1391
active ingredient are required if such a relevant strength	1392
cannot be so associated with a drug product containing more than	1393
one ingredient.	1394
(4) The dosage form;	1395
(5) The price charged for a specific quantity of the drug	1396
product. The stated price shall include all charges to the	1397
consumer, including, but not limited to, the cost of the drug	1398
product, professional fees, handling fees, if any, and a	1399
statement identifying professional services routinely furnished	1400
by the pharmacy. Any mailing fees and delivery fees may be	1401
stated separately without repetition. The information shall not	1402
be false or misleading.	1403
(O) "Wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs" or	1404
"wholesale distributor" means a person engaged in the sale of	1405
dangerous drugs at wholesale and includes any agent or employee	1406

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of such a person authorized by the person to engage in the sale	1407
of dangerous drugs at wholesale.	1408
(P) "Manufacturer of dangerous drugs" or "manufacturer"	1409
means a person, other than a pharmacist or prescriber, who	1410
manufactures dangerous drugs and who is engaged in the sale of	1411
those dangerous drugs.	1412
(Q) "Terminal distributor of dangerous drugs" or "terminal	1413
distributor" means a person who is engaged in the sale of	1414
dangerous drugs at retail, or any person, other than a	1415
manufacturer, repackager, outsourcing facility, third-party	1416
logistics provider, wholesale distributor, or pharmacist, who	1417
has possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs for any	1418
purpose other than for that person's own use and consumption.	1419
"Terminal distributor" includes pharmacies, hospitals, nursing	1420
homes, and laboratories and all other persons who procure	1421
dangerous drugs for sale or other distribution by or under the	1422
supervision of a pharmacist, licensed health professional	1423
authorized to prescribe drugs, or other person authorized by the	1424
state board of pharmacy.	1425
(R) "Promote to the public" means disseminating a	1426
representation to the public in any manner or by any means,	1427
other than by labeling, for the purpose of inducing, or that is	1428
likely to induce, directly or indirectly, the purchase of a	1429
dangerous drug at retail.	1430
(S) "Person" includes any individual, partnership,	1431
association, limited liability company, or corporation, the	1432
state, any political subdivision of the state, and any district,	1433

department, or agency of the state or its political

subdivisions.

(T) "Animal shelter" means a facility operated by a humane	1436
society or any society organized under Chapter 1717. of the	1437
Revised Code or a dog pound operated pursuant to Chapter 955. of	1438
the Revised Code.	1439
(U) "Food" has the same meaning as in section 3715.01 of	1440
the Revised Code.	1441
(V) "Pain management clinic" has the same meaning as in	1442
section 4731.054 of the Revised Code.	1443
(W) "Investigational drug or product" means a drug or	1444
product that has successfully completed phase one of the United	1445
States food and drug administration clinical trials and remains	1446
under clinical trial, but has not been approved for general use	1447
by the United States food and drug administration.	1448
"Investigational drug or product" does not include controlled	1449
substances in schedule I, as defined in section 3719.01 of the	1450
Revised Code.	1451
(X) "Product," when used in reference to an	1452
investigational drug or product, means a biological product,	1453
other than a drug, that is made from a natural human, animal, or	1454
microorganism source and is intended to treat a disease or	1455
medical condition.	1456
(Y) "Third-party logistics provider" means a person that	1457
provides or coordinates warehousing or other logistics services	1458
pertaining to dangerous drugs including distribution, on behalf	1459
of a manufacturer, wholesale distributor, or terminal	1460
distributor of dangerous drugs, but does not take ownership of	1461
the drugs or have responsibility to direct the sale or	1462
disposition of the drugs.	1463
(Z) "Repackager of dangerous drugs" or "repackager" means	1464

a person that repacks and relabels dangerous drugs for sale or	1465
distribution.	1466
(AA) "Outsourcing facility" means a facility that is	1467
engaged in the compounding and sale of sterile drugs and is	1468
registered as an outsourcing facility with the United States	1469
food and drug administration.	1470
(BB) "Laboratory" means a laboratory licensed under this	1471
chapter as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs and	1472
entrusted to have custody of any of the following drugs and to	1473
use the drugs for scientific and clinical purposes and for	1474
purposes of instruction: dangerous drugs that are not controlled	1475
substances, as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code;	1476
dangerous drugs that are controlled substances, as defined in	1477
that section; and controlled substances in schedule I, as	1478
defined in that section.	1479
Sec. 4729.29. Divisions (A) and (B) of section 4729.01 and	1480
Sec. 4729.29. Divisions (A) and (B) of section 4729.01 and section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the	1480 1481
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the	1481
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following:	1481 1482
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to	1481 1482 1483
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of	1481 1482 1483 1484
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of professional practice;	1481 1482 1483 1484 1485
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of professional practice; (B) Prevent a prescriber from personally furnishing the	1481 1482 1483 1484 1485
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of professional practice; (B) Prevent a prescriber from personally furnishing the prescriber's patients with drugs, within the prescriber's scope	1481 1482 1483 1484 1485 1486 1487
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of professional practice; (B) Prevent a prescriber from personally furnishing the prescriber's patients with drugs, within the prescriber's scope of professional practice, that seem proper to the prescriber, as	1481 1482 1483 1484 1485 1486 1487 1488
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of professional practice; (B) Prevent a prescriber from personally furnishing the prescriber's patients with drugs, within the prescriber's scope of professional practice, that seem proper to the prescriber, as long as the drugs are furnished in accordance with section	1481 1482 1483 1484 1485 1486 1487 1488 1489
section 4729.28 of the Revised Code do not do any of the following: (A) Apply to a licensed health professional authorized to prescribe drugs who is acting within the prescriber's scope of professional practice; (B) Prevent a prescriber from personally furnishing the prescriber's patients with drugs, within the prescriber's scope of professional practice, that seem proper to the prescriber, as long as the drugs are furnished in accordance with section 4729.291 of the Revised Code;	1481 1482 1483 1484 1485 1486 1487 1488 1489 1490

Code or prevent that individual from personally furnishing the	1494
supply of naloxone in accordance with a protocol established by	1495
the physician under section 4723.485, 4730.435, or 4731.941 of	1496
the Revised Code;	1497
(D) Apply to the sale of oxygen, the sale of peritoneal	1498
dialysis solutions, or the sale of drugs that are not dangerous	1499
drugs by a retail dealer, in original packages when labeled as	1500
required by the "Federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act," 52 Stat.	1501
1040 (1938), 21 U.S.C.A. 301, as amended.	1502
Sec. 4729.44. (A) As used in this section:	1503
(1) "Board of health" means a board of health of a city or	1504
general health district or an authority having the duties of a	1505
board of health under section 3709.05 of the Revised Code.	1506
(2) "Physician" means an individual authorized under	1507
Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	1508
surgery, osteopathic medicine and surgery, or podiatric medicine	1509
and surgery.	1510
(B) If use of the protocol developed pursuant to rules	1511
adopted under division (G) of this section has been authorized	1512
under section 3707.56 or 4731.942 of the Revised Code, a	1513
pharmacist or pharmacy intern may dispense naloxone without a	1514
prescription to either of the following in accordance with that	1515
<pre>protocol:</pre>	1516
(1) An individual who there is reason to believe is	1517
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	1518
overdose;	1519
(2) A family member, friend, or other individual in a	1520
position to assist an individual who there is reason to believe	1521

is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

1551

(C) A pharmacist or pharmacy intern who dispenses naloxone	1523
under this section shall instruct the individual to whom	1524
naloxone is dispensed to summon emergency services as soon as	1525
practicable either before or after administering naloxone.	1526
(D) A pharmacist may document on a prescription form the	1527
dispensing of naloxone by the pharmacist or a pharmacy intern	1528
supervised by the pharmacist. The form may be assigned a number	1529
for record-keeping purposes.	1530
Tor record Meeping purposes.	1000
(E) This section does not affect the authority of a	1531
pharmacist or pharmacy intern to fill or refill a prescription	1532
for naloxone.	1533
(F) A board of health that in good faith authorizes a	1534
pharmacist or pharmacy intern to dispense naloxone without a	1535
prescription in accordance with a protocol developed pursuant to	1536
rules adopted under division (G) of this section is not liable	1537
for or subject to any of the following for any action or	1538
omission of the individual to whom the naloxone is dispensed:	1539
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	1540
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	1541
A physician who in good faith authorizes a pharmacist or	1542
pharmacy intern to dispense naloxone without a prescription in	1543
accordance with a protocol developed pursuant to rules adopted	1544
under division (G) of this section is not liable for or subject	1545
to any of the following for any action or omission of the	1546
individual to whom the naloxone is dispensed: damages in any	1547
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	1548
professional disciplinary action.	1549

A pharmacist or pharmacy intern authorized under this

section to dispense naloxone without a prescription who does so

in good faith is not liable for or subject to any of the	1552
following for any action or omission of the individual to whom	1553
the naloxone is dispensed: damages in any civil action,	1554
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	1555
disciplinary action.	1556
(G) The state board of pharmacy shall, after consulting	1557
with the department of health and state medical board, adopt	1558
rules to implement this section. The rules shall specify a	1559
protocol under which pharmacists or pharmacy interns may	1560
dispense naloxone without a prescription.	1561
All rules adopted under this section shall be adopted in	1562
accordance with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	1563
(H) (1) The state board of pharmacy shall develop a program	1564
to educate all of the following about the authority of a	1565
pharmacist or pharmacy intern to dispense naloxone without a	1566
<pre>prescription:</pre>	1567
(a) Holders of licenses issued under this chapter that	1568
engage in the sale or dispensing of naloxone pursuant to this	1569
section;	1570
(b) Registered pharmacy technicians, certified pharmacy	1571
technicians, and pharmacy technician trainees registered under	1572
this chapter who engage in the sale of naloxone pursuant to this	1573
section;	1574
(c) Individuals who are not licensed or registered under	1575
this chapter but are employed by license holders described in	1576
division (H)(1)(a) of this section.	1577
(2) As part of the program, the board also shall educate	1578
the license holders, pharmacy technicians, and employees	1579
described in division (H)(1) of this section about maintaining	1580

an adequate supply of naloxone and methods for determining a	1581
<pre>pharmacy's stock of the drug.</pre>	1582
(3) The board may use its web site to share information	1583
under the program.	1584
Sec. 4729.45. (A) As used in this section, "physician"	1585
means an individual authorized under Chapter 4731. of the	1586
Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic	1587
medicine and surgery.	1588
(B)(1) Subject to division (C) of this section, a	1589
pharmacist licensed under this chapter may administer by	1590
injection any of the following drugs as long as the drug that is	1591
to be administered has been prescribed by a physician and the	1592
individual to whom the drug was prescribed has an ongoing	1593
physician-patient relationship with the physician:	1594
	1 5 0 5
(a) An opioid antagonist used for treatment of drug	1595
addiction and An addiction treatment drug administered in a	1596
<pre>long-acting or extended-release form;</pre>	1597
(b) An antipsychotic drug administered in a long-acting or	1598
extended-release form;	1599
(c) Hydroxyprogesterone caproate;	1600
(c) hydroxyprogesterone caproate,	1000
(d) Medroxyprogesterone acetate;	1601
(e) Cobalamin.	1602
(2) As part of engaging in the administration of drugs by	1603
injection pursuant to this section, a pharmacist may administer	1604
epinephrine or diphenhydramine, or both, to an individual in an	1605
emergency situation resulting from an adverse reaction to a drug	1606
administered by the pharmacist.	1607

(C) To be authorized to administer drugs pursuant to this	1608
section, a pharmacist must do all of the following:	1609
(1) Successfully complete a course in the administration	1610
of drugs that satisfies the requirements established by the	1611
state board of pharmacy in rules adopted under division (H)(1)	1612
(a) of this section;	1613
(2) Receive and maintain certification to perform basic	1614
life-support procedures by successfully completing a basic life-	1615
support training course that is certified by the American red	1616
cross or American heart association or approved by the state	1617
board of pharmacy;	1618
(3) Practice in accordance with a protocol that meets the	1619
requirements of division (F) of this section.	1620
(D) Each time a pharmacist administers a drug pursuant to	1621
this section, the pharmacist shall do all of the following:	1622
(1) Obtain permission in accordance with the procedures	1623
specified in rules adopted under division (H) of this section	1624
and comply with the following requirements:	1625
(a) Except as provided in division (D)(1)(c) of this	1626
section, for each drug administered by a pharmacist to an	1627
individual who is eighteen years of age or older, the pharmacist	1628
shall obtain permission from the individual.	1629
(b) For each drug administered by a pharmacist to an	1630
individual who is under eighteen years of age, the pharmacist	1631
shall obtain permission from the individual's parent or other	1632
person having care or charge of the individual.	1633
(c) For each drug administered by a pharmacist to an	1634
individual who lacks the capacity to make informed health care	1635

decisions, the pharmacist shall obtain permission from the	1636
person authorized to make such decisions on the individual's	1637
behalf.	1638
(2) In the case of an opioid antagonist an addiction	1639
treatment drug described in division (B) (1) (a) of this section,	1640
obtain in accordance with division (E) of this section test	1641
results indicating that it is appropriate to administer the drug	1642
to the individual if either of the following is to be	1643
administered:	1644
(a) The initial dose of the drug;	1645
(b) Any subsequent dose, if the administration occurs more	1646
than thirty days after the previous dose of the drug was	1647
administered.	1648
(3) Observe the individual to whom the drug is	1649
administered to determine whether the individual has an adverse	1650
reaction to the drug;	1651
(4) Notify the physician who prescribed the drug that the	1652
drug has been administered to the individual.	1653
(E) A pharmacist may obtain the test results described in	1654
division (D)(2) of this section in either of the following ways:	1655
(1) From the physician;	1656
(2) By ordering blood and urine tests for the individual	1657
to whom the opioid antagonist drug is to be administered.	1658
If a pharmacist orders blood and urine tests, the	1659
pharmacist shall evaluate the results of the tests to determine	1660
whether they indicate that it is appropriate to administer the	1661
opioid antagonist drug. A pharmacist's authority to evaluate	1662
test results under this division does not authorize the	1663

pharmacist to make a diagnosis.	1664
(F) All of the following apply with respect to the	1665
protocol required by division (C)(3) of this section:	1666
(1) The protocol must be established by a physician who	1667
has a scope of practice that includes treatment of the condition	1668
for which the individual has been prescribed the drug to be	1669
administered.	1670
(2) The protocol must satisfy the requirements established	1671
in rules adopted under division (H)(1)(b) of this section.	1672
(3) The protocol must do all of the following:	1673
(a) Specify a definitive set of treatment guidelines;	1674
(b) Specify the locations at which a pharmacist may engage	1675
in the administration of drugs pursuant to this section;	1676
(c) Include provisions for implementing the requirements	1677
of division (D) of this section, including for purposes of	1678
division (D)(3) of this section provisions specifying the length	1679
of time and location at which a pharmacist must observe an	1680
individual who receives a drug to determine whether the	1681
individual has an adverse reaction to the drug;	1682
(d) Specify procedures to be followed by a pharmacist when	1683
administering epinephrine, diphenhydramine, or both, to an	1684
individual who has an adverse reaction to a drug administered by	1685
the pharmacist.	1686
(G) A pharmacist shall not do either of the following:	1687
(1) Engage in the administration of drugs pursuant to this	1688
section unless the requirements of division (C) of this section	1689
have been met;	1690

(2) Delegate to any person the pharmacist's authority to	1691
engage in the administration of drugs pursuant to this section.	1692
(H)(1) The state board of pharmacy shall adopt rules to	1693
implement this section. The rules shall be adopted in accordance	1694
with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code and include all of the	1695
following:	1696
(a) Requirements for courses in administration of drugs;	1697
(b) Requirements for protocols to be followed by	1698
pharmacists in administering drugs pursuant to this section;	1699
(c) Procedures to be followed by a pharmacist in obtaining	1700
permission to administer a drug to an individual.	1701
(2) The board shall consult with the state medical board	1702
before adopting rules regarding requirements for protocols under	1703
this section.	1704
Sec. 4729.51. (A) No person other than a licensed	1705
manufacturer of dangerous drugs, outsourcing facility, third-	1706
party logistics provider, repackager of dangerous drugs, or	1707
wholesale distributor of dangerous drugs shall possess for sale,	1708
sell, distribute, or deliver, at wholesale, dangerous drugs or	1709
investigational drugs or products, except as follows:	1710
(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1711
that is a pharmacy may make occasional sales of dangerous drugs	1712
or investigational drugs or products at wholesale.	1713
(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1714
having more than one licensed location may transfer or deliver	1715
dangerous drugs from one licensed location to another licensed	1716
location owned by the terminal distributor if the license issued	1717
for each location is in effect at the time of the transfer or	1718

delivery.	1719
(3) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1720
that is not a pharmacy may make occasional sales of naloxone the	1721
<pre>following at wholesale.</pre>	1722
(4) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1723
that is not a pharmacy may make occasional sales of dangerous:	1724
(a) Naloxone;	1725
(b) Dangerous drugs at wholesale if the drugs being sold	1726
are in shortage, as defined in rules adopted by the state board	1727
of pharmacy—under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code;	1728
(c) Dangerous drugs other than those described in	1729
divisions (A)(3)(a) and (b) of this section or investigational	1730
drugs or products if authorized by rules adopted under section	1731
4729.26 of the Revised Code.	1732
(B) No licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	1733
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor	1734
shall possess for sale, sell, or distribute, at wholesale,	1735
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products to any	1736
person other than the following:	1737
(1) Subject to division (D) of this section, a licensed	1738
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	1739
(2) Subject to division (C) of this section, any person	1740
exempt from licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous	1741
drugs under section 4729.541 of the Revised Code;	1742
(3) A licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	1743
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor;	1744
(4) A terminal distributor, manufacturer, outsourcing	1745

facility, third-party logistics provider, repackager, or	1746
wholesale distributor that is located in another state, is not	1747
engaged in the sale of dangerous drugs within this state, and is	1748
actively licensed to engage in the sale of dangerous drugs by	1749
the state in which the distributor conducts business.	1750
(C) No licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	1751
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor	1752
shall possess for sale, sell, or distribute, at wholesale,	1753
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products to either	1754
of the following:	1755
(1) A prescriber who is employed by either of the	1756
following:	1757
(a) A pain management clinic that is not licensed as a	1758
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management	1759
clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 of the	1760
Revised Code;	1761
(b) A facility, clinic, or other location that provides	1762
office-based opioid treatment but is not licensed as a terminal	1763
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	1764
treatment classification issued under section 4729.553 of the	1765
Revised Code if such a license is required by that section.	1766
(2) A business entity described in division (A)(2) or (3)	1767
of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code that is, or is	1768
operating, either of the following:	1769
(a) A pain management clinic without a license as a	1770
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management	1771
clinic classification issued under section 4729.552 of the	1772
Revised Code;	1773
(b) A facility, clinic, or other location that provides	1774

office-based opioid treatment without a license as a terminal	1775
distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based opioid	1776
treatment classification issued under section 4729.553 of the	1777
Revised Code if such a license is required by that section.	1778
(D) No licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	1779
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor	1780
shall possess dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or	1781
products for sale at wholesale, or sell or distribute such drugs	1782
at wholesale, to a licensed terminal distributor of dangerous	1783
drugs, except as follows:	1784
(1) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	1785
II license, only dangerous drugs in category II, as defined in	1786
division (A)(1) of section 4729.54 of the Revised Code;	1787
(2) In the case of a terminal distributor with a category	1788
III license, dangerous drugs in category II and category III, as	1789
defined in divisions (A)(1) and (2) of section 4729.54 of the	1790
Revised Code;	1791
(3) In the case of a terminal distributor with a limited	1792
category II or III license, only the dangerous drugs specified	1793
in the license.	1794
(E)(1) Except as provided in division (E)(2) of this	1795
section, no person shall do any of the following:	1796
(a) Sell or distribute, at retail, dangerous drugs;	1797
(b) Possess for sale, at retail, dangerous drugs;	1798
(c) Possess dangerous drugs.	1799
(2)(a) Divisions (E)(1)(a), (b), and (c) of this section	1800
do not apply to any of the following:	1801

(i) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs;	1802
(ii) A person who possesses, or possesses for sale or	1803
sells, at retail, a dangerous drug in accordance with Chapters	1804
3719., 4715., 4723., 4725., 4729., 4730., 4731., and 4741. of	1805
the Revised Code;	1806
(iii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(1) to	1807
(5) and (13) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only	1808
to the extent specified in that section.	1809
(b) Division (E)(1)(c) of this section does not apply to	1810
any of the following:	1811
(i) A licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-	1812
party logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor;	1813
(ii) Any of the persons identified in divisions (A)(6) to	1814
(12) of section 4729.541 of the Revised Code, but only to the	1815
extent specified in that section.	1816
(F) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs or	1817
person that is exempt from licensure under section 4729.541 of	1818
the Revised Code shall purchase dangerous drugs or	1819
investigational drugs or products from any person other than a	1820
licensed manufacturer, outsourcing facility, third-party	1821
logistics provider, repackager, or wholesale distributor, except	1822
as follows:	1823
(1) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs or	1824
person that is exempt from licensure under section 4729.541 of	1825
the Revised Code may make occasional purchases of dangerous	1826
drugs or investigational drugs or products that are sold in	1827
accordance with division (A)(1) or (3) of this section.	1828
(2) A licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1829

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having more than one licensed location may transfer or deliver	1830
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products from one	1831
licensed location to another licensed location if the license	1832
issued for each location is in effect at the time of the	1833
transfer or delivery.	1834
(G) No licensed terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1835
shall engage in the retail sale or other distribution of	1836
dangerous drugs or investigational drugs or products or maintain	1837
possession, custody, or control of dangerous drugs or	1838
investigational drugs or products for any purpose other than the	1839
distributor's personal use or consumption, at any establishment	1840
or place other than that or those described in the license	1841
issued by the state board of pharmacy to such terminal	1842
distributor.	1843
(H) Nothing in this section shall be construed to	1844
interfere with the performance of official duties by any law	1845
enforcement official authorized by municipal, county, state, or	1846
federal law to collect samples of any drug, regardless of its	1847
nature or in whose possession it may be.	1848
(I) Notwithstanding anything to the contrary in this	1849
section, the board of education of a city, local, exempted	1850
village, or joint vocational school district may distribute	1851
epinephrine autoinjectors for use in accordance with section	1852
3313.7110 of the Revised Code and may distribute inhalers for	1853

Sec. 4729.514. (A) As used in this section, "service

overdose. "Service entity" includes a church or other place of

services to or interact with individuals who there is reason to

entity" means a public or private entity that may provide

believe may be at risk of experiencing an opioid-related

worship, college or university, school, local library, health	1860
department operated by the board of health of a city or general	1861
health district, community addiction services provider, court,	1862
probation department, halfway house, prison, jail, community	1863
residential center, homeless shelter, or similar entity.	1864
(B) A service entity may procure and maintain naloxone for	1865
either or both of the following purposes:	1866
(1) To use in emergency situations;	1867
(2) To permit an employee, volunteer, or contractor of the	1868
service entity to personally furnish a supply of naloxone	1869
pursuant to a protocol established under section 3707.561,	1870
4723.485, 4730.435, or 4731.941 of the Revised Code.	1871
(C) A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or	1872
contractor of a service entity is not liable for or subject to	1873
any of the following for injury, death, or loss to person or	1874
property that allegedly arises from an act or omission	1875
associated with procuring, maintaining, accessing, or using, or	1876
personally furnishing naloxone under this section, unless the	1877
act or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct:	1878
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	1879
proceeding, or professional disciplinary action.	1880
This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	1881
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	1882
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	1883
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	1884
or under the common law of this state.	1885
Sec. 4729.515. (A) In accordance with divisions (B) and	1886
(C) of this section, a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1887
may acquire and maintain a supply of naloxone for use in	1888

emergency situations and for distribution through an automated	1889
mechanism. The naloxone may be maintained at a location other	1890
than the location licensed as a terminal distributor of	1891
dangerous drugs.	1892
(B) In the case of naloxone for use in emergency	1893
situations, a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs shall do	1894
all of the following:	1895
(1) Provide instructions regarding the emergency	1896
administration of naloxone to any individual who accesses the	1897
naloxone, including a specific instruction to summon emergency	1898
services as set forth in division (D) of this section;	1899
(2) Specify a process to be used to notify the terminal	1900
distributor that the naloxone has been accessed within a	1901
reasonable time of its being accessed;	1902
(3) Maintain the naloxone in accordance with the	1903
manufacturer's or distributor's instructions.	1904
(C) In the case of naloxone for distribution through an	1905
automated mechanism, a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	1906
shall comply with standards and procedures specified in rules	1907
adopted under division (F) of this section.	1908
(D) (1) Notwithstanding any conflicting provision of the	1909
Revised Code, both of the following apply:	1910
(a) Any individual may access naloxone maintained as	1911
provided in division (B) of this section and may administer it	1912
to an individual who there is reason to believe is experiencing	1913
an opioid-related overdose.	1914
(b) Any individual may receive naloxone distributed	1915
through an automated system as provided in division (C) of this	1916

section and may administer it to an individual who there is	1917
reason to believe is experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	1918
(2) An individual who administers naloxone as authorized	1919
by this section shall make a good faith effort to activate or	1920
have another individual activate an emergency medical services	1921
system as soon as possible, except that this requirement does	1922
not apply if the individual administering the naloxone is doing	1923
so as part of an emergency medical services system or at a	1924
hospital, as defined in section 3727.01 of the Revised Code.	1925
(E) An individual is not liable for or subject to any of	1926
the following for injury, death, or loss to person or property	1927
that allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	1928
any action authorized by this section, unless the act or	1929
omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct: damages in	1930
any civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	1931
professional disciplinary action.	1932
(F) The state board of pharmacy shall adopt rules	1933
establishing standards and procedures applicable to the	1934
distribution of naloxone through an automated mechanism. The	1935
rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of the	1936
Revised Code.	1937
Sec. 4729.541. (A) Except as provided in divisions (B) to	1938
(D) of this section, all of the following are exempt from	1939
licensure as a terminal distributor of dangerous drugs:	1940
(1) A licensed health professional authorized to prescribe	1941
drugs;	1942
(2) A business entity that is a corporation formed under	1943
division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited	1944
liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised	1945

Code, or a professional association formed under Chapter 1785.	1946
of the Revised Code if the entity has a sole shareholder who is	1947
a prescriber and is authorized to provide the professional	1948
services being offered by the entity;	1949

- (3) A business entity that is a corporation formed under 1950 division (B) of section 1701.03 of the Revised Code, a limited 1951 liability company formed under Chapter 1705. of the Revised 1952 Code, a partnership or a limited liability partnership formed 1953 under Chapter 1775. of the Revised Code, or a professional 1954 association formed under Chapter 1785. of the Revised Code, if, 1955 to be a shareholder, member, or partner, an individual is 1956 required to be licensed, certified, or otherwise legally 1957 authorized under Title XLVII of the Revised Code to perform the 1958 professional service provided by the entity and each such 1959 individual is a prescriber; 1960
- (4) An individual who holds a current license, 1961 certificate, or registration issued under Title XLVII of the 1962 Revised Code and has been certified to conduct diabetes 1963 education by a national certifying body specified in rules 1964 adopted by the state board of pharmacy under section 4729.68 of 1965 the Revised Code, but only with respect to insulin that will be 1966 used for the purpose of diabetes education and only if diabetes 1967 education is within the individual's scope of practice under 1968 statutes and rules regulating the individual's profession; 1969
- (5) An individual who holds a valid certificate issued by

 a nationally recognized S.C.U.B.A. diving certifying

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 organization approved by the state board of pharmacy under rules

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 adopted by the board, but only with respect to medical oxygen

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 that will be used for the purpose of emergency care or treatment

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 at the scene of a diving emergency;

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(6) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be	1976
possessed under section 3313.7110, 3313.7111, 3314.143, 3326.28,	1977
or 3328.29 of the Revised Code, any of the following: the board	1978
of education of a city, local, exempted village, or joint	1979
vocational school district; a chartered or nonchartered	1980
nonpublic school; a community school established under Chapter	1981
3314. of the Revised Code; a STEM school established under	1982
Chapter 3326. of the Revised Code; or a college-preparatory	1983
boarding school established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised	1984
Code;	1985

- (7) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 1986 possessed under section 5101.76 of the Revised Code, any of the 1987 following: a residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of 1988 the Revised Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 1989 5104.01 of the Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any 1990 county, township, municipal corporation, township park district 1991 created under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district 1992 created under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint 1993 recreation district established under section 755.14 of the 1994 Revised Code; 1995
- (8) With respect to epinephrine autoinjectors that may be 1996 possessed under Chapter 3728. of the Revised Code, a qualified 1997 entity, as defined in section 3728.01 of the Revised Code; 1998
- (9) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under
 section 3313.7113, 3313.7114, 3314.144, 3326.30, or 3328.30 of
 the Revised Code, any of the following: the board of education
 of a city, local, exempted village, or joint vocational school
 district; a chartered or nonchartered nonpublic school; a
 community school established under Chapter 3314. of the Revised
 Code; a STEM school established under Chapter 3326. of the

Revised Code; or a college-preparatory boarding school	2006
established under Chapter 3328. of the Revised Code;	2007
(10) With respect to inhalers that may be possessed under	2008
section 5101.77 of the Revised Code, any of the following: a	2009
residential camp, as defined in section 2151.011 of the Revised	2010
Code; a child day camp, as defined in section 5104.01 of the	2011
Revised Code; or a child day camp operated by any county,	2012
township, municipal corporation, township park district created	2013
under section 511.18 of the Revised Code, park district created	2014
under section 1545.04 of the Revised Code, or joint recreation	2015
district established under section 755.14 of the Revised Code;	2016
(11) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	2017
section 2925.61 of the Revised Code, a law enforcement agency	2018
and its peace officers;	2019
(12) With respect to naloxone that may be possessed under	2020
section 4729.514 of the Revised Code for use in emergency	2021
situations or for personally furnishing supplies of naloxone, a	2022
service entity, as defined in that section;	2023
(13) A facility that is owned and operated by the United	2024
States department of defense, the United States department of	2025
veterans affairs, or any other federal agency.	2026
(B) If a person described in division (A) of this section	2027
is a pain management clinic or is operating a pain management	2028
clinic, the person shall hold a license as a terminal	2029
distributor of dangerous drugs with a pain management clinic	2030
classification issued under section 4729.552 of the Revised	2031
Code.	2032
(C) If a person described in division (A) of this section	2033
is operating a facility, clinic, or other location described in	2034

division (B) of section 4729.553 of the Revised Code that must	2035
hold a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	2036
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification,	2037
the person shall hold a license with that classification.	2038
(D) Any of the persons described in divisions (A)(1) to	2039
(12) of this section shall hold a license as a terminal	2040
distributor of dangerous drugs in order to possess, have custody	2041
or control of, and distribute any of the following:	2042
(1) Dangerous drugs that are compounded or used for the	2043
<pre>purpose of compounding;</pre>	2044
(2) A schedule I, II, III, IV, or V controlled substance,	2045
as defined in section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	2046
Sec. 4729.553. (A) As used in this section:	2047
(1) "Advanced practice registered nurse" has the same	2048
meaning as in section 4723.01 of the Revised Code.	2049
(2) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in	2050
section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.	2051
$\frac{(2)}{(3)}$ "Hospital" means a hospital registered with the	2052
department of health under section 3701.07 of the Revised Code.	2053
$\frac{(3)}{(4)}$ "Office-based opioid treatment" means the	2054
treatment of opioid dependence or addiction using a controlled	2055
substance.	2056
(5) "Physician" means an individual who is authorized	2057
under Chapter 4731. of the Revised Code to practice medicine and	2058
surgery or osteopathic medicine and surgery.	2059
(6) "Physician assistant" means an individual who is	2060
licensed under Chapter 4730. of the Revised Code.	2061

(B)(1) Except as provided in division divisions (B)(2) and	2062
(3) of this section, no person shall knowingly operate a	2063
facility, clinic, or other location where a prescriber provides	2064
office-based opioid treatment to more than thirty patients or	2065
that meets any other identifying criteria established in rules	2066
adopted under this section without holding a category III	2067
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs license with an office-	2068
based opioid treatment classification.	2069
(2) Division (B)(1) of this section does not apply to any	2070
of the following:	2071
(a) A hospital;	2072
(b) A facility for the treatment of opioid dependence or	2073
addiction that is operated by a hospital;	2074
(c) A physician practice owned or controlled, in whole or	2075
in part, by a hospital or by an entity that owns or controls, in	2076
whole or in part, one or more hospitals;	2077
(d) A facility that conducts only clinical research and	2078
uses controlled substances in studies approved by a hospital-	2079
based institutional review board or an institutional review	2080
board that is accredited by the association for the	2081
accreditation of human research protection programs, inc.;	2082
(e) A facility that holds a category III terminal	2083
distributor of dangerous drugs license in accordance with	2084
section 4729.54 of the Revised Code for the purpose of treating	2085
drug dependence or addiction as part of an opioid treatment	2086
program and is the subject of a current, valid certification	2087
from the substance abuse and mental health services	2088
administration of the United States department of health and	2089
human services pursuant to 42 C.F.R. 8.11;	2090

(f) A program or facility that holds a license or	2091
certification issued by the department of mental health and	2092
addiction services under Chapter 5119. of the Revised Code if	2093
the license or certification is approved by the state board of	2094
pharmacy;	2095
(g) A federally qualified health center or federally	2096
qualified health center look-alike, as defined in section	2097
3701.047 of the Revised Code;	2098
(h) A state or local correctional facility, as defined in	2099
section 5163.45 of the Revised Code;	2100
(i) A facility in which patients are treated on-site for	2101
opioid dependence or addiction exclusively through direct_	2102
administration by a physician, physician assistant, or advanced	2103
practice registered nurse of drugs that are used for treatment	2104
of opioid dependence or addiction and are neither dispensed nor	2105
personally furnished to patients for off-site self-	2106
administration;	2107
(j) Any other facility specified in rules adopted under	2108
this section.	2109
(3) A patient who receives treatment on-site for opioid	2110
dependence or addiction through direct administration of a drug	2111
by a physician, physician assistant, or advanced practice	2112
registered nurse shall not be included in determining whether	2113
more than thirty patients are being provided office-based opioid	2114
treatment in a particular facility, clinic, or other location	2115
that is subject to division (B)(1) of this section.	2116
(C) To be eligible to receive a license as a category III	2117
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based	2118
opioid treatment classification, an applicant shall submit	2119

evidence satisfactory to the <u>state</u> board <u>of pharmacy</u> that the	2120
applicant's office-based opioid treatment will be operated in	2121
accordance with the requirements specified in division (D) of	2122
this section and that the applicant meets any other applicable	2123
requirements of this chapter.	2124
If the board determines that an applicant meets all of the	2125
requirements, the board shall issue to the applicant a license	2126
as a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with	2127
an office-based opioid treatment classification.	2128
(D) The holder of a category III terminal distributor	2129
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification	2130
shall do all of the following:	2131
(1) Be in control of a facility that is owned and operated	2132
solely by one or more physicians—authorized under Chapter 4731.	2133
of the Revised Code to practice medicine and surgery or	2134
osteopathic medicine and surgery, unless the state board of	2135
pharmacy waives this requirement for the holder;	2136
(2) Comply with the requirements for conducting office-	2137
based opioid treatment, as established by the state medical	2138
board in rules adopted under section 4731.056 of the Revised	2139
Code;	2140
(3) Require any person with ownership of the facility to	2141
submit to a criminal records check in accordance with section	2142
4776.02 of the Revised Code and send the results of the criminal	2143
records check directly to the state board of pharmacy for review	2144
and decision under section 4729.071 of the Revised Code;	2145
(4) Require each person employed by or seeking employment	2146
with the facility to submit to a criminal records check in	2147
accordance with section 4776.02 of the Revised Code;	2148

(5) Ensure that a person is not employed by the facility	2149
if the person, within the ten years immediately preceding the	2150
date the person applied for employment, was convicted of or	2151
pleaded guilty to either of the following, unless the state	2152
board of pharmacy permits the person to be employed by waiving	2153
this requirement for the facility:	2154
(a) A theft offense, described in division (K)(3) of	2155
section 2913.01 of the Revised Code, that would constitute a	2156
felony under the laws of this state, any other state, or the	2157
United States;	2158
(b) A felony drug offense, as defined in section 2925.01	2159
of the Revised Code.	2160
(6) Maintain a list of each person with ownership of the	2161
facility and notify the state board of pharmacy of any change to	2162
that list.	2163
(E) No person subject to licensure as a category III	2164
terminal distributor of dangerous drugs with an office-based	2165
opioid treatment classification shall knowingly fail to remain	2166
in compliance with the requirements of division (D) of this	2167
section and any other applicable requirements of this chapter.	2168
(F) The state board of pharmacy may impose a fine of not	2169
more than five thousand dollars on a person who violates	2170
division (B) or (E) of this section. A separate fine may be	2171
imposed for each day the violation continues. In imposing the	2172
fine, the board's actions shall be taken in accordance with	2173
Chapter 119. of the Revised Code.	2174
(G) The state board of pharmacy shall adopt rules as it	2175
considers necessary to implement and administer this section.	2176
The rules shall be adopted in accordance with Chapter 119. of	2177

the Revised Code.	2178
Sec. 4729.80. (A) If the state board of pharmacy	2179
establishes and maintains a drug database pursuant to section	2180
4729.75 of the Revised Code, the board is authorized or required	2181
to provide information from the database only as follows:	2182
(1) On receipt of a request from a designated	2183
representative of a government entity responsible for the	2184
licensure, regulation, or discipline of health care	2185
professionals with authority to prescribe, administer, or	2186
dispense drugs, the board may provide to the representative	2187
information from the database relating to the professional who	2188
is the subject of an active investigation being conducted by the	2189
government entity or relating to a professional who is acting as	2190
an expert witness for the government entity in such an	2191
investigation.	2192
(2) On receipt of a request from a federal officer, or a	2193
state or local officer of this or any other state, whose duties	2194
include enforcing laws relating to drugs, the board shall	2195
provide to the officer information from the database relating to	2196
the person who is the subject of an active investigation of a	2197
drug abuse offense, as defined in section 2925.01 of the Revised	2198
Code, being conducted by the officer's employing government	2199
entity.	2200
(3) Pursuant to a subpoena issued by a grand jury, the	2201
board shall provide to the grand jury information from the	2202
database relating to the person who is the subject of an	2203
investigation being conducted by the grand jury.	2204
(4) Pursuant to a subpoena, search warrant, or court order	2205

in connection with the investigation or prosecution of a

possible or alleged criminal offense, the board shall provide	2207
information from the database as necessary to comply with the	2208
subpoena, search warrant, or court order.	2209
(5) On receipt of a request from a prescriber or the	2210
prescriber's delegate approved by the board, the board shall	2211
provide to the prescriber a report of information from the	2212
database relating to a patient who is either a current patient	2213
of the prescriber or a potential patient of the prescriber based	2214
on a referral of the patient to the prescriber, if all of the	2215
following conditions are met:	2216
(a) The prescriber certifies in a form specified by the	2217
board that it is for the purpose of providing medical treatment	2218
to the patient who is the subject of the request;	2219
(b) The prescriber has not been denied access to the	2220
database by the board.	2221
(6) On receipt of a request from a pharmacist or the	2222
(6) On receipt of a request from a pharmacist or the pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall	2222 2223
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall	2223
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating	2223 2224
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist	2223 2224 2225
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the	2223 2224 2225 2226
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the	2223 2224 2225 2226 2227
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the patient who is the subject of the request and the pharmacist has	2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the patient who is the subject of the request and the pharmacist has not been denied access to the database by the board.	2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the patient who is the subject of the request and the pharmacist has not been denied access to the database by the board. (7) On receipt of a request from an individual seeking the	2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the patient who is the subject of the request and the pharmacist has not been denied access to the database by the board. (7) On receipt of a request from an individual seeking the individual's own database information in accordance with the	2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231
pharmacist's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the pharmacist information from the database relating to a current patient of the pharmacist, if the pharmacist certifies in a form specified by the board that it is for the purpose of the pharmacist's practice of pharmacy involving the patient who is the subject of the request and the pharmacist has not been denied access to the database by the board. (7) On receipt of a request from an individual seeking the individual's own database information in accordance with the procedure established in rules adopted under section 4729.84 of	2223 2224 2225 2226 2227 2228 2229 2230 2231 2232

(8) On receipt of a request from a medical director or a

pharmacy director of a managed care organization that has	2236
entered into a contract with the department of medicaid under	2237
section 5167.10 of the Revised Code and a data security	2238
agreement with the board required by section 5167.14 of the	2239
Revised Code, the board shall provide to the medical director or	2240
the pharmacy director information from the database relating to	2241
a medicaid recipient enrolled in the managed care organization,	2242
including information in the database related to prescriptions	2243
for the recipient that were not covered or reimbursed under a	2244
program administered by the department of medicaid.	2245

- (9) On receipt of a request from the medicaid director,

 the board shall provide to the director information from the

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 database relating to a recipient of a program administered by

 the department of medicaid, including information in the

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 database related to prescriptions for the recipient that were

 not covered or paid by a program administered by the department.

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- (10) On receipt of a request from a medical director of a 2252 managed care organization that has entered into a contract with 2253 the administrator of workers' compensation under division (B)(4) 2254 of section 4121.44 of the Revised Code and a data security 2255 agreement with the board required by section 4121.447 of the 2256 Revised Code, the board shall provide to the medical director 2257 information from the database relating to a claimant under 2258 Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code 2259 assigned to the managed care organization, including information 2260 in the database related to prescriptions for the claimant that 2261 were not covered or reimbursed under Chapter 4121., 4123., 2262 4127., or 4131. of the Revised Code, if the administrator of 2263 workers' compensation confirms, upon request from the board, 2264 that the claimant is assigned to the managed care organization. 2265

to the database by the board.

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- (11) On receipt of a request from the administrator of 2266 2267 workers' compensation, the board shall provide to the administrator information from the database relating to a 2268 claimant under Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the 2269 Revised Code, including information in the database related to 2270 prescriptions for the claimant that were not covered or 2271 reimbursed under Chapter 4121., 4123., 4127., or 4131. of the 2272 Revised Code. 2273 (12) On receipt of a request from a prescriber or the 2274 2275 prescriber's delegate approved by the board, the board shall provide to the prescriber information from the database relating 2276 to a patient's mother, if the prescriber certifies in a form 2277 specified by the board that it is for the purpose of providing 2278 medical treatment to a newborn or infant patient diagnosed as 2279 opioid dependent and the prescriber has not been denied access 2280
- (13) On receipt of a request from the director of health,

 the board shall provide to the director information from the

 2283
 database relating to the duties of the director or the

 department of health in implementing the Ohio violent death

 reporting system established under section 3701.93 of the

 Revised Code.
- (14) On receipt of a request from a requestor described in

 2288
 division (A)(1), (2), (5), or (6) of this section who is from or

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 participating with another state's prescription monitoring

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 program, the board may provide to the requestor information from

 2291
 the database, but only if there is a written agreement under

 2292
 which the information is to be used and disseminated according

 2293
 to the laws of this state.
 - (15) On receipt of a request from a delegate of a retail 2295

dispensary licensed under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code who	2296
is approved by the board to serve as the dispensary's delegate,	2297
the board shall provide to the delegate a report of information	2298
from the database pertaining only to a patient's use of medical	2299
marijuana, if both of the following conditions are met:	2300
(a) The delegate certifies in a form specified by the	2301
board that it is for the purpose of dispensing medical marijuana	2302
for use in accordance with Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code.	2303
(b) The retail dispensary or delegate has not been denied	2304
access to the database by the board.	2305
(16) On receipt of a request from a judge of a program	2306
certified by the Ohio supreme court as a specialized docket	2307
program for drugs, the board shall provide to the judge, or an	2308
employee of the program who is designated by the judge to	2309
receive the information, information from the database that	2310
relates specifically to a current or prospective program	2311
participant.	2312
(17) On receipt of a request from a coroner, deputy	2313
coroner, or coroner's delegate approved by the board, the board	2314
shall provide to the requestor information from the database	2315
relating to a deceased person about whom the coroner is	2316
conducting or has conducted an autopsy or investigation.	2317
(18) On receipt of a request from a prescriber, the board	2318
may provide to the prescriber a summary of the prescriber's	2319
prescribing record if such a record is created by the board.	2320
Information in the summary is subject to the confidentiality	2321
requirements of this chapter.	2322
(19)(a) On receipt of a request from a pharmacy's	2323
responsible person, the board may provide to the responsible	2324

person a summary of the pharmacy's dispensing record if such a	2325
record is created by the board. Information in the summary is	2326
subject to the confidentiality requirements of this chapter.	2327
(b) As used in division (A)(19)(a) of this section,	2328
"responsible person" has the same meaning as in rules adopted by	2329
the board under section 4729.26 of the Revised Code.	2330
(20) The board may provide information from the database	2331
without request to a prescriber or pharmacist who is authorized	2332
to use the database pursuant to this chapter.	2333
(21)(a) On receipt of a request from a prescriber or	2334
pharmacist, or the prescriber's or pharmacist's delegate, who is	2335
a designated representative of a peer review committee, the	2336
board shall provide to the committee information from the	2337
database relating to a prescriber who is subject to the	2338
committee's evaluation, supervision, or discipline if the	2339
information is to be used for one of those purposes. The board	2340
shall provide only information that it determines, in accordance	2341
with rules adopted under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code, is	2342
appropriate to be provided to the committee.	2343
(b) As used in division (A)(21)(a) of this section, "peer	2344
review committee" has the same meaning as in section 2305.25 of	2345
the Revised Code, except that it includes only a peer review	2346
committee of a hospital or a peer review committee of a	2347
nonprofit health care corporation that is a member of the	2348
hospital or of which the hospital is a member.	2349
(22) On receipt of a request from a requestor described in	2350
division (A)(5) or (6) of this section who is from or	2351
participating with a prescription monitoring program that is	2352
operated by a federal agency and approved by the board, the	2353

board may provide to the requestor information from the	2354
database, but only if there is a written agreement under which	2355
the information is to be used and disseminated according to the	2356
laws of this state.	2357
(22) Any paragral health information submitted to the	2358
(23) Any personal health information submitted to the	
board pursuant to section 4729.772 of the Revised Code may be	2359
provided by the board only as authorized by the submitter of the	2360
information and in accordance with rules adopted under section	2361
4729.84 of the Revised Code.	2362
(B) The state board of pharmacy shall maintain a record of	2363
each individual or entity that requests information from the	2364
database pursuant to this section. In accordance with rules	2365
adopted under section 4729.84 of the Revised Code, the board may	2366
use the records to document and report statistics and law	2367
enforcement outcomes.	2368
The beard may provide records of an individually requests	2369
The board may provide records of an individual's requests	
for database information only to the following:	2370
(1) A designated representative of a government entity	2371
that is responsible for the licensure, regulation, or discipline	2372
of health care professionals with authority to prescribe,	2373
administer, or dispense drugs who is involved in an active	2374
criminal or disciplinary investigation being conducted by the	2375
government entity of the individual who submitted the requests	2376
for database information;	2377
(0) 7 fodovol officer on total or local officer of this	2270
(2) A federal officer, or a state or local officer of this	2378
or any other state, whose duties include enforcing laws relating	2379
to drugs and who is involved in an active investigation being	2380
conducted by the officer's employing government entity of the	2381
individual who submitted the requests for database information;	2382

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(3) A designated representative of the department of	2383
medicaid regarding a prescriber who is treating or has treated a	2384
recipient of a program administered by the department and who	2385
submitted the requests for database information.	2386
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- (C) Information contained in the database and any 2387 information obtained from it is confidential and is not a public 2388 record. Information contained in the records of requests for 2389 information from the database is confidential and is not a 2390 public record. Information contained in the database that does 2391 2392 not identify a person, including any licensee or registrant of the board or other entity, may be released in summary, 2393 statistical, or aggregate form. 2394
- (D) A pharmacist or prescriber shall not be held liable in 2395 damages to any person in any civil action for injury, death, or 2396 loss to person or property on the basis that the pharmacist or 2397 prescriber did or did not seek or obtain information from the 2398 database.
- Sec. 4730.431 4730.434. (A) Notwithstanding any provision 2400 of this chapter or rule adopted by the state medical board, a 2401 physician assistant who holds a valid prescriber number issued 2402 by the board and has been granted physician-delegated 2403 prescriptive authority may personally furnish a supply of 2404 naloxone, or issue a prescription for naloxone, without having 2405 examined the individual to whom it may be administered if both 2406 of the following conditions are met: 2407
- (1) The naloxone supply is furnished to, or the prescription is issued to and in the name of, a family member, friend, or other individual in a position to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.

(2) The physician assistant instructs the individual	2413
receiving the naloxone supply or prescription to summon	2414
emergency services as soon as practicable either before or after	2415
administering naloxone to an individual apparently experiencing	2416
an opioid-related overdose.	2417
(B) A physician assistant who under division (A) of this	2418
section in good faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a	2419
prescription for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of	2420
the following for any action or omission of the individual to	2421
whom the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued:	2422
damages in any civil action, prosecution in any criminal	2423
(B) A physician assistant who under division (A) of this section in good faith furnishes a supply of naloxone or issues a prescription for naloxone is not liable for or subject to any of the following for any action or omission of the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished or the prescription is issued:	2424
Sec. 4730.435. (A) (1) A physician assistant who holds a	2425
valid prescriber number issued by the state medical board, who	2426
has been granted physician-delegated prescriptive authority, and	2427
who has established a protocol that meets the requirements of	2428
division (C) of this section may authorize one or more other	2429
individuals to personally furnish a supply of naloxone pursuant	2430
to the protocol to either of the following:	2431
(a) An individual who there is reason to believe is	2432
experiencing or at risk of experiencing an opioid-related	2433
<pre>overdose;</pre>	2434
(b) A family member, friend, or other person in a position	2435
to assist an individual who there is reason to believe is at	2436
risk of experiencing an opioid-related overdose.	2437
(2) An individual authorized under this section to	2438
personally furnish naloxone may do so without having examined	2439
the individual to whom it may be administered.	2440
(B) An individual authorized by a physician assistant	2441

under this section may personally furnish naloxone to an	2442
individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this	2443
section if both of the following conditions are met:	2444
individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if both of the following conditions are met: (1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol established by the authorizing physician assistant, including having completed the training required by the protocol. (2) The authorized individual instructs the individual to whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon as practicable either before or after administering naloxone. (C) A protocol established by a physician assistant for purposes of this section shall be established in writing and include all of the following: (1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of naloxone; (2) Precautions and contraindications concerning furnishing naloxone;	2445
individual described in division (A)(1)(a) or (b) of this section if both of the following conditions are met: (1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol established by the authorizing physician assistant, including having completed the training required by the protocol. (2) The authorized individual instructs the individual to whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon as practicable either before or after administering naloxone. (C) A protocol established by a physician assistant for purposes of this section shall be established in writing and include all of the following: (1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of naloxone; (2) Precautions and contraindications concerning	2446
having completed the training required by the protocol.	2447
(2) The authorized individual instructs the individual to	2448
whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon	2449
as practicable either before or after administering naloxone.	2450
(C) A protocol established by a physician assistant for	2451
purposes of this section shall be established in writing and	2452
(1) The authorized individual complies with the protocol established by the authorizing physician assistant, including having completed the training required by the protocol. (2) The authorized individual instructs the individual to whom naloxone is furnished to summon emergency services as soon as practicable either before or after administering naloxone. (C) A protocol established by a physician assistant for purposes of this section shall be established in writing and include all of the following: (1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of naloxone; (2) Precautions and contraindications concerning furnishing naloxone;	2453
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	2454
<pre>naloxone;</pre>	2455
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning	2456
<pre>furnishing naloxone;</pre>	2457
(3) Any limitations the physician assistant specifies	2458
concerning the individuals to whom naloxone may be furnished;	2459
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be furnished and any	2460
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	2461
<pre>protocol;</pre>	2462
(5) Labeling, storage, record keeping, and administrative	2463
requirements;	2464
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	2465
individual will be authorized to furnish naloxone;	2466
(7) Any instructions or training that the authorized	2467
individual must provide to an individual to whom naloxone is	2468

<u>furnished</u> .	2469
(D) A physician assistant who in good faith authorizes	2470
another individual to personally furnish naloxone in accordance	2471
with a protocol established by the physician assistant under	2472
this section is not liable for or subject to any of the	2473
following for any action or omission of the individual to whom	2474
the naloxone is furnished: damages in any civil action,	2475
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	2476
disciplinary action.	2477
An individual authorized under this section to personally	2478
furnish naloxone who does so in good faith is not liable for or	2479
subject to any of the following for any action or omission of	2480
the individual to whom the naloxone is furnished: damages in any	2481
civil action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or	2482
professional disciplinary action.	2483
Sec. 4730.436. (A) As used in this section, "service	2484
entity" has the same meaning as in section 4729.514 of the	2485
Revised Code.	2486
(B) A physician assistant who holds a valid prescriber	2487
number issued by the state medical board, who has been granted	2488
physician-delegated prescriptive authority, and who has	2489
established a protocol under division (D) of this section may	2490
authorize an individual who is an employee, volunteer, or	2491
contractor of a service entity to administer naloxone to an	2492
individual who is apparently experiencing an opioid-related	2493
overdose.	2494
(C) An individual authorized by a physician assistant	2495
under this section may administer naloxone to an individual who	2496
is apparently experiencing an opioid-related overdose if all of	2497

the following conditions are met:	2498
(1) The naloxone is obtained from a service entity of	2499
which the authorized individual is an employee, volunteer, or	2500
contractor.	2501
(2) The authorized individual complies with the protocol	2502
established by the authorizing physician assistant.	2503
(3) The authorized individual summons emergency services	2504
as soon as practicable either before or after administering the	2505
<pre>naloxone.</pre>	2506
(D) A protocol established by a physician assistant for	2507
purposes of this section must be in writing and include all of	2508
<pre>the following:</pre>	2509
(1) A description of the clinical pharmacology of	2510
<pre>naloxone;</pre>	2511
(2) Precautions and contraindications concerning the	2512
administration of naloxone;	2513
(3) Any limitations the physician assistant specifies	2514
concerning the individuals to whom naloxone may be administered;	2515
(4) The naloxone dosage that may be administered and any	2516
variation in the dosage based on circumstances specified in the	2517
<pre>protocol;</pre>	2518
(5) Labeling, storage, record keeping, and administrative	2519
requirements;	2520
(6) Training requirements that must be met before an	2521
individual can be authorized to administer naloxone.	2522
(E) A physician assistant who in good faith authorizes an	2523
individual to administer naloxone under this section is not	2524

liable for or subject to any of the following for any act or	2525
omission of the authorized individual: damages in any civil_	2526
action, prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	2527
disciplinary action.	2528
A service entity or an employee, volunteer, or contractor	2529
of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the	2530
following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that	2531
allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with	2532
procuring, maintaining, accessing, or administering naloxone	2533
under this section, unless the act or omission constitutes	2534
willful or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action,	2535
prosecution in any criminal proceeding, or professional	2536
of a service entity is not liable for or subject to any of the following for injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly arises from an act or omission associated with procuring, maintaining, accessing, or administering naloxone under this section, unless the act or omission constitutes willful or wanton misconduct: damages in any civil action,	2537
This section does not eliminate, limit, or reduce any	2538
other immunity or defense that a service entity or an employee,	2539
volunteer, or contractor of a service entity may be entitled to	2540
under Chapter 2305. or any other provision of the Revised Code	2541
or under the common law of this state.	2542
Sec. 4730.56. (A) As used in this section:	2543
(1) "Community addiction services provider" has the same	2544
meaning as in section 5119.01 of the Revised Code.	2545
(2) "Medication-assisted treatment" has the same meaning	2546
as in section 340.01 of the Revised Code.	2547
(B) A physician assistant shall comply with section	2548
3719.064 of the Revised Code and rules adopted under section	2549
4730.55 of the Revised Code when treating a patient with	2550
medication-assisted treatment or proposing to initiate such	2551
treatment.	2552
(C) A physician assistant who fails to comply with this	2553

section shall treat not more than thirty patients at any one	2554
time with medication-assisted treatment even if the facility or	2555
location at which the treatment is provided is either of the	2556
following:	2557
(1) Exempted by divisions (B)(2)(a) to (d) or (i) of	2558
section 4729.553 of the Revised Code from being required to	2559
possess a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	2560
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification;	2561
(2) A community addiction services provider that provides	2562
alcohol and drug addiction services that are certified by the	2563
department of mental health and addiction services under section	2564
5119.36 of the Revised Code.	2565
Sec. 4731.83. (A) As used in this section:	2566
(1) "Medication-assisted treatment" has the same meaning	2567
as in section 340.01 of the Revised Code.	2568
(2) "Physician" means an individual authorized by this	2569
chapter to practice medicine and surgery or osteopathic medicine	2570
and surgery.	2571
(B) A physician shall comply with section 3719.064 of the	2572
Revised Code and rules adopted under section 4731.056 of the	2573
Revised Code when treating a patient with medication-assisted	2574
treatment or proposing to initiate such treatment.	2575
(C) A physician who fails to comply with this section	2576
shall treat not more than thirty patients at any one time with	2577
medication-assisted treatment even if the facility or location	2578
at which the treatment is provided is either of the following:	2579
(1) Exempted by divisions (B)(2)(a) to (d) or (i) of	2580
section 4729.553 of the Revised Code from being required to	2581

possess a category III terminal distributor of dangerous drugs	2582
license with an office-based opioid treatment classification;	2583
(2) A community addiction services provider that provides	2584
alcohol and drug addiction services that are certified by the	2585
department of mental health and addiction services under section	2586
5119.36 of the Revised Code.	2587
Section 2. That existing sections 121.22, 2925.01,	2588
2925.61, 4723.486, 4723.488, 4723.50, 4723.52, 4729.01, 4729.29,	2589
4729.44, 4729.45, 4729.51, 4729.514, 4729.541, 4729.553,	2590
4729.80, 4730.431, 4730.56, and 4731.83 of the Revised Code are	2591
hereby repealed.	2592
Section 3. The General Assembly, applying the principle	2593
Section 3. The General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that	2593 2594
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stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the	2594 2595 2596 2597 2598
stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections	2594 2595 2596 2597 2598 2599
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and S.B. 110 of the 131st General Assembly.