As Passed by the House

135th General Assembly

Regular Session 2023-2024 Sub. H. B. No. 322

Representatives Seitz, Abrams

Cosponsors: Representatives King, Robb Blasdel, Schmidt, Carruthers, White, Miller, K., Dean, Cross, Hillyer, Mathews, Brennan, Brewer, Click, Cutrona, Daniels, Dell'Aquila, Dobos, Edwards, Holmes, John, Johnson, Jones, Kick, Lear, Miller, M., Oelslager, Patton, Pavliga, Thomas, C., Williams, Willis, Young, T.

A BILL

То	amend sections 2901.13, 3797.01, 3797.04,	1
	3797.10, and 3797.12; to enact section 2907.071;	2
	and to repeal section 3797.11 of the Revised	3
	Code to impose a civil penalty, rather than a	4
	criminal penalty, on a person who fails to	5
	register with the childhood sexual abuse civil	6
	registry, to eliminate the residence restriction	7
	on such person, to create the offense of	8
	grooming, and to extend the limitation period	9
	for prosecuting a violation of the law requiring	10
	certain persons to report child abuse or neglect	11
	under certain circumstances.	12

BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 2901.13, 3797.01, 3797.04,	13
3797.10, and 3797.12 be amended and section 2907.071 of the	14
Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:	15
Sec. 2901.13. (A)(1) Except as provided in division (A)	16

(2) (2) (4) or (5) or (6) of this postion or or otherwise	1 🗆
(2), (3), (4), or (5), or (6) of this section or as otherwise	17
provided in this section, a prosecution shall be barred unless	18
it is commenced within the following periods after an offense is	19
committed:	20
(a) For a felony, six years;	21
(b) For a misdemeanor other than a minor misdemeanor, two	22
years;	23
(c) For a minor misdemeanor, six months.	24
(2) There is no period of limitation for the prosecution	25
of a violation of section 2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code	26
or for the prosecution of a conspiracy to commit, attempt to	27
commit, or complicity in committing a violation of section	28
2903.01 or 2903.02 of the Revised Code.	29
(3) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (B) to (J)	30
of this section, a prosecution of any of the following offenses	31
shall be barred unless it is commenced within twenty years after	32
the offense is committed:	33
(a) A violation of section 2903.03, 2903.04, 2905.01,	34
2905.32, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.21, 2909.02, 2909.22, 2909.23,	35
2909.24, 2909.26, 2909.27, 2909.28, 2909.29, 2911.01, 2911.02,	36
2911.11, 2911.12, or 2917.02 of the Revised Code, a violation of	37
section 2903.11 or 2903.12 of the Revised Code if the victim is	38
a peace officer, a violation of section 2903.13 of the Revised	39
Code that is a felony, or a violation of former section 2907.12	40
of the Revised Code;	41
of the Revised Code,	41
(b) A conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or	42
complicity in committing a violation set forth in division (A)	43
(3)(a) of this section.	44

(4) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (D) to (L)
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of this section, a prosecution of a violation of section 2907.02
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or 2907.03 of the Revised Code or a conspiracy to commit,
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attempt to commit, or complicity in committing a violation of
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either section shall be barred unless it is commenced within
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twenty-five years after the offense is committed.

(5) (a) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (A) (5) (b)
and (E) to (I) of this section, a prosecution of a violation of
section 2907.13 of the Revised Code shall be barred unless it is
commenced within five years after the offense is committed.

(c) As used in division (B) (5) (b) of this section,
"aggrieved person" includes any of the following individuals
with regard to a violation of section 2907.13 of the Revised
Code:

(i) A patient who was the victim of the violation;

(ii) The spouse or surviving spouse of a patient who was the victim of the violation;

(iii) Any child born as a result of the violation.

(6) A prosecution for a violation of division (A) (1) or68(4) of section 2151.421 of the Revised Code, which is a69misdemeanor of the fourth degree, or a misdemeanor of the first70degree under circumstances specified in section 2151.99 of the71Revised Code, is barred unless it is commenced within four years72after the violation is committed.73

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(B) (1) Except as otherwise provided in division (B) (2) of
74 this section, if the period of limitation provided in division
75 (A) (1) or (3) of this section has expired, prosecution shall be
76 commenced for an offense of which an element is fraud or breach
77 of a fiduciary duty, within one year after discovery of the
78 offense either by an aggrieved person, or by the aggrieved
79 person's legal representative who is not a party to the offense.

(2) If the period of limitation provided in division (A)
(1) or (3) of this section has expired, prosecution for a
violation of section 2913.49 of the Revised Code shall be
commenced within five years after discovery of the offense
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either by an aggrieved person or the aggrieved person's legal
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representative who is not a party to the offense.

(C) (1) If the period of limitation provided in division(A) (1) or (3) of this section has expired, prosecution shall be commenced for the following offenses during the following specified periods of time:

(a) For an offense involving misconduct in office by a public servant, at any time while the accused remains a public servant, or within two years thereafter;

(b) For an offense by a person who is not a public servant but whose offense is directly related to the misconduct in office of a public servant, at any time while that public servant remains a public servant, or within two years thereafter.

(2) As used in this division:

(a) An "offense is directly related to the misconduct in
office of a public servant" includes, but is not limited to, a
violation of section 101.71, 101.91, 121.61 or 2921.13, division
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(F) or (H) of section 102.03, division (A) of section 2921.02, 103 division (A) or (B) of section 2921.43, or division (F) or (G) 104 of section 3517.13 of the Revised Code, that is directly related 105 to an offense involving misconduct in office of a public 106 servant. 107

(b) "Public servant" has the same meaning as in section 2921.01 of the Revised Code.

(D) (1) If a DNA record made in connection with the 110 criminal investigation of the commission of a violation of 111 section 2907.02 or 2907.03 of the Revised Code is determined to 112 match another DNA record that is of an identifiable person and 113 if the time of the determination is later than twenty-five years 114 after the offense is committed, prosecution of that person for a 115 violation of the section may be commenced within five years 116 after the determination is complete. 117

(2) If a DNA record made in connection with the criminal 118 investigation of the commission of a violation of section 119 2907.02 or 2907.03 of the Revised Code is determined to match 120 another DNA record that is of an identifiable person and if the 121 time of the determination is within twenty-five years after the 122 offense is committed, prosecution of that person for a violation 123 of the section may be commenced within the longer of twenty-five 124 years after the offense is committed or five years after the 125 determination is complete. 126

(3) As used in this division, "DNA record" has the samemeaning as in section 109.573 of the Revised Code.128

(E) An offense is committed when every element of the
offense occurs. In the case of an offense of which an element is
a continuing course of conduct, the period of limitation does
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not begin to run until such course of conduct or the accused's 132 accountability for it terminates, whichever occurs first. 133

(F) A prosecution is commenced on the date an indictment 134 is returned or an information filed, or on the date a lawful 135 arrest without a warrant is made, or on the date a warrant, 136 summons, citation, or other process is issued, whichever occurs 137 first. A prosecution is not commenced by the return of an 138 indictment or the filing of an information unless reasonable 139 diligence is exercised to issue and execute process on the same. 140 A prosecution is not commenced upon issuance of a warrant, 141 summons, citation, or other process, unless reasonable diligence 142 is exercised to execute the same. 143

(G) The period of limitation shall not run during any time when the corpus delicti remains undiscovered.

(H) The period of limitation shall not run during any time when the accused purposely avoids prosecution. Proof that the accused departed this state or concealed the accused's identity or whereabouts is prima-facie evidence of the accused's purpose to avoid prosecution.

(I) The period of limitation shall not run during any time a prosecution against the accused based on the same conduct is pending in this state, even though the indictment, information, or process that commenced the prosecution is quashed or the proceedings on the indictment, information, or process are set aside or reversed on appeal.

(J) The period of limitation for a violation of any
provision of Title XXIX of the Revised Code that involves a
physical or mental wound, injury, disability, or condition of a
nature that reasonably indicates abuse or neglect of a child

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under eighteen years of age or of a child with a developmental 161 disability or physical impairment under twenty-one years of age 162 shall not begin to run until either of the following occurs: 163

(1) The victim of the offense reaches the age of majority. 164

(2) A public children services agency, or a municipal or
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county peace officer that is not the parent or guardian of the
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child, in the county in which the child resides or in which the
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abuse or neglect is occurring or has occurred has been notified
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that abuse or neglect is known, suspected, or believed to have
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occurred.

(K) As used in this section, "peace officer" has the same meaning as in section 2935.01 of the Revised Code.

(L) (1) The amendments to divisions (A) and (D) of this 173 section that took effect on July 16, 2015, apply to a violation 174 of section 2907.02 or 2907.03 of the Revised Code committed on 175 and after July 16, 2015, and apply to a violation of either of 176 those sections committed prior to July 16, 2015, if prosecution 177 for that violation was not barred under this section as it 178 existed on the day prior to July 16, 2015. 179

(2) The amendment to division (A) (2) of this section that 180 takes effect on the effective date of this amendment April 4, 181 2023, applies to a conspiracy to commit, attempt to commit, or 182 complicity in committing a violation of section 2903.01 or 183 2903.02 of the Revised Code if the conspiracy, attempt, or 184 complicity is committed on or after the effective date of this 185 amendment April 4, 2023, and applies to a conspiracy to commit, 186 attempt to commit, or complicity in committing a violation of 187 either of those sections if the conspiracy, attempt, or 188 complicity was committed prior to that effective date April 4, 189

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<u>2023, and prosecution for that conspiracy</u>, attempt, or 190 complicity was not barred under this section as it existed on 191 the day prior to that effective date <u>April 4, 2023</u>. 192

Sec. 2907.071. (A) As used in this section, "pattern of193conduct" has the same meaning as in section 2903.211 of the194Revised Code.195

(B) No person who is eighteen years of age or older shall196engage in a pattern of conduct with a minor who is less than197sixteen years of age and who is four or more years younger than198the person, when the pattern of conduct would cause a reasonable199adult person to believe that the person is communicating with200the minor with purpose to do either of the following:201

(1) Entice, coerce, or solicit the minor to engage in202sexual activity, and when the person's purpose in engaging in203the pattern of conduct is to entice, coerce, or solicit the204minor to engage in sexual activity with the person or a third205person;206

(2) Prepare the minor to engage in sexual activity, and207when the person's purpose in engaging in the pattern of conduct208is to prepare the minor to engage in sexual activity with the209person or a third person that would be a violation of section2102907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, or 2907.07 of the211Revised Code.212

(C) No person who is eighteen years of age or older shall213engage in a pattern of conduct with a minor if the person and214the minor are in any of the relationships described in divisions215(A) (5) to (13) of section 2907.03 of the Revised Code, when the216pattern of conduct would cause a reasonable adult person to217believe that the person is communicating with the minor with218

purpose to do either of the following:		
(1) Entice, coerce, or solicit the minor to engage in	220	
sexual activity, and when the person's purpose in engaging in	221	
the pattern of conduct is to entice, coerce, or solicit the	222	
minor to engage in sexual activity with the person or a third	223	
person;	224	
(2) Prepare the minor to engage in sexual activity, and	225	
when the person's purpose in engaging in the pattern of conduct	226	
is to prepare the minor to engage in sexual activity with the	227	
person or a third person that would be a violation of section	228	
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, or 2907.07 of the	229	
Revised Code.	230	
(D) Whoever violates this section is guilty of grooming.	231	
(1) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a	232	
violation of division (B) of this section is a misdemeanor of	233	
the second degree. If the victim of the offense is less than	234	
thirteen years of age or if the offender supplied alcohol or a	235	
drug of abuse to the victim of the offense, a violation of	236	

division (B) of this section is a felony of the fifth degree. If the victim of the offense is less than thirteen years of age and if the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a violation of this section or a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense or the offender supplied alcohol or a drug of abuse to the victim of the offense, a violation of division (B) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree. If the offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a violation of this section or a sexually oriented offense or a child-victim oriented offense

and the offender supplied alcohol or a drug of abuse to the

victim of the offense, a violation of division (B) of this

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section is a felony of the third degree. 249 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, a 250 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 251 the first degree. If the offender supplied alcohol or a drug of 252 abuse to the victim of the offense, a violation of division (C) 253 of this section is a felony of the fifth degree. If the victim 254 of the offense is less than thirteen years of age or if the 255 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a 256 violation of this section or a sexually oriented offense or a 257 child-victim oriented offense, a violation of division (C) of 258 this section is a felony of the fourth degree. If the victim of 259 the offense is less than thirteen years of age and if the 260 offender previously has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to a 261 violation of this section or a sexually oriented offense or a 262 child-victim oriented offense or the offender supplied alcohol 263 or a drug of abuse to the victim of the offense, a violation of 264 division (C) of this section is a felony of the third degree. 265 (E) A prosecution for a violation of this section does not 266 preclude a prosecution of a violation of any other section of 267 the Revised Code. One or more acts, a series of acts, or a 268 course of behavior that can be prosecuted under this section or 269 any other section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted under 270

this section, the other section of the Revised Code, or both 271 sections. 272 Sec. 3797.01. As used in sections 3797.01 to 3797.12 of 273

the Revised Code:

(A) "Aggrieved person" means the individual to whom the 275 registrant would have been liable for assault or battery based 276 on childhood sexual abuse, as defined in section 2305.111 of the 277 Revised Code, but for the expiration of the limitation period 278

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under that section.

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	<u>(B)</u>	_"Employed"	means emp	loyed for	more than	fourteen	days	280
or	for an	aggregate	of thirty	days in a	calendar	year.		281

(B) (C) "Registrant" means a person against whom a court 282 has entered a declaratory judgment under section 2721.21 of the 283 Revised Code and issued an order that the person be listed on 284 the civil registry maintained by the attorney general pursuant 285 to section 3797.08 of the Revised Code. 286

(C) (D) "Reside" includes temporarily reside.

(D) (E) "Sheriff" includes a person designated by a sheriff to carry out functions that the sheriff is required to perform under sections 3797.02 to 3797.12 of the Revised Code.

(E) (F) "Temporarily reside" means live in a county in this state, other than as a permanent resident, for a period of five or more consecutive days.

Sec. 3797.04. (A) A registrant shall verify the 294 registrant's current residence address and employment address on 295 each anniversary of the registrant's initial registration date 296 by personally appearing before the sheriff of the county in 297 which the registrant is registered not earlier than ten days 298 before the anniversary date and not later than the anniversary 299 date and completing and signing a copy of a verification form 300 provided by the sheriff. The sheriff shall sign the completed 301 form and indicate on the form the date on which it is completed. 302 The verification is complete when the registrant personally 303 appears before the sheriff and completes and signs the form. 304

(B) To facilitate the verification of a registrant's
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 current residence or employment address, the sheriff with whom
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 the registrant most recently registered the address may mail a
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nonforwardable verification form to the registrant's last 308 reported residence address or employment address, as applicable, 309 with a notice that conspicuously states that the registrant must 310 personally appear before the sheriff to complete the form and 311 the date by which the form must be completed. Regardless of 312 whether a sheriff mails a form to a registrant, each registrant 313 shall personally appear before the sheriff to verify the 314 address. 315

(C) (1) If a registrant fails to verify a current residence 316 address or employment address by the date required for the 317 verification, the sheriff with whom the registrant is required 318 to verify the current address shall send on the day following 319 that date required for the verification and at the registrant's 320 last known residence or place of employment, as applicable, a 321 written warning to the registrant regarding the registrant's 322 duty to verify the registrant's current address. 323

The written warning shall do all of the following:

(a) Identify the sheriff who sends it and the date on 325which it is sent; 326

(b) State conspicuously that the registrant has failed to 327
verify the registrant's current residence address or employment 328
address, as applicable, by the date required for the 329
verification; 330

(c) Conspicuously state that the registrant has seven days
from the date on which the warning is sent to verify the current
residence address or employment address, as applicable, with the
sheriff who sent the warning;

(d) Conspicuously state that a failure to timely verify335the specified current address or addresses is a felony336

general of the failure.

offensesubject to a civil penalty of up to two thousand five	337	
hundred dollars;		
(e) Conspicuously state that the registrant will not be	339	
prosecuted <u>liable</u> for that civil penalty for a failure to timely	340	
verify a current address if the registrant verifies the current	341	
address with that sheriff within that seven-day period;	342	
(f) Conspicuously state that the registrant will be	343	
arrested or taken into custody, as appropriate, and prosecuted	344	
<u>liable for that civil penalty for a failure to timely verify a</u>	345	
current address if the registrant does not verify the current	346	
address with that sheriff within that seven-day period.	347	
(2) If a registrant fails to verify a current address as	348	
required by this section by the date required for the	349	
verification, the registrant shall not be prosecuted <u>liable</u> for	350	
that civil penalty for a violation of division (A) of section	351	
3797.10 of the Revised Code unless the seven-day period	352	
subsequent to that date that the registrant is provided under	353	
division (C)(1) of this section to verify the current address	354	
has expired and the registrant has not verified the current	355	
address prior to the expiration of that seven-day period. Upon	356	
the expiration of the seven-day period that the registrant is	357	
provided under division (C)(1) of this section to verify the	358	
current address, if the registrant has not verified the current	359	
address, all of the following apply:	360	
(a) The sheriff with whom the registrant is required to	361	
verify the current address promptly shall notify the attorney	362	
verily the current address promptly shall notily the attorney	362	

(b) The sheriff with whom the registrant is required to 364verify the current address, the sheriff of the county in which 365

the registrant resides or is employed, or a deputy of the	366
appropriate sheriff shall locate the registrant, promptly shall-	367
seek a warrant for the arrest or taking into custody, as	368
appropriate, of the registrant for the violation of division (A)	369
of section 3797.10 of the Revised Code, and shall arrest the	370
registrant promptly shall refer the registrant's failure to	371
verify the current address to either of the following:	372
(i) The prosecuting attorney of the county in which the	373
registrant is required to verify the current address to that	374
<pre>county's sheriff;</pre>	375
(ii) The prosecuting attorney of the county in which the	376
registrant resides or is employed.	377
registiant resides of is employed.	577
(c) The prosecuting attorney to whom the referral is made	378
under division (C)(2)(b) of this section may file a civil action	379
<u>against the registrant is subject to prosecution for a violation</u>	380
of division (A) of section 3797.10 of the Revised Code. <u>If the</u>	381
prosecuting attorney does not file the civil action within	382
forty-five days after the referral, the aggrieved person may	383
file that civil action.	384
(D) A registrant who is required to verify a current	385
address pursuant to division (A) of this section shall do so	386
unless and until the registrant is removed from the civil	387
registry pursuant to section 2721.21 of the Revised Code.	388
Sec. 3797.10. (A) No registrant who is required to	389
register pursuant to section 3797.02 of the Revised Code, send a	390
sheriff a written notice of a new residence or employment	391
address or of an intent to reside in a county pursuant to	392
section 3797.03 of the Revised Code, or verify a current address	393
pursuant to section 3797.05 of the Revised Code shall fail to	394

register, send the notice, or verify the address as required by 395 those sections. 396 (B) It is an affirmative defense to a charge of a-397 violation of A registrant does not violate division (A) of this 398 section by failing to send written notice of a change of 399 residence or employment address or notice of intent to reside in 400 a county as required by section 3797.03 of the Revised Code that 401 402 <u>if</u> both of the following apply: 403 (1) It was impossible for the registrant to provide the notice to the sheriff because of a lack of knowledge on the date 404 specified for the provision of the notice of an address change 405 or of the new address. 406 (2) The registrant provided notice of the address change 407 or the new address to the sheriff as-in compliance with both of 408 the following: 409 (a) As soon as possible, but not later than the end of the 410 first business day, after learning of the address change or of 411 the new address by providing notice of the address change or the 412 new address to the sheriff by telephone immediately upon 413 414 learning of the address change or new address or, if the registrant did not have reasonable access to a telephone at that 415 time, as soon as possible, but not later than the end of the 416 first business day, after learning of the address change and 417 having reasonable access to a telephone. 418 $\frac{(3)}{(b)}$ As soon as possible, but not later than the end of 419

the first business day, after providing notice of the address420change to the sheriff by telephone, the registrant provided421written notice of the address change to the sheriff.422

(C) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is 423

civil penalty of up to two thousand five hundred dollars. 425 Sec. 3797.12. (A) Except as provided in division (B) of 426 this section, any of the following persons shall be immune from 427 liability in a civil action to recover damages for injury, 428 death, or loss to person or property allegedly caused by an act 429 or omission in connection with a power, duty, responsibility, or 430 authorization under sections 3797.01 to 3797.11 3797.10 of the 431 Revised Code or under rules adopted under authority of those 432 sections: 433 (1) The attorney general, a deputy, officer, or employee 434 of the office of the attorney general, a sheriff, or a deputy, 435 officer, or employee of the office of the sheriff; 436 (2) A prosecutor and an officer or employee of the office 437 438 of a prosecutor; (3) A person identified in division (A) (2), (3), (4), (5), 439 (6), or (7) of section 3797.06 of the Revised Code or the agent 440 of that person; 441 (4) A person identified in division (A) (2) of section 442 3797.05 of the Revised Code, regarding the person's provision of 443 444 information pursuant to that division to a sheriff. (B) The immunity described in division (A) of this section 445 does not apply to a person described in divisions (A)(1) to (4)446 of this section if, in relation to the act or omission in 447 question, any of the following applies: 448 (1) The act or omission was manifestly outside the scope 449 of the person's employment or official responsibilities. 450

guilty of a felony of the fifth degreeshall be subject to a

(2) The act or omission was with malicious purpose, in bad 451

faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner. 452 (3) Liability for the act or omission is expressly imposed 453 by a section of the Revised Code. 454 Section 2. That existing sections 2901.13, 3797.01, 455 3797.04, 3797.10, and 3797.12 of the Revised Code are hereby 456 repealed. 457 Section 3. That section 3797.11 of the Revised Code is 458 hereby repealed. 459 Section 4. Section 2901.13 of the Revised Code is 460 presented in this act as a composite of the section as amended 461 by both S.B. 16 and S.B. 288 of the 134th General Assembly. The 462 General Assembly, applying the principle stated in division (B) 463 of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that amendments are to be 464 harmonized if reasonably capable of simultaneous operation, 465 finds that the composite is the resulting version of the section 466 in effect prior to the effective date of the section as 467 presented in this act. 468