### As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee

**134th General Assembly** 

Regular Session 2021-2022

H. B. No. 116

**Representative Baldridge** 

Cosponsors: Representatives Young, T., Seitz, Schmidt, Richardson, Hoops, Lipps, LaRe, Carfagna, Ghanbari, Leland

# A BILL

Τc	amend sections 109.42, 109.572, 109.88, 901.511,	1
	2137.14, 2909.07, 2913.01, 2913.04, 2913.05,	2
	2913.49, 2919.25, 2919.251, 2919.26, 2921.22,	3
	2923.04, 2923.129, 2927.12, 2933.51, 3712.09,	4
	3721.121, 3750.09, 3751.04, and 5503.101 and to	5
	enact sections 2913.86, 2913.87, 2913.88,	6
	2913.89, 2913.90, 2913.91, 2913.92, 2913.93, and	7
	2913.94 of the Revised Code to enact the Ohio	8
	Computer Crimes Act and to amend the version of	9
	section 109.572 of the Revised Code that is	10
	scheduled to take effect October 9, 2021, to	11
	continue the provisions of this act on and after	12
	that date.	13

## BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF OHIO:

Section 1. That sections 109.42, 109.572, 109.88, 901.511,	14
2137.14, 2909.07, 2913.01, 2913.04, 2913.05, 2913.49, 2919.25,	15
2919.251, 2919.26, 2921.22, 2923.04, 2923.129, 2927.12, 2933.51,	16
3712.09, 3721.121, 3750.09, 3751.04, and 5503.101 be amended and	17
sections 2913.86, 2913.87, 2913.88, 2913.89, 2913.90, 2913.91,	18

2913.92, 2913.93, and 2913.94 of the Revised Code be enacted to read as follows:

Sec. 109.42. (A) The attorney general shall prepare and 21 have printed a pamphlet that contains a compilation of all 22 statutes relative to victim's rights in which the attorney 23 general lists and explains the statutes in the form of a 24 victim's bill of rights. The attorney general shall distribute 25 the pamphlet to all sheriffs, marshals, municipal corporation 26 and township police departments, constables, and other law 27 28 enforcement agencies, to all prosecuting attorneys, city directors of law, village solicitors, and other similar chief 29 legal officers of municipal corporations, and to organizations 30 that represent or provide services for victims of crime. The 31 victim's bill of rights set forth in the pamphlet shall contain 32 a description of all of the rights of victims that are provided 33 for in Chapter 2930. or in any other section of the Revised Code 34 and shall include, but not be limited to, all of the following: 35

(1) The right of a victim or a victim's representative to 36 attend a proceeding before a grand jury, in a juvenile case, or 37 in a criminal case pursuant to a subpoena without being 38 discharged from the victim's or representative's employment, 39 having the victim's or representative's employment terminated, 40 having the victim's or representative's pay decreased or 41 withheld, or otherwise being punished, penalized, or threatened 42 as a result of time lost from regular employment because of the 43 victim's or representative's attendance at the proceeding 44 pursuant to the subpoena, as set forth in section 2151.211, 45 2930.18, 2939.121, or 2945.451 of the Revised Code; 46

(2) The potential availability pursuant to section2151.359 or 2152.61 of the Revised Code of a forfeited48

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recognizance to pay damages caused by a child when the 49 delinquency of the child or child's violation of probation or 50 community control is found to be proximately caused by the 51 failure of the child's parent or guardian to subject the child 52 to reasonable parental authority or to faithfully discharge the 53 conditions of probation or community control; 54

(3) The availability of awards of reparations pursuant to sections 2743.51 to 2743.72 of the Revised Code for injuries caused by criminal offenses;

(4) The right of the victim in certain criminal or
juvenile cases or a victim's representative to receive, pursuant
to section 2930.06 of the Revised Code, notice of the date,
time, and place of the trial or delinquency proceeding in the
case or, if there will not be a trial or delinquency proceeding,
information from the prosecutor, as defined in section 2930.01
of the Revised Code, regarding the disposition of the case;

(5) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile cases or a victim's representative to receive, pursuant to section 2930.04, 2930.05, or 2930.06 of the Revised Code, notice of the name of the person charged with the violation, the case or docket number assigned to the charge, and a telephone number or numbers that can be called to obtain information about the disposition of the case;

(6) The right of the victim in certain criminal or 72 juvenile cases or of the victim's representative pursuant to 73 section 2930.13 or 2930.14 of the Revised Code, subject to any 74 reasonable terms set by the court as authorized under section 75 2930.14 of the Revised Code, to make a statement about the 76 victimization and, if applicable, a statement relative to the 77 sentencing or disposition of the offender; 78

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(7) The opportunity to obtain a court order, pursuant to
79 section 2945.04 of the Revised Code, to prevent or stop the
80 commission of the offense of intimidation of a crime victim or
81 witness or an offense against the person or property of the
82 complainant, or of the complainant's ward or child;

(8) The right of the victim in certain criminal or juvenile cases or a victim's representative pursuant to sections 2151.38, 2929.20, 2930.10, 2930.16, and 2930.17 of the Revised Code to receive notice of a pending motion for judicial release, release pursuant to section 2967.19 of the Revised Code, or other early release of the person who committed the offense against the victim, to make an oral or written statement at the court hearing on the motion, and to be notified of the court's decision on the motion;

(9) The right of the victim in certain criminal or 93 juvenile cases or a victim's representative pursuant to section 94 2930.16, 2967.12, 2967.26, 2967.271, or 5139.56 of the Revised 95 Code to receive notice of any pending commutation, pardon, 96 parole, transitional control, discharge, other form of 97 authorized release, post-release control, or supervised release 98 for the person who committed the offense against the victim or 99 any application for release of that person and to send a written 100 statement relative to the victimization and the pending action 101 to the adult parole authority or the release authority of the 102 department of youth services; 103

(10) The right of the victim to bring a civil action 104 pursuant to sections 2969.01 to 2969.06 of the Revised Code to 105 obtain money from the offender's profit fund; 106

(11) The right, pursuant to section 3109.09 of the RevisedCode, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages108

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not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of109a minor who willfully damages property through the commission of110an act that would be a theft offense, as defined in section1112913.01 of the Revised Code, if committed by an adult;112

(12) The right, pursuant to section 3109.10 of the Revised 113
Code, to maintain a civil action to recover compensatory damages 114
not exceeding ten thousand dollars and costs from the parent of 115
a minor who willfully and maliciously assaults a person; 116

(13) The possibility of receiving restitution from an
offender or a delinquent child pursuant to section 2152.20,
2929.18, or 2929.28 of the Revised Code;
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(14) The right of the victim in certain criminal or 120 juvenile cases or a victim's representative, pursuant to section 121 2930.16 of the Revised Code, to receive notice of the escape 122 from confinement or custody of the person who committed the 123 offense, to receive that notice from the custodial agency of the 124 person at the victim's last address or telephone number provided 125 to the custodial agency, and to receive notice that, if either 126 the victim's address or telephone number changes, it is in the 127 victim's interest to provide the new address or telephone number 128 129 to the custodial agency;

(15) The right of a victim of domestic violence, including 130 domestic violence in a dating relationship as defined in section 131 3113.31 of the Revised Code, to seek the issuance of a civil 132 protection order pursuant to that section, the right of a victim 133 of a violation of section 2903.14, 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, 134 2911.211, 2913.88, or 2919.22 of the Revised Code, a violation 135 of a substantially similar municipal ordinance, or an offense of 136 violence who is a family or household member of the offender at 137 the time of the offense to seek the issuance of a temporary 138

protection order pursuant to section 2919.26 of the Revised139Code, and the right of both types of victims to be accompanied140by a victim advocate during court proceedings;141

(16) The right of a victim of a sexually oriented offense 142 or of a child-victim oriented offense that is committed by a 143 person who is convicted of, pleads quilty to, or is adjudicated 144 a delinquent child for committing the offense and who is in a 145 category specified in division (B) of section 2950.10 of the 146 Revised Code to receive, pursuant to that section, notice that 147 the person has registered with a sheriff under section 2950.04, 148 2950.041, or 2950.05 of the Revised Code and notice of the 149 person's name, the person's residence that is registered, and 150 the offender's school, institution of higher education, or place 151 of employment address or addresses that are registered, the 152 person's photograph, and a summary of the manner in which the 153 victim must make a request to receive the notice. As used in 154 this division, "sexually oriented offense" and "child-victim 155 oriented offense" have the same meanings as in section 2950.01 156 of the Revised Code. 157

(17) The right of a victim of certain sexually violent 158 offenses committed by an offender who also is convicted of or 159 pleads quilty to a sexually violent predator specification and 160 who is sentenced to a prison term pursuant to division (A) (3) of 161 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, of a victim of a violation 162 of division (A)(1)(b) of section 2907.02 of the Revised Code 163 committed on or after January 2, 2007, by an offender who is 164 sentenced for the violation pursuant to division (B)(1)(a), (b), 165 or (c) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, of a victim of an 166 attempted rape committed on or after January 2, 2007, by an 167 offender who also is convicted of or pleads quilty to a 168 specification of the type described in section 2941.1418, 169

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2941.1419, or 2941.1420 of the Revised Code and is sentenced for 170 the violation pursuant to division (B)(2)(a), (b), or (c) of 171 section 2971.03 of the Revised Code, and of a victim of an 172 offense that is described in division (B)(3)(a), (b), (c), or 173 (d) of section 2971.03 of the Revised Code and is committed by 174 an offender who is sentenced pursuant to one of those divisions 175 to receive, pursuant to section 2930.16 of the Revised Code, 176 177 notice of a hearing to determine whether to modify the requirement that the offender serve the entire prison term in a 178 state correctional facility, whether to continue, revise, or 179 revoke any existing modification of that requirement, or whether 180 to terminate the prison term. As used in this division, 181 "sexually violent offense" and "sexually violent predator 182 specification" have the same meanings as in section 2971.01 of 183 the Revised Code. 184

(B)(1)(a) Subject to division (B)(1)(c) of this section, a 185 prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city 186 director of law, assistant city director of law, village 187 solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal 188 officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant of any of 189 those officers who prosecutes an offense committed in this 190 state, upon first contact with the victim of the offense, the 191 victim's family, or the victim's dependents, shall give the 192 victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents a copy 193 of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this 194 section and explain, upon request, the information in the 195 pamphlet to the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's 196 dependents. 197

(b) Subject to division (B) (1) (c) of this section, a law
enforcement agency that investigates an offense or delinquent
act committed in this state shall give the victim of the offense
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or delinquent act, the victim's family, or the victim's 201 dependents a copy of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division 202 (A) of this section at one of the following times: 203

(i) Upon first contact with the victim, the victim's 204family, or the victim's dependents; 205

(ii) If the offense or delinquent act is an offense of 206 violence, if the circumstances of the offense or delinquent act 207 and the condition of the victim, the victim's family, or the 208 209 victim's dependents indicate that the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents will not be able to 210 understand the significance of the pamphlet upon first contact 211 with the agency, and if the agency anticipates that it will have 212 an additional contact with the victim, the victim's family, or 213 the victim's dependents, upon the agency's second contact with 214 the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents. 215

If the agency does not give the victim, the victim's 216 family, or the victim's dependents a copy of the pamphlet upon 217 first contact with them and does not have a second contact with 218 the victim, the victim's family, or the victim's dependents, the 219 agency shall mail a copy of the pamphlet to the victim, the 220 victim's family, or the victim's dependents at their last known 221 address. 222

(c) In complying on and after December 9, 1994, with the 223 duties imposed by division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of this section, an 224 official or a law enforcement agency shall use copies of the 225 pamphlet that are in the official's or agency's possession on 226 December 9, 1994, until the official or agency has distributed 227 all of those copies. After the official or agency has 228 distributed all of those copies, the official or agency shall 229 use only copies of the pamphlet that contain at least the 230 information described in divisions (A)(1) to (17) of this section.

(2) The failure of a law enforcement agency or of a 233 prosecuting attorney, assistant prosecuting attorney, city 234 director of law, assistant city director of law, village 235 solicitor, assistant village solicitor, or similar chief legal 236 officer of a municipal corporation or an assistant to any of 237 those officers to give, as required by division (B)(1) of this 238 section, the victim of an offense or delinquent act, the 239 240 victim's family, or the victim's dependents a copy of the 241 pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section does not give the victim, the victim's family, the victim's 242 dependents, or a victim's representative any rights under 243 section 2743.51 to 2743.72, 2945.04, 2967.12, 2969.01 to 244 2969.06, 3109.09, or 3109.10 of the Revised Code or under any 245 other provision of the Revised Code and does not affect any 246 right under those sections. 247

(3) A law enforcement agency, a prosecuting attorney or 248 assistant prosecuting attorney, or a city director of law, 249 assistant city director of law, village solicitor, assistant 250 village solicitor, or similar chief legal officer of a municipal 251 252 corporation that distributes a copy of the pamphlet prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section shall not be required 253 to distribute a copy of an information card or other printed 254 material provided by the clerk of the court of claims pursuant 255 to section 2743.71 of the Revised Code. 256

(C) The cost of printing and distributing the pamphlet
prepared pursuant to division (A) of this section shall be paid
out of the reparations fund, created pursuant to section
2743.191 of the Revised Code, in accordance with division (D) of
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that section.	
(D) As used in this section:	262
(1) "Victim's representative" has the same meaning as in	263
section 2930.01 of the Revised Code;	264
(2) "Victim advocate" has the same meaning as in section	265
2919.26 of the Revised Code.	
Sec. 109.572. (A)(1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to	267
section 121.08, 3301.32, 3301.541, or 3319.39 of the Revised	268
Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of	269
this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in	270
the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the	271
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and	272

investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 273 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 274 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 275 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 276 of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 277

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 278 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 279 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 280 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 281 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 282 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 283 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 284 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious 285 sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 286 Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code 287 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 288 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of 289 section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 290 1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, or 291 a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 292 minor drug possession offense; 293

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
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state, any other state, or the United States that is
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substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
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division (A) (1) (a) of this section;
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(c) If the request is made pursuant to section 3319.39 of
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the Revised Code for an applicant who is a teacher, any offense
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specified in section 3319.31 of the Revised Code.
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(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3712.09 or 301 3721.121 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 302 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 303 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 304 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 305 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 306 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who 307 has applied for employment in a position for which a criminal 308 records check is required by those sections. The superintendent 309 shall conduct the criminal records check in the manner described 310 in division (B) of this section to determine whether any 311 information exists that indicates that the person who is the 312 subject of the request previously has been convicted of or 313 pleaded guilty to any of the following: 314

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,3152903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,3162905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,3172907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,3182907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02,319

2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11,3202913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2913.87 to3212913.92, 2919.25, 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02,3222925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the323Revised Code;324

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in division (A)(2)(a) of this section.

329 (3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.27, 173.38, 173.381, 3701.881, 5119.34, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342, 330 5123.081, or 5123.169 of the Revised Code, a completed form 331 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a 332 set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described 333 in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 334 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 335 conduct a criminal records check of the person for whom the 336 request is made. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal 337 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 338 section to determine whether any information exists that 339 340 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of, has pleaded quilty to, or 341 (except in the case of a request pursuant to section 5164.34, 342 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the Revised Code) has been found 343 eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction for any of the 344 following, regardless of the date of the conviction, the date of 345 entry of the quilty plea, or (except in the case of a request 346 pursuant to section 5164.34, 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the 347 Revised Code) the date the person was found eligible for 348 intervention in lieu of conviction: 349

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(a) A violation of section 959.13, 959.131, 2903.01, 350 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 351 2903.15, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2903.341, 352 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2905.32, 2905.33, 353 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 354 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 2907.31, 355 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2907.33, 2909.02, 356 2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 357 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.05, 358 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.40, 2913.41, 2913.42, 359 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 2913.48, 360 2913.49, 2913.51, 2913.87 to 2913.92, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 361 2917.31, 2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.123, 2919.124, 2919.22, 362 2919.23, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.11, 2921.12, 2921.13, 363 2921.21, 2921.24, 2921.32, 2921.321, 2921.34, 2921.35, 2921.36, 364 2921.51, 2923.12, 2923.122, 2923.123, 2923.13, 2923.161, 365 2923.162, 2923.21, 2923.32, 2923.42, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 366 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.09, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.14, 367 2925.141, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.36, 2925.55, 2925.56, 368 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 369 (b) Felonious sexual penetration in violation of former 370 section 2907.12 of the Revised Code; 371

(c) A violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as 372it existed prior to July 1, 1996; 373

(d) A violation of section 2923.01, 2923.02, or 2923.03 of 374
the Revised Code when the underlying offense that is the object 375
of the conspiracy, attempt, or complicity is one of the offenses 376
listed in divisions (A) (3) (a) to (c) of this section; 377

(e) A violation of an existing or former municipal378ordinance or law of this state, any other state, or the United379

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States that is substantially equivalent to any of the	offenses 380
listed in divisions (A)(3)(a) to (d) of this section.	381
(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section	2151.86 or 382
2151.904 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescri	bed 383
pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set	of 384
fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner describ	bed in 385
division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of	the 386
bureau of criminal identification and investigation sh	all 387
conduct a criminal records check in the manner describ	ed in 388
division (B) of this section to determine whether any	389
information exists that indicates that the person who	is the 390
subject of the request previously has been convicted o	f or 391
pleaded guilty to any of the following:	392
(a) A violation of section 959.13, 2903.01, 2903	.02, 393
2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15,	
2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02,	
2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07,	
2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31,	
2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.2	2, 398
2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12,	2913.49, 399
2917.01, 2917.02, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25,	2923.12, 400
2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05,	2925.06, 401
2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation o	f section 402
2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to Jul	y 1, 1996, 403
a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code tha	t would 404
have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revise	d Code as 405
it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation be	en 406
committed prior to that date, a violation of section 2	925.11 of 407
the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession o	ffense, 408
two or more OVI or OVUAC violations committed within t	he three 409
years immediately preceding the submission of the appl	ication or 410

petition that is the basis of the request, or felonious sexual 411 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 412 Revised Code; 413 (b) A violation of an existing or former law of this 414 state, any other state, or the United States that is 415 substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in 416 division (A)(4)(a) of this section. 417 (5) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5104.013 418 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 419 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 420 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) 421 of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 422 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 423 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 424 section to determine whether any information exists that 425 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 426 been convicted of or pleaded quilty to any of the following: 427 (a) A violation of section 2151.421, 2903.01, 2903.02, 428 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 429 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.32, 430 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 431 2907.09, 2907.19, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 432 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 433 2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.05, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 434 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 435 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.41, 436 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 437 2913.48, 2913.49, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92</u>, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 438 2917.31, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.224, 2919.225, 2919.24, 2919.25, 439 2921.03, 2921.11, 2921.13, 2921.14, 2921.34, 2921.35, 2923.01, 440

2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 441 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual 442 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 443 Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code 444 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 445 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of 446 section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 447 1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, a 448 violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 449 minor drug possession offense, a violation of section 2923.02 or 450 2923.03 of the Revised Code that relates to a crime specified in 451 this division, or a second violation of section 4511.19 of the 452 Revised Code within five years of the date of application for 453 licensure or certification. 454

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations
described in division (A) (5) (a) of this section.

(6) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5153.111 459 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 460 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 461 462 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 463 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 464 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 465 section to determine whether any information exists that 466 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 467 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 468 following: 469

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,

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2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 471 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 472 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 473 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 474 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 475 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 476 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised 477 Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former 478 section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 479 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 480 a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would 481 have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as 482 it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been 483 committed prior to that date, or a violation of section 2925.11 484 of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense; 485

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (A) (6) (a) of this section.

(7) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check 490 from an individual pursuant to section 4749.03 or 4749.06 of the 491 Revised Code, accompanied by a completed copy of the form 492 prescribed in division (C)(1) of this section and a set of 493 fingerprint impressions obtained in a manner described in 494 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 495 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 496 conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in 497 division (B) of this section to determine whether any 498 information exists indicating that the person who is the subject 499 of the request has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to a 500 felony in this state or in any other state. If the individual 501

indicates that a firearm will be carried in the course of 502 business, the superintendent shall require information from the 503 federal bureau of investigation as described in division (B)(2) 504 of this section. Subject to division (F) of this section, the 505 superintendent shall report the findings of the criminal records 506 check and any information the federal bureau of investigation 507 provides to the director of public safety. 508

(8) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1321.37, 509 1321.53, or 4763.05 of the Revised Code, a completed form 510 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a 511 set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described 512 in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 513 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 514 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who 515 has applied for a license, permit, or certification from the 516 department of commerce or a division in the department. The 517 superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in the 518 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 519 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 520 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 521 of or pleaded quilty to any of the following: a violation of 522 section 2913.02, 2913.11, 2913.31, 2913.51, or 2925.03 of the 523 Revised Code; any other criminal offense involving theft, 524 receiving stolen property, embezzlement, forgery, fraud, passing 525 bad checks, money laundering, or drug trafficking, or any 526 criminal offense involving money or securities, as set forth in 527 Chapters 2909., 2911., 2913., 2915., 2921., 2923., and 2925. of 528 the Revised Code; or any existing or former law of this state, 529 any other state, or the United States that is substantially 530 equivalent to those offenses. 531

(9) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check

from the treasurer of state under section 113.041 of the Revised 533 Code or from an individual under section 928.03, 4701.08, 534 4715.101, 4717.061, 4725.121, 4725.501, 4729.071, 4729.53, 535 4729.90, 4729.92, 4730.101, 4730.14, 4730.28, 4731.081, 4731.15, 536 4731.171, 4731.222, 4731.281, 4731.531, 4732.091, 4734.202, 537 4740.061, 4741.10, 4747.051, 4751.20, 4751.201, 4751.202, 538 4751.21, 4753.061, 4755.70, 4757.101, 4759.061, 4760.032, 539 4760.06, 4761.051, 4762.031, 4762.06, 4774.031, 4774.06, 540 4776.021, 4778.04, 4778.07, 4779.091, or 4783.04 of the Revised 541 Code, accompanied by a completed form prescribed under division 542 (C) (1) of this section and a set of fingerprint impressions 543 obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 544 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 545 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 546 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 547 section to determine whether any information exists that 548 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 549 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in 550 this state or any other state. Subject to division (F) of this 551 section, the superintendent shall send the results of a check 552 requested under section 113.041 of the Revised Code to the 553 treasurer of state and shall send the results of a check 554 requested under any of the other listed sections to the 555 licensing board specified by the individual in the request. 556

(10) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 124.74, 557
718.131, 1121.23, 1315.141, 1733.47, or 1761.26 of the Revised 558
Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C) (1) of 559
this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 560
the manner described in division (C) (2) of this section, the 561
superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 562
investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 563

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manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 564
whether any information exists that indicates that the person 565
who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 566
of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense under any existing 567
or former law of this state, any other state, or the United 568
States. 569

(11) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check 570 from an appointing or licensing authority under section 3772.07 571 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division 572 (C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions 573 obtained in the manner prescribed in division (C)(2) of this 574 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 575 576 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 577 section to determine whether any information exists that 578 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 579 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no contest 580 to any offense under any existing or former law of this state, 581 582 any other state, or the United States that is a disqualifying offense as defined in section 3772.07 of the Revised Code or 583 substantially equivalent to such an offense. 584

585 (12) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.33 or 2151.412 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 586 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 587 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 588 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 589 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 590 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person for 591 whom a criminal records check is required under that section. 592 The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in 593 the manner described in division (B) of this section to 594

determine whether any information exists that indicates that the595person who is the subject of the request previously has been596convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:597

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 598 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 599 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 600 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 601 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 602 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 603 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to</u> 604 2913.92, 2919.25, 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 605 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the 606 Revised Code; 607

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in division (A)(12)(a) of this section.

(13) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3796.12 612 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 613 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 614 impressions obtained in a manner described in division (C)(2) of 615 this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 616 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 617 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 618 section to determine whether any information exists that 619 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 620 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the 621 following: 622

(a) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted623under division (B)(2)(b) of section 3796.03 of the Revised Code624

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if the person who is the subject of the request is an625administrator or other person responsible for the daily626operation of, or an owner or prospective owner, officer or627prospective officer, or board member or prospective board member628of, an entity seeking a license from the department of commerce629under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code;630

(b) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted 631 under division (B)(2)(b) of section 3796.04 of the Revised Code 632 if the person who is the subject of the request is an 633 634 administrator or other person responsible for the daily operation of, or an owner or prospective owner, officer or 635 prospective officer, or board member or prospective board member 636 of, an entity seeking a license from the state board of pharmacy 637 under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code. 638

(14) On receipt of a request required by section 3796.13 639 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 640 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 641 impressions obtained in a manner described in division (C)(2) of 642 this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 643 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 644 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 645 section to determine whether any information exists that 646 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 647 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the 648 following: 649

(a) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted
under division (B)(8)(a) of section 3796.03 of the Revised Code
if the person who is the subject of the request is seeking
employment with an entity licensed by the department of commerce
under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code;

(b) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted
under division (B) (14) (a) of section 3796.04 of the Revised Code
if the person who is the subject of the request is seeking
employment with an entity licensed by the state board of
pharmacy under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code.

(15) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 4768.06 660 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division 661 (C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions 662 obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 663 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 664 665 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 666 section to determine whether any information exists indicating 667 that the person who is the subject of the request has been 668 convicted of or pleaded guilty to a felony in this state or in 669 any other state. 670

(16) On receipt of a request pursuant to division (B) of 671 section 4764.07 or division (A) of section 4735.143 of the 672 Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division (C)(1) 673 of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained 674 in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 675 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 676 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 677 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 678 whether any information exists indicating that the person who is 679 the subject of the request has been convicted of or pleaded 680 quilty to any crime of moral turpitude, a felony, or an 681 equivalent offense in any other state or the United States. 682

(17) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check683under section 147.022 of the Revised Code, a completed form684

prescribed under division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 685 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner prescribed in 686 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 687 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 688 conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in 689 division (B) of this section to determine whether any 690 information exists that indicates that the person who is the 691 subject of the request previously has been convicted of or 692 pleaded quilty or no contest to any disqualifying offense, as 693 defined in section 147.011 of the Revised Code, or to any 694 offense under any existing or former law of this state, any 695 other state, or the United States that is substantially 696 equivalent to such a disqualifying offense. 697

(B) Subject to division (F) of this section, the
superintendent shall conduct any criminal records check to be
conducted under this section as follows:
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(1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be 701 reviewed any relevant information gathered and compiled by the 702 bureau under division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code 703 that relates to the person who is the subject of the criminal 704 records check, including, if the criminal records check was 705 requested under section 113.041, 121.08, 124.74, 173.27, 173.38, 706 173.381, 718.131, 928.03, 1121.23, 1315.141, 1321.37, 1321.53, 707 1733.47, 1761.26, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 708 3712.09, 3721.121, 3772.07, 3796.12, 3796.13, 4729.071, 4729.53, 709 4729.90, 4729.92, 4749.03, 4749.06, 4763.05, 4764.07, 4768.06, 710 5104.013, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342, 5123.081, 5123.169, or 711 5153.111 of the Revised Code, any relevant information contained 712 in records that have been sealed under section 2953.32 of the 713 Revised Code; 714

(2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for 715 information from the federal bureau of investigation, the 716 superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of 717 investigation any information it has with respect to the person 718 who is the subject of the criminal records check, including 719 fingerprint-based checks of national crime information databases 720 as described in 42 U.S.C. 671 if the request is made pursuant to 721 section 2151.86 or 5104.013 of the Revised Code or if any other 722 Revised Code section requires fingerprint-based checks of that 723 nature, and shall review or cause to be reviewed any information 724 the superintendent receives from that bureau. If a request under 725 section 3319.39 of the Revised Code asks only for information 726 from the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent 727 shall not conduct the review prescribed by division (B)(1) of 728 this section. 729

(3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee may request criminal history records from other states or the federal government pursuant to the national crime prevention and privacy compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised Code.

(4) The superintendent shall include in the results of the 735 criminal records check a list or description of the offenses 736 listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), 737 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), or (17) 738 of this section, whichever division requires the superintendent 739 to conduct the criminal records check. The superintendent shall 740 exclude from the results any information the dissemination of 741 which is prohibited by federal law. 742

(5) The superintendent shall send the results of the743criminal records check to the person to whom it is to be sent744

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not later than the following number of days after the date the 745 superintendent receives the request for the criminal records 746 check, the completed form prescribed under division (C)(1) of 747 this section, and the set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 748 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section: 749

(a) If the superintendent is required by division (A) of
(b) 750
(c) 751
(c) 751
(c) 752
(c) 752

(b) If the superintendent is required by division (A)(3) 753 of this section to conduct the criminal records check, sixty. 754

(C) (1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain 755 the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check 756 from any person for whom a criminal records check is to be 757 conducted under this section. The form that the superintendent 758 prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a tangible 759 format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and 760 electronic formats. 761

(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression 762 sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for 763 764 whom a criminal records check is to be conducted under this section. Any person for whom a records check is to be conducted 765 766 under this section shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a county sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any 767 other entity with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on 768 the standard impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent. 769 The office, department, or entity may charge the person a 770 reasonable fee for making the impressions. The standard 771 impression sheets the superintendent prescribes pursuant to this 772 division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format, 773 or in both tangible and electronic formats. 774

(3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the 775 superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for 776 providing a criminal records check under this section. The 777 person requesting the criminal records check shall pay the fee 778 prescribed pursuant to this division. In the case of a request 779 under section 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47, 780 1761.26, 2151.33, 2151.412, or 5164.34 of the Revised Code, the 781 fee shall be paid in the manner specified in that section. 782

(4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal
identification and investigation may prescribe methods of
forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to
conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include,
but not be limited to, an electronic method.

(D) The results of a criminal records check conducted 788 under this section, other than a criminal records check 789 specified in division (A)(7) of this section, are valid for the 790 person who is the subject of the criminal records check for a 791 period of one year from the date upon which the superintendent 792 completes the criminal records check. If during that period the 793 superintendent receives another request for a criminal records 794 check to be conducted under this section for that person, the 795 superintendent shall provide the results from the previous 796 criminal records check of the person at a lower fee than the fee 797 prescribed for the initial criminal records check. 798

(E) When the superintendent receives a request for
information from a registered private provider, the
superintendent shall proceed as if the request was received from
a school district board of education under section 3319.39 of
the Revised Code. The superintendent shall apply division (A) (1)
(c) of this section to any such request for an applicant who is

Page 28

#### a teacher.

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(F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, all	806
information regarding the results of a criminal records check	807
conducted under this section that the superintendent reports or	808
sends under division (A)(7) or (9) of this section to the	808
director of public safety, the treasurer of state, or the	810
person, board, or entity that made the request for the criminal	811
records check shall relate to the conviction of the subject	812
person, or the subject person's plea of guilty to, a criminal	813
offense.	814

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not limit, 815 restrict, or preclude the superintendent's release of 816 information that relates to the arrest of a person who is 817 eighteen years of age or older, to an adjudication of a child as 818 a delinquent child, or to a criminal conviction of a person 819 under eighteen years of age in circumstances in which a release 820 of that nature is authorized under division (E)(2), (3), or (4)821 of section 109.57 of the Revised Code pursuant to a rule adopted 822 under division (E)(1) of that section. 823

(G) As used in this section:

(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal records
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 check conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminal
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 identification and investigation in accordance with division (B)
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 of this section.

(2) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning 829as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code. 830

(3) "OVI or OVUAC violation" means a violation of section
4511.19 of the Revised Code or a violation of an existing or
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former law of this state, any other state, or the United States
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that is substantially equivalent to section 4511.19 of the Revised Code.

(4) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school
or entity registered with the superintendent of public
instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to
participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58
of the Revised Code to participate in the Jon Peterson special
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needs scholarship program.

Sec. 109.88. (A) If the attorney general has reasonable 842 cause to believe that a person or enterprise has engaged in, is 843 engaging in, or is preparing to engage in a violation of any 844 provision of section 2913.04-or, 2913.05, or 2913.87 to 2913.92 845 of the Revised Code, the attorney general may investigate the 846 alleged violation. 847

(B) For purposes of an investigation under division (A) of 848 849 this section, the attorney general may issue subpoenas and subpoenas duces tecum. The attorney general may compel the 850 attendance of witnesses and the production of records and papers 851 of all kinds and descriptions that are relevant to the 852 investigation, including, but not limited to, any books, 853 accounts, documents, and memoranda pertaining to the subject of 854 the investigation. Upon the failure of any person to comply with 855 any subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by the attorney 856 general under this section, the attorney general may apply to 857 the court of common pleas in Franklin county or in any county in 858 which an element of the crime occurred for a contempt order as 859 in the case of disobedience of the requirements of a subpoena 860 issued from the court of common pleas or a refusal to testify on 861 a subpoena. A subpoena or subpoena duces tecum issued by the 862 attorney general under this section to a provider of electronic 863

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communication services or remote computing services shall be 864 subject to the limitations set forth in the "Electronic 865 Communications Privacy Act of 1986," 18 U.S.C. 2703. 866 (C) Any information gathered by the attorney general 867 during the course of the investigation that is in the possession 868 of the attorney general, a prosecuting attorney, a law 869 enforcement agency, or a special prosecutor is a confidential 870 law enforcement investigatory record for purposes of section 871 149.43 of the Revised Code. No provision contained in this 872 section affects or limits any right of discovery granted to any 873 person under the Revised Code, the Rules of Criminal Procedure, 874 or the Rules of Juvenile Procedure. 875 Sec. 901.511. (A) As used in this section: 876 (1) "Agricultural product" means any of the following 877 items that is produced for testing or research in the context of 878 879 a product development program in conjunction or coordination with a private research facility, a university, or any federal, 880 state, or local governmental agency or that is produced for 881 personal, commercial, pharmaceutical, or educational purposes: 882 field crop or field crop product; timber or timber product; 883 forestry product; livestock or livestock product; meat or meat 884 product; milk or dairy product; poultry or poultry product; 885 equine animal; wool; fruit or vegetable crop; aquacultural 886 product; algacultural product; horticultural crop, including 887 plant materials grown in a greenhouse, nursery stock grown 888 inside or outside of a container, ornamental grass, turf grass, 889 ornamental trees, ornamental shrubs, or flowers; sod; mushrooms; 890 viticultural product; apicultural product; tobacco; pasture; 891 wild animal or domestic deer, as "wild animal" and "domestic 892

deer" are defined in section 1531.01 of the Revised Code;

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monitored captive deer, captive deer with status, or captive 894
deer with certified chronic wasting disease status as defined in 895
section 943.01 of the Revised Code; or any combination of those 896
items. 897

(2) "Algacultural product" means algal paste, algal
powder, or dried algae that is comprised primarily of algal
biomass.

(3) "Equipment" means any implement, machinery, real or
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personal property, building, or structure that is used in the
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production, growing, harvesting, or housing of any agricultural
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product. "Equipment" also includes any laboratory, research,
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product, samples, supplies, or fixed equipment that is used to
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test, develop, or analyze the process of producing, growing, or
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maintaining any agricultural product.

(4) "Material support or resources" means currency,
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payment instruments, other financial securities, financial
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services, lodging, training, safehouses, false documentation or
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identification, communications equipment, facilities, weapons,
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lethal substances, explosives, personnel, transportation, and
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other physical assets, except medicine or religious materials.
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(5) "Payment instrument" means a check, draft, money
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order, traveler's check, cashier's check, teller's check, or
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other instrument or order for the transmission or payment of
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money regardless of whether the item in question is negotiable.
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(6) "Specified offense" means either of the following:

(a) A violation of section 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.05,9192909.06, 2909.07, 2911.13, 2911.21, 2913.02, 2913.04, or9202913.42, or 2913.87 to 2913.92 of the Revised Code;921

(b) An attempt to commit, complicity in committing, or a 922

conspiracy to commit an offense listed in division (A) (5) (a) of 923 this section. 924 (B) No person shall commit a specified offense involving 925 any agricultural product or equipment with the intent to do any 926 of the following: 927 (1) Intimidate or coerce a civilian population; 928 929 (2) Influence the policy of any government by intimidation or coercion; 930 931 (3) Affect the conduct of any government; (4) Interrupt or interfere with agricultural production, 932 agricultural research, or equipment for purposes of disrupting 933 or influencing, through intimidation or other means, consumer 934 confidence or agricultural production methods. 935 Division (B) of this section does not apply to the 936 practice of veterinary medicine by a person who has been issued 937 a valid license, temporary permit, or registration certificate 938 to practice veterinary medicine under Chapter 4741. of the 939 Revised Code. As used in this division, "practice of veterinary 940 medicine" has the same meaning as in section 4741.01 of the 941 Revised Code. 942 (C) No person shall raise, solicit, collect, donate, or 943 provide any material support or resources with the purpose that 944 the material support or resources will be used in whole or in 945

escape from, a violation of that division.
(D) (1) In addition to the penalties established in section.
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901.99 of the Revised Code for a violation of this section, the
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part to plan, prepare, carry out, or aid in either a violation

of division (B) of this section or in the concealment of, or an

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court may require any person who violates this section to pay 951 the victim of the offense an amount up to triple the value of 952 the agricultural product or equipment that was the subject of 953 the violation. 954

(2) In ordering restitution under division (D) (1) of this
section, the court shall consider as part of the value of the
agricultural product or equipment the market value of the
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agricultural product or equipment prior to the violation and the
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production, research, testing, replacement, and development
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costs directly related to the agricultural product or equipment
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that was the subject of the violation.

(E) The enactment of this section is not intended to 962 require the prosecution exclusively under this section of an 963 act, series of acts, or course of behavior that could be 964 prosecuted either under this section or under another section of 965 the Revised Code. One or more acts, series of acts, or courses 966 of behavior that may be prosecuted either under this section or 967 under another section of the Revised Code may be prosecuted 968 under this section, the other section, or both sections. 969

Sec. 2137.14. (A) The legal duties imposed on a fiduciary 970 charged with managing tangible property apply to the management 971 of digital assets, including all of the following: 972

(1) The duty of care;
(2) The duty of loyalty;
(3) The duty of confidentiality.
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(B) All of the following apply to a fiduciary's or976designated recipient's authority with respect to a digital asset977of a user:978

(1) Except as otherwise provided in section 2137.03 of the	979	
Revised Code, it is subject to the applicable terms of service.		
(2) It is subject to other applicable laws, including	981	
copyright law.	982	
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(3) In the case of a fiduciary, it is limited by the scope	983 984	
of the fiduciary's duties.		
(4) It may not be used to impersonate the user.	985	
(C) A fiduciary with authority over the property of a	986	
decedent, ward, principal, or settlor has the right to access	987	
any digital asset in which the decedent, ward, principal, or	988	
settlor had a right or interest and that is not held by a	989	
custodian or subject to a terms-of-service agreement.	990	
(D) A fiduciary acting within the scope of the fiduciary's	991	
duties is an authorized user of the property of the decedent,	992	
ward, principal, or settlor for the purpose of applicable	993	
computer fraud and unauthorized computer access laws, including	994	
section <del>2913.04 <u>2913.87</u> of the Revised Code.</del>	995	
(E) Both of the following apply to a fiduciary with	996	
authority over the tangible, personal property of a decedent,	997	
ward, principal, or settlor:	998	
(1) The fiduciary has the right to access the property and	999	
any digital asset stored in it.	1000	
(2) The fiduciary is an authorized user for the purpose of	1001	
computer fraud and unauthorized computer access laws, including	1002	
section <del>2913.04</del> <u>2913.87</u> of the Revised Code.		
(F) A custodian may disclose information in an account to	1004	
a fiduciary of the user when the information is required to	1004	
a reductary of the user when the information is reducted to		

terminate an account used to access digital assets licensed to

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Page 35

the user. 1007 (G) A fiduciary of a user may request a custodian to 1008 terminate the user's account. A request for termination shall be 1009 in writing, in either physical or electronic form, and 1010 accompanied by all of the following: 1011 (1) If the user is deceased, a copy of the death 1012 certificate of the user; 1013 1014 (2) A copy of the instrument giving the fiduciary authority over the account, as follows: 1015 (a) For a personal representative, a copy of the letter of 1016 appointment of the personal representative, the entry appointing 1017 a commissioner under division (E) of section 2113.03 of the 1018 Revised Code, or the entry granting summary release from 1019 administration under division (E) of section 2113.031 of the 1020 Revised Code; 1021 (b) For an agent, a copy of the power of attorney; 1022 (c) For a trustee, either a copy of the trust instrument 1023 and a certification by the trustee, under penalty of perjury, 1024 that the trust exists and the trustee is a currently acting 1025 trustee of the trust or a certification of the trust under 1026 section 5810.13 of the Revised Code; or 1027 (d) For a quardian, a copy of the court order giving the 1028 quardian authority over the ward. 1029 (3) If requested by the custodian, any of the following: 1030 (a) A number, username, address, or other unique 1031 subscriber or account identifier assigned by the custodian to 1032 identify the user's account; 1033

(b) Evidence linking the account to the user; 1034 (c) A finding by the court that the user had a specific 1035 account with the custodian, identifiable by the information 1036 specified in division (G)(3)(a) of this section. 1037 Sec. 2909.07. (A) No person shall: 1038 (1) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface, 1039 damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with either of 1040 the following: 1041 1042 (a) The property of another; (b) One's own residential real property with the purpose 1043 to decrease the value of or enjoyment of the residential real 1044 property, if both of the following apply: 1045 (i) The residential real property is subject to a 1046 mortgage. 1047 (ii) The person has been served with a summons and 1048 complaint in a pending residential mortgage loan foreclosure 1049 action relating to that real property. As used in this division, 1050 "pending" includes the time between judgment entry and 1051 confirmation of sale. 1052 (2) With purpose to interfere with the use or enjoyment of 1053 property of another, employ a tear gas device, stink bomb, smoke 1054 generator, or other device releasing a substance that is harmful 1055 or offensive to persons exposed or that tends to cause public 1056 alarm; 1057

(3) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface,
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damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with a bench
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mark, triangulation station, boundary marker, or other survey
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station, monument, or marker;

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(4) Without privilege to do so, knowingly move, deface, 1062
damage, destroy, or otherwise improperly tamper with any safety 1063
device, the property of another, or the property of the offender 1064
when required or placed for the safety of others, so as to 1065
destroy or diminish its effectiveness or availability for its 1066
intended purpose; 1067

(5) With purpose to interfere with the use or enjoyment of 1068 the property of another, set a fire on the land of another or 1069 place personal property that has been set on fire on the land of 1070 another, which fire or personal property is outside and apart 1071 from any building, other structure, or personal property that is 1072 on that land; 1073

(6) Without privilege to do so, and with intent to impair-	1074
the functioning of any computer, computer system, computer-	1075
network, computer software, or computer program, knowingly do-	1076
any of the following:	1077

(a) In any manner or by any means, including, but not1078limited to, computer hacking, alter, damage, destroy, or modify1079a computer, computer system, computer network, computer1080software, or computer program or data contained in a computer,1081computer system, computer network, computer software, or1082computer program;1083

(b) Introduce a computer contaminant into a computer,1084computer system, computer network, computer software, or1085computer program.1086

(7)Without privilege to do so, knowingly destroy or1087improperly tamper with a critical infrastructure facility.1088

(B) As used in this section:

(1) "Safety device" means any fire extinguisher, fire 1090

hose, or fire axe, or any fire escape, emergency exit, or 1091 emergency escape equipment, or any life line, life-saving ring, 1092 life preserver, or life boat or raft, or any alarm, light, 1093 flare, signal, sign, or notice intended to warn of danger or 1094 emergency, or intended for other safety purposes, or any guard 1095 railing or safety barricade, or any traffic sign or signal, or 1096 any railroad grade crossing sign, signal, or gate, or any first 1097 aid or survival equipment, or any other device, apparatus, or 1098 equipment intended for protecting or preserving the safety of 1099 1100 persons or property. (2) "Critical infrastructure facility" has the same 1101 meaning as in section 2911.21 of the Revised Code. 1102 (3) "Improperly tamper" means to change the physical 1103 location or the physical condition of the property. 1104 (C) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of criminal 1105 mischief, and shall be punished as provided in division (C)(2), 1106 (3), or (4) of this section. 1107 (2) Except as otherwise provided in this division, 1108 criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1), 1109 (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the 1110 third degree. Except as otherwise provided in this division, if 1111 the violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this 1112 section creates a risk of physical harm to any person, criminal 1113 mischief committed in violation of division (A)(1), (2), (3), 1114 (4), or (5) of this section is a misdemeanor of the first 1115 degree. If the property involved in the violation of division 1116 (A) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is an aircraft, an 1117 aircraft engine, propeller, appliance, spare part, fuel, 1118 lubricant, hydraulic fluid, any other equipment, implement, or 1119 material used or intended to be used in the operation of an 1120

aircraft, or any cargo carried or intended to be carried in an1121aircraft, criminal mischief committed in violation of division1122(A) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is one of the1123following:1124

(a) If the violation creates a risk of physical harm to
any person, except as otherwise provided in division (C) (2) (b)
of this section, criminal mischief committed in violation of
division (A) (1), (2), (3), (4), or (5) of this section is a
felony of the fifth degree.

(b) If the violation creates a substantial risk of
physical harm to any person or if the property involved in a
violation of this section is an occupied aircraft, criminal
mischief committed in violation of division (A) (1), (2), (3),
(4), or (5) of this section is a felony of the fourth degree.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in this division,	1135
criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(6) of	1136
this section is a misdemeanor of the first degree. Except as	1137
otherwise provided in this division, if the value of the	1138
computer, computer system, computer network, computer software,	1139
computer program, or data involved in the violation of division-	1140
(A) (6) of this section or the loss to the victim resulting from-	1141
the violation is one thousand dollars or more and less than ten-	1142
thousand dollars, or if the computer, computer system, computer-	1143
network, computer software, computer program, or data involved-	1144
in the violation of division (A)(6) of this section is used or-	1145
intended to be used in the operation of an aircraft and the	1146
violation creates a risk of physical harm to any person,	1147
criminal mischief committed in violation of division (A)(6) of	1148
this section is a felony of the fifth degree. If the value of	1149
the computer, computer system, computer network, computer-	1150

software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of 1151 division (A) (6) of this section or the loss to the victim 1152 resulting from the violation is ten thousand dollars or more, or 1153 if the computer, computer system, computer network, computer 1154 software, computer program, or data involved in the violation of 1155 division (A)(6) of this section is used or intended to be used 1156 in the operation of an aircraft and the violation creates a 1157 substantial risk of physical harm to any person or the aircraft 1158 in question is an occupied aircraft, criminal mischief committed 1159 in violation of division (A) (6) of this section is a felony of 1160 the fourth degree. 1161 (4) Criminal mischief committed in violation of division 1162  $\frac{(A)}{(7)}$  (A) (6) of this section is a felony of the third degree. 1163 Sec. 2913.01. As used in this chapter, unless the context 1164 requires that a term be given a different meaning: 1165 (A) "Deception" means knowingly deceiving another or 1166 causing another to be deceived by any false or misleading 1167 representation, by withholding information, by preventing 1168 another from acquiring information, or by any other conduct, 1169 act, or omission that creates, confirms, or perpetuates a false 1170 impression in another, including a false impression as to law, 1171 value, state of mind, or other objective or subjective fact. 1172 (B) "Defraud" means to knowingly obtain, by deception, 1173 some benefit for oneself or another, or to knowingly cause, by 1174 deception, some detriment to another. 1175 (C) "Deprive" means to do any of the following: 1176 (1) Withhold property of another permanently, or for a 1177 period that appropriates a substantial portion of its value or 1178 use, or with purpose to restore it only upon payment of a reward 1179

or other consideration;	1180
(2) Dispose of property so as to make it unlikely that the	1181
owner will recover it;	1182
(3) Accept, use, or appropriate money, property, or	1183
services, with purpose not to give proper consideration in	1184
return for the money, property, or services, and without	1185
reasonable justification or excuse for not giving proper	1186
consideration.	1187
(D) "Owner" means, unless the context requires a different	1188
meaning, any person, other than the actor, who is the owner of,	1189
who has possession or control of, or who has any license or	1190
interest in property or services, even though the ownership,	1191
possession, control, license, or interest is unlawful.	1192
(E) "Services" include labor, personal services,	1193
professional services, rental services, public utility services	1194
including wireless service as defined in division (F)(1) of	1195
section 128.01 of the Revised Code, common carrier services, and	1196
food, drink, transportation, entertainment, and cable television	1197
services and, for purposes of section 2913.04 of the Revised	1198
Code, include cable services as defined in that section.	1199
(F) "Writing" means any computer software, document,	1200
letter, memorandum, note, paper, plate, data, film, or other	1201
thing having in or upon it any written, typewritten, or printed	1202
matter, and any token, stamp, seal, credit card, badge,	1203
trademark, label, or other symbol of value, right, privilege,	1204
license, or identification.	1205
(G) "Forge" means to fabricate or create, in whole or in	1206
part and by any means, any spurious writing, or to make,	1207
execute, alter, complete, reproduce, or otherwise purport to	1208

<ul> <li>(H) "Utter" means to issue, publish, transfer, use, put or send into circulation, deliver, or display.</li> <li>(I) "Coin machine" means any mechanical or electronic designed to do both of the following:</li> <li>(I) Receive a coin, bill, or token made for that purpose;</li> <li>(2) In return for the insertion or deposit of a coin,</li> <li>(2) In return for the insertion or deposit of a coin,</li> <li>(2) In return for the insertion or deposit of a size,</li> <li>(3) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,</li> <li>(4) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,</li> <li>(5) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of being</li> <li>(6) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of that</li> <li>(7) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of that</li> <li>(7) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of that</li> <li>(7) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,</li> <li>(8) "Theft offense" means any of the following:</li> <li>(9) "Theft offense" means any of the following:</li> <li>(1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,</li> <li>(1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04,</li> <li>(2) Sugar and and any of the following:</li> <li>(1) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(3) Code;</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(3) Code;</li> <li>(4) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(5) States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(3) States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in<th>authenticate any writing, when the writing in fact is not authenticated by that conduct.</th><th>1209 1210</th></li></ul>	authenticate any writing, when the writing in fact is not authenticated by that conduct.	1209 1210
device designed to do both of the following:       1214         (1) Receive a coin, bill, or token made for that purpose;       1215         (2) In return for the insertion or deposit of a coin,       1216         bill, or token, automatically dispense property, provide a       1217         service, or grant a license.       1218         (J) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,       1219         shape, composition, or other quality, is capable of being       1220         inserted or deposited in a coin machine as an improper       1221         substitute for a genuine coin, bill, or token made for that       1222         purpose.       1224         (K) "Theft offense" means any of the following:       1224         (1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,       1225         2913.01, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.03, 2913.04,       1226         2913.01, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.12, 2913.03, 2913.04,       1226         2913.13, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.45,       1228         2913.51, 2913.87 to 2913.92, 2915.05, or 2921.41 of the Revised       1230         (code;       1231         (2) A violation of an existing or former municipal       1232         ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United       1233         states, substantially equivalent to any		
<ul> <li>(2) In return for the insertion or deposit of a coin,</li> <li>(1) return for the insertion or deposit of a coin,</li> <li>(2) In return for the insertion or deposit of a coin,</li> <li>(3) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,</li> <li>(3) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,</li> <li>(3) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of the size,</li> <li>(4) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of the size,</li> <li>(5) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of the size,</li> <li>(6) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of the size,</li> <li>(7) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of the size,</li> <li>(8) "State of the coin machine as an improper</li> <li>(9) 1221</li> <li>(1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,</li> <li>(1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,</li> <li>(1) A violation of section 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04,</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(3) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(4) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(5) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(6) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(3) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(4) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(5) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(6) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(7) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(7) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(7) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(7) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(7) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>(7) A violation of an existing or former municipal<td></td><td></td></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>bill, or token, automatically dispense property, provide a</li> <li>1217</li> <li>service, or grant a license.</li> <li>(J) "Slug" means an object that, by virtue of its size,</li> <li>shape, composition, or other quality, is capable of being</li> <li>inserted or deposited in a coin machine as an improper</li> <li>substitute for a genuine coin, bill, or token made for that</li> <li>purpose.</li> <li>(K) "Theft offense" means any of the following:</li> <li>(1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,</li> <li>2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 2911.32, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04,</li> <li>2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32,</li> <li>2913.47, 2913.48, former section 2913.47 or 2913.48, or section</li> <li>2913.51, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92, 2</u>915.05, or 2921.41 of the Revised</li> <li>1230</li> <li>code;</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal</li> <li>ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United</li> <li>states, substantially equivalent to any section listed in</li> <li>1234</li> <li>division (K) (1) of this section or a violation of section</li> </ul>	(1) Receive a coin, bill, or token made for that purpose;	1215
shape, composition, or other quality, is capable of being       1220         inserted or deposited in a coin machine as an improper       1221         substitute for a genuine coin, bill, or token made for that       1222         purpose.       1223         (K) "Theft offense" means any of the following:       1224         (1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11,       1225         2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 2911.32, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04,       1226         2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32,       1227         2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.45,       1228         2913.51, 2913.87 to 2913.92, 2915.05, or 2921.41 of the Revised       1230         Code;       1231         (2) A violation of an existing or former municipal       1232         ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United       1233         States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in       1234         division (K) (1) of this section or a violation of section       1235	bill, or token, automatically dispense property, provide a	1217
<ul> <li>(1) A violation of section 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 1225</li> <li>2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 2911.32, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 1226</li> <li>2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 1227</li> <li>2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.45, 1228</li> <li>2913.47, 2913.48, former section 2913.47 or 2913.48, or section 1229</li> <li>2913.51, 2913.87 to 2913.92, 2915.05, or 2921.41 of the Revised 1230</li> <li>Code;</li> <li>(2) A violation of an existing or former municipal 1232</li> <li>ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United 1233</li> <li>States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in 1234</li> <li>division (K) (1) of this section or a violation of section 1235</li> </ul>	shape, composition, or other quality, is capable of being inserted or deposited in a coin machine as an improper substitute for a genuine coin, bill, or token made for that	1220 1221 1222
2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 2911.32, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04,       1226         2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32,       1227         2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.45,       1228         2913.47, 2913.48, former section 2913.47 or 2913.48, or section       1229         2913.51, 2913.87 to 2913.92, 2915.05, or 2921.41 of the Revised       1230         Code;       1231         (2) A violation of an existing or former municipal       1232         ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United       1233         States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in       1234         division (K) (1) of this section or a violation of section       1235	(K) "Theft offense" means any of the following:	1224
ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United1233States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in1234division (K) (1) of this section or a violation of section1235	2911.12, 2911.13, 2911.31, 2911.32, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.45, 2913.47, 2913.48, former section 2913.47 or 2913.48, or section 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92, 2915.05</u> , or 2921.41 of the Revised	1226 1227 1228 1229 1230
	ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United States, substantially equivalent to any section listed in division (K)(1) of this section or a violation of section	1233 1234 1235

prior to July 1, 1996;

(3) An offense under an existing or former municipal
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ordinance or law of this or any other state, or of the United
States, involving robbery, burglary, breaking and entering,
theft, embezzlement, wrongful conversion, forgery,
counterfeiting, deceit, or fraud;

(4) A conspiracy or attempt to commit, or complicity in
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committing, any offense under division (K) (1), (2), or (3) of
1244
this section.

(L) "Computer services" includes, but is not limited to, 1246
the use of a computer system, computer network, computer 1247
program, data that is prepared for computer use, or data that is 1248
contained within a computer system or computer network. 1249

(M) "Computer" means an electronic device that performs 1250 logical, arithmetic, and memory functions by the manipulation of 1251 electronic or magnetic impulses. "Computer" includes, but is not 1252 limited to, all input, output, processing, storage, computer 1253 program, or communication facilities that are connected, or 1254 related, in a computer system or network to an electronic device 1255 of that nature. 1256

(N) "Computer system" means a computer and related
devices, whether connected or unconnected, including, but not
limited to, data input, output, and storage devices, data
communications links, and computer programs and data that make
the system capable of performing specified special purpose data
processing tasks.

(O) "Computer network" means a set of related and remotely
 1263
 connected computers and communication facilities that includes
 1264
 more than one computer system that has the capability to
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transmit among the connected computers and communication 1266 facilities through the use of computer facilities. 1267

(P) "Computer program" means an ordered set of data
representing coded instructions or statements that, when
1269
executed by a computer, cause the computer to process data.
1270

(Q) "Computer software" means computer programs,
 procedures, and other documentation associated with the
 operation of a computer system.
 1271

(R) "Data" means a representation of information, 1274
knowledge, facts, concepts, or instructions that are being or 1275
have been prepared in a formalized manner and that are intended 1276
for use in a computer, computer system, or computer network. For 1277
purposes of section 2913.47 of the Revised Code, "data" has the 1278
additional meaning set forth in division (A) of that section. 1279

(S) "Cable television service" means any services provided
by or through the facilities of any cable television system or
other similar closed circuit coaxial cable communications
system, or any microwave or similar transmission service used in
connection with any cable television system or other similar
closed circuit coaxial cable communications system.

(T) "Gain access" means to approach, instruct, communicate
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with, store data in, retrieve data from, or otherwise make use
1287
of any resources of a computer, computer system, or computer
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network, or any cable service or cable system both as defined in
1289
section 2913.04 of the Revised Code.

(U) "Credit card" includes, but is not limited to, a card, 1291
code, device, or other means of access to a customer's account 1292
for the purpose of obtaining money, property, labor, or services 1293
on credit, or for initiating an electronic fund transfer at a 1294

point-of-sale terminal, an automated teller machine, or a cash1295dispensing machine. It also includes a county procurement card1296issued under section 301.29 of the Revised Code.1297

(V) "Electronic fund transfer" has the same meaning as in92 Stat. 3728, 15 U.S.C.A. 1693a, as amended.1299

(W) "Rented property" means personal property in which the
right of possession and use of the property is for a short and
possibly indeterminate term in return for consideration; the
rentee generally controls the duration of possession of the
property, within any applicable minimum or maximum term; and the
amount of consideration generally is determined by the duration
of possession of the property.

(X) "Telecommunication" means the origination, emission,
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dissemination, transmission, or reception of data, images,
signals, sounds, or other intelligence or equivalence of
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intelligence of any nature over any communications system by any
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method, including, but not limited to, a fiber optic,
electronic, magnetic, optical, digital, or analog method.
1307

(Y) "Telecommunications device" means any instrument,
equipment, machine, or other device that facilitates
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telecommunication, including, but not limited to, a computer,
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computer network, computer chip, computer circuit, scanner,
telephone, cellular telephone, pager, personal communications
1317
device, transponder, receiver, radio, modem, or device that
1318
enables the use of a modem.

(Z) "Telecommunications service" means the providing, 1320
allowing, facilitating, or generating of any form of 1321
telecommunication through the use of a telecommunications device 1322
over a telecommunications system. 1323

(AA) "Counterfeit telecommunications device" means a 1324 telecommunications device that, alone or with another 1325 telecommunications device, has been altered, constructed, 1326 manufactured, or programmed to acquire, intercept, receive, or 1327 otherwise facilitate the use of a telecommunications service or 1328 information service without the authority or consent of the 1329 provider of the telecommunications service or information 1330 service. "Counterfeit telecommunications device" includes, but 1331 is not limited to, a clone telephone, clone microchip, tumbler 1332 telephone, or tumbler microchip; a wireless scanning device 1333 capable of acquiring, intercepting, receiving, or otherwise 1334 facilitating the use of telecommunications service or 1335 information service without immediate detection; or a device, 1336 equipment, hardware, or software designed for, or capable of, 1337 altering or changing the electronic serial number in a wireless 1338 telephone. 1339

(BB) (1) "Information service" means, subject to division
(BB) (2) of this section, the offering of a capability for
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(2) "Information service" does not include any use of a
capability of a type described in division (BB) (1) of this
section for the management, control, or operation of a
telecommunications system or the management of a
telecommunications service.

(CC) "Elderly person" means a person who is sixty-five 1351
years of age or older. 1352

(DD) "Disabled adult" means a person who is eighteen years 1353

of age or older and has some impairment of body or mind that 1354 makes the person unable to work at any substantially 1355 remunerative employment that the person otherwise would be able 1356 to perform and that will, with reasonable probability, continue 1357 for a period of at least twelve months without any present 1358 indication of recovery from the impairment, or who is eighteen 1359 years of age or older and has been certified as permanently and 1360 totally disabled by an agency of this state or the United States 1361 that has the function of so classifying persons. 1362

(EE) "Firearm" and "dangerous ordnance" have the same 1363 meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code. 1364

(FF) "Motor vehicle" has the same meaning as in section 1365
4501.01 of the Revised Code. 1366

(GG) "Dangerous drug" has the same meaning as in section 13674729.01 of the Revised Code. 1368

(HH) "Drug abuse offense" has the same meaning as in 1369 section 2925.01 of the Revised Code. 1370

(II) (1) "Computer hacking" means any of the following: 1371

(a) Gaining access or attempting to gain access to all or
part of a computer, computer system, or a computer network
without express or implied authorization with the intent to
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defraud or with intent to commit a crime;
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(b) Misusing computer or network services including, but
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not limited to, mail transfer programs, file transfer programs,
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proxy servers, and web servers by performing functions not
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authorized by the owner of the computer, computer system, or
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computer network or other person authorized to give consent. As
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used in this division, "misuse of computer and network services"
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includes, but is not limited to, the unauthorized use of any of

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the following:
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(i) Mail transfer programs to send mail to persons other1384than the authorized users of that computer or computer network;1385

(ii) File transfer program proxy services or proxy servers
to access other computers, computer systems, or computer
1387
networks;

(iii) Web servers to redirect users to other web pages or 1389 web servers. 1390

1391 (c) (i) Subject to division (II) (1) (c) (ii) of this section, using a group of computer programs commonly known as "port 1392 scanners" or "probes" to intentionally access any computer, 1393 computer system, or computer network without the permission of 1394 the owner of the computer, computer system, or computer network 1395 or other person authorized to give consent. The group of 1396 computer programs referred to in this division includes, but is 1397 not limited to, those computer programs that use a computer 1398 network to access a computer, computer system, or another 1399 computer network to determine any of the following: the presence 1400 or types of computers or computer systems on a network; the 1401 computer network's facilities and capabilities; the availability 1402 of computer or network services; the presence or versions of 1403 computer software including, but not limited to, operating 1404 systems, computer services, or computer contaminants; the 1405 presence of a known computer software deficiency that can be 1406 used to gain unauthorized access to a computer, computer system, 1407 or computer network; or any other information about a computer, 1408 computer system, or computer network not necessary for the 1409 normal and lawful operation of the computer initiating the 1410 access. 1411

(ii) The group of computer programs referred to in 1412 division (II)(1)(c)(i) of this section does not include standard 1413 computer software used for the normal operation, administration, 1414 management, and test of a computer, computer system, or computer 1415 network including, but not limited to, domain name services, 1416 mail transfer services, and other operating system services, 1417 computer programs commonly called "ping," "tcpdump," and 1418 "traceroute" and other network monitoring and management 1419 computer software, and computer programs commonly known as 1420 "nslookup" and "whois" and other systems administration computer 1421 software. 1422

(d) The intentional use of a computer, computer system, or1423a computer network in a manner that exceeds any right or1424permission granted by the owner of the computer, computer1425system, or computer network or other person authorized to give1426consent.1427

(2) "Computer hacking" does not include the introduction
of a computer contaminant, as defined in section 2909.01 of the
Revised Code, into a computer, computer system, computer
1430
program, or computer network.

(JJ) "Police dog or horse" has the same meaning as in1432section 2921.321 of the Revised Code.1433

(KK) "Anhydrous ammonia" is a compound formed by the 1434 combination of two gaseous elements, nitrogen and hydrogen, in 1435 the manner described in this division. Anhydrous ammonia is one 1436 part nitrogen to three parts hydrogen (NH3). Anhydrous ammonia 1437 by weight is fourteen parts nitrogen to three parts hydrogen, 1438 which is approximately eighty-two per cent nitrogen to eighteen 1439 per cent hydrogen. 1440

(LL) "Assistance dog" has the same meaning as in section 1441 955.011 of the Revised Code. 1442 (MM) "Federally licensed firearms dealer" has the same 1443 meaning as in section 5502.63 of the Revised Code. 1444 (NN) "Active duty service member" means any member of the 1445 armed forces of the United States performing active duty under 1446 title 10 of the United States Code. 1447 Sec. 2913.04. (A) No person shall knowingly use or operate 1448 the property of another without the consent of the owner or 1449 1450 person authorized to give consent. (B) No person, in any manner and by any means, including, 1451 but not limited to, computer hacking, shall knowingly gain 1452 access to, attempt to gain access to, or cause access to be 1453 gained to any computer, computer system, computer network, cable 1454 service, cable system, telecommunications device, 1455 telecommunications service, or information service without the 1456 consent of, or beyond the scope of the express or implied 1457 consent of, the owner of the computer, computer system, computer 1458 network, cable service, cable system, telecommunications device, 1459 1460 telecommunications service, or information service or other person authorized to give consent. 1461

1462 (C) Except as permitted under section 5503.101 of the Revised Code, no person shall knowingly gain access to, attempt 1463 to gain access to, cause access to be granted to, or disseminate 1464 information gained from access to the law enforcement automated 1465 database system created pursuant to section 5503.10 of the 1466 Revised Code without the consent of, or beyond the scope of the 1467 express or implied consent of, the chair of the law enforcement 1468 1469 automated data system steering committee.

(D) No person shall knowingly gain access to, attempt to 1470 gain access to, cause access to be granted to, or disseminate 1471 information gained from access to the Ohio law enforcement 1472 gateway established and operated pursuant to division (C)(1) of 1473 section 109.57 of the Revised Code without the consent of, or 1474 beyond the scope of the express or implied consent of, the 1475 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 1476 investigation. 1477

(E) The affirmative defenses contained in division (C) of 1478
section 2913.03 of the Revised Code are affirmative defenses to 1479
a charge under this section. 1480

(F) (1) Whoever violates division (A) of this section is1481guilty of unauthorized use of property.1482

(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (F) (3) or (4)
of this section, unauthorized use of property is a misdemeanor
1484
of the fourth degree.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in division (F) (4) of
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this section, if unauthorized use of property is committed for
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the purpose of devising or executing a scheme to defraud or to
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obtain property or services, unauthorized use of property is
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whichever of the following is applicable:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (F) (3) (b),(c), or (d) of this section, a misdemeanor of the first degree.1492

(b) If the value of the property or services or the loss
to the victim is one thousand dollars or more and is less than
1493
seven thousand five hundred dollars, a felony of the fifth
1495
degree.

(c) If the value of the property or services or the lossto the victim is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and1498

is less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, a felony of the

fourth degree. 1500 (d) If the value of the property or services or the loss 1501 to the victim is one hundred fifty thousand dollars or more, a 1502 felony of the third degree. 1503 (4) If the victim of the offense is an elderly person or 1504 disabled adult, unauthorized use of property is whichever of the 1505 following is applicable: 1506 (a) Except as otherwise provided in division (F) (4) (b), 1507 (c), or (d) of this section, a felony of the fifth degree; 1508 (b) If the value of the property or services or loss to 1509 the victim is one thousand dollars or more and is less than 1510

seven thousand five hundred dollars, a felony of the fourth 1512 degree; 1512

(c) If the value of the property or services or loss to 1513 the victim is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is 1514 less than thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, a felony 1515 of the third degree; 1516

(d) If the value of the property or services or loss to1517the victim is thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars or1518more, a felony of the second degree.1519

(G) (1) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is
guilty of unauthorized use of computer, cable, or
telecommunication property, and shall be punished as provided in
1522
division (G) (2), (3), or (4) of this section.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in division (G) (3) or (4)
of this section, unauthorized use of computer, cable, or
telecommunication property is a felony of the fifth degree.
1526

(3) Except as otherwise provided in division (G)(4) of 1527 this section, if unauthorized use of computer, cable, or 1528 telecommunication property is committed for the purpose of 1529 devising or executing a scheme to defraud or to obtain property 1530 or services, for obtaining money, property, or services by false 1531 or fraudulent pretenses, or for committing any other criminal 1532 offense, unauthorized use of computer, cable, or 1533 telecommunication property is whichever of the following is 1534 applicable: 1535

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (G) (3) (b) of
1536
this section, if the value of the property or services involved
or the loss to the victim is seven thousand five hundred dollars
or more and less than one hundred fifty thousand dollars, a
felony of the fourth degree;

(b) If the value of the property or services involved or1541the loss to the victim is one hundred fifty thousand dollars or1542more, a felony of the third degree.1543

(4) If the victim of the offense is an elderly person or
disabled adult, unauthorized use of computer, cable, or
telecommunication property is whichever of the following is
1546
applicable:

(a) Except as otherwise provided in division (G) (4) (b),(c), or (d) of this section, a felony of the fifth degree;1549

(b) If the value of the property or services or loss to
the victim is one thousand dollars or more and is less than
seven thousand five hundred dollars, a felony of the fourth
degree;

(c) If the value of the property or services or loss to1554the victim is seven thousand five hundred dollars or more and is1555

less than thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars, a felony 1556 of the third degree; 1557 (d) If the value of the property or services or loss to 1558 the victim is thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars or 1559 more, a felony of the second degree. 1560 (H) Whoever violates division (C) of this section is 1561 guilty of unauthorized use of the law enforcement automated 1562 1563 database system, a felony of the fifth degree. (I) Whoever violates division (D) of this section is 1564 quilty of unauthorized use of the Ohio law enforcement gateway, 1565 a felony of the fifth degree. 1566 (J) As used in this section: 1567 (1) "Cable operator" means any person or group of persons 1568 that does either of the following: 1569 (a) Provides cable service over a cable system and 1570 directly or through one or more affiliates owns a significant 1571 interest in that cable system; 1572 (b) Otherwise controls or is responsible for, through any 1573 arrangement, the management and operation of a cable system. 1574 (2) "Cable service" means any of the following: 1575 (a) The one-way transmission to subscribers of video 1576 programming or of information that a cable operator makes 1577 available to all subscribers generally; 1578 (b) Subscriber interaction, if any, that is required for 1579 the selection or use of video programming or of information that 1580 a cable operator makes available to all subscribers generally, 1581 both as described in division (J)(2)(a) of this section; 1582

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(c) Any cable television service.	1583
(3) "Cable system" means any facility, consisting of a set	1584
of closed transmission paths and associated signal generation,	1585
reception, and control equipment that is designed to provide	1586
cable service that includes video programming and that is	1587
provided to multiple subscribers within a community. "Cable	1588
system" does not include any of the following:	1589
(a) Any facility that serves only to retransmit the	1590
television signals of one or more television broadcast stations;	1591
(b) Any facility that serves subscribers without using any	1592
<pre>public right-of-way;</pre>	1593
(c) Any facility of a common carrier that, under 47	1594
U.S.C.A. 522(7)(c), is excluded from the term "cable system" as	1595
defined in 47 U.S.C.A. 522(7);	1596
(d) Any open video system that complies with 47 U.S.C.A.	1597
573;	1598
(e) Any facility of any electric utility used solely for	1599
operating its electric utility system.	1600
(K) No person shall plead guilty to or be convicted of	1601
violating both this section and section 2913.87 of the Revised	1602
Code for the same underlying action.	1603
Sec. 2913.05. (A) No person, having devised a scheme to	1604
defraud, shall knowingly disseminate, transmit, or cause to be	1605
disseminated or transmitted by means of a wire, radio,	1606
satellite, telecommunication, telecommunications device, or	1607
telecommunications service any writing, data, sign, signal,	1608
picture, sound, or image with purpose to execute or otherwise	1609
	1 ( 1 )

1610

further the scheme to defraud.

(B) If an offender commits a violation of division (A) of 1611 this section and the violation occurs as part of a course of 1612 conduct involving other violations of division (A) of this 1613 section or violations of, attempts to violate, conspiracies to 1614 violate, or complicity in violations of section 2913.02, 1615 2913.04, 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.42, 2913.43, <u>2913.87 to</u> 1616 2913.92, or 2921.13 of the Revised Code, the court, in 1617 determining the degree of the offense pursuant to division (C) 1618 of this section, may aggregate the value of the benefit obtained 1619 by the offender or of the detriment to the victim of the fraud 1620 in the violations involved in that course of conduct. The course 1621 of conduct may involve one victim or more than one victim. 1622

(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of 1623 telecommunications fraud. Except as otherwise provided in this 1624 division, telecommunications fraud is a felony of the fifth 1625 degree. If the value of the benefit obtained by the offender or 1626 of the detriment to the victim of the fraud is one thousand 1627 dollars or more but less than seven thousand five hundred 1628 dollars, telecommunications fraud is a felony of the fourth 1629 degree. If the value of the benefit obtained by the offender or 1630 of the detriment to the victim of the fraud is seven thousand 1631 five hundred dollars or more but less than one hundred fifty 1632 thousand dollars, telecommunications fraud is a felony of the 1633 third degree. If the value of the benefit obtained by the 1634 offender or of the detriment to the victims of the fraud is one 1635 hundred fifty thousand dollars or more but less than one million 1636 dollars, telecommunications fraud is a felony of the second 1637 degree. If the value of the benefit obtained by the offender or 1638 of the detriment to the victims of the fraud is one million 1639 dollars or more, telecommunications fraud is a felony of the 1640 first degree. 1641

Sec. 2913.49. (A) As used in this section, "personal 1642 identifying information" includes, but is not limited to, the 1643 following: the name, address, telephone number, driver's 1644 license, driver's license number, commercial driver's license, 1645 commercial driver's license number, state identification card, 1646 state identification card number, social security card, social 1647 security number, birth certificate, place of employment, 1648 employee identification number, mother's maiden name, demand 1649 deposit account number, savings account number, money market 1650 account number, mutual fund account number, other financial 1651 account number, personal identification number, password, or 1652 credit card number of a living or dead individual. 1653

(B) No person, without the express or implied consent of
the other person, shall use, obtain, or possess any personal
identifying information of another person with intent to do
either of the following:

(1) Hold the person out to be the other person;

(2) Represent the other person's personal identifying1659information as the person's own personal identifying1660information.

(C) No person shall create, obtain, possess, or use the
personal identifying information of any person with the intent
to aid or abet another person in violating division (B) of this
section.

(D) No person, with intent to defraud, shall permitanother person to use the person's own personal identifying1667information.

(E) No person who is permitted to use another person'spersonal identifying information as described in division (D) of1670

this section shall use, obtain, or possess the other person's1671personal identifying information with intent to defraud any1672person by doing any act identified in division (B)(1) or (2) of1673this section.1674

(F) (1) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under
division (B) of this section that the person using the personal
identifying information is acting in accordance with a legally
recognized guardianship or conservatorship or as a trustee or
fiduciary.

(2) It is an affirmative defense to a charge under
division (B), (C), (D), or (E) of this section that either of
the following applies:

(a) The person or entity using, obtaining, possessing, or 1683 creating the personal identifying information or permitting it 1684 to be used is a law enforcement agency, authorized fraud 1685 personnel, or a representative of or attorney for a law 1686 enforcement agency or authorized fraud personnel and is using, 1687 obtaining, possessing, or creating the personal identifying 1688 information or permitting it to be used, with prior consent 1689 given as specified in this division, in a bona fide 1690 investigation, an information security evaluation, a pretext 1691 calling evaluation, or a similar matter. The prior consent 1692 required under this division shall be given by the person whose 1693 personal identifying information is being used, obtained, 1694 possessed, or created or is being permitted to be used or, if 1695 the person whose personal identifying information is being used, 1696 obtained, possessed, or created or is being permitted to be used 1697 is deceased, by that deceased person's executor, or a member of 1698 that deceased person's family, or that deceased person's 1699 attorney. The prior consent required under this division may be 1700

given orally or in writing by the person whose personal1701identifying information is being used, obtained, possessed, or1702created or is being permitted to be used or that person's1703executor, or family member, or attorney.1704

(b) The personal identifying information was obtained, 1705 possessed, used, created, or permitted to be used for a lawful 1706 purpose, provided that division (F)(2)(b) of this section does 1707 not apply if the person or entity using, obtaining, possessing, 1708 or creating the personal identifying information or permitting 1709 it to be used is a law enforcement agency, authorized fraud 1710 personnel, or a representative of or attorney for a law 1711 enforcement agency or authorized fraud personnel that is using, 1712 obtaining, possessing, or creating the personal identifying 1713 information or permitting it to be used in an investigation, an 1714 information security evaluation, a pretext calling evaluation, 1715 or similar matter. 1716

(G) It is not a defense to a charge under this section
that the person whose personal identifying information was
obtained, possessed, used, created, or permitted to be used was
1719
deceased at the time of the offense.

(H) (1) If an offender commits a violation of division (B), 1721 (D), or (E) of this section and the violation occurs as part of 1722 a course of conduct involving other violations of division (B), 1723 (D), or (E) of this section or violations of, attempts to 1724 violate, conspiracies to violate, or complicity in violations of 1725 division (C) of this section or section 2913.02, 2913.04, 1726 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.42, 2913.43, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92</u>, 1727 or 2921.13 of the Revised Code, the court, in determining the 1728 degree of the offense pursuant to division (I) of this section, 1729 may aggregate all credit, property, or services obtained or 1730

sought to be obtained by the offender and all debts or other1731legal obligations avoided or sought to be avoided by the1732offender in the violations involved in that course of conduct.1733The course of conduct may involve one victim or more than one1734victim.1735

(2) If an offender commits a violation of division (C) of 1736 this section and the violation occurs as part of a course of 1737 conduct involving other violations of division (C) of this 1738 section or violations of, attempts to violate, conspiracies to 1739 violate, or complicity in violations of division (B), (D), or 1740 (E) of this section or section 2913.02, 2913.04, 2913.11, 1741 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.42, 2913.43, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92</u>, or 1742 2921.13 of the Revised Code, the court, in determining the 1743 degree of the offense pursuant to division (I) of this section, 1744 may aggregate all credit, property, or services obtained or 1745 sought to be obtained by the person aided or abetted and all 1746 debts or other legal obligations avoided or sought to be avoided 1747 by the person aided or abetted in the violations involved in 1748 that course of conduct. The course of conduct may involve one 1749 victim or more than one victim. 1750

(I) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of identity 1751fraud. 1752

(2) Except as otherwise provided in this division or 1753 division (I)(3) of this section, identity fraud is a felony of 1754 the fifth degree. If the value of the credit, property, 1755 services, debt, or other legal obligation involved in the 1756 violation or course of conduct is one thousand dollars or more 1757 and is less than seven thousand five hundred dollars, except as 1758 otherwise provided in division (I)(3) of this section, identity 1759 fraud is a felony of the fourth degree. If the value of the 1760

credit, property, services, debt, or other legal obligation 1761 involved in the violation or course of conduct is seven thousand 1762 five hundred dollars or more and is less than one hundred fifty 1763 thousand dollars, except as otherwise provided in division (I) 1764 (3) of this section, identity fraud is a felony of the third 1765 degree. If the value of the credit, property, services, debt, or 1766 other legal obligation involved in the violation or course of 1767 conduct is one hundred fifty thousand dollars or more, except as 1768 otherwise provided in division (I)(3) of this section, identity 1769 fraud is a felony of the second degree. 1770

(3) If the victim of the offense is an elderly person, 1771 disabled adult, active duty service member, or spouse of an 1772 active duty service member, a violation of this section is 1773 identity fraud against a person in a protected class. Except as 1774 otherwise provided in this division, identity fraud against a 1775 person in a protected class is a felony of the fourth degree. If 1776 the value of the credit, property, services, debt, or other 1777 legal obligation involved in the violation or course of conduct 1778 is one thousand dollars or more and is less than seven thousand 1779 five hundred dollars, identity fraud against a person in a 1780 protected class is a felony of the third degree. If the value of 1781 the credit, property, services, debt, or other legal obligation 1782 involved in the violation or course of conduct is seven thousand 1783 five hundred dollars or more and is less than one hundred fifty 1784 thousand dollars, identity fraud against a person in a protected 1785 class is a felony of the second degree. If the value of the 1786 credit, property, services, debt, or other legal obligation 1787 involved in the violation or course of conduct is one hundred 1788 fifty thousand dollars or more, identity fraud against a person 1789 in a protected class is a felony of the first degree. If the 1790 victim of the offense is an elderly person, in addition to any 1791

other penalty imposed for the offense, the offender shall be 1792 required to pay full restitution to the victim and to pay a fine 1793 of up to fifty thousand dollars. The clerk of court shall 1794 forward all fines collected under division (I)(3) of this 1795 section to the county department of job and family services to 1796 be used for the reporting and investigation of elder abuse, 1797 neglect, and exploitation or for the provision or arrangement of 1798 protective services under sections 5101.61 to 5101.71 of the 1799 Revised Code. 1800 (J) In addition to the penalties described in division (I) 1801 of this section, anyone injured in person or property by a 1802 violation of division (B), (D), or (E) of this section who is 1803 the owner of the identifying information involved in that 1804 violation has a civil action against the offender pursuant to 1805

section 2307.60 of the Revised Code. That person may also bring 1806 a civil action to enjoin or restrain future acts that would 1807 constitute a violation of division (B), (D), or (E) of this 1808 section. 1809

 Sec. 2913.86. As used in sections 2913.86 to 2913.93 of
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 the Revised Code:
 1811

(A) "Computer service" includes a data processing service,1812a storage function, an internet service, an electronic mail1813service, an electronic message service, web site access, an1814internet-based electronic gaming service, and any other similar1815computer system, computer network, or internet-based service.1816

(B) "Electronic record" has the same meaning as in section18171306.01 of the Revised Code.1818

(C) "Malware" means a set of computer instructions that is 1819 designed or used to modify, damage, destroy, disable, deny, or 1820

record or transmit information within a computer, computer       182         system, or computer network without the authorization of the       182         gwner or other person authorized to give consent.       182         (D) "State" and "political subdivision" have the same       182         meanings as in section 2744.01 of the Revised Code.       182         see. 2913.87. (A) No person shall knowingly and without       182         authorization gain access to, attempt to gain access to, or       182         cause access to be gained to a computer, computer system, or       182         computer network when either of the following applies:       183         (1) The access is gained, attempted to be gained, or       183         caused to be gained with the intent to commit a crime in       183         yiolation of state law.       183         (2) The computer, computer system, or computer network is       183         maintained by the state or a political subdivision.       183         gained to a computer, computer system, or computer network under       183         gained to a computer, computer system, or computer network under       183         gained to a computer, computer system, or computer network under       183         gained to a computer, computer system, or computer network under       183         gained to a computer, computer system, or compute		
system, or computer network without the authorization of the owner or other person authorized to give consent.182(D) "State" and "political subdivision" have the same meanings as in section 2744.01 of the Revised Code.182Sec. 2913.87. (A) No person shall knowingly and without authorization gain access to, attempt to gain access to, or. cause access to be gained to a computer, computer system, or. computer network when either of the following applies:183(1) The access is gained, attempted to be gained, or caused to be gained with the intent to commit a crime in violation of state law.183(2) The computer, computer system, or computer network is maintained by the state or a political subdivision.183(B) No person shall knowingly and without authorization gain access to, attempt to gain access to, or cause access to be gained to a computer system, or computer network under circumstances not constituting a violation of division (A) of this section.184(C) (1) Wheever violates division (A) or (B) of this section is guilty of computer trespass.184(a) A violation of division (A) of this section is a (b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a (b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a (b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a (b) A violation of division (C)	degrade access to; gain access to; functionally impair; or	1821
gwner or other person authorized to give consent.       182         (D) "State" and "political subdivision" have the same       182         meanings as in section 2744.01 of the Revised Code.       182         Sec. 2913.87. (A) No person shall knowingly and without       182         authorization gain access to, attempt to gain access to, or       182         cause access to be gained to a computer, computer system, or       182         computer network when either of the following applies:       183         (1) The access is gained, attempted to be gained, or       183         caused to be gained with the intent to commit a crime in       183         violation of state law.       183         (2) The computer, computer system, or computer network is       183         maintained by the state or a political subdivision.       183         gain access to, attempt to gain access to, or cause access to be       183         gained to a computer, computer system, or computer network under       183         circumstances not constituting a violation of division (A) of       183         section.       184         (2) Except as provided in division (C) (3), (4), or (5) of       184         felony of the fourth degree.       184         (b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a       184	record or transmit information within a computer, computer	1822
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section is guilty of computer trespass.       184         (2) Except as provided in division (C) (3), (4), or (5) of       184         this section:       184         (a) A violation of division (A) of this section is a       184         felony of the fourth degree.       184         (b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a       184	this section.	1840
(2) Except as provided in division (C) (3), (4), or (5) of184this section:184(a) A violation of division (A) of this section is a184felony of the fourth degree.184(b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a184	(C)(1) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this	1841
this section:184(a) A violation of division (A) of this section is a184felony of the fourth degree.184(b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a184	section is guilty of computer trespass.	1842
(a) A violation of division (A) of this section is a184felony of the fourth degree.184(b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a184	(2) Except as provided in division (C)(3), (4), or (5) of	1843
felony of the fourth degree.184(b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a184	this section:	1844
(b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a 184	(a) A violation of division (A) of this section is a	1845
	felony of the fourth degree.	1846
felony of the fifth degree.	(b) A violation of division (B) of this section is a	1847
<u></u>	felony of the fifth degree.	1848

(3) Except as provided in division (C)(5) of this section,	1849
if the computer, computer system, or computer network involved	1850
in the violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is used	1851
or intended to be used in the operation of an aircraft and the	1852
violation creates a substantial risk of physical harm to any	1853
person or the aircraft in question is an occupied aircraft, then	1854
the violation is a felony of the third degree.	1855
(4) Except as provided in division (C)(5) of this section,	1856
if a person commits computer trespass for the purpose of doing	1857
any of the following, and the value of the property or services	1858
involved or the loss to the victim is one hundred fifty thousand	1859
dollars or more, then the violation is a felony of the third	1860
degree:	1861
(c) Devising an expection of scheme to define do a to obtain	1000
(a) Devising or executing a scheme to defraud or to obtain	1862
property or services;	1863
(b) Obtaining money, property, or services by false or	1864
fraudulent pretenses;	1865
(c) Committing any other criminal offense.	1866
(c) committing any other criminar orrense.	1000
(5) (a) If the offender acted recklessly with regard to the	1867
status of the victim of the offense as an elderly person or	1868
disabled adult, and the value of the property or services or	1869
loss to the victim is seven thousand five hundred dollars or	1870
more and less than thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars,	1871
then the violation is a felony of the third degree.	1872
(b) If the offender acted recklessly with regard to the	1873
status of the victim of the offense as an elderly person or	1874
disabled adult, and the value of the property or services or	1875
loss to the victim is thirty-seven thousand five hundred dollars	1876
or more, then the violation is a felony of the second degree.	1877

(D) A person commits a separate violation of this section	1878
with regard to each computer trespass in violation of division	1879
(A) or (B) of this section.	1880
Sec. 2913.88. (A) No person shall knowingly and without	1881
authorization cause or attempt to cause the transmission of	1882
data, a computer program, or an electronic command that	1883
interrupts or suspends access to or use of a computer network or	1884
<u>computer service with the intent to impair the functioning of a</u>	1885
<u>computer network or computer service.</u>	1886
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of electronic	1887
computer service interference, a felony of the fourth degree.	1888
Sec. 2913.89. (A) When any of the following applies, no	1889
person shall knowingly and without authorization alter or	1890
attempt to alter data as it travels between two computer systems	1891
over an open or unsecure network or introduce or attempt to	1892
introduce malware into any electronic data, computer, computer	1893
system, or computer network:	1894
(1) The person intended to devise or execute a scheme to	1895
defraud, deceive, or extort.	1896
(2) The person intended to commit any other crime in	1897
violation of a state law.	1898
(3) The person intended to wrongfully control or obtain	1899
property or wrongfully gain access to electronic data.	1900
(4) The electronic data, computer, computer system, or	1901
computer network is maintained by the state or a political	1902
subdivision.	1903
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of electronic	1904
data tampering, a felony of the third degree.	1905

Sec. 2913.90. (A) No person shall knowingly and without	1906
authorization alter or attempt to alter data as it travels	1907
between two computer systems over an open or unsecure network or	1908
introduce or attempt to introduce malware into any electronic	1909
data, computer, computer system, or computer network under	1910
circumstances not constituting a violation of section 2913.89 of	1911
the Revised Code.	1912
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of electronic	1913
data manipulation, a felony of the fourth degree.	1914
Sec. 2913.91. (A) No person shall knowingly and without	1915
authorization obtain or attempt to obtain electronic data with	1916
the intent to do either of the following:	1917
(1) Devise or execute any scheme to defraud, deceive,	1918
extort, or commit any crime in violation of state law;	1919
(2) Wrongfully control or obtain property or wrongfully	1920
gain access to electronic data.	1921
(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of electronic	1922
data theft, a felony of the third degree.	1923
Sec. 2913.92. (A) No person shall knowingly and without	1924
authorization make, attempt to make, or cause to be made a	1925
display, use, disclosure, or copy of data residing in,	1926
communicated by, or produced by a computer, computer system, or	1927
<u>computer network.</u>	1928
(B) No person shall knowingly and without authorization	1929
disclose or attempt to disclose a password, identifying code,	1930
personal identification number, or other confidential	1931
information that is used as a means of access to a computer,	1932
computer system, computer network, or computer service.	1933

(C) Whoever violates this section is quilty of 1934 unauthorized data disclosure, a felony of the third degree. 1935 Sec. 2913.93. (A) In addition to any other civil remedy 1936 available, the owner or lessee of any electronic data, computer, 1937 computer system, or computer network who suffers damage or loss 1938 by reason of a violation of any provision of sections 2913.87 to 1939 2913.92 of the Revised Code may bring a civil action against a 1940 person who violates such a provision for compensatory damages 1941 and injunctive or other equitable relief pursuant to section 1942 2307.60 of the Revised Code. Compensatory damages shall include 1943 any cost reasonably and necessarily incurred by the owner or 1944 lessee to verify that the electronic data, computer, computer 1945 system, or computer network, was not altered, damaged, or 1946 deleted by the violation. 1947 (B) In any action brought pursuant to division (A) of this 1948 section, the court may award reasonable attorney's fees to the 1949 owner or lessee who suffered the damage or loss. 1950 (C) No action may be brought pursuant to division (A) of 1951 this section unless it is initiated within two years of the date 1952 of the act complained of or the date of the discovery of the 1953 1954 damage, whichever is later. Sec. 2913.94. (A) Sections 2913.87 to 2913.92 of the 1955 Revised Code shall not be construed to prohibit actions by a 1956 person within the scope of the person's lawful employment. For 1957 purposes of this section, a person acts within the scope of the 1958 person's lawful employment when the person performs acts that 1959

(B) A person does not violate sections 2913.87 to 2913.92 1962

are reasonably necessary to the performance of the person's work

assignments or duties.

1960

scope of the person's lawful employment.

of the Revised Code if the person mistakenly goes beyond the

Sec. 2919.25. (A) No person shall knowingly cause or 1965 attempt to cause physical harm to a family or household member. 1966 (B) No person shall recklessly cause serious physical harm 1967 to a family or household member. 1968 (C) No person, by threat of force, shall knowingly cause a 1969

family or household member to believe that the offender will 1970 cause imminent physical harm to the family or household member. 1971

(D) (1) Whoever violates this section is guilty of domestic
violence, and the court shall sentence the offender as provided
in divisions (D) (2) to (6) of this section.

(2) Except as otherwise provided in divisions (D) (3) to
(5) of this section, a violation of division (C) of this section
1976
is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree, and a violation of
1977
division (A) or (B) of this section is a misdemeanor of the
1978
first degree.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(4) of 1980 this section, if the offender previously has pleaded quilty to 1981 or been convicted of domestic violence, a violation of an 1982 existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any 1983 other state or the United States that is substantially similar 1984 to domestic violence, a violation of section 2903.14, 2909.06, 1985 2909.07, 2911.12, 2911.211, 2913.88, or 2919.22 of the Revised 1986 Code if the victim of the violation was a family or household 1987 member at the time of the violation, a violation of an existing 1988 or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any other state 1989 or the United States that is substantially similar to any of 1990 those sections if the victim of the violation was a family or 1991

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1963

household member at the time of the commission of the violation, 1992 or any offense of violence if the victim of the offense was a 1993 family or household member at the time of the commission of the 1994 offense, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is a 1995 felony of the fourth degree, and, if the offender knew that the 1996 victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the 1997 violation, the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the 1998 offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 1999 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 2000 the second degree. 2001

2002 (4) If the offender previously has pleaded quilty to or been convicted of two or more offenses of domestic violence or 2003 two or more violations or offenses of the type described in 2004 division (D)(3) of this section involving a person who was a 2005 family or household member at the time of the violations or 2006 offenses, a violation of division (A) or (B) of this section is 2007 a felony of the third degree, and, if the offender knew that the 2008 victim of the violation was pregnant at the time of the 2009 violation, the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the 2010 offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 2011 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 2012 the first degree. 2013

(5) Except as otherwise provided in division (D)(3) or (4) 2014 of this section, if the offender knew that the victim of the 2015 violation was pregnant at the time of the violation, a violation 2016 of division (A) or (B) of this section is a felony of the fifth 2017 degree, and the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on 2018 the offender pursuant to division (D)(6) of this section, and a 2019 violation of division (C) of this section is a misdemeanor of 2020 2021 the third degree.

(6) If division (D)(3), (4), or (5) of this section 2022 requires the court that sentences an offender for a violation of 2023 division (A) or (B) of this section to impose a mandatory prison 2024 term on the offender pursuant to this division, the court shall 2025 impose the mandatory prison term as follows: 2026 (a) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 2027 section is a felony of the fourth or fifth degree, except as 2028 otherwise provided in division (D)(6)(b) or (c) of this section, 2029 the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender 2030 of at least six months. 2031 (b) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 2032 section is a felony of the fifth degree and the offender, in 2033 committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the 2034 pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the 2035 pregnant woman's pregnancy, the court shall impose a mandatory 2036 prison term on the offender of twelve months. 2037 (c) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 2038 section is a felony of the fourth degree and the offender, in 2039 committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the 2040 pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the 2041 2042 pregnant woman's pregnancy, the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender of at least twelve months. 2043 (d) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 2044 section is a felony of the third degree, except as otherwise 2045 provided in division (D)(6)(e) of this section and 2046

notwithstanding the range of definite prison terms prescribed in 2047 division (A)(3) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a 2048 felony of the third degree, the court shall impose a mandatory 2049 prison term on the offender of either a definite term of six 2050 months or one of the prison terms prescribed in division (A)(3) 2051

(b) of section 2929.14 of the Revised Code for felonies of the2052third degree.

(e) If the violation of division (A) or (B) of this 2054 section is a felony of the third degree and the offender, in 2055 committing the violation, caused serious physical harm to the 2056 pregnant woman's unborn or caused the termination of the 2057 pregnant woman's pregnancy, notwithstanding the range of 2058 definite prison terms prescribed in division (A) (3) of section 2059 2929.14 of the Revised Code for a felony of the third degree, 2060 the court shall impose a mandatory prison term on the offender 2061 of either a definite term of one year or one of the prison terms 2062 prescribed in division (A)(3)(b) of section 2929.14 of the 2063 Revised Code for felonies of the third degree. 2064

(E) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, 2065 no court or unit of state or local government shall charge any 2066 fee, cost, deposit, or money in connection with the filing of 2067 charges against a person alleging that the person violated this 2068 section or a municipal ordinance substantially similar to this 2069 section or in connection with the prosecution of any charges so 2070 filed. 2071

(F) As used in this section and sections 2919.251 and 20722919.26 of the Revised Code: 2073

(1) "Family or household member" means any of the2074following:

(a) Any of the following who is residing or has resided 2076with the offender: 2077

(i) A spouse, a person living as a spouse, or a former 2078spouse of the offender; 2079

(ii) A parent, a foster parent, or a child of the 2080

offender, or another person related by consanguinity or affinity to the offender; (iii) A parent or a child of a spouse, person living as a

spouse, or former spouse of the offender, or another person2084related by consanguinity or affinity to a spouse, person living2085as a spouse, or former spouse of the offender.2086

(b) The natural parent of any child of whom the offender2087is the other natural parent or is the putative other natural2088parent.2089

(2) "Person living as a spouse" means a person who is
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living or has lived with the offender in a common law marital
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relationship, who otherwise is cohabiting with the offender, or
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who otherwise has cohabited with the offender within five years
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prior to the date of the alleged commission of the act in
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question.

(3) "Pregnant woman's unborn" has the same meaning as 2096 "such other person's unborn," as set forth in section 2903.09 of 2097 the Revised Code, as it relates to the pregnant woman. Division 2098 (C) of that section applies regarding the use of the term in 2099 this section, except that the second and third sentences of 2100 division (C)(1) of that section shall be construed for purposes 2101 of this section as if they included a reference to this section 2102 in the listing of Revised Code sections they contain. 2103

(4) "Termination of the pregnant woman's pregnancy" has
the same meaning as "unlawful termination of another's
pregnancy," as set forth in section 2903.09 of the Revised Code,
as it relates to the pregnant woman. Division (C) of that
section applies regarding the use of the term in this section,
except that the second and third sentences of division (C) (1) of

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that section shall be construed for purposes of this section as2110if they included a reference to this section in the listing of2111Revised Code sections they contain.2112

Sec. 2919.251. (A) Subject to division (D) of this 2113 section, a person who is charged with the commission of any 2114 offense of violence shall appear before the court for the 2115 setting of bail if the alleged victim of the offense charged was 2116 a family or household member at the time of the offense and if 2117 any of the following applies: 2118

(1) The person charged, at the time of the alleged 2119 offense, was subject to the terms of a protection order issued 2120 or consent agreement approved pursuant to section 2919.26 or 2121 3113.31 of the Revised Code or previously was convicted of or 2122 pleaded quilty to a violation of section 2919.25 of the Revised 2123 Code or a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code 2124 involving a protection order or consent agreement of that type, 2125 a violation of an existing or former municipal ordinance or law 2126 of this or any other state or the United States that is 2127 substantially similar to either section, a violation of section 2128 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, or 2911.211, or 2913.88 of the 2129 Revised Code if the victim of the violation was a family or 2130 household member at the time of the violation, a violation of an 2131 existing or former municipal ordinance or law of this or any 2132 other state or the United States that is substantially similar 2133 to any of those sections if the victim of the violation was a 2134 family or household member at the time of the commission of the 2135 violation, or any offense of violence if the victim of the 2136 2137 offense was a family or household member at the time of the offense; 2138

(2) The arresting officer indicates in a police report or

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history of using deadly weapons;

other document accompanying the complaint any of the following: 2140 (a) That the arresting officer observed on the alleged 2141 victim objective manifestations of physical harm that the 2142 arresting officer reasonably believes are a result of the 2143 2144 alleged offense; (b) That the arresting officer reasonably believes that 2145 the person had on the person's person at the time of the alleged 2146 offense a deadly weapon or dangerous ordnance; 2147 (c) That the arresting officer reasonably believes that 2148 the person presents a credible threat of serious physical harm 2149 to the alleged victim or to any other person if released on bail 2150 before trial. 2151 (B) To the extent that information about any of the 2152 following is available to the court, the court shall consider 2153 all of the following, in addition to any other circumstances 2154 considered by the court and notwithstanding any provisions to 2155 the contrary contained in Criminal Rule 46, before setting bail 2156 2157 for a person who appears before the court pursuant to division (A) of this section: 2158 (1) Whether the person has a history of domestic violence 2159 or a history of other violent acts; 2160 2161 (2) The mental health of the person; (3) Whether the person has a history of violating the 2162 orders of any court or governmental entity; 2163 (4) Whether the person is potentially a threat to any 2164 other person; 2165 (5) Whether the person has access to deadly weapons or a 2166

Page 74

(6) Whether the person has a history of abusing alcohol or any controlled substance; (7) The severity of the alleged violence that is the basis of the offense, including but not limited to, the duration of the alleged violent incident, and whether the alleged violent incident involved serious physical injury, sexual assault, strangulation, abuse during the alleged victim's pregnancy,

abuse of pets, or forcible entry to gain access to the alleged 2175 victim; 2176

(8) Whether a separation of the person from the alleged 2177
victim or a termination of the relationship between the person 2178
and the alleged victim has recently occurred or is pending; 2179

(9) Whether the person has exhibited obsessive or
controlling behaviors toward the alleged victim, including but
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not limited to, stalking, surveillance, or isolation of the
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alleged victim;

(10) Whether the person has expressed suicidal or 2184
homicidal ideations; 2185

(11) Any information contained in the complaint and any2186police reports, affidavits, or other documents accompanying the2187complaint.2188

(C) Any court that has jurisdiction over charges alleging 2189 the commission of an offense of violence in circumstances in 2190 which the alleged victim of the offense was a family or 2191 household member at the time of the offense may set a schedule 2192 for bail to be used in cases involving those offenses. The 2193 schedule shall require that a judge consider all of the factors 2194 listed in division (B) of this section and may require judges to 2195 set bail at a certain level if the history of the alleged 2196

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offender or the circumstances of the alleged offense meet 2197 certain criteria in the schedule. 2198

(D) (1) Upon the court's own motion or the motion of a 2199
party and upon any terms that the court may direct, a court may 2200
permit a person who is required to appear before it by division 2201
(A) of this section to appear by video conferencing equipment. 2202

(2) If in the opinion of the court the appearance in 2203 person or by video conferencing equipment of a person who is 2204 charged with a misdemeanor and who is required to appear before 2205 the court by division (A) of this section is not practicable, 2206 the court may waive the appearance and release the person on 2207 bail in accordance with the court's schedule for bail set under 2208 division (C) of this section or, if the court has not set a 2209 schedule for bail under that division, on one or both of the 2210 following types of bail in an amount set by the court: 2211

(a) A bail bond secured by a deposit of ten per cent of2212the amount of the bond in cash;2213

(b) A surety bond, a bond secured by real estate or2214securities as allowed by law, or the deposit of cash, at the2215option of the person.2216

(3) Division (A) of this section does not create a right
(3) Division (A) of this section does not create a right
(3) Division (A) of this section does not create a right
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(E) As used in this section:

(1) "Controlled substance" has the same meaning as in2223section 3719.01 of the Revised Code.2224

(2) "Dangerous ordnance" and "deadly weapon" have the same2225meanings as in section 2923.11 of the Revised Code.2226

Sec. 2919.26. (A) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint that 2227 alleges a violation of section 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, or 2228 2911.211, 2913.88, 2913.89, or 2913.90 of the Revised Code if 2229 the alleged victim of the violation was a family or household 2230 member at the time of the violation, a violation of a municipal 2231 ordinance that is substantially similar to any of those sections 2232 if the alleged victim of the violation was a family or household 2233 member at the time of the violation, any offense of violence if 2234 2235 the alleged victim of the offense was a family or household member at the time of the commission of the offense, or any 2236 sexually oriented offense if the alleged victim of the offense 2237 was a family or household member at the time of the commission 2238 of the offense, the complainant, the alleged victim, or a family 2239 or household member of an alleged victim may file, or, if in an 2240 emergency the alleged victim is unable to file, a person who 2241 made an arrest for the alleged violation or offense under 2242 section 2935.03 of the Revised Code may file on behalf of the 2243 alleged victim, a motion that requests the issuance of a 2244 temporary protection order as a pretrial condition of release of 2245 the alleged offender, in addition to any bail set under Criminal 2246 Rule 46. The motion shall be filed with the clerk of the court 2247 that has jurisdiction of the case at any time after the filing 2248 of the complaint. 2249

(2) For purposes of section 2930.09 of the Revised Code,
all stages of a proceeding arising out of a complaint alleging
the commission of a violation, offense of violence, or sexually
oriented offense described in division (A) (1) of this section,
including all proceedings on a motion for a temporary protection
order, are critical stages of the case, and a victim may be
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accompanied by a victim advocate or another person to provide	2256
support to the victim as provided in that section.	2257
(B) The motion shall be prepared on a form that is	2258
provided by the clerk of the court, which form shall be	2259
substantially as follows:	2260
"MOTION FOR TEMPORARY PROTECTION ORDER	2261
Court	2262
Name and address of court	2263
State of Ohio	2264
v. No	2265
	2266
Name of Defendant	2267
(name of person), moves the court to issue a temporary	2268
protection order containing terms designed to ensure the safety	2269
and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, and other	2270
family or household members, in relation to the named defendant,	2271
pursuant to its authority to issue such an order under section	2272
2919.26 of the Revised Code.	2273
A complaint, a copy of which has been attached to this	2274
motion, has been filed in this court charging the named	2275
defendant with (name of the specified	2276
violation, the offense of violence, or sexually oriented offense	2277
charged) in circumstances in which the victim was a family or	2278
household member in violation of (section of the Revised Code	2279
designating the specified violation, offense of violence, or	2280
sexually oriented offense charged), or charging the named	2281
defendant with a violation of a municipal ordinance that is	2282

e (section of

substantially similar to (section of	2283
the Revised Code designating the specified violation, offense of	2284
violence, or sexually oriented offense charged) involving a	2285
family or household member.	2286
I understand that I must appear before the court, at a	2287
time set by the court within twenty-four hours after the filing	2288
of this motion, for a hearing on the motion or that, if I am	2289
unable to appear because of hospitalization or a medical	2290
condition resulting from the offense alleged in the complaint, a	2291
person who can provide information about my need for a temporary	2292
protection order must appear before the court in lieu of my	2293
appearing in court. I understand that any temporary protection	2294
order granted pursuant to this motion is a pretrial condition of	2295
release and is effective only until the disposition of the	2296
criminal proceeding arising out of the attached complaint, or	2297
the issuance of a civil protection order or the approval of a	2298
consent agreement, arising out of the same activities as those	2299
that were the basis of the complaint, under section 3113.31 of	2300
the Revised Code.	2301
	2302
Signature of person	2303
(or signature of the arresting officer who filed the motion on	2304
behalf of the alleged victim)	2305
	2306
Address of person (or office address of the arresting officer	2307
who filed the motion on behalf of the alleged victim)"	2308
(C)(1) As soon as possible after the filing of a motion	2309
that requests the issuance of a temporary protection order, but	2310
not later than twenty-four hours after the filing of the motion,	2311

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the court shall conduct a hearing to determine whether to issue 2312 the order. The person who requested the order shall appear 2313 before the court and provide the court with the information that 2314 it requests concerning the basis of the motion. If the person 2315 who requested the order is unable to appear and if the court 2316 finds that the failure to appear is because of the person's 2317 hospitalization or medical condition resulting from the offense 2318 alleged in the complaint, another person who is able to provide 2319 the court with the information it requests may appear in lieu of 2320 the person who requested the order. If the court finds that the 2321 safety and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, or any 2322 other family or household member of the alleged victim may be 2323 impaired by the continued presence of the alleged offender, the 2324 court may issue a temporary protection order, as a pretrial 2325 condition of release, that contains terms designed to ensure the 2326 safety and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, or the 2327 family or household member, including a requirement that the 2328 alleged offender refrain from entering the residence, school, 2329 business, or place of employment of the complainant, alleged 2330 victim, or the family or household member. The court may include 2331 within a protection order issued under this section a term 2332 requiring that the alleged offender not remove, damage, hide, 2333 harm, or dispose of any companion animal owned or possessed by 2334 the complainant, alleged victim, or any other family or 2335 household member of the alleged victim, and may include within 2336 the order a term authorizing the complainant, alleged victim, or 2337 other family or household member of the alleged victim to remove 2338 a companion animal owned by the complainant, alleged victim, or 2339 other family or household member from the possession of the 2340 alleged offender. 2341

(2) (a) If the court issues a temporary protection order

that includes a requirement that the alleged offender refrain 2343 from entering the residence, school, business, or place of 2344 employment of the complainant, the alleged victim, or the family 2345 or household member, the order shall state clearly that the 2346 order cannot be waived or nullified by an invitation to the 2347 alleged offender from the complainant, alleged victim, or family 2348 or household member to enter the residence, school, business, or 2349 place of employment or by the alleged offender's entry into one 2350 of those places otherwise upon the consent of the complainant, 2351 alleged victim, or family or household member. 2352

(b) Division (C)(2)(a) of this section does not limit any 2353 discretion of a court to determine that an alleged offender 2354 charged with a violation of section 2919.27 of the Revised Code, 2355 with a violation of a municipal ordinance substantially 2356 equivalent to that section, or with contempt of court, which 2357 charge is based on an alleged violation of a temporary 2358 protection order issued under this section, did not commit the 2359 violation or was not in contempt of court. 2360

(D) (1) Upon the filing of a complaint that alleges a 2361 violation of section 2909.06, 2909.07, 2911.12, or 2911.211, 2362 2913.88, 2913.89, or 2913.90 of the Revised Code if the alleged 2363 victim of the violation was a family or household member at the 2364 time of the violation, a violation of a municipal ordinance that 2365 is substantially similar to any of those sections if the alleged 2366 victim of the violation was a family or household member at the 2367 time of the violation, any offense of violence if the alleged 2368 victim of the offense was a family or household member at the 2369 time of the commission of the offense, or any sexually oriented 2370 offense if the alleged victim of the offense was a family or 2371 household member at the time of the commission of the offense, 2372 the court, upon its own motion, may issue a temporary protection 2373

order as a pretrial condition of release if it finds that the2374safety and protection of the complainant, alleged victim, or2375other family or household member of the alleged offender may be2376impaired by the continued presence of the alleged offender.2377

(2) If the court issues a temporary protection order under 2378 this section as an ex parte order, it shall conduct, as soon as 2379 possible after the issuance of the order, a hearing in the 2380 presence of the alleged offender not later than the next day on 2381 which the court is scheduled to conduct business after the day 2382 on which the alleged offender was arrested or at the time of the 2383 appearance of the alleged offender pursuant to summons to 2384 determine whether the order should remain in effect, be 2385 modified, or be revoked. The hearing shall be conducted under 2386 the standards set forth in division (C) of this section. 2387

(3) An order issued under this section shall contain only those terms authorized in orders issued under division (C) of this section.

(4) If a municipal court or a county court issues a 2391 temporary protection order under this section and if, subsequent 2392 to the issuance of the order, the alleged offender who is the 2393 subject of the order is bound over to the court of common pleas 2394 for prosecution of a felony arising out of the same activities 2395 as those that were the basis of the complaint upon which the 2396 order is based, notwithstanding the fact that the order was 2397 issued by a municipal court or county court, the order shall 2398 remain in effect, as though it were an order of the court of 2399 common pleas, while the charges against the alleged offender are 2400 pending in the court of common pleas, for the period of time 2401 described in division (E)(2) of this section, and the court of 2402 common pleas has exclusive jurisdiction to modify the order 2403

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issued by the municipal court or county court. This division

applies when the alleged offender is bound over to the court of 2405 common pleas as a result of the person waiving a preliminary 2406 hearing on the felony charge, as a result of the municipal court 2407 or county court having determined at a preliminary hearing that 2408 there is probable cause to believe that the felony has been 2409 committed and that the alleged offender committed it, as a 2410 result of the alleged offender having been indicted for the 2411 felony, or in any other manner. 2412 (E) A temporary protection order that is issued as a 2413 pretrial condition of release under this section: 2414 (1) Is in addition to, but shall not be construed as a 2415 part of, any bail set under Criminal Rule 46; 2416 2417 (2) Is effective only until the occurrence of either of the following: 2418 (a) The disposition, by the court that issued the order 2419 or, in the circumstances described in division (D)(4) of this 2420 section, by the court of common pleas to which the alleged 2421 offender is bound over for prosecution, of the criminal 2422 proceeding arising out of the complaint upon which the order is 2423 2424 based; (b) The issuance of a protection order or the approval of 2425 a consent agreement, arising out of the same activities as those 2426 that were the basis of the complaint upon which the order is 2427 based, under section 3113.31 of the Revised Code. 2428 (3) Shall not be construed as a finding that the alleged 2429 offender committed the alleged offense, and shall not be 2430

introduced as evidence of the commission of the offense at the 2430 trial of the alleged offender on the complaint upon which the 2432

order is based.

(F) A person who meets the criteria for bail under
Criminal Rule 46 and who, if required to do so pursuant to that
cule, executes or posts bond or deposits cash or securities as
bail, shall not be held in custody pending a hearing before the
court on a motion requesting a temporary protection order.

(G) (1) A copy of any temporary protection order that is 2439 issued under this section shall be issued by the court to the 2440 complainant, to the alleged victim, to the person who requested 2441 the order, to the defendant, and to all law enforcement agencies 2442 that have jurisdiction to enforce the order. The court shall 2443 direct that a copy of the order be delivered to the defendant on 2444 the same day that the order is entered. If a municipal court or 2445 a county court issues a temporary protection order under this 2446 section and if, subsequent to the issuance of the order, the 2447 defendant who is the subject of the order is bound over to the 2448 court of common pleas for prosecution as described in division 2449 (D) (4) of this section, the municipal court or county court 2450 shall direct that a copy of the order be delivered to the court 2451 2452 of common pleas to which the defendant is bound over.

(2) Upon the issuance of a protection order under this
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 section, the court shall provide the parties to the order with
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 the following notice orally or by form:

#### "NOTICE

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As a result of this protection order, it may be unlawful 2457 for you to possess or purchase a firearm, including a rifle, 2458 pistol, or revolver, or ammunition pursuant to federal law under 2459 18 U.S.C. 922(g)(8) for the duration of this order. If you have 2460 any questions whether this law makes it illegal for you to 2461

possess or purchase a firearm or ammunition, you should consult 2462 an attorney." 2463

(3) All law enforcement agencies shall establish and
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maintain an index for the temporary protection orders delivered
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to the agencies pursuant to division (G) (1) of this section.
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With respect to each order delivered, each agency shall note on
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the index, the date and time of the receipt of the order by the
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agency.

(4) A complainant, alleged victim, or other person who 2470 obtains a temporary protection order under this section may 2471 provide notice of the issuance of the temporary protection order 2472 to the judicial and law enforcement officials in any county 2473 other than the county in which the order is issued by 2474 registering that order in the other county in accordance with 2475 division (N) of section 3113.31 of the Revised Code and filing a 2476 copy of the registered protection order with a law enforcement 2477 agency in the other county in accordance with that division. 2478

(5) Any officer of a law enforcement agency shall enforce 2479 a temporary protection order issued by any court in this state 2480 in accordance with the provisions of the order, including 2481 removing the defendant from the premises, regardless of whether 2482 the order is registered in the county in which the officer's 2483 agency has jurisdiction as authorized by division (G) (4) of this 2484 section. 2485

(H) Upon a violation of a temporary protection order, the 2486
 court may issue another temporary protection order, as a 2487
 pretrial condition of release, that modifies the terms of the 2488
 order that was violated. 2489

(I)(1) As used in divisions (I)(1) and (2) of this

Page 85

section, "defendant" means a person who is alleged in a 2491 complaint to have committed a violation, offense of violence, or 2492 sexually oriented offense of the type described in division (A) 2493 of this section. 2494

(2) If a complaint is filed that alleges that a person 2495 committed a violation, offense of violence, or sexually oriented 2496 offense of the type described in division (A) of this section, 2497 the court may not issue a temporary protection order under this 2498 section that requires the complainant, the alleged victim, or 2499 another family or household member of the defendant to do or 2500 refrain from doing an act that the court may require the 2501 defendant to do or refrain from doing under a temporary 2502 protection order unless both of the following apply: 2503

(a) The defendant has filed a separate complaint that
alleges that the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or
bousehold member in question who would be required under the
order to do or refrain from doing the act committed a violation
or offense of violence of the type described in division (A) of
this section.

2510 (b) The court determines that both the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or household member in question 2511 who would be required under the order to do or refrain from 2512 doing the act and the defendant acted primarily as aggressors, 2513 that neither the complainant, alleged victim, or other family or 2514 household member in question who would be required under the 2515 order to do or refrain from doing the act nor the defendant 2516 acted primarily in self-defense, and, in accordance with the 2517 standards and criteria of this section as applied in relation to 2518 the separate complaint filed by the defendant, that it should 2519 issue the order to require the complainant, alleged victim, or 2520

other family or household member in question to do or refrain 2521 from doing the act. 2522

(J) (1) Subject to division (J) (2) of this section and 2523 regardless of whether a protection order is issued or a consent 2524 agreement is approved by a court of another county or a court of 2525 another state, no court or unit of state or local government 2526 shall charge the movant any fee, cost, deposit, or money in 2527 connection with the filing of a motion pursuant to this section, 2528 in connection with the filing, issuance, registration, 2529 2530 modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, or service of a protection order, consent agreement, or witness subpoena or 2531 for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order or consent 2532 2533 agreement.

(2) Regardless of whether a protection order is issued or 2534 a consent agreement is approved pursuant to this section, if the 2535 defendant is convicted the court may assess costs against the 2536 defendant in connection with the filing, issuance, registration, 2537 modification, enforcement, dismissal, withdrawal, or service of 2538 a protection order, consent agreement, or witness subpoena or 2539 for obtaining a certified copy of a protection order or consent 2540 2541 agreement.

(K) As used in this section:

(1) "Companion animal" has the same meaning as in section 2543959.131 of the Revised Code. 2544

(2) "Sexually oriented offense" has the same meaning as in2545section 2950.01 of the Revised Code.2546

(3) "Victim advocate" means a person who provides support 2547
 and assistance for a victim of an offense during court 2548
 proceedings. 2549

Sec. 2921.22. (A) (1) Except as provided in division (A) (2) 2550 of this section, no person, knowing that a felony has been or is 2551 being committed, shall knowingly fail to report such information 2552 to law enforcement authorities. 2553

(2) No person, knowing that a violation of <u>section 2913.87</u>
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<u>or</u> division (B) of section 2913.04 of the Revised Code has been,
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or is being committed or that the person has received
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information derived from such a violation, shall knowingly fail
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to report the violation to law enforcement authorities.

(B) Except for conditions that are within the scope of
division (E) of this section, no person giving aid to a sick or
injured person shall negligently fail to report to law
enforcement authorities any gunshot or stab wound treated or
observed by the person, or any serious physical harm to persons
that the person knows or has reasonable cause to believe
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resulted from an offense of violence.

(C) No person who discovers the body or acquires the first 2566 knowledge of the death of a person shall fail to report the 2567 death immediately to a physician or advanced practice registered 2568 nurse whom the person knows to be treating the deceased for a 2569 condition from which death at such time would not be unexpected, 2570 or to a law enforcement officer, an ambulance service, an 2571 emergency squad, or the coroner in a political subdivision in 2572 which the body is discovered, the death is believed to have 2573 occurred, or knowledge concerning the death is obtained. For 2574 purposes of this division, "advanced practice registered nurse" 2575 does not include a certified registered nurse anesthetist. 2576

(D) No person shall fail to provide upon request of the
person to whom a report required by division (C) of this section
was made, or to any law enforcement officer who has reasonable
2579

cause to assert the authority to investigate the circumstances 2580 surrounding the death, any facts within the person's knowledge 2581 that may have a bearing on the investigation of the death. 2582

(E) (1) As used in this division, "burn injury" means any 2583of the following: 2584

(a) Second or third degree burns;

(b) Any burns to the upper respiratory tract or laryngeal 2586 edema due to the inhalation of superheated air; 2587

(c) Any burn injury or wound that may result in death;

(d) Any physical harm to persons caused by or as the
result of the use of fireworks, novelties and trick noisemakers,
and wire sparklers, as each is defined by section 3743.01 of the
Revised Code.

(2) No physician, nurse, physician assistant, or limited 2593 practitioner who, outside a hospital, sanitarium, or other 2594 medical facility, attends or treats a person who has sustained a 2595 burn injury that is inflicted by an explosion or other 2596 incendiary device or that shows evidence of having been 2597 inflicted in a violent, malicious, or criminal manner shall fail 2598 to report the burn injury immediately to the local arson, or 2599 fire and explosion investigation, bureau, if there is a bureau 2600 of this type in the jurisdiction in which the person is attended 2601 or treated, or otherwise to local law enforcement authorities. 2602

(3) No manager, superintendent, or other person in charge
(3) No manager, superintendent, or other person in charge
(3) of a hospital, sanitarium, or other medical facility in which a
(3) person is attended or treated for any burn injury that is
(3) person is attended or treated for any burn injury that is
(3) person is attended or treated for any burn injury that is
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immediately to the local arson, or fire and explosion 2609 investigation, bureau, if there is a bureau of this type in the 2610 jurisdiction in which the person is attended or treated, or 2611 otherwise to local law enforcement authorities. 2612

(4) No person who is required to report any burn injury
under division (E) (2) or (3) of this section shall fail to file,
within three working days after attending or treating the
victim, a written report of the burn injury with the office of
the state fire marshal. The report shall comply with the uniform
standard developed by the state fire marshal pursuant to
division (A) (15) of section 3737.22 of the Revised Code.

(5) Anyone participating in the making of reports under 2620 division (E) of this section or anyone participating in a 2621 judicial proceeding resulting from the reports is immune from 2622 any civil or criminal liability that otherwise might be incurred 2623 or imposed as a result of such actions. Notwithstanding section 2624 4731.22 of the Revised Code, the physician-patient relationship 2625 or advanced practice registered nurse-patient relationship is 2626 not a ground for excluding evidence regarding a person's burn 2627 injury or the cause of the burn injury in any judicial 2628 proceeding resulting from a report submitted under division (E) 2629 of this section. 2630

(F)(1) Any doctor of medicine or osteopathic medicine, 2631 hospital intern or resident, nurse, psychologist, social worker, 2632 independent social worker, social work assistant, licensed 2633 professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 2634 counselor, independent marriage and family therapist, or 2635 marriage and family therapist who knows or has reasonable cause 2636 to believe that a patient or client has been the victim of 2637 domestic violence, as defined in section 3113.31 of the Revised 2638

Code, shall note that knowledge or belief and the basis for it 2639 in the patient's or client's records. 2640

(2) Notwithstanding section 4731.22 of the Revised Code, the physician-patient privilege or advanced practice registered 2642 nurse-patient privilege shall not be a ground for excluding any 2643 information regarding the report containing the knowledge or 2644 belief noted under division (F)(1) of this section, and the 2645 information may be admitted as evidence in accordance with the 2646 Rules of Evidence. 2647

(G) Divisions (A) and (D) of this section do not require 2648 disclosure of information, when any of the following applies: 2649

(1) The information is privileged by reason of the 2650 relationship between attorney and client; physician and patient; 2651 advanced practice registered nurse and patient; licensed 2652 psychologist or licensed school psychologist and client; 2653 licensed professional clinical counselor, licensed professional 2654 counselor, independent social worker, social worker, independent 2655 marriage and family therapist, or marriage and family therapist 2656 and client; member of the clergy, rabbi, minister, or priest and 2657 any person communicating information confidentially to the 2658 member of the clergy, rabbi, minister, or priest for a religious 2659 counseling purpose of a professional character; husband and 2660 wife; or a communications assistant and those who are a party to 2661 a telecommunications relay service call. 2662

(2) The information would tend to incriminate a member of 2663 the actor's immediate family. 2664

(3) Disclosure of the information would amount to 2665 revealing a news source, privileged under section 2739.04 or 2666 2739.12 of the Revised Code. 2667

(4) Disclosure of the information would amount to
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disclosure by a member of the ordained clergy of an organized
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religious body of a confidential communication made to that
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member of the clergy in that member's capacity as a member of
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the clergy by a person seeking the aid or counsel of that member
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of the clergy.

(5) Disclosure would amount to revealing information 2674 acquired by the actor in the course of the actor's duties in 2675 connection with a bona fide program of treatment or services for 2676 drug dependent persons or persons in danger of drug dependence, 2677 which program is maintained or conducted by a hospital, clinic, 2678 person, agency, or community addiction services provider whose 2679 alcohol and drug addiction services are certified pursuant to 2680 section 5119.36 of the Revised Code. 2681

(6) Disclosure would amount to revealing information 2682 acquired by the actor in the course of the actor's duties in 2683 connection with a bona fide program for providing counseling 2684 services to victims of crimes that are violations of section 2685 2907.02 or 2907.05 of the Revised Code or to victims of 2686 felonious sexual penetration in violation of former section 2687 2907.12 of the Revised Code. As used in this division, 2688 "counseling services" include services provided in an informal 2689 setting by a person who, by education or experience, is 2690 competent to provide those services. 2691

(H) No disclosure of information pursuant to this section 2692gives rise to any liability or recrimination for a breach of 2693privilege or confidence. 2694

(I) Whoever violates division (A) or (B) of this section 2695
is guilty of failure to report a crime. Violation of division 2696
(A) (1) of this section is a misdemeanor of the fourth degree. 2697

Violation of division (A)(2) or (B) of this section is a	2698
misdemeanor of the second degree.	2699
(J) Whoever violates division (C) or (D) of this section	2700
is guilty of failure to report knowledge of a death, a	2701
misdemeanor of the fourth degree.	2702
(K)(1) Whoever negligently violates division (E) of this	2703
section is guilty of a minor misdemeanor.	2704
(2) Whoever knowingly violates division (E) of this	2705
section is guilty of a misdemeanor of the second degree.	2706
(L) As used in this section, "nurse" includes an advanced	2707
practice registered nurse, registered nurse, and licensed	2708
practical nurse.	2709
	0 - 1 0
Sec. 2923.04. (A) As used in this section:	2710
(1) "Compensation" means money, thing of value, or	2711
financial benefit. "Compensation" does not include bail, fines,	2712
or court costs.	2713
(2) "Critical infrastructure facility" has the same	2714
meaning as in section 2911.21 of the Revised Code.	2715
(3) "Organization" has the same meaning as in section	2716
2901.23 of the Revised Code.	2710
	2111
(B) No organization shall knowingly direct, authorize,	2718
facilitate, or encourage a person to commit any of the following	2719
offenses or provide compensation to a person for committing any	2720
of the following offenses:	2721
(1) Criminal mischief in violation of division <del>(A)(7) <u>(</u>A)</del>	2722
(6) of section 2909.07 of the Revised Code;	2723
(2) Criminal trespass in violation of division (A)(5) of	2724
(2, diminal diopadd in violation of arvibion (n, (d, of	2,21

H. B. No. 116 As Reported by the House Criminal Justice Committee	Page 94 Criminal Justice Committee	
section 2911.21 of the Revised Code;	2725	
(3) Aggravated trespass in violation of division (A)(2) of	2726	
section 2911.211 of the Revised Code;	2727	
(4) Telecommunications harassment in violation of division	2728	
(A)(4) of section 2917.21 of the Revised Code that involves a	2729	
threat of damage to or destruction of a critical infrastructure	2730	
facility;	2731	
(5) Making false alarms in violation of division (A)(4) of	2732	
section 2917.32 of the Revised Code.	2733	
(C) Whoever violates this section is guilty of improper	2734	
organizational involvement with a critical infrastructure	2735	
facility. Notwithstanding section 2929.31 of the Revised Code,	2736	
improper organizational involvement with a critical	2737	
infrastructure facility shall be punished as follows:	2738	
(1) A violation of division (B)(1) of this section shall	2739	
be punished with a fine that is ten times the maximum fine that	2740	
can be imposed on an individual for a violation of division $(A)$	2741	
(7) (A) (6) of section 2909.07 of the Revised Code;	2742	
(2) A violation of division (B)(2) of this section shall	2743	
be punished with a fine that is ten times the maximum fine that	2744	
can be imposed on an individual for a violation of division (A)	2745	
(5) of section 2911.21 of the Revised Code;	2746	
(3) A violation of division (B)(3) of this section shall	2747	
be punished with a fine that is ten times the maximum fine that	2748	
can be imposed on an individual for a violation of division (A)	2749	
(2) of section 2911.211 of the Revised Code;	2750	
(4) A violation of division (B)(4) of this section shall	2751	
be punished with a fine that is ten times the maximum fine that	2752	

can be imposed on an individual for a violation of division (A) 2753
(4) of section 2917.21 that involves a threat of damage to or 2754
destruction of a critical infrastructure facility; 2755

(5) A violation of division (B) (5) of this section shall
(5) A violation of division (B) (5) of this section shall
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Sec. 2923.129. (A) (1) If a sheriff, the superintendent of 2760 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation, the 2761 employees of the bureau, the Ohio peace officer training 2762 commission, or the employees of the commission make a good faith 2763 effort in performing the duties imposed upon the sheriff, the 2764 superintendent, the bureau's employees, the commission, or the 2765 commission's employees by sections 109.731, 311.41, and 2923.124 2766 to 2923.1213 of the Revised Code, in addition to the personal 2767 immunity provided by section 9.86 of the Revised Code or 2768 division (A)(6) of section 2744.03 of the Revised Code and the 2769 governmental immunity of sections 2744.02 and 2744.03 of the 2770 Revised Code and in addition to any other immunity possessed by 2771 the bureau, the commission, and their employees, the sheriff, 2772 the sheriff's office, the county in which the sheriff has 2773 jurisdiction, the bureau, the superintendent of the bureau, the 2774 bureau's employees, the commission, and the commission's 2775 employees are immune from liability in a civil action for 2776 injury, death, or loss to person or property that allegedly was 2777 caused by or related to any of the following: 2778

(a) The issuance, renewal, suspension, or revocation of a 2779concealed handgun license; 2780

(b) The failure to issue, renew, suspend, or revoke a 2781concealed handgun license; 2782

(c) Any action or misconduct with a handgun committed by a 2783 licensee. 2784 (2) Any action of a sheriff relating to the issuance, 2785 renewal, suspension, or revocation of a concealed handgun 2786 license shall be considered to be a governmental function for 2787 purposes of Chapter 2744. of the Revised Code. 2788 (3) An entity that or instructor who provides a competency 2789 certification of a type described in division (B)(3) of section 2790 2923.125 of the Revised Code is immune from civil liability that 2791 might otherwise be incurred or imposed for any death or any 2792 injury or loss to person or property that is caused by or 2793

the competency certificate if all of the following apply:2795(a) The alleged liability of the entity or instructor2796relates to the training provided in the course, class, or2797program covered by the competency certificate.2798

related to a person to whom the entity or instructor has issued

(b) The entity or instructor makes a good faith effort in 2799 determining whether the person has satisfactorily completed the 2800 course, class, or program and makes a good faith effort in 2801 assessing the person in the competency examination conducted 2802 pursuant to division (G)(2) of section 2923.125 of the Revised 2803 Code. 2804

(c) The entity or instructor did not issue the competency certificate with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.

(4) An entity that or instructor who, prior to March 27, 2808
2013, provides a renewed competency certification of a type 2809
described in division (G) (4) of section 2923.125 of the Revised 2810
Code as it existed prior to March 27, 2013, is immune from civil 2811

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liability that might otherwise be incurred or imposed for any 2812
death or any injury or loss to person or property that is caused 2813
by or related to a person to whom the entity or instructor has 2814
issued the renewed competency certificate if all of the 2815
following apply: 2816

(a) The entity or instructor makes a good faith effort in
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assessing the person in the physical demonstrations or the
competency examination conducted pursuant to division (G) (4) of
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section 2923.125 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to
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March 27, 2013.

(b) The entity or instructor did not issue the renewed competency certificate with malicious purpose, in bad faith, or in a wanton or reckless manner.

(B) Notwithstanding section 149.43 of the Revised Code, 2825 the records that a sheriff keeps relative to the issuance, 2826 renewal, suspension, or revocation of a concealed handgun 2827 license, including, but not limited to, completed applications 2828 for the issuance or renewal of a license, completed affidavits 2829 submitted regarding an application for a license on a temporary 2830 2831 emergency basis, reports of criminal records checks and incompetency records checks under section 311.41 of the Revised 2832 Code, and applicants' social security numbers and fingerprints 2833 that are obtained under division (A) of section 311.41 of the 2834 Revised Code, are confidential and are not public records. No 2835 person shall release or otherwise disseminate records that are 2836 confidential under this division unless required to do so 2837 pursuant to a court order. 2838

(C) Each sheriff shall report to the Ohio peace officer2839training commission the number of concealed handgun licenses2840that the sheriff issued, renewed, suspended, revoked, or denied2841

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under section 2923.125 of the Revised Code during the previous 2842 quarter of the calendar year, the number of applications for 2843 those licenses for which processing was suspended in accordance 2844 with division (D)(3) of section 2923.125 of the Revised Code 2845 during the previous guarter of the calendar year, and the number 2846 of concealed handgun licenses on a temporary emergency basis 2847 that the sheriff issued, suspended, revoked, or denied under 2848 section 2923.1213 of the Revised Code during the previous 2849 quarter of the calendar year. The sheriff shall not include in 2850 the report the name or any other identifying information of an 2851 applicant or licensee. The sheriff shall report that information 2852 in a manner that permits the commission to maintain the 2853 statistics described in division (C) of section 109.731 of the 2854 Revised Code and to timely prepare the statistical report 2855 described in that division. The information that is received by 2856 the commission under this division is a public record kept by 2857 the commission for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised 2858 Code. 2859

(D) Law enforcement agencies may use the information a 2860 sheriff makes available through the use of the law enforcement 2861 automated data system pursuant to division (H) of section 2862 2923.125 or division (B)(2) or (D) of section 2923.1213 of the 2863 Revised Code for law enforcement purposes only. The information 2864 is confidential and is not a public record. Except as provided 2865 in section 5503.101 of the Revised Code, a person who releases 2866 or otherwise disseminates this information obtained through the 2867 law enforcement automated data system in a manner not described 2868 in this division is quilty of a violation of section sections 2869 2913.04, 2913.87, 2913.91, and 2913.92 of the Revised Code. 2870

(E) Whoever violates division (B) of this section is2871guilty of illegal release of confidential concealed handgun2872

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license records, a felony of the fifth degree. In addition to 2873 any penalties imposed under Chapter 2929. of the Revised Code 2874 for a violation of division (B) of this section or a violation 2875 of section 2913.04, 2913.87, 2913.91, or 2913.92 of the Revised 2876 Code described in division (D) of this section, if the offender 2877 is a sheriff, an employee of a sheriff, or any other public 2878 officer or employee, and if the violation was willful and 2879 deliberate, the offender shall be subject to a civil fine of one 2880 thousand dollars. Any person who is harmed by a violation of 2881 division (B) or (C) of this section or a violation of section 2882 2913.04, 2913.87, 2913.91, or 2913.92 of the Revised Code 2883 described in division (D) of this section has a private cause of 2884 action against the offender for any injury, death, or loss to 2885 person or property that is a proximate result of the violation 2886 and may recover court costs and attorney's fees related to the 2887 action. 2888

Sec. 2927.12. (A) No person shall violate section 2903.21, 2889 2903.22, 2909.06, or 2909.07, or 2913.88, or division (A)(3), 2890 (4), or (5) of section 2917.21 of the Revised Code by reason of 2891 the race, color, religion, or national origin of another person 2892 or group of persons. 2893

(B) Whoever violates this section is guilty of ethnic intimidation. Ethnic intimidation is an offense of the next higher degree than the offense the commission of which is a necessary element of ethnic intimidation.

 Sec. 2933.51. As used in sections 2933.51 to 2933.66 of
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 the Revised Code:
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(A) "Wire communication" means an aural transfer that is
(A) "Wire communication" means an aural transfer that is
(A) made in whole or in part through the use of facilities for the
(A) transmission of communications by the aid of wires or similar
(A) 2900
(A) "Wire communications by the aid of wires or similar

methods of connecting the point of origin of the communication 2903 and the point of reception of the communication, including the 2904 use of a method of connecting the point of origin and the point 2905 of reception of the communication in a switching station, if the 2906 facilities are furnished or operated by a person engaged in 2907 providing or operating the facilities for the transmission of 2908 communications. "Wire communication" includes an electronic 2909 storage of a wire communication. 2910

(B) "Oral communication" means an oral communication uttered by a person exhibiting an expectation that the 2913 communication is not subject to interception under circumstances justifying that expectation. "Oral communication" does not include an electronic communication.

(C) "Intercept" means the aural or other acquisition of 2916 the contents of any wire, oral, or electronic communication 2917 through the use of an interception device. 2918

(D) "Interception device" means an electronic, mechanical, 2919 or other device or apparatus that can be used to intercept a 2920 wire, oral, or electronic communication. "Interception device" 2921 2922 does not mean any of the following:

(1) A telephone or telegraph instrument, equipment, or 2923 facility, or any of its components, if the instrument, 2924 equipment, facility, or component is any of the following: 2925

(a) Furnished to the subscriber or user by a provider of 2926 wire or electronic communication service in the ordinary course 2927 of its business and being used by the subscriber or user in the 2928 ordinary course of its business; 2929

(b) Furnished by a subscriber or user for connection to 2930 the facilities of a provider of wire or electronic communication 2931

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service and used in the ordinary course of that subscriber's or	2932
user's business;	2933
(c) Being used by a provider of wire or electronic	2934
communication service in the ordinary course of its business or	2935
by an investigative or law enforcement officer in the ordinary	2936
course of the officer's duties that do not involve the	2937
interception of wire, oral, or electronic communications.	2938
(2) A hearing aid or similar device being used to correct	2939
subnormal hearing to not better than normal.	2940
(E) "Investigative officer" means any of the following:	2941
(1) An officer of this state or a political subdivision of	2942
this state, who is empowered by law to conduct investigations or	2943
to make arrests for a designated offense;	2944
(2) A person described in divisions (A)(11)(a) and (b) of	2945
section 2901.01 of the Revised Code;	2946
(3) An attorney authorized by law to prosecute or	2947
participate in the prosecution of a designated offense;	2948
(4) A secret service officer appointed pursuant to section	2949
309.07 of the Revised Code;	2950
(5) An officer of the United States, a state, or a	2951
political subdivision of a state who is authorized to conduct	2952
investigations pursuant to the "Electronic Communications	2953
Privacy Act of 1986," 100 Stat. 1848-1857, 18 U.S.C. 2510-2521	2954
(1986), as amended.	2955
(F) "Interception warrant" means a court order that	2956
authorizes the interception of wire, oral, or electronic	2957
communications and that is issued pursuant to sections 2933.53	2958
to 2933.56 of the Revised Code.	2959

(G) "Contents," when used with respect to a wire, oral, or
electronic communication, includes any information concerning
the substance, purport, or meaning of the communication.
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(H) "Communications common carrier" means a person who is
engaged as a common carrier for hire in intrastate, interstate,
or foreign communications by wire, radio, or radio transmission
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of energy. "Communications common carrier" does not include, to
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the extent that the person is engaged in radio broadcasting, a
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person engaged in radio broadcasting.

(I) "Designated offense" means any of the following:

(1) A felony violation of section 1315.53, 1315.55, 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.11, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.22, 2905.32, 2907.02, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2909.26, 2909.27, 2909.28, 2909.29, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.02, 2913.04, 2913.42, 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92, 2915.02, 2915.03, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2921.02, 2921.03, 2921.04, 2921.32, 2921.34, 2923.20, 2923.32, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, or 2925.06 or of division (B) of section 2915.05 or of division (E) or (G) of section 3772.99 of the Revised Code;</u>

(2) A violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code 2980 that, had it occurred prior to July 1, 1996, would have been a 2981 violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed 2982 prior to that date; 2983

(3) A felony violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised
Code that is not a minor drug possession offense, as defined in
section 2925.01 of the Revised Code;
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(4) Complicity in the commission of a felony violation of 2987a section listed in division (I)(1), (2), or (3) of this 2988

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disseminating news for the general public.

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section;	2989
(5) An attempt to commit, or conspiracy in the commission	2990
of, a felony violation of a section listed in division (I)(1),	2991
(2), or (3) of this section, if the attempt or conspiracy is	2992
punishable by a term of imprisonment of more than one year.	2993
(J) "Aggrieved person" means a person who was a party to	2994
an intercepted wire, oral, or electronic communication or a	2995
person against whom the interception of the communication was	2996
directed.	2997
(K) "Person" means a person, as defined in section 1.59 of	2998
the Revised Code, or a governmental officer, employee, or	2999
entity.	3000
(L) "Special need" means a showing that a licensed	3001
physician, licensed practicing psychologist, attorney,	3002
practicing cleric, journalist, or either spouse is personally	3003
engaging in continuing criminal activity, was engaged in	3004
continuing criminal activity over a period of time, or is	3005
committing, has committed, or is about to commit, a designated	3006
offense, or a showing that specified public facilities are being	3007
regularly used by someone who is personally engaging in	3008
continuing criminal activity, was engaged in continuing criminal	3009
activity over a period of time, or is committing, has committed,	3010
or is about to commit, a designated offense.	3011
(M) "Journalist" means a person engaged in, connected	3012
with, or employed by, any news media, including a newspaper,	3013
magazine, press association, news agency, or wire service, a	3014
radio or television station, or a similar media, for the purpose	3015
of gathering, processing, transmitting, compiling, editing, or	3016

(N) "Electronic communication" means a transfer of a sign, 3018 signal, writing, image, sound, datum, or intelligence of any 3019 nature that is transmitted in whole or in part by a wire, radio, 3020 electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photo-optical system. 3021 "Electronic communication" does not mean any of the following: 3022 (1) A wire or oral communication; 3023 (2) A communication made through a tone-only paging 3024 device; 3025 (3) A communication from an electronic or mechanical 3026 tracking device that permits the tracking of the movement of a 3027 3028 person or object. (O) "User" means a person or entity that uses an 3029 electronic communication service and is duly authorized by the 3030 provider of the service to engage in the use of the electronic 3031 communication service. 3032 (P) "Electronic communications system" means a wire, 3033 3034 radio, electromagnetic, photoelectronic, or photo-optical facility for the transmission of electronic communications, and 3035 a computer facility or related electronic equipment for the 3036 electronic storage of electronic communications. 3037 (Q) "Electronic communication service" means a service 3038 that provides to users of the service the ability to send or 3039 receive wire or electronic communications. 3040 (R) "Readily accessible to the general public" means, with 3041 respect to a radio communication, that the communication is none 3042 of the following: 3043 (1) Scrambled or encrypted; 3044

(2) Transmitted using a modulation technique, the

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essential parameters of which have been withheld from the public 3046 with the intention of preserving the privacy of the 3047 communication; 3048

(3) Carried on a subcarrier or other signal subsidiary to 3049a radio transmission; 3050

(4) Transmitted over a communications system provided by a 3051
 communications common carrier, unless the communication is a 3052
 tone-only paging system communication; 3053

(5) Transmitted on a frequency allocated under part 25, 3054
subpart D, E, or F of part 74, or part 94 of the Rules of the 3055
Federal Communications Commission, as those provisions existed 3056
on July 1, 1996, unless, in the case of a communication 3057
transmitted on a frequency allocated under part 74 that is not 3058
exclusively allocated to broadcast auxiliary services, the 3059
communication is a two-way voice communication by radio. 3060

(S) "Electronic storage" means a temporary, intermediate
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storage of a wire or electronic communication that is incidental
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to the electronic transmission of the communication, and a
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storage of a wire or electronic communication by an electronic
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communication service for the purpose of backup protection of
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the communication.

(T) "Aural transfer" means a transfer containing the human3067voice at a point between and including the point of origin and3068the point of reception.3069

(U) "Pen register" means a device that records or decodes
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(V) "Trap and trace device" means a device that captures

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the incoming electronic or other impulses that identify the3075originating number of an instrument or device from which a wire3076communication or electronic communication was transmitted but3077that does not intercept the contents of the wire communication3078or electronic communication.3079

(W) "Judge of a court of common pleas" means a judge of
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that court who is elected or appointed as a judge of general
jurisdiction or as a judge who exercises both general
jurisdiction and probate, domestic relations, or juvenile
jurisdiction. "Judge of a court of common pleas" does not mean a
judge of that court who is elected or appointed specifically as
a probate, domestic relations, or juvenile judge.

#### Sec. 3712.09. (A) As used in this section: 3087

(1) "Applicant" means a person who is under final 3088 consideration for employment with a hospice care program or 3089 pediatric respite care program in a full-time, part-time, or 3090 temporary position that involves providing direct care to an 3091 older adult or pediatric respite care patient. "Applicant" does 3092 not include a person who provides direct care as a volunteer 3093 without receiving or expecting to receive any form of 3094 remuneration other than reimbursement for actual expenses. 3095

(2) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in3096section 109.572 of the Revised Code.3097

(3) "Older adult" means a person age sixty or older. 3098

(B) (1) Except as provided in division (I) of this section, 3099
the chief administrator of a hospice care program or pediatric 3100
respite care program shall request that the superintendent of 3101
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation conduct 3102
a criminal records check of each applicant. If an applicant for 3103

whom a criminal records check request is required under this 3104 division does not present proof of having been a resident of 3105 this state for the five-year period immediately prior to the 3106 date the criminal records check is requested or provide evidence 3107 that within that five-year period the superintendent has 3108 requested information about the applicant from the federal 3109 bureau of investigation in a criminal records check, the chief 3110 administrator shall request that the superintendent obtain 3111 information from the federal bureau of investigation as part of 3112 the criminal records check of the applicant. Even if an 3113 applicant for whom a criminal records check request is required 3114 under this division presents proof of having been a resident of 3115 this state for the five-year period, the chief administrator may 3116

(2) A person required by division (B) (1) of this sectionto request a criminal records check shall do both of the3120following:

request that the superintendent include information from the

federal bureau of investigation in the criminal records check.

(a) Provide to each applicant for whom a criminal records
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check request is required under that division a copy of the form
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prescribed pursuant to division (C) (1) of section 109.572 of the
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Revised Code and a standard fingerprint impression sheet
3125
prescribed pursuant to division (C) (2) of that section, and
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obtain the completed form and impression sheet from the
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applicant;

(b) Forward the completed form and impression sheet to the 3129superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 3130investigation. 3131

(3) An applicant provided the form and fingerprint3132impression sheet under division (B) (2) (a) of this section who3133

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fails to complete the form or provide fingerprint impressions3134shall not be employed in any position for which a criminal3135records check is required by this section.3136

(C) (1) Except as provided in rules adopted by the director 3137 of health in accordance with division (F) of this section and 3138 subject to division (C) (2) of this section, no hospice care 3139 program or pediatric respite care program shall employ a person 3140 in a position that involves providing direct care to an older 3141 adult or pediatric respite care patient if the person has been 3142 convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 3143

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 3144 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 3145 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 3146 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 3147 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 3148 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 3149 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to</u> 3150 <u>2913.92,</u> 2919.25, 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 3151 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the 3152 Revised Code. 3153

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (C) (1) (a) of this section.

(2) (a) A hospice care program or pediatric respite care
program may employ conditionally an applicant for whom a
criminal records check request is required under division (B) of
this section prior to obtaining the results of a criminal
records check regarding the individual, provided that the
program shall request a criminal records check regarding the
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individual in accordance with division (B)(1) of this section 3164 not later than five business days after the individual begins 3165 conditional employment. In the circumstances described in 3166 division (I)(2) of this section, a hospice care program or 3167 pediatric respite care program may employ conditionally an 3168 applicant who has been referred to the hospice care program or 3169 pediatric respite care program by an employment service that 3170 supplies full-time, part-time, or temporary staff for positions 3171 involving the direct care of older adults or pediatric respite 3172 care patients and for whom, pursuant to that division, a 3173 criminal records check is not required under division (B) of 3174 this section. 3175

(b) A hospice care program or pediatric respite care 3176 program that employs an individual conditionally under authority 3177 of division (C)(2)(a) of this section shall terminate the 3178 individual's employment if the results of the criminal records 3179 check requested under division (B) of this section or described 3180 in division (I)(2) of this section, other than the results of 3181 any request for information from the federal bureau of 3182 investigation, are not obtained within the period ending thirty 3183 days after the date the request is made. Regardless of when the 3184 results of the criminal records check are obtained, if the 3185 results indicate that the individual has been convicted of or 3186 pleaded quilty to any of the offenses listed or described in 3187 division (C)(1) of this section, the program shall terminate the 3188 individual's employment unless the program chooses to employ the 3189 individual pursuant to division (F) of this section. Termination 3190 of employment under this division shall be considered just cause 3191 for discharge for purposes of division (D)(2) of section 4141.29 3192 of the Revised Code if the individual makes any attempt to 3193 deceive the program about the individual's criminal record. 3194

(D) (1) Each hospice care program or pediatric respite care
program shall pay to the bureau of criminal identification and
investigation the fee prescribed pursuant to division (C) (3) of
section 109.572 of the Revised Code for each criminal records
check conducted pursuant to a request made under division (B) of
this section.

(2) A hospice care program or pediatric respite care
program may charge an applicant a fee not exceeding the amount
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the program pays under division (D) (1) of this section. A
program may collect a fee only if both of the following apply:
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(a) The program notifies the person at the time of initial
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 application for employment of the amount of the fee and that,
 unless the fee is paid, the person will not be considered for
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 employment;
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(b) The medicaid program does not reimburse the program 3209 the fee it pays under division (D)(1) of this section. 3210

(E) The report of a criminal records check conducted
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pursuant to a request made under this section is not a public
record for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code
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and shall not be made available to any person other than the
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following:

(1) The individual who is the subject of the criminal3216records check or the individual's representative;3217

(2) The chief administrator of the program requesting the 3218criminal records check or the administrator's representative; 3219

(3) The administrator of any other facility, agency, or
program that provides direct care to older adults or pediatric
respite care patients that is owned or operated by the same
acceleration operates the hospice care program or
acceleration operates acceleration

pediatric respite care program;

(4) A court, hearing officer, or other necessary 3225 individual involved in a case dealing with a denial of 3226 employment of the applicant or dealing with employment or 3227 unemployment benefits of the applicant; 3228

(5) Any person to whom the report is provided pursuant to, 3229 and in accordance with, division (I)(1) or (2) of this section. 3230

(F) The director of health shall adopt rules in accordance 3231 with Chapter 119. of the Revised Code to implement this section. 3232 The rules shall specify circumstances under which a hospice care 3233 3234 program or pediatric respite care program may employ a person who has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense listed 3235 or described in division (C)(1) of this section but meets 3236 personal character standards set by the director. 3237

(G) The chief administrator of a hospice care program or 3238 pediatric respite care program shall inform each individual, at 3239 the time of initial application for a position that involves 3240 providing direct care to an older adult or pediatric respite 3241 care patient, that the individual is required to provide a set 3242 of fingerprint impressions and that a criminal records check is 3243 required to be conducted if the individual comes under final 3244 consideration for employment. 3245

(H) In a tort or other civil action for damages that is 3246 brought as the result of an injury, death, or loss to person or 3247 property caused by an individual who a hospice care program or 3248 pediatric respite care program employs in a position that 3249 involves providing direct care to older adults or pediatric 3250 respite care patients, all of the following shall apply: 3251

(1) If the program employed the individual in good faith 3252

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and reasonable reliance on the report of a criminal records3253check requested under this section, the program shall not be3254found negligent solely because of its reliance on the report,3255even if the information in the report is determined later to3256have been incomplete or inaccurate;3257

(2) If the program employed the individual in good faith
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on a conditional basis pursuant to division (C) (2) of this
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section, the program shall not be found negligent solely because
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it employed the individual prior to receiving the report of a
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criminal records check requested under this section;

(3) If the program in good faith employed the individual
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according to the personal character standards established in
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rules adopted under division (F) of this section, the program
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shall not be found negligent solely because the individual prior
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to being employed had been convicted of or pleaded guilty to an
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offense listed or described in division (C) (1) of this section.

(I) (1) The chief administrator of a hospice care program 3269 or pediatric respite care program is not required to request 3270 that the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification 3271 and investigation conduct a criminal records check of an 3272 applicant if the applicant has been referred to the program by 3273 an employment service that supplies full-time, part-time, or 3274 temporary staff for positions involving the direct care of older 3275 adults or pediatric respite care patients and both of the 3276 following apply: 3277

(a) The chief administrator receives from the employment
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 service or the applicant a report of the results of a criminal
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 records check regarding the applicant that has been conducted by
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 the superintendent within the one-year period immediately
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 preceding the applicant's referral;

(b) The report of the criminal records check demonstrates 3283 that the person has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 3284 an offense listed or described in division (C)(1) of this 3285 section, or the report demonstrates that the person has been 3286 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more of those offenses, 3287 but the hospice care program or pediatric respite care program 3288 chooses to employ the individual pursuant to division (F) of 3289 this section. 3290

(2) The chief administrator of a hospice care program or 3291 3292 pediatric respite care program is not required to request that 3293 the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation conduct a criminal records check of an applicant 3294 and may employ the applicant conditionally as described in this 3295 division, if the applicant has been referred to the program by 3296 an employment service that supplies full-time, part-time, or 3297 temporary staff for positions involving the direct care of older 3298 adults or pediatric respite care patients and if the chief 3299 administrator receives from the employment service or the 3300 applicant a letter from the employment service that is on the 3301 letterhead of the employment service, dated, and signed by a 3302 supervisor or another designated official of the employment 3303 service and that states that the employment service has 3304 requested the superintendent to conduct a criminal records check 3305 regarding the applicant, that the requested criminal records 3306 check will include a determination of whether the applicant has 3307 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any offense listed or 3308 described in division (C)(1) of this section, that, as of the 3309 date set forth on the letter, the employment service had not 3310 received the results of the criminal records check, and that, 3311 when the employment service receives the results of the criminal 3312 records check, it promptly will send a copy of the results to 3313

the hospice care program or pediatric respite care program. If a	3314
hospice care program or pediatric respite care program employs	3315
an applicant conditionally in accordance with this division, the	3316
employment service, upon its receipt of the results of the	3317
criminal records check, promptly shall send a copy of the	3318
results to the hospice care program or pediatric respite care	3319
program, and division (C)(2)(b) of this section applies	3320
regarding the conditional employment.	3321
Sec. 3721.121. (A) As used in this section:	3322
(1) "Adult day-care program" means a program operated	3323
pursuant to rules adopted by the director of health under	3324
section 3721.04 of the Revised Code and provided by and on the	3325
same site as homes licensed under this chapter.	3326
(2) "Applicant" means a person who is under final	3327
consideration for employment with a home or adult day-care	3328
program in a full-time, part-time, or temporary position that	3329
involves providing direct care to an older adult. "Applicant"	3330
does not include a person who provides direct care as a	3331
volunteer without receiving or expecting to receive any form of	3332
remuneration other than reimbursement for actual expenses.	3333
(3) "Community-based long-term care services provider"	3334
means a provider as defined in section 173.39 of the Revised	3335
Code.	3336
(4) "Criminal records check" has the same meaning as in	3337
section 109.572 of the Revised Code.	3338
(5) "Home" means a home as defined in section 3721.10 of	3339
the Revised Code.	3340
(6) "Older adult" means a person age sixty or older.	3341

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(B) (1) Except as provided in division (I) of this section, 3342 the chief administrator of a home or adult day-care program 3343 shall request that the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 3344 identification and investigation conduct a criminal records 3345 check of each applicant. If an applicant for whom a criminal 3346 records check request is required under this division does not 3347 present proof of having been a resident of this state for the 3348 five-year period immediately prior to the date the criminal 3349 records check is requested or provide evidence that within that 3350 five-year period the superintendent has requested information 3351 about the applicant from the federal bureau of investigation in 3352 a criminal records check, the chief administrator shall request 3353 that the superintendent obtain information from the federal 3354 bureau of investigation as part of the criminal records check of 3355 the applicant. Even if an applicant for whom a criminal records 3356 check request is required under this division presents proof of 3357 having been a resident of this state for the five-year period, 3358 the chief administrator may request that the superintendent 3359 include information from the federal bureau of investigation in 3360 the criminal records check. 3361

(2) A person required by division (B) (1) of this sectionto request a criminal records check shall do both of the3363following:3364

(b) Forward the completed form and impression sheet to thesuperintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and3373investigation.

(3) An applicant provided the form and fingerprint
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impression sheet under division (B) (2) (a) of this section who
fails to complete the form or provide fingerprint impressions
shall not be employed in any position for which a criminal
3378
records check is required by this section.

(C) (1) Except as provided in rules adopted by the director 3380 of health in accordance with division (F) of this section and 3381 subject to division (C) (2) of this section, no home or adult 3382 day-care program shall employ a person in a position that 3383 involves providing direct care to an older adult if the person 3384 has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 3385

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 3386 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 3387 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 3388 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 3389 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 3390 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 3391 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, 2913.87 to 3392 2913.92, 2919.25, 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 3393 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the 3394 Revised Code. 3395

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (C) (1) (a) of this section.

(2) (a) A home or an adult day-care program may employ 3400

conditionally an applicant for whom a criminal records check 3401 request is required under division (B) of this section prior to 3402 obtaining the results of a criminal records check regarding the 3403 individual, provided that the home or program shall request a 3404 criminal records check regarding the individual in accordance 3405 with division (B)(1) of this section not later than five 3406 business days after the individual begins conditional 3407 employment. In the circumstances described in division (I)(2) of 3408 this section, a home or adult day-care program may employ 3409 3410 conditionally an applicant who has been referred to the home or adult day-care program by an employment service that supplies 3411 full-time, part-time, or temporary staff for positions involving 3412 the direct care of older adults and for whom, pursuant to that 3413 division, a criminal records check is not required under 3414 division (B) of this section. 3415

(b) A home or adult day-care program that employs an 3416 individual conditionally under authority of division (C)(2)(a) 3417 of this section shall terminate the individual's employment if 3418 the results of the criminal records check requested under 3419 division (B) of this section or described in division (I)(2) of 3420 this section, other than the results of any request for 3421 information from the federal bureau of investigation, are not 3422 obtained within the period ending thirty days after the date the 3423 request is made. Regardless of when the results of the criminal 3424 records check are obtained, if the results indicate that the 3425 individual has been convicted of or pleaded quilty to any of the 3426 offenses listed or described in division (C)(1) of this section, 3427 the home or program shall terminate the individual's employment 3428 unless the home or program chooses to employ the individual 3429 pursuant to division (F) of this section. Termination of 3430 employment under this division shall be considered just cause 3431

for discharge for purposes of division (D)(2) of section 4141.293432of the Revised Code if the individual makes any attempt to3433deceive the home or program about the individual's criminal3434record.3435

(D) (1) Each home or adult day-care program shall pay to 3436
the bureau of criminal identification and investigation the fee 3437
prescribed pursuant to division (C) (3) of section 109.572 of the 3438
Revised Code for each criminal records check conducted pursuant 3439
to a request made under division (B) of this section. 3440

(2) A home or adult day-care program may charge an
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applicant a fee not exceeding the amount the home or program
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pays under division (D) (1) of this section. A home or program
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may collect a fee only if both of the following apply:
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(a) The home or program notifies the person at the time of
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initial application for employment of the amount of the fee and
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that, unless the fee is paid, the person will not be considered
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for employment;

(b) The medicaid program does not reimburse the home or 3449 program the fee it pays under division (D)(1) of this section. 3450

(E) The report of any criminal records check conducted
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 pursuant to a request made under this section is not a public
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 record for the purposes of section 149.43 of the Revised Code
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 and shall not be made available to any person other than the
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 following:

(1) The individual who is the subject of the criminal3456records check or the individual's representative;3457

(2) The chief administrator of the home or program
requesting the criminal records check or the administrator's
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representative;
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(3) The administrator of any other facility, agency, or
program that provides direct care to older adults that is owned
or operated by the same entity that owns or operates the home or
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program;

(4) A court, hearing officer, or other necessary
individual involved in a case dealing with a denial of
adefinition of the applicant or dealing with employment or
adefinition of the applicant;
adefinition of the applicant of the applicant;

(5) Any person to whom the report is provided pursuant to, 3469and in accordance with, division (I)(1) or (2) of this section; 3470

(6) The board of nursing for purposes of accepting and
processing an application for a medication aide certificate
issued under Chapter 4723. of the Revised Code;
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(7) The director of aging or the director's designee if
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the criminal records check is requested by the chief
administrator of a home that is also a community-based long-term
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care services provider.

(F) In accordance with section 3721.11 of the Revised 3478 Code, the director of health shall adopt rules to implement this 3479 section. The rules shall specify circumstances under which a 3480 home or adult day-care program may employ a person who has been 3481 convicted of or pleaded guilty to an offense listed or described 3482 in division (C)(1) of this section but meets personal character 3483 standards set by the director. 3484

(G) The chief administrator of a home or adult day-care
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program shall inform each individual, at the time of initial
application for a position that involves providing direct care
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to an older adult, that the individual is required to provide a
set of fingerprint impressions and that a criminal records check
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is required to be conducted if the individual comes under final	3490
consideration for employment.	3491
(H) In a tort or other civil action for damages that is	3492
brought as the result of an injury, death, or loss to person or	3493
property caused by an individual who a home or adult day-care	3494
program employs in a position that involves providing direct	3495
care to older adults, all of the following shall apply:	3496
(1) If the home or program employed the individual in good	3497
faith and reasonable reliance on the report of a criminal	3498
records check requested under this section, the home or program	3499
shall not be found negligent solely because of its reliance on	3500
the report, even if the information in the report is determined	3501
later to have been incomplete or inaccurate;	3502

(2) If the home or program employed the individual in good
faith on a conditional basis pursuant to division (C) (2) of this
section, the home or program shall not be found negligent solely
because it employed the individual prior to receiving the report
of a criminal records check requested under this section;

(3) If the home or program in good faith employed the 3508
individual according to the personal character standards 3509
established in rules adopted under division (F) of this section, 3510
the home or program shall not be found negligent solely because 3511
the individual prior to being employed had been convicted of or 3512
pleaded guilty to an offense listed or described in division (C) 3513
(1) of this section. 3514

(I) (1) The chief administrator of a home or adult day-care
 program is not required to request that the superintendent of
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 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation conduct
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 a criminal records check of an applicant if the applicant has
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been referred to the home or program by an employment service3519that supplies full-time, part-time, or temporary staff for3520positions involving the direct care of older adults and both of3521the following apply:3522

(a) The chief administrator receives from the employment
 service or the applicant a report of the results of a criminal
 service check regarding the applicant that has been conducted by
 state applicant within the one-year period immediately
 state applicant's referral;

(b) The report of the criminal records check demonstrates 3528 that the person has not been convicted of or pleaded guilty to 3529 an offense listed or described in division (C) (1) of this 3530 section, or the report demonstrates that the person has been 3531 convicted of or pleaded guilty to one or more of those offenses, 3532 but the home or adult day-care program chooses to employ the 3533 individual pursuant to division (F) of this section. 354

(2) The chief administrator of a home or adult day-care 3535 program is not required to request that the superintendent of 3536 the bureau of criminal identification and investigation conduct 3537 a criminal records check of an applicant and may employ the 3538 applicant conditionally as described in this division, if the 3539 applicant has been referred to the home or program by an 3540 employment service that supplies full-time, part-time, or 3541 temporary staff for positions involving the direct care of older 3542 adults and if the chief administrator receives from the 3543 employment service or the applicant a letter from the employment 3544 service that is on the letterhead of the employment service, 3545 dated, and signed by a supervisor or another designated official 3546 of the employment service and that states that the employment 3547 service has requested the superintendent to conduct a criminal 3548

records check regarding the applicant, that the requested 3549 criminal records check will include a determination of whether 3550 the applicant has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 3551 offense listed or described in division (C)(1) of this section, 3552 that, as of the date set forth on the letter, the employment 3553 service had not received the results of the criminal records 3554 check, and that, when the employment service receives the 3555 results of the criminal records check, it promptly will send a 3556 copy of the results to the home or adult day-care program. If a 3557 home or adult day-care program employs an applicant 3558 conditionally in accordance with this division, the employment 3559 service, upon its receipt of the results of the criminal records 3560 check, promptly shall send a copy of the results to the home or 3561 adult day-care program, and division (C)(2)(b) of this section 3562 applies regarding the conditional employment. 3563

Sec. 3750.09. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division 3564 (E) of this section, any person who is required to provide 3565 information to the emergency response commission, the local 3566 emergency planning committee of the emergency planning district 3567 in which a facility owned or operated by the person is located, 3568 or the fire department having jurisdiction over the facility, 3569 under the reporting requirements in sections 3750.04, 3750.05, 3570 3750.07, or 3750.08 of the Revised Code or the rules adopted 3571 under division (B)(1)(d) or (e) of section 3750.02 of the 3572 Revised Code, may withhold from submission to the commission, 3573 committee, fire department, or any other person the specific 3574 chemical identity, including the chemical name and other 3575 specific identification, of an extremely hazardous substance or 3576 hazardous chemical identified or listed by rules adopted under 3577 division (B)(1)(a) or (b) of section 3750.02 of the Revised Code 3578 on the grounds that the information constitutes a trade secret 3579

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if either of the following conditions is met:

(1) (a) At the time of submitting the information sought to 3581 be classified as a trade secret, the owner or operator of the 3582 facility submits a claim for protection of that information as a 3583 trade secret pursuant to rules adopted under division (B)(2)(d) 3584 of section 3750.02 of the Revised Code and submits a copy of the 3585 required report that indicates that such a claim has been filed 3586 and contains the generic class or category of the chemical 3587 identity in place of the specific chemical identity and that is 3588 3589 accompanied by a copy of the substantiation supporting the trade secret claim that was submitted to the administrator of the 3590 United States environmental protection agency. The owner or 3591 operator may withhold from the copy of the substantiation 3592 submitted to the commission, committee, or fire department the 3593 specific chemical identity claimed to be a trade secret and 3594 information identified as confidential business information in 3595 rules adopted under division (B)(1)(h) of section 3750.02 of the 3596 Revised Code. 3597

(b) A determination of the claim remains pending pursuant3598to those rules.

(2) It has been determined pursuant to those rules that a 3600trade secret exists. 3601

(B) Except as otherwise provided in division (E) of this 3602 section, any person who is required to provide information to 3603 the commission, the local emergency planning committee of the 3604 emergency planning district in which a facility owned or 3605 operated by the person is located, or the fire department having 3606 jurisdiction over the facility, under the reporting requirements 3607 in section 3750.04, 3750.05, 3750.07, or 3750.08 of the Revised 3608 Code or the rules adopted under division (B)(1)(d) or (e) of 3609

section 3750.02 of the Revised Code may withhold from submission 3610 to the committee, fire department, or any other person the 3611 specific chemical identity, including the chemical name or other 3612 specific identification, of an extremely hazardous substance or 3613 hazardous chemical identified or listed in rules adopted under 3614 division (C)(5) of section 3750.02 of the Revised Code on the 3615 grounds that the information constitutes a trade secret if 3616 either of the following conditions is met: 3617

(1) (a) At the time of submitting the information sought to 3618 3619 be classified as a trade secret, the owner or operator of the 3620 facility submits a claim to the commission for protection of that information as a trade secret pursuant to rules adopted 3621 under division (B)(5) of section 3750.02 of the Revised Code 3622 along with the report that the owner or operator is required to 3623 submit to the commission and submits to the committee or fire 3624 department a copy of the required report that indicates that 3625 such a claim has been filed with the commission and that 3626 contains the generic class or category of the chemical identity 3627 in place of the specific chemical identity and that is 3628 accompanied by a copy of the substantiation supporting the trade 3629 secret claim that was submitted to the commission. The owner may 3630 withhold from the copy of the substantiation submitted to the 3631 committee or fire department the specific chemical identity 3632 claimed to be a trade secret and information identified as 3633 confidential business information in rules adopted under 3634 division (B)(1)(h) of section 3750.02 of the Revised Code. 3635

(b) A determination of the claim remains pending pursuant 3636 to those rules and division (B)(14) of that section. 3637

(2) It has been determined pursuant to those rules anddivision (B) (14) of that section that a trade secret exists.3639

(C) No person shall withhold the specific identity of a 3640 chemical on the grounds that it is a trade secret: 3641 (1) From any report enumerated in division (A) or (B) of 3642 this section, if it has been determined pursuant to rules 3643 adopted under division (B)(2)(d) of section 3750.02 of the 3644 Revised Code, or pursuant to division (B) (14) and rules adopted 3645 under division (B)(5) of that section, that no trade secret 3646 exists; 3647 (2) In any notification of a release required by section 3648 3750.06 of the Revised Code; 3649 (3) When required to provide the specific chemical 3650 identity to a health professional, physician, or nurse pursuant 3651 to division (E) of this section. 3652 (D) The governor may, pursuant to section 322 of the 3653 "Emergency Planning and Community Right-To-Know Act of 1986," 3654 100 Stat. 1747, 42 U.S.C.A. 11042, request the administrator of 3655 the United States environmental protection agency to provide 3656 specific chemical identities that are claimed or have been 3657 determined to be trade secret information or the 3658 substantiations, explanations, or supplemental information 3659 3660 supporting trade secret protection claims submitted to or determined by the administrator pursuant to that section and 3661 rules adopted under division (B)(2)(d) of section 3750.02 of the 3662 Revised Code regarding facilities located in this state that are 3663 subject to this chapter. The governor shall not make available 3664 to any member of the commission or committee who is not also an 3665 officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision any 3666

officer or employee of the state or a political subdivision any3666information claimed or determined to be a trade secret or3667confidential business information obtained under this division3668or pursuant to rules adopted under division (B) (5) of section3669

3750.02 of the Revised Code. Any trade secret and confidential3670business information obtained under this division or pursuant to3671rules adopted under division (B) (5) of that section shall be3672protected from unauthorized disclosure in accordance with rules3673adopted under division (B) (1) (i) of that section.3674

(E) (1) The owner or operator of a facility that is subject 3675 to section 3750.07 or 3750.08 of the Revised Code shall provide 3676 the specific chemical identity of an extremely hazardous 3677 substance or hazardous chemical, if the specific chemical 3678 3679 identity is known, to any health professional who submits to the owner or operator a written request and statement of need for 3680 the specific chemical identity. The written statement of need 3681 shall be a statement of the health professional that the health 3682 professional has a reasonable basis to believe that all of the 3683 following conditions pertain to the request: 3684

(a) The information is needed for purposes of diagnosis or 3685treatment of an individual; 3686

(b) The individual being diagnosed or treated has been exposed to the chemical concerned;

(c) Knowledge of the specific chemical identity of the3689chemical will assist in diagnosis and treatment.3690

An owner or operator to whom such a written request and3691statement of need is submitted shall provide the requested3692information to the health professional promptly after receiving3693the request and statement of need, subject to division (E) (4) of3694this section.3695

(2) The owner or operator of a facility that is subject to
section 3750.07 or 3750.08 of the Revised Code shall provide a
copy of a material safety data sheet or emergency and hazardous
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chemical inventory form that contains the specific chemical 3699 identity of an extremely hazardous substance or hazardous 3700 chemical, if the specific chemical identity is known, to any 3701 treating physician or nurse who requests that information if the 3702 physician or nurse determines that all of the following 3703 conditions pertain to the request: 3704 (a) A medical emergency exists; 3705 (b) The specific chemical identity of the chemical 3706 concerned is necessary for or will assist in emergency or first 3707 aid diagnosis or treatment; 3708 (c) The individual being diagnosed or treated has been 3709 exposed to the chemical concerned. 3710 The owner or operator shall provide the requested 3711 information to the physician or nurse immediately upon receiving 3712 such a request. The owner or operator shall not require any such 3713 treating physician or nurse to provide a written confidentiality 3714 agreement or statement of need as a precondition for disclosure 3715 of a specific chemical identity under this division; however, 3716 the owner or operator may require the treating physician or 3717 3718 nurse to provide a written confidentiality agreement under division (E)(4) of this section and a statement setting forth 3719 the conditions listed in divisions (E)(2)(a) to (c) of this 3720 section as soon after the request is made as circumstances 3721 3722 permit. (3) The owner or operator of a facility that is subject to 3723 section 3750.07 or 3750.08 of the Revised Code shall provide the 3724

specific chemical identity of an extremely hazardous substance3725or hazardous chemical, if the specific chemical identity is3726known, to any health professional, including, without3727

limitation, a physician, toxicologist, or epidemiologist, who is 3728 either employed by or under contract with a political 3729 subdivision and who submits to the owner or operator a written 3730 request for the information, a written statement of need for the 3731 information that meets the requirements of division (E)(3) of 3732 this section, and a written confidentiality agreement under 3733 division (E)(4) of this section. The owner or operator shall 3734 promptly after receipt of the written request, statement of 3735 need, and confidentiality agreement provide the requested 3736 information to the local health professional who requested it. 3737

The written statement of need for a specific chemical3738identity required by division (E) (3) of this section shall3739describe with reasonable detail one or more of the following3740health needs for the information:3741

(a) To assess exposure of persons living in a local3742community to the hazards of the chemical concerned;3743

(b) To conduct or assess sampling to determine exposure 3744levels of various population groups to the chemical concerned; 3745

(c) To conduct periodic medical surveillance of population 3746groups exposed to the chemical concerned; 3747

(d) To provide medical treatment to individuals or 3748population groups exposed to the chemical concerned; 3749

(e) To conduct studies to determine the health effects of3750exposure to the chemical concerned;3751

(f) To conduct studies to aid in the identification of a 3752
chemical that may reasonably be anticipated to cause an observed 3753
health effect. 3754

(4) Any person who obtains information under division (E) 3755

(1) or (3) of this section shall, as a precondition for 3756 receiving that information, enter into a written confidentiality 3757 agreement with the owner or operator of the facility from whom 3758 the information was requested that the person will not use the 3759 information for any purpose other than the health needs asserted 3760 in the statement of need provided thereunder, except as 3761 otherwise may be authorized by the terms of the agreement or by 3762 the person providing the information. 3763

(F)(1) A member of the commission, officer or employee of 3764 the environmental protection agency, member or employee of a 3765 committee, or officer or employee of a fire department shall not 3766 request the owner or operator of a facility subject to this 3767 chapter to submit to the member, officer, or employee a trade 3768 secret claim or copy thereof; report required by section 3769 3750.04, 3750.05, 3750.07, or 3750.08 of the Revised Code; 3770 substantiation of a trade secret claim or copy thereof or 3771 explanation or supporting information pertaining to a trade 3772 secret claim or copy thereof, that contains any information 3773 claimed or determined to be a trade secret pursuant to rules 3774 adopted under division (B)(2)(d) of section 3750.02 of the 3775 Revised Code or identified as confidential business information 3776 by rules adopted under division (B)(1)(h) of section 3750.02 of 3777 the Revised Code. If any such member, officer, or employee knows 3778 or has reason to believe that any such trade secret claim, 3779 report, substantiation, or explanation or supporting information 3780 pertaining to a trade secret claim contains any such 3781 information, the member, officer, or employee immediately shall 3782 return it to the owner or operator of the facility who submitted 3783 it without reading it and shall request the owner or operator to 3784 submit the appropriate report or substantiation that does not 3785 contain the information claimed or determined to be a trade 3786

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secret or so identified as confidential business information. 3787 (2) A member of the commission who is not also an employee 3788 of the state or a political subdivision, member or employee of a 3789 committee, or officer or employee of a fire department shall not 3790 request the owner or operator of a facility subject to this 3791 chapter to submit to the member, officer, or employee a trade 3792 secret claim or copy thereof; report required by section 3793 3750.04, 3750.05, 3750.07, or 3750.08 of the Revised Code; 3794 substantiation of a trade secret claim; or explanation or 3795 3796 supporting information pertaining to a trade secret claim or copy thereof, that contains any information claimed or 3797 determined to be a trade secret pursuant to division (B)(14) of 3798 section 3750.02 of the Revised Code and rules adopted under 3799 division (B) (5) of that section or any information identified as 3800 confidential business information by rules adopted under 3801 3802 division (B)(1)(h) of that section that pertains to such a claim. If any such member, officer, or employee knows or has 3803 reason to believe that any such trade secret claim, report, 3804 3805 substantiation, or explanation or supporting information pertaining to any such trade secret claim contains any such 3806 information, the member, officer, or employee immediately shall 3807 return it to the owner or operator of the facility who submitted 3808 it without reading it and shall request the owner or operator to 3809 submit the appropriate report or substantiation that does not 3810 contain the information so claimed or determined to be a trade 3811 secret or so identified as confidential business information. 3812

(G) No member of the commission or designee of a member of
the commission, officer or employee of the environmental
assisting protection agency, member or employee of a committee, health
professional, physician, nurse, or other person who receives
assisting information claimed or determined to be a trade secret pursuant

to rules adopted under division (B)(2)(d) of section 3750.02 of 3818 the Revised Code or pursuant to division (B) (14) of that section 3819 and rules adopted under division (B) (5) of that section, or who 3820 receives confidential business information identified in rules 3821 adopted under division (B)(1)(h) of section 3750.02 of the 3822 Revised Code shall release the information to any person not 3823 authorized to have that information under division (C) of this 3824 section or rules adopted under division (B)(1)(i) of that 3825 section. A violation of this division is not also a violation of 3826 section 2913.02-or, 2913.04, 2913.87, 2913.91, or 2913.92 of the 3827 Revised Code. 3828

Sec. 3751.04. (A) Except as otherwise provided in division 3829 (D) of this section, any person required to provide information 3830 under section 3751.03 of the Revised Code may withhold from 3831 submission the specific chemical identity, including the 3832 chemical name and other specific identification, of the toxic 3833 chemical on the grounds that the information constitutes a trade 3834 secret if either of the following conditions is met: 3835

(1) (a) At the time of submitting the information sought to 3836 be classified as a trade secret, the owner or operator of the 3837 facility submits a claim for protection of that information as a 3838 trade secret pursuant to regulations promulgated by the 3839 administrator of the United States environmental protection 3840 agency under EPCRA, and submits a copy of the required toxic 3841 chemical release form that indicates that such a claim has been 3842 filed and contains the generic class or category of the identity 3843 in place of the identity. 3844

(b) A determination of the claim remains pending pursuant3845to those regulations.3846

(2) It has been determined by the administrator pursuant 3847

to those regulations that a trade secret exists. 3848

(B) No person shall withhold the specific identity of a 3849
toxic chemical on the grounds that the information is a trade 3850
secret in either of the following instances: 3851

(1) From any toxic chemical release form if it has been
determined by the administrator pursuant to regulations
gromulgated under EPCRA that no trade secret exists;
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(2) When required to provide the specific chemical
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identity to a health professional, physician, or nurse pursuant
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to division (D) of this section.

(C) The governor may, pursuant to EPCRA, request the 3858 administrator of the United States environmental protection 3859 agency to provide specific chemical identities that are claimed 3860 or have been determined to be trade secret information or the 3861 explanations and supplemental information supporting trade 3862 secret protection claims regarding facilities located in this 3863 state that are subject to this chapter. The governor shall not 3864 make any trade secret or confidential information obtained under 3865 this division available to any member of the emergency planning 3866 commission created in section 3750.02 of the Revised Code or to 3867 any member of a local emergency planning committee of an 3868 emergency planning district established under section 3750.03 of 3869 the Revised Code who is not also an officer or employee of the 3870 state or a political subdivision. Any trade secret or 3871 confidential business information obtained under this division 3872 shall be protected from unauthorized disclosure. 3873

(D) (1) The owner or operator of a facility that is subject
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to section 3751.03 of the Revised Code shall provide the
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specific chemical identity of a toxic chemical, if the specific
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chemical identity is known, to any health professional who submits to the owner or operator a written request and statement of need for the specific chemical identity. The written statement of need shall be a statement of the health professional that the health professional has a reasonable basis to believe that all of the following conditions pertain to the request: (a) The information is needed for purposes of diagnosis or

(a) The information is needed for purposes of diagnosis or 3884treatment of an individual; 3885

(b) The individual being diagnosed or treated has been 3886 exposed to the chemical concerned; 3887

(c) Knowledge of the specific chemical identity of the3888chemical will assist in diagnosis and treatment.3889

An owner or operator to whom such a written request and 3890 statement of need is submitted shall provide the requested 3891 information to the health professional promptly after receiving 3892 the request and statement of need, subject to division (D)(4) of 3893 this section. 3894

(2) The owner or operator of a facility that is subject to 3895 section 3751.03 of the Revised Code shall provide a copy of a 3896 toxic chemical release form that contains the specific chemical 3897 identity of a toxic chemical, if the specific chemical identity 3898 is known, to any treating physician or nurse who requests that 3899 information if the physician or nurse determines that all of the 3900 following conditions pertain to the request: 3901

(a) A medical emergency exists;

(b) The specific chemical identity of the chemical3903concerned is necessary for or will assist in emergency or first3904aid diagnosis or treatment;3905

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(c) The individual being diagnosed or treated has been3906exposed to the chemical concerned.3907

The owner or operator shall provide the requested 3908 3909 information to the physician or nurse immediately upon receiving such a request. The owner or operator shall not require any such 3910 treating physician or nurse to provide a written confidentiality 3911 agreement or statement of need as a precondition for disclosure 3912 of a specific chemical identity under this division; however, 3913 the owner or operator may require the treating physician or 3914 3915 nurse to provide a written confidentiality agreement under division (D)(4) of this section and a statement setting forth 3916 the conditions listed in divisions (D)(2)(a) to (c) of this 3917 section as soon after the disclosure is made as circumstances 3918 permit. 3919

(3) The owner or operator of a facility that is subject to 3920 section 3751.03 of the Revised Code shall provide the specific 3921 chemical identity of a toxic chemical, if the specific chemical 3922 3923 identity is known, to any health professional, including, without limitation, a physician, toxicologist, or 3924 epidemiologist, who is either employed by or under contract with 3925 a political subdivision and who submits to the owner or operator 3926 a written request for the information, a written statement of 3927 need for the information that meets the requirements of division 3928 (D) (3) of this section, and a written confidentiality agreement 3929 under division (D)(4) of this section. The owner or operator 3930 shall promptly after receipt of the written request, statement 3931 of need, and confidentiality agreement provide the requested 3932 information to the local health professional who requested it. 3933

The written statement of need for a specific chemical3934identity required by division (D)(3) of this section shall3935

describe with reasonable detail one or more of the following	3936
health needs for the information:	3937
(a) To assess exposure of persons living in a local	3938
community to the hazards of the chemical concerned;	3939
(b) To conduct or assess sampling to determine exposure	3940
levels of various population groups to the chemical concerned;	3941
(c) To conduct periodic medical surveillance of population	3942
groups exposed to the chemical concerned;	3943
(d) To provide medical treatment to individuals or	3944
population groups exposed to the chemical concerned;	3945
(e) To conduct studies to determine the health effects of	3946
exposure to the chemical concerned;	3947
(f) To conduct studies to aid in the identification of a	3948
chemical that may reasonably be anticipated to cause an observed	3949
health effect.	3950
(4) Any person who obtains information under division (D)	3951
(1) or (3) of this section shall, as a precondition for	3952
receiving that information, enter into a written confidentiality	3953
agreement with the owner or operator of the facility from whom	3954
the information was requested that the person will not use the	3955
information for any purpose other than the health needs asserted	3956
in the statement of need provided thereunder, except as	3957
otherwise may be authorized by the terms of the agreement or by	3958
the person providing the information.	3959
(E) An officer or employee of the environmental protection	3960
agency shall not request the owner or operator of a facility	3961
subject to this chapter to submit to the officer or employee a	3962
trade secret claim, toxic chemical release form required by	3963

section 3751.03 of the Revised Code, substantiation of a trade 3964 secret claim, or explanation or supporting information or copy 3965 thereof pertaining to a trade secret claim, that contains any 3966 information claimed or determined to be a trade secret or 3967 identified as confidential business information under EPCRA. If 3968 any officer or employee of the agency knows or has reason to 3969 believe that a trade secret claim, toxic chemical release form, 3970 substantiation, or explanation or supporting information 3971 pertaining to a trade secret claim contains any such 3972 information, the officer or employee immediately shall return it 3973 to the owner or operator of the facility who submitted it 3974 without reading it and shall request the owner or operator to 3975 submit the appropriate report or substantiation that does not 3976 contain the information claimed or determined to be a trade 3977 secret or so identified as confidential business information. 3978

(F) No officer or employee of the environmental protection 3979 agency, health professional, physician, nurse, or other person 3980 who receives information claimed or determined to be a trade 3981 secret or identified as confidential business information by 3982 regulations promulgated by the administrator under EPCRA shall 3983 release any information so classified or identified to any 3984 person not authorized to have that information under division 3985 (C) of this section. A violation of this division is not also a 3986 violation of section 2913.02-or, 2913.04, 2913.87, 2913.91, or 3987 2913.92 of the Revised Code. 3988

Sec. 5503.101. (A) Notwithstanding any section of the3989Revised Code or rule of procedure to the contrary, a defendant's3990traffic or criminal record contained in the law enforcement3991automated data system, also known as LEADS, may be disclosed to3992the defendant and the defendant's counsel when formally3993requested pursuant to the rules of discovery in a traffic or3994

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criminal case.

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(B) Copies of information obtained from the law
and the system pursuant to division (A) of
and the section may be provided to the defendant and the
and the section when formally requested pursuant to the
and the system a traffic or criminal case.

(C) Upon a motion made by a prosecutor, the court hearing
a traffic or criminal case may order the redaction from
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information to be disclosed or provided pursuant to division (A)
or (B) of this section pursuant to the rules of discovery in the
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case of the residential address, date of birth, social security
number, and photograph of any witness, law enforcement officer,
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(D) Notwithstanding section 2913.04, 2913.87, 2913.91,40082913.92, or 2923.129 of the Revised Code, no prosecutor or4009person assisting a prosecutor in providing discovery shall be4010held civilly or criminally liable for disclosing information4011from the law enforcement automated data system in the manner4012authorized by this section.4013

(E) The superintendent of the state highway patrol or any
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person employed by the superintendent to carry out the purposes
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of section 5503.10 of the Revised Code shall not sanction or
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deny access to the law enforcement automated data system to any
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person or entity because that person or entity provided
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discovery information in the manner authorized by this section.

(F) The defendant's counsel may disclose, copy, and
provide to the defendant any information about the defendant's
own traffic or criminal record obtained by discovery from the
law enforcement automated data system.

(G) The fact that information sought in discovery is
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contained in the law enforcement automated data system shall not
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be cited or accepted as a reason for denying discovery to the
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defendant of the defendant's own traffic or criminal record.
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Section 2. That existing sections 109.42, 109.572, 109.88,4028901.511, 2137.14, 2909.07, 2913.01, 2913.04, 2913.05, 2913.49,40292919.25, 2919.251, 2919.26, 2921.22, 2923.04, 2923.129, 2927.12,40302933.51, 3712.09, 3721.121, 3750.09, 3751.04, and 5503.101 of4031the Revised Code are hereby repealed.4032

Section 3. That the version of section 109.572 of the4033Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect October 9, 2021,4034be amended to read as follows:4035

Sec. 109.572. (A) (1) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to 4036 section 121.08, 3301.32, 3301.541, or 3319.39 of the Revised 4037 Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of 4038 this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 4039 the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 4040 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 4041 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 4042 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 4043 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 4044 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 4045 of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 4046

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 4047
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 4048
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 4049
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 4050
2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 4051
2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 4052
2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 4053

2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious 4054 sexual penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 4055 Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code 4056 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 4057 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of 4058 section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 4059 1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, or 4060 a violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 4061 minor drug possession offense; 4062

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (A) (1) (a) of this section;

(c) If the request is made pursuant to section 3319.39 of
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the Revised Code for an applicant who is a teacher, any offense
specified under section 9.79 of the Revised Code or in section
3319.31 of the Revised Code.

(2) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3712.09 or 4071 3721.121 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 4072 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 4073 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 4074 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4075 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4076 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who 4077 has applied for employment in a position for which a criminal 4078 records check is required by those sections. The superintendent 4079 shall conduct the criminal records check in the manner described 4080 in division (B) of this section to determine whether any 4081 information exists that indicates that the person who is the 4082 subject of the request previously has been convicted of or 4083 pleaded guilty to any of the following:

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 4085 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 4086 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05, 4087 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31, 4088 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02, 4089 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11, 4090 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to</u> 4091 <u>2913.92,</u> 2919.25, 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 4092 2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the 4093 Revised Code; 4094

(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to
any of the offenses listed in division (A) (2) (a) of this
section.

(3) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 173.27, 4099 173.38, 173.381, 3701.881, 5119.34, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342, 4100 or 5123.081 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 4101 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 4102 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 4103 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4104 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4105 conduct a criminal records check of the person for whom the 4106 request is made. The superintendent shall conduct the criminal 4107 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4108 section to determine whether any information exists that 4109 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 4110 previously has been convicted of, has pleaded guilty to, or 4111 (except in the case of a request pursuant to section 5164.34, 4112 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the Revised Code) has been found 4113

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eligible for intervention in lieu of conviction for any of the4114following, regardless of the date of the conviction, the date of4115entry of the guilty plea, or (except in the case of a request4116pursuant to section 5164.34, 5164.341, or 5164.342 of the4117Revised Code) the date the person was found eligible for4118intervention in lieu of conviction:4119

(a) A violation of section 959.13, 959.131, 2903.01, 4120 2903.02, 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.041, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 4121 2903.15, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2903.341, 4122 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2905.32, 2905.33, 4123 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 4124 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25, 2907.31, 4125 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2907.33, 2909.02, 4126 2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.22, 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 4127 2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.05, 4128 2913.11, 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.40, 2913.41, 2913.42, 4129 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 2913.48, 4130 2913.49, 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92,</u> 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 4131 2917.31, 2919.12, 2919.121, 2919.123, 2919.124, 2919.22, 4132 2919.23, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2921.03, 2921.11, 2921.12, 2921.13, 4133 2921.21, 2921.24, 2921.32, 2921.321, 2921.34, 2921.35, 2921.36, 4134 2921.51, 2923.12, 2923.122, 2923.123, 2923.13, 2923.161, 4135 2923.162, 2923.21, 2923.32, 2923.42, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 4136 2925.041, 2925.05, 2925.06, 2925.09, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.14, 4137 2925.141, 2925.22, 2925.23, 2925.24, 2925.36, 2925.55, 2925.56, 4138 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code; 4139

(b) Felonious sexual penetration in violation of former4140section 2907.12 of the Revised Code;4141

(c) A violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as4142it existed prior to July 1, 1996;4143

(d) A violation of section 2923.01, 2923.02, or 2923.03 of
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the Revised Code when the underlying offense that is the object
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of the conspiracy, attempt, or complicity is one of the offenses
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listed in divisions (A) (3) (a) to (c) of this section;
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(e) A violation of an existing or former municipal
ordinance or law of this state, any other state, or the United
States that is substantially equivalent to any of the offenses
listed in divisions (A) (3) (a) to (d) of this section.

(4) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.86 or 4152 2151.904 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 4153 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 4154 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 4155 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4156 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4157 conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in 4158 division (B) of this section to determine whether any 4159 information exists that indicates that the person who is the 4160 subject of the request previously has been convicted of or 4161 pleaded guilty to any of the following: 4162

(a) A violation of section 959.13, 2903.01, 2903.02, 4163 2903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.15, 2903.16, 4164 2903.21, 2903.211, 2903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 4165 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 4166 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 4167 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02, 2909.03, 2909.22, 4168 2909.23, 2909.24, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2913.49, 4169 2917.01, 2917.02, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 4170 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, 4171 2927.12, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 4172 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 4173

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a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would 4174 have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as 4175 it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been 4176 committed prior to that date, a violation of section 2925.11 of 4177 the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense, 4178 two or more OVI or OVUAC violations committed within the three 4179 years immediately preceding the submission of the application or 4180 petition that is the basis of the request, or felonious sexual 4181 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 4182 Revised Code; 4183

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (A) (4) (a) of this section.

(5) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5104.013 4188 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 4189 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 4190 impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) 4191 of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 4192 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 4193 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4194 section to determine whether any information exists that 4195 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 4196 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following: 4197

(a) A violation of section 2151.421, 2903.01, 2903.02,41982903.03, 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21,41992903.22, 2903.34, 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2905.11, 2905.32,42002907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08,42012907.09, 2907.19, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 2907.24, 2907.25,42022907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2909.02,4203

2909.03, 2909.04, 2909.05, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 4204 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.041, 2913.05, 2913.06, 2913.11, 4205 2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.32, 2913.33, 2913.34, 2913.40, 2913.41, 4206 2913.42, 2913.43, 2913.44, 2913.441, 2913.45, 2913.46, 2913.47, 4207 2913.48, 2913.49, <u>2913.87 to 2913.92</u>, 2917.01, 2917.02, 2917.03, 4208 2917.31, 2919.12, 2919.22, 2919.224, 2919.225, 2919.24, 2919.25, 4209 2921.03, 2921.11, 2921.13, 2921.14, 2921.34, 2921.35, 2923.01, 4210 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 4211 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised Code, felonious sexual 4212 penetration in violation of former section 2907.12 of the 4213 Revised Code, a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code 4214 as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, a violation of section 4215 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would have been a violation of 4216 section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 4217 1, 1996, had the violation been committed prior to that date, a 4218 violation of section 2925.11 of the Revised Code that is not a 4219 minor drug possession offense, a violation of section 2923.02 or 4220 2923.03 of the Revised Code that relates to a crime specified in 4221 this division, or a second violation of section 4511.19 of the 4222 Revised Code within five years of the date of application for 4223 licensure or certification. 4224

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses or violations
described in division (A) (5) (a) of this section.

(6) Upon receipt of a request pursuant to section 5153.111
division (C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint
impressions obtained in the manner described in division (C) (2)
of this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal

records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4235 section to determine whether any information exists that 4236 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 4237 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the 4238 following: 4239

(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03, 4240 2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34, 4241 2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.05, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.04, 2907.05, 4242 2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.21, 2907.22, 2907.23, 4243 2907.25, 2907.31, 2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 4244 2909.02, 2909.03, 2911.01, 2911.02, 2911.11, 2911.12, 2919.12, 4245 2919.22, 2919.24, 2919.25, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02, 4246 2925.03, 2925.04, 2925.05, 2925.06, or 3716.11 of the Revised 4247 Code, felonious sexual penetration in violation of former 4248 section 2907.12 of the Revised Code, a violation of section 4249 2905.04 of the Revised Code as it existed prior to July 1, 1996, 42.50 a violation of section 2919.23 of the Revised Code that would 4251 have been a violation of section 2905.04 of the Revised Code as 4252 it existed prior to July 1, 1996, had the violation been 4253 committed prior to that date, or a violation of section 2925.11 4254 4255 of the Revised Code that is not a minor drug possession offense;

(b) A violation of an existing or former law of this
state, any other state, or the United States that is
substantially equivalent to any of the offenses listed in
division (A) (6) (a) of this section.

(7) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check
from an individual pursuant to section 4749.03 or 4749.06 of the
Revised Code, accompanied by a completed copy of the form
prescribed in division (C) (1) of this section and a set of
fingerprint impressions obtained in a manner described in
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division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4265 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4266 conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in 4267 division (B) of this section to determine whether any 4268 information exists indicating that the person who is the subject 4269 of the request has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 4270 criminal offense in this state or in any other state. If the 4271 individual indicates that a firearm will be carried in the 4272 course of business, the superintendent shall require information 4273 from the federal bureau of investigation as described in 4274 division (B)(2) of this section. Subject to division (F) of this 4275 section, the superintendent shall report the findings of the 4276 criminal records check and any information the federal bureau of 4277 investigation provides to the director of public safety. 4278

(8) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 1321.37, 4279 1321.53, or 4763.05 of the Revised Code, a completed form 4280 prescribed pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a 4281 set of fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described 4282 in division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4283 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4284 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person who 4285 has applied for a license, permit, or certification from the 4286 department of commerce or a division in the department. The 4287 superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in the 4288 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 4289 whether any information exists that indicates that the person 4290 who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted 4291 of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in this state, any 4292 other state, or the United States. 4293

(9) On receipt of a request for a criminal records checkfrom the treasurer of state under section 113.041 of the Revised4295

Code or from an individual under section 928.03, 4701.08, 4296 4715.101, 4717.061, 4725.121, 4725.501, 4729.071, 4729.53, 4297 4729.90, 4729.92, 4730.101, 4730.14, 4730.28, 4731.081, 4731.15, 4298 4731.171, 4731.222, 4731.281, 4731.531, 4732.091, 4734.202, 4299 4740.061, 4741.10, 4747.051, 4751.20, 4751.201, 4751.202, 4300 4751.21, 4753.061, 4755.70, 4757.101, 4759.061, 4760.032, 4301 4760.06, 4761.051, 4762.031, 4762.06, 4774.031, 4774.06, 4302 4776.021, 4778.04, 4778.07, 4779.091, or 4783.04 of the Revised 4303 Code, accompanied by a completed form prescribed under division 4304 (C) (1) of this section and a set of fingerprint impressions 4305 obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 4306 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 4307 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 4308 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4309 section to determine whether any information exists that 4310 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request has 4311 been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in 4312 this state or any other state. Subject to division (F) of this 4313 section, the superintendent shall send the results of a check 4314 requested under section 113.041 of the Revised Code to the 4315 treasurer of state and shall send the results of a check 4316 requested under any of the other listed sections to the 4317 licensing board specified by the individual in the request. 4318

(10) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 124.74, 4319 718.131, 1121.23, 1315.141, 1733.47, 1761.26, or 5123.169 of the 4320 Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to division 4321 (C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions 4322 obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 4323 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 4324 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 4325 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4326

section to determine whether any information exists that 4327 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 4328 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to any 4329 criminal offense under any existing or former law of this state, 4330 any other state, or the United States. 4331

(11) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check 4332 from an appointing or licensing authority under section 3772.07 4333 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division 4334 (C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions 4335 obtained in the manner prescribed in division (C)(2) of this 4336 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 4337 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 4338 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4339 section to determine whether any information exists that 4340 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request 4341 previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty or no contest 4342 to any offense under any existing or former law of this state, 4343 any other state, or the United States that is a disqualifying 4344 offense as defined in section 3772.07 of the Revised Code or 4345 substantially equivalent to such an offense. 4346

(12) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 2151.33 4347 or 2151.412 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed 4348 pursuant to division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of 4349 fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner described in 4350 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4351 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4352 conduct a criminal records check with respect to any person for 4353 whom a criminal records check is required under that section. 4354 The superintendent shall conduct the criminal records check in 4355 the manner described in division (B) of this section to 4356 determine whether any information exists that indicates that the 4357

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person who is the subject of the request previously has been	4358
convicted of or pleaded guilty to any of the following:	4359
(a) A violation of section 2903.01, 2903.02, 2903.03,	4360
2903.04, 2903.11, 2903.12, 2903.13, 2903.16, 2903.21, 2903.34,	4361
2905.01, 2905.02, 2905.11, 2905.12, 2907.02, 2907.03, 2907.05,	4362
2907.06, 2907.07, 2907.08, 2907.09, 2907.12, 2907.25, 2907.31,	4363
2907.32, 2907.321, 2907.322, 2907.323, 2911.01, 2911.02,	4364
2911.11, 2911.12, 2911.13, 2913.02, 2913.03, 2913.04, 2913.11,	4365
2913.21, 2913.31, 2913.40, 2913.43, 2913.47, 2913.51, <u>2913.87 to</u>	4366
<u>2913.92,</u> 2919.25, 2921.36, 2923.12, 2923.13, 2923.161, 2925.02,	4367
2925.03, 2925.11, 2925.13, 2925.22, 2925.23, or 3716.11 of the	4368
Revised Code;	4369
(b) An existing or former law of this state, any other	4370
state, or the United States that is substantially equivalent to	4371
any of the offenses listed in division (A)(12)(a) of this	4372
section.	4373
(13) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 3796.12	4374
of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to	4375
division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint	4376
impressions obtained in a manner described in division (C)(2) of	4377
this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal	4378
identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal	4379
records check in the manner described in division (B) of this	4380
section to determine whether any information exists that	4381
indicates that the person who is the subject of the request	4382
previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the	4383
following:	4384
10110w1119.	FOCE

(a) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted
under section 9.79 and division (B)(2)(b) of section 3796.03 of
the Revised Code if the person who is the subject of the request
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is an administrator or other person responsible for the daily 4388
operation of, or an owner or prospective owner, officer or 4389
prospective officer, or board member or prospective board member 4390
of, an entity seeking a license from the department of commerce 4391
under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code; 4392

(b) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted 4393 under section 9.79 and division (B)(2)(b) of section 3796.04 of 4394 the Revised Code if the person who is the subject of the request 4395 is an administrator or other person responsible for the daily 4396 4397 operation of, or an owner or prospective owner, officer or prospective officer, or board member or prospective board member 4398 of, an entity seeking a license from the state board of pharmacy 4399 under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code. 4400

(14) On receipt of a request required by section 3796.13 4401 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed pursuant to 4402 division (C)(1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint 4403 impressions obtained in a manner described in division (C)(2) of 4404 4405 this section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 4406 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this 4407 section to determine whether any information exists that 4408 4409 indicates that the person who is the subject of the request previously has been convicted of or pleaded guilty to the 4410 following: 4411

(a) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted
under division (B)(8)(a) of section 3796.03 of the Revised Code
if the person who is the subject of the request is seeking
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employment with an entity licensed by the department of commerce
under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code;

(b) A disqualifying offense as specified in rules adopted 4417

under division (B) (14) (a) of section 3796.04 of the Revised Code4418if the person who is the subject of the request is seeking4419employment with an entity licensed by the state board of4420pharmacy under Chapter 3796. of the Revised Code.4421

4422 (15) On receipt of a request pursuant to section 4768.06 of the Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division 4423 (C) (1) of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions 4424 obtained in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this 4425 section, the superintendent of the bureau of criminal 4426 identification and investigation shall conduct a criminal 4427 4428 records check in the manner described in division (B) of this section to determine whether any information exists indicating 4429 that the person who is the subject of the request has been 4430 convicted of or pleaded guilty to any criminal offense in this 4431 state or in any other state. 4432

(16) On receipt of a request pursuant to division (B) of 4433 section 4764.07 or division (A) of section 4735.143 of the 4434 Revised Code, a completed form prescribed under division (C)(1) 4435 of this section, and a set of fingerprint impressions obtained 4436 in the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section, the 4437 superintendent of the bureau of criminal identification and 4438 investigation shall conduct a criminal records check in the 4439 manner described in division (B) of this section to determine 4440 whether any information exists indicating that the person who is 4441 the subject of the request has been convicted of or pleaded 4442 guilty to any criminal offense in any state or the United 4443 States. 4444

(17) On receipt of a request for a criminal records check
under section 147.022 of the Revised Code, a completed form
prescribed under division (C) (1) of this section, and a set of
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fingerprint impressions obtained in the manner prescribed in 4448 division (C)(2) of this section, the superintendent of the 4449 bureau of criminal identification and investigation shall 4450 conduct a criminal records check in the manner described in 4451 division (B) of this section to determine whether any 4452 information exists that indicates that the person who is the 4453 subject of the request previously has been convicted of or 4454 pleaded guilty or no contest to any criminal offense under any 4455 existing or former law of this state, any other state, or the 4456 United States. 4457 (B) Subject to division (F) of this section, the 4458 superintendent shall conduct any criminal records check to be 4459 conducted under this section as follows: 4460 (1) The superintendent shall review or cause to be 4461 reviewed any relevant information gathered and compiled by the 4462 bureau under division (A) of section 109.57 of the Revised Code 4463 that relates to the person who is the subject of the criminal 4464 records check, including, if the criminal records check was 4465 requested under section 113.041, 121.08, 124.74, 173.27, 173.38, 4466 173.381, 718.131, 928.03, 1121.23, 1315.141, 1321.37, 1321.53, 4467 1733.47, 1761.26, 2151.86, 3301.32, 3301.541, 3319.39, 3701.881, 4468 3712.09, 3721.121, 3772.07, 3796.12, 3796.13, 4729.071, 4729.53, 4469 4729.90, 4729.92, 4749.03, 4749.06, 4763.05, 4764.07, 4768.06, 4470 5104.013, 5164.34, 5164.341, 5164.342, 5123.081, 5123.169, or 4471 5153.111 of the Revised Code, any relevant information contained 4472 in records that have been sealed under section 2953.32 of the 4473 Revised Code; 4474 (2) If the request received by the superintendent asks for 4475

information from the federal bureau of investigation, the 4476 superintendent shall request from the federal bureau of 4477

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investigation any information it has with respect to the person 4478 who is the subject of the criminal records check, including 4479 fingerprint-based checks of national crime information databases 4480 as described in 42 U.S.C. 671 if the request is made pursuant to 4481 section 2151.86 or 5104.013 of the Revised Code or if any other 4482 Revised Code section requires fingerprint-based checks of that 4483 nature, and shall review or cause to be reviewed any information 4484 the superintendent receives from that bureau. If a request under 4485 section 3319.39 of the Revised Code asks only for information 4486 from the federal bureau of investigation, the superintendent 4487 shall not conduct the review prescribed by division (B)(1) of 4488 this section. 4489

(3) The superintendent or the superintendent's designee
may request criminal history records from other states or the
federal government pursuant to the national crime prevention and
privacy compact set forth in section 109.571 of the Revised
Code.

(4) The superintendent shall include in the results of the 4495 criminal records check a list or description of the offenses 4496 listed or described in division (A)(1), (2), (3), (4), (5), (6), 4497 (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (13), (14), (15), (16), or (17) 4498 of this section, whichever division requires the superintendent 4499 to conduct the criminal records check. The superintendent shall 4500 exclude from the results any information the dissemination of 4501 which is prohibited by federal law. 4502

(5) The superintendent shall send the results of the
criminal records check to the person to whom it is to be sent
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not later than the following number of days after the date the
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superintendent receives the request for the criminal records
check, the completed form prescribed under division (C) (1) of
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this section, and the set of fingerprint impressions obtained in 4508
the manner described in division (C)(2) of this section: 4509
 (a) If the superintendent is required by division (A) of 4510
this section (other than division (A)(3) of this section) to 4511
conduct the criminal records check, thirty; 4512

(b) If the superintendent is required by division (A) (3)4513of this section to conduct the criminal records check, sixty.4514

(C) (1) The superintendent shall prescribe a form to obtain
the information necessary to conduct a criminal records check
from any person for whom a criminal records check is to be
conducted under this section. The form that the superintendent
prescribes pursuant to this division may be in a tangible
format, in an electronic format, or in both tangible and
electronic formats.

(2) The superintendent shall prescribe standard impression 4522 sheets to obtain the fingerprint impressions of any person for 4523 whom a criminal records check is to be conducted under this 4524 section. Any person for whom a records check is to be conducted 4525 under this section shall obtain the fingerprint impressions at a 4526 county sheriff's office, municipal police department, or any 4527 other entity with the ability to make fingerprint impressions on 4528 the standard impression sheets prescribed by the superintendent. 4529 The office, department, or entity may charge the person a 4530 reasonable fee for making the impressions. The standard 4531 impression sheets the superintendent prescribes pursuant to this 4532 division may be in a tangible format, in an electronic format, 4533 or in both tangible and electronic formats. 4534

(3) Subject to division (D) of this section, the4535superintendent shall prescribe and charge a reasonable fee for4536

providing a criminal records check under this section. The4537person requesting the criminal records check shall pay the fee4538prescribed pursuant to this division. In the case of a request4539under section 1121.23, 1155.03, 1163.05, 1315.141, 1733.47,45401761.26, 2151.33, 2151.412, or 5164.34 of the Revised Code, the4541fee shall be paid in the manner specified in that section.4542

(4) The superintendent of the bureau of criminal
identification and investigation may prescribe methods of
forwarding fingerprint impressions and information necessary to
conduct a criminal records check, which methods shall include,
but not be limited to, an electronic method.
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(D) The results of a criminal records check conducted 4548 under this section, other than a criminal records check 4549 specified in division (A)(7) of this section, are valid for the 4550 person who is the subject of the criminal records check for a 4551 period of one year from the date upon which the superintendent 4552 completes the criminal records check. If during that period the 4553 superintendent receives another request for a criminal records 4554 check to be conducted under this section for that person, the 4555 superintendent shall provide the results from the previous 4556 criminal records check of the person at a lower fee than the fee 4557 prescribed for the initial criminal records check. 4558

(E) When the superintendent receives a request for
information from a registered private provider, the
superintendent shall proceed as if the request was received from
a school district board of education under section 3319.39 of
the Revised Code. The superintendent shall apply division (A) (1)
(c) of this section to any such request for an applicant who is
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a teacher.

(F)(1) Subject to division (F)(2) of this section, all

information regarding the results of a criminal records check 4567 conducted under this section that the superintendent reports or 4568 sends under division (A)(7) or (9) of this section to the 4569 director of public safety, the treasurer of state, or the 4570 person, board, or entity that made the request for the criminal 4571 records check shall relate to the conviction of the subject 4572 person, or the subject person's plea of guilty to, a criminal 4573 offense. 4574

(2) Division (F)(1) of this section does not limit, 4575 4576 restrict, or preclude the superintendent's release of information that relates to the arrest of a person who is 4577 eighteen years of age or older, to an adjudication of a child as 4578 a delinguent child, or to a criminal conviction of a person 4579 under eighteen years of age in circumstances in which a release 4580 of that nature is authorized under division (E)(2), (3), or (4)4581 of section 109.57 of the Revised Code pursuant to a rule adopted 4582 under division (E)(1) of that section. 4583

(G) As used in this section:

(1) "Criminal records check" means any criminal recordscheck conducted by the superintendent of the bureau of criminalidentification and investigation in accordance with division (B)of this section.

(2) "Minor drug possession offense" has the same meaning4589as in section 2925.01 of the Revised Code.4590

(3) "OVI or OVUAC violation" means a violation of section
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4511.19 of the Revised Code or a violation of an existing or
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former law of this state, any other state, or the United States
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that is substantially equivalent to section 4511.19 of the
Revised Code.

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(4) "Registered private provider" means a nonpublic school
or entity registered with the superintendent of public
instruction under section 3310.41 of the Revised Code to
participate in the autism scholarship program or section 3310.58
of the Revised Code to participate in the Jon Peterson special
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needs scholarship program.

Section 4. That the version of section 109.572 of the4602Revised Code that is scheduled to take effect October 9, 2021,4603is hereby repealed.4604

Section 5. Sections 3 and 4 of this act take effect 4605 October 9, 2021. 4606

Section 6. The General Assembly, applying the principle 4607 stated in division (B) of section 1.52 of the Revised Code that 4608 amendments are to be harmonized if reasonably capable of 4609 simultaneous operation, finds that the following sections, 4610 presented in this act as composites of the sections as amended 4611 by the acts indicated, are the resulting versions of the 4612 sections in effect prior to the effective date of the sections 4613 as presented in this act: 4614

Section 109.42 of the Revised Code as amended by both H.B.46151 and S.B. 201 of the 132nd General Assembly.4616

The version of section 109.572 of the Revised Code4617effective October 9, 2021, as amended by both H.B. 263 and S.B.4618260 of the 133rd General Assembly.4619

Section 901.511 of the Revised Code as amended by both4620H.B. 276 and H.B. 389 of the 129th General Assembly.4621

Section 2921.22 of the Revised Code as amended by both4622H.B. 216 and S.B. 319 of the 131st General Assembly.4623