

# Ohio Legislative Service Commission

Office of Research and Drafting

Legislative Budget Office

S.B. 58 134<sup>th</sup> General Assembly

# **Bill Analysis**

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Version: As Passed by the Senate

Primary Sponsors: Sens. Antonio and Brenner

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### **SUMMARY**

- Permits a long-term care facility resident or the resident's guardian or attorney in fact to authorize the installation and use of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room under certain conditions.
- Requires a resident's roommate to fully or conditionally consent to electronic monitoring.
- Requires a long-term care facility to make a reasonable attempt to accommodate a resident wishing to use electronic monitoring when the resident's roommate refuses consent.
- Permits a long-term care facility to post a notice stating that an electronic monitoring device is in use in a particular room.
- Prohibits discrimination or retaliation against a resident who authorizes electronic monitoring and the intentional obstruction, tampering with, or destruction of a device or a recording made by it.
- Designates the act as "Esther's Law."

## **DETAILED ANALYSIS**

# **Electronic monitoring in long-term care facilities**

The bill permits a long-term care facility resident or the resident's guardian or attorney in fact to authorize the installation and use of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room in a long-term care facility under certain conditions.<sup>1</sup> The bill defines "electronic

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> R.C. 3721.61(A).

monitoring device" as a surveillance instrument with a fixed position video camera or an audio recording device, or a combination thereof, that is installed in a resident's room and broadcasts or records activities or sounds occurring in the room. A "long-term care facility" is a nursing home or a facility or part of a facility that is Medicare- or Medicaid-certified as a skilled nursing facility or nursing facility. A "guardian" is any person, association, or corporation appointed by the probate court to have the care and management of a person. An "attorney in fact" is someone who has been designated as such by a durable power of attorney for health care under Ohio law.<sup>2</sup>

#### **Conditions**

For installation and use of an electronic monitoring device to be authorized, all of the following conditions must be met:<sup>3</sup>

- The resident or the resident's guardian or attorney in fact must complete a form (see "Form," below) and submit it to the facility, if the facility has established and requires such a form to be used;
- The cost of the device and of installing, maintaining, and removing the device (other than the cost of electricity for the device) must be paid by the resident or the resident's guardian or attorney in fact; and
- If the resident lives with another a resident (i.e., has a roommate), the roommate or roommate's guardian or attorney in fact must consent to the use of the electronic monitoring device in the room by completing the specified portion of a form, if such a form is required by the facility.

A resident who has authorized the installation and use of an electronic monitoring device may withdraw that authorization at any time.<sup>4</sup> A roommate also may withdraw consent to the monitoring at any time.<sup>5</sup>

#### **Roommate situations**

If a resident wishes to use an electronic monitoring device authorized by the bill, but the resident's roommate or the roommate's guardian or attorney in fact refuses to consent, the long-term care facility must make a reasonable attempt to accommodate the resident by moving either the resident or the roommate to an available room. The bill also authorizes a roommate or his or her guardian or attorney in fact to place conditions on consent to the installation and use of electronic monitoring, including pointing the device away from the

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> R.C. 3721.60; See R.C. 1337.11 to 1337.17 and 2111.01(A), not in the bill.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> R.C. 3721.61 and 3721.62(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> R.C. 3721.61(C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> R.C. 3721.62(C).

roommate or limiting or prohibiting the use of certain devices. If conditions are placed on consent, the device must be installed and used according to those conditions.<sup>6</sup>

#### **Form**

Under the bill, a long-term care facility may prescribe a form for use by a resident or a resident's guardian or attorney in fact seeking to authorize the installation and use of an electronic monitoring device in the resident's room in a long-term care facility. If the long-term care facility prescribes such a form, it must, at a minimum, include all of the following:<sup>7</sup>

- An explanation of the electronic monitoring provisions enacted by the bill;
- An acknowledgement that the resident or the resident's guardian or attorney in fact has consented to the installation and use of the device in the resident's room;
- In the case of a resident with a roommate, an acknowledgment that the roommate or roommate's guardian or attorney in fact has consented to the installation and use of the device and a description of any conditions placed on that consent;
- A section for providing the facility with information regarding the type, function, and use of the device to be installed and used; and
- A section stating that the facility is released from liability in any civil or criminal action or administrative proceeding for a violation of the resident's right to privacy in connection with using the device.

#### **Notice**

The bill permits a long-term care facility to post a notice in a conspicuous place at the entrance to a resident's room that contains an electronic device stating that an electronic monitoring device is in use in that room.<sup>8</sup>

#### **Prohibitions**

The bill prohibits a person or resident from being denied admission to, or being discharged from, a long-term care facility or otherwise being discriminated or retaliated against because of the decision to authorize the installation and use of an electronic monitoring device in a resident's room in the facility. The penalty for a violation of this prohibition is a fine of \$100 for a first offense and \$500 for each subsequent offense. 10

The bill also prohibits any person other than the resident or resident's guardian or attorney in fact who authorized the installation and use of an electronic monitoring device in

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> R.C. 3721.62(B).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> R.C. 3721.63.

<sup>8</sup> R.C. 3721.64.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> R.C. 3721.65.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> R.C. 3721.99(A).

the resident's room from intentionally obstructing, tampering with, or destroying the device or a recording made by the device. <sup>11</sup> A person who violates this prohibition is guilty of tampering with an electronic monitoring device, a misdemeanor of the first degree. <sup>12</sup>

Further, the bill prohibits any person other than the resident, the resident's guardian or attorney in fact, or law enforcement personnel from intentionally viewing or listening to the images displayed or sounds recorded by an electronic monitoring device, unless the person has been authorized to do so by the resident or the resident's guardian or attorney in fact.<sup>13</sup>

#### **Rules**

The bill requires the Director of Health to adopt rules as necessary to implement the bill's provisions. The rules must be adopted in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act (R.C. Chapter 119).<sup>14</sup>

## **Designation**

The act is designated as "Esther's Law." 15

## **HISTORY**

Action	Date
Introduced	02-09-21
Reported, S. Health	05-19-21
Passed Senate (32-0)	05-19-21

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> R.C. 3721.66(A).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> R.C. 3721.99(D).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> R.C. 3721.66(B) and (C).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> R.C. 3721.67.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Section 3.