## SENATE BILL NO. 453–COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 27, 2017

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to criminal procedure. (BDR 14-84)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets *fomitted material* is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; authorizing a person who was dishonorably discharged from probation to apply to a court for the sealing of records of criminal history relating to the conviction; revising various provisions relating to the filing of petitions for the sealing of records of criminal history; requiring an agency of criminal justice to remove certain records from a record of criminal history before dissemination of the record in certain circumstances; revising provisions relating to the sealing of records of persons convicted of the unlawful possession of a controlled substance; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

## Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law authorizes a person who is granted an honorable discharge from probation to apply to the court for the sealing of records relating to the conviction. (NRS 176A.850) Existing law also provides that a person who is given a dishonorable discharge from probation is not entitled to such a privilege. (NRS 176A.870) Section 1 of this bill authorizes a person who is given a dishonorable discharge from probation to apply to the court for the sealing of records relating to the conviction if he or she is otherwise eligible to have the records sealed. Existing law authorizes a person who was convicted of certain offenses or who was arrested for alleged criminal conduct but the charges against the person were

8 Existing law authorizes a person who was convicted of certain offenses or who 9 was arrested for alleged criminal conduct but the charges against the person were 10 dismissed, the prosecuting attorney declined prosecution of the charges or the 11 person was acquitted of the charges to petition the court in which the person was 12 convicted or in which the charges were dismissed or declined for prosecution or the 13 acquittal was entered for the sealing of all records relating to the conviction or the 14 arrest and proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or acquittal, as 15 applicable. Existing law also: (1) generally requires a person to wait a specified 16 number of years, depending on the offense, until he or she may petition the court





17 for the sealing of such records; and (2) requires a petition to be accompanied by the 18 person's current, verified records received from the Central Repository for Nevada 19 Records of Criminal History and all agencies of criminal justice which maintain 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 such records within the city or county in which the petitioner appeared in court. (NRS 179.245, 179.255) Sections 7 and 8 of this bill: (1) reduce the length of certain periods that a person is required to wait before petitioning a court for the sealing of records; and (2) remove the requirement that a petition be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records received from local agencies of criminal justice. Sections 7 and 8 also provide that if the prosecuting attorney stipulates to the sealing of the records and the court makes certain findings, the court is authorized to order the records sealed without a hearing.

Existing law also authorizes the sealing of the records of a person who completes a correctional or judicial program for reentry into the community 5 years after the completion of the program. (NRS 179.259) Section 9 of this bill reduces such a period to 4 years.

Section 4 of this bill provides that upon the filing of a petition for the sealing of records, there is a rebuttable presumption that the records should be sealed if the applicant satisfies all statutory requirements for the sealing of the records.

34 35 Section 5 of this bill authorizes a person to file a petition for the sealing of 36 37 38 records in district court if the person wishes to have more than one record sealed and would otherwise need to file a petition in more than one court. Section 5 also authorizes the district court to order the sealing of any records in the justice or 39 municipal courts in certain circumstances.

40 Existing law provides for the dissemination of records of criminal history by 41 agencies of criminal justice in certain circumstances. (NRS 179A.090, 179A.100) 42 Section 13 of this bill requires that before an agency of criminal justice 43 disseminates any record to a person or entity other than another agency of criminal 44 justice, the agency of criminal justice must remove any record of a conviction of a 45 category E felony, gross misdemeanor or certain misdemeanors if a certain amount 46 of time has passed since the person was released from actual custody, discharged 47 from parole or probation or was no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever 48 occurred later.

49 Existing law provides that, unless a greater penalty is otherwise provided, a person who is convicted of the possession of flunitrazepam or gamma-50 hydroxybutyrate, or any substance for which flunitrazepam or gamma-51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 hydroxybutyrate is an immediate precursor, is guilty of a category B felony and is punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years. (NRS 453.336) If a person is convicted of this offense, existing law authorizes the court to seal the person's records relating to the conviction if, 3 years after the conviction and sentence: (1) the person fulfills the terms and conditions imposed by the court and the person's parole and probation officer; and (2) the court, after a hearing, is satisfied that the person is rehabilitated. (NRS 453.3365) Section 16 of this bill removes this 60 provision and, instead, requires a court to seal a person's records relating to a 61 conviction for this offense only if: (1) the person is assigned to an educational 62 program or a treatment program; and (2) the person fulfills the terms and conditions 63 imposed by the court and the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of 64 Public Safety.





## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 176A.870 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows:

3 176A.870 *I*. A defendant whose term of probation has 4 expired and:

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[1.] (a) Whose whereabouts are unknown;

6 [2.] (b) Who has failed to make restitution in full as ordered by 7 the court, without a verified showing of economic hardship; or

8 [3.] (c) Who has otherwise failed to qualify for an honorable 9 discharge as provided in NRS 176A.850,

10  $\rightarrow$  is not eligible for an honorable discharge and must be given a dishonorable discharge.

12 **2.** A dishonorable discharge releases the probationer from any 13 further obligation, except a civil liability arising on the date of 14 discharge for any unpaid restitution which is enforceable pursuant to 15 NRS 176.275.  $\frac{1}{12}$ 

3. A defendant who is given a dishonorable discharge pursuant to this section may, if he or she meets the requirements
of NRS 179.245, apply to the court for the sealing of records
relating to the conviction but [does] is otherwise not [entitle the probationer] entitled to any privilege conferred by NRS 176A.850.

Sec. 2. Chapter 179 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act.

23 Sec. 3. The Legislature hereby declares that the public policy 24 of this State is to favor the giving of second chances to offenders 25 who are rehabilitated and the sealing of the records of such 26 persons in accordance with NRS 179.241 to 179.301, inclusive and 27 sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act.

28 Sec. 4. Upon the filing of a petition for the sealing of records 29 pursuant to NRS 179.245, 179.255 or 179.259 or section 5 of this 30 act, there is a rebuttable presumption that the records should be 31 sealed if the applicant satisfies all statutory requirements for the 32 sealing of the records.

33 Sec. 5. Notwithstanding the procedure established in NRS 34 179.245, 179.255 or 179.259 for the filing of a petition for the 35 sealing of records:

36 1. If a person wishes to have more than one record sealed 37 and would otherwise need to file a petition in more than one court 38 for the sealing of the records, the person may, instead of filing a 39 petition in each court, file a petition in district court for the 40 sealing of all such records.

41 2. If a person files a petition for the sealing of records in 42 district court pursuant to subsection 1 or NRS 179.245, 179.255





1 or 179.259, the district court may order the sealing of any other 2 records in the justice or municipal courts in accordance with the 3 provisions of NRS 179.241 to 179.301, inclusive, and sections 3, 4 4 and 5 of this act.

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**Sec. 6.** NRS 179.241 is hereby amended to read as follows:

6 179.241 As used in NRS 179.241 to 179.301, inclusive, *and* 7 *sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act,* unless the context otherwise requires, 8 the words and terms defined in NRS 179.242, 179.243 and 179.244 9 have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

**Sec. 7.** NRS 179.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 179.245 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection [5] 6 and NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.259, 453.3365 and 458.330, a person may petition the court in which the person was convicted for the sealing of all records relating to a conviction of:

(a) A category A [or B] felony , a crime of violence or a
burglary of a residence, after [15] 10 years from the date of release
from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation,
whichever occurs later;

(b) [A] Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (e), *a* category *B*, C or D felony after [12] 5 years from the date of
release from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation,
whichever occurs later;

(c) A category E felony after <sup>[7]</sup> 2 years from the date of release
from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation,
whichever occurs later;

(d) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), any gross
misdemeanor after 5
years from the date of release from actual
custody or discharge from probation, whichever occurs later;

(e) A violation of NRS 422.540 to 422.570, inclusive, [other than a felony,] a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 other than a felony, or a battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 other than a felony, after 7 years from the date of release from actual custody or from the date when the person is no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later; [or]

35 (f) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), a misdemeanor for battery pursuant to 36 NRS 200.481, a misdemeanor for harassment, a misdemeanor for stalking or 37 a misdemeanor for a violation of a temporary or extended order 38 for protection against harassment or stalking, 2 years after the 39 date of release from actual custody or after the date when the 40 41 person is no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs 42 later: or

43 (g) Any other misdemeanor after <sup>[2</sup> years] 1 year from the date 44 of release from actual custody or from the date when the person is 45 no longer under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later.





2. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 must:

2 (a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records
 3 received from [:

4 (1) The *the* Central Repository for Nevada Records of 5 Criminal History; fand

6 (2) All agencies of criminal justice which maintain such 7 records within the city or county in which the conviction was 8 entered;]

9 (b) If the petition references NRS 453.3365 or 458.330, include 10 a certificate of acknowledgment or the disposition of the 11 proceedings for the records to be sealed from all agencies of 12 criminal justice which maintain such records;

(c) Include a list of any other public or private agency, company,
 official or other custodian of records that is reasonably known to the
 petitioner to have possession of records of the conviction and to
 whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be directed; and

(d) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of
the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be
sealed, including, without limitation, the:

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(1) Date of birth of the petitioner;

21 (2) Specific conviction to which the records to be sealed 22 pertain; and

23 (3) Date of arrest relating to the specific conviction to which24 the records to be sealed pertain.

3. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to this section, the court shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner for the crime and the prosecuting attorney, including, without limitation, the Attorney General, who prosecuted the petitioner for the crime. The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant evidence may testify and present evidence at [the] *any* hearing on the petition.

4. If the prosecuting attorney who prosecuted the petitioner for the crime stipulates to the sealing of the records after receiving notification pursuant to subsection 3 and the court makes the findings set forth in subsection 5, the court may order the sealing of the records in accordance with subsection 5 without a hearing. If the prosecuting attorney does not stipulate to the sealing of the records, a hearing on the petition must be conducted.

**5.** If **[**, after the hearing,] the court finds that, in the period prescribed in subsection 1, the petitioner has not been charged with any offense for which the charges are pending or convicted of any offense, except for minor moving or standing traffic violations, the court may order sealed all records of the conviction which are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or private agency, company, official or other custodian of records in the State





1 of Nevada, and may also order all such records of the petitioner 2 returned to the file of the court where the proceeding was commenced from, including, without limitation, the Federal Bureau 3 of Investigation, the California Bureau of Criminal Identification 4 and Information and all other agencies of criminal justice which 5 6 maintain such records and which are reasonably known by either the 7 petitioner or the court to have possession of such records.

8 [5.] 6. A person may not petition the court to seal records 9 relating to a conviction of:

10 (a) A crime against a child;

11 (b) A sexual offense;

(c) A violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable 12 13 as a felony pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of 14 NRS 484C.400: 15

(d) A violation of NRS 484C.430:

16 (e) A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual physical 17 control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor 18 or a controlled substance or resulting from any other conduct 19 prohibited by NRS 484C.110, 484C.130 or 484C.430;

20 (f) A violation of NRS 488.410 that is punishable as a felony 21 pursuant to NRS 488.427; or

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(g) A violation of NRS 488.420 or 488.425.

**6.** 7. If the court grants a petition for the sealing of records 23 pursuant to this section, upon the request of the person whose 24 25 records are sealed, the court may order sealed all records of the civil proceeding in which the records were sealed. 26

[7.] 8. As used in this section:

(a) "Crime against a child" has the meaning ascribed to it in 28 29 NRS 179D.0357.

30 (b) "Crime of violence" means any felony for which there is a 31 substantial risk that force or violence may be used against the person or property of another in the commission of the felony. 32

(c) "Harassment" means a violation of NRS 200.571.

(d) "Residence" means any house, room, apartment, tenement 34 35 or other building, vehicle, vehicle trailer, semitrailer, house trailer or boat designed or intended for occupancy as a residence. 36 37

(e) "Sexual offense" means:

38 (1) Murder of the first degree committed in the perpetration 39 or attempted perpetration of sexual assault or of sexual abuse or sexual molestation of a child less than 14 years of age pursuant to 40 41 paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.030.

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- (2) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366.

43 (3) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368, if 44 punishable as a felony.





3 (5) An offense involving the administration of a drug to 4 another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of 5 a felony pursuant to NRS 200.405, if the felony is an offense listed 6 in this paragraph. (6) An offense involving the administration of a controlled 7 8 substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of a crime of violence pursuant to NRS 200.408, if the 9 10 crime of violence is an offense listed in this paragraph. 11 (7) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse 12 involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation. 13 (8) An offense involving pornography and a minor pursuant 14 to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive. 15 (9) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180. 16 (10) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210, if 17 punishable as a felony. 18 (11) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220, 19 if punishable as a felony. 20 (12) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230. 21 (13) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to 22 NRS 201.450. 23 (14) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school 24 or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540. 25 (15) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college 26 or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550. 27 (16) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant 28 to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony. 29 (17) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this 30 paragraph. 31 (f) "Stalking" means a violation of NRS 200.575. 32 **Sec. 8.** NRS 179.255 is hereby amended to read as follows: 33 179.255 1. If a person has been arrested for alleged criminal conduct and the charges are dismissed, the prosecuting attorney 34 having jurisdiction declined prosecution of the charges or such 35 person is acquitted of the charges, the person may petition: 36 37 (a) The court in which the charges were dismissed, at any time 38 after the date the charges were dismissed; 39 (b) The court having jurisdiction in which the charges were 40 declined for prosecution: 41 (1) Any time after the applicable statute of limitations has 42 run: 43 (2) Any time [10] 8 years after the arrest; or 44 (3) Pursuant to a stipulation between the parties; or

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NRS 200.400.

(4) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to

1 (c) The court in which the acquittal was entered, at any time 2 after the date of the acquittal,

 $3 \rightarrow$  for the sealing of all records relating to the arrest and the 4 proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or acquittal.

5 2. If the conviction of a person is set aside pursuant to NRS 6 458A.240, the person may petition the court that set aside the 7 conviction, at any time after the conviction has been set aside, for 8 the sealing of all records relating to the setting aside of the 9 conviction.

10 3. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 must:

(a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records
 received from f:

(1) The *the* Central Repository for Nevada Records of
 Criminal History; and

(2) All agencies of criminal justice which maintain such
 records within the city or county in which the petitioner appeared in
 court;]

(b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), include thedisposition of the proceedings for the records to be sealed;

20 (c) If the petition references NRS 453.3365 or 458.330, include 21 a certificate of acknowledgment or the disposition of the 22 proceedings for the records to be sealed from all agencies of 23 criminal justice which maintain such records;

(d) Include a list of any other public or private agency, company, official and other custodian of records that is reasonably known to the petitioner to have possession of records of the arrest and of the proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or acquittal and to whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be directed; and

(e) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of
 the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be
 sealed, including, without limitation, the:

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(1) Date of birth of the petitioner;

34 (2) Specific charges that were dismissed or of which the 35 petitioner was acquitted; and

36 (3) Date of arrest relating to the specific charges that were37 dismissed or of which the petitioner was acquitted.

4. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to subsection 1, the court
shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner
for the crime and:

(a) If the charges were dismissed, declined for prosecution or the
 acquittal was entered in a district court or justice court, the
 prosecuting attorney for the county; or





1 (b) If the charges were dismissed, declined for prosecution or 2 the acquittal was entered in a municipal court, the prosecuting 3 attorney for the city.

4  $\rightarrow$  The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant 5 evidence may testify and present evidence at <u>[the]</u> any hearing on 6 the petition.

7 5. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to subsection 2, the court 8 shall notify:

9 (a) If the conviction was set aside in a district court or justice 10 court, the prosecuting attorney for the county; or

11 (b) If the conviction was set aside in a municipal court, the 12 prosecuting attorney for the city.

13  $\rightarrow$  The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant 14 evidence may testify and present evidence at [the] *any* hearing on 15 the petition.

16 6. If the prosecuting attorney stipulates to the sealing of the 17 records after receiving notification pursuant to subsection 4 or 5 18 and the court makes the findings set forth in subsection 7 or 8, as applicable, the court may order the sealing of the records in 19 accordance with subsection 7 or 8, as applicable, without a 20 hearing. If the prosecuting attorney does not stipulate to the sealing of the records, a hearing on the petition must be 21 22 23 conducted.

24 7. If [, after the hearing on a petition submitted pursuant to 25 subsection 1.1 the court finds that there has been an acquittal, that 26 the prosecution was declined or that the charges were dismissed and 27 there is no evidence that further action will be brought against the 28 person, the court may order sealed all records of the arrest and of the 29 proceedings leading to the acquittal, declination or dismissal which 30 are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or 31 private company, agency, official or other custodian of records in 32 the State of Nevada.

33 [7.] 8. If [, after the hearing on a petition submitted pursuant to subsection 2,] the court finds that the conviction of the petitioner was set aside pursuant to NRS 458A.240, the court may order sealed all records relating to the setting aside of the conviction which are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or private company, agency, official or other custodian of records in the State of Nevada.

40 [8.] 9. If the prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction 41 previously declined prosecution of the charges and the records of 42 the arrest have been sealed pursuant to subsection [6,] 7, the 43 prosecuting attorney may subsequently file the charges at any time 44 before the running of the statute of limitations for those charges. If 45 such charges are filed with the court, the court shall order the





inspection of the records without the prosecuting attorney having to
 petition the court pursuant to NRS 179.295.

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**Sec. 9.** NRS 179.259 is hereby amended to read as follows:

1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3, 4 4 179.259 5 and 5,  $\frac{15}{14}$  years after an eligible person completes a program for reentry, the court may order sealed all documents, papers and 6 7 exhibits in the eligible person's record, minute book entries and 8 entries on dockets, and other documents relating to the case in the 9 custody of such other agencies and officers as are named in the 10 court's order. The court may order those records sealed without a hearing unless the Division of Parole and Probation of the 11 12 Department of Public Safety petitions the court, for good cause 13 shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

14 2. If the court orders sealed the record of an eligible person, the 15 court shall send a copy of the order to each agency or officer named 16 in the order. Each such agency or officer shall notify the court in 17 writing of its compliance with the order.

18 3. A professional licensing board is entitled, for the purpose of 19 determining suitability for a license or liability to discipline for 20 misconduct, to inspect and to copy from a record sealed pursuant to 21 this section.

4. The Division of Insurance of the Department of Business
and Industry is entitled, for the purpose of determining suitability
for a license or liability to discipline for misconduct, to inspect and
to copy from a record sealed pursuant to this section.

5. A person may not petition the court to seal records relating to a conviction of a crime against a child or a sexual offense.

6. As used in this section:

(a) "Crime against a child" has the meaning ascribed to it inNRS 179D.0357.

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(b) "Eligible person" means a person who has:

(1) Successfully completed a program for reentry, which the
person participated in pursuant to NRS 209.4886, 209.4888,
213.625 or 213.632; and

(2) Been convicted of a single offense which was punishable as a felony and which did not involve the use or threatened use of force or violence against the victim. For the purposes of this subparagraph, multiple convictions for an offense punishable as a felony shall be deemed to constitute a single offense if those offenses arose out of the same transaction or occurrence.

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(c) "Program for reentry" means:

42 (1) A correctional program for reentry of offenders and 43 parolees into the community that is established by the Director of 44 the Department of Corrections pursuant to NRS 209.4887; or





1 (2) A judicial program for reentry of offenders and parolees 2 into the community that is established in a judicial district pursuant 3 to NRS 209.4883.

4 (d) "Sexual offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph 5 (b) (e) of subsection (7) 8 of NRS 179.245.

Sec. 10. NRS 179.275 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 179.275 Where the court orders the sealing of a record
8 pursuant to NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.255, 179.259,
9 453.3365 or 458.330, or section 5 of this act, a copy of the order
10 must be sent to:

The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal
 History; and

13 2. Each agency of criminal justice and each public or private 14 company, agency, official or other custodian of records named in 15 the order, and that person shall seal the records in his or her custody 16 which relate to the matters contained in the order, shall advise the 17 court of compliance and shall then seal the order.

Sec. 11. NRS 179.285 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.285 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 179.301:

1. If the court orders a record sealed pursuant to NRS
176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.255, 179.259, 453.3365 or
458.330 [+] or section 5 of this act:

(a) All proceedings recounted in the record are deemed never to
have occurred, and the person to whom the order pertains may
properly answer accordingly to any inquiry, including, without
limitation, an inquiry relating to an application for employment,
concerning the arrest, conviction, dismissal or acquittal and the
events and proceedings relating to the arrest, conviction, dismissal
or acquittal.

30 (b) The person is immediately restored to the following civil 31 rights if the person's civil rights previously have not been restored:

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(2) The right to hold office; and

(1) The right to vote;

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(3) The right to serve on a jury.

2. Upon the sealing of the person's records, a person who is restored to his or her civil rights pursuant to subsection 1 must be given:

(a) An official document which demonstrates that the person has
been restored to the civil rights set forth in paragraph (b) of
subsection 1; and

41 (b) A written notice informing the person that he or she has not 42 been restored to the right to bear arms, unless the person has 43 received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict his or her right to 44 bear arms.





1 3. A person who has had his or her records sealed in this State 2 or any other state and whose official documentation of the 3 restoration of civil rights is lost, damaged or destroyed may file a written request with a court of competent jurisdiction to restore his 4 or her civil rights pursuant to this section. Upon verification that the 5 6 person has had his or her records sealed, the court shall issue an 7 order restoring the person to the civil rights to vote, to hold office 8 and to serve on a jury. A person must not be required to pay a fee to 9 receive such an order.

4. A person who has had his or her records sealed in this State or any other state may present official documentation that the person has been restored to his or her civil rights or a court order restoring civil rights as proof that the person has been restored to the right to vote, to hold office and to serve as a juror.

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Sec. 12. NRS 179.295 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 179.295 1. The person who is the subject of the records that 17 are sealed pursuant to NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.255, 18 179.259, 453.3365 or 458.330 or section 5 of this act may petition 19 the court that ordered the records sealed to permit inspection of the 20 records by a person named in the petition, and the court may order 21 such inspection. Except as otherwise provided in this section, subsection [8] 9 of NRS 179.255 and NRS 179.259 and 179.301, the 22 23 court may not order the inspection of the records under any other 24 circumstances.

25 2. If a person has been arrested, the charges have been 26 dismissed and the records of the arrest have been sealed, the court 27 may order the inspection of the records by a prosecuting attorney 28 upon a showing that as a result of newly discovered evidence, the 29 person has been arrested for the same or a similar offense and that 30 there is sufficient evidence reasonably to conclude that the person 31 will stand trial for the offense.

32 3. The court may, upon the application of a prosecuting 33 attorney or an attorney representing a defendant in a criminal action, 34 order an inspection of such records for the purpose of obtaining 35 information relating to persons who were involved in the incident 36 recorded.

4. This section does not prohibit a court from considering a conviction for which records have been sealed pursuant to NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.255, 179.259, 453.3365 or 458.330 *or section 5 of this act* in determining whether to grant a petition pursuant to NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.255, 179.259, 453.3365 or 458.330 *or section 5 of this act* for a conviction of another offense.





1 Sec. 13. Chapter 179A of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto a new section to read as follows:

Before an agency of criminal justice disseminates any record of 3 criminal history to a person or entity other than another agency of 4 criminal justice pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, the 5 6 agency of criminal justice must remove any record of:

7 1. A conviction of a category E felony or gross misdemeanor for which the date of release from actual custody or discharge 8 from parole or probation, whichever occurred later, was 10 or 9 10 more years before the date of dissemination.

Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a conviction 11 2. of a misdemeanor for which the date of release from actual 12 13 custody or the date on which the person was no longer under a 14 suspended sentence, whichever occurred later, was 5 or more 15 vears before the date of dissemination.

The provisions of subsection 2 do not apply to a 16 *3*. misdemeanor for an act which constitutes domestic violence 17 pursuant to NRS 33.018 or a violation of NRS 484C.110, 18 19 484C.120 or 484C.130.

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**Sec. 14.** NRS 179A.030 is hereby amended to read as follows: 179A.030 "Agency of criminal justice" means:

22 1. Any court; and

Any governmental agency or subunit of any governmental 23 2. agency which performs a function in the administration of criminal 24 25 justice pursuant to a statute or executive order, and which allocates a substantial part of its budget to a function in the administration of 26 criminal justice [], including, without limitation, a local law 27 enforcement agency, the Nevada Highway Patrol, the Division of 28 29 Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety and the 30 **Department of Corrections.** 

Sec. 15. NRS 179A.100 is hereby amended to read as follows: 31

32 179A.100 Subject to the requirements set forth in section 13 33 of this act:

34 The following records of criminal history may be 1. disseminated by an agency of criminal justice without any 35 restriction pursuant to this chapter: 36 37

(a) Any which reflect records of conviction only; and

38 (b) Any which pertain to an incident for which a person is 39 currently within the system of criminal justice, including parole or 40 probation.

41 2. Without any restriction pursuant to this chapter, a record of 42 criminal history or the absence of such a record may be:

43 (a) Disclosed among agencies which maintain a system for the 44 mutual exchange of criminal records.





(b) Furnished by one agency to another to administer the system 1 2 of criminal justice, including the furnishing of information by a 3 police department to a district attorney. 4

(c) Reported to the Central Repository.

5 An agency of criminal justice shall disseminate to a 3. 6 prospective employer, upon request, records of criminal history 7 concerning a prospective employee or volunteer which are the result 8 of a name-based inquiry and which:

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(a) Reflect convictions only; or

(b) Pertain to an incident for which the prospective employee or 10 volunteer is currently within the system of criminal justice, 11 12 including parole or probation.

13 In addition to any other information to which an employer is 4. 14 entitled or authorized to receive from a name-based inquiry, the 15 Central Repository shall disseminate to a prospective or current 16 employer, or a person or entity designated to receive the information 17 on behalf of such an employer, the information contained in a record of registration concerning an employee, prospective employee, 18 19 volunteer or prospective volunteer who is a sex offender or an 20 offender convicted of a crime against a child, regardless of whether the employee, prospective employee, volunteer or prospective 21 volunteer gives written consent to the release of that information. 22 The Central Repository shall disseminate such information in a 23 24 manner that does not reveal the name of an individual victim of an 25 offense or the information described in subsection 7 of NRS 179B.250. A request for information pursuant to this subsection 26 27 must conform to the requirements of the Central Repository and 28 must include:

29 (a) The name and address of the employer, and the name and 30 signature of the person or entity requesting the information on 31 behalf of the employer;

32 (b) The name and address of the employer's facility in which the 33 employee, prospective employee, volunteer or prospective volunteer is employed or volunteers or is seeking to become employed or 34 35 volunteer; and

36 (c) The name and other identifying information of the employee, 37 prospective employee, volunteer or prospective volunteer.

38 5. In addition to any other information to which an employer is 39 entitled or authorized to receive, the Central Repository shall disseminate to a prospective or current employer, or a person or 40 41 entity designated to receive the information on behalf of such an employer, the information described in subsection 4 of NRS 42 179A.190 concerning an employee, prospective employee, volunteer 43 44 or prospective volunteer who gives written consent to the release of 45 that information if the employer submits a request in the manner set





forth in NRS 179A.200 for obtaining a notice of information. The
 Central Repository shall search for and disseminate such
 information in the manner set forth in NRS 179A.210 for the
 dissemination of a notice of information.

5 6. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the provisions 6 of NRS 179A.180 to 179A.240, inclusive, do not apply to an 7 employer who requests information and to whom such information 8 is disseminated pursuant to subsections 4 and 5.

9 7. Records of criminal history must be disseminated by an 10 agency of criminal justice, upon request, to the following persons or 11 governmental entities:

(a) The person who is the subject of the record of criminalhistory for the purposes of NRS 179A.150.

14 (b) The person who is the subject of the record of criminal 15 history when the subject is a party in a judicial, administrative, 16 licensing, disciplinary or other proceeding to which the information 17 is relevant.

18 (c) The Nevada Gaming Control Board.

(d) The State Board of Nursing.

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20 (e) The Private Investigator's Licensing Board to investigate an 21 applicant for a license.

(f) A public administrator to carry out the duties as prescribed in
 chapter 253 of NRS.

(g) A public guardian to investigate a ward or proposed ward or
 persons who may have knowledge of assets belonging to a ward or
 proposed ward.

(h) Any agency of criminal justice of the United States or ofanother state or the District of Columbia.

(i) Any public utility subject to the jurisdiction of the Public
Utilities Commission of Nevada when the information is necessary
to conduct a security investigation of an employee or prospective
employee or to protect the public health, safety or welfare.

(j) Persons and agencies authorized by statute, ordinance,
 executive order, court rule, court decision or court order as
 construed by appropriate state or local officers or agencies.

(k) Any person or governmental entity which has entered into a contract to provide services to an agency of criminal justice relating to the administration of criminal justice, if authorized by the contract, and if the contract also specifies that the information will be used only for stated purposes and that it will be otherwise confidential in accordance with state and federal law and regulation.

42 (l) Any reporter for the electronic or printed media in a 43 professional capacity for communication to the public.





(m) Prospective employers if the person who is the subject of 1 2 the information has given written consent to the release of that information by the agency which maintains it. 3 (n) For the express purpose of research, evaluative or statistical 4 programs pursuant to an agreement with an agency of criminal 5 6 justice. 7 (o) An agency which provides child welfare services, as defined in NRS 432B.030. 8 (p) The Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the 9 Department of Health and Human Services or its designated 10 11 representative, as needed to ensure the safety of investigators and 12 caseworkers. 13 (q) The Aging and Disability Services Division of the Department of Health and Human Services or its designated 14 15 representative, as needed to ensure the safety of investigators and 16 caseworkers. 17 (r) An agency of this or any other state or the Federal Government that is conducting activities pursuant to Part D of 18 Subchapter IV of Chapter 7 of Title 42 of the Social Security Act, 19 42 U.S.C. §§ 651 et seq. 20 21 (s) The State Disaster Identification Team of the Division of 22 Emergency Management of the Department. 23 (t) The Commissioner of Insurance. (u) The Board of Medical Examiners. 24 25 (v) The State Board of Osteopathic Medicine. (w) The Board of Massage Therapists and its Executive 26 27 Director (x) The Board of Examiners for Social Workers. 28 29 (y) A multidisciplinary team to review the death of the victim of 30 a crime that constitutes domestic violence organized or sponsored 31 by the Attorney General pursuant to NRS 228.495. Agencies of criminal justice in this State which receive 32 8. information from sources outside this State concerning transactions 33 involving criminal justice which occur outside Nevada shall treat the 34 35 information as confidentially as is required by the provisions of this 36 chapter. 37 **Sec. 16.** NRS 453.3365 is hereby amended to read as follows: 453.3365 1. [Three years after a person is convicted and 38 sentenced pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 453.336, the court may 39 order sealed all documents, papers and exhibits in that person's 40 record, minute book entries and entries on dockets, and other 41 documents relating to the case in the custody of such other agencies 42 and officers as are named in the court's order, if the: 43 44 (a) Person fulfills the terms and conditions imposed by the court 45 and the parole and probation officer; and





1 (b) Court, after a hearing, is satisfied that the person is 2 rehabilitated.

3 -2. Except as limited by subsection [4,] 3, after an accused is discharged from probation pursuant to NRS 453.3363, the court 4 5 shall order sealed all documents, papers and exhibits in that person's 6 record, minute book entries and entries on dockets, and other 7 documents relating to the case in the custody of such other agencies 8 and officers as are named in the court's order if the person fulfills 9 the terms and conditions imposed by the court and the Division of 10 Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety. The court 11 shall order those records sealed without a hearing unless the 12 Division of Parole and Probation petitions the court, for good cause 13 shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

14 [3.] 2. If the court orders sealed the record of a person 15 discharged pursuant to NRS 453.3363, it shall cause a copy of the 16 order to be sent to each agency or officer named in the order. Each 17 such agency or officer shall notify the court in writing of its 18 compliance with the order.

19 [4.] 3. A professional licensing board is entitled, for the 20 purpose of determining suitability for a license or liability to 21 discipline for misconduct, to inspect and to copy from a record 22 sealed pursuant to this section.

23 Sec. 17. 1. The amendatory provisions of sections 7 and 8 of 24 this act apply to a petition for the sealing of a record of criminal 25 history that is filed on or after October 1, 2017. As used in this 26 section, "record of criminal history" has the meaning ascribed to it 27 in NRS 179A.070.

28 2. The amendatory provisions of NRS 453.3365, as amended
29 by section 16 of this act, apply to a person convicted and sentenced
30 pursuant to subsection 3 of NRS 453.336 on or after October 1,
31 2017.

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