SENATE BILL NO. 305—SENATORS RATTI, FORD, SEGERBLOM, MANENDO, PARKS; ATKINSON, CANCELA, SPEARMAN AND WOODHOUSE

MARCH 17, 2017

Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services

SUMMARY—Revises provisions regarding certain proceedings concerning children. (BDR 38-926)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§§ 1, 4) (NOT REQUESTED BY AFFECTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT)

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets [to be omitted.] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to child welfare; requiring a court to appoint an attorney to represent a child in certain proceedings; providing that a guardian ad litem appointed for a child who may be in need of protection is not entitled to compensation; excluding certain persons from appointment as a guardian ad litem; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law authorizes, but does not require, the court to appoint an attorney to represent a child who is alleged to have been abused or neglected in civil child protection proceedings and proceedings to terminate parental rights. (NRS 128.100, 432B.420) Sections 1 and 4 of this bill: (1) require the court to appoint an attorney to represent a child who is alleged to have been abused or neglected in such proceedings; and (2) provide that the child is deemed to be a party to such proceedings. Section 3 of this bill makes a conforming change.

Existing law requires a court to appoint a guardian ad litem for a child after a petition is filed that the child is in need of protection. (NRS 432B.500) **Section 2** of this bill provides that a guardian ad litem who is so appointed is not entitled to compensation or payment for expenses, and excludes certain persons from appointment.





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THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 432B.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 432B.420 1. A parent or other person responsible for the welfare of a child who is alleged to have abused or neglected the child may be represented by an attorney at all stages of any proceedings under NRS 432B.410 to 432B.590, inclusive. Except as otherwise provided in subsection $\frac{2}{3}$, if the person is indigent, the court may appoint an attorney to represent the person.
- 2. A child who is alleged to have been abused or neglected shall be deemed to be a party to any proceedings under NRS 432B.410 to 432B.590, inclusive. The court [may, if it finds it appropriate, shall appoint an attorney to represent the child. The child may must be represented by an attorney at all stages of any proceedings held pursuant to NRS 432B.410 to 432B.590, inclusive. If the child is represented by an attorney, the The attorney representing the child has the same authority and rights as an attorney representing any other party to the proceedings.
- 12. 3. If the court determines that the parent of an Indian child 19 for whom protective custody is sought is indigent, the court:
 - (a) Shall appoint an attorney to represent the parent; and
 - (b) May appoint an attorney to represent the Indian child; and
 - (e) May apply to the Secretary of the Interior for the payment of the fees and expenses of such an attorney,
 - → as provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act.
 - [3.] 4. Each attorney, other than a public defender, if appointed under the provisions of subsection 1 + or 2, is entitled to the same compensation and payment for expenses from the county as provided in NRS 7.125 and 7.135 for an attorney appointed to represent a person charged with a crime. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 432B.500, an attorney appointed to represent a child may also be appointed as guardian ad litem for the child.
 - Sec. 2. NRS 432B.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 432B.500 1. After a petition is filed that a child is in need of protection pursuant to NRS 432B.490, the court shall appoint a guardian ad litem for the child. The person so appointed:
 - (a) Must meet the requirements of NRS 432B.505 or, if such a person is not available, a representative of an agency which provides child welfare services, a juvenile probation officer, an officer of the court or another volunteer.
 - (b) Must not be a parent or other person responsible for the child's welfare.



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- 1 (c) Must not be an attorney appointed to represent the child 2 pursuant to NRS 432B.420.
 - (d) Is not entitled to compensation or payment for expenses.
 - 2. A guardian ad litem appointed pursuant to this section shall:
 - (a) Represent and protect the best interests of the child until excused by the court;
 - (b) Thoroughly research and ascertain the relevant facts of each case for which the guardian ad litem is appointed, and ensure that the court receives an independent, objective account of those facts;
 - (c) Meet with the child wherever the child is placed as often as is necessary to determine that the child is safe and to ascertain the best interests of the child:
 - (d) Explain to the child the role of the guardian ad litem and, when appropriate, the nature and purpose of each proceeding in the case:
 - (e) Participate in the development and negotiation of any plans for and orders regarding the child, and monitor the implementation of those plans and orders to determine whether services are being provided in an appropriate and timely manner;
 - (f) Appear at all proceedings regarding the child;
 - (g) Inform the court of the desires of the child, but exercise independent judgment regarding the best interests of the child;
 - (h) Present recommendations to the court and provide reasons in support of those recommendations;
 - (i) Request the court to enter orders that are clear, specific and, when appropriate, include periods for compliance;
 - (j) Review the progress of each case for which the guardian ad litem is appointed, and advocate for the expedient completion of the case; and
 - (k) Perform such other duties as the court orders.
 - Sec. 3. NRS 128.023 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 128.023 1. If proceedings pursuant to this chapter involve the termination of parental rights of the parent of an Indian child, the court shall:
 - (a) Cause the Indian child's tribe to be notified in writing in the manner provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act. If the Indian child is eligible for membership in more than one tribe, each tribe must be notified.
 - (b) Transfer the proceedings to the Indian child's tribe in accordance with the Indian Child Welfare Act.
 - (c) If a tribe declines or is unable to exercise jurisdiction, exercise its jurisdiction as provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act.
 - 2. If the court determines that the parent of an Indian child for whom termination of parental rights is sought is indigent, the court:
 - (a) Shall appoint an attorney to represent the parent; and





(b) May appoint an attorney to represent the Indian child; and

— (c) May apply to the Secretary of the Interior for the payment of the fees and expenses of such an attorney,

→ as provided in the Indian Child Welfare Act.

Sec. 4. NRS 128.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

128.100 1. [In] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, in any proceeding for terminating parental rights, or any rehearing or appeal thereon, or any proceeding for restoring parental rights, the court may appoint an attorney to represent the child as his or her counsel. [and, if the child does not have a guardian ad litem appointed pursuant to NRS 432B.500, as his or her guardian ad litem.] The child may be represented by an attorney at all stages of any proceedings for terminating parental rights. If the child is represented by an attorney, the attorney has the same authority and rights as an attorney representing a party to the proceedings.

2. In any proceeding for the termination of parental rights to a child who has been placed outside of his or her home pursuant to chapter 432B of NRS, or any rehearing or appeal thereon, or any proceeding for restoring parental rights to such a child, the court shall appoint an attorney to represent the child as his or her counsel. The child shall be deemed to be a party to any proceeding described in this section and must be represented by an attorney at all stages of such proceedings. The attorney representing the child has the same authority and rights as an attorney representing any other party to the proceedings.

3. If the parent or parents of the child desire to be represented by counsel, but are indigent, the court may appoint an attorney for them.

[3.] 4. Each attorney appointed under the provisions of this section is entitled to the same compensation and expenses from the county as provided in NRS 7.125 and 7.135 for attorneys appointed to represent persons charged with crimes.

Sec. 5. The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any additional expenses of a local government that are related to the provisions of this act.

Sec. 6. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2017.





