## SENATE BILL NO. 296–SENATOR CANNIZZARO

# MARCH 22, 2021

#### Referred to Committee on Growth and Infrastructure

provisions SUMMARY—Establishes governing natural gas infrastructure. (BDR 58-248)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to utilities; authorizing a gas utility to apply to the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan; requiring a gas utility to submit an application for approval of the rates charged to recover certain gas infrastructure project expenses; establishing requirements for contracts entered into by a gas utility for the performance of a gas infrastructure project; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

### **Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Section 6 of this bill authorizes a public utility which sells natural gas for resale to apply to the Public Utilities Commission of Nevada for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan consisting of one or more gas infrastructure projects which the gas utility intends to implement not more than 60 months after the plan is approved by the Commission. **Section 6** establishes criteria for the types of gas infrastructure projects which the Commission is authorized to approve as part of a gas infrastructure modernization plan. Section 6 requires a gas utility to recover all prudent and reasonable gas infrastructure project expenditures through a separate monthly rate charged to customers which the gas utility is authorized to adjust on a quarterly basis.

Section 7 of this bill requires a gas utility which imposes a separate monthly rate to recover gas infrastructure project expenditures incurred by the gas utility to file an annual application with the Commission for approval of the rates charged in the previous calendar year. Section 7 requires the Commission to review each application to determine if the gas infrastructure project expenditures were prudently incurred and, if not, to issue an order requiring the gas utility to refund the imprudently incurred expenses to the customers of the gas utility to the extent that such expenses were recovered through the gas utility's rates.





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Section 8 of this bill establishes requirements for a contract entered into by a gas utility for the performance of a gas infrastructure project, including a requirement to include in express terms the hourly and daily rate of wages for each of the classes of mechanics and workers employed on the project, which wages must not be less than the prevailing wage determined by the Labor Commissioner for the region where the gas infrastructure project is located. Section 8 requires a contract between a contractor and a gas utility for the performance of a gas infrastructure project to include certain provisions prohibiting discrimination in employment by the contractor and requiring the contractor to include the same provisions in any subcontract for the performance of the gas infrastructure project.

Existing law establishes procedures for the Commission to review an application to make changes in any schedule. (NRS 704.110) **Section 9** of this bill adds an application for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan and an application for approval of the rates charged to recover gas infrastructure project expenditures to the definition of "application to make changes in any schedule,"

such that these procedures apply to those applications.

Existing law prohibits a utility from filing a general rate application while another general rate application is pending before the Commission. (NRS 704.110) **Section 10** of this bill provides that this provision does not prohibit a utility from filing an application for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan or an application for approval of the rates charged to recover gas infrastructure project expenditures while a general rate application is pending before the Commission.

**Sections 3-5** of this bill define certain terms relevant to gas infrastructure modernization plans.

# THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

- **Section 1.** Chapter 704 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act.
- Sec. 2. As used in sections 2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.
- Sec. 3. "Gas infrastructure project" means a project to replace natural gas infrastructure which meets one or more of the criteria set forth in subsections 3 and 4 of section 6 of this act.
- Sec. 4. "Gas infrastructure project expenditures" includes, without limitation:
- 1. The costs associated with the replacement, removal or abandonment of existing gas infrastructure to carry out an approved gas infrastructure project;
- 2. Incremental property taxes associated with a gas infrastructure project;
- 3. An amount that reflects a return on the gas utility's investment in a gas infrastructure project, adjusted for accumulated depreciation and accumulated deferred income taxes, using the gas utility's authorized pretax rate of return; and





4. Depreciation expenses for the gas infrastructure project, using the gas utility's authorized rate of depreciation.

Sec. 5. "Gas utility" means a public utility which purchases

natural gas for resale.

Sec. 6. 1. In accordance with such procedures as the Commission may establish by regulation, a gas utility may apply to the Commission for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan consisting of one or more gas infrastructure projects which the gas utility intends to implement not more than 60 months after the plan is approved by the Commission.

2. The Commission may approve a plan submitted pursuant

to subsection 1, approve the plan in part or reject the plan.

3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the Commission shall approve a gas infrastructure project which is included in a plan submitted pursuant to subsection 1 if the project is for the replacement of:

(a) Infrastructure composed of steel which was manufactured

or installed before January 1, 1971;

- (b) Infrastructure composed of Driscopipe Series 7000 or Driscopipe Series 8000 high density polyethylene pipe manufactured by Chevron Phillips Chemical Company LP or any of its subsidiaries;
  - (c) Primary customer-owned yard lines;
- (d) Infrastructure composed of material that the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration of the United States Department of Transportation has prohibited from future use as a material in newly constructed pipelines, including, without limitation:
- (1) Acrylonitrile butadiene styrene, cellulose acetate butyrate, polybutylene, polyvinyl chloride and any other nonpolyethylene plastic used as a material for pipelines, before January 1, 1990; and

(2) Century Utility Products medium density polyethylene produced after January 1, 1970, and before January 1, 1975, DuPont Aldyl A medium density polyethylene and 3306 high

density polyethylene; or

(e) Infrastructure composed of materials, components or other physical facilities which have been prohibited from future use in newly constructed pipelines or the integrity of which has been the subject of an advisory bulletin, recommendation or notification issued by the Pipeline and Hazardous Materials Safety Administration of the United States Department of Transportation, the National Transportation Safety Board or the Plastic Pipe Database Committee, or a successor organization.





Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, the Commission may approve a gas infrastructure project which is included in a plan submitted pursuant to subsection 1 if the project is:

(a) A project that involves the replacement of materials, components or other physical facilities that have been recalled by the manufacturer or the integrity of which has been raised in an advisory bulletin, recommendation or notification issued by the manufacturer:

(b) A project that will reduce or has the potential to reduce greenhouse gas emissions through a reduction in natural gas system leaks: or

(c) Any other project which the Commission finds will be in the public interest and will mitigate system integrity risks, including, without limitation, customer outages, corrosion, equipment failures, material failures or natural forces.

The Commission shall not approve a gas infrastructure project which is included in a plan submitted pursuant to

subsection 1 unless the Commission determines that:

(a) The project is not revenue-producing, including, without limitation, that the project will not result in increased revenues by directly connecting the infrastructure to new customers;

(b) The project is not already included in the utility's rate base following its most recent rate case filed pursuant to NRS 704.110:

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- (c) The project has not already been approved by the Commission.
- 6. A gas infrastructure project approved by the Commission pursuant to subsection 3 or 4 may involve the replacement or abandonment of materials, components and other physical facilities which do not independently meet the criteria for a gas infrastructure project set forth in subsections 3 and 4 if the replacement or abandonment of such materials, components or physical facilities will help facilitate the efficient completion of the gas infrastructure project.
- 7. All prudent and reasonable gas infrastructure project expenditures incurred by a gas utility to implement a plan submitted pursuant to subsection 1 and approved by the Commission must be recovered through a separate monthly rate charged to the customers of the gas utility. The gas utility shall designate the amount charged to each customer as a separate line item on the bill of the customer. The gas utility may make quarterly adjustments to the rate. A quarterly rate adjustment made pursuant to this subsection is not subject to the requirements for notice and a hearing pursuant to NRS 703.320.





- 8. A gas utility is not eligible to file a plan pursuant to subsection 1 if the gas utility has not filed a general rate application with the Commission pursuant to NRS 704.110 within the immediately preceding 60 months, absent a waiver by the Commission.
- 9. As used in this section, "primary customer-owned yard lines":
- (a) Means gas piping that is owned and maintained by a customer of the gas utility that begins from the service point of delivery at the gas utility's meter located at the property line or public right of way and extends underground to a house or building or gas equipment where gas is consumed.

(b) Does not include secondary customer gas piping that may exist further downstream on a customer's houseline pipe facilities.

- Sec. 7. 1. In accordance with such procedures as the Commission may establish by regulation, a gas utility which imposes or adjusts any rate pursuant to subsection 7 of section 6 of this act shall file with the Commission an annual application for approval of the rates charged during the immediately preceding calendar year to recover the reasonable and prudent gas infrastructure project expenditures incurred to implement the approved gas infrastructure modernization plan. The application must include:
- (a) Information regarding the rate adjustments made by the gas utility for each quarter of the immediately preceding calendar year, presented in a manner sufficient to verify the calculation of such rates;
- (b) The recorded costs of each gas infrastructure project for which the gas utility recovered its gas infrastructure expenditures through a rate adjustment in the immediately preceding calendar year, including, without limitation, information sufficient to demonstrate the recorded costs were prudently incurred; and

(c) Such other information as the Commission may require.

2. The Commission shall review each application submitted pursuant to this section to determine if the gas infrastructure expenditures were prudently incurred. For the purpose of determining if gas infrastructure project expenditures were prudently incurred, a gas infrastructure project which was approved by the Commission as part of a plan submitted pursuant to section 6 of this act shall be deemed to be a prudent investment. If the Commission determines that the gas infrastructure project expenditures were not prudently incurred, the Commission shall issue an order requiring the gas utility to refund to the customers of the gas utility any gas infrastructure project expenditures that were not prudently incurred and which were previously recovered





by the gas utility from the customers of the gas utility through the rates charged by the gas utility.

- Sec. 8. 1. Every contract entered into by a gas utility for a gas infrastructure project approved as part of a gas infrastructure modernization plan which requires the employment of skilled mechanics, skilled workers, semiskilled mechanics, semiskilled workers or unskilled labor in the performance of the gas infrastructure project must contain in express terms the hourly and daily rate of wages to be paid each of the classes of mechanics and workers. The hourly and daily rate of wages must:
- (a) Not be less than an amount equal to the rate of such wages then prevailing in the region in which the gas infrastructure project is located, as determined by the Labor Commissioner for public works located in the same region pursuant to NRS 338.030.
- (b) Be posted on the site of the gas infrastructure project in a place generally visible to the workers.
- 2. When a gas infrastructure project is performed by day labor, the wage requirements of subsection 1 apply for each class of mechanics and workers so employed and the rate of wages must be stated clearly to such mechanics and workers when employed.
- 3. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a gas utility shall require any contractor or subcontractor of a gas utility to pay to a mechanic or worker employed by the contractor or subcontractor on the gas infrastructure project not less than one and one-half times the rate of wages applicable to the class of the mechanic or worker for each hour the mechanic or worker works on the gas infrastructure project in excess of:
- (a) Forty hours in any scheduled week of work by the mechanic or worker for the contractor or subcontractor, including, without limitation, hours worked for the contractor or subcontractor on work other than the gas infrastructure project; or
- (b) Eight hours in any workday that the mechanic or worker was employed by the contractor or subcontractor, including, without limitation, hours worked for the contractor or subcontractor on work other than the gas infrastructure project, unless by mutual agreement the mechanic or worker works a scheduled 10 hours per day for 4 calendar days within any scheduled week of work.
- 4. The provisions of subsection 3 do not apply to a mechanic or worker who is covered by a collective bargaining agreement that provides for the payment of wages at not less than one and one-half times the rate of wages set forth in the collective bargaining agreement for work in excess of:
  - (a) Forty hours in any scheduled week of work; or





- (b) Eight hours in any workday unless the collective bargaining agreement provides that the mechanic or worker shall work a scheduled 10 hours per day for 4 calendar days within any scheduled week of work.
- 5. The wage required pursuant to subsection 1 and any wages paid for overtime pursuant to subsection 3 or 4 to each class of mechanics or workers must be in accordance with the jurisdictional classes recognized in the region in which the work is performed for the purpose of public works pursuant to NRS 338.020 to 338.090, inclusive.

6. Nothing in this section prevents an employer who is signatory to a collective bargaining agreement from assigning such work in accordance with established practice.

- 7. A gas utility entering into a contract for work on a gas infrastructure project, or otherwise undertaking a gas infrastructure project, shall ascertain the prevailing wage established by the Labor Commission pursuant to NRS 338.030 in the region in which the gas infrastructure project is to be performed for each craft or type of work and shall use that prevailing wage to determine the wages required pursuant to subsection 1.
- 8. Upon request, the Labor Commission shall make the wages determined pursuant to NRS 338.030 available to any gas utility which is undertaking a gas infrastructure project pursuant to an approved gas infrastructure modernization plan.
- 9. The rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1 in effect on the date on which the contract is entered into must be paid until the completion or termination of the contract or for the 36 months immediately following the date on which the contract was entered into, whichever is earlier.
- 10. If a contract for a gas infrastructure project is not completed or terminated within 36 months immediately following the date on which the contract was entered into, within 36 months immediately following the date the contract was entered into, for any 36-month period thereafter until the contract is completed or terminated:
- (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b), the rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1 in effect on the last day of the 36-month period must be paid for the immediately following 36 months.
- (b) If the rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1 in effect on the last day of the 36-month period are lower than the rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1 that were paid during that 36-month period under the contract, the rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1 that were paid during that 36-





month period must be paid for the immediately following 36 months.

- 11. Nothing contained in this section may be construed to authorize the fixing of any wage below any rate which may now or hereafter be established as a minimum wage for any person employed upon any gas infrastructure project, or employed by any gas utility.
- . Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the obligation of a contractor engaged on a gas infrastructure project or a subcontractor engaged on a gas infrastructure project to pay wages in accordance with subsection 1 may be discharged in part by providing bona fide fringe benefits in the name of the worker. A contractor or subcontractor may discharge any part of his or her obligation to pay wages in accordance with subsection 1 only to the extent that the bona fide fringe benefits provided in the name of the worker are annualized. Any contractor or subcontractor of a gas utility who so discharges any part of his or her obligation to pay wages pursuant to subsection 1, and any gas utility that contracts with such a contractor, shall provide to the Commission any information requested by the Commission to verify compliance with this subsection. The provisions of this subsection do not apply with regard to:
- (a) A worker whose benefits are determined pursuant to a collective bargaining agreement; or
- (b) Contributions made in the name of the worker by a contractor or subcontractor to a defined contribution plan to the extent that the amount contributed does not exceed 25 percent of the hourly rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1 for the worker on the gas infrastructure project.
- 13. For the purposes of determining the rate of wages required pursuant to subsection 1, the four wage regions shall be the same as those established pursuant to NRS 338.025.
  - 14. Workers who are:
  - (a) Employed at the site of a gas infrastructure project; and
- (b) Necessary in the execution of the contract for the gas infrastructure project,
- → are deemed to be employed on the gas infrastructure project.
- 15. For the purpose of this section, except as otherwise provided by specific statute, every worker who performs work for a gas infrastructure project covered by a contract therefor is subject to all of the provisions of this section regardless of any contractual relationship alleged to exist between such worker and his or her employer.
- 16. A gas utility shall keep or cause to be kept the records required to be kept by a contractor engaged on a public work



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pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 338.070 for each employee, or employee of a contractor or subcontractor, who performed work on the gas infrastructure project. The records in the possession of the gas utility may be discarded by the gas utility 2 years after final payment is made by the gas utility for the work performed on the gas infrastructure project. The records maintained by the gas utility pursuant to this section must be open at all reasonable hours to inspection by the Commission.

17. Contracts between contractors and a gas utility for the performance of a gas infrastructure project must contain the following contractual provisions, the violation of which by a contractor shall constitute a material breach of contract:

In connection with the performance of work under this contract, the contractor agrees not to discriminate against any employee or applicant for employment because of race, creed, color, national origin, sex, sexual orientation, gender identity or expression, or age, including, without limitation, with regard to employment, upgrading, demotion or transfer, recruitment or recruitment advertising, layoff or termination, rates of pay or other forms of compensation and selection for training, including, without limitation, apprenticeship.

The contractor further agrees to insert this provision in subcontracts hereunder, except subcontracts for standard commercial supplies or raw materials.

- 18. As used in this section:
- (a) "Annualized" means an amount paid equally for all hours worked in a calendar year by the worker for the contractor or subcontractor who is providing bona fide fringe benefits.
- (b) "Defined contribution plan" has the meaning ascribed to it in 29 U.S.C. § 1002(34).
  - **Sec. 9.** NRS 704.062 is hereby amended to read as follows:
- 704.062 "Application to make changes in any schedule" and "application" include, without limitation:
  - 1. A general rate application;
- An application to recover the cost of purchased fuel, purchased power, or natural gas purchased for resale;
- 40 annual deferred energy accounting adjustment 41 application; [and] 42
  - An annual rate adjustment application  $\square$ ;
  - An application for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan pursuant to section 6 of this act; and



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6. An application for approval of the rates charged to recover the reasonable and prudent gas infrastructure project expenditures incurred to implement a gas infrastructure modernization plan pursuant to section 7 of this act.

**Sec. 10.** NRS 704.110 is hereby amended to read as follows:

704.110 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 704.075, 704.68861 to 704.68887, inclusive, and 704.7865, or as may otherwise be provided by the Commission pursuant to NRS 704.095, 704.097 or 704.7621:

- 1. If a public utility files with the Commission an application to make changes in any schedule, including, without limitation, changes that will result in a discontinuance, modification or restriction of service, the Commission shall investigate the propriety of the proposed changes to determine whether to approve or disapprove the proposed changes. If an electric utility files such an application and the application is a general rate application or an annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application, the Consumer's Advocate shall be deemed a party of record.
- 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, if a public utility files with the Commission an application to make changes in any schedule, the Commission shall, not later than 210 days after the date on which the application is filed, issue a written order approving or disapproving, in whole or in part, the proposed changes.
- 3. If a public utility files with the Commission a general rate application, the public utility shall submit with its application a statement showing the recorded results of revenues, expenses, investments and costs of capital for its most recent 12 months for which data were available when the application was prepared. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, in determining whether to approve or disapprove any increased rates, the Commission shall consider evidence in support of the increased rates based upon actual recorded results of operations for the same months, adjusted for increased revenues, any increased investment in facilities, increased expenses for depreciation, certain other operating expenses as approved by the Commission and changes in the costs of securities which are known and are measurable with reasonable accuracy at the time of filing and which will become effective within 6 months after the last month of those 12 months, but the public utility shall not place into effect any increased rates until the changes have been experienced and certified by the public utility to the Commission and the Commission has approved the increased rates. The Commission shall also consider evidence supporting expenses for depreciation, calculated on an annual basis, applicable to major components of the



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public utility's plant placed into service during the recorded test period or the period for certification as set forth in the application. Adjustments to revenues, operating expenses and costs of securities must be calculated on an annual basis. Within 90 days after the date on which the certification required by this subsection is filed with the Commission, or within the period set forth in subsection 2, whichever time is longer, the Commission shall make such order in reference to the increased rates as is required by this chapter. The following public utilities shall each file a general rate application pursuant to this subsection based on the following schedule:

(a) An electric utility that primarily serves less densely

populated counties shall file a general rate application:

(1) Not later than 5 p.m. on or before the first Monday in June 2019; and

- (2) Once every 36 months thereafter or on a date specified in an alternative rate-making plan approved by the Commission pursuant to NRS 704.7621.
- (b) An electric utility that primarily serves densely populated counties shall file a general rate application:
- (1) Not later than 5 p.m. on or before the first Monday in June 2020; and
- (2) Once every 36 months thereafter or on a date specified in an alternative rate-making plan approved by the Commission pursuant to NRS 704.7621.
- (c) A public utility that furnishes water for municipal, industrial or domestic purposes or services for the disposal of sewage, or both, which had an annual gross operating revenue of \$2,000,000 or more for at least 1 year during the immediately preceding 3 years and which had not filed a general rate application with the Commission on or after July 1, 2005, shall file a general rate application on or before June 30, 2008, and at least once every 36 months thereafter unless waived by the Commission pursuant to standards adopted by regulation of the Commission. If a public utility furnishes both water and services for the disposal of sewage, its annual gross operating revenue for each service must be considered separately for determining whether the public utility meets the requirements of this paragraph for either service.
- (d) A public utility that furnishes water for municipal, industrial or domestic purposes or services for the disposal of sewage, or both, which had an annual gross operating revenue of \$2,000,000 or more for at least 1 year during the immediately preceding 3 years and which had filed a general rate application with the Commission on or after July 1, 2005, shall file a general rate application on or before June 30, 2009, and at least once every 36 months thereafter unless waived by the Commission pursuant to standards adopted by





regulation of the Commission. If a public utility furnishes both water and services for the disposal of sewage, its annual gross operating revenue for each service must be considered separately for determining whether the public utility meets the requirements of this paragraph for either service.

The Commission shall adopt regulations setting forth standards for waivers pursuant to paragraphs (c) and (d) and for including the costs incurred by the public utility in preparing and presenting the general rate application before the effective date of any change in rates.

- In addition to submitting the statement required pursuant to subsection 3, a public utility may submit with its general rate application a statement showing the effects, on an annualized basis, of all expected changes in circumstances. If such a statement is filed, it must include all increases and decreases in revenue and expenses which may occur within 210 days after the date on which its general rate application is filed with the Commission if such expected changes in circumstances are reasonably known and are measurable with reasonable accuracy. If a public utility submits such a statement, the public utility has the burden of proving that the expected changes in circumstances set forth in the statement are reasonably known and are measurable with reasonable accuracy. The Commission shall consider expected changes in circumstances to be reasonably known and measurable with reasonable accuracy if the expected changes in circumstances consist of specific and identifiable events or programs rather than general trends, patterns or developments, have an objectively high probability of occurring to the degree, in the amount and at the time expected, are primarily measurable by recorded or verifiable revenues and expenses and are easily and objectively calculated, with the calculation of the expected changes relying only secondarily on estimates, forecasts, projections or budgets. If the Commission determines that the public utility has met its burden of proof:
- (a) The Commission shall consider the statement submitted pursuant to this subsection and evidence relevant to the statement, including all reasonable projected or forecasted offsets in revenue and expenses that are directly attributable to or associated with the expected changes in circumstances under consideration, in addition to the statement required pursuant to subsection 3 as evidence in establishing just and reasonable rates for the public utility; and
- (b) The public utility is not required to file with the Commission the certification that would otherwise be required pursuant to subsection 3.
- 5. If a public utility files with the Commission an application to make changes in any schedule and the Commission does not issue a



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final written order regarding the proposed changes within the time required by this section, the proposed changes shall be deemed to be approved by the Commission.

- 6. If a public utility files with the Commission a general rate application, the public utility shall not file with the Commission another general rate application until all pending general rate applications filed by that public utility have been decided by the Commission unless, after application and hearing, the Commission determines that a substantial financial emergency would exist if the public utility is not permitted to file another general rate application sooner. The provisions of this subsection do not prohibit the public utility from filing with the Commission, while a general rate application is pending, an application to recover the increased cost of purchased fuel, purchased power, or natural gas purchased for resale pursuant to subsection 7, a quarterly rate adjustment pursuant to subsection 8 or 10, any information relating to deferred accounting requirements pursuant to NRS 704.185, for an annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application pursuant to NRS 704.187, an application for approval of a gas infrastructure modernization plan pursuant to section 6 of this act or an application for approval of the rates charged to recover the reasonable and prudent gas infrastructure project expenditures incurred to implement a gas infrastructure modernization plan pursuant to section 7 of this act, if the public utility is otherwise authorized to so file by those provisions.
- 7. A public utility may file an application to recover the increased cost of purchased fuel, purchased power, or natural gas purchased for resale once every 30 days. The provisions of this subsection do not apply to:
- (a) An electric utility which is required to adjust its rates on a quarterly basis pursuant to subsection 10; or
- (b) A public utility which purchases natural gas for resale and which adjusts its rates on a quarterly basis pursuant to subsection 8.
- 8. A public utility which purchases natural gas for resale must request approval from the Commission to adjust its rates on a quarterly basis between annual rate adjustment applications based on changes in the public utility's recorded costs of natural gas purchased for resale. A public utility which purchases natural gas for resale and which adjusts its rates on a quarterly basis may request approval from the Commission to make quarterly adjustments to its deferred energy accounting adjustment. The Commission shall approve or deny such a request not later than 120 days after the application is filed with the Commission. The Commission may approve the request if the Commission finds that approval of the request is in the public interest. If the Commission



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approves a request to make quarterly adjustments to the deferred energy accounting adjustment of a public utility pursuant to this subsection, any quarterly adjustment to the deferred energy accounting adjustment must not exceed 2.5 cents per therm of natural gas. If the balance of the public utility's deferred account varies by less than 5 percent from the public utility's annual recorded costs of natural gas which are used to calculate quarterly rate adjustments, the deferred energy accounting adjustment must be set to zero cents per therm of natural gas.

- 9. If the Commission approves a request to make any rate adjustments on a quarterly basis pursuant to subsection 8:
- (a) The public utility shall file written notice with the Commission before the public utility makes a quarterly rate adjustment. A quarterly rate adjustment is not subject to the requirements for notice and a hearing pursuant to NRS 703.320 or the requirements for a consumer session pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 704.069.
- (b) The public utility shall provide written notice of each quarterly rate adjustment to its customers by including the written notice with a customer's regular monthly bill. The public utility shall begin providing such written notice to its customers not later than 30 days after the date on which the public utility files its written notice with the Commission pursuant to paragraph (a). The written notice that is included with a customer's regular monthly bill:
- (1) Must be printed separately on fluorescent-colored paper and must not be attached to the pages of the bill; and
  - (2) Must include the following:
- (I) The total amount of the increase or decrease in the public utility's revenues from the rate adjustment, stated in dollars and as a percentage;
- (II) The amount of the monthly increase or decrease in charges for each class of customer or class of service, stated in dollars and as a percentage;
- (III) A statement that customers may send written comments or protests regarding the rate adjustment to the Commission;
- (IV) A statement that the transactions and recorded costs of natural gas which are the basis for any quarterly rate adjustment will be reviewed for reasonableness and prudence in the next proceeding held by the Commission to review the annual rate adjustment application pursuant to paragraph (d); and
  - (V) Any other information required by the Commission.
- (c) The public utility shall file an annual rate adjustment application with the Commission. The annual rate adjustment





application is subject to the requirements for notice and a hearing pursuant to NRS 703.320 and the requirements for a consumer session pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 704.069.

(d) The proceeding regarding the annual rate adjustment application must include a review of each quarterly rate adjustment and the transactions and recorded costs of natural gas included in each quarterly filing and the annual rate adjustment application. There is no presumption of reasonableness or prudence for any quarterly rate adjustment or for any transactions or recorded costs of natural gas included in any quarterly rate adjustment or the annual rate adjustment application, and the public utility has the burden of proving reasonableness and prudence in the proceeding.

(e) The Commission shall not allow the public utility to recover any recorded costs of natural gas which were the result of any practice or transaction that was unreasonable or was undertaken, managed or performed imprudently by the public utility, and the Commission shall order the public utility to adjust its rates if the Commission determines that any recorded costs of natural gas included in any quarterly rate adjustment or the annual rate

adjustment application were not reasonable or prudent.

An electric utility shall adjust its rates on a quarterly basis based on changes in the electric utility's recorded costs of purchased fuel or purchased power. In addition to adjusting its rates on a quarterly basis, an electric utility may request approval from the Commission to make quarterly adjustments to its deferred energy accounting adjustment. The Commission shall approve or deny such a request not later than 120 days after the application is filed with the Commission. The Commission may approve the request if the Commission finds that approval of the request is in the public interest. If the Commission approves a request to make quarterly adjustments to the deferred energy accounting adjustment of an electric utility pursuant to this subsection, any quarterly adjustment to the deferred energy accounting adjustment must not exceed 0.25 cents per kilowatt-hour of electricity. If the balance of the electric utility's deferred account varies by less than 5 percent from the electric utility's annual recorded costs for purchased fuel or purchased power which are used to calculate quarterly rate adjustments, the deferred energy accounting adjustment must be set to zero cents per kilowatt-hour of electricity.

11. A quarterly rate adjustment filed pursuant to subsection 10 is subject to the following requirements:

(a) The electric utility shall file written notice with the Commission on or before August 15, 2007, and every quarter thereafter of the quarterly rate adjustment to be made by the electric utility for the following quarter. The first quarterly rate adjustment





by the electric utility will take effect on October 1, 2007, and each subsequent quarterly rate adjustment will take effect every quarter thereafter. The first quarterly adjustment to a deferred energy accounting adjustment must be made pursuant to an order issued by the Commission approving the application of an electric utility to make quarterly adjustments to its deferred energy accounting adjustment. A quarterly rate adjustment is not subject to the requirements for notice and a hearing pursuant to NRS 703.320 or the requirements for a consumer session pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 704.069.

- (b) The electric utility shall provide written notice of each quarterly rate adjustment to its customers by including the written notice with a customer's regular monthly bill. The electric utility shall begin providing such written notice to its customers not later than 30 days after the date on which the electric utility files a written notice with the Commission pursuant to paragraph (a). The written notice that is included with a customer's regular monthly bill:
- (1) Must be printed separately on fluorescent-colored paper and must not be attached to the pages of the bill; and
  - (2) Must include the following:
- (I) The total amount of the increase or decrease in the electric utility's revenues from the rate adjustment, stated in dollars and as a percentage;
- (II) The amount of the monthly increase or decrease in charges for each class of customer or class of service, stated in dollars and as a percentage;
- (III) A statement that customers may send written comments or protests regarding the rate adjustment to the Commission:
- (IV) A statement that the transactions and recorded costs of purchased fuel or purchased power which are the basis for any quarterly rate adjustment will be reviewed for reasonableness and prudence in the next proceeding held by the Commission to review the annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application pursuant to paragraph (d); and
  - (V) Any other information required by the Commission.
- (c) The electric utility shall file an annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application pursuant to NRS 704.187 with the Commission. The annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application is subject to the requirements for notice and a hearing pursuant to NRS 703.320 and the requirements for a consumer session pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 704.069.
- (d) The proceeding regarding the annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application must include a review of each quarterly rate adjustment and the transactions and recorded costs of





purchased fuel and purchased power included in each quarterly filing and the annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application. There is no presumption of reasonableness or prudence for any quarterly rate adjustment or for any transactions or recorded costs of purchased fuel and purchased power included in any quarterly rate adjustment or the annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application, and the electric utility has the burden of proving reasonableness and prudence in the proceeding.

(e) The Commission shall not allow the electric utility to recover any recorded costs of purchased fuel and purchased power which were the result of any practice or transaction that was unreasonable or was undertaken, managed or performed imprudently by the electric utility, and the Commission shall order the electric utility to adjust its rates if the Commission determines that any recorded costs of purchased fuel and purchased power included in any quarterly rate adjustment or the annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application were not reasonable or prudent.

12. If an electric utility files an annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application pursuant to subsection 11 and NRS 704.187 while a general rate application is pending, the electric utility shall:

(a) Submit with its annual deferred energy accounting adjustment application information relating to the cost of service and rate design; and

(b) Supplement its general rate application with the same information, if such information was not submitted with the general rate application.

- 13. A utility facility identified in a 3-year plan submitted pursuant to NRS 704.741 and accepted by the Commission for acquisition or construction pursuant to NRS 704.751 and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto, or the retirement or elimination of a utility facility identified in an emissions reduction and capacity replacement plan submitted pursuant to NRS 704.7316 and accepted by the Commission for retirement or elimination pursuant to NRS 704.751 and the regulations adopted pursuant thereto, shall be deemed to be a prudent investment. The utility may recover all just and reasonable costs of planning and constructing, or retiring or eliminating, as applicable, such a facility. For the purposes of this subsection, a plan or an amendment to a plan shall be deemed to be accepted by the Commission only as to that portion of the plan or amendment accepted as filed or modified with the consent of the utility pursuant to NRS 704.751.
- 14. In regard to any rate or schedule approved or disapproved pursuant to this section, the Commission may, after a hearing:





- (a) Upon the request of the utility, approve a new rate but delay the implementation of that new rate:
  - (1) Until a date determined by the Commission; and
- (2) Under conditions as determined by the Commission, including, without limitation, a requirement that interest charges be included in the collection of the new rate; and
- (b) Authorize a utility to implement a reduced rate for low-income residential customers.
- 15. The Commission may, upon request and for good cause shown, permit a public utility which purchases natural gas for resale or an electric utility to make a quarterly adjustment to its deferred energy accounting adjustment in excess of the maximum allowable adjustment pursuant to subsection 8 or 10.
- 16. A public utility which purchases natural gas for resale or an electric utility that makes quarterly adjustments to its deferred energy accounting adjustment pursuant to subsection 8 or 10 may submit to the Commission for approval an application to discontinue making quarterly adjustments to its deferred energy accounting adjustment and to subsequently make annual adjustments to its deferred energy accounting adjustment. The Commission may approve an application submitted pursuant to this subsection if the Commission finds that approval of the application is in the public interest.
  - 17. As used in this section:
- (a) "Deferred energy accounting adjustment" means the rate of a public utility which purchases natural gas for resale or an electric utility that is calculated by dividing the balance of a deferred account during a specified period by the total therms or kilowatthours which have been sold in the geographical area to which the rate applies during the specified period, not including kilowatt-hours sold pursuant to an expanded solar access program established pursuant to NRS 704.7865.
- (b) "Electric utility" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 704.187.
- (c) "Electric utility that primarily serves densely populated counties" means an electric utility that, with regard to the provision of electric service, derives more of its annual gross operating revenue in this State from customers located in counties whose population is 700,000 or more than it does from customers located in counties whose population is less than 700,000.
- (d) "Electric utility that primarily serves less densely populated counties" means an electric utility that, with regard to the provision of electric service, derives more of its annual gross operating revenue in this State from customers located in counties whose





- population is less than 700,000 than it does from customers located in counties whose population is 700,000 or more. 1





