

SENATE BILL NO. 257—SENATOR WIENER

MARCH 17, 2011

---

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

**SUMMARY**—Revises various provisions governing graffiti offenses. (BDR 15-616)

**FISCAL NOTE:** Effect on Local Government: No.  
Effect on the State: Yes.

~

EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

---

---

AN ACT relating to crimes; revising various provisions governing graffiti offenses; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

1 Existing law generally provides that a person who unlawfully places graffiti on  
2 or otherwise defaces public or private property is guilty of a misdemeanor, gross  
3 misdemeanor or felony, depending on the value of the loss of the property.  
4 Additionally, if a person commits more than one offense pursuant to a scheme or  
5 continuing course of conduct, the value of the loss of all the property must be  
6 aggregated for the purposes of determining a penalty if the value of the loss is  
7 \$5,000 or more. (NRS 206.330) **Section 1** of this bill revises this provision and  
8 requires aggregation when the value of the loss is \$250 or more. **Section 1** also  
9 provides that a person who commits an offense on any designated historic site in  
10 this State is guilty of a category C felony.

11 Existing law also requires a person who unlawfully places graffiti on or  
12 otherwise defaces public or private property to pay a monetary fine and perform  
13 community service. (NRS 206.330) **Section 1** specifies that in addition to any other  
14 fine or penalty imposed, a court may order such a person to pay restitution. **Section**  
15 **2** of this bill also authorizes a court to order such a person to: (1) clean up, repair or  
16 replace the damaged property or keep such property or another specified property  
17 free of graffiti for up to 1 year; and (2) participate in counseling, and if the person  
18 is less than 18 years of age, order the parent or legal guardian of the person to  
19 attend or participate in counseling. **Section 2** further authorizes the owner of public  
20 or private property that has been damaged by graffiti to bring a civil action against  
21 the person who damaged the property. The property owner may be awarded  
22 damages in an amount up to three times the cost of restoring the property, in  
23 addition to attorney's fees and costs.

---

---



\* S B 2 5 7 \*

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1       **Section 1.** NRS 206.330 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2       206.330 1. Unless a greater criminal penalty is provided by a  
3 specific statute, a person who places graffiti on or otherwise defaces  
4 the public or private property, real or personal, of another, without  
5 the permission of the owner:

6       (a) Where the value of the loss is less than \$250, is guilty of a  
7 misdemeanor.

8       (b) Where the value of the loss is \$250 or more but less than  
9 \$5,000, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

10     (c) Where the value of the loss is \$5,000 or more or where the  
11 damage results in the impairment of public communication,  
12 transportation or police and fire protection, is guilty of a category E  
13 felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130. If the  
14 court grants probation to such a person, the court shall require as a  
15 condition of probation that the person serve at least 10 days in the  
16 county jail.

17     (d) *Where the offense is committed on any designated historic  
site in this State, is guilty of a category C felony and shall be  
punished as provided in NRS 193.130. If the court grants  
probation to such a person, the court shall require as a condition  
of probation that the person serve at least 10 days in the county  
jail.*

23     2. If a person commits more than one offense pursuant to a  
24 scheme or continuing course of conduct, the value of all property  
25 damaged or destroyed by that person in the commission of those  
26 offenses must be aggregated for the purpose of determining the  
27 penalty prescribed in subsection 1, but only if the value of the loss  
28 when aggregated is **[\$5,000]** **\$250** or more.

29     3. A person who violates subsection 1 shall, in addition to any  
30 other fine or penalty imposed:

31       (a) For the first offense, pay a fine of not less than \$400 but not  
32 more than \$1,000 and perform 100 hours of community service.

33       (b) For the second offense, pay a fine of not less than \$750 but  
34 not more than \$1,000 and perform 200 hours of community service.

35       (c) For the third and each subsequent offense, pay a fine of  
36 \$1,000 and perform 200 hours of community service.

37     → The community service assigned pursuant to this subsection  
38 must, if possible, be related to the abatement of graffiti.

39     4. *The court may, in addition to any other fine or penalty  
40 imposed, order a person who violates subsection 1 to pay  
41 restitution.*



\* S B 2 5 7 \*

1       **5.** The parent or legal guardian of a person under [the age of]  
2       18 years *of age* who violates this section is liable for all fines and  
3       penalties imposed against the person. If the parent or legal guardian  
4       is unable to pay the fine and penalties resulting from a violation of  
5       this section because of financial hardship, the court may require the  
6       parent or legal guardian to perform community service.

7       **[5.] 6.** If a person who is 18 years of age or older is found  
8       guilty of violating this section, the court shall, in addition to any  
9       other penalty imposed, issue an order suspending the driver's  
10      license of the person for not less than 6 months but not more than 2  
11      years. The court shall require the person to surrender all driver's  
12      licenses then held by the person. If the person does not possess a  
13      driver's license, the court shall issue an order prohibiting the person  
14      from applying for a driver's license for not less than 6 months but  
15      not more than 2 years. The court shall, within 5 days after issuing  
16      the order, forward to the Department of Motor Vehicles any licenses  
17      together with a copy of the order.

18       **[6.] 7.** The Department of Motor Vehicles:

19       (a) Shall not treat a violation of this section in the manner  
20      statutorily required for a moving traffic violation.

21       (b) Shall report the suspension of a driver's license pursuant to  
22      this section to an insurance company or its agent inquiring about the  
23      person's driving record. An insurance company shall not use any  
24      information obtained pursuant to this paragraph for purposes related  
25      to establishing premium rates or determining whether to underwrite  
26      the insurance.

27       **[7.] 8.** A criminal penalty imposed pursuant to this section is  
28      in addition to any civil penalty or other remedy available pursuant to  
29      *this section or* another statute for the same conduct.

30       **[8.] 9.** As used in this section:

31       (a) *"Historic site" means a site, landmark or monument of  
32      historical significance pertaining to the history of the settlement of  
33      Nevada, or Indian campgrounds, shelters, petroglyphs,  
34      pictographs and burials.*

35       (b) "Impairment" means the disruption of ordinary and  
36      incidental services, the temporary loss of use or the removal of the  
37      property from service for repair of damage.

38       **[b.] (c)** "Value of the loss" means the cost of repairing,  
39      restoring or replacing the property, including, without limitation, the  
40      cost of any materials and labor necessary to repair, restore or replace  
41      the item.

42       **Sec. 2.** NRS 206.345 is hereby amended to read as follows:  
43       206.345 *1. A court may, in addition to any other fine or  
44      penalty imposed, order a person who places graffiti on or*



\* S B 2 5 7 \*

1       *otherwise defaces public or private property in violation of NRS  
2       206.125 or 206.330 to do any or all of the following:*

3       *(a) Clean up, repair or replace the damaged property or keep  
4       the damaged property or another specified property in the  
5       community free of graffiti for up to 1 year.*

6       *(b) Participate in counseling, and if the person is less than 18  
7       years of age, order the parent or legal guardian of the person to  
8       attend or participate in counseling pursuant to NRS 62E.290.*

9       2. If a court orders a person who violates the provisions of  
10      NRS 206.125 or 206.330 to pay restitution, the person shall pay the  
11      restitution to:

12       *~~H~~ (a) The owner of the property which was affected by the  
13      violation; or*

14       *~~E~~ (b) If the violation involved the placing of graffiti on any  
15      public property, the governmental entity that incurred expenses for  
16      removing, covering or cleaning up the graffiti.*

17       3. *The owner of public or private property that has been  
18      damaged by graffiti may bring a civil action against the person  
19      who placed the graffiti on such property. The court may award to  
20      the property owner damages in an amount up to three times the  
21      cost of restoring the property plus attorney's fees and costs, which  
22      may be recovered from the offender or, if the offender is less than  
23      18 years of age, from the parent or legal guardian of the offender.*

24       Sec. 3. NRS 381.225 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25       381.225 1. It is unlawful for any person to commit vandalism  
26      upon any historic or prehistoric sites, natural monuments,  
27      speleological sites and objects of antiquity, or to write or paint or  
28      carve initials or words, or in any other way deface, any of those  
29      objects, Indian paintings or historic buildings.

30       2. Unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS 206.125 ~~H~~ or  
31      **206.330**, a person violating the provisions of subsection 1 is guilty  
32      of a public offense proportionate to the value of the property  
33      damaged or destroyed as set forth in NRS 193.155.

©



\* S B 2 5 7 \*