SENATE BILL NO. 21-COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF THE NEVADA ASSOCIATION OF COUNTIES)

PREFILED NOVEMBER 16, 2022

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Revises certain classifications based on populations. (BDR 20-391)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to classifications based on population; revising the population bases that apply to certain provisions of the Nevada Revised Statutes; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law provides that, except as otherwise provided or required by the 1 2345678 context, "population" is defined for the entire Nevada Revised Statutes as the number of people in a specified area as determined by the last preceding national decennial census conducted by the Bureau of the Census of the United States Department of Commerce pursuant to the United States Constitution and as reported by the Secretary of Commerce to the Governor of Nevada. (NRS 0.050) The Nevada Supreme Court has upheld classifications in statutes based on the population of entities if the classification is rationally related to the subject matter ğ and purpose of the statute, applies prospectively to all such entities that might come within its designated class and does not create an odious, absurd or bizarre 10 distinction. (County of Clark v. City of Las Vegas, 97 Nev. 260, 264 (1981)) This 11 12 bill revises the classifications of populations in certain provisions of the Nevada 13 Revised Statutes in order to determine whether such classifications continue to 14 meet the conditions expressed by the Nevada Supreme Court.





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

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Section 1. NRS 244.1507 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows: 3 244.1507 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, the board of county commissioners of a county whose population is 4 less than [45,000] 52,000 may by ordinance direct that: 5 6 (a) The powers and duties of two or more county offices be 7 combined into one county office. 8 (b) The powers and duties of one county office be allocated 9 between two or more county offices. 10 A board of county commissioners shall not take the action 2. described in subsection 1 unless: 11 (a) The board determines that the combining or separating of the 12 13 applicable county offices will benefit the public; 14 (b) The board determines that the combining or separating of the 15 applicable county offices will not create: 16 (1) An ethical, legal or practical conflict of interest; or 17 (2) A situation in which the powers and duties assigned to a 18 county office are incompatible with the proper performance of that 19 office in the public interest; (c) The board submits to the residents of the county, in the form 20 21 of an advisory ballot question pursuant to NRS 295.230, a proposal 22 to combine or separate the applicable county offices; and 23 (d) A majority of the voters voting on the advisory ballot 24 question approves the proposal. 25 If the combining or separating of county offices pursuant to 3. this section will result in the elimination of one or more county 26 27 offices, the combining or separating of offices must not become 28 effective until the earlier of the date on which: 29 (a) The normal term of office of the person whose office will be 30 eliminated expires; or 31 (b) The person whose office will be eliminated resigns. 32 4. If the combining or separating of county offices pursuant to 33 this section results in the powers and duties of one county office being transferred to another county office, the county office to 34 35 which the powers and duties are transferred shall be deemed to be 36 the county office from which the powers and duties were transferred 37 for the purposes of any applicable provision of law authorizing or 38 requiring the performance or exercise of those powers and duties, as 39 appropriate. 40 **Sec. 2.** NRS 244.2795 is hereby amended to read as follows: 41 244.2795 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 244.189, 42 244.276, 244.279, 244.2815, 244.2825, 244.2833, 244.2835,

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244.284, 244.287, 244.290, 278.479 to 278.4965, inclusive, and 1 2 subsection 3 of NRS 496.080, except as otherwise required by 3 federal law, except as otherwise required pursuant to a cooperative agreement entered into pursuant to NRS 277.050 or 277.053 or an 4 5 interlocal agreement in existence on or before October 1, 2004, 6 except if the board of county commissioners is entering into a joint 7 development agreement for real property owned by the county to 8 which the board of county commissioners is a party, except for a 9 lease of residential property with a term of 1 year or less, except for the sale or lease of real property to a public utility, as defined in 10 11 NRS 704.020, to be used for a public purpose, except for the sale or 12 lease of real property to the State or another governmental entity and 13 except for the sale or lease of real property larger than 1 acre which 14 is approved by the voters at a primary or general election or special 15 election, the board of county commissioners shall, when offering 16 any real property for sale or lease:

17 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph and paragraph (h) of subsection 1 of NRS 244.281, obtain two 18 19 independent appraisals of the real property before selling or leasing 20 it. If the board of county commissioners holds a public hearing on 21 the matter of the fair market value of the real property, one 22 independent appraisal of the real property is sufficient before selling 23 or leasing it. The appraisal or appraisals, as applicable, must have 24 been prepared not more than 6 months before the date on which the 25 real property is offered for sale or lease.

(b) Select the one independent appraiser or two independent
appraisers, as applicable, from the list of appraisers established
pursuant to subsection 2.

(c) Verify the qualifications of each appraiser selected pursuant
 to paragraph (b). The determination of the board of county
 commissioners as to the qualifications of the appraiser is conclusive.

2. The board of county commissioners shall adopt by ordinance
the procedures for creating or amending a list of appraisers qualified
to conduct appraisals of real property offered for sale or lease by the
board. The list must:

(a) Contain the names of all persons qualified to act as a general
 appraiser in the same county as the real property that may be
 appraised; and

(b) Be organized at random and rotated from time to time.

40 3. An appraiser chosen pursuant to subsection 1 must provide a 41 disclosure statement which includes, without limitation, all sources 42 of income that may constitute a conflict of interest and any 43 relationship with the real property owner or the owner of an 44 adjoining real property.





1 4. An appraiser shall not perform an appraisal on any real 2 property for sale or lease by the board of county commissioners if:

3 (a) The appraiser has an interest in the real property or an 4 adjoining property;

5 (b) The real property is located in a county whose population is 6 [45,000] 52,000 or more and any person who is related to the appraiser has an interest in the real property or an adjoining property 7 8 and the relationship between the appraiser and the person is within 9 the third degree of consanguinity or affinity; or

10 (c) The real property is located in a county whose population is 11 less than [45,000] 52,000 and any person who is related to the 12 appraiser has an interest in the real property or an adjoining property 13 and the relationship between the appraiser and the person is within 14 the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.

15 5. If real property is sold or leased in violation of the 16 provisions of this section: 17

(a) The sale or lease is void; and

18 (b) Any change to an ordinance or law governing the zoning or 19 use of the real property is void if the change takes place within 5 20 years after the date of the void sale or lease.

21 **Sec. 3.** NRS 244.2815 is hereby amended to read as follows:

22 244.2815 1. A board of county commissioners may sell, lease 23 or otherwise dispose of real property for the purposes of 24 redevelopment or economic development:

25 26 (a) Without first offering the real property to the public; and

(b) For less than fair market value of the real property.

27 2. Before a board of county commissioners may sell, lease or 28 otherwise dispose of real property pursuant to this section, the board 29 must:

30 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, obtain an 31 appraisal of the real property pursuant to NRS 244.2795; and

32 (b) Adopt a resolution finding that it is in the best interest of the 33 public to sell, lease or otherwise dispose of the real property:

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(1) Without offering the real property to the public; and (2) For less than fair market value of the real property.

36 The board of county commissioners of a county whose 3. 37 population is less than [45,000] 52,000 may lease real property 38 pursuant to this section without obtaining the appraisal otherwise 39 required pursuant to subsection 2 if:

40 (a) The real property was acquired by the county directly from 41 the Federal Government; and

42 (b) The terms and conditions under which the real property was 43 acquired prohibit the sale of the real property and provide for the 44 reversion of the title to the real property to the Federal Government 45 upon demand by the Federal Government.





1 4. As used in this section: 2

(a) "Economic development" means:

3 (1) The establishment of new commercial enterprises or 4 facilities within the county:

(2) The support, retention or expansion of existing 5 6 commercial enterprises or facilities within the county;

7 (3) The establishment, retention or expansion of public, quasi-public or other facilities or operations within the county; 8

9 (4) The establishment of residential housing needed to support the establishment of new commercial enterprises or 10 facilities or the expansion of existing commercial enterprises or 11 12 facilities: or

13 (5) Any combination of the activities described in 14 subparagraphs (1) to (4), inclusive,

15 → to create and retain opportunities of employment for the residents 16 of the county.

17 (b) "Redevelopment" has the meaning ascribed to it in 18 NRS 279.408.

19 **Sec. 4.** NRS 244A.7645 is hereby amended to read as follows:

244A.7645 1. If a surcharge is imposed pursuant to NRS 20 21 244A.7643 in a county whose population is 100,000 or more, the 22 board of county commissioners of that county shall establish by 23 ordinance an advisory committee to develop a plan to enhance the 24 telephone system for reporting an emergency in that county and to 25 oversee any money allocated for that purpose. The advisory 26 committee must:

(a) Consist of not less than five members who:

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(1) Are residents of the county;

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(2) Possess knowledge concerning telephone systems for

reporting emergencies; and 30

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(3) Are not elected public officers.

32 (b) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (3) of paragraph 33 (a), include the chief law enforcement officer or his or her designee from each office of the county sheriff, metropolitan police 34 35 department, police department of an incorporated city within the 36 county and department, division or municipal court of a city or town 37 that employs marshals within the county, as applicable.

38 2. If a surcharge is imposed pursuant to NRS 244A.7643 in a county whose population is less than 100,000, the board of county 39 40 commissioners of that county shall establish by ordinance an advisory committee to develop a plan to enhance or improve the 41 42 telephone system for reporting an emergency in that county and to 43 oversee any money allocated for that purpose. The advisory 44 committee must:

45 (a) Consist of not less than five members who:





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(1) Are residents of the county;

2 (2) Possess knowledge concerning telephone systems for 3 reporting emergencies; and

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(3) Are not elected public officers.

5 (b) Include a representative of an incumbent local exchange 6 carrier which provides service to persons in that county. As used in 7 this paragraph, "incumbent local exchange carrier" has the meaning 8 ascribed to it in 47 U.S.C. § 251(h)(1), as that section existed on 9 October 1, 1999, and includes a local exchange carrier that is treated 10 as an incumbent local exchange carrier pursuant to that section.

(c) Subject to the provisions of subparagraph (3) of paragraph (a), include the chief law enforcement officer or his or her designee from each office of the county sheriff, metropolitan police department, police department of an incorporated city within the county and department, division or municipal court of a city or town that employs marshals within the county, as applicable.

3. If a surcharge is imposed in a county pursuant to NRS 244A.7643, the board of county commissioners of that county shall create a special revenue fund of the county for the deposit of the money collected pursuant to NRS 244A.7643. The money in the fund must be used only:

(a) To pay the costs of adopting and reviewing the 5-year master
plan for the enhancement of the telephone system for reporting
emergencies in the county that is required pursuant to
NRS 244A.7643.

26 (b) With respect to the telephone system for reporting an 27 emergency:

(1) In a county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more,
to enhance the telephone system for reporting an emergency,
including only:

31 (I) Paying recurring and nonrecurring charges for 32 telecommunication services necessary for the operation of the 33 enhanced telephone system;

(II) Paying costs for personnel and training associated
 with the routine maintenance and updating of the database for the
 system;

(III) Purchasing, leasing or renting the equipment and
software necessary to operate the enhanced telephone system,
including, without limitation, equipment and software that identify
the number or location from which a call is made; and

41 (IV) Paying costs associated with any maintenance, 42 upgrade and replacement of equipment and software necessary for 43 the operation of the enhanced telephone system.





1 (2) In a county whose population is less than [45,000,]2 52,000, to improve the telephone system for reporting an emergency 3 in the county.

4 (c) With respect to purchasing and maintaining portable event 5 recording devices and vehicular event recording devices, to pay:

6 (1) By an entity described in this subparagraph, costs 7 associated with the acquisition, maintenance, storage of data, 8 upgrade and replacement of equipment and software necessary for 9 the operation of portable event recording devices and vehicular event recording devices or systems that consist of both portable 10 event recording devices and vehicular event recording devices. 11 Money may be expended pursuant to this subparagraph for the 12 13 purchase and maintenance of portable event recording devices or 14 vehicular event recording devices only by:

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(I) The sheriff's office of a county;

16 17 (II) A metropolitan police department;

(III) A police department of an incorporated city;

(IV) A department, division or municipal court of a city 18 19 or town that employs marshals;

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(V) A department of alternative sentencing; or

21 (VI) A county school district that employs school police 22 officers.

23 (2) Costs for personnel and training associated with 24 maintaining, updating and operating the equipment, hardware and 25 software necessary for portable event recording devices and 26 vehicular event recording devices or systems that consist of both 27 portable event recording devices and vehicular event recording 28 devices.

29 (3) Costs for personnel and training associated with the 30 maintenance, retention and redaction of audio and video events recorded on portable event recording devices and vehicular event 31 32 recording devices or systems that consist of both portable event 33 recording devices and vehicular event recording devices.

(d) To pay any costs associated with performing an analysis or 34 35 audit pursuant to NRS 244A.7648 of the surcharges collected by 36 telecommunications providers.

37 4. For the purposes described in subsection 3, money in the 38 fund must be expended in the following order of priority:

39 (a) Paying the costs authorized pursuant to paragraph (a) of 40 subsection 3 to adopt and review the 5-year master plan.

41 (b) If the county performs an analysis or audit described in NRS 42 244A.7648, paying the costs associated authorized pursuant to 43 paragraph (d) of subsection 3.

44 (c) Paying the costs authorized pursuant to paragraph (b) of 45 subsection 3.





1 (d) If the county has imposed a portion of the surcharge for 2 purposes of purchasing and maintaining portable event recording 3 devices and vehicular event recording devices:

(1) Paying the costs authorized pursuant to paragraph (c) of 4 5 subsection 3 other than costs related to personnel and training.

6 (2) Paying the costs authorized pursuant to paragraph (c) of 7 subsection 3 related to personnel.

8 (3) Paying the costs authorized pursuant to paragraph (c) of 9 subsection 3 related to training. 10

If money in the fund is distributed to a recipient and: 5.

(a) The recipient has not used the money for any purpose 11 12 authorized pursuant to subsection 3 within 6 months, the recipient 13 must:

14 (1) Notify the board of county commissioners and the 15 advisory committee; and

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(2) Return the unused money.

17 (b) The recipient used any portion of the money for a purpose 18 that is not authorized pursuant to subsection 3, the recipient must:

19 (1) Notify the board of county commissioners and the 20 advisory committee; and

21 (2) Repay the portion of the money that was used for a 22 purpose not authorized pursuant to subsection 3.

23 (c) The recipient was not entitled to receive all or a portion of 24 the money, the recipient must:

25 (1) Notify the board of county commissioners and the 26 advisory committee; and

27 (2) Repay all money to which the recipient was not entitled 28 to receive.

29 6. If the balance in the fund created in a county whose 30 population is 100,000 or more pursuant to subsection 3 which has not been committed for expenditure exceeds \$5,000,000 at the end 31 32 of any fiscal year, the board of county commissioners shall 33 reduce the amount of the surcharge imposed during the next fiscal 34 year by the amount necessary to ensure that the unencumbered 35 balance in the fund at the end of the next fiscal year does not exceed 36 \$5.000.000.

7. If the balance in the fund created in a county whose 37 population is [45,000] 52,000 or more but less than 100,000 38 pursuant to subsection 3 which has not been committed for 39 40 expenditure exceeds \$1,000,000 at the end of any fiscal year, the 41 board of county commissioners shall reduce the amount of the surcharge imposed during the next fiscal year by the amount 42 43 necessary to ensure that the unencumbered balance in the fund at the 44 end of the next fiscal year does not exceed \$1,000,000.





1 8. If the balance in the fund created in a county whose 2 population is less than [45,000] 52,000 pursuant to subsection 3 3 which has not been committed for expenditure exceeds \$500,000 at 4 the end of any fiscal year, the board of county commissioners shall 5 reduce the amount of the surcharge imposed during the next fiscal 6 year by the amount necessary to ensure that the unencumbered 7 balance in the fund at the end of the next fiscal year does not exceed 8 \$500.000.

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Sec. 5. NRS 248.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 248.040 1. Except as provided in NRS 248.045, each sheriff 11 may:

(a) Appoint, in writing signed by him or her, one or more deputies, who may perform all the duties devolving on the sheriff of the county and such other duties as the sheriff may from time to time direct. The appointment of a deputy sheriff must not be construed to confer upon that deputy policymaking authority for the office of the sheriff or the county by which the deputy sheriff is employed.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph, only remove
a deputy who has completed a probationary period of 12 months for
cause. A deputy who functions as the head of a department or an
administrative employee or who has not completed the probationary
period may be removed at the sheriff's pleasure.

24 2. For the purposes of paragraph (b) of subsection 1, in any 25 county whose population is less than [45,000,] 52,000, "cause" 26 includes, without limitation:

(a) Failure to be certified by the Peace Officers' Standards and
Training Commission within the time required by NRS 289.550;

(b) Loss of the certification by the Peace Officers' Standards
and Training Commission required by NRS 289.550; or

31 (c) Failure to maintain a valid driver's license.

32 → This subsection does not limit or impair any internal grievance
 33 procedure, grievance procedure negotiated pursuant to chapter 288
 34 of NRS or administrative remedy otherwise available to a deputy.

35 3. No deputy sheriff is qualified to act as such unless he or she 36 has taken an oath to discharge the duties of the office faithfully and 37 impartially. The oath, together with the written appointment, must 38 be recorded in the office of the recorder of the county within which 39 the sheriff legally holds and exercises office. Revocations of such 40 appointments must be recorded as provided in this subsection. From 41 the time of the recording of the appointments or revocations therein, 42 persons shall be deemed to have notice of the appointments or 43 revocations.

44 4. The sheriff may require of his or her deputies such bonds as 45 to the sheriff seem proper.





Sec. 6. NRS 241.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 241.020 Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, 1. 3 all meetings of public bodies must be open and public, and all persons must be permitted to attend any meeting of these public 4 5 bodies at a physical location or by means of a remote technology 6 system. A meeting that is closed pursuant to a specific statute may only be closed to the extent specified in the statute allowing the 7 8 meeting to be closed. All other portions of the meeting must be open and public, and the public body must comply with all other 9 provisions of this chapter to the extent not specifically precluded by 10 the specific statute. Public officers and employees responsible for 11 12 these meetings shall make reasonable efforts to assist and 13 accommodate persons with physical disabilities desiring to attend.

14 2. If any portion of a meeting is open to the public, the public 15 officers and employees responsible for the meeting must make 16 reasonable efforts to ensure the facilities for the meeting are large 17 enough to accommodate the anticipated number of attendees. No violation of this chapter occurs if a member of the public is not 18 19 permitted to attend a public meeting because the facilities for the 20 meeting have reached maximum capacity if reasonable efforts were 21 taken to accommodate the anticipated number of attendees. Nothing 22 in this subsection requires a public body to incur any costs to secure 23 a facility outside the control or jurisdiction of the public body or to 24 upgrade, improve or otherwise modify an existing facility to 25 accommodate the anticipated number of attendees.

3. Except in an emergency, written notice of all meetings must
be given at least 3 working days before the meeting. The notice
must include:

(a) The time, place and location of the meeting. If the meeting is
held using a remote technology system pursuant to NRS 241.023
and has no physical location, the notice must include information on
how a member of the public may:

(1) Use the remote technology system to hear and observethe meeting;

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(2) Participate in the meeting by telephone; and

36 (3) Provide live public comment during the meeting and, if
authorized by the public body, provide prerecorded public comment.
(b) A list of the locations where the notice has been posted.

39 (c) The name, contact information and business address for the
40 person designated by the public body from whom a member of the
41 public may request the supporting material for the meeting
42 described in subsection 7 and:

43 (1) A list of the locations where the supporting material is 44 available to the public; or





1 (2) Information about how the supporting material may be 2 found on the Internet website of the public body.

(d) An agenda consisting of:

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4 (1) A clear and complete statement of the topics scheduled to 5 be considered during the meeting.

(2) A list describing the items on which action may be taken 6 7 and clearly denoting that action may be taken on those items by 8 placing the term "for possible action" next to the appropriate item 9 or, if the item is placed on the agenda pursuant to NRS 241.0365, by placing the term "for possible corrective action" next to the 10 11 appropriate item.

12 (3) Periods devoted to comments by the general public, if 13 any, and discussion of those comments. Comments by the general 14 public must be taken:

(I) At the beginning of the meeting before any items on 15 16 which action may be taken are heard by the public body and again 17 before the adjournment of the meeting; or

18 (II) After each item on the agenda on which action may be taken is discussed by the public body, but before the public body 19 20 takes action on the item.

21 The provisions of this subparagraph do not prohibit a public body 22 from taking comments by the general public in addition to what is 23 required pursuant to sub-subparagraph (I) or (II). Regardless of 24 whether a public body takes comments from the general public 25 pursuant to sub-subparagraph (I) or (II), the public body must allow 26 the general public to comment on any matter that is not specifically 27 included on the agenda as an action item at some time before 28 adjournment of the meeting. No action may be taken upon a matter 29 raised during a period devoted to comments by the general public 30 until the matter itself has been specifically included on an agenda as 31 an item upon which action may be taken pursuant 32 subparagraph (2).

(4) If any portion of the meeting will be closed to consider 33 the character, alleged misconduct or professional competence of a 34 35 person, the name of the person whose character, alleged misconduct 36 or professional competence will be considered.

37 (5) If, during any portion of the meeting, the public body will 38 consider whether to take administrative action regarding a person, 39 the name of that person.

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(6) Notification that:

(I) Items on the agenda may be taken out of order;

42 (II) The public body may combine two or more agenda 43 items for consideration: and





1 (III) The public body may remove an item from the 2 agenda or delay discussion relating to an item on the agenda at any 3 time.

4 (7) Any restrictions on comments by the general public. Any 5 such restrictions must be reasonable and may restrict the time, place 6 and manner of the comments, but may not restrict comments based 7 upon viewpoint.

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4. Minimum public notice is:

9 (a) Posting a copy of the notice at the principal office of the public body. If the meeting is held using a remote technology 10 system pursuant to NRS 241.023 and has no physical location, 11 12 the public body must also post the notice to the Internet website 13 of the public body not later than 9 a.m. of the third working day 14 before the meeting is to be held unless the public body is unable to do so because of technical problems relating to the operation or 15 16 maintenance of the Internet website of the public body.

17 (b) Posting the notice on the official website of the State 18 pursuant to NRS 232.2175 not later than 9 a.m. of the third working 19 day before the meeting is to be held, unless the public body is 20 unable to do so because of technical problems relating to the 21 operation or maintenance of the official website of the State.

(c) Providing a copy of the notice to any person who has
requested notice of the meetings of the public body. A request for
notice lapses 6 months after it is made. The public body shall inform
the requester of this fact by enclosure with, notation upon or text
included within the first notice sent. The notice must be:

(1) Delivered to the postal service used by the public body
not later than 9 a.m. of the third working day before the meeting for
transmittal to the requester by regular mail; or

30 (2) Transmitted to the requester by electronic mail sent not 31 later than 9 a.m. of the third working day before the meeting.

5. For each of its meetings, a public body shall document in writing that the public body complied with the minimum public notice required by paragraph (a) of subsection 4. The documentation must be prepared by every person who posted a copy of the public notice and include, without limitation:

(a) The date and time when the person posted the copy of thepublic notice;

39 (b) The address of the location where the person posted the copy40 of the public notice; and

41 (c) The name, title and signature of the person who posted the 42 copy of the notice.

43 6. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a) of subsection
44 4, if a public body maintains a website on the Internet or its
45 successor, the public body shall post notice of each of its meetings





1 on its website unless the public body is unable to do so because of 2 technical problems relating to the operation or maintenance of its website. Notice posted pursuant to this subsection is supplemental to 3 and is not a substitute for the minimum public notice required 4 5 pursuant to subsection 4. The inability of a public body to post notice of a meeting pursuant to this subsection as a result of 6 technical problems with its website shall not be deemed to be a 7 violation of the provisions of this chapter. 8

9 7. Upon any request, a public body shall provide, at no charge, 10 at least one copy of:

(a) An agenda for a public meeting;

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12 (b) A proposed ordinance or regulation which will be discussed 13 at the public meeting; and

(c) Subject to the provisions of subsection 8 or 9, as applicable,
any other supporting material provided to the members of the public
body for an item on the agenda, except materials:

17 (1) Submitted to the public body pursuant to a nondisclosure 18 or confidentiality agreement which relates to proprietary 19 information;

20 (2) Pertaining to the closed portion of such a meeting of the 21 public body; or

(3) Declared confidential by law, unless otherwise agreed to
 by each person whose interest is being protected under the order of
 confidentiality.

The public body shall make at least one copy of the documents
described in paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) available to the public at the
meeting to which the documents pertain. As used in this subsection,
"proprietary information" has the meaning ascribed to it in
NRS 332.025.

8. Unless it must be made available at an earlier time pursuant to NRS 288.153, a copy of supporting material required to be provided upon request pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 7 must be:

(a) If the supporting material is provided to the members of the
public body before the meeting, made available to the requester at
the time the material is provided to the members of the public body;
or

(b) If the supporting material is provided to the members of the
public body at the meeting, made available at the meeting to the
requester at the same time the material is provided to the members
of the public body.

42 → If the requester has agreed to receive the information and material
43 set forth in subsection 7 by electronic mail, the public body shall, if
44 feasible, provide the information and material by electronic mail.





1 9. Unless the supporting material must be posted at an earlier 2 time pursuant to NRS 288.153, and except as otherwise provided in 3 subsection 11, the governing body of a county or city whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more shall post the supporting 4 5 material described in paragraph (c) of subsection 7 to its website not later than the time the material is provided to the members of the 6 governing body or, if the supporting material is provided to the 7 8 members of the governing body at a meeting, not later than 24 hours 9 after the conclusion of the meeting. Such posting is supplemental to the right of the public to request the supporting material pursuant to 10 11 subsection 7. The inability of the governing body, as a result of 12 technical problems with its website, to post supporting material 13 pursuant to this subsection shall not be deemed to be a violation of 14 the provisions of this chapter.

10. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 11, a public 15 body may provide the public notice, information or supporting 16 17 material required by this section by electronic mail. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if a public body makes such 18 notice, information or supporting material available by electronic 19 20 mail, the public body shall inquire of a person who requests the notice, information or supporting material if the person will accept 21 22 receipt by electronic mail. If a public body is required to post the 23 public notice, information or supporting material on its website 24 pursuant to this section, the public body shall inquire of a person 25 who requests the notice, information or supporting material if the 26 person will accept by electronic mail a link to the posting on the 27 website when the documents are made available. The inability of a 28 public body, as a result of technical problems with its electronic 29 mail system, to provide a public notice, information or supporting material or a link to a website required by this section to a person 30 31 who has agreed to receive such notice, information, supporting 32 material or link by electronic mail shall not be deemed to be a 33 violation of the provisions of this chapter.

If a public body holds a meeting using a remote technology
system pursuant to NRS 241.023 and has no physical location for
the meeting, the public body must:

- 37 (a) Have an Internet website; and
- 38
- (b) Post to its Internet website:
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- (1) The public notice required by this section; and

40 (2) Supporting material not later than the time the material is 41 provided to the members of the governing body or, if the supporting 42 material is provided to the members of the governing body at a 43 meeting, not later than 24 hours after the conclusion of the meeting.

44 \rightarrow The inability of the governing body, as a result of technical 45 problems with its Internet website, to post supporting material





1 pursuant to this subsection shall not be deemed to be a violation of 2 the provisions of this chapter.

3 12. As used in this section, "emergency" means an unforeseen 4 circumstance which requires immediate action and includes, but is 5 not limited to:

6 (a) Disasters caused by fire, flood, earthquake or other natural 7 causes; or

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(b) Any impairment of the health and safety of the public. **Sec. 7.** NRS 241.0355 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 241.0355 1. A public body that is required to be composed of 11 elected officials only may not take action by vote unless at least a 12 majority of all the members of the public body vote in favor of the 13 action. For purposes of this subsection, a public body may not count 14 an abstention as a vote in favor of an action.

15 2. In a county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more, 16 the provisions of subsection 5 of NRS 281A.420 do not apply to a 17 public body that is required to be composed of elected officials only, 18 unless before abstaining from the vote, the member of the public 19 body receives and discloses the opinion of the legal counsel 20 authorized by law to provide legal advice to the public body that the abstention is required pursuant to NRS 281A.420. The opinion of 21 22 counsel must be in writing and set forth with specificity the factual 23 circumstances and analysis leading to that conclusion.

Sec. 8. NRS 268.059 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 268.059 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 268.048 to 26 268.058, inclusive, 268.064, 278.479 to 278.4965, inclusive, and 27 subsection 4 of NRS 496.080, except as otherwise required by 28 federal law, except as otherwise required pursuant to a cooperative 29 agreement entered into pursuant to NRS 277.050 or 277.053 or an 30 interlocal agreement in existence on October 1, 2004, except if the 31 governing body is entering into a joint development agreement for 32 real property owned by the city to which the governing body is a 33 party, except for a lease of residential property with a term of 1 year or less, except for the sale or lease of real property to a public 34 35 utility, as defined in NRS 704.020, to be used for a public purpose, 36 except for the sale or lease of real property to the State or another 37 governmental entity and except for the sale or lease of real property 38 larger than 1 acre which is approved by the voters at a primary or 39 general election, primary or general city election or special election, 40 the governing body shall, when offering any real property for sale or 41 lease:

42 (a) Except as otherwise provided in this paragraph and 43 paragraph (h) of subsection 1 of NRS 268.061, obtain two 44 independent appraisals of the real property before selling or leasing 45 it. If the governing body holds a public hearing on the matter of the





1 fair market value of the real property, one independent appraisal of 2 the real property is sufficient before selling or leasing it. The 3 appraisal or appraisals, as applicable, must be based on the zoning 4 of the real property as set forth in the master plan for the city and 5 must have been prepared not more than 6 months before the date on 6 which real property is offered for sale or lease.

7 (b) Select the one independent appraiser or two independent 8 appraisers, as applicable, from the list of appraisers established 9 pursuant to subsection 2.

10 (c) Verify the qualifications of each appraiser selected pursuant 11 to paragraph (b). The determination of the governing body as to the 12 qualifications of the appraiser is conclusive.

13 2. The governing body shall adopt by ordinance the procedures 14 for creating or amending a list of appraisers qualified to conduct 15 appraisals of real property offered for sale or lease by the governing 16 body. The list must:

(a) Contain the names of all persons qualified to act as a general
appraiser in the same county as the real property that may be
appraised; and

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(b) Be organized at random and rotated from time to time.

3. An appraiser chosen pursuant to subsection 1 must provide a disclosure statement which includes, without limitation, all sources of income of the appraiser that may constitute a conflict of interest and any relationship of the appraiser with the property owner or the owner of an adjoining property.

4. An appraiser shall not perform an appraisal on any realproperty offered for sale or lease by the governing body if:

28 (a) The appraiser has an interest in the real property or an 29 adjoining property;

(b) The real property is located in a city in a county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more and any person who is related to the appraiser has an interest in the real property or an adjoining property and the relationship between the appraiser and the person is within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity; or

(c) The real property is located in a city in a county whose population is less than [45,000] 52,000 and any person who is related to the appraiser has an interest in the real property or an adjoining property and the relationship between the appraiser and the person is within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.

40 5. If real property is sold or leased in violation of the 41 provisions of this section:

42 (a) The sale or lease is void; and

(b) Any change to an ordinance or law governing the zoning oruse of the real property is void if the change takes place within 5years after the date of the void sale or lease.





Sec. 9. NRS 278.02095 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 278.02095 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section, in 3 an ordinance relating to the zoning of land adopted or amended by a 4 governing body, the definition of "single-family residence" must 5 include a manufactured home.

6 2. Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection 1, a governing 7 body shall adopt standards for the placement of a manufactured 8 home that will not be affixed to a lot within a mobile home park 9 which require that:

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(a) The manufactured home:

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(1) Be permanently affixed to a residential lot;

12 (2) Be manufactured within the 6 years immediately 13 preceding the date on which it is affixed to the residential lot;

14 (3) Have exterior siding and roofing which is similar in 15 color, material and appearance to the exterior siding and roofing 16 primarily used on other single-family residential dwellings in the 17 immediate vicinity of the manufactured home, as established by the 18 governing body;

19

(4) Consist of more than one section; and

20 (5) Consist of at least 1,200 square feet of living area unless 21 the governing body, by administrative variance or other expedited 22 procedure established by the governing body, approves a lesser 23 amount of square footage based on the size or configuration of the 24 lot or the square footage of single-family residential dwellings in the 25 immediate vicinity of the manufactured home; and

(b) If the manufactured home has an elevated foundation, the
foundation is masked architecturally in a manner determined by the
governing body.

The governing body of a local government in a county whose population is less than [45,000] 52,000 may adopt standards that are less restrictive than the standards set forth in this subsection.

32 3. Standards adopted by a governing body pursuant to 33 subsection 2 must be objective and documented clearly and must not 34 be adopted to discourage or impede the construction or provision of 35 affordable housing, including, without limitation, the use of 36 manufactured homes for affordable housing.

4. Before a building department issues a permit to place a manufactured home on a lot pursuant to this section, other than a new manufactured home, the owner must surrender the certificate of ownership to the Housing Division of the Department of Business and Industry. The Division shall provide proof of such a surrender to the owner who must submit that proof to the building department.

43 5. The provisions of this section do not abrogate a recorded 44 restrictive covenant prohibiting manufactured homes, nor do the 45 provisions apply within the boundaries of a historic district





established pursuant to NRS 384.005 or 384.100. An application to
 place a manufactured home on a residential lot pursuant to this
 section constitutes an attestation by the owner of the lot that the
 placement complies with all covenants, conditions and restrictions
 placed on the lot and that the lot is not located within a historic
 district.

7 6. As used in this section:

8 (a) "Manufactured home" has the meaning ascribed to it in 9 NRS 489.113.

10 (b) "New manufactured home" has the meaning ascribed to it in 11 NRS 489.125.

12 Sec. 10. NRS 278.030 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 278.030 1. The governing body of each city whose 14 population is 25,000 or more and of each county whose population 15 is [45,000] 52,000 or more shall create by ordinance a planning 16 commission to consist of seven members.

Cities whose population is less than 25,000 and counties 17 2. whose population is less than [45,000] 52,000 may create by 18 ordinance a planning commission to consist of seven members. If 19 20 the governing body of any city whose population is less than 25,000 or of any county whose population is less than [45,000] 52,000 21 22 deems the creation of a planning commission unnecessary or 23 inadvisable, the governing body may, in lieu of creating a planning 24 commission as provided in this subsection, perform all the functions 25 and have all of the powers which would otherwise be granted to and 26 be performed by the planning commission.

Sec. 11. NRS 293.464 is hereby amended to read as follows:

28 293.464 1. If a court of competent jurisdiction orders a 29 county to extend the deadline for voting beyond the statutory 30 deadline in a particular election, the county clerk shall, as soon as 31 practicable after receiving notice of the court's decision:

32 (a) Cause notice of the extended deadline to be published in a 33 newspaper of general circulation in the county; and

(b) Transmit a notice of the extended deadline to each registered
voter who received a mail ballot for the election and has not
returned the mail ballot before the date on which the notice will be
transmitted.

38 2. The notice required pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 139 must be published:

40 (a) In a county whose population is [47,500] 52,000 or more, on 41 at least 3 successive days.

42 (b) In a county whose population is less than [47,500,] 52,000,
43 at least twice in successive issues of the newspaper.





Sec. 12. NRS 318.5121 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 318.5121 1. The board of trustees shall adopt by resolution 3 the procedures for creating and maintaining a list of appraisers 4 qualified to conduct appraisals of real property offered for sale by 5 the board. The list must:

6 (a) Contain the names of all persons qualified to act as a general 7 appraiser in the same county as the real property that may be 8 appraised; and

(b) Be organized at random and rotated from time to time.

10 2. An appraiser chosen pursuant to subsection 1 must provide a 11 disclosure statement which includes, without limitation, all sources 12 of income that may constitute a conflict of interest and any 13 relationship with the real property owner or the owner of an 14 adjoining real property.

15 3. An appraiser shall not perform an appraisal on any real 16 property for sale by the board of trustees if:

17 (a) The appraiser has an interest in the real property or an 18 adjoining property;

(b) The real property is located in a county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more and any person who is related to the appraiser has an interest in the real property or an adjoining property and the relationship between the appraiser and the person is within the third degree of consanguinity or affinity; or

(c) The real property is located in a county whose population is less than [45,000] 52,000 and any person who is related to the appraiser has an interest in the real property or an adjoining property and the relationship between the appraiser and the person is within the second degree of consanguinity or affinity.

Sec. 13. NRS 350.0125 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 350.0125 1. The commission in a county whose population is 31 less than [47,500] 52,000 may request technical assistance from the 32 Department of Taxation to carry out the duties of the commission. 33 Upon such a request, the Department of Taxation shall provide to 34 that commission such technical assistance to the extent that 35 resources are available.

36 The board of county commissioners of a county whose 2. 37 population is [47,500] 52,000 or more shall provide the commission 38 in that county with such staff as is necessary to carry out the duties 39 of the commission. The staff provided to the commission pursuant 40 to this subsection shall provide such technical assistance to the 41 commission as the commission requires, except the staff shall not 42 render an opinion on the merits of any proposal or other matter 43 before the commission.



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Sec. 14. NRS 361.453 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 361.453 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and 3 NRS 354.705, 354.723, 387.3288 and 450.760, the total ad valorem 4 tax levy for all public purposes must not exceed \$3.64 on each \$100 5 of assessed valuation, or a lesser or greater amount fixed by the 6 State Board of Examiners if the State Board of Examiners is 7 directed by law to fix a lesser or greater amount for that fiscal year.

8 2. Any levy imposed by the Legislature for the repayment of 9 bonded indebtedness or the operating expenses of the State of Nevada and any levy imposed by the board of county 10 commissioners pursuant to NRS 387.195 that is in excess of 50 11 12 cents on each \$100 of assessed valuation of taxable property within 13 the county must not be included in calculating the limitation set 14 forth in subsection 1 on the total ad valorem tax levied within the 15 boundaries of the county, city or unincorporated town, if, in a 16 county whose population is less than [45,000,] 52,000, or in a city or 17 unincorporated town located within that county:

(a) The combined tax rate certified by the Nevada Tax
Commission was at least \$3.50 on each \$100 of assessed valuation
on June 25, 1998;

(b) The governing body of that county, city or unincorporated
town proposes to its registered voters an additional levy ad valorem
above the total ad valorem tax levy for all public purposes set forth
in subsection 1;

(c) The proposal specifies the amount of money to be derived,
the purpose for which it is to be expended and the duration of the
levy; and

(d) The proposal is approved by a majority of the voters votingon the question at a general election or a special election called forthat purpose.

31 3. The duration of the additional levy ad valorem levied 32 pursuant to subsection 2 must not exceed 5 years. The governing 33 body of the county, city or unincorporated town may discontinue the 34 levy before it expires and may not thereafter reimpose it in whole or 35 in part without following the procedure required for its original 36 imposition set forth in subsection 2.

A special election may be held pursuant to subsection 2 only 37 4. 38 if the governing body of the county, city or unincorporated town 39 determines, by a unanimous vote, that an emergency exists. The 40 determination made by the governing body is conclusive unless it is shown that the governing body acted with fraud or a gross abuse of 41 42 discretion. An action to challenge the determination made by the 43 governing body must be commenced within 15 days after the 44 governing body's determination is final. As used in this subsection, "emergency" means any unexpected occurrence or combination of 45





occurrences which requires immediate action by the governing body
 of the county, city or unincorporated town to prevent or mitigate a
 substantial financial loss to the county, city or unincorporated town
 or to enable the governing body to provide an essential service to
 the residents of the county, city or unincorporated town.

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Sec. 15. NRS 379.050 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 379.050 1. Whenever a new county library is provided for in 8 any county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more, the 9 trustees of any district library in the county previously established 10 may transfer all books, funds, equipment or other property in the 11 possession of such trustees to the new library upon the demand of 12 the trustees of the new library.

2. Whenever there are two or more county library districts in any county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more, the districts may merge into one county library district upon approval of the library trustees of the merging districts.

17 3. Whenever there is a city or a town library located adjacent to 18 a county library district, the city or town library may:

19 (a) Merge with the county library district upon approval of the 20 trustees of the merging library and district; or

(b) Subject to the limitations in NRS 379.0221, consolidate with
 the county library district.

4. All expenses incurred in making a transfer or merger mustbe paid out of the general fund of the new library.

Sec. 16. NRS 396.892 is hereby amended to read as follows:

26 396.892 1. Each student who receives a loan made pursuant 27 to NRS 396.890 to 396.898, inclusive, shall repay the loan and 28 accrued interest pursuant to the terms of the loan unless the student:

(a) Practices nursing in a rural area of Nevada or as an employee
of the State for 6 months for each academic year for which he or she
received a loan; or

32 (b) Practices nursing in any other area of Nevada for 1 year for 33 each academic year for which he or she received a loan.

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2. The Board of Regents may adopt regulations:

(a) Extending the time for completing the required practice
 beyond 5 years for persons who are granted extensions because of
 hardship; and

(b) Granting prorated credit towards repayment of a loan for
 time a person practices nursing as required, for cases in which the
 period for required practice is only partially completed,

41 \rightarrow and such other regulations as are necessary to carry out the 42 provisions of NRS 396.890 to 396.898, inclusive.

43 3. As used in this section, "practices nursing in a rural area" 44 means that the person practices nursing in an area located in a 45 county whose population is less than [47,500] 52,000 at least half of





the total time the person spends in the practice of nursing, and notless than 20 hours per week.

Sec. 17. NRS 403.490 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 403.490 To perform any work 1. or construct any 5 superstructure under this chapter wherein an expenditure of \$100,000 or more may be necessary, the board of county highway 6 7 commissioners shall cause definite plans of such work or 8 superstructure to be made, estimates of the amount of work to be done and the probable cost thereof, together with a copy of the 9 specifications thereof. 10

11 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, upon receipt 12 of the plans, estimates and specifications for a project for which the 13 estimated cost is \$100,000 or more, the board of county highway 14 commissioners shall advertise for bids and let contracts in the 15 manner prescribed by chapter 332 or 338 of NRS, as applicable.

16 3. In a county whose population is less than [45,000,] 52,000, if the estimated cost of a project is \$100,000 or more but less than 17 18 \$250,000, the board of county highway commissioners may hold a hearing to determine, by majority vote of the board, if the project 19 20 can be performed by county employees or through the employment 21 of day labor under the supervision of the board and by the use of its 22 own machinery, tools and other equipment without advertising for 23 bids and letting contracts pursuant to subsection 2. Notice for such a 24 hearing must be provided not less than 15 days before the date of the 25 hearing and must be published pursuant to the provisions of NRS 26 238.010 to 238.080, inclusive. The board shall provide, in the notice 27 and at least 15 days before the hearing at the office of the board and 28 at the place of the hearing, the following information, without 29 limitation:

30 (a) A list of:

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31 (1) All county employees, if any, including supervisors, who 32 will perform the work, including, without limitation, the 33 classification of each employee and an estimate of the direct and 34 indirect costs of the labor;

(2) The number of day laborers, if any, that will be employedto perform the work; and

37 (3) All machinery, tools and other equipment of the county to38 be used on the project.

39 (b) An estimate of:

40 (1) The direct and indirect costs of the labor of the county 41 employees who will perform the work, if any;

42 (2) The direct and indirect costs of the labor of any day 43 laborers who will be employed to perform the work pursuant to 44 chapter 338 of NRS;





1 (3) The cost of any administrative support that will be 2 required for the performance of the work;

3 (4) The total cost of the project, including, without 4 limitation, the fair market value or, if available, the actual cost of all 5 materials, supplies, equipment and labor necessary for the project; 6 and

7 (5) The amount of savings to be realized by having county 8 employees or day laborers perform the work.

9 4. In cases of emergency the board of county highway 10 commissioners may let contracts for repairs in the manner 11 prescribed by chapter 332 of NRS.

12 Nothing in this section shall prevent any county from 5. 13 opening, building, improving or repairing any public road or 14 highway in the county through the work of county employees or the 15 employment of day labor, under the supervision of the board of 16 county highway commissioners and by the use of its own 17 machinery, tools and other equipment, without letting contracts to the lowest responsible bidder, if the probable cost of the work does 18 19 not exceed \$100,000.

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Sec. 18. NRS 444A.040 is hereby amended to read as follows:

444A.040 1. The board of county commissioners in a county
whose population is 100,000 or more, or its designee, shall make
available for use in that county a program for:

(a) The separation at the source of recyclable material from
other solid waste originating from residential premises and public
buildings where services for the collection of solid waste are
provided, including, without limitation, the placement of recycling
containers on the premises of apartment complexes and
condominiums where those services are provided.

(b) The establishment of recycling centers for the collection and
 disposal of recyclable material where existing recycling centers do
 not carry out the purposes of the program.

(c) The disposal of hazardous household products which are
 capable of causing harmful physical effects if inhaled, absorbed or
 ingested. This program may be included as a part of any other
 program made available pursuant to this subsection.

(d) The encouragement of businesses to reduce solid waste and
to separate at the source recyclable material from other solid waste.
This program must, without limitation, make information regarding
solid waste reduction and recycling opportunities available to a
business at the time the business applies for or renews a business
license.

43 2. The board of county commissioners of a county whose 44 population is [45,000] 52,000 or more but less than 100,000, or its 45 designee:





1 (a) May make available for use in that county a program for the 2 separation at the source of recyclable material from other solid 3 waste originating from residential premises and public buildings 4 where services for the collection of solid waste are provided, 5 including, without limitation, the placement of recycling containers 6 on the premises of apartment complexes and condominiums where 7 those services are provided.

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(b) Shall make available for use in that county a program for:

9 (1) The establishment of recycling centers for the collection 10 and disposal of recyclable material where existing recycling centers 11 do not carry out the purposes of the program established pursuant to 12 paragraph (a).

13 (2) The disposal of hazardous household products which are 14 capable of causing harmful physical effects if inhaled, absorbed or 15 ingested. This program may be included as a part of any other 16 program made available pursuant to this subsection.

3. The board of county commissioners of a county whose
population is less than [45,000,] 52,000, or its designee, may make
available for use in that county a program for:

(a) The separation at the source of recyclable material from
other solid waste originating from residential premises and public
buildings where services for the collection of solid waste are
provided, including, without limitation, the placement of recycling
containers on the premises of apartment complexes and
condominiums where those services are provided.

(b) The establishment of recycling centers for the collection and
disposal of recyclable material where existing recycling centers do
not carry out the purposes of the program.

(c) The disposal of hazardous household products which are
 capable of causing harmful physical effects if inhaled, absorbed or
 ingested. This program may be included as a part of any other
 program made available pursuant to this subsection.

4. Any program made available pursuant to this section:

34 (a) Must not:

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35 (1) Conflict with the standards adopted by the State 36 Environmental Commission pursuant to NRS 444A.020; and

(2) Become effective until approved by the Department.

38 (b) May be based on the model plans adopted pursuant to 39 NRS 444A.030.

5. The governing body of a municipality may adopt and carry
out within the municipality such programs made available pursuant
to this section as are deemed necessary and appropriate for that
municipality.



1 6. Any municipality may, with the approval of the governing 2 body of an adjoining municipality, participate in any program 3 adopted by the adjoining municipality pursuant to subsection 5.

7. Persons residing on an Indian reservation or Indian colony may participate in any program adopted pursuant to subsection 5 by a municipality in which the reservation or colony is located if the governing body of the reservation or colony adopts an ordinance requesting such participation. Upon receipt of such a request, the governing body of the municipality shall make available to the residents of the reservation or colony those programs requested.

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Sec. 19. NRS 455.125 is hereby amended to read as follows:

455.125 If an operator of a sewer main receives notice through
an association for operators pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection
1 of NRS 455.110:

15 1. For a proposed excavation or demolition, the operator of the 16 sewer main shall provide the person responsible for the excavation 17 or demolition with the operator's best available information 18 regarding the location of the connection of the sewer service lateral 19 to the sewer main. The operator shall convey the information to the 20 person responsible for the excavation or demolition in such manner 21 as is determined by the operator which may include any one or more 22 of the following methods, without limitation:

(a) Identification of the location of the connection of the sewerservice lateral to the sewer main;

(b) Providing copies of documents relating to the location of thesewer service lateral within 2 working days; or

(c) Placement of a triangular green marking along the sewer
main or the edge of the public right-of-way, pointing toward the real
property serviced by the sewer service lateral to indicate that the
location of the sewer service lateral is unknown.

2. The operator of a sewer main shall make its best efforts to comply with paragraph (a) or (c) of subsection 1 within 2 working days. If an operator of a sewer main cannot complete the requirements of paragraph (a) or (c) of subsection 1 within 2 working days, then the operator and the person responsible for the excavation or demolition must mutually agree upon a reasonable amount of time within which the operator must comply.

38 3. A government, governmental agency or political subdivision 39 of a government that operates a sewer main:

40 (a) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, in a county 41 with a population of [45,000] 52,000 or more may not charge a 42 person responsible for excavation or demolition in a public right-of-43 way for complying with this section.

(b) In a county with a population of less than [45,000] 52,000 may charge a person responsible for excavation or demolition in a





public right-of-way for complying with this section in an amount that does not exceed the actual costs for the operator for compliance 2 3 with this section. Costs assessed pursuant to this paragraph are not subject to the provisions of NRS 354.59881 to 354.59889, inclusive. 4 5 A government, governmental agency or political subdivision 4. 6 that operates a sewer main in a county with a population of [45,000]7 52,000 or more may charge a person responsible for excavation or 8 demolition in a public right-of-way for complying with this section 9 in an amount that does not exceed the actual costs for the operator 10 for compliance with this section if: 11 (a) The sewer system of the operator services not more than 260 12 accounts: and 13 (b) There is no natural gas pipeline located within the service 14 area of the operator of the sewer main. 15 → Costs assessed pursuant to this subsection are not subject to the 16 provisions of NRS 354.59881 to 354.59889, inclusive. 17 5. If the operator of a sewer main has received the information 18 required pursuant to NRS 455.131 or has otherwise identified the 19 location of the sewer service lateral in the public right-of-way, then the operator of the sewer main shall be responsible thereafter to 20 21 identify the location of the sewer service lateral from that 22 information. 23 Sec. 20. NRS 463.750 is hereby amended to read as follows: 24 463.750 1. The Commission shall, with the advice and 25 assistance of the Board, adopt regulations governing: 26 (a) The licensing and operation of interactive gaming; and

27 (b) The registration of service providers to perform any action 28 described in paragraph (b) of subsection 6 of NRS 463.677.

29 2. The regulations adopted by the Commission pursuant to this 30 section must:

(a) Establish the investigation fees for:

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(1) A license to operate interactive gaming;

33 (2) A license for a manufacturer of interactive gaming 34 systems;

35 (3) A license for an interactive gaming service provider to 36 perform the actions described in paragraph (a) of subsection 6 of 37 NRS 463.677; and

38 (4) Registration as a service provider to perform the actions 39 described in paragraph (b) of subsection 6 of NRS 463.677.

40 (b) Provide that:

41 (1) A person must hold a license for a manufacturer of 42 interactive gaming systems to supply or provide any interactive 43 gaming system, including, without limitation, any piece of 44 proprietary software or hardware;





(2) A person must hold a license for an interactive gaming 1 2 service provider to perform the actions described in paragraph (a) of 3 subsection 6 of NRS 463.677; and

(3) A person must be registered as a service provider to 4 5 perform the actions described in paragraph (b) of subsection 6 of 6 NRS 463.677.

7 (c) Except as otherwise provided in subsections 6 to 10, 8 inclusive, set forth standards for the suitability of a person to be:

9 (1) Licensed as a manufacturer of interactive gaming 10 systems;

11 (2) Licensed as an interactive gaming service provider as 12 described in paragraph (a) of subsection 6 of NRS 463.677 that are 13 as stringent as the standards for a nonrestricted license; or

14 (3) Registered as a service provider as described in paragraph (b) of subsection 6 of NRS 463.677 that are as stringent as the 15 16 standards for a nonrestricted license. 17

(d) Set forth provisions governing:

(1) The initial fee for a license for an interactive gaming 18 service provider as described in paragraph (a) of subsection 6 of 19 20 NRS 463.677.

21 (2) The initial fee for registration as a service provider as 22 described in paragraph (b) of subsection 6 of NRS 463.677.

23 (3) The fee for the renewal of such a license for such an 24 interactive gaming service provider or registration as a service 25 provider, as applicable, and any renewal requirements for such a 26 license or registration, as applicable.

27 (4) Any portion of the license fee paid by a person licensed 28 to operate interactive gaming, pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 29 463.770, for which an interactive gaming service provider may be 30 liable to the person licensed to operate interactive gaming.

(e) Provide that gross revenue received by an establishment 31 32 from the operation of interactive gaming is subject to the same license fee provisions of NRS 463.370 as the games and gaming 33 34 devices of the establishment, unless federal law otherwise provides 35 for a similar fee or tax.

36 (f) Set forth standards for the location and security of the 37 computer system and for approval of hardware and software used in 38 connection with interactive gaming.

(g) Define "interactive gaming system," "manufacturer of 39 interactive gaming systems," "operate interactive gaming" and 40 "proprietary hardware and software" as the terms are used in this 41 42 chapter.

43 Except as otherwise provided in subsections 4 and 5, the 3. 44 Commission shall not approve a license for an establishment to 45 operate interactive gaming unless:





(a) In a county whose population is 700,000 or more, the 1 2 establishment is a resort hotel that holds a nonrestricted license to 3 operate games and gaming devices.

(b) In a county whose population is [45,000] 52,000 or more but 4 5 less than 700,000, the establishment is a resort hotel that holds a 6 nonrestricted license to operate games and gaming devices or the 7 establishment:

8 (1) Holds a nonrestricted license for the operation of games 9 and gaming devices:

10 (2) Has more than 120 rooms available for sleeping 11 accommodations in the same county:

12 (3) Has at least one bar with permanent seating capacity for 13 more than 30 patrons that serves alcoholic beverages sold by the 14 drink for consumption on the premises;

15 (4) Has at least one restaurant with permanent seating 16 capacity for more than 60 patrons that is open to the public 24 hours 17 each day and 7 days each week; and

18 (5) Has a gaming area that is at least 18,000 square feet in 19 area with at least 1,600 slot machines, 40 table games, and a sports 20 book and race pool.

21 (c) In all other counties, the establishment is a resort hotel that 22 holds a nonrestricted license to operate games and gaming devices 23 or the establishment:

24 (1) Has held a nonrestricted license for the operation of 25 games and gaming devices for at least 5 years before the date of its 26 application for a license to operate interactive gaming;

27 (2) Meets the definition of group 1 licensee as set forth in the 28 regulations of the Commission on the date of its application for a 29 license to operate interactive gaming; and

(3) Operates either:

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31 (I) More than 50 rooms for sleeping accommodations in 32 connection therewith: or

33 (II) More than 50 gaming devices in connection 34 therewith. 35

4. The Commission may:

36 (a) Issue a license to operate interactive gaming to an affiliate of 37 an establishment if:

38 (1) The establishment satisfies the applicable requirements 39 set forth in subsection 3:

40 (2) The affiliate is located in the same county as the establishment; and 41

42 (3) The establishment has held a nonrestricted license for at 43 least 5 years before the date on which the application is filed; and

44 (b) Require an affiliate that receives a license pursuant to this 45 subsection to comply with any applicable provision of this chapter.





1 5. The Commission may issue a license to operate interactive 2 gaming to an applicant that meets any qualifications established by 3 federal law regulating the licensure of interactive gaming.

4

6. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 7, 8 and 9:

5 (a) A covered person may not be found suitable for licensure 6 under this section within 5 years after February 21, 2013;

(b) A covered person may not be found suitable for licensure 7 under this section unless such covered person expressly submits to 8 9 the jurisdiction of the United States and of each state in which patrons of interactive gaming operated by such covered person after 10 December 31, 2006, were located, and agrees to waive any statutes 11 12 of limitation, equitable remedies or laches that otherwise would 13 preclude prosecution for a violation of any provision of federal law 14 or the law of any state in connection with such operation of 15 interactive gaming after that date;

16 (c) A person may not be found suitable for licensure under this 17 section within 5 years after February 21, 2013, if such person uses a 18 covered asset for the operation of interactive gaming; and

19 (d) Use of a covered asset is grounds for revocation of an 20 interactive gaming license, or a finding of suitability, issued under 21 this section.

7. The Commission, upon recommendation of the Board, may
waive the requirements of subsection 6 if the Commission
determines that:

(a) In the case of a covered person described in paragraphs (a)and (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 463.014645:

(1) The covered person did not violate, directly or indirectly,
any provision of federal law or the law of any state in connection
with the ownership and operation of, or provision of services to, an
interactive gaming facility that, after December 31, 2006, operated
interactive gaming involving patrons located in the United States;
and

(2) The assets to be used or that are being used by such
person were not used after that date in violation of any provision of
federal law or the law of any state;

(b) In the case of a covered person described in paragraph (c) of
subsection 1 of NRS 463.014645, the assets that the person will use
in connection with interactive gaming for which the covered person
applies for a finding of suitability were not used after December 31,
2006, in violation of any provision of federal law or the law of any
state; and

42 (c) In the case of a covered asset, the asset was not used after 43 December 31, 2006, in violation of any provision of federal law or 44 the law of any state, and the interactive gaming facility in 45 connection with which the asset was used was not used after that





date in violation of any provision of federal law or the law of any
 state.

3 8. With respect to a person applying for a waiver pursuant to 4 subsection 7, the Commission shall afford the person an opportunity 5 to be heard and present relevant evidence. The Commission shall act 6 as finder of fact and is entitled to evaluate the credibility of 7 witnesses and persuasiveness of the evidence. The affirmative votes 8 of a majority of the whole Commission are required to grant or deny 9 such waiver. The Board shall make appropriate investigations to determine any facts or recommendations that it deems necessary or 10 proper to aid the Commission in making determinations pursuant to 11 12 this subsection and subsection 7.

9. The Commission shall make a determination pursuant to subsections 7 and 8 with respect to a covered person or covered asset without regard to whether the conduct of the covered person or the use of the covered asset was ever the subject of a criminal proceeding for a violation of any provision of federal law or the law of any state, or whether the person has been prosecuted and the prosecution terminated in a manner other than with a conviction.

10. It is unlawful for any person, either as owner, lessee or employee, whether for hire or not, either solely or in conjunction with others, to operate interactive gaming:

(a) Until the Commission adopts regulations pursuant to thissection; and

(b) Unless the person first procures, and thereafter maintains in
effect, all appropriate licenses as required by the regulations adopted
by the Commission pursuant to this section.

11. A person who violates subsection 10 is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 10 years or by a fine of not more than \$50,000, or both.

Sec. 21. NRS 647.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:

647.060 1. At the time of purchase by any junk dealer of any
hides or junk, the junk dealer shall require the person vending the
hides or junk to subscribe a statement containing the following
information:

(a) When, where and from whom the vendor obtained theproperty.

40 (b) The vendor's age, residence, including the city or town, and 41 the street and number, if any, of the residence, and such other 42 information as is reasonably necessary to enable the residence to be 43 located.

44 (c) The name of the employer, if any, of the vendor and the 45 place of business or employment of the employer.





1 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the junk 2 dealer shall on the next business day:

3 (a) File the original statement subscribed by the vendor in the 4 office of the sheriff of the county where the purchase was made; and

5 (b) If the purchase was made in a city or town, file a copy of the 6 statement with the chief of police of that city or town.

3. In a county whose population is less than [47,500,] 52,000,
8 the original statement may be filed in the office of the sheriff's
9 deputy for transmission to the sheriff.

10 Sec. 22. The Legislature declares that in enacting this act it has 11 reviewed each of the classifications by population amended by this act, has considered the suggestions of the several counties and of 12 13 other interested persons in this State relating to whether any should be retained unchanged or amended differently, and has found that 14 each of the sections in which a criterion of population has been 15 changed should not under present conditions apply to a county 16 17 larger or smaller, as the case may be, than the new criterion 18 established.

19 Sec. 23. This act becomes effective upon passage and 20 approval.



