ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 8–COMMITTEE ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS

(ON BEHALF OF THE NEVADA LEAGUE OF CITIES AND MUNICIPALITIES)

PREFILED NOVEMBER 15, 2016

Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing the collection of delinquent municipal utility charges. (BDR 21-323)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to municipal utilities; expanding the utility services for which delinquent charges may be collected with general taxes of the county; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

 Under existing law, the governing body of a city which provides sewerage may have delinquent charges for sewerage collected with the county's general taxes.
 (NRS 268.043) Section 1 of this bill expands this authority and provides that a governing body providing any utility service may collect delinquent charges in such a manner. Sections 2 and 3 of this bill make conforming changes.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 268.043 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1 268.043 1. The governing body of a city which provides 2 [sewerage] utility service may elect by ordinance to have delinquent 3 charges for [sewerage] any or all of those utility services collected 4 on the tax roll in the same manner, by the same persons, and at the 5 same time as, together with and not separately from, the county's 6 general taxes. The governing body shall cause a description of each 7 parcel of real property with respect to which the charge is delinquent 8





1 on May 1 and the amount of the delinquent charge to be prepared 2 and filed with the board of county commissioners no later than 3 June 1. The description of each parcel and the amount of the 4 delinquent charge must be filed in a form approved by the county 5 treasurer.

6 2. The powers authorized by this section are alternative to all 7 other powers of the city for the collection of such charges.

8 3. The real property may be described by reference to maps 9 prepared by and on file in the office of the county assessor or by 10 descriptions used by the county assessor.

4. The amount of the charge constitutes a lien against the lot or parcel of land against which the charge has been imposed as of the time when the lien of taxes on the roll attach.

5. The county treasurer shall include the amount of the charges on bills for taxes levied against the respective lots and parcels of land. Thereafter, the amount of the charges must be collected at the same time and in the same manner and by the same persons as, together with and not separately from, the general taxes for the county.

6. All laws applicable to the levy, collection and enforcement of general taxes of the county, including, but not limited to, those pertaining to the matters of delinquency, correction, cancellation, refund, redemption and sale, are applicable to delinquent charges for **sewerage.**] *utility services*.

25 7. The county treasurer may issue separate bills for those 26 charges and separate receipts for collection on account of those 27 charges.

28 8. The governing body shall pay to the county treasurer, on the 29 date it files the information described in subsection 1, 4 percent of 30 the amount of the delinquent charges for *sewerage* the utility 31 *services* to be collected on the tax roll or the amount estimated by 32 the county treasurer which is necessary to collect and distribute 33 those delinquent charges, whichever is greater. If the amount paid by the governing body to the county treasurer exceeds the actual 34 35 amount which is necessary to collect and distribute the delinquent charges, the county treasurer shall refund the excess amount to the 36 37 governing body within 1 year after the date the governing body files 38 the information described in subsection 1.

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Sec. 2. NRS 268.4112 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40 268.4112 1. In a county whose population is 700,000 or 41 more, the governing body of a city that owns a municipal water 42 system may, if requested by a water authority, impose an excise tax 43 on the use of water in an amount sufficient to ensure the payment, 44 wholly or in part, of obligations incurred by the water authority to 45 acquire, establish, construct, improve or equip, or any combination





thereof, a water facility. The tax must be imposed by ordinance on
 customers of the municipal water system that are capable of using or
 benefiting from the water facility financed, wholly or in part, with
 the proceeds of the tax.

5 2. An excise tax imposed pursuant to subsection 1 must be 6 levied at different rates for different classes of customers and must 7 take into account differences in the amount of water used or 8 estimated to be used and the size of the connection.

3. The ordinance imposing the tax must provide:

10 (a) The rate or rates of the tax, which must not exceed one-11 quarter of 1 percent of the monthly water bill of customers of all 12 residential classes and 5 percent of the monthly water bill of 13 customers of all commercial classes and any other class;

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(b) The procedure for collection of the tax;

15 16 (c) The duration of the tax; and

(d) The rate of interest that will be charged on late payments.

Late payments of the tax must bear interest at a rate not 17 4. 18 exceeding 1 percent per month, or fraction thereof. The tax due is a perpetual lien against the property served by the water on whose use 19 the tax is imposed until the tax and any interest that may accrue 20 thereon are paid. Collection of the tax may be enforced in any 21 22 manner authorized by law for the collection of unpaid water bills. In 23 addition to all other methods available to enforce payment of the 24 tax, the city, by ordinance, may provide that it will be collected in 25 the same manner as delinquent *taxes charges* are collected pursuant to NRS 268.043 for *sewerage utility services* charges. 26

27 Subject to the provisions of this subsection, the governing 5. 28 body of the city may reduce the amount of the tax imposed pursuant 29 to this section as the obligations of the city and the water authority 30 allow. No ordinance imposing a tax which is enacted pursuant to 31 this section may be repealed or amended or otherwise directly or 32 indirectly modified in such a manner as to impair any outstanding 33 bonds or other obligations which are payable from or secured by a 34 pledge of a tax enacted pursuant to this section until those bonds or 35 other obligations have been discharged in full.

6. The governing body of the city shall review the necessity for
the continued imposition of the tax authorized pursuant to this
section at least once every 10 years.

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7. As used in this section:

(a) "Water authority" means a water authority organized as a
public agency or entity created by cooperative agreement pursuant
to chapter 277 of NRS whose members at the time of formation
include the three largest retail water purveyors in the county and
which is responsible for the acquisition, treatment and delivery of



water and water resources on a wholesale basis to utilities,
 governmental agencies and entities and other large customers.

(b) "Water facility" means a facility pertaining to a water system 3 the collection, transportation, treatment, purification and 4 for distribution of water, including, without limitation, springs, wells, 5 6 ponds, lakes, water rights, other raw water sources, basin cribs, dams, spillways, retarding basins, detention basins, reservoirs, 7 towers and other storage facilities, pumping plants, infiltration 8 galleries, filtration plants, purification systems, other water 9 treatment facilities, waterworks plants, pumping stations, gauging 10 stations, ventilating facilities, stream gauges, rain gauges, valves, 11 standpipes, connections, hydrants, conduits, flumes, sluices, canals, 12 13 channels, ditches, pipes, lines, laterals, service pipes, force mains, 14 submains, siphons, other water transmission and distribution mains, 15 engines, boilers, pumps, meters, apparatus, tools, equipment, 16 fixtures, structures, buildings and other facilities for the acquisition, 17 transportation, treatment, purification and distribution of untreated water or potable water for domestic, commercial and industrial use 18 19 and irrigation, or any combination thereof.

20 Sec. 3. Section 28 of the Las Vegas Valley Water District Act, 21 being chapter 506, Statutes of Nevada 1997, at page 2404, is hereby 22 amended to read as follows:

23 Sec. 28. 1. At the request of the Southern Nevada 24 Water Authority, to pay all or any part of the cost to acquire, 25 establish, construct, improve or equip, or any combination thereof, one or more water facilities, the Board of Directors of 26 the District may impose an excise tax on the use of water in 27 28 an amount sufficient to ensure the payment, wholly or in part, 29 of obligations incurred by the Southern Nevada Water 30 Authority. The tax must be imposed as a rate or charge 31 pursuant to the procedures for adopting a schedule of rates 32 and charges set forth in section 9.2 on customers of the water 33 system of the District that are capable of using or benefiting 34 from the water facilities financed, wholly or in part, with the 35 proceeds of the tax.

An excise tax imposed pursuant to subsection 1 must
be levied at different rates for different classes of customers
and must take into account differences in the amount of water
used or estimated to be used and the size of the connection.

3. The schedule imposing the rate or charge must provide:

(a) The amount of the rate or charge, which must not exceed one-quarter of 1 percent of the monthly water bill of customers of all residential classes and 5 percent of the



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(b) The procedure for collection of the rate or charge;

(c) The duration of the rate or charge; and

(d) The rate of interest that will be charged on late payments.

4. Late payments of the tax must bear interest at a rate not exceeding 1 percent per month, or fraction thereof. The tax due is a perpetual lien against the property served by the water on whose use the tax is imposed until the tax and any interest that may accrue thereon are paid. Collection of the tax may be enforced in any manner authorized by law for the collection of unpaid water bills. In addition to all other methods available to enforce payment of the tax, the District may provide that it will be collected in the same manner as delinquent [taxes] charges are collected pursuant to NRS 268.043 for [sewerage] utility services charges.

18 5. Subject to the provisions of this subsection, the Board 19 of Directors of the District may reduce the amount of the tax 20 imposed pursuant to this section as the obligations of the 21 District or the water authority allow. The Board of Directors 22 of the District shall not repeal or amend or otherwise directly 23 or indirectly modify the tax in such a manner as to impair any 24 outstanding bonds or other obligations which are payable 25 from or secured by a pledge of a tax imposed pursuant to this 26 section until those bonds or other obligations have been 27 discharged in full.

6. The Board of Directors of the District shall review the
necessity for the continued imposition of the tax authorized
pursuant to this section at least once every 10 years.

7. As used in this section, "water facility" has the
meaning ascribed to "water project" in paragraph (b) of
subsection 6 of section 27.



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