ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 58-COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE ATTORNEY GENERAL)

Prefiled November 17, 2016

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing the penalty for repeat violations of certain orders for protection against domestic violence. (BDR 3-383)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in bolded italics is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to orders for protection; increasing the penalty for intentionally violating a temporary or extended order for protection against domestic violence; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law sets forth certain unlawful acts which constitute domestic violence when committed against certain specified persons. (NRS 33.018) Existing law authorizes a court to issue a temporary or extended order for protection to protect a person listed in that statute from domestic violence. (NRS 33.020, 33.030) Under existing law, a person is guilty of a misdemeanor for intentionally violating a temporary or extended order for protection against domestic violence. (NRS 33.100) This bill increases the penalty from a misdemeanor to a gross misdemeanor for intentionally violating a temporary order for protection against domestic violence and from a misdemeanor to a category C felony for intentionally violating an extended order for protection against domestic violence.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 33.100 is hereby amended to read as follows: 33.100 [A] Unless a more severe penalty is prescribed by law for an act that constitutes a violation of a temporary or extended order, any person who intentionally violates [a temporary or extended order is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless a more severe





penalty is prescribed by law for the act that constitutes the violation of the order.]:

- 1. A temporary order is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.
- 2. An extended order is guilty of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.
 - Sec. 2. NRS 125.560 is hereby amended to read as follows: 125.560 [A]
- 1. Unless a more severe penalty is prescribed by law for an act that constitutes a violation of a restraining order or injunction, any person who intentionally violates a restraining order or injunction :
- 12 1. That is in the nature of a temporary or extended order for protection against domestic violence [:] and [
- 14 2. That is issued in an action or proceeding brought 15 pursuant to this title [.
 - is guilty of a misdemeanor, unless a more severe penalty is prescribed by law for the act that constitutes the violation of the order or injunction.] shall be punished:
 - (a) Where the order or injunction is in the nature of a temporary order for protection against domestic violence, for a gross misdemeanor.
 - (b) Where the order or injunction is in the nature of an extended order for protection against domestic violence, for a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.
 - 2. For the purposes of this section, an order or injunction is in the nature of a temporary or extended order for protection against domestic violence if it grants relief that might be given in a temporary or extended order issued pursuant to NRS 33.017 to 33.100, inclusive.
 - **Sec. 3.** NRS 171.136 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 - 171.136 1. If the offense charged is a felony or gross misdemeanor, the arrest may be made on any day, and at any time of day or night.
 - 2. If it is a misdemeanor, the arrest cannot be made between the hours of 7 p.m. and 7 a.m., except:
 - (a) Upon the direction of a magistrate, endorsed upon the warrant;
 - (b) When the offense is committed in the presence of the arresting officer;
 - (c) When the person is found and the arrest is made in a public place or a place that is open to the public and:
 - (1) There is a warrant of arrest against the person; and





- (2) The misdemeanor is discovered because there was probable cause for the arresting officer to stop, detain or arrest the person for another alleged violation or offense;
- (d) When the offense is committed in the presence of a private person and the person makes an arrest immediately after the offense is committed;
- (e) When the offense charged is battery that constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 and the arrest is made in the manner provided in NRS 171.137;
- (f) [When the offense charged is a violation of a temporary or extended order for protection against domestic violence issued pursuant to NRS 33.017 to 33.100, inclusive:
- (g) When the person is already in custody as a result of another lawful arrest; or
- [(h)] (g) When the person voluntarily surrenders himself or herself in response to an outstanding warrant of arrest.
 - **Sec. 4.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2017.





