# (Reprinted with amendments adopted on May 24, 2017) SECOND REPRINT A.B. 472

### ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 472–COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

(ON BEHALF OF THE OFFICE OF THE GOVERNOR)

## MARCH 27, 2017

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Establishes policies for reducing recidivism rates and improving other outcomes for youth in the juvenile justice system. (BDR 5-918)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

> CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§§ 8, 12) (NOT REQUESTED BY AFFECTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT)

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets *fomitted material* is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to juvenile justice; creating the Juvenile Justice Oversight Commission; prescribing the powers and duties of the Commission; imposing requirements related to juvenile justice on the Division of Child and Family Services of the Department of Health and Human Services and local departments of juvenile services: providing for the establishment of an evidence-based program resource center; requiring the juvenile court to make certain findings before committing a child to the custody of a state facility for the detention of children or a public or private institution or agency in another state; requiring departments of juvenile services to conduct a risk assessment and a mental health screening before the disposition of a case involving a child who is adjudicated delinquent; requiring the Division to consider the results of such an assessment and screening in making decisions concerning the placement of a child; revising provisions relating to mental health screenings of children referred to the system of juvenile justice; revising provisions concerning the release of certain information relating to a child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court; requiring the Youth Parole Bureau to adopt policies and procedures relating to responses to a child's violation of his or her terms and conditions of parole; requiring the juvenile court to consider the adherence of the Youth Parole Bureau to such policies and procedures in determining whether to suspend, modify or revoke a child's parole; revising provisions relating to revocation of a child's parole; providing a penalty; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.





#### Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law provides generally for a system of juvenile justice in this State. 2 (Title 5 of NRS) Federal law requires a state seeking grant money for the 3 administration of a system of juvenile justice to have a state advisory group that 4 5 6 7 oversees such a system. (42 U.S.C. § 5633(a)(3)) Section 4 of this bill creates the Juvenile Justice Oversight Commission and designates the Commission as the state advisory group for the purposes of federal law. Section 5 of this bill requires the Commission to: (1) establish a uniform procedure for the Division of Child and 8 Family Services of the Department of Health and Human Services, the Youth 9 Parole Bureau and each department of juvenile services in this State to follow when 10 developing performance measures related to the juvenile justice system; (2) 11 establish standard procedures for measuring outcomes for children subject to the 12 jurisdiction of the juvenile court; (3) select a validated risk assessment tool to assist 13 the juvenile court, the Division and each department of juvenile services in 14 determining the appropriate actions to take for children subject to the jurisdiction of 15 the juvenile court and a validated mental health screening tool to determine the 16 appropriate actions to take for children in need of supervision; and (4) contract with 17 a qualified vendor or provider to provide technical assistance and training to 18 employees of the juvenile justice system on the implementation and operation of 19 such tools.

20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 35 36 37 38 Section 6 of this bill requires the Commission to develop a 5-year strategic plan that establishes policies and procedures for the Division and each department of juvenile services relating to the use of evidence-based practices when providing services to children subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Section 7 of this bill requires the members of the Commission to conduct annual quality assurance reviews of each state facility for the detention of children and each regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children, which section 13.2 of this bill defines as a regional facility which: (1) provides court-ordered treatment and rehabilitation for children; and (2) is administered by or for the benefit of more than one governmental entity. Section 7 requires such a quality assurance review to include a review of the facility's: (1) service delivery; (2) case management procedures; (3) policies on supervision and behavior management; and (4) procedures relating to the release of children from the facility. Section 7 also requires a facility to: (1) develop a facility improvement plan, in coordination with the Division or a local department of juvenile services, if such a plan is required to address any issues raised in the review; and (2) submit such a plan to the Commission. Section 7 further requires the Commission to compile all such facility improvement plans and submit the plans to the Governor and the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau with its annual review.

39 **Section 8** of this bill requires the Division and each department of juvenile 40 services to, on or before July 1, 2018, implement the validated risk assessment tool 41 and the validated mental health screening tool selected by the Commission for 42 evaluation of children subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. Section 8 43 also establishes the cost allocation for the expenses of implementing such tools, 44 such that the responsibility for those expenses will shift from the State to each 45 department of juvenile services over the next 2 fiscal years. Section 9 of this bill 46 requires the Division and each department of juvenile services that receives money 47 from the state, other than any money received from the State Plan for Medicaid, to 48 use such money to develop, promote and coordinate evidence-based programs and 49 services. Section 9 also requires any contract between the Division or a department 50 of juvenile services and a treatment provider for the provision of juvenile services 51 to require the treatment provider to comply with the evidence-based standards 52 53 developed by the Commission.

Section 10 of this bill requires the Division to issue a request for proposals to 54 establish an evidence-based program resource center. Section 10 requires the





55 56 resource center to: (1) provide technical assistance to the Division, each department of juvenile services and treatment providers to support the implementation and 57 operation of evidence-based programs and practices as set forth in the 58 59 Commission's 5-year strategic plan; (2) provide various types of training to persons employed in the juvenile justice system; (3) act as a resource clearinghouse on 60 evidence-based programs and practices; and (4) facilitate collaboration among state 61 and local agencies and treatment providers who serve the juvenile justice system. 62 Section 12 of this bill requires the Division and each department of juvenile 63 services to develop and implement a family engagement plan to increase the 64 participation of the family of a child who is subject to the jurisdiction of the 65 juvenile court in the rehabilitation of the child.

66 Existing law establishes provisions governing the disposition by a juvenile 67 court of cases of children subject to the court's jurisdiction. (Chapter 62E of NRS) 68 Section 15 of this bill requires the department of juvenile services, before the 69 disposition of a child's case, to conduct a risk assessment and a mental health 70 screening on the child using the validated tools selected by the Commission and, in 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 certain circumstances, a full mental health assessment, and to prepare a report based on the results of the risk assessment, mental health screening and any full mental health assessment as to the most appropriate disposition of the case. Section 16 of this bill requires a department of juvenile services to develop an individualized case plan for each child placed under the supervision of the juvenile court, placed under the informal supervision of a probation officer or committed to a regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children. Section 16 sets forth the information required to be included in each case plan. Section 17 of this bill requires the Division to: (1) consider the results of a validated risk assessment, 80 a validated mental health screening and any full mental health assessment to make 81 decisions concerning the placement of a child; and (2) develop a case plan for each 82 child committed to the Division for placement in a state facility for the detention of 83 children. Section 14.5 of this bill requires the juvenile court to make certain 84 findings before committing a child to the custody of a state facility for the detention 85 of children, and section 18 of this bill requires the juvenile court to make certain 86 findings before committing a child to a public or private institution or agency in 87 another state. Sections 20 and 21 of this bill revise the process for how mental 88 health screenings of children who are adjudicated delinquent and committed to a 89 state facility for the detention of children or a regional facility for the treatment and 90 rehabilitation of children are to be conducted.

91 Existing law requires the Division to: (1) establish a standardized system for 92 the reporting, collection, analysis, maintenance and retrieval of information 93 94 concerning juvenile justice in this State; and (2) adopt regulations that require juvenile courts, local juvenile probation departments and the staff of the youth 95 correctional services to submit certain information to the Division. (NRS 62H.200) <u>96</u> Section 25 of this bill revises the types of juvenile justice information required to 97 be submitted to the Division. Section 22 of this bill requires the Division to analyze 98 such information and submit a report to the Governor and to the Legislature relating to the trends that exist in the juvenile justice system and the effectiveness of the 100 system's programs and services. Section 33 of this bill repeals a similar provision 101 that requires each local juvenile probation department to analyze such information 102 and submit a report to the Division.

**Section 24** of this bill authorizes the Division to withhold money from a juvenile court that does not comply with the regulations adopted by the Division relating to the submittal of certain juvenile justice information.

Existing law authorizes a director of juvenile services and the Youth Parole Bureau to release certain information concerning a child who is within the purview of the juvenile court to certain other persons involved in the juvenile justice system. (NRS 62H.025) Section 23 of this bill revises the list of persons to whom a director





110 of juvenile services and the Youth Parole Bureau may release information to 111 include: (1) the Chief Parole and Probation Officer; (2) the Director of the 112 Department of Corrections; (3) a law enforcement agency; (4) the director of a 113 regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children; or (5) the director 114 of an agency which provides mental health services.

115 Existing law provides for the suspension, modification or revocation of the 116 parole of a child. (NRS 63.770) Section 26 of this bill requires the Youth Parole 117 Bureau to establish policies and procedures to be used when determining the most 118 appropriate and least restrictive response to a violation of a child of the terms and 119 conditions of his or her parole. Section 26 requires, among other things, the Youth 120 Parole Bureau to create a sliding scale of offenses based on the severity of the 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 violation. Section 28 of this bill requires the juvenile court to consider the policies and procedures adopted by the Youth Parole Bureau pursuant to section 26 and consider the adherence of the Youth Parole Bureau to such policies and procedures when determining whether to suspend, modify or revoke the parole of a child. Section 29 of this bill prohibits the Chief of the Youth Parole Bureau from recommending to the juvenile court that a child's parole be revoked unless: (1) the child poses a risk to public safety; or (2) the other responses set forth in the policies and procedures adopted by the Youth Parole Bureau pursuant to section 26 would 129 not be appropriate for the child.

> THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 62A of NRS is hereby amended by adding 1 2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 2 to 12, inclusive, of this 3 act.

4 "Commission" means the Juvenile Justice Oversight Sec. 2. Commission established by section 4 of this act. 5

Sec. 3. "Department of juvenile services" means the entity 6 designated pursuant to chapter 62G of NRS to administer the 7 8 provision of services relating to the delinquency of children.

Sec. 4. 1. The Juvenile Justice Oversight Commission is 9 hereby established. The Commission is hereby designated as the 10 11 state advisory group on juvenile justice required to be established pursuant to 42 U.S.C. § 5633(a)(3). 12

13 2. The Commission consists of the Governor or his or her designee and 25 members appointed by the Governor. The 14 Governor shall appoint to the Commission: 15

(a) Two members who are members of the Senate, one of 16 whom must be from the majority political party and one of whom 17 must be from the minority political party. 18

19 (b) Two members who are members of the Assembly, one of whom must be from the majority political party and one of whom 20 must be from the minority political party. 21 22

(c) Two members who are judges of a juvenile court.

(d) The Administrator of the Division of Child and Family 23 24 Services or his or her designee.





1	(e) The Deputy Administrator of Juvenile Services of the
2	Division of Child and Family Services or his or her designee.
3	(f) Three members who are directors of juvenile services, one
4	each of whom must represent a county whose population:
5	(1) Is less than 100,000.
6	(2) Is 100,000 or more but less than 700,000.
7	(3) Is 700,000 or more.
8	(g) Two members who are district attorneys.
9	(h) Two members who are public defenders.
10	(i) One member who is a representative of a law enforcement
11	agency.
12	(j) Two members who are representatives of a nonprofit
13	organization which provides programs to prevent juvenile
14	delinquency.
15	(k) One member who is a volunteer who works with children
16	who have been adjudicated delinquent.
17	(1) Six members who are under the age of 24 years at the time
18	of appointment.
19	<i>3.</i> At least three of the persons appointed to the Commission
20	pursuant to subsection 2 must be persons who are currently or
21	were formerly subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court.
22	4. Each appointed member serves a term of 2 years. Members
23	may be reappointed for additional terms of 2 years in the same
24	manner as the original appointments. Any vacancy occurring in
25	the membership of the Commission must be filled in the same
26	manner as the original appointment not later than 30 days after
27	the vacancy occurs. Nine of the initial members of the
28	Commission who are appointed pursuant to subsection 2 must be
29	appointed to an initial term of 1 year. Each member of the
30	Commission continues in office until his or her successor is
31	appointed.
32	5. The members of the Commission serve without
33	compensation but are entitled to receive the per diem allowance
34	and travel expenses provided for state officers and employees
35	generally.
36	6. A majority of the members of the Commission constitutes a
37	quorum for the transaction of business, and a majority of a
38	quorum present at any meeting is sufficient for any official action
39	taken by the Commission.
40	7. A member of the Commission who is an officer or
41	employee of this State or a political subdivision of this State must
42	be relieved from his or her duties without loss of regular
43	compensation to prepare for and attend meetings of the
44	Commission and perform any work necessary to carry out the
45	duties of the Commission in the most timely manner practicable. A





1 state agency or political subdivision of this State shall not require 2 an officer or employee who is a member of the Commission to: (a) Make up the time he or she is absent from work to carry 3 4 out his or her duties as a member of the Commission; or 5 (b) Take annual leave or compensatory time for the absence. 8. At the first meeting of the Commission and annually 6 7 thereafter: (a) The Governor shall appoint a Chair of the Commission; 8 (b) The Commission shall elect a Secretary from among its 9 10 members; and (c) The Commission shall adopt rules for its own management 11 12 and government. 13 The Commission shall: 9. 14 (a) Hold its first meeting within 60 days after all the initial 15 appointments to the Commission are made pursuant to subsection 16 2; and 17 (b) Meet at least once every 4 months and may meet at such 18 further times as deemed necessary by the Chair. 19 Sec. 5. In addition to the duties set forth in sections 6 and 7 20 of this act, the Commission shall: 1. On or before July 1, 2018, establish a uniform procedure 21 for the Division of Child and Family Services, the Youth Parole 22 Bureau and each department of juvenile services to use for 23 developing performance measures to determine the effectiveness 24 of the juvenile justice system, including, without limitation, 25 performance measures for juvenile court referrals and 26 dispositions, supervision of a child subject to the jurisdiction of the 27 juvenile court, services provided by agencies which provide 28 29 juvenile justice services and rates of recidivism. 30 2. On or before July 1, 2018, establish standard procedures for measuring outcomes for a child subject to the jurisdiction of 31 the juvenile court, including, without limitation, standard 32 procedures for measuring and reporting rates of recidivism in 33 accordance with NRS 62H.200, and define any necessary terms. 34 35 3. On or before January 1, 2018, select: (a) A validated risk assessment tool that uses a currently 36 accepted standard of assessment to assist the juvenile court, the 37

Division of Child and Family Services and departments of juvenile
services in determining the appropriate actions to take for each
child subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court; and

41 (b) A validated mental health screening tool that uses a 42 currently accepted standard of assessment to determine the 43 appropriate actions to take for each child in need of supervision 44 pursuant to this title.





1 4. Contract with a qualified vendor or provider of technical 2 assistance to assist the Division of Child and Family Services and 3 each department of juvenile services with the implementation of 4 the validated risk assessment tool. Such assistance must include, without limitation, employee training, policy development and the 5 6 establishment of quality assurance protocols.

7 Sec. 6. 1. The Commission shall develop a 5-year strategic plan that establishes policies and procedures for the Division of 8 Child and Family Services and each department of juvenile 9 services relating to the use of evidence-based practices in 10 providing services to children subject to the jurisdiction of the 11 juvenile court. The plan must include, without limitation: 12

13 (a) Uniform standards that an evidence-based practice or 14 program must follow, including, without limitation, model 15 programs, staffing requirements and quality assurance protocols;

16 (b) Strategies, including, without limitation, measurable goals, 17 timelines and responsible parties, to enhance the capacity of the 18 Division of Child and Family Services and each department of 19 *iuvenile* services to:

20 (1) Comply with the evidence-based standards developed by the Commission: and 21

22 (2) Partner with treatment providers that offer evidencebased programs for the treatment of children subject to the 23 *jurisdiction of the juvenile court;* 24

25 (c) A requirement for the collection and reporting of data to the Commission by each department of juvenile services relating 26 to the programs offered and services rendered by each 27 28 department; and 29

(d) Protocols for improvement and corrective action for:

30 (1) A department of juvenile services that does not comply 31 with the reporting requirements established pursuant to paragraph 32 (c); and

(2) A treatment provider that does not comply with the 33 34 evidence-based standards established by the Commission.

2. The Division of Child and Family Services shall adopt 35 36 regulations to implement the provisions of the strategic plan 37 developed pursuant to subsection 1.

3. On or before July 1, 2018, and every 5 years thereafter, the 38 39 Commission shall submit the strategic plan developed pursuant to subsection 1 to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for 40 41 transmittal to the next regular session of the Legislature.

42 Sec. 7. 1. The members of the Commission shall conduct 43 an annual quality assurance review of each state facility for the 44 detention of children and regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children. Each review must use a validated 45





service assessment tool, selected by the Commission, which 1 2 includes. without limitation: 3

(a) An analysis of the facility's service delivery; 4

(b) A review of the facility's case management procedures;

5 (c) A review of the facility's policies on supervision and 6 behavior management of children placed in the facility; and

(d) An analysis of the facility's procedures relating to the 7 release of children from the jurisdiction of the juvenile court. 8

9 Before conducting a review pursuant to subsection 1, a member of the Commission must receive training on the use of the 10 validated service assessment tool selected by the Commission 11 pursuant to subsection 1. 12

13 The members of the Commission who conduct a review 3. 14 pursuant to subsection 1 shall share the results of the review and recommendations for improvement with the facility and the Division of Child and Family Services or a local department of 15 16 *iuvenile* services. 17

18 4. A facility shall develop a facility improvement plan, in 19 coordination with the Division of Child and Family Services or a local department of juvenile services, if such a plan is required to 20 21 address any issues raised in the review. Not more than 60 days 22 after receiving the results of the review and recommendations for improvement pursuant to subsection 3, the facility shall submit the 23 facility improvement plan to the Commission. The Commission 24 25 shall compile all such facility improvement plans and submit the plans to the Governor and to the Director of the Legislative 26 27 Counsel Bureau with its annual review.

Sec. 8. 1. On or before July 1, 2018, the Division of Child 28 29 and Family Services and each department of juvenile services 30 shall:

31 (a) Implement the validated risk assessment tool and the 32 validated mental health screening tool selected by the Commission 33 pursuant to subsection 3 of section 5 of this act; and

34 (b) Comply with the policies and quality assurance protocols set forth by the qualified vendor or other provider selected to 35 provide technical assistance for the validated risk assessment tool 36 37 pursuant to subsection 4 of section 5 of this act.

38 The costs of implementing and operating the validated risk 2. 39 assessment tool and the validated mental health screening tool pursuant to subsection 1 must be allocated in the following 40 41 manner:

42 (a) In Fiscal Year 2017-2018, the Division of Child and 43 Family Services pays 100 percent of the costs incurred by each 44 department of juvenile services associated with the validated risk 45 assessment tool and the validated mental health screening tool.





1 (b) In Fiscal Year 2018-2019, the Division of Child and 2 Family Services pays 50 percent of the costs incurred by each 3 department of juvenile services associated with the validated risk 4 assessment tool and the validated mental health screening tool.

5 (c) In Fiscal Year 2019-2020 and in every subsequent fiscal 6 year, each department of juvenile services is responsible for 100 7 percent of the costs that the department incurs associated with the 8 validated risk assessment tool and the validated mental health 9 screening tool.

10 Sec. 9. 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2 and 11 subject to the provisions of subsection 4, the Division of Child and 12 Family Services and each department of juvenile services that 13 receives money from the State, except money received from the 14 State Plan for Medicaid as a benefit for a child subject to the 15 jurisdiction of a juvenile court, must use such money to develop, 16 promote and coordinate evidence-based programs and practices.

17 2. A department of juvenile services in a county whose 18 population is less than 100,000 must be evaluated for compliance 19 with the requirement set forth in subsection 1 based on the 20 amount of money received from the State, other limitations on 21 resources and the availability of treatment providers in the county.

3. A contract or provider agreement between the Division of Child and Family Services or a department of juvenile services and a treatment provider for the provision of any juvenile services that uses money from the State must require the treatment provider to comply with the evidence-based standards developed by the Commission pursuant to section 6 of this act.

4. The Division of Child and Family Services and each department of juvenile services shall use the following percentages of money received from the State as described in subsection 1 to develop, promote and coordinate evidence-based programs and practices:

(a) In Fiscal Year 2019-2020, 25 percent. (b) In Fiscal Year 2020-2021, 50 percent.

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(c) In Fiscal Year 2021-2022, 75 percent.

(d) In Fiscal Year 2022-2023 and each subsequent fiscal year,
 100 percent.

38 Sec. 10. 1. On or before September 1, 2017, the Division of 39 Child and Family Services shall issue a request for proposals to 40 establish an evidence-based program resource center.

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2. The evidence-based program resource center shall:

42 (a) Provide technical assistance to the Division of Child and 43 Family Services, each department of juvenile services and 44 treatment providers to support the implementation and operation 45 of evidence-based programs and practices as set forth in the





3 (b) Provide on a statewide basis to persons employed in the 4 *juvenile justice system training relating to:* 5 (1) The use of evidence-based programs and practices; and (2) The analysis of quality assurance protocols to ensure 6 7 such programs meet the evidence-based standards developed by 8 the Commission pursuant to section 6 of this act; 9 (c) Act as a clearinghouse for information and statewide resources on evidence-based programs and practices for children 10 11 subject to the jurisdiction of the juvenile court; 12 (d) Facilitate collaboration among state and local agencies 13 and treatment providers to increase access to such providers; and 14 (e) Provide support for the assessment of the implementation 15 of evidence-based standards by such state and local agencies. 16 Sec. 11. On or before July 1, 2019, and on or before July 1 17 of every year thereafter, the Division of Child and Family Services 18 shall submit to the Governor, to the Commission and to the 19 Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the next regular session of the Legislature, a report detailing the 20 Division's compliance with the evidence-based standards 21 22 developed by the Commission pursuant to section 6 of this act and 23 an analysis of the data collected based on the performance 24 measures adopted by the Division pursuant to NRS 62H.200. 25 The Division of Child and Family Services and each Sec. 12. department of juvenile services shall develop and implement a 26

27 family engagement plan to enhance family engagement in the 28 juvenile justice system. The plan must include strategies for:

29 1. Increasing the family's contact with a child subject to the 30 *jurisdiction of the juvenile court;* 

31 2. Engaging family members in the case plan of a child and in planning meetings for the release of the child from the 32 33 *jurisdiction of the juvenile court;* 34

Involving family members in the child's treatment; and 3.

Soliciting the feedback of family members relating to 35 4. 36 improvements to the services rendered to children subject to the 37 jurisdiction of the juvenile court.

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of this act;

**Sec. 13.** NRS 62A.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 62A.010 As used in this title, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 62A.020 to 62A.350, 40 inclusive, and sections 2 and 3 of this act have the meanings 41 42 ascribed to them in those sections





strategic plan developed by the Commission pursuant to section 6

Sec. 13.2. NRS 62A.280 is hereby amended to read as 2 follows: 62A.280 1. "Regional facility for the *[detention] treatment* 3 4 and rehabilitation of children" means a regional facility for the 5 detention or commitment of which provides court-ordered treatment and rehabilitation for children and which is administered 6 7 by or for the benefit of more than one governmental entity. The term includes, but is not limited to: 8 2. 9 (a) The *finstitution facility* in Clark County known as Spring 10 Mountain Youth Camp;

(b) The *finstitution facility* in Douglas County known as China 11 12 Spring Youth Camp; and

13 (c) The **[institution]** facility in Lyon County known as Western 14 Nevada Regional Youth Facility.

The term does not include: 3.

(a) Any local facility for the detention of children; or

17 (b) The Nevada Youth Training Center, the Caliente Youth 18 Center or any state facility for the detention of children.

19 Sec. 13.3. NRS 62B.130 is hereby amended to read as follows: 20 62B.130 1. If a child is detained other than pursuant to a 21 court order in a local for regional facility for the detention of children, the county that has detained the child is entitled to 22 reimbursement from the parent or guardian of the child for all 23 money expended by the county for the support of the child during 24 25 the period of the child's detention.

2. If the parent or guardian of the child fails or refuses to 26 27 reimburse the county, the board of county commissioners may recover from the parent or guardian, by appropriate legal action, all 28 29 money due plus interest thereon at the rate of 7 percent per annum.

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**Sec. 13.4.** NRS 62B.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:

31 62B.140 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, 32 if a child is committed to the custody of a regional facility for the [detention] treatment and rehabilitation of children, the juvenile 33 court may order the county where the child has a legal residence to 34 35 pay the expenses incurred for the support of the child in an amount 36 equal to any money paid for that purpose by the Division of Child 37 and Family Services. Such an order may not be entered if the county 38 maintains the facility to which the child is committed.

39 2. The juvenile court may order the parent or guardian of the child to reimburse the county, in whole or in part, for any money 40 41 expended by the county for the support of the child.

42 3. This section does not prohibit the juvenile court from 43 providing for the support of the child in any other manner 44 authorized by law.





**Sec. 13.5.** NRS 62B.150 is hereby amended to read as follows: 62B.150 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, each county shall pay an assessment for the operation of each regional facility for the [detention] *treatment and rehabilitation* of children that is partially supported by the State of Nevada and is operated by a county whose population is less than 700,000.

7 The assessment owed by each county equals the total 2. amount budgeted by the Legislature for the operation of the regional 8 9 facility, minus any money appropriated by the Legislature for the support of the regional facility, divided by the total number of pupils 10 in this State in the preceding school year, excluding pupils in 11 12 counties whose population is 700,000 or more, and multiplied by the 13 number of pupils in the assessed county. The Administrator of the 14 Division of Child and Family Services shall calculate the assessment 15 owed by each county in June of each year for the ensuing fiscal 16 vear.

3. Each county must pay the assessed amount to the Division
of Child and Family Services in quarterly installments that are due
the first day of the first month of each calendar quarter.

4. The Administrator of the Division of Child and Family Services shall deposit the money received pursuant to subsection 3 in a separate account in the State General Fund. The money in the account may be withdrawn only by the Administrator for the operation of regional facilities for the [detention] *treatment and rehabilitation* of children.

5. Revenue raised by a county to pay the assessment required pursuant to subsection 1 is not subject to the limitations on revenue imposed pursuant to chapter 354 of NRS and must not be included in the calculation of those limitations.

30 6. The provisions of this section do not apply to a county 31 whose population is 700,000 or more.

7. As used in this section, "regional facility for the [detention]
 *treatment and rehabilitation* of children" or "regional facility" does
 not include the [institution] facility in Lyon County known as
 Western Nevada Regional Youth Center.

Sec. 13.6. NRS 62B.160 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62B.160 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5,
each county shall pay an assessment for the operation of a regional
facility for the [detention] treatment and rehabilitation of children
that serves the county if the regional facility:

41 (a) Is operated by a county whose population is less than 42 700,000 or an administrative entity established pursuant to NRS 43 277.080 to 277.180, inclusive, by counties whose populations are 44 less than 700,000 each;



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1 (b) Is established by two or more counties pursuant to an 2 interlocal agreement or by one county if the regional facility is 3 operated pursuant to an interlocal agreement to benefit other 4 counties; and

5 (c) Is not partially supported by the State of Nevada and does 6 not receive money from the State of Nevada other than any fees paid 7 to the regional facility for a child referred to the regional facility by 8 the State of Nevada.

9 2. The administrator of a regional facility for the [detention] 10 *treatment and rehabilitation* of children shall calculate the 11 assessment owed by each county pursuant to subsection 1 on or 12 before March 1 of each year for the ensuing fiscal year. The 13 assessment owed by each county equals:

14 (a) For the first 2 years of operation of the regional facility, the 15 total amount budgeted for the operation of the regional facility by 16 the governing body of the county or other entity responsible for the operation of the regional facility, minus any money received from 17 18 the State of Nevada to pay for fees for a child referred to the 19 regional facility by the State of Nevada, divided by the total number of pupils in the preceding school year in all counties served by the 20 21 regional facility and multiplied by the number of pupils in the 22 preceding school year in the assessed county.

(b) For each year subsequent to the second year of operation of
the regional facility, unless the counties served by the regional
facility enter into an interlocal agreement to the contrary, the total
of:

27 (1) The total amount budgeted for the operation of the 28 regional facility by the governing body of the county or other entity 29 responsible for the operation of the regional facility, minus any 30 money received from the State of Nevada to pay for fees for a child 31 referred to the regional facility by the State of Nevada, divided by the total number of pupils in the preceding school year in all 32 33 counties served by the regional facility, multiplied by the number of 34 pupils in the preceding school year in the assessed county and 35 multiplied by one-fourth; and

36 (2) The total amount budgeted for the operation of the 37 regional facility by the governing body of the county or other entity 38 responsible for the operation of the regional facility, minus any 39 money received from the State of Nevada to pay for fees for a child referred to the regional facility by the State of Nevada, divided by 40 41 the total number of pupils who were served by the regional facility in the preceding school year from all counties served by the regional 42 facility, multiplied by the number of pupils who were served by the 43 44 regional facility in the preceding school year from the assessed 45 county and multiplied by three-fourths.





1 Each county shall pay the assessment required pursuant to 3. 2 subsection 1 to the treasurer of the county if the regional facility is operated by a county or to the administrative entity responsible for 3 the operation of the regional facility in quarterly installments that 4 5 are due on the first day of the first month of each calendar guarter. 6 The money must be accounted for separately and may only be 7 withdrawn by the administrator of the regional facility.

8 4 The board of county commissioners of each county may pay 9 the assessment from revenue raised by a tax levied pursuant to NRS 10 354.59818, any other available money, or a combination thereof.

11 5. The provisions of this section do not apply to a county 12 whose population is 700,000 or more.

As used in this section, "regional facility for the [detention] 13 6. 14 treatment and rehabilitation of children" or "regional facility" does 15 not include the *finstitution facility* in Douglas County known as 16 China Spring Youth Camp. 17

Sec. 13.7. NRS 62B.215 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62B.215 1. A child who is detained in a local for regional 18 facility for the detention of children or committed to a regional 19 facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children may be 20 21 subjected to corrective room restriction only if all other less-22 restrictive options have been exhausted and only for the purpose of: 23

(a) Modifying the negative behavior of the child;

24 (b) Holding the child accountable for a violation of a rule of the 25 facility; or

26 (c) Ensuring the safety of the child, staff or others or ensuring 27 the security of the facility.

28 Any action that results in corrective room restriction for 2. 29 more than 2 hours must be documented in writing and approved by 30 a supervisor.

31 A local for regional facility for the detention of children or 3. regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children 32 33 shall conduct a safety and well-being check on a child subjected to 34 corrective room restriction at least once every 10 minutes while the 35 child is subjected to corrective room restriction.

36 4. A child may be subjected to corrective room restriction only 37 for the minimum time required to address the negative behavior, rule violation or threat to the safety of the child, staff or others or to 38 39 the security of the facility, and the child must be returned to the 40 general population of the facility as soon as reasonably possible.

41 A child who is subjected to corrective room restriction for 5. more than 24 hours must be provided: 42

43 (a) Not less than 1 hour of out-of-room, large muscle exercise 44 each day, including, without limitation, access to outdoor recreation 45 if weather permits;





1 (b) Access to the same meals and medical and mental health 2 treatment, the same access to contact with parents or legal 3 guardians, and the same access to legal assistance and educational 4 services as is provided to children in the general population of the 5 facility; and

6 (c) A review of the corrective room restriction status at least 7 once every 24 hours. If, upon review, the corrective room restriction 8 is continued, the continuation must be documented in writing, 9 including, without limitation, an explanation as to why no other 10 less-restrictive option is available.

6. A local for regional facility for the detention of children or
regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children
shall not subject a child to corrective room restriction for more than
72 consecutive hours.

15 7. [A] *Each* local [or regional] facility for the detention of 16 children and regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children shall report monthly to the Juvenile Justice Programs 17 Office of the Division of Child and Family Services the number of 18 19 children who were subjected to corrective room restriction during 20 that month and the length of time that each child was in corrective 21 room restriction. Any incident that resulted in the use of corrective 22 room restriction for 72 consecutive hours must be addressed in the 23 monthly report, and the report must include the reason or reasons 24 any attempt to return the child to the general population of the 25 facility was unsuccessful.

8. As used in this section, "corrective room restriction" means
the confinement of a child to his or her room as a disciplinary or
protective action and includes, without limitation:

- 29 (a) Administrative seclusion;
- 30 (b) Behavioral room confinement;
- 31 (c) Corrective room rest; and
- 32 (d) Room confinement.

33 Sec. 13.8. NRS 62C.035 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62C.035 1. Each child who is taken into custody by a peace officer or probation officer and detained in a local facility for the detention of children for a regional facility for the detention of children while awaiting a detention hearing pursuant to NRS 62C.040 or 62C.050 must be screened to determine whether the child is in need of mental health services or is an abuser of alcohol or drugs.

2. The facility in which the child is detained shall cause the
screening required pursuant to subsection 1 to be conducted as soon
as practicable after the child has been detained in the facility.

44 3. The method for conducting the screening required pursuant 45 to subsection 1 must satisfy the requirements of NRS 62E.516.





1 Sec. 14. Chapter 62E of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 14.5 to 17, inclusive, of 3 this act.

4 Sec. 14.5. Before the juvenile court commits a delinquent 5 child to the custody of a state facility for the detention of children, 6 the court must find that:

7 1. Appropriate alternatives that could satisfactorily meet the 8 needs of the child do not exist in the community or were previously 9 used to attempt to meet such needs and proved unsuccessful; and

10 2. The child poses a public safety risk based on the child's 11 risk of reoffending, as determined by a risk assessment conducted 12 pursuant to section 15 of this act, any history of delinquency and 13 the seriousness of the offense committed by the child.

14 Sec. 15. 1. Beginning on the date selected by the 15 Commission for implementation of the requirement for use of the 16 validated risk assessment tool and the validated mental health 17 screening tool selected pursuant to section 5 of this act, before the disposition of a case involving a child who is adjudicated 18 delinquent, the department of juvenile services shall conduct a 19 validated risk assessment and validated mental health screening 20 on the child, using the tools selected by the Commission. If the 21 22 mental health screening indicates that the child is in need of a full mental health assessment, the department of juvenile services 23 shall, to the extent money is available, provide for a full mental 24 25 health assessment of the child.

26 2. The department of juvenile services shall prepare a report 27 on the results of the risk assessment, mental health screening and, 28 if applicable, the full mental health assessment conducted 29 pursuant to subsection 1. The report must be included in the 30 child's file and provided to all parties to the case. The report must 31 identify the child's risk to reoffend and provide a recommendation 32 for the type of supervision and services that the child needs.

33 3. The juvenile court shall use the report created pursuant to 34 subsection 2 to assist the juvenile court in determining the 35 disposition of the child's case.

Sec. 16. 1. The department of juvenile services shall 36 develop a written individualized case plan for each child placed 37 under the supervision of the juvenile court pursuant to a 38 39 supervision and consent decree, placed under the informal supervision of a probation officer pursuant to NRS 62C.200 or 40 committed to a regional facility for the treatment and 41 rehabilitation of children. In developing such a case plan, the 42 43 department of juvenile services must use, without limitation:

44 (a) The results of the risk assessment and mental health 45 screening conducted pursuant to section 15 of this act;





- 16 -

1 (b) The trauma, if any, experienced by the child; (c) The education level of the child; 2 (d) The seriousness of the offense committed by the child; and 3 (e) Any relevant information provided by the family of the 4 5 child. 6 2. A case plan developed pursuant to subsection 1 must: (a) Address the risks the child presents and the service needs 7 of the child based on the results of the risk assessment and mental 8 health screening conducted pursuant to section 15 of this act; 9 (b) Specify the level of supervision and intensity of services 10 11 that the child needs: (c) Provide referrals to treatment providers that may address 12 13 the child's risks and needs; 14 (d) Be developed in consultation with the child's family or 15 guardian, as appropriate; (e) Specify the responsibilities of each person or agency 16 17 involved with the child: and 18 (f) Provide for the full reentry of the child into the community. *3.* In addition to the requirements of subsection 2, if a child is 19 committed to a regional facility for the treatment and 20 rehabilitation of children, the child's case plan must: 21 (a) Identify the projected length of stay and release criteria 22 based on a risk assessment conducted pursuant to section 15 of 23 this act, the seriousness of the offense committed by the child and 24 25 treatment progress; (b) Include a comprehensive plan for complete reentry of the 26 27 child into the community; and (c) Be reviewed at least once every 3 months by the department 28 29 of juvenile services. 30 4. A reentry plan developed pursuant to subsection 3 must 31 include, without limitation: 32 (a) A detailed description of the education, counseling and 33 treatment provided to the child; (b) A proposed plan for the continued education, counseling 34 35 and treatment of the child upon his or her release; (c) A proposed plan for the provision of any supervision or 36 services necessary for the transition of the child; and 37 (d) A proposed plan for any engagement of the child's family 38 39 or guardian. 40 5. The department of juvenile services must update a child's case plan at least once every 6 months, or when significant 41 changes in the child's treatment occur, by conducting another risk 42 assessment and mental health screening using the tools selected by 43 the Commission pursuant to section 5 of this act. 44





6. A reentry planning meeting must be held at least 30 days
 before a child's scheduled release from a regional facility for the
 treatment and rehabilitation of children. As appropriate, based on
 the child's case plan, the meeting should be attended by:
 (a) The child;

- 6 7
- (b) A family member or the guardian of the child;
- (c) The child's probation officer;
- 8 (d) Members of the staff of the regional facility for the 9 treatment and rehabilitation of children; and
- 10

(e) Any treatment providers of the child.

Sec. 17. 1. The Division of Child and Family Services shall 11 consider, without limitation, the results of a validated risk 12 assessment, a validated mental health screening and, if applicable, 13 14 a full mental health assessment conducted pursuant to section 15 of this act to make decisions concerning the placement of the 15 16 child. The Division may consider the results of a risk and needs assessment of the child that was conducted by a local department 17 of juvenile services if the assessment was conducted within the 18 19 immediately preceding 6 months and no significant changes have 20 occurred relating to the child's case.

2. The Division of Child and Family Services shall develop a 21 22 length of stay matrix and establish release criteria for a state facility for the detention of children that are based on a child's 23 risk of reoffending, as determined by the risk assessment for the 24 child, the seriousness of the act for which the child was 25 adjudicated delinquent and the child's progress in meeting 26 27 treatment goals. In making release and discharge decisions, the Division shall use the matrix and release criteria developed 28 29 pursuant to this subsection.

30 3. The Division of Child and Family Services shall develop a 31 written individualized case plan for each child committed to the 32 custody of the Division pursuant to NRS 62E.520. In developing 33 such a case plan, the Division must use, without limitation:

(a) The results of the risk assessment, mental health screening
 and any full mental health assessment conducted pursuant to
 section 15 of this act;

- 37 (b) The trauma, if any, experienced by the child;
- 38 (c) The education level of the child;
- 39 (d) The seriousness of the offense committed by the child;
- 40 (e) The child's progress in meeting treatment goals; and

41 (f) Any relevant information provided by the family of the 42 child.

4. A case plan developed pursuant to subsection 3 must:

44 (a) Address the risks the child presents and the service needs 45 of the child based on the results of the risk assessment, mental



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1	health screening and any full mental health assessment conducted
2	pursuant to section 15 of this act;
3	(b) Specify the level of supervision and services that the child
4	needs;
5	(c) Provide referrals to treatment providers that may address
6	the child's risks and needs;
7	(d) Be developed in consultation with the child's family or
8	guardian, as appropriate;
9	(e) Specify the responsibilities of each person or agency
10	involved with the child; and
11	(f) Provide for the full reentry of the child into the community.
12	5. In addition to the requirements of subsection 4, if a child is
	5. In addition to the requirements of subsection 4, if a children the
13	committed to a state facility for the detention of children, the
14	child's case plan must:
15	(a) Include a comprehensive plan for complete reentry of the
16	child into the community; and
17	(b) Be reviewed at least once every 3 months by the Division of
18	Child and Family Services.
19	6. A reentry plan developed pursuant to subsection 5 must
20	include, without limitation:
21	(a) A detailed description of the education, counseling and
22	treatment provided to the child;
23	(b) A proposed plan for the continued education, counseling
24	and treatment of the child upon his or her release;
25	(c) A proposed plan for the provision of any supervision or
26	services necessary for the transition of the child; and
27	(d) A proposed plan for any engagement of the child's family
28	or guardian.
29	7. The Division of Child and Family Services must update a
30	child's case plan at least once every 6 months, or when significant
31	changes in the child's treatment occur, by conducting another risk
32	assessment and mental health screening using the tools selected by
33	the Commission pursuant to section 5 of this act.
34	8. A reentry planning meeting must be held at least 30 days
35	before a child's scheduled release from a state facility for the
36	detention of children. As appropriate, based on the child's case
30 37	plan, the meeting should be attended by:
38	(a) The child;
38 39	(b) A family member or the guardian of the child;
	(0) A family member of the guaratan of the child;
40	(c) The child's youth parole counselor;
41	(d) The superintendent of the state facility for the detention of
42	children; and
43	(e) Any treatment providers of the child.





1 **Sec. 18.** NRS 62E.110 is hereby amended to read as follows: 2 62E.110 1. Except as otherwise provided in this chapter, the 3 juvenile court may: 4 (a) Place a child in the custody of a suitable person for 5 supervision in the child's own home or in another home; for 6 (b) Commit the child to the custody of a public or private 7 institution or agency authorized to care for children H; or 8 (c) Commit the child to the custody of the Division of Child 9 and Family Services pursuant to NRS 62E.520. 10 If the juvenile court places the child under supervision in a 2. 11 home. 12 (a) The juvenile court may impose such conditions as the 13 juvenile court deems proper; and 14 (b) The program of supervision in the home may include 15 electronic surveillance of the child. 16 3. If the juvenile court commits the child to the custody of a 17 public or private institution or agency **b** other than the Division of 18 *Child and Family Services*, the juvenile court shall select one that is 19 required to be licensed by: 20 (a) The Department of Health and Human Services to care for 21 such children: or 22 (b) If the institution or agency is in another state, the analogous 23 department of that state. 24 Before committing a child to a public or private institution 4. 25 or agency in another state, the juvenile court must find that: (a) No public or private institution or agency in this State met 26 27 the needs of the child or that such an institution or agency had 28 previously attempted to meet such needs and proved unsuccessful; 29 and 30 (b) Reasonable efforts had been made to consult with public or 31 private institutions and agencies in this State to place or commit the child in this State, and that those efforts had failed. 32 33 **Sec. 19.** NRS 62E.500 is hereby amended to read as follows: The provisions of NRS 62E.500 to 62E.730, 34 62E.500 1. 35 inclusive [+], and sections 14.5 to 17, inclusive, of this act: (a) Apply to the disposition of a case involving a child who is 36 37 adjudicated delinguent. 38 (b) Except as otherwise provided in NRS 62E.700 and 62E.705, 39 do not apply to the disposition of a case involving a child who is found to have committed a minor traffic offense. 40 41 If a child is adjudicated delinquent: 2. (a) The juvenile court may issue any orders or take any actions 42 set forth in NRS 62E.500 to 62E.730, inclusive, and sections 14.5 to 43 44 17, *inclusive*, of this act that the juvenile court deems proper for the 45 disposition of the case; and



1 (b) If required by a specific statute, the juvenile court shall issue 2 the appropriate orders or take the appropriate actions set forth in the 3 statute.

4 Sec. 20. NRS 62E.513 is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 62E.513 1. Each child who is adjudicated delinguent and 6 committed by the juvenile court to a regional facility for the 7 **detention** *treatment and rehabilitation* of children or state facility 8 for the detention of children or ordered by the juvenile court to be 9 placed in a facility for the detention of children pursuant to NRS 10 62E.710 must be screened to determine whether the child is in need 11 of mental health services or is an abuser of alcohol or drugs *H* once 12 every 6 months or when significant changes to the child's case 13 plan developed pursuant to section 16 or 17 of this act, as 14 applicable, are made.

15 2. The facility to which the child is committed or in which the 16 child is placed shall cause the screening required pursuant to 17 subsection 1 to be conducted as soon as practicable after the child 18 has been committed to or placed in the facility.

19 3. The method for conducting the screening required pursuant 20 to subsection 1 must satisfy the requirements of NRS 62E.516.

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**Sec. 21.** NRS 62E.516 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62E.516 1. Each local facility for the detention of children [and regional facility for the detention of children] shall conduct the screening required pursuant to NRS 62C.035 [and 62E.513] using a method that has been approved by the Division of Child and Family Services. The Division shall approve a method upon determining that the method is:

(a) Based on research; and

(b) Reliable and valid for identifying a child who is in need ofmental health services or who is an abuser of alcohol or other drugs.

31 2. Each local facility for the detention of children fand regional 32 facility for the detention of children shall submit its method for 33 conducting the screening required pursuant to NRS 62C.035 [and 62E.513] to the Division of Child and Family Services for approval 34 on or before July 1 of each fifth year after the date on which the 35 method was initially approved by the Division. Before a local 36 facility for the detention of children for regional facility for the 37 38 detention of children may begin using a new method for conducting 39 the screening required pursuant to NRS 62C.035, [and 62E.513,] the facility must obtain approval of the method from the Division 40 41 pursuant to subsection 1.

42 3. If the Division of Child and Family Services does not 43 approve a method for conducting the screening required pursuant to 44 NRS 62C.035 [and 62E.513] that is submitted by a local facility for 45 the detention of children, [or a regional facility for the detention of





1 children, and the facility does not submit a new method for 2 conducting the screening for approval within 90 days after the denial, the Division of Child and Family Services shall notify the 3 4 appropriate board of county commissioners or other governing body which administers the facility and the chief judge of the appropriate 5 judicial district that the facility has not received approval of its 6 7 method for conducting the screening as required by this section.

8 Upon receiving the notice required by subsection 3, the 4. 9 appropriate board of county commissioners or governing body and 10 the chief judge shall take appropriate action to ensure that the 11 facility complies with the requirements of this section and NRS 12 62C.035. [and 62E.513.]

13 5. Each regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation 14 of children shall conduct the screening required pursuant to NRS 15 62E.513 using the assessment tool that has been approved by the 16 *Commission pursuant to section 5 of this act.* 

17 **6**. Each state facility for the detention of children shall use <del>a</del> 18 method the assessment tool for conducting the screening required pursuant to NRS 62E.513 [that satisfies] selected by the 19 frequirements of paragraphs (a) and (b) Commission pursuant to 20 section 5 of Isubsection 1. The Division of Child and Family 21 22 Services shall review the method used by each state facility for the detention of children at least once every 5 years to ensure the 23 method used by the facility continues to satisfy the requirements of 24 25 paragraphs (a) and (b) of subsection 1.

<u>-6.]</u> this act. 26

27 7. The Division of Child and Family Services shall adopt such 28 regulations as are necessary to carry out the provisions of this 29 section and NRS 62C.035 and 62E.513, including, without 30 limitation, regulations prescribing the requirements for:

31 (a) Transmitting information obtained from the screening 32 conducted pursuant to NRS 62C.035 and 62E.513; and

33 (b) Protecting the confidentiality of information obtained from 34 such screening. 35

**Sec. 21.5.** NRS 62E.520 is hereby amended to read as follows:

62E.520 1. The juvenile court may commit a delinquent child 36 37 to the custody of the Division of Child and Family Services for 38 **suitable** placement *in a correctional or institutional facility* if:

39 (a) The child is at least 8 years of age but less than 12 years of age, and the juvenile court finds that the child is in need of 40 41 placement in a correctional or institutional facility; or

42 (b) The child is at least 12 years of age but less than 18 years of 43 age, and the juvenile court finds that the child:

44 (1) Is in need of placement in a correctional or institutional 45 facility; fand or





(2) Is in need of residential psychiatric services or other 1 2 residential services for the mental health of the child.

Before the juvenile court commits a delinquent child to the 3 2. custody of the Division of Child and Family Services, the juvenile 4 5 court shall:

6 (a) Notify the Division at least 3 working days before the 7 juvenile court holds a hearing to consider such a commitment; and

(b) At the request of the Division, provide the Division with not 8 9 more than 10 working days within which to:

10 (1) Investigate the child and the circumstances of the child; 11 and

(2) Recommend a suitable placement to the juvenile court.

13 Sec. 22. Chapter 62H of NRS is hereby amended by adding 14 thereto a new section to read as follows:

15 The Division of Child and Family Services shall annually 1. 16 analyze the information submitted to the Division pursuant to 17 NRS 62H.210 to determine:

18 (a) Juvenile justice system trends, including, without 19 limitation, referrals to the juvenile justice system, diversion and disposition of cases, levels of supervision provided to children, 20 21 placement of children and programs and services offered to 22 children;

23 (b) Whether children of racial or ethnic minorities or children 24 from economically disadvantaged backgrounds are receiving 25 disparate treatment in the juvenile justice system;

26 (c) The effectiveness of the different levels of supervision in 27 the juvenile justice system;

(d) The effectiveness of services provided by the juvenile 28 29 justice system, including, without limitation, the effectiveness of 30 the evidence-based standards developed by the Commission pursuant to section 6 of this act; and 31

(e) The rates of recidivism for children either supervised by 32 33 local juvenile probation departments or committed to the Division.

On or before January 31 of each year, the Division shall 34 *2*. 35 submit to the Governor and to the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the Legislature a report 36 37 detailing the information compiled pursuant to subsection 1. 38

**Sec. 23.** NRS 62H.025 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 62H.025 1. Juvenile justice information is confidential and 40 may only be released in accordance with the provisions of this 41 section or as expressly authorized by other federal or state law.

2. For the purpose of ensuring the safety, permanent 42 placement, rehabilitation, educational success and well-being of a 43 44 child or the safety of the public, a juvenile justice agency may 45 release juvenile justice information to:



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1 (a) A director of juvenile services or his or her designee; 2 (b) The Chief of the Youth Parole Bureau or his or her designee; 3 (c) The Chief Parole and Probation Officer or his or her 4 designee; 5 (d) The Director of the Department of Corrections or his or 6 *her designee;* 7 (e) A district attorney or his or her designee; (f) An attorney representing the child; 8 (e) (g) The director, chief or sheriff of a state or local law 9 enforcement agency or his or her designee; 10 (h) The director of a state or local agency which administers 11 12 juvenile justice or his or her designee; 13 (f) A director of a state [, regional] or local facility for the 14 detention of children or regional facility for the treatment and 15 *rehabilitation of children* or his or her designee; (g) The director of an agency which provides child welfare 16 17 services or his or her designee; [(h)] (k) The director of an agency which provides mental 18 health services or his or her designee; 19 20 (1) A guardian ad litem or court appointed special advocate who 21 represents the child; 22 (i) A parent or guardian of the child; (i) The child to whom the juvenile justice information 23 pertains if the child has reached the age of majority, or a person who 24 25 presents a release that is signed by the child who has reached the age of majority and which specifies the juvenile justice information to 26 27 be released and the purpose for the release; (k) A school district, if the juvenile justice agency and the 28 29 school district have entered into a written agreement to share 30 juvenile justice information for a purpose consistent with the purposes of this section; 31 (p) A person or organization who has entered into a written 32 agreement with the juvenile justice agency to provide assessments 33 or juvenile justice services; 34 (m) (q) A person engaged in bona fide research that may be 35 used to improve juvenile justice services or secure additional 36 funding for juvenile justice services if the juvenile justice 37 38 information is provided in the aggregate and without any personal 39 identifying information: or  $\frac{(n)}{(r)}$  A person who is authorized by a court order to receive 40 41 the juvenile justice information, if the juvenile justice agency was provided with notice and opportunity to be heard before the issuance 42 43 of the order. 44 3. A juvenile justice agency may deny a request for juvenile justice information if: 45

(a) The request does not, in accordance with the purposes of this
 section, demonstrate good cause for the release of the information;
 or

- 4 (b) The release of the information would cause material harm to 5 the child or would prejudice any court proceeding to which the child 6 is subject.
- 7 → A denial pursuant to this subsection must be made in writing to
   8 the person requesting the information not later than 5 business days
   9 after receipt of the request.
- 10 4. Any juvenile justice information provided pursuant to this 11 section may not be used to deny a child access to any service for 12 which the child would otherwise be eligible, including, without 13 limitation:
- 14 (a) Educational services;
- 15 (b) Social services;
- 16 (c) Mental health services;
- 17 (d) Medical services; or
- 18 (e) Legal services.
- 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, any person who is provided with juvenile justice information pursuant to this section and who further disseminates the information or makes the information public is guilty of a gross misdemeanor. This subsection does not apply to:
- (a) A district attorney who uses the information solely for the
   purpose of initiating legal proceedings; or
- (b) A person or organization described in subsection 2 who
  provides a report concerning juvenile justice information to a court
  or other party pursuant to this title or chapter 432B of NRS.
- 29
- 6. As used in this section:
- 30 (a) "Juvenile justice agency" means the Youth Parole Bureau or31 a director of juvenile services.
- (b) "Juvenile justice information" means any information which
  is directly related to a child in need of supervision, a delinquent
  child or any other child who is otherwise subject to the jurisdiction
  of the juvenile court.
- 36 37

Sec. 24. NRS 62H.200 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 62H.200 1. The Division of Child and Family Services shall:
- (a) Establish a standardized system for the reporting, collection,
   analysis, maintenance and retrieval of information concerning
   juvenile justice in this State.
- (b) Be responsible for the retrieval and analysis of the categories
  of information contained in the standardized system and the
  development of any reports from that information.
- 44 (c) Adopt such regulations as are necessary to carry out the 45 provisions of this section, including requirements for the transmittal



1 of information to the standardized system from the juvenile courts, 2 local juvenile probation departments and the staff of the youth correctional services, as directed by the Department of Health and 3 4 Human Services.

5 (d) Adopt such regulations as are necessary to implement the performance measures and evidence-based standards developed by 6 7 the Commission pursuant to sections 5 and 6 of this act.

8 2. Each juvenile court and local juvenile probation department 9 and the staff of the youth correctional services, as directed by the 10 Department of Health and Human Services, shall comply with the 11 regulations adopted pursuant to this section.

The Division of Child and Family Services may withhold 12 3. 13 state money from a juvenile court or department of juvenile 14 services that does not comply with the regulations adopted 15 pursuant to this section. Before any money is withheld, the 16 **Division shall:** 

17 (a) Notify the department of juvenile services of the specific 18 provisions of the regulations adopted pursuant to this section with 19 which the department is not in compliance;

(b) Require the department of juvenile services to submit a 20 corrective action plan to the Division within 60 days after 21 22 receiving such a notice of noncompliance; and

(c) If the department of juvenile services does not submit or 23 24 adhere to a corrective action plan, notify the department that 25 money will be withheld and specify the amount thereof. 26

**Sec. 25.** NRS 62H.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:

27 62H.210 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the 28 standardized system established pursuant to NRS 62H.200 must 29 collect, categorize and maintain the following information from the 30 juvenile courts, local juvenile probation departments, the staff of 31 regional facilities for the treatment and rehabilitation of children and the staff of the youth correctional services, as directed by the 32 Department of Health and Human Services, regarding each child 33 34 referred to the system of juvenile justice in this State:

(a) [A unique number] Any unique identifying information 35 36 assigned to the child ; [for identification;]

37 (b) Basic demographic information regarding the child, 38 including, but not limited to:

39 (1) The age, sex and race or other ethnic background of the 40 child;

41 (2) The composition of the household in which the child 42 resides; and

43

(3) The economic *and educational* background of the child;





1 (c) The charges for which the child is referred **[;]**, *including*, 2 without limitation, any charges of violations of probation or 3 parole;

- 4
- 5

(d) The dates of any detention of the child;

(e) The nature of the disposition of each referral of the child;

6 (f) The dates any petitions are filed regarding the child, and the 7 charges set forth in those petitions; [and]

(g) The disposition of any petitions filed regarding the child, 8 9 including any applicable findings  $\mathbb{H}$ :

10 (h) The assessed risks and needs of the child:

(i) The supervision of the child, including, without limitation, 11 12 whether the child was placed in a residential facility; and 13

(j) Any programs and services provided to the child.

14 In addition to the information required pursuant to 2. 15 subsection 1 and except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the 16 Department of Health and Human Services shall require the staff of 17 regional facilities for the treatment and rehabilitation of children 18 and the staff of the youth correctional services to collect and 19 transmit the following information to the standardized system regarding each child committed to or otherwise placed in the 20 21 custody of the Division of Child and Family Services:

22 (a) A record of each placement of the child, including, but not 23 limited to, the *location and* period of each placement and the *programs and* services provided to the child during each placement; 24

25 (b) Any disciplinary action taken against the child during the 26 child's placement;

27 (c) Any education or vocational training provided to the child during the child's placement and the educational and employment 28 29 status of the child after release of the child on parole;

30 (d) The dates of each release of the child, including any release 31 of the child on parole;

(c) If the child is released on parole, the period of each 32 33 release and the services provided to the child during each release; 34 and

(d) The nature of or reason for each discharge of the child 35 from the custody of the regional facility for the treatment and 36 rehabilitation of children or the Division of Child and Family 37 38 Services.

39 The information maintained in the standardized system must 3. 40 not include the name or address of any person.

Sec. 26. Chapter 63 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 41 42 thereto a new section to read as follows:

43 The Youth Parole Bureau shall establish policies and 44 procedures to be used by parole officers and juvenile courts in 45 determining the most appropriate response to a child's violation of





1 the terms and conditions of his or her parole. The policies and 2 procedures must: Establish a sliding scale based on the severity of the 3 1. 4 violation to determine the appropriate response to the child; 5 2. Require that a response to a child's violation of the terms and conditions of his or her parole timely take into consideration: 6 (a) The risk of the child to reoffend, as determined by the 7 8 results of a risk and needs assessment; 9 (b) The previous history of violations of the child; 10 (c) The severity of the current violation of the child; (d) The child's case plan; and 11 12 (e) The previous responses by the child to past violations; and 13 Include incentives that encourage compliance with the 3. 14 terms and conditions of a child's parole. 15 **Sec. 27.** NRS 63.715 is hereby amended to read as follows: 16 63.715 1. A county that receives approval to carry out the provisions of NRS 63.700 to 63.780, inclusive, and section 26 of 17 18 *this act* and an exemption from the assessment imposed pursuant to 19 NRS 62B.165 shall: 20 (a) Carry out the provisions of NRS 63.700 to 63.780, inclusive 21 [;], and section 26 of this act; and 22 (b) Appoint a person to act in the place of the Chief of the Youth 23 Parole Bureau in carrying out those provisions. 24 2. When a person is appointed by the county to act in the place 25 of the Chief of the Youth Parole Bureau pursuant to subsection 1, 26 the person so appointed shall be deemed to be the Chief of the 27 Youth Parole Bureau for the purposes of NRS 63.700 to 63.780, 28 inclusive [], and section 26 of this act. 29 **Sec. 28.** NRS 63.770 is hereby amended to read as follows: 30 63.770 1. A petition may be filed with the juvenile court to 31 request that the parole of a child be suspended, modified or revoked. 32 2. Pending a hearing, the juvenile court may order that the 33 child be held in the local for regional facility for the detention of children H or committed to the regional facility for the treatment 34 35 and rehabilitation of children. 36 3. If the child is held in a local for regional facility for the 37 detention of children or committed to a regional facility for the treatment and rehabilitation of children pending a hearing, the 38 39 Youth Parole Bureau may pay all actual and reasonably necessary costs for the confinement of the child in the local for regional 40 41 facility or the commitment of the child to the regional facility to 42 the extent that money is available for that purpose. 43 If requested, the juvenile court shall allow the child 4. 44 reasonable time to prepare for the hearing.





1 5. The juvenile court shall render a decision within 10 days 2 after the conclusion of the hearing. The juvenile court shall consider the policies and 3 6. procedures adopted by the Youth Parole Bureau pursuant to 4 section 26 of this act and, in determining whether to suspend, 5 6 modify or revoke the parole of the child, consider the adherence of 7 the Youth Parole Bureau to such policies and procedures. 8 **Sec. 29.** NRS 63.780 is hereby amended to read as follows: The Chief of the Youth Parole Bureau may 9 63.780 **1**. 10 recommend to the juvenile court that a child's parole be revoked 11 and that the child be committed to a facility only if the Chief or his 12 or her designee has determined that: 13 (a) The child poses a risk to public safety, and the policies and 14 procedures adopted by the Youth Parole Bureau pursuant to 15 section 26 of this act recommend such a revocation; or 16 (b) The other responses set forth in such policies and 17 procedures would not be appropriate for the child. The Chief of the Youth Parole Bureau may *not* recommend 18 2. 19 to the juvenile court that a child's parole be revoked and that the child be committed to a facility *[unless] if* the superintendent of the 20 21 facility determines that: 22 (a) There is not adequate room or resources in the facility 23 to provide the necessary care; (b) There is not adequate money available for the support of 24 25 the facility; or [3.] (c) The child is not suitable for admission to the facility. 26 27 **Sec. 29.5.** NRS 354.557 is hereby amended to read as follows: 354.557 "Regional facility" means a facility that is used by 28 29 each county that levies a tax ad valorem for its operation pursuant to 30 NRS 354.59818 and provides services related to public safety, 31 health or criminal justice. The term includes a regional facility for the **[detention]** treatment and rehabilitation of children for which 32 33 an assessment is paid pursuant to NRS 62B.160. The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any 34 Sec. 30. 35 additional expenses of a local government that are related to the provisions of this act. 36 37 The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do Sec. 31. not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a 38 39 requirement to submit a report to the Legislature. 40 Sec. 32. The Governor shall appoint the members of the 41 Juvenile Justice Oversight Commission on or before September 1, 42 2017. 43 Sec. 33. NRS 62H.230 is hereby repealed. 44 Sec. 34. 1. This section and sections 1 to 32, inclusive, of 45 this act become effective on July 1, 2017. A B 4 7 2

2. Section 33 of this act becomes effective on July 1, 2018.

# **TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION**

62H.230 Probation departments to analyze information submitted to standardized system annually and compile reports concerning disparate treatment of children; Division of Child and Family Services to publish reports annually.

1. On or before January 31 of each year, each local juvenile probation department shall:

(a) Analyze the information it submitted to the standardized system during the previous year pursuant to NRS 62H.210 to determine whether children of racial or ethnic minorities and children from economically disadvantaged homes are receiving disparate treatment in the system of juvenile justice in comparison to the general population;

(b) As necessary, develop appropriate recommendations to address any disparate treatment; and

(c) Prepare and submit to the Division of Child and Family Services a report which includes:

(1) The results of the analysis it conducted pursuant to paragraph (a); and

(2) Any recommendations it developed pursuant to paragraph (b).

2. The Division of Child and Family Services shall annually:

(a) Compile the reports it receives pursuant to subsection 1; and

(b) Publish a document which includes a compilation of the reports.

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