ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 269–ASSEMBLYMEN BRITTNEY MILLER, LA RUE HATCH, ANDERSON; COHEN, CONSIDINE, D'SILVA, GONZÁLEZ, SUMMERS-ARMSTRONG AND TORRES

MARCH 8, 2023

Referred to Committee on Education

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing education. (BDR 34-123)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No. Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to education; revising provisions governing performance evaluations of certain postprobationary teachers; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law requires the State Board of Education to adopt regulations 1 23456789 establishing a statewide performance evaluation system for evaluating the performance of certain employees. (NRS 391.465) Existing law requires each postprobationary teacher who receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as effective to receive one evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year. Existing law requires a postprobationary teacher who receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as highly effective for 2 consecutive school years to participate in one observation cycle in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher 10 receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her performance as 11 highly effective but does not require such a teacher to receive an evaluation for that 12 vear. (NRS 391.690)

13 Section 1.5 of this bill authorizes a postprobationary teacher who receives an 14 evaluation designating his or her overall performance as effective or highly 15 effective for 2 consecutive evaluations to request to participate in one observation 16 cycle in the school year immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his 17 18 or her overall performance as effective or highly effective and to receive, upon request, one evaluation based in part on that observation cycle, but does not require 19 the teacher to receive an evaluation for that year. Section 1.5 requires a 20 $\overline{2}1$ postprobationary teacher to receive an evaluation in the second school year 22 23 immediately following the school year in which the postprobationary teacher receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her overall performance





24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 as effective or highly effective. Section 1.5 prohibits an administrator from threatening, intimidating, coercing, compelling or otherwise requiring a postprobationary teacher to request or not request to participate in an observation or receive an evaluation. Section 1.7 of this bill makes these provisions retroactively applicable to include evaluations received for the 2021-2022 and 2022-2023 school years.

Existing law: (1) requires each teacher and administrator who provides direct instructional services to pupils at a school to develop learning goals for such pupils; (2) provides that pupil growth may be determined by the extent to which the learning goals of a pupil are achieved; and (3) requires such learning goals and pupil growth to be included in the evaluations of such teachers and administrators. 35 (NRS 391.480) Section 1.9 of this bill repeals those requirements. Sections 1, 1.1 36 and 1.3 of this bill make conforming changes to remove other references to 37 learning goals and pupil growth from the Nevada Revised Statutes.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 391.460 is hereby amended to read as follows: 1 2 391.460 1. The Council shall:

3 (a) Make recommendations to the State Board concerning the 4 adoption of regulations for establishing a statewide performance 5 evaluation system to ensure that teachers, administrators who provide primarily administrative services at the school level, 6 administrators at the district level who provide direct supervision of 7 the principal of a school, and who do not provide primarily direct 8 instructional services to pupils, and other licensed educational 9 personnel, regardless of whether licensed as a teacher or 10 11 administrator, including, without limitation, a principal and vice 12 principal are:

13 (1) Evaluated using multiple, fair, timely, rigorous and valid 14 methods; [, which includes evaluations based upon pupil growth as 15 required by NRS 391.465;]

(2) Afforded a meaningful opportunity to improve their 16 17 effectiveness through professional development that is linked to 18 their evaluations; and

19 (3) Provided with the means to share effective educational 20 methods with other teachers, administrators and other licensed 21 educational personnel throughout this State.

22 (b) Develop and recommend to the State Board a plan, including 23 duties and associated costs, for the development and implementation 24 of the performance evaluation system by the Department and school 25 districts.

26 (c) Consider the role of professional standards for teachers, 27 administrators and other licensed educational personnel, to which paragraph (a) applies and, as it determines appropriate, develop a 28





1 plan for recommending the adoption of such standards by the State 2 Board.

3 (d) Develop and recommend to the State Board a process for 4 peer observations of teachers by qualified educational personnel 5 which is designed to provide assistance to teachers in meeting the 6 standards of effective teaching, and includes, without limitation, 7 conducting observations, participating in conferences before and 8 after observations of the teacher and providing information and 9 resources to the teacher about strategies for effective teaching.

10 2. The performance evaluation system recommended by the 11 Council must ensure that:

12 (a) Data derived from the evaluations is used to create 13 professional development programs that enhance the effectiveness 14 of teachers, administrators and other licensed educational personnel; 15 and

16 (b) A timeline is included for monitoring the performance 17 evaluation system at least annually for quality, reliability, validity, 18 fairness, consistency and objectivity.

19 The Council may establish such working groups, task forces 3. 20 and similar entities from within or outside its membership as 21 necessary to address specific issues or otherwise to assist in its 22 work.

23 The State Board shall consider the recommendations made 4. 24 by the Council pursuant to this section and shall adopt regulations 25 establishing a statewide performance evaluation system as required 26 by NRS 391.465.

Sec. 1.1. NRS 391.465 is hereby amended to read as follows:

28 391.465 1. The State Board shall, based upon the 29 recommendations of the Teachers and Leaders Council of Nevada 30 submitted pursuant to NRS 391.460, adopt regulations establishing a 31 statewide performance evaluation system which incorporates 32 multiple measures of an employee's performance. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the State Board shall prescribe 33 34 the tools to be used by a school district for obtaining such measures. 35

2. The statewide performance evaluation system must:

36 (a) Require that an employee's overall performance is 37 determined to be:

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- (1) Highly effective;
- (2) Effective;
- (3) Developing; or
- (4) Ineffective.

42 (b) Include the criteria for making each designation identified in 43 paragraph (a), which must include, without limitation, consideration 44 of whether the classes for which the employee is responsible exceed 45 the applicable recommended ratios of pupils per licensed teacher





prescribed by the State Board pursuant to NRS 388.890 and, if so,
 the degree to which the ratios affect:

3 (1) The ability of the employee to carry out his or her 4 professional responsibilities; and

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(2) The instructional practices of the employee.

6 (c) [Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3 of NRS
7 391.695 and subsections 2 and 3 of NRS 391.715, require that pupil
8 growth, as determined pursuant to NRS 391.480, account for 15
9 percent of the evaluation of a teacher or administrator who provides
10 direct instructional services to pupils at a school in a school district.

- (d)] Include an evaluation of whether the teacher, or 11 12 administrator who provides primarily administrative services at the 13 school level or administrator at the district level who provides direct 14 supervision of the principal of a school, and who does not provide primarily direct instructional services to pupils, regardless of 15 16 whether the probationary administrator is licensed as a teacher or 17 administrator, including, without limitation, a principal and vice 18 principal or licensed educational employee, other than a teacher or 19 administrator, employs practices and strategies to involve and 20 engage the parents and families of pupils.

21 (d) Include a process for peer observations of teachers by 22 qualified educational personnel which is designed to provide 23 assistance to teachers in meeting the standards of effective teaching, 24 includes. without limitation. conducting and observations. 25 participating in conferences before and after observations of the 26 teacher and providing information and resources to the teacher about 27 strategies for effective teaching. The regulations must include the 28 criteria for school districts to determine which educational personnel 29 are qualified to conduct peer observations pursuant to the process.

30 (f) (e) Require a person who evaluates a teacher who is 31 responsible for a number of pupils that exceeds the applicable 32 recommended ratio of pupils per licensed teacher prescribed by the State Board pursuant to NRS 388.890, who is a postprobationary 33 employee as defined in NRS 391.650 and whose performance on 34 that evaluation is designated as effective or highly effective to, 35 36 under the statewide performance evaluation system, award the 37 teacher an additional weight for criteria relating to:

(1) The manner in which the teacher structures a classroomenvironment;

40 (2) The manner in which the teacher provides an opportunity 41 for extended discourse;

42 (3) The manner in which the teacher employs the cognitive 43 abilities and skills of all pupils;

44 (4) The manner in which the teacher engages with the 45 families of pupils; and





1 (5) The perception of pupils of the performance of the 2 teacher,

3 \rightarrow that is equivalent to the percentage by which the ratio of pupils for which the teacher is responsible exceeds the recommended ratio of pupils per licensed teacher. Any additional weight awarded to a teacher pursuant to this paragraph must not cause the score on a criterion to exceed the maximum score that would otherwise be possible on the criterion for a teacher rated as highly effective.

9 [(g)] (f) If an employee knowingly and willfully failed to 10 comply with the provisions of NRS 388.1351, indicate any 11 disciplinary actions taken against the employee pursuant to 12 NRS 388.1354.

13 3. A school district may apply to the State Board to use a 14 performance evaluation system and tools that are different than the 15 evaluation system and tools prescribed pursuant to subsection 1. The 16 application must be in the form prescribed by the State Board and 17 must include, without limitation, a description of the evaluation 18 system and tools proposed to be used by the school district. The 19 State Board may approve the use of the proposed evaluation system 20 and tools if it determines that the proposed evaluation system and 21 tools apply standards and indicators that are equivalent to those 22 prescribed by the State Board.

4. An administrator at the district level who provides direct supervision of the principal of a school and who also serves as the superintendent of schools of a school district must not be evaluated using the statewide performance evaluation system.

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Sec. 1.2. NRS 391.470 is hereby amended to read as follows:

28 391.470 On or before August 1 of each year, the board of 29 trustees of each school district shall submit a report to the State 30 Board and the Teachers and Leaders Council of Nevada created by 31 NRS 391.455 concerning the implementation and effectiveness of 32 the process for peer observations of teachers set forth in the 33 regulations adopted by the State Board pursuant to paragraph $\frac{(e)}{(e)}$ (d) of subsection 2 of NRS 391.465, including, without limitation, 34 35 any recommendations for revisions to the process of peer 36 observations.

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Sec. 1.3. NRS 391.485 is hereby amended to read as follows:

38 391.485 1. The State Board shall annually review the 39 statewide performance evaluation system to ensure accuracy and 40 reliability. Such a review must include, without limitation, an 41 analysis of the:

42 (a) Number and percentage of teachers, administrators and other 43 licensed educational personnel who receive each designation 44 identified in paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 391.465 in each 45 school, school district, and the State as a whole; *and*





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(b) [Data used to evaluate pupil growth in each school, school
 district and the State as a whole, including, without limitation, any
 observations; and

4 <u>(c)</u> Effect of the evaluations conducted pursuant to the 5 statewide system of accountability for public schools on the 6 academic performance of pupils enrolled in the school district in 7 each school and school district, and the State as a whole.

8 2. The board of trustees of each school district shall annually 9 review the manner in which schools in the school district carry out 10 the evaluation of teachers, administrators and other licensed 11 educational personnel pursuant to the statewide performance 12 evaluation system.

3. The Department may review the manner in which the
statewide performance evaluation system is carried out by each
school district. [, including, without limitation, the manner in which
the learning goals for pupils are established and evaluated pursuant
to NRS 391.480.]

Sec. 1.5. NRS 391.690 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 1. If a postprobationary teacher receives an 391.690 20 evaluation designating his or her overall performance as developing 21 or ineffective, the postprobationary teacher must receive one 22 evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year which is 23 based in part upon three observation cycles which must occur in 24 accordance with the observation schedule set forth in subsection 1 25 of NRS 391.685. If a postprobationary teacher receives evidence 26 from the first two observation cycles during the school year 27 indicating that, unless his or her performance improves, his or her 28 overall performance may be rated as developing or ineffective on 29 the evaluation, the postprobationary teacher may request that the 30 third observation cycle be conducted by another administrator. If a 31 postprobationary teacher requests that his or her third observation 32 cycle be conducted by another administrator, that administrator must 33 be:

(a) Employed by the school district or, if the school district has
five or fewer administrators, employed by another school district in
this State; and

(b) Selected by the postprobationary teacher from a list of threecandidates submitted by the superintendent.

2. [If] Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, if a postprobationary teacher receives an evaluation designating his or her overall performance as effective [,] or highly effective, the postprobationary teacher must receive one evaluation in the immediately succeeding school year. The evaluation must be based in part upon at least one scheduled observation cycle, which must



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occur within 120 days after the first day of instruction of the school
 year.

3 3. If a postprobationary teacher receives an evaluation 4 designating his or her overall performance as *effective or* highly 5 effective for 2 consecutive [school years,] *evaluations*, the 6 postprobationary teacher : [must:]

(a) [Participate] May request to participate in one observation 7 cycle in the school year immediately following the school year in 8 9 which the postprobationary teacher receives a second consecutive evaluation designating his or her performance as *effective or* highly 10 effective . [; and] If a postprobationary teacher requests to 11 12 participate in an observation cycle pursuant to this paragraph, the 13 postprobationary teacher may receive one evaluation based in part 14 upon the observation cycle conducted pursuant to this paragraph 15 only upon the request of the postprobationary teacher; and

16 (b) [Receive] Must receive one evaluation in the second school 17 year immediately following the school year in which the 18 postprobationary teacher [participated in the observation cycle 19 pursuant to paragraph (a).] receives a second consecutive 20 evaluation designating his or her performance as effective or 21 *highly effective.* The evaluation must be based in part upon at least 22 one scheduled observation cycle, which must occur within 120 days 23 after the first day of instruction of that school year.

4. An administrator may not, directly or indirectly, threaten, intimidate, coerce, compel or otherwise require a postprobationary teacher to request or not to request to participate in an observation cycle or receive an evaluation pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 3 or perform such an observation cycle or evaluation without the consent of a postprobationary teacher.

30 Sec. 1.7. 1. The amendatory provisions of section 1.5 of this 31 act apply to any evaluation, observation cycle and other conduct of 32 postprobationary teachers and administrators described in NRS 33 391.690, as amended by section 1.5 of this act, that occurs on or 34 after July 1, 2021.

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2. As used in this section:

(a) "Evaluation" means an evaluation of a postprobationary
teacher as described in NRS 391.690, as amended by section 1.5 of
this act.

(b) "Observation cycle" means an observation cycle that a
postprobationary teacher participates in or requests to participate in
as described in NRS 391.690, as amended by section 1.5 of this act.

42 **Sec. 1.8.** Any administrative regulations relating to learning 43 goals or pupil growth which were adopted pursuant to NRS 391.480 44 by a regulatory body before July 1, 2023, and which conflict with or 45 are inconsistent with the provisions of this act are void.





Sec. 1.9. NRS 391.480 is hereby repealed. 1

2 Sec. 2. 1. This section becomes effective upon passage and 3 approval.

Sections 1 to 1.9, inclusive, of this act become effective: 4 2.

5 (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of adopting any

regulations and performing any other preparatory administrative 6 7

tasks that are necessary to carry out the provisions of this act; and

(b) On July 1, 2023, for all other purposes. 8

TEXT OF REPEALED SECTION

391.480 Development of learning goals for pupils; Department to establish list of assessments to measure achievement of learning goals; evaluation of educational personnel based on achievement of learning goals; regulations.

Each teacher at a school in a school district shall, in 1. consultation with the principal of the school at which the teacher is employed or other administrator who is assigned by the principal, develop learning goals for the pupils of the teacher for a specified period.

2. Each principal, vice principal and other administrator who provides direct instructional services to pupils at a school in a school district shall, in consultation with his or her direct supervisor, develop learning goals for the pupils at the school where the principal, vice principal or other administrator, as applicable, is employed for a specified period.

3. The Department shall establish a list of assessments that may be used by a school or school district to measure the achievement of learning goals established pursuant to this section.

The board of trustees of each school district shall ensure that 4. the learning goals for pupils established pursuant to this section measure pupil growth in accordance with the criteria established by regulation of the State Board.

5. Each teacher and administrator who establishes learning goals for pupils pursuant to this section must be evaluated at the end of the specified period to determine the extent to which the learning goals of the pupils were achieved. Such an evaluation must be conducted in accordance with the criteria established by regulation of the State Board for determining the level of pupil growth for the purposes of the statewide performance evaluation system. The State Board may establish by regulation the manner in which to include





certain categories of pupils in the evaluation conducted pursuant to this subsection.

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