
ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 25—COMMITTEE ON
CORRECTIONS, PAROLE, AND PROBATION

(ON BEHALF OF THE DIVISION OF PAROLE AND PROBATION
OF THE DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC SAFETY)

PREFILED NOVEMBER 16, 2016

Referred to Committee on Corrections,
Parole, and Probation

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to certain allowable deductions from the period of probation or sentence of a person. (BDR 14-171)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal offenders; revising provisions relating to certain allowable deductions from the period of probation or sentence of a person; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

1 Existing law requires that a person who is sentenced to serve a period of
2 probation for a felony or gross misdemeanor be allowed for the period of probation
3 a deduction of a certain number of days from that period for each month the person
4 serves if he or she is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the probation
5 and is: (1) current with any fee to defray the costs of the person’s supervision and
6 any fines, fees and restitution ordered by the court; and (2) actively involved in
7 employment or enrolled in a program of education, rehabilitation or another
8 program approved by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of
9 Public Safety. (NRS 176A.500) Existing law similarly requires that certain persons
10 who are on parole or released on parole be allowed for the period the person is on
11 parole a deduction of a certain number of days from the person’s sentence for each
12 month served if the person is current with any fee to defray the costs of his or her
13 supervision and any payment of restitution required by the State Board of Parole
14 Commissioners. (NRS 209.4475)

15 **Section 1** of this bill revises the requirements that a probationer must satisfy to
16 be allowed a deduction from his or her period of probation. **Section 1** removes the
17 requirements that the probationer be in compliance with the terms and conditions of
18 the probation and be current on the payment of fines and fees ordered by the court,



19 thereby making the requirements for probationers to be allowed a deduction more
20 similar to the existing requirements imposed on parolees. **Section 1** also removes
21 the requirement that a probationer, to be allowed a deduction, must be both: (1)
22 current with any fee to defray the costs of his or her supervision and any payment
23 of restitution; and (2) actively involved in employment or enrolled in a program
24 approved by the Division, and instead provides that a probationer is allowed a
25 separate deduction for satisfying each such requirement.

26 **Sections 1 and 2** of this bill, respectively, provide that for the purpose of
27 determining whether a probationer is allowed a deduction from his or her period of
28 probation for being current with any fee to defray the costs of his or her supervision
29 and any payment of restitution or whether a parolee is allowed a deduction from his
30 or her sentence, the probationer or parolee shall be deemed to be current with any
31 fee to defray the costs of his or her supervision and any payment of restitution for
32 any given month if, during that month, the probationer or parolee makes at least the
33 minimum monthly payment established by the court, the Division or the Board, as
34 applicable.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 176A.500 is hereby amended to read as
2 follows:

3 176A.500 1. The period of probation or suspension of
4 sentence may be indeterminate or may be fixed by the court and
5 may at any time be extended or terminated by the court, but the
6 period, including any extensions thereof, must not be more than:

7 (a) Three years for a:
8 (1) Gross misdemeanor; or
9 (2) Suspension of sentence pursuant to NRS 176A.260,
10 176A.290 or 453.3363; or

11 (b) Five years for a felony.
12 2. At any time during probation or suspension of sentence, the
13 court may issue a warrant for violating any of the conditions of
14 probation or suspension of sentence and cause the defendant to be
15 arrested. Except for the purpose of giving a dishonorable discharge
16 from probation, and except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
17 the time during which a warrant for violating any of the conditions
18 of probation is in effect is not part of the period of probation. If the
19 warrant is cancelled or probation is reinstated, the court may include
20 any amount of that time as part of the period of probation.

21 3. Any parole and probation officer or any peace officer with
22 power to arrest may arrest a probationer without a warrant, or may
23 deputize any other officer with power to arrest to do so by giving the
24 probationer a written statement setting forth that the probationer has,
25 in the judgment of the parole and probation officer, violated the
26 conditions of probation. Except as otherwise provided in subsection
27 4, the parole and probation officer or the peace officer, after making



1 an arrest, shall present to the detaining authorities, if any, a
2 statement of the charges against the probationer. The parole and
3 probation officer shall at once notify the court which granted
4 probation of the arrest and detention or residential confinement of
5 the probationer and shall submit a report in writing showing in what
6 manner the probationer has violated the conditions of probation.

7 4. A parole and probation officer or a peace officer may
8 immediately release from custody without any further proceedings
9 any person the officer arrests without a warrant for violating a
10 condition of probation if the parole and probation officer or peace
11 officer determines that there is no probable cause to believe that the
12 person violated the condition of probation.

13 5. A person who is sentenced to serve a period of probation for
14 a felony or a gross misdemeanor ~~must be allowed for the period of~~
15 ~~the probation a deduction as set forth in subsection 6 if the offender~~
16 ~~is in compliance with the terms and conditions of the probation as~~
17 ~~determined by the Division and is:~~

18 ~~—(a) Current with any fee to defray the cost of the supervision~~
19 ~~charged pursuant to NRS 213.1076 and with any fines, fees and~~
20 ~~restitution ordered by the court, including, without limitation, any~~
21 ~~payment of restitution required pursuant to NRS 176A.430; and~~

22 ~~—(b) Actively involved in employment or enrolled in a program of~~
23 ~~education, rehabilitation or any other program approved by the~~
24 ~~Division.~~

25 ~~6. A person described in subsection 5] must be allowed for the~~
26 ~~period of the probation a deduction of:~~

27 (a) Ten days from that period for each month the person serves
28 and is current ~~on] with~~ any ~~fees] fee~~ to defray the ~~cost] costs~~ of
29 ~~the] his or her~~ supervision ~~owed] charged by the Division of~~
30 *Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety pursuant*
31 *to NRS 213.1076 and on] with any [fines, fees and] payment of*
32 *restitution ordered by the court [and] , including, without*
33 *limitation, any payment of restitution required pursuant to NRS*
34 *176A.430. A person shall be deemed to be current with any such*
35 *fee and payment of restitution for any given month if, during that*
36 *month, the person makes at least the minimum monthly payment*
37 *established by the court or, if the court does not establish a*
38 *minimum monthly payment, by the Division.*

39 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, ~~an additional]~~
40 10 days from that period for each month the person serves and is
41 actively involved in employment or enrolled in a program of
42 education, rehabilitation or any other program approved by the
43 Division.

44 6. A person must be allowed a deduction pursuant to
45 paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 5 regardless of whether the



1 *person has satisfied the requirements of the other paragraph and*
2 *must be allowed a deduction pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) if*
3 *the person has satisfied the requirements of both paragraphs.*

4 7. A person who is sentenced to serve a period of probation for
5 a felony or a gross misdemeanor and who is a participant in a
6 specialty court program must be allowed a deduction from the
7 period of probation for being actively involved in employment or
8 enrolled in a program of education, rehabilitation or any other
9 program approved by the Division only if the person successfully
10 completes the specialty court program. Such a deduction must not
11 exceed the length of time remaining on the person's period of
12 probation.

13 8. As used in this section, "specialty court program" means a
14 program established by a court to facilitate testing, treatment and
15 oversight of certain persons over whom the court has jurisdiction
16 and who the court has determined suffer from mental illnesses or
17 abuse alcohol or drugs. Such a program includes, without limitation,
18 a program established pursuant to NRS 176A.250 or 453.580.

19 **Sec. 2.** NRS 209.4475 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 209.4475 1. In addition to any credits earned pursuant to
21 NRS 209.447, an offender who is on parole as of January 1, 2004, or
22 who is released on parole on or after January 1, 2004, for a term less
23 than life must be allowed for the period the offender is actually on
24 parole a deduction of 20 days from the offender's sentence for each
25 month the offender serves if:

26 (a) The offender is current with any fee to defray the costs of his
27 or her supervision *charged by the Division of Parole and Probation*
28 *of the Department of Public Safety* pursuant to NRS 213.1076; and

29 (b) The offender is current with any payment of restitution
30 required *by the State Board of Parole Commissioners* pursuant to
31 NRS 213.126.

32 2. *An offender shall be deemed to be current with any fee and*
33 *payment of restitution described in subsection 1 for any given*
34 *month if, during that month, the offender makes at least the*
35 *minimum monthly payment established by:*

36 (a) *The Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of*
37 *Public Safety, if any; and*

38 (b) *The State Board of Parole Commissioners, if any.*

39 3. In addition to any credits earned pursuant to subsection 1
40 and NRS 209.447, the Director may allow not more than 10 days of
41 credit each month for an offender:

42 (a) Who is on parole as of January 1, 2004, or who is released
43 on parole on or after January 1, 2004, for a term less than life; and

44 (b) Whose diligence in labor or study merits such credits.



1 ~~13-1~~ 4. An offender is entitled to the deductions authorized by
2 this section only if the offender satisfies the conditions of subsection
3 1 or ~~12-1~~ 3, as determined by the Director. The Chief Parole and
4 Probation Officer or other person responsible for the supervision of
5 an offender shall report to the Director the failure of an offender to
6 satisfy those conditions.

7 ~~14-1~~ 5. Credits earned pursuant to this section must, in addition
8 to any credits earned pursuant to NRS 209.443, 209.446, 209.4465,
9 209.447, 209.448 and 209.449, be deducted from the maximum
10 term or the maximum aggregate term imposed by the sentence, as
11 applicable.

12 ~~15-1~~ 6. The Director shall maintain records of the credits to
13 which each offender is entitled pursuant to this section.

14 **Sec. 3.** 1. The amendatory provisions of this act apply to
15 offenses committed before, on or after the effective date of this act.

16 2. For the purpose of calculating credits earned by a person
17 pursuant to NRS 176A.500 or 209.4475, the amendatory provisions
18 of this act must be applied only to credits earned by the person on or
19 after the effective date of this act.

20 **Sec. 4.** This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.



