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FIRST REPRINT

A.B. 236

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 236—COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY

MARCH 1, 2019

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Makes various changes related to criminal law and criminal procedure. (BDR 14-564)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.
Effect on the State: Yes.

CONTAINS UNFUNDED MANDATE (§§ 12, 105)
(NOT REQUESTED BY AFFECTED LOCAL GOVERNMENT)

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EXPLANATION – Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets ~~omitted material~~ is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to crimes; revising provisions relating to preprosecution diversion programs; creating the Office of the Nevada Sentencing Commission within the Office of the Governor; establishing provisions relating to the duties of the Nevada Sentencing Commission; establishing provisions relating to the calculation and use of the amount of certain costs avoided by this State; establishing the Nevada Local Justice Reinvestment Coordinating Council; revising the contents required in the report of any presentence investigation; requiring certain judges to receive training concerning reports of presentence investigations; making various changes concerning probation and parole; authorizing a court to defer or suspend judgment on a case in certain circumstances; revising provisions relating to specialty court programs; revising provisions relating to programs for the treatment of persons who commit domestic violence; reducing the penalty for certain crimes from a category B to a category C felony; revising provisions relating to burglary; increasing the felony theft threshold and revising penalties for various theft offenses; making it unlawful to install or affix a scanning device within or upon a machine used for financial transactions under certain circumstances; making it unlawful to access a scanning device under certain circumstances; revising provisions relating to habitual criminals; requiring the Peace Officers' Standards and Training Commission to develop and implement a behavioral health field response grant program; revising provisions concerning crimes involving controlled substances; repealing provisions relating to programs of treatment for alcoholics and drug addicts and the civil commitment of such persons; providing penalties; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.



Legislative Counsel's Digest:

1 Existing law authorizes a justice court or municipal court to establish a
2 preprosecution diversion program to which it may assign eligible defendants
3 charged with certain misdemeanors. (NRS 174.031, 174.032) **Section 3** of this bill
4 authorizes a district court to establish such a program, and **section 2** of this bill
5 authorizes eligible defendants charged with certain gross misdemeanors or felonies
6 to participate in such a program.

7 Existing law establishes programs for the treatment of mental illness and
8 intellectual disabilities and for the treatment of veterans and members of the
9 military to which a court may assign certain persons. (NRS 176A.250-176A.265,
10 176A.280-176A.295) Existing law also establishes a program of treatment for
11 alcoholics and drug addicts to which a court may assign certain persons and
12 provides for the civil commitment of alcoholics and drug addicts convicted of a
13 crime. (NRS 453.580, 458.290-458.350) **Section 27** of this bill revises provisions
14 relating to the eligibility of a defendant to participate in a program for the treatment
15 of mental illness and intellectual disabilities, and **sections 29 and 29.5** of this bill
16 revise provisions relating to the eligibility of a defendant to participate in a program
17 for the treatment of veterans and members of the military. **Section 136** of this bill
18 repeals the provisions of law concerning the program of treatment for alcoholics
19 and drug addicts and the civil commitment of such persons. **Sections 20-23** of this
20 bill set forth provisions relating to the establishment of a program for the treatment
21 of drug or alcohol use to which a court may assign certain persons, which are
22 modeled after the provisions of law governing the programs for the treatment of
23 mental illness and intellectual disabilities and for the treatment of veterans and
24 members of the military.

25 Existing law generally provides that if a person is found guilty of a category E
26 felony, the district court is required to suspend the execution of the sentence
27 imposed and grant probation to the person. However, the court is also authorized to
28 decide not to grant probation if the person: (1) was serving a term of probation or
29 was on parole for a felony conviction at the time the crime was committed; (2)
30 previously had his or her probation or parole revoked for a felony conviction; or (3)
31 previously had been assigned to a program of treatment and rehabilitation for the
32 abuse of alcohol or drugs and failed to complete the program. (NRS 176A.100)
33 **Section 24** of this bill removes such exceptions to mandatory probation.

34 Existing law provides that the period of probation or suspension of sentence
35 must not be more than 3 years for a gross misdemeanor or a suspension of sentence
36 imposed pursuant to certain provisions of law and not more than 5 years for a
37 felony. (NRS 176A.500) **Section 34** of this bill revises such time limitations and
38 provides that the period of probation or suspension of sentence must not be more
39 than: (1) twelve months for a gross misdemeanor or certain suspensions of
40 sentence; (2) eighteen months for a category E felony; (3) twenty-four months for a
41 category C or D felony; or (4) thirty-six months for a category B felony. **Section 34**
42 authorizes the court to extend the period of probation for a period of not more than
43 12 months if the extension is necessary for the probationer to complete his or her
44 participation in a specialty court program. **Section 17** of this bill requires the
45 Division of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety ("Division")
46 to petition the court to recommend the early discharge of certain persons on
47 probation.

48 **Section 35** of this bill provides that if the court finds that a probationer
49 committed one or more technical violations of the conditions of probation, the court
50 may take certain actions, including temporarily revoking the probation or
51 suspension of sentence and imposing certain terms of imprisonment depending on
52 how many times the probation or suspension of sentence has previously been
53 temporarily revoked. **Section 35** also provides that a probationer who is arrested
54 and detained for a technical violation of probation must have a hearing within 15



55 calendar days or otherwise must be released from detention and returned to
56 probation status. If such a probationer is released from detention because a timely
57 hearing is not held, the court is authorized to subsequently hold a hearing to
58 determine whether a technical violation occurred and take appropriate action.
59 **Section 35** further prohibits the commission of certain acts from being used as the
60 only basis for the revocation of probation. **Section 101** of this bill provides that if
61 the State Board of Parole Commissioners ("Board") finds that a parolee committed
62 one or more technical violations of the conditions of parole, the Board may take
63 certain actions, including temporarily revoking parole supervisions and imposing
64 certain terms of imprisonment depending on how many times parole has previously
65 been temporarily revoked. **Section 18** of this bill requires the Division to adopt a
66 written system of graduated sanctions for parole and probation officers to use when
67 responding to a technical violation of the conditions of probation or parole and
68 establishes certain requirements relating to such a system.

69 **Section 19** authorizes a court to defer judgment to a specified future date and
70 set forth specific terms and conditions for the defendant in certain circumstances. If
71 the court finds that the defendant has completed all such conditions, the court is
72 required to discharge the defendant and dismiss the proceedings.

73 Existing law requires the report of any presentence investigation to contain
74 certain information, including: (1) a recommendation of a minimum term and a
75 maximum term of imprisonment, other term of imprisonment, a fine, or both a fine
76 and term of imprisonment; and (2) if the Division deems appropriate, a
77 recommendation that the defendant undergo a program of regimental discipline.
78 (NRS 176.145) **Section 13** of this bill removes the requirement that the report of
79 any presentence investigation contain such recommendations. **Section 12** of this
80 bill requires each court in which a report of a presentence investigation can be
81 made to ensure that each judge of the court receives training concerning the manner
82 in which to use the information included in such a report for the purpose of
83 imposing a sentence.

84 Existing law establishes the crime of burglary. (NRS 205.060) **Section 55** of
85 this bill establishes: (1) certain types of burglary that differ based on the structure in
86 which the crime is committed; and (2) the various penalties imposed for each type
87 of burglary. Existing law authorizes a person to petition the court in which the
88 person was convicted for the sealing of all records relating to the conviction, but
89 excludes certain specified convictions. (NRS 179.245) **Section 37** of this bill
90 prohibits a person from petitioning the court to seal records relating to a conviction
91 of invasion of the home with a deadly weapon.

92 Existing law provides that a person who commits theft is guilty of: (1) a
93 misdemeanor if the value of the property or services involved in the theft is less
94 than \$650; and (2) a category C felony if the value of the property or services
95 involved in the theft is \$650 or more. (NRS 205.0835) **Section 58** of this bill
96 increases the felony theft threshold to \$1,200 and establishes a tier of penalties
97 based on the value of the property or services involved in the theft. **Sections 59, 60,**
98 **61-64, 65-83, 85, 126, 131 and 132** of this bill make conforming changes to
99 various theft offenses that use monetary thresholds.

100 Existing law makes it a crime for a person to use a scanning device to access,
101 read, obtain, memorize or store information encoded on the magnetic strip of a
102 payment card: (1) without the permission of the authorized user of the card; and (2)
103 with the intent to defraud the user or issuer of the card or any other person. (NRS
104 205.605) Existing law also makes it a crime for a person to possess a scanning
105 device with the intent to use it for an unlawful purpose. (NRS 205.606) **Section**
106 **84.3** of this bill makes it a crime for a person to install or affix a scanning device
107 within or upon a machine used for financial transactions with the intent to use the
108 scanning device for an unlawful purpose. **Section 84.3** also makes it a crime for a
109 person to access, by electronic or any other means, a scanning device with the



110 intent to use the scanning device for an unlawful purpose. **Section 84.3** provides
111 that a person who installs, affixes or accesses a scanning device in such an unlawful
112 manner is guilty of a category C felony.

113 Existing law exempts certain persons from the provisions governing the
114 unlawful use or possession of scanning devices. Existing law provides that a person
115 is exempt from these provisions if he or she uses or possesses a scanning device
116 without the intent to defraud or commit an unlawful act: (1) in the ordinary course
117 of his or her business; or (2) with the consent of the authorized user of a payment
118 card to complete a financial transaction using that card. (NRS 205.607) **Section**
119 **84.5** of this bill expands this exemption to include a person who installs, affixes or
120 accesses a scanning device without the intent to commit an unlawful act: (1) in the
121 ordinary course of his or her business; or (2) to complete such a financial
122 transaction.

123 Existing law provides that a person who offers, attempts or commits certain
124 unauthorized acts relating to controlled or counterfeit substances is guilty of a
125 category B felony for the first offense if the controlled substance is classified in
126 schedule I or II and a category C felony for the first offense if the controlled
127 substance is classified in schedule III, IV or V. (NRS 453.321) **Section 112** of this
128 bill decreases such penalties to a category C and category D felony, respectively.
129 **Section 112** also decreases the minimum and maximum terms of imprisonment and
130 the amount of the authorized fine for a third or subsequent offense if the controlled
131 substance is classified in schedule III, IV or V. Existing law prohibits a court
132 from granting probation to a person who is convicted of a second or subsequent
133 offense of certain commercial drug offenses. (NRS 453.321, 453.337, 453.338)
134 **Sections 112, 116 and 117** of this bill generally authorize a court to grant probation
135 if mitigating circumstances exist that warrant the granting of probation.

136 Existing law prohibits the trafficking of: (1) schedule I controlled substances
137 other than marijuana; (2) marijuana or concentrated cannabis; and (3) schedule II
138 controlled substances. The penalties for each such offense vary based on the
139 quantity of the controlled substance that is trafficked. (NRS 453.3385, 453.339,
140 453.3395) **Sections 119 and 121** of this bill revise the quantity of schedule I
141 controlled substances other than marijuana and schedule II controlled substances,
142 respectively, for the purposes of imposing a penalty. **Section 122** of this bill
143 provides that the court may grant probation to or suspend the sentence of certain
144 persons who are convicted of trafficking a controlled substance.

145 Existing law provides that it is unlawful for a person to knowingly use or be
146 under the influence of a controlled substance except in accordance with a lawfully
147 used prescription or when administered to the person at certain rehabilitation clinics
148 or hospitals. A person who violates any such provision is guilty of a gross
149 misdemeanor or category E felony depending on the schedule in which the
150 controlled substance is listed. (NRS 453.411) **Section 122.5** of this bill decreases
151 the penalty for such a violation to a misdemeanor, regardless of the schedule in
152 which the controlled substance is listed.

153 **Section 113** of this bill revises the penalties for simple possession of a
154 controlled substance based on the quantity possessed and the schedule in which the
155 controlled substance is listed. **Section 86** of this bill prohibits a conviction of
156 simple possession or unlawful use of a controlled substance from being used for
157 purposes of determining whether a person is a habitual criminal.

158 Existing law establishes various crimes for which the penalty is a category B
159 felony. (NRS 205.605, 453.316, 465.088, 484D.335) **Sections 84, 111, 125 and**
160 **130** of this bill reduce the penalty for any such crime to a category C felony.

161 Existing law provides that a person is a habitual criminal if he or she is
162 convicted of a felony and has previously been convicted at least two times of a
163 felony. (NRS 207.010) **Section 86** provides that a person is a habitual criminal if he



164 or she is convicted of a felony and has previously been convicted at least five times
165 of a felony.

166 **Section 90** of this bill requires the Director of the Department of Corrections
167 (“Director”) to administer a risk and needs assessment to each person in the custody
168 of the Department of Corrections (“Department”) to measure criminal risk factors
169 and individual needs for the purpose of institutional programming and placement.
170 **Sections 89 and 96** of this bill require the Director and the Chief Parole and
171 Probation Officer, respectively, to include certain topics and courses in staff
172 training.

173 **Section 95** of this bill requires the Division to administer a risk and needs
174 assessment to each probationer and parolee under the Division’s supervision at least
175 once every year for the purpose of setting a level of supervision for each
176 probationer and parolee and developing individualized case plans. **Section 95** also
177 requires the Division to administer a subsequent risk and needs assessment to each
178 probationer and parolee at least once every year to determine whether a change in
179 the level of supervision is necessary.

180 Existing law authorizes the Director to assign an offender to the Division to
181 serve a term of residential confinement or other appropriate supervision for not
182 longer than the remainder of his or her sentence in certain circumstances, including
183 if the offender is in ill health and expected to die within 12 months and does not
184 pose a threat to public safety. (NRS 209.3925) **Section 91** of this bill increases the
185 time within which such an offender is expected to die to 18 months. **Section 91** also
186 establishes requirements relating to a request for medical release that must be
187 submitted to the Director. **Section 93.3** of this bill authorizes the Board to grant
188 geriatric parole to certain persons who: (1) are 65 years of age or older; (2) have not
189 been convicted of a crime of violence, certain offenses committed against a child, a
190 sexual offense, vehicular homicide or driving under the influence of alcohol or a
191 prohibited substance and causing the death of or substantial bodily harm to another
192 person; and (3) have served 8 consecutive years in the custody of the Department or
193 at least a majority of the maximum term or maximum aggregate term of his or her
194 sentence, whichever occurs earlier.

195 **Section 93.7** of this bill requires the Division to recommend the early discharge
196 of a person from parole to the Board in certain circumstances and authorizes the
197 Board to adopt any regulations necessary to carry out provisions relating to the
198 early discharge of such a person.

199 **Section 97** of this bill authorizes the Board to grant parole without a meeting to
200 prisoners who meet certain criteria. **Section 99** of this bill provides that if the Board
201 has delegated its authority to consider the parole of a prisoner and recommend to
202 the Board that the prisoner be released on parole without a meeting, and a person to
203 whom such authority is delegated does not recommend that the prisoner be released
204 on parole without a meeting, the prisoner must have a parole hearing.

205 **Section 100** of this bill requires: (1) the Department and a prisoner who is
206 eligible for parole to develop, not later than 6 months before the prisoner’s parole
207 eligibility date, a reentry plan that takes into consideration the needs, limitations
208 and capabilities of each prisoner; and (2) the Division to review and, if appropriate,
209 approve such a reentry plan. **Section 92** of this bill revises the duties of the Director
210 relating to the release of offenders from prison by requiring the Director to: (1)
211 provide the offender with a photo identification card if the offender is not in
212 possession of a photo identification card; (2) provide the offender with clothing; (3)
213 provide the offender with certain transportation costs; (4) if appropriate, release the
214 offender to a facility for transitional living; (5) complete enrollment application
215 paperwork for Medicaid and Medicare for an eligible offender; and (6) provide the
216 offender with a 30-day supply of prescribed medication if the offender was
217 receiving such medication while in prison. **Section 92** also requires the Director to



218 clearly indicate on any photo identification card provided to an offender whether or
219 not the Director has verified the full legal name and age of the offender.

220 Existing law requires the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the
221 Department of Health and Human Services to adopt regulations governing the
222 evaluation, certification and monitoring of programs for the treatment of persons
223 who commit domestic violence. (NRS 439.258) **Section 110.5** of this bill provides
224 that such regulations must include provisions requiring that a program: (1) include
225 a module specific to victim safety; and (2) be based on evidence-based practices
226 and the assessment of a program participant by a supervisor of treatment or
227 provider of treatment. **Section 102** of this bill revises the definition of the term
228 "victim" for purposes of the provisions of law governing compensation for certain
229 victims of criminal acts.

230 **Section 104** of this bill requires the Peace Officers' Standards and Training
231 Commission ("POST") to develop and implement, subject to available funding, a
232 behavioral health field response grant program to allow law enforcement
233 and behavioral health professionals to safely respond to crises involving persons
234 with behavioral health issues. **Section 104** establishes the application and selection
235 processes for and certain requirements relating to grant recipients. **Section 104** also
236 requires POST to submit an annual report during each year the grant program is
237 funded to the Governor and the Chairs of the Senate and Assembly Standing
238 Committees on Judiciary that contains information relating to the grant programs.
239 **Section 105** of this bill requires every law enforcement agency to: (1) establish a
240 policy and procedure for interacting with persons who suffer from a behavioral
241 health issue; and (2) subject to available funding, contract with or employ a
242 behavioral health specialist. **Section 107** of this bill requires POST to develop and
243 approve a standard curriculum of certified training programs in crisis intervention
244 to address specialized responses to persons with mental illness. **Section 108** of this
245 bill requires POST to establish by regulation standards for a voluntary program for
246 the training of law enforcement dispatchers that includes training relating to such
247 crisis intervention.

248 Existing law establishes the Nevada Sentencing Commission ("Sentencing
249 Commission"), which is charged with, among other duties, identifying and studying
250 the sentencing of offenders convicted of a crime in this State and making
251 recommendations concerning the adoption of sentencing guidelines. (NRS
252 176.0131-176.0139) **Section 5.5** of this bill creates the Office of the Nevada
253 Sentencing Commission within the Office of the Governor and provides for the
254 appointment of an Executive Director of the Office. **Section 5.6** of this bill
255 prescribes the duties of the Executive Director. **Section 5.7** of this bill requires the
256 Executive Director to select at least one research analyst and two secretaries for the
257 Office and provides for the duties of those positions. **Section 9.3** of this bill: (1)
258 revises the membership of the Sentencing Commission to remove the Attorney
259 General and the State Public Defender; (2) revises the membership of the
260 Sentencing Commission to add a member from the Office of the Clark County
261 Public Defender and the Office of the Washoe County Public Defender; and (3)
262 requires the Sentencing Commission to hold its first meeting on or before
263 September 1 of each odd-numbered year.

264 Existing law requires the Sentencing Commission to be provided with such
265 staff as is necessary, to the extent of legislative appropriation, by the Director of the
266 Legislative Counsel Bureau. (NRS 176.0133) **Section 9.3** designates the Executive
267 Director as the Executive Secretary of the Sentencing Commission and transfers the
268 staffing of the Sentencing Commission to the newly established Office. **Section 9.7**
269 of this bill revises the duties of the Sentencing Commission to: (1) include the
270 oversight of the Executive Director; and (2) provide certain recommendations and
271 advice concerning the Office.



272 **Section 6** of this bill requires the Sentencing Commission to: (1) track and
 273 assess outcomes resulting from, and trends observed after, the enactment of this
 274 bill; and (2) submit a biennial report to the Governor, the Legislature and the Chief
 275 Justice of the Supreme Court regarding such outcomes and performance measures.
 276 **Section 7** of this bill requires the Sentencing Commission to: (1) calculate for each
 277 fiscal year the amount of the costs avoided by this State because of the enactment
 278 of this bill; and (2) submit to the Governor and the Legislature a statement of the
 279 amount of such avoided costs and recommendations for the reinvestment of
 280 the amount of those avoided costs in certain programs. **Section 8** of this bill creates
 281 the Nevada Local Justice Reinvestment Coordinating Council, which: (1) consists
 282 of one member from each county in the State whose population is less than 100,000
 283 and two members from each county in the State whose population is 100,000 or
 284 more; and (2) is required to advise the Sentencing Commission on matters
 285 concerning the provisions of this bill as they relate to local governments and
 286 nonprofit organizations and to perform certain other duties.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN
 SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** NRS 174.015 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 2 174.015 1. ~~Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3,~~
 3 ~~arraignment shall~~ *Arraignment must* be conducted in open court
 4 and ~~shall~~ *must* consist of reading the indictment or information to
 5 the defendant or stating the substance of the charge and calling on
 6 the defendant to plead thereto. The defendant ~~shall~~ *must* be given
 7 a copy of the indictment or information before the defendant is
 8 called upon to plead.

9 2. In justice court or municipal court, before the trial
 10 commences, the complaint must be distinctly read to the defendant
 11 before the defendant is called upon to plead.

12 ~~[3. In justice court or municipal court, before the defendant is
 13 called upon to plead, the court shall determine whether the
 14 defendant is eligible for assignment to a preprosecution diversion
 15 program pursuant to NRS 174.031.]~~

16 **Sec. 2.** NRS 174.031 is hereby amended to read as follows:
 17 174.031 1. At the arraignment of a defendant in justice court
 18 or municipal court ~~[]~~ *or after the transfer of a case to district
 19 court,* but before the entry of a plea, the court may determine
 20 whether the defendant is eligible for assignment to a preprosecution
 21 diversion program established pursuant to NRS 174.032. The court
 22 shall receive input from the prosecuting attorney and the attorney
 23 for the defendant, if any, whether the defendant would benefit from
 24 and is eligible for assignment to the program.

25 2. A defendant may be determined to be eligible by the court
 26 for assignment to a preprosecution diversion program if the
 27 defendant:



1 (a) Is charged with a misdemeanor , *gross misdemeanor or*
2 *felony* other than:

3 (1) A crime of violence as defined in NRS 200.408;

4 (2) *Any offense that resulted in the death of or substantial*
5 *bodily harm to another person;*

6 (3) Vehicular manslaughter as described in NRS 484B.657;

7 ~~(3)~~ (4) Driving under the influence of intoxicating liquor
8 or a controlled substance in violation of NRS 484C.110, 484C.120
9 or 484C.130; or

10 ~~(4)~~ (5) A minor traffic offense; and

11 (b) Has not previously been:

12 (1) Convicted of violating any criminal law other than a
13 minor traffic offense; or

14 (2) Ordered by a court to complete a preprosecution
15 diversion program in this State.

16 3. If a defendant is determined to be eligible for assignment to
17 a preprosecution diversion program pursuant to subsection 2, the
18 *district court*, justice court or municipal court may order the
19 defendant to complete the program pursuant to subsection 5 of
20 NRS 174.032.

21 4. A defendant has no right to complete a preprosecution
22 diversion program or to appeal the decision of the *district court*,
23 justice court or municipal court relating to the participation of the
24 defendant in such a program.

25 **Sec. 3.** NRS 174.032 is hereby amended to read as follows:

26 174.032 1. A *district court*, justice court or municipal court
27 may establish a preprosecution diversion program to which it may
28 assign a defendant if he or she is determined to be eligible pursuant
29 to NRS 174.031.

30 2. If a defendant is determined to be eligible for assignment to
31 a preprosecution diversion program pursuant to NRS 174.031, the
32 *district court*, justice *court* or municipal court must receive input
33 from the prosecuting attorney, the attorney for the defendant, if any,
34 and the defendant relating to the terms and conditions for the
35 defendant's participation in the program.

36 3. A preprosecution diversion program established by a *district*
37 *court*, justice court or municipal court pursuant to this section may
38 include, without limitation:

39 (a) A program of treatment which may rehabilitate a defendant,
40 including, without limitation, educational programs, participation in
41 a support group, anger management therapy, counseling or a
42 program of treatment for veterans and members of the military,
43 mental illness or intellectual disabilities or the ~~abuse~~ *use* of
44 alcohol or drugs;



1 (b) Any appropriate sanctions to impose on a defendant, which
2 may include, without limitation, community service, restitution,
3 prohibiting contact with certain persons or the imposition of a
4 curfew; and

5 (c) Any other factor which may be relevant to determining an
6 appropriate program of treatment or sanctions to require for
7 participation of a defendant in the preprosecution diversion
8 program.

9 4. If the *district court*, justice court or municipal court
10 determines that a defendant may be rehabilitated by a program of
11 treatment for veterans and members of the military, persons with
12 mental illness or intellectual disabilities or the ~~abuse~~ use
13 of alcohol or drugs, the court may refer the defendant to an appropriate
14 program of treatment established pursuant to NRS 176A.250,
15 176A.280 or ~~453.580~~ *section 20 of this act*. The court shall retain
16 jurisdiction over the defendant while the defendant completes such a
17 program of treatment.

18 5. The *district court*, justice court or municipal court shall,
19 when assigning a defendant to a preprosecution diversion program,
20 issue an order setting forth the terms and conditions for successful
21 completion of the preprosecution diversion program, which may
22 include, without limitation:

23 (a) Any program of treatment the defendant is required to
24 complete;

25 (b) Any sanctions and the manner in which they must be carried
26 out by the defendant;

27 (c) The date by which the terms and conditions must be
28 completed by the defendant, which must not be more than 18
29 months after the date of the order;

30 (d) A requirement that the defendant appear before the court at
31 least one time every 3 months for a status hearing on the progress of
32 the defendant toward completion of the terms and conditions set
33 forth in the order; and

34 (e) A notice relating to the provisions of subsection 3 of
35 NRS 174.033.

36 6. A defendant assigned to a preprosecution diversion program
37 shall pay the cost of any program of treatment required by this
38 section to the extent of his or her financial resources. The court shall
39 not refuse to place a defendant in a program of treatment if the
40 defendant does not have the financial resources to pay any or all of
41 the costs of such program.

42 7. If restitution is ordered to be paid pursuant to subsection 5,
43 the defendant must make a good faith effort to pay the required
44 amount of restitution in full. If the *district court*, justice court or
45 municipal court determines that a defendant is unable to pay such



1 restitution, the court must require the defendant to enter into a
2 judgment by confession for the amount of restitution.

3 **Sec. 4.** NRS 174.033 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 174.033 1. If the *district court*, justice court or municipal
5 court determines that a defendant has successfully completed the
6 terms and conditions of a preprosecution diversion program ordered
7 pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 174.032, the court must discharge
8 the defendant and dismiss the indictment, information, complaint or
9 citation.

10 2. Discharge and dismissal pursuant to subsection 1 is without
11 adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction for purposes of
12 employment, civil rights or any statute or regulation or license or
13 questionnaire or for any other public or private purpose. Discharge
14 and dismissal restores the defendant, in the contemplation of the
15 law, to the status occupied before the indictment, information,
16 complaint or citation. The defendant may not be held thereafter
17 under any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false
18 statement by reason of failure to recite or acknowledge the
19 indictment, information, complaint or citation in response to an
20 inquiry made of the defendant for any purpose.

21 3. If the *district court*, justice court or municipal court
22 determines that a defendant has not successfully completed the
23 terms or conditions of a preprosecution diversion program ordered
24 pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 174.032, the court must issue an
25 order terminating the participation of the defendant in the
26 preprosecution diversion program and order the defendant to appear
27 for an arraignment to enter a plea based on the original indictment,
28 information, complaint or citation pursuant to NRS 174.015.

29 **Sec. 5.** Chapter 176 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
30 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 5.2 to 8, inclusive, of this
31 act.

32 **Sec. 5.2.** *As used in NRS 176.0132 to 176.0139, inclusive,*
33 *and sections 5.2 to 8, inclusive, of this act, unless the context*
34 *otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 176.0132*
35 *and sections 5.3 and 5.4 of this act have the meanings ascribed to*
36 *them in those sections.*

37 **Sec. 5.3.** *“Executive Director” means the Executive Director*
38 *of the Office.*

39 **Sec. 5.4.** *“Office” means the Office of the Nevada*
40 *Sentencing Commission created by section 5.5 of this act.*

41 **Sec. 5.5.** 1. *The Office of the Nevada Sentencing*
42 *Commission is hereby created within the Office of the Governor.*

43 2. *The Executive Director of the Office must be appointed by the*
44 *Governor from a list of three persons recommended by the*
45 *Sentencing Commission.*



1 3. *The Executive Director:*

2 (a) *Is not in the classified or unclassified service of this State;*

3 (b) *Serves at the pleasure of the Sentencing Commission,*
4 *except that the Executive Director may only be removed upon a*
5 *finding by the Sentencing Commission that his or her*
6 *performance is unsatisfactory;*

7 (c) *Must be an attorney licensed to practice law in this State;*
8 *and*

9 (d) *Shall devote his or her entire time and attention to the*
10 *duties of his or her office and shall not engage in any other*
11 *gainful employment or occupation.*

12 **Sec. 5.6.** *The Executive Director appointed pursuant to*
13 *section 5.5 of this act shall:*

14 1. *Oversee all of the functions of the Office.*

15 2. *Serve as Executive Secretary of the Sentencing*
16 *Commission without additional compensation.*

17 3. *Report to the Sentencing Commission on sentencing and*
18 *related issues regarding the functions of the Office and provide*
19 *such information to the Sentencing Commission as requested.*

20 4. *Assist the Sentencing Commission in determining*
21 *necessary and appropriate recommendations to assist in carrying*
22 *out the responsibilities of the Office.*

23 5. *Establish the budget for the Office.*

24 6. *Facilitate the collection and aggregation of data from the*
25 *courts, Department of Corrections, Division of Parole and*
26 *Probation of the Department of Public Safety and any other*
27 *agency of criminal justice.*

28 7. *Identify variables or sets of data concerning criminal*
29 *justice that are not currently collected or shared across agencies of*
30 *criminal justice within this State.*

31 8. *Assist in the development, presentation and submittal of*
32 *any legislative measure requested by the Sentencing Commission*
33 *pursuant to NRS 218D.216.*

34 9. *Assist in preparing the comprehensive report required to be*
35 *prepared by the Sentencing Commission pursuant to subsection 11*
36 *of NRS 176.0134 and submit the report pursuant to subsection 12*
37 *of that section.*

38 10. *Take any other actions necessary to carry out the powers*
39 *and duties of the Sentencing Commission pursuant to NRS*
40 *176.0132 to 176.0139, inclusive, and sections 5.2 to 8, inclusive, of*
41 *this act.*

42 **Sec. 5.7.** 1. *In addition to the Executive Director, the Office*
43 *must include not less than one research analyst and two*
44 *secretaries, each of whom must be selected by the Executive*
45 *Director and serve at the pleasure of the Executive Director.*



1 2. *The research analyst:*

2 (a) *May be an attorney licensed to practice law in this State;*

3 (b) *Is not in the classified or unclassified service of this State;*

4 (c) *Must be proficient in the use, collection and analysis of*
5 *statistics and data; and*

6 (d) *Shall devote his or her entire time and attention to his or*
7 *her duties as specified by the Executive Director and shall not*
8 *engage in any other gainful employment or occupation.*

9 3. *The secretaries selected pursuant to subsection 1:*

10 (a) *Are not in the classified or unclassified service of this*
11 *State;*

12 (b) *Must include not less than one secretary who is proficient*
13 *in transcribing minutes; and*

14 (c) *Shall be responsible for preparing and posting agendas,*
15 *transcribing minutes and performing any other duties assigned by*
16 *the Executive Director.*

17 **Sec. 6. 1. The Sentencing Commission shall:**

18 (a) *Track and assess outcomes resulting from the enactment of*
19 *this act, including, without limitation, the following data from the*
20 *Department of Corrections:*

21 (1) *With respect to prison admissions:*

22 (I) *The total number of persons admitted to prison by*
23 *type of offense, type of admission, felony category, prior criminal*
24 *history, gender identity or expression, race, ethnicity, sexual*
25 *orientation, age and, if measured upon intake, risk score;*

26 (II) *The average minimum and maximum sentence term*
27 *by type of offense, type of admission, felony category, prior*
28 *criminal history, gender identity or expression, race, ethnicity,*
29 *sexual orientation, age, mental health status and, if measured*
30 *upon intake, risk score; and*

31 (III) *The number of persons who received a clinical*
32 *assessment identifying a mental health or substance use disorder*
33 *upon intake.*

34 (2) *With respect to parole and release from prison:*

35 (I) *The average length of stay in prison for each type of*
36 *release by type of offense, felony category, prior criminal history,*
37 *gender identity or expression, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation,*
38 *age, mental health status and, if measured upon intake, risk score;*

39 (II) *The total number of persons released from prison*
40 *each year by type of release, type of admission, felony category,*
41 *prior criminal history, gender identity or expression, race,*
42 *ethnicity, sexual orientation, age, mental health status and, if*
43 *measured upon intake, risk score;*

44 (III) *The recidivism rate of persons released from prison*
45 *by type of release; and*



1 (IV) *The total number of persons released from prison*
2 *each year who return to prison within 36 months by type of*
3 *admission, type of release, type of return to prison, including,*
4 *without limitation, whether such a subsequent prison admission*
5 *was the result of a new felony conviction or a revocation of parole*
6 *due to a technical violation, prior criminal history, gender identity*
7 *or expression, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age, mental*
8 *health status and, if measured upon intake, risk score.*

9 (3) *With respect to the number of persons in prison:*

10 (I) *The total number of persons held in prison on*
11 *December 31 of each year, not including those persons released*
12 *from a term of prison who reside in a parole housing unit, by type*
13 *of offense, type of admission, felony category, prior criminal*
14 *history, gender identity or expression, race, ethnicity, sexual*
15 *orientation, age, mental health status and, if measured upon*
16 *intake, risk score;*

17 (II) *The total number of persons held in prison on*
18 *December 31 of each year who have been granted parole by the*
19 *State Board of Parole Commissioners but remain in custody, and*
20 *the reasons therefor;*

21 (III) *The total number of persons held in prison on*
22 *December 31 of each year who are serving a sentence of life with*
23 *or without the possibility of parole or who have been sentenced to*
24 *death; and*

25 (IV) *The total number of persons as of December 31 of*
26 *each year who have started a treatment program while in prison,*
27 *have completed a treatment program while in prison and are*
28 *awaiting a treatment program while in prison, by type of treatment*
29 *program and type of offense.*

30 (b) *Track and assess outcomes resulting from the enactment of*
31 *this act with respect to the following data, which the Division shall*
32 *collect and report to the Sentencing Commission:*

33 (1) *With respect to the number of persons on probation or*
34 *parole:*

35 (I) *The total number of supervision intakes by type of*
36 *offense, felony category, prior criminal history, gender identity or*
37 *expression, race, ethnicity, sexual orientation, age, mental health*
38 *status and, if measured upon intake, risk score;*

39 (II) *The average term of probation imposed for persons*
40 *on probation by type of offense;*

41 (III) *The average time served by persons on probation*
42 *or parole by type of discharge, felony category and type of offense;*

43 (IV) *The average time credited to a person's term of*
44 *probation or parole as a result of successful compliance with*
45 *supervision;*



1 (V) *The total number of supervision discharges by type*
2 *of discharge, including, without limitation, honorable discharges*
3 *and dishonorable discharges, and cases resulting in a return to*
4 *prison;*

5 (VI) *The recidivism rate of persons discharged from*
6 *supervision by type of discharge, according to the Division's*
7 *internal definition of recidivism;*

8 (VII) *The number of persons identified as having a*
9 *mental health issue or a substance use disorder; and*

10 (VIII) *The total number of persons on probation or*
11 *parole who are located within this State on December 31 of each*
12 *year, not including those persons who are under the custody of the*
13 *Department of Corrections.*

14 (2) *With respect to persons on probation or parole who*
15 *violate a condition of supervision or commit a new offense:*

16 (I) *The total number of revocations and the reasons*
17 *therefor, including, without limitation, whether the revocation was*
18 *the result of a mental health issue or substance use disorder;*

19 (II) *The average amount of time credited to a person's*
20 *suspended sentence or the remainder of the person's sentence*
21 *from time spent on supervision;*

22 (III) *The total number of persons receiving*
23 *administrative or jail sanctions, by type of offense and felony*
24 *category; and*

25 (IV) *The median number of administrative sanctions*
26 *issued by the Division to persons on supervision, by type of offense*
27 *and felony category.*

28 (c) *Track and assess outcomes resulting from the enactment of*
29 *this act with respect to savings and reinvestment, including,*
30 *without limitation:*

31 (1) *The total amount of annual savings resulting from the*
32 *enactment of any legislation relating to the criminal justice*
33 *system;*

34 (2) *The total annual costs avoided by this State because of*
35 *the enactment of this act, as calculated pursuant to section 7 of*
36 *this act; and*

37 (3) *The entities that received reinvestment funds, the total*
38 *amount directed to each such entity and a description of how the*
39 *funds were used.*

40 (d) *Track and assess trends observed after the enactment of*
41 *this act, including, without limitation, the following data, which*
42 *the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History*
43 *shall collect and report to the Sentencing Commission as reported*
44 *to the Federal Bureau of Investigation:*



1 (1) *The uniform crime rates for this State and each county*
2 *in this State by index crimes and type of crime; and*

3 (2) *The percentage changes in uniform crime rates for this*
4 *State and each county in this State over time by index crimes and*
5 *type of crime.*

6 (e) *Identify gaps in this State's data tracking capabilities*
7 *related to the criminal justice system and make recommendations*
8 *for filling any such gaps.*

9 (f) *Prepare and submit a report not later than the first day of*
10 *the second full week of each regular session of the Legislature to*
11 *the Governor, the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for*
12 *transmittal to the Legislature and the Chief Justice of the Nevada*
13 *Supreme Court. The report must include recommendations for*
14 *improvements, changes and budgetary adjustments and may also*
15 *present additional recommendations for future legislation and*
16 *policy options to enhance public safety and control corrections*
17 *costs.*

18 (g) *Employ and retain other professional staff as necessary to*
19 *coordinate performance and outcome measurement and develop*
20 *the report required pursuant to this section.*

21 2. *As used in this section:*

22 (a) *"Technical violation" has the meaning ascribed to it in*
23 *section 18 of this act.*

24 (b) *"Type of admission" means the manner in which a person*
25 *entered into the custody of the Department of Corrections,*
26 *according to the internal definitions used by the Department of*
27 *Corrections.*

28 (c) *"Type of offense" means an offense categorized by the*
29 *Department of Corrections as a violent offense, sex offense, drug*
30 *offense, property offense, DUI offense or other offense, consistent*
31 *with the internal data systems used by the Department of*
32 *Corrections.*

33 **Sec. 7. 1.** *The Sentencing Commission shall develop a*
34 *formula to calculate for each fiscal year the amount of costs*
35 *avoided by this State because of the enactment of this act. The*
36 *formula must include, without limitation, a comparison of:*

37 (a) *The annual projection of the number of persons who will*
38 *be in a facility or institution of the Department of Corrections*
39 *which was created by the Office of Finance pursuant to NRS*
40 *176.0129 for calendar year 2018; and*

41 (b) *The actual number of persons who are in a facility or*
42 *institution of the Department of Corrections during each year.*

43 2. *Not later than December 1 of each fiscal year, the*
44 *Sentencing Commission shall use the formula developed pursuant*
45 *to subsection 1 to calculate the costs avoided by this State for the*



1 *immediately preceding fiscal year because of the enactment of this*
2 *act and submit a statement of the amount of the costs avoided to*
3 *the Governor and the Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau*
4 *for transmittal to the Interim Finance Committee.*

5 3. *Not later than August 1 of each even-numbered year, the*
6 *Sentencing Commission shall prepare a report containing the*
7 *projected amount of costs avoided by this State for the next*
8 *biennium because of the enactment of this act and*
9 *recommendations for the reinvestment of the amount of those*
10 *costs to provide financial support to programs and services that*
11 *address the behavioral health needs of persons involved in the*
12 *criminal justice system in order to reduce recidivism. In preparing*
13 *the report, the Commission shall prioritize providing financial*
14 *support to:*

15 (a) *The Department of Corrections for programs for reentry of*
16 *offenders and parolees into the community, programs for*
17 *vocational training and employment of offenders, educational*
18 *programs for offenders and transitional work program for*
19 *offenders;*

20 (b) *The Division for services for offenders reentering the*
21 *community, the supervision of probationers and parolees and*
22 *programs of treatment for probationers and parolees that are*
23 *proven by scientific research to reduce recidivism;*

24 (c) *Any behavioral health field response grant program*
25 *developed and implemented pursuant to section 104 of this act;*

26 (d) *The Housing Division of the Department of Business and*
27 *Industry to create or provide transitional housing for probationers*
28 *and parolees and offenders reentering the community; and*

29 (e) *The Nevada Local Justice Reinvestment Coordinating*
30 *Council created by section 8 of this act for the purpose of making*
31 *grants to counties for programs and treatment that reduce*
32 *recidivism of persons involved in the criminal justice system.*

33 4. *Not later than August 1 of each even-numbered year, the*
34 *Sentencing Commission shall submit the report prepared pursuant*
35 *to subsection 3 to the Governor and to the Director of the*
36 *Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to the next regular*
37 *session of the Legislature.*

38 **Sec. 8. 1. The Nevada Local Justice Reinvestment**
39 **Council is hereby created. The Council consists of:**

40 (a) *One member from each county in this State whose*
41 *population is less than 100,000; and*

42 (b) *Two members from each county in this State whose*
43 *population is 100,000 or more.*

44 2. *Each member of the Council must be appointed by the*
45 *governing body of the applicable county. The Chair of the*



1 *Sentencing Commission shall appoint the Chair of the Council*
2 *from among the members of the Council.*

3 **3. The Council shall:**

4 (a) *Advise the Sentencing Commission on matters related to*
5 *any legislation, regulations, rules, budgetary changes and all*
6 *other actions needed to implement the provisions of this act as*
7 *they relate to local governments;*

8 (b) *Identify county-level programming and treatment needs for*
9 *persons involved in the criminal justice system for the purpose of*
10 *reducing recidivism;*

11 (c) *Make recommendations to the Sentencing Commission*
12 *regarding grants to local governments and nonprofit*
13 *organizations from the State General Fund;*

14 (d) *Oversee the implementation of local grants;*

15 (e) *Create performance measures to assess the effectiveness of*
16 *the grants; and*

17 (f) *Identify opportunities for collaboration with the*
18 *Department of Health and Human Services at the state and county*
19 *level for treatment services and funding.*

20 **4. Each member of the Council serves a term of 2 years.**
21 *Members may be reappointed for additional terms of 2 years in the*
22 *same manner as the original appointments. Any vacancy*
23 *occurring in the membership of the Council must be filled in the*
24 *same manner as the original appointment not later than 30 days*
25 *after the vacancy occurs.*

26 **5. While engaged in the business of the Council, to the extent**
27 *of legislative appropriation, each member of the Council is entitled*
28 *to receive the per diem allowance and travel expenses provided for*
29 *state officers and employees generally.*

30 **6. To the extent of legislative appropriation, the Sentencing**
31 *Commission shall provide the Council with such staff as is*
32 *necessary to carry out the duties of the Council pursuant to this*
33 *section.*

34 **Sec. 9.** NRS 176.0132 is hereby amended to read as follows:

35 176.0132 ~~[As used in NRS 176.0132 to 176.0139, inclusive,]~~
36 “Sentencing Commission” means the Nevada Sentencing
37 Commission created by NRS 176.0133.

38 **Sec. 9.3.** NRS 176.0133 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 176.0133 1. The Nevada Sentencing Commission is hereby
40 created. The Sentencing Commission consists of:

41 (a) One member appointed by the Governor;

42 (b) One member who is a justice of the Supreme Court of
43 Nevada or a retired justice of the Supreme Court of Nevada,
44 appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Nevada;



1 (c) Two members who are judges appointed by the Chief Justice
2 of the Supreme Court of Nevada;

3 (d) One member who is a representative of the Administrative
4 Office of the Courts appointed by the Chief Justice of the Supreme
5 Court of Nevada;

6 (e) The Director of the Department of Corrections;

7 (f) ~~The Attorney General;~~

8 ~~(g)~~ One member who is a representative of the Office of the
9 Attorney General, appointed by the Attorney General;

10 ~~(h)~~ (g) One member who is a district attorney, appointed by
11 the governing body of the Nevada District Attorneys Association;

12 ~~(i) The State Public Defender;~~

13 ~~(j)~~ (h) *One member who is a representative of the Office of*
14 *the Clark County Public Defender, appointed by the head of the*
15 *Office of the Clark County Public Defender;*

16 (i) One member who is a representative of the ~~office~~ Office of
17 ~~a county public defender,~~ *the Washoe County Public Defender,*
18 appointed by the ~~governing body of the State Bar~~ head of
19 ~~Nevada;~~

20 ~~(k)~~ *the Office of the Washoe County Public Defender;*

21 (j) One member who is an attorney in private practice,
22 experienced in defending criminal actions, appointed by the
23 governing body of the State Bar of Nevada;

24 ~~(l)~~ (k) One member who has been a victim of a crime or is a
25 representative of an organization supporting the rights of victims of
26 crime, appointed by the Governor;

27 ~~(m)~~ (l) One member who is a member of the State Board of
28 Parole Commissioners, appointed by the State Board of Parole
29 Commissioners;

30 ~~(n)~~ (m) One member who is a representative of the Division
31 of Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety,
32 appointed by the Governor;

33 ~~(o)~~ (n) One member who is a representative of the Nevada
34 Sheriffs' and Chiefs' Association, appointed by the Nevada
35 Sheriffs' and Chiefs' Association;

36 ~~(p)~~ (o) One member who is a representative of the Las Vegas
37 Metropolitan Police Department, appointed by the Sheriff of Clark
38 County;

39 ~~(q)~~ (p) One member who is a representative of the Division of
40 Public and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and
41 Human Services;

42 ~~(r)~~ (q) One member who is a representative of an organization
43 that advocates on behalf of inmates, appointed by the Governor;



1 ~~[(s)]~~ (r) Two members who are Senators, one of whom is
2 appointed by the Majority Leader of the Senate and one of whom is
3 appointed by the Minority Leader of the Senate;

4 ~~[(t)]~~ (s) Two members who are members of the Assembly, one
5 of whom is appointed by the Speaker of the Assembly and one of
6 whom is appointed by the Minority Leader of the Assembly;

7 ~~[(u)]~~ (t) The Director of the Department of Employment,
8 Training and Rehabilitation; and

9 ~~[(v)]~~ (u) One member who is a representative of an organization
10 that works with offenders upon release from incarceration to assist
11 in reentry into the community appointed by the Chair of the
12 Legislative Commission.

13 2. *The Executive Director shall serve as the Executive*
14 *Secretary of the Sentencing Commission.*

15 3. If any organization listed in subsection 1 ceases to exist, the
16 appointment required pursuant to that subsection must be made by
17 the association's successor in interest, or, if there is no successor in
18 interest, by the Governor.

19 ~~[(3)]~~ 4. Each appointed member serves a term of 2 years.
20 Members may be reappointed for additional terms of 2 years in the
21 same manner as the original appointments. Any vacancy occurring
22 in the membership of the Sentencing Commission must be filled in
23 the same manner as the original appointment not later than 30 days
24 after the vacancy occurs.

25 ~~[(4)]~~ 5. The Legislators who are members of the Sentencing
26 Commission are entitled to receive the salary provided for a
27 majority of the members of the Legislature during the first 60 days
28 of the preceding session for each day's attendance at a meeting of
29 the Sentencing Commission.

30 ~~[(5)]~~ 6. At the first regular meeting of each odd-numbered year,
31 the members of the Sentencing Commission shall elect a Chair by
32 majority vote who shall serve until the next Chair is elected.

33 ~~[(6)]~~ 7. The Sentencing Commission shall ~~meet~~:

34 (a) *Hold its first meeting on or before September 1 of each*
35 *odd-numbered year; and*

36 (b) *Meet* at least once every 3 months and may meet at such
37 further times as deemed necessary by the Chair.

38 ~~[(7)]~~ 8. A member of the Sentencing Commission may
39 designate a nonvoting alternate to attend a meeting in his or her
40 place.

41 ~~[(8)]~~ 9. A majority of the members of the Sentencing
42 Commission constitutes a quorum for the transaction of business,
43 and a majority of those members present at any meeting is sufficient
44 for any official action taken by the Sentencing Commission. A
45 nonvoting alternate designated by a member pursuant to subsection



1 7 who attends a meeting of the Sentencing Commission for which
2 the alternate is designated shall be deemed to be a member of the
3 Sentencing Commission for the purpose of determining whether a
4 quorum exists.

5 ~~[9.]~~ 10. While engaged in the business of the Sentencing
6 Commission, to the extent of legislative appropriation, each member
7 of the Sentencing Commission is entitled to receive the per diem
8 allowance and travel expenses provided for state officers and
9 employees generally.

10 ~~[10.—To the extent of legislative appropriation, the Director of
11 the Legislative Counsel Bureau]~~

12 11. *The Office* shall provide the Sentencing Commission with
13 such staff as ~~is necessary~~ *prescribed in sections 5.5, 5.6 and 5.7 of*
14 *this act* to carry out the duties of the Sentencing Commission.

15 **Sec. 9.7.** NRS 176.0134 is hereby amended to read as follows:
16 176.0134 The Sentencing Commission shall:

17 1. Advise the Legislature on proposed legislation and make
18 recommendations with respect to all matters relating to the elements
19 of this State's system of criminal justice which affect the sentences
20 imposed for felonies and gross misdemeanors.

21 2. Evaluate the effectiveness and fiscal impact of various
22 policies and practices regarding sentencing which are employed in
23 this State and other states, including, without limitation, the use of
24 plea bargaining, probation, programs of intensive supervision,
25 programs of regimental discipline, imprisonment, sentencing
26 recommendations, mandatory and minimum sentencing, mandatory
27 sentencing for crimes involving the possession, manufacture and
28 distribution of controlled substances, enhanced penalties for habitual
29 criminals, parole, credits against sentences, residential confinement
30 and alternatives to incarceration.

31 3. Recommend changes in the structure of sentencing in this
32 State which, to the extent practicable and with consideration for
33 their fiscal impact, incorporate general objectives and goals for
34 sentencing, including, without limitation, the following:

35 (a) Offenders must receive sentences that increase in direct
36 proportion to the severity of their crimes and their histories of
37 criminality.

38 (b) Offenders who have extensive histories of criminality or
39 who have exhibited a propensity to commit crimes of a predatory or
40 violent nature must receive sentences which reflect the need to
41 ensure the safety and protection of the public and which allow for
42 the imprisonment for life of such offenders.

43 (c) Offenders who have committed offenses that do not include
44 acts of violence and who have limited histories of criminality must
45 receive sentences which reflect the need to conserve scarce



1 economic resources through the use of various alternatives to
2 traditional forms of incarceration.

3 (d) Offenders with similar histories of criminality who are
4 convicted of similar crimes must receive sentences that are generally
5 similar.

6 (e) Offenders sentenced to imprisonment must receive sentences
7 which do not confuse or mislead the public as to the actual time
8 those offenders must serve while incarcerated or before being
9 released from confinement or supervision.

10 (f) Offenders must not receive disparate sentences based upon
11 factors such as race, gender or economic status.

12 (g) Offenders must receive sentences which are based upon the
13 specific circumstances and facts of their offenses, including the
14 nature of the offense and any aggravating factors, the savagery of
15 the offense, as evidenced by the extent of any injury to the victim,
16 and the degree of criminal sophistication demonstrated by the
17 offender's acts before, during and after commission of the offense.

18 4. Facilitate the development and maintenance of a statewide
19 sentencing database in collaboration with state and local agencies,
20 using existing databases or resources where appropriate.

21 5. Provide training regarding sentencing and related issues,
22 policies and practices, and act as a sentencing policy resource for
23 this State.

24 6. Evaluate the impact of pretrial, sentencing diversion,
25 incarceration and postrelease supervision programs.

26 7. Identify potential areas of sentencing disparity related to
27 race, gender and economic status.

28 8. Propose and recommend statutory sentencing guidelines,
29 based on reasonable offense and offender characteristics which aim
30 to preserve judicial discretion and provide for individualized
31 sentencing, for the use of the district courts. If such guidelines are
32 enacted by the Legislature, the Sentencing Commission shall review
33 and propose any recommended changes.

34 9. Evaluate whether sentencing guidelines recommended
35 pursuant to subsection 8 should be mandatory and if judicial
36 findings should be required for any departures from the sentencing
37 guidelines.

38 10. *Oversee the Executive Director and provide*
39 *recommendations and advice concerning the administration of the*
40 *Office, including, without limitation:*

41 (a) *Receiving reports from the Executive Director and*
42 *providing direction to the Executive Director concerning measures*
43 *to be taken by the Office to ensure compliance with the duties of*
44 *the Sentencing Commission.*



1 (b) *Reviewing information from the Office regarding*
2 *sentencing of offenders in this State.*

3 (c) *Directing the Executive Director to conduct any audit,*
4 *investigation or review the Sentencing Commission deems*
5 *necessary to carry out the duties of the Sentencing Commission.*

6 (d) *Coordinating with the Executive Director to develop*
7 *procedures for the identification and collection of data concerning*
8 *the sentencing of offenders in this State.*

9 (e) *Providing direction to the Executive Director concerning*
10 *any required reports and reviewing drafts of such reports.*

11 (f) *Reviewing recommendations of the Executive Director*
12 *concerning the budget for the Office, improvements to the*
13 *criminal justice system and legislation related to the duties of the*
14 *Sentencing Commission.*

15 (g) *Providing advice and recommendations to the Executive*
16 *Director on any other matter.*

17 **11.** For each regular session of the Legislature, *with the*
18 *assistance of the Office*, prepare a comprehensive report including:

19 (a) The Sentencing Commission's recommended changes
20 pertaining to sentencing;

21 (b) The Sentencing Commission's findings and any
22 recommendations for proposed legislation; and

23 (c) A reference to any legislative measure requested pursuant to
24 NRS 218D.216.

25 ~~12.~~ **12.** The report *prepared pursuant to subsection 11* must be
26 submitted to ~~the~~ :

27 (a) *The Office of the Governor; and*

28 (b) *The* Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for
29 distribution to the Legislature not later than January 1 of each odd-
30 numbered year.

31 **Sec. 10.** NRS 176.015 is hereby amended to read as follows:

32 176.015 1. Sentence must be imposed without unreasonable
33 delay. Pending sentence, the court may commit the defendant or
34 continue or alter the bail.

35 2. Before imposing sentence, the court shall:

36 (a) Afford counsel an opportunity to speak on behalf of the
37 defendant; and

38 (b) Address the defendant personally and ask the defendant if:

39 (1) The defendant wishes to make a statement in his or her
40 own behalf and to present any information in mitigation of
41 punishment; and

42 (2) The defendant is a veteran or a member of the military. If
43 the defendant meets the qualifications of subsection 1 of NRS
44 176A.280, the court may, if appropriate, assign the defendant to:



1 (I) A program of treatment established pursuant to NRS
2 176A.280; or

3 (II) If a program of treatment established pursuant to NRS
4 176A.280 is not available for the defendant, a program of treatment
5 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250 or ~~[453.580.]~~ *section 20 of*
6 *this act.*

7 3. After hearing any statements presented pursuant to
8 subsection 2 and before imposing sentence, the court shall afford the
9 victim an opportunity to:

10 (a) Appear personally, by counsel or by personal representative;
11 and

12 (b) Reasonably express any views concerning the crime, the
13 person responsible, the impact of the crime on the victim and the
14 need for restitution.

15 4. The prosecutor shall give reasonable notice of the hearing to
16 impose sentence to:

17 (a) The person against whom the crime was committed;

18 (b) A person who was injured as a direct result of the
19 commission of the crime;

20 (c) The surviving spouse, parents or children of a person who
21 was killed as a direct result of the commission of the crime; and

22 (d) Any other relative or victim who requests in writing to be
23 notified of the hearing.

24 ➤ Any defect in notice or failure of such persons to appear are not
25 grounds for an appeal or the granting of a writ of habeas corpus. All
26 personal information, including, but not limited to, a current or
27 former address, which pertains to a victim or relative and which is
28 received by the prosecutor pursuant to this subsection is
29 confidential.

30 5. For the purposes of this section:

31 (a) "Member of the military" has the meaning ascribed to it in
32 NRS 176A.043.

33 (b) "Relative" of a person includes:

34 (1) A spouse, parent, grandparent or stepparent;

35 (2) A natural born child, stepchild or adopted child;

36 (3) A grandchild, brother, sister, half brother or half sister; or

37 (4) A parent of a spouse.

38 (c) "Veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 176A.090.

39 (d) "Victim" includes:

40 (1) A person, including a governmental entity, against whom
41 a crime has been committed;

42 (2) A person who has been injured or killed as a direct result
43 of the commission of a crime; and

44 (3) A relative of a person described in subparagraph (1)
45 or (2).



6. This section does not restrict the authority of the court to consider any reliable and relevant evidence at the time of sentencing.

Sec. 10.5. NRS 176.033 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176.033 ~~[(a)]~~ If a sentence of imprisonment is required or permitted by statute, the court shall:

~~[(a)]~~ 1. If sentencing a person who has been found guilty of a misdemeanor or a gross misdemeanor, sentence the person to imprisonment for a definite period of time within the maximum limit or the minimum and maximum limits prescribed by the applicable statute, taking due account of the gravity of the particular offense and of the character of the individual defendant.

~~[(b)]~~ 2. If sentencing a person who has been found guilty of a felony, sentence the person to a minimum term and a maximum term of imprisonment, unless a definite term of imprisonment is required by statute.

~~[(e)]~~ 3. If restitution is appropriate, set an amount of restitution for each victim of the offense and for expenses related to extradition in accordance with NRS 179.225.

~~[(2.—At any time after a prisoner has been released on parole and has served one half of the period of parole, or 10 consecutive years on parole in the case of a prisoner sentenced to life imprisonment, the State Board of Parole Commissioners, upon the recommendation of the Division, may petition the court of original jurisdiction requesting a modification of sentence. The Board shall give notice of the petition and hearing thereon to the Attorney General or district attorney who had jurisdiction in the original proceedings. Upon hearing the recommendation of the State Board of Parole Commissioners and good cause appearing, the court may modify the original sentence by reducing the maximum term of imprisonment but shall not make the term less than the minimum term prescribed by the applicable penal statute.)]~~

Sec. 11. NRS 176.0613 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176.0613 1. The justices or judges of the justice or municipal courts shall impose, in addition to an administrative assessment imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059, 176.0611 and 176.0623, an administrative assessment for the provision of specialty court programs.

2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, when a defendant pleads guilty or guilty but mentally ill or is found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of a misdemeanor, including the violation of any municipal ordinance, the justice or judge shall include in the sentence the sum of \$7 as an administrative assessment for the provision of specialty court programs and render a judgment against the defendant for the assessment. If a defendant is sentenced to



1 perform community service in lieu of a fine, the sentence must
2 include the administrative assessment required pursuant to this
3 subsection.

4 3. The provisions of subsection 2 do not apply to:

5 (a) An ordinance regulating metered parking; or

6 (b) An ordinance which is specifically designated as imposing a
7 civil penalty or liability pursuant to NRS 244.3575 or 268.019.

8 4. The money collected for an administrative assessment
9 for the provision of specialty court programs must not be deducted
10 from the fine imposed by the justice or judge but must be taxed
11 against the defendant in addition to the fine. The money collected
12 for such an administrative assessment must be stated separately on
13 the court's docket and must be included in the amount posted for
14 bail. If bail is forfeited, the administrative assessment included in
15 the bail pursuant to this subsection must be disbursed pursuant to
16 subsection 6 or 7. If the defendant is found not guilty or the charges
17 are dismissed, the money deposited with the court must be returned
18 to the defendant. If the justice or judge cancels a fine because the
19 fine has been determined to be uncollectible, any balance of the fine
20 and the administrative assessment remaining unpaid shall be
21 deemed to be uncollectible and the defendant is not required to pay
22 it. If a fine is determined to be uncollectible, the defendant is not
23 entitled to a refund of the fine or administrative assessment the
24 defendant has paid and the justice or judge shall not recalculate the
25 administrative assessment.

26 5. If the justice or judge permits the fine and administrative
27 assessment for the provision of specialty court programs to be paid
28 in installments, the payments must be applied in the following
29 order:

30 (a) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment
31 imposed pursuant to NRS 176.059;

32 (b) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment
33 for the provision of court facilities pursuant to NRS 176.0611;

34 (c) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment
35 for the provision of specialty court programs;

36 (d) To pay the unpaid balance of an administrative assessment
37 for obtaining a biological specimen and conducting a genetic marker
38 analysis pursuant to NRS 176.0623; and

39 (e) To pay the fine.

40 6. The money collected for an administrative assessment for
41 the provision of specialty court programs in municipal court must be
42 paid by the clerk of the court to the city treasurer on or before the
43 fifth day of each month for the preceding month. On or before the
44 15th day of that month, the city treasurer shall deposit the money
45 received for each administrative assessment with the State



1 Controller for credit to a special account in the State General Fund
2 administered by the Office of Court Administrator.

3 7. The money collected for an administrative assessment for
4 the provision of specialty court programs in justice courts must be
5 paid by the clerk of the court to the county treasurer on or before the
6 fifth day of each month for the preceding month. On or before the
7 15th day of that month, the county treasurer shall deposit the money
8 received for each administrative assessment with the State
9 Controller for credit to a special account in the State General Fund
10 administered by the Office of Court Administrator.

11 8. The Office of Court Administrator shall allocate the money
12 credited to the State General Fund pursuant to subsections 6 and 7 to
13 courts to assist with the funding or establishment of specialty court
14 programs.

15 9. Money that is apportioned to a court from administrative
16 assessments for the provision of specialty court programs must be
17 used by the court to:

18 (a) Pay for the treatment and testing of persons who participate
19 in the program; and

20 (b) Improve the operations of the specialty court program by any
21 combination of:

22 (1) Acquiring necessary capital goods;

23 (2) Providing for personnel to staff and oversee the specialty
24 court program;

25 (3) Providing training and education to personnel;

26 (4) Studying the management and operation of the program;

27 (5) Conducting audits of the program;

28 (6) Supplementing the funds used to pay for judges to
29 oversee a specialty court program; or

30 (7) Acquiring or using appropriate technology.

31 10. As used in this section:

32 (a) "Office of Court Administrator" means the Office of Court
33 Administrator created pursuant to NRS 1.320; and

34 (b) "Specialty court program" means a program established by a
35 court to facilitate testing, treatment and oversight of certain persons
36 over whom the court has jurisdiction and who the court has
37 determined suffer from a mental illness or ~~abuses~~ *uses* alcohol or
38 drugs. Such a program includes, without limitation, a program
39 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 or ~~453.580.~~
40 *section 20 of this act.*

41 **Sec. 12.** NRS 176.135 is hereby amended to read as follows:

42 176.135 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and
43 NRS 176.151, the Division shall make a presentence investigation
44 and report to the court on each defendant who pleads guilty, guilty



1 but mentally ill or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty or guilty but
2 mentally ill of, a felony.

3 2. If a defendant is convicted of a felony that is a sexual
4 offense, the presentence investigation and report:

5 (a) Must be made before the imposition of sentence or the
6 granting of probation; and

7 (b) If the sexual offense is an offense for which the suspension
8 of sentence or the granting of probation is permitted, must include a
9 psychosexual evaluation of the defendant.

10 3. If a defendant is convicted of a felony other than a sexual
11 offense, the presentence investigation and report must be made
12 before the imposition of sentence or the granting of probation
13 unless:

14 (a) A sentence is fixed by a jury; or

15 (b) Such an investigation and report on the defendant has been
16 made by the Division within the 5 years immediately preceding the
17 date initially set for sentencing on the most recent offense.

18 4. Upon request of the court, the Division shall make
19 presentence investigations and reports on defendants who plead
20 guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to, or are found
21 guilty or guilty but mentally ill of, gross misdemeanors.

22 *5. Each court in which a report of a presentence investigation*
23 *can be made must ensure that each judge of the court receives*
24 *training concerning the manner in which to use the information*
25 *included in a report of a presentence investigation for the purpose*
26 *of imposing a sentence. Such training must include, without*
27 *limitation, education concerning behavioral health needs and*
28 *intellectual or developmental disabilities.*

29 **Sec. 13.** NRS 176.145 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 176.145 1. The report of any presentence investigation must
31 contain:

32 (a) Any:

33 (1) Prior criminal convictions of the defendant;

34 (2) Unresolved criminal cases involving the defendant;

35 (3) Incidents in which the defendant has failed to appear in
36 court when his or her presence was required;

37 (4) Arrests during the 10 years immediately preceding the
38 date of the offense for which the report is being prepared; and

39 (5) Participation in any program in a specialty court or any
40 diversionary program, including whether the defendant successfully
41 completed the program;

42 (b) Information concerning the characteristics of the defendant,
43 the defendant's financial condition, including whether the
44 information pertaining to the defendant's financial condition has
45 been verified, the circumstances affecting the defendant's behavior



1 and the circumstances of the defendant's offense that may be helpful
2 in imposing sentence, in granting probation or in the correctional
3 treatment of the defendant;

4 (c) Information concerning the effect that the offense committed
5 by the defendant has had upon the victim, including, without
6 limitation, any physical or psychological harm or financial loss
7 suffered by the victim, to the extent that such information is
8 available from the victim or other sources, but the provisions of this
9 paragraph do not require any particular examination or testing of the
10 victim, and the extent of any investigation or examination is solely
11 at the discretion of the court or the Division and the extent of the
12 information to be included in the report is solely at the discretion of
13 the Division;

14 (d) Information concerning whether the defendant has an
15 obligation for the support of a child, and if so, whether the
16 defendant is in arrears in payment on that obligation;

17 (e) Data or information concerning reports and investigations
18 thereof made pursuant to chapter 432B of NRS and NRS 392.275 to
19 392.365, inclusive, that relate to the defendant and are made
20 available pursuant to NRS 432B.290 or NRS 392.317 to 392.337,
21 inclusive, as applicable;

22 (f) The results of ~~the~~ *any evaluation or assessment* of the
23 defendant conducted pursuant to NRS *176A.260, 176A.280 or*
24 *484C.300* ~~[, if such an evaluation is required pursuant to that~~
25 ~~section;]~~ *or section 22 of this act;*

26 (g) ~~[A recommendation of a minimum term and a maximum~~
27 ~~term of imprisonment or other term of imprisonment authorized by~~
28 ~~statute, or a fine, or both;~~

29 ~~—(h) A recommendation, if the Division deems it appropriate, that~~
30 ~~the defendant undergo a program of regimental discipline pursuant~~
31 ~~to NRS 176A.780;~~

32 ~~—(i)]~~ If a psychosexual evaluation of the defendant is required
33 pursuant to NRS 176.139, a written report of the results of the
34 psychosexual evaluation of the defendant and all information that is
35 necessary to carry out the provisions of NRS 176A.110; and

36 ~~[(j)]~~ (h) Such other information as may be required by the
37 court.

38 2. ~~[The Division shall include in the report all scoresheets and~~
39 ~~scales used in determining any recommendation made pursuant to~~
40 ~~paragraphs (g) and (h) of subsection 1.~~

41 ~~—3.]~~ The Division shall include in the report the source of any
42 information, as stated in the report, related to the defendant's
43 offense, including, without limitation, information from:

44 (a) A police report;

45 (b) An investigative report filed with law enforcement; or



1 (c) Any other source available to the Division.

2 ~~[4.]~~ 3. The Division may include in the report any additional
3 information that it believes may be helpful in imposing a sentence,
4 in granting probation or in correctional treatment.

5 **Sec. 14.** NRS 176.153 is hereby amended to read as follows:

6 176.153 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the
7 Division shall disclose to the prosecuting attorney, the counsel for
8 the defendant, the defendant and the court, not later than 14 calendar
9 days before the defendant will be sentenced, the factual content of
10 the report of any presentence investigation made pursuant to NRS
11 176.135 . ~~[and the recommendations of the Division.]~~

12 2. In addition to the disclosure requirements set forth in
13 subsection 1, if the Division includes in the report of any
14 presentence investigation made pursuant to NRS 176.135 any
15 information relating to the defendant being affiliated with or a
16 member of a criminal gang and the Division reasonably believes
17 such information is disputed by the defendant, the Division shall
18 provide with the information disclosed pursuant to subsection 1
19 copies of all documentation relied upon by the Division as a basis
20 for including such information in the report, including, without
21 limitation, any field interview cards.

22 3. The defendant may waive the minimum period required by
23 subsection 1.

24 4. As used in this section, "criminal gang" has the meaning
25 ascribed to it in NRS 193.168.

26 **Sec. 15.** NRS 176.156 is hereby amended to read as follows:

27 176.156 1. The Division shall disclose to the prosecuting
28 attorney, the counsel for the defendant and the defendant the factual
29 content of the report of:

30 (a) Any presentence investigation made pursuant to NRS
31 176.135 ~~[and the recommendations of the Division]~~ and, if
32 applicable, provide the documentation required pursuant to
33 subsection 2 of NRS 176.153, in the period provided in
34 NRS 176.153.

35 (b) Any general investigation made pursuant to NRS 176.151.

36 ➤ The Division shall afford an opportunity to each party to object to
37 factual errors in any such report . ~~[and to comment on any~~
38 ~~recommendations.]~~ The court may order the Division to correct the
39 contents of any such report following sentencing of the defendant if,
40 within 180 days after the date on which the judgment of conviction
41 was entered, the prosecuting attorney and the defendant stipulate to
42 correcting the contents of any such report.

43 2. Unless otherwise ordered by a court, upon request, the
44 Division shall disclose the content of a report of a presentence
45 investigation or general investigation to a law enforcement agency



1 of this State or a political subdivision thereof and to a law
2 enforcement agency of the Federal Government for the limited
3 purpose of performing their duties, including, without limitation,
4 conducting hearings that are public in nature.

5 3. Unless otherwise ordered by a court, upon request, the
6 Division shall disclose the content of a report of a presentence
7 investigation or general investigation to the Division of Public and
8 Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human Services
9 for the limited purpose of performing its duties, including, without
10 limitation, evaluating and providing any report or information to the
11 Division concerning the mental health of:

12 (a) A sex offender as defined in NRS 213.107; or

13 (b) An offender who has been determined to be mentally ill.

14 4. Unless otherwise ordered by a court, upon request, the
15 Division shall disclose the content of a report of a presentence
16 investigation or general investigation to the Nevada Gaming Control
17 Board for the limited purpose of performing its duties in the
18 administration of the provisions of chapters 462 to 467, inclusive, of
19 NRS.

20 5. Except for the disclosures required by subsections 1 to 4,
21 inclusive, a report of a presentence investigation or general
22 investigation and the sources of information for such a report are
23 confidential and must not be made a part of any public record.

24 **Sec. 16.** Chapter 176A of NRS is hereby amended by adding
25 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 16.5 to 23, inclusive, of
26 this act.

27 **Sec. 16.5.** *“Specialty court program” means a program*
28 *established by a court to facilitate testing, treatment and oversight*
29 *of certain persons over whom the court has jurisdiction and who*
30 *the court has determined suffer from mental illnesses or use*
31 *alcohol or drugs. Such a program includes, without limitation, a*
32 *program established pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 or*
33 *section 20 of this act.*

34 **Sec. 17. 1.** *The Division shall petition the court to*
35 *recommend the early discharge of a person from probation if the*
36 *person:*

37 (a) *Has not violated any condition of probation during the*
38 *immediately preceding 12 months;*

39 (b) *Is current with any fee to defray the costs of his or her*
40 *supervision charged by the Division pursuant to NRS 213.1076;*

41 (c) *Has paid restitution in full or, because of economic*
42 *hardship that is verified by the Division, has been unable to make*
43 *restitution as ordered by the court; and*



1 (d) *Has completed any program of substance use treatment or*
2 *mental health treatment or a specialty court program as mandated*
3 *by the court or the Division.*

4 2. *This section must not be construed to prohibit the court*
5 *from allowing the early discharge of a person from probation if*
6 *the person does not meet the requirements set forth in*
7 *subsection 1.*

8 **Sec. 18.** 1. *The Division shall adopt a written system of*
9 *graduated sanctions for parole and probation officers to use when*
10 *responding to a technical violation of the conditions of probation*
11 *or parole. The system must:*

12 (a) *Set forth a menu of presumptive sanctions for the most*
13 *common violations, including, without limitation, failure to report,*
14 *willful failure to pay fines and fees, failure to participate in a*
15 *required program or service, failure to complete community*
16 *service and failure to refrain from the use of alcohol or controlled*
17 *substances.*

18 (b) *Take into account factors such as responsivity factors*
19 *impacting a person's ability to successfully complete any*
20 *conditions of supervision, the severity of the current violation, the*
21 *person's previous criminal record, the number and severity of any*
22 *previous violations and the extent to which graduated sanctions*
23 *were imposed for previous violations.*

24 2. *The Division shall establish and maintain a program of*
25 *initial and ongoing training for parole and probation officers*
26 *regarding the system of graduated sanctions.*

27 3. *Notwithstanding any rule or law to the contrary, a parole*
28 *and probation officer shall use graduated sanctions established*
29 *pursuant to this section when responding to a technical violation.*

30 4. *A parole and probation officer intending to impose a*
31 *graduated sanction shall provide the supervised person with notice*
32 *of the intended sanction. The notice must inform the person of any*
33 *alleged violation and the date thereof and the graduated sanction*
34 *to be imposed.*

35 5. *The failure of a supervised person to comply with a*
36 *sanction may constitute a technical violation of the conditions of*
37 *probation or parole.*

38 6. *The Division may not seek revocation of probation or*
39 *parole for a technical violation of the conditions of probation or*
40 *parole until all graduated sanctions have been exhausted. If the*
41 *Division determines that all graduated sanctions have been*
42 *exhausted, the Division shall submit a report to the court or Board*
43 *outlining the reasons for the recommendation of revocation and*
44 *the steps taken by the Division to change the supervised person's*
45 *behavior while in the community, including, without limitation,*



1 any graduated sanctions imposed before recommending
2 revocation.

3 7. As used in this section:

4 (a) "Absconding" has the meaning ascribed to it in
5 NRS 176A.630.

6 (b) "Responsivity factors" has the meaning ascribed to it in
7 NRS 213.107.

8 (c) "Technical violation" means any alleged violation of the
9 conditions of probation or parole that is not the commission of a
10 new felony, gross misdemeanor, battery which constitutes
11 domestic violence pursuant to NRS 200.485 or violation of NRS
12 484C.110 or 484C.120 and does not constitute absconding. The
13 term does not include termination from a specialty court program.

14 **Sec. 19. 1.** Upon a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or
15 nolo contendere, but before a judgment of guilt, the court may,
16 without entering a judgment of guilt and with the consent of the
17 defendant, defer judgment on the case to a specified future date
18 and set forth specific terms and conditions for the defendant. The
19 duration of the deferral period must not exceed the applicable
20 period set forth in subsection 1 of NRS 176A.500 or the extension
21 of the period pursuant to subsection 2 of NRS 176A.500.

22 2. The terms and conditions set forth for the defendant
23 during the deferral period may include, without limitation, the:

24 (a) Payment of restitution;

25 (b) Payment of court costs;

26 (c) Payment of an assessment in lieu of any fine authorized by
27 law for the offense;

28 (d) Payment of any other assessment or cost authorized by law;

29 (e) Completion of a term of community service;

30 (f) Placement on probation pursuant to NRS 176A.500 and the
31 ordering of any conditions which can be imposed for probation
32 pursuant to NRS 176A.400; or

33 (g) Completion of a specialty court program.

34 3. Upon the consent of the defendant, the court:

35 (a) Shall defer judgment for any defendant who has entered a
36 plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a
37 violation of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 453.336; or

38 (b) May defer judgment for any defendant who is placed in a
39 specialty court program. The court may extend any deferral period
40 for not more than 12 months to allow for the completion of a
41 specialty court program.

42 4. Upon violation of a term or condition:

43 (a) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b):



1 (1) *The court may enter a judgment of conviction and*
2 *proceed as provided in the section pursuant to which the*
3 *defendant was charged.*

4 (2) *Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of*
5 *subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, the court may order the defendant to*
6 *the custody of the Department of Corrections if the offense is*
7 *punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.*

8 (b) *If the defendant has been placed in the program for a first*
9 *or second violation of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS*
10 *453.336, the court may allow the defendant to continue to*
11 *participate in the program or terminate the participation of the*
12 *defendant in the program. If the court terminates the participation*
13 *of the defendant in the program, the court shall allow the*
14 *defendant to withdraw his or her plea.*

15 5. *Upon completion of the terms and conditions of the*
16 *deferred judgment, and upon a finding by the court that the terms*
17 *and conditions have been met, the court shall discharge the*
18 *defendant and dismiss the proceedings. Discharge and dismissal*
19 *pursuant to this section is without adjudication of guilt and is not*
20 *a conviction for purposes of employment, civil rights or any statute*
21 *or regulation or license or questionnaire or for any other public or*
22 *private purpose, but is a conviction for the purpose of additional*
23 *penalties imposed for second or subsequent convictions or the*
24 *setting of bail. Discharge and dismissal restores the defendant, in*
25 *the contemplation of the law, to the status occupied before the*
26 *arrest, indictment or information.*

27 6. *The court shall order sealed all documents, papers and*
28 *exhibits in the defendant's record, minute book entries and entries*
29 *on dockets, and other documents relating to the case in the*
30 *custody of such other agencies and officers as are named in the*
31 *court's order if the defendant fulfills the terms and conditions*
32 *imposed by the court and the Division. The court shall order those*
33 *records sealed without a hearing unless the Division or the*
34 *prosecutor petitions the court, for good cause shown, not to seal*
35 *the records and requests a hearing thereon.*

36 7. *If the court orders sealed the record of a defendant*
37 *discharged pursuant to this section, the court shall send a copy of*
38 *the order to each agency or officer named in the order. Each such*
39 *agency or officer shall notify the court in writing of its compliance*
40 *with the order.*

41 **Sec. 20.** *A court may establish an appropriate program for*
42 *the treatment of drug or alcohol use to which it may assign a*
43 *defendant pursuant to NRS 174.032, 176.015, 176A.400, 453.336,*
44 *453.3363 or section 19 or 22 of this act. The assignment must*
45 *include the terms and conditions for successful completion of the*



1 *program and provide for progress reports at intervals set by the*
2 *court to ensure that the defendant is making satisfactory progress*
3 *towards completion of the program.*

4 **Sec. 21.** 1. *A justice court or a municipal court may, upon*
5 *approval of the district court, transfer original jurisdiction to the*
6 *district court of a case involving an eligible defendant.*

7 2. *As used in this section, "eligible defendant" means a*
8 *person who:*

9 (a) *Has not tendered a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or*
10 *nolo contendere to, or been found guilty or guilty but mentally ill*
11 *of, an offense that is a misdemeanor;*

12 (b) *Has been diagnosed as having a substance use disorder*
13 *after an in-person clinical assessment; and*

14 (c) *Would benefit from assignment to a program established*
15 *pursuant to section 20 of this act.*

16 **Sec. 22.** 1. *Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (a)*
17 *of subsection 3 of section 19 of this act, if a defendant who suffers*
18 *from a substance use disorder or any co-occurring disorder*
19 *tenders a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere*
20 *to, or is found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of, any offense for*
21 *which the suspension of sentence or the granting of probation is*
22 *not prohibited by statute, the court may:*

23 (a) *Without entering a judgment of conviction and with the*
24 *consent of the defendant, suspend or defer further proceedings*
25 *and place the defendant on probation upon terms and conditions*
26 *that must include attendance and successful completion of a*
27 *program established pursuant to section 20 of this act if the court*
28 *determines that the defendant is eligible for participation in such a*
29 *program; or*

30 (b) *Enter a judgment of conviction and place the defendant on*
31 *probation upon terms and conditions that must include attendance*
32 *and successful completion of a program established pursuant to*
33 *section 20 of this act if the court determines that the defendant is*
34 *eligible for participation in such a program.*

35 2. *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a defendant*
36 *is eligible for participation in a program established pursuant to*
37 *section 20 of this act if the defendant is diagnosed as having a*
38 *substance use disorder or any co-occurring disorder:*

39 (a) *After an in-person clinical assessment by:*

40 (1) *A counselor who is licensed or certified to make such a*
41 *diagnosis; or*

42 (2) *A duly licensed physician qualified by the Board of*
43 *Medical Examiners to make such a diagnosis; or*

44 (b) *Pursuant to a substance use assessment.*



1 3. A counselor or physician who diagnoses a defendant as
2 having a substance use disorder shall submit a report and
3 recommendation to the court concerning the length and type of
4 treatment required for the defendant.

5 4. If the offense committed by the defendant is a category A
6 felony or a sexual offense that is punishable as a category B
7 felony, the defendant is not eligible for assignment to the program.

8 5. Upon violation of a term or condition:

9 (a) The court may enter a judgment of conviction and proceed
10 as provided in the section pursuant to which the defendant was
11 charged.

12 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of
13 subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, the court may order the defendant to
14 the custody of the Department of Corrections if the offense is
15 punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.

16 6. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon
17 fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge
18 the defendant from probation and dismiss the proceedings. If the
19 defendant was previously convicted in this State or in any other
20 jurisdiction of a felony or previously failed to complete a specialty
21 court program, the court may, upon the defendant's fulfillment of
22 the terms and conditions, discharge the defendant from probation
23 and dismiss the proceedings. Discharge and dismissal pursuant to
24 this section is without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction
25 for purposes of this section or for purposes of employment, civil
26 rights or any statute or regulation or license or questionnaire or
27 for any other public or private purpose, but is a conviction for the
28 purpose of additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent
29 convictions or the setting of bail. Discharge and dismissal restores
30 the defendant, in the contemplation of the law, to the status
31 occupied before the arrest, indictment or information. The
32 defendant may not be held thereafter under any law to be guilty of
33 perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of failure
34 to recite or acknowledge that arrest, indictment, information or
35 trial in response to an inquiry made of the defendant for any
36 purpose.

37 **Sec. 23.** 1. After a defendant is discharged from probation
38 or a case is dismissed pursuant to section 22 of this act, the court
39 shall order sealed all documents, papers and exhibits in the
40 defendant's record, minute book entries and entries on dockets,
41 and other documents relating to the case in the custody of such
42 other agencies and officers as are named in the court's order if the
43 defendant fulfills the terms and conditions imposed by the court
44 and the Division. The court shall order those records sealed
45 without a hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good



1 *cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing*
2 *thereon.*

3 *2. If the court orders sealed the record of a defendant who is*
4 *discharged from probation or whose case is dismissed pursuant to*
5 *section 22 of this act, the court shall send a copy of the order to*
6 *each agency or officer named in the order. Each such agency or*
7 *officer shall notify the court in writing of its compliance with the*
8 *order.*

9 **Sec. 23.5.** NRS 176A.010 is hereby amended to read as
10 follows:

11 176A.010 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
12 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 176A.020 to
13 176A.090, inclusive, *and section 16.5 of this act* have the meanings
14 ascribed to them in those sections.

15 **Sec. 24.** NRS 176A.100 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 176A.100 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and
17 NRS 176A.110 and 176A.120, if a person is found guilty in a
18 district court upon verdict or plea of:

19 (a) Murder of the first or second degree, kidnapping in the first
20 degree, sexual assault, attempted sexual assault of a child who is
21 less than 16 years of age, lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS
22 201.230, an offense for which the suspension of sentence or the
23 granting of probation is expressly forbidden, or if the person is
24 found to be a habitual criminal pursuant to NRS 207.010, a
25 habitually fraudulent felon pursuant to NRS 207.014 or a habitual
26 felon pursuant to NRS 207.012, the court shall not suspend the
27 execution of the sentence imposed or grant probation to the person.

28 (b) A category E felony, except as otherwise provided in this
29 paragraph, the court shall suspend the execution of the sentence
30 imposed and grant probation to the person. The court may, as it
31 deems advisable, decide not to suspend the execution of the
32 sentence imposed and grant probation to the person if, at the time of
33 sentencing, it is established that the person ~~is~~:

34 ~~— (1) Was serving a term of probation or was on parole at the~~
35 ~~time the crime was committed, whether in this State or elsewhere,~~
36 ~~for a felony conviction;~~

37 ~~— (2) Had previously had the person's probation or parole~~
38 ~~revoked, whether in this State or elsewhere, for a felony conviction;~~

39 ~~— (3) Had previously been assigned to a program of treatment~~
40 ~~and rehabilitation pursuant to NRS 453.580 and failed to~~
41 ~~successfully complete that program; or~~

42 ~~— (4) Had~~ **had** previously been two times convicted, whether
43 in this State or elsewhere, of a crime that under the laws of the situs
44 of the crime or of this State would amount to a felony.



1 [↔] If the person denies the existence of a previous conviction, the
2 court shall determine the issue of the previous conviction after
3 hearing all relevant evidence presented on the issue by the
4 prosecution and the person. At such a hearing, the person may not
5 challenge the validity of a previous conviction. For the purposes of
6 this paragraph, a certified copy of a felony conviction is prima facie
7 evidence of conviction of a prior felony.

8 (c) Another felony, a gross misdemeanor or a misdemeanor, the
9 court may suspend the execution of the sentence imposed and grant
10 probation as the court deems advisable.

11 2. In determining whether to grant probation to a person, the
12 court shall not consider whether the person has the financial ability
13 to participate in a program of probation secured by a surety bond
14 established pursuant to NRS 176A.300 to 176A.370, inclusive.

15 3. The court shall consider the standards adopted pursuant to
16 NRS 213.10988 and the recommendation of the Chief Parole and
17 Probation Officer, if any, in determining whether to grant probation
18 to a person.

19 4. If the court determines that a person is otherwise eligible for
20 probation but requires more supervision than would normally be
21 provided to a person granted probation, the court may, in lieu of
22 sentencing the person to a term of imprisonment, grant probation
23 pursuant to the Program of Intensive Supervision established
24 pursuant to NRS 176A.440.

25 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if a person
26 is convicted of a felony and the Division is required to make a
27 presentence investigation and report to the court pursuant to NRS
28 176.135, the court shall not grant probation to the person until the
29 court receives the report of the presentence investigation from the
30 Chief Parole and Probation Officer. The Chief Parole and Probation
31 Officer shall submit the report of the presentence investigation to
32 the court not later than 45 days after receiving a request for a
33 presentence investigation from the county clerk. If the report of the
34 presentence investigation is not submitted by the Chief Parole and
35 Probation Officer within 45 days, the court may grant probation
36 without the report.

37 6. If the court determines that a person is otherwise eligible for
38 probation, the court shall, when determining the conditions of that
39 probation, consider the imposition of such conditions as would
40 facilitate timely payments by the person of an obligation, if any, for
41 the support of a child and the payment of any such obligation which
42 is in arrears.

43 **Sec. 25.** NRS 176A.210 is hereby amended to read as follows:
44 176A.210 Upon entry of an order of probation by the court, a
45 person:



1 1. Shall be deemed accepted for probation for all purposes; and
2 2. Shall submit to the Division for filing with the clerk of the
3 court of competent jurisdiction a signed document stating that:

4 (a) The person will comply with the conditions which have been
5 imposed by the court ; ~~and are stated in the document;~~ and

6 (b) If the person fails to comply with the conditions imposed by
7 the court and is taken into custody outside of this State, the person
8 waives all rights relating to extradition proceedings.

9 **Sec. 26.** NRS 176A.250 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 176A.250 A court may establish an appropriate program for
11 the treatment of mental illness or intellectual disabilities to which it
12 may assign a defendant pursuant to NRS 174.032 , ~~for~~ 176A.260 ~~or~~
13 ~~or 176A.400 or section 19 of this act.~~ The assignment must include
14 the terms and conditions for successful completion of the program
15 and provide for progress reports at intervals set by the court to
16 ensure that the defendant is making satisfactory progress towards
17 completion of the program.

18 **Sec. 27.** NRS 176A.260 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 176A.260 1. Except as otherwise provided in ~~subsection 2,~~
20 ~~paragraph (a) of subsection 3 of section 19 of this act,~~ if a
21 defendant who suffers from mental illness or is intellectually
22 disabled tenders a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo
23 contendere to, or is found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of, any
24 offense for which the suspension of sentence or the granting of
25 probation is not prohibited by statute, the court may ~~without~~ :

26 (a) *Without* entering a judgment of conviction and with the
27 consent of the defendant, suspend *or defer* further proceedings and
28 place the defendant on probation upon terms and conditions that
29 must include attendance and successful completion of a program
30 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250 ~~if the court determines~~
31 ~~that the defendant is eligible for participation in such a program;~~
32 *or*

33 (b) *Enter a judgment of conviction and place the defendant on*
34 *probation upon terms and conditions that must include attendance*
35 *and successful completion of a program established pursuant to*
36 *NRS 176A.250, if the court determines that the defendant is*
37 *eligible for participation in such a program.*

38 2. *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a defendant*
39 *is eligible for participation in a program established pursuant to*
40 *NRS 176A.250 if the defendant is diagnosed as having a mental*
41 *illness or an intellectual disability:*

42 (a) *After an in-person clinical assessment by:*

43 (1) *A counselor who is licensed or certified to make such a*
44 *diagnosis; or*



1 (2) *A duly licensed physician qualified by the Board of*
2 *Medical Examiners to make such a diagnosis; and*

3 (b) *If the defendant appears to suffer from a mental illness,*
4 *pursuant to a mental health screening that indicates the presence*
5 *of a mental illness.*

6 3. *A counselor or physician who diagnoses a defendant as*
7 *having a mental illness or intellectual disability shall submit a*
8 *report and recommendation to the court concerning the length*
9 *and type of treatment required for the defendant within the*
10 *maximum probation terms applicable to the offense for which the*
11 *defendant is convicted.*

12 4. If the offense committed by the defendant ~~involved the use~~
13 ~~or threatened use of force or violence or if the defendant was~~
14 ~~previously convicted in this State or in any other jurisdiction of a~~
15 ~~felony that involved the use or threatened use of force or violence,~~
16 ~~the court may not assign] is a category A felony or a sexual offense~~
17 ~~that is punishable as a category B felony, the defendant [to the] is~~
18 ~~not eligible for assignment to the program . [unless the prosecuting~~
19 ~~attorney stipulates to the assignment.~~

20 —3.] 5. Upon violation of a term or condition:

21 (a) The court may enter a judgment of conviction and proceed as
22 provided in the section pursuant to which the defendant was
23 charged.

24 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of
25 subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, the court may order the defendant to
26 the custody of the Department of Corrections if the offense is
27 punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.

28 ~~[4.—Upon]~~

29 6. *Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, upon*
30 *fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall discharge the*
31 *defendant from probation and dismiss the proceedings. If the*
32 *defendant was previously convicted in this State or in any other*
33 *jurisdiction of a felony or previously failed to complete a specialty*
34 *court program, the court may, upon the defendant's fulfillment of*
35 *the terms and conditions, discharge the defendant from probation*
36 *and dismiss the proceedings.* Discharge and dismissal pursuant to
37 this section is without adjudication of guilt and is not a conviction
38 for purposes of this section or for purposes of employment, civil
39 rights or any statute or regulation or license or questionnaire or for
40 any other public or private purpose, but is a conviction for the
41 purpose of additional penalties imposed for second or subsequent
42 convictions or the setting of bail. Discharge and dismissal restores
43 the defendant, in the contemplation of the law, to the status occupied
44 before the arrest, indictment or information. The defendant may not
45 be held thereafter under any law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise



1 giving a false statement by reason of failure to recite or
2 acknowledge that arrest, indictment, information or trial in response
3 to an inquiry made of the defendant for any purpose.

4 **Sec. 28.** NRS 176A.265 is hereby amended to read as follows:

5 176A.265 1. After a defendant is discharged from probation
6 *or a case is dismissed* pursuant to NRS 176A.260, the court shall
7 order sealed all documents, papers and exhibits in the defendant's
8 record, minute book entries and entries on dockets, and other
9 documents relating to the case in the custody of such other agencies
10 and officers as are named in the court's order if the defendant
11 fulfills the terms and conditions imposed by the court and the
12 Division. The court shall order those records sealed without a
13 hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good cause
14 shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

15 2. If the court orders sealed the record of a defendant *who is*
16 discharged *from probation or whose case is dismissed* pursuant to
17 NRS 176A.260, the court shall send a copy of the order to each
18 agency or officer named in the order. Each such agency or officer
19 shall notify the court in writing of its compliance with the order.

20 **Sec. 29.** NRS 176A.280 is hereby amended to read as follows:

21 176A.280 1. A district court, justice court or municipal court
22 may establish an appropriate program for the treatment of veterans
23 and members of the military to which it may assign a defendant
24 pursuant to NRS 174.032 , ~~or~~ 176A.290 *or 176A.400 or section 19*
25 *of this act* if the defendant is a veteran or member of the military
26 and:

27 (a) ~~Appears to suffer~~ *Is diagnosed after an in-person clinical*
28 *assessment by a counselor who is licensed or certified to make*
29 *such a diagnosis or a physician who is certified by the Board of*
30 *Medical Examiners to make such a diagnosis, or by the results of*
31 *a mental health or substance use screening, as suffering* from:

32 (1) Mental illness, alcohol or drug ~~abuse,~~ *use,*
33 posttraumatic stress disorder or a traumatic brain injury, any of
34 which appear to be related to military service, including, without
35 limitation, any readjustment to civilian life which is necessary after
36 combat service; or

37 (2) Military sexual trauma;

38 (b) Would benefit from assignment to the program; and

39 (c) Is not ineligible for assignment to the program pursuant to
40 NRS 176A.287 or any other provision of law.

41 2. The assignment of a defendant to a program pursuant to this
42 section must:

43 (a) Include the terms and conditions for successful completion
44 of the program; *and*



(b) Provide for progress reports at intervals set by the court to ensure that the defendant is making satisfactory progress towards completion of the program. ~~[-and~~

~~-(c) Be for a period of not less than 12 months.]~~

3. As used in this section:

(a) "Military sexual trauma" means psychological trauma that is the result of sexual harassment or an act of sexual assault that occurred while the veteran or member of the military was serving on active duty, active duty for training or inactive duty training.

(b) "Sexual harassment" means repeated, unsolicited verbal or physical contact of a sexual nature that is threatening in character.

Sec. 29.5. NRS 176A.287 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176A.287 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a defendant is not eligible for assignment to a program of treatment established pursuant to NRS 176A.280 if :

(a) *The offense committed by* the defendant ~~[-~~

~~-(a) Has previously been assigned to such a program;] was a category A felony or a sexual offense that is punishable as a category B felony;~~ or

(b) ~~[Was]~~ *The defendant was* discharged or released from the Armed Forces of the United States, a reserve component thereof or the National Guard under dishonorable conditions.

2. A defendant described in paragraph (b) of subsection 1 may be assigned to a program of treatment established pursuant to NRS 176A.280 if a justice court, municipal court or district court, as applicable, determines that extraordinary circumstances exist which warrant the assignment of the defendant to the program.

Sec. 30. NRS 176A.290 is hereby amended to read as follows:

176A.290 1. Except as otherwise provided in ~~[-subsection 2 and]~~ NRS 176A.287 ~~[-]~~ *and paragraph (a) of subsection 3 of section 19 of this act,* if a defendant described in NRS 176A.280 tenders a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to, or is found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of, any offense for which the suspension of sentence or the granting of probation is not prohibited by statute, the district court, justice court or municipal court, as applicable, may ~~[-without]~~ :

(a) *Without* entering a judgment of conviction and with the consent of the defendant, suspend *or defer* further proceedings and place the defendant on probation upon terms and conditions that must include attendance and successful completion of a program established pursuant to NRS 176A.280 ~~[-]~~ *if the court determines that the defendant is eligible for participation in such a program;* or



1 (b) *Enter a judgment of conviction and place the defendant on*
2 *probation upon terms and conditions that must include attendance*
3 *and successful completion of a program established pursuant to*
4 *NRS 176A.280 if the court determines that the defendant is*
5 *eligible for participation in such a program.*

6 ~~2. If the offense committed by the defendant involved the use~~
7 ~~or threatened use of force or violence or if the defendant was~~
8 ~~previously convicted in this State or in any other jurisdiction of a~~
9 ~~felony that involved the use or threatened use of force or violence,~~
10 ~~the district court, justice court or municipal court, as applicable, may~~
11 ~~not assign the defendant to the program unless the prosecuting~~
12 ~~attorney stipulates to the assignment. For the purposes of this~~
13 ~~subsection, in determining whether an offense involved the use or~~
14 ~~threatened use of force or violence, the district court, justice court or~~
15 ~~municipal court, as applicable, shall consider the facts and~~
16 ~~circumstances surrounding the offense, including, without~~
17 ~~limitation, whether the defendant intended to place another person~~
18 ~~in reasonable apprehension of bodily harm.~~

19 ~~—3.]~~ Upon violation of a term or condition:

20 (a) The district court, justice court or municipal court, as
21 applicable, may impose sanctions against the defendant for the
22 violation, but allow the defendant to remain in the program. Before
23 imposing a sanction, the court shall notify the defendant of the
24 violation and provide the defendant an opportunity to respond. Any
25 sanction imposed pursuant to this paragraph:

26 (1) Must be in accordance with any applicable guidelines for
27 sanctions established by the National Association of Drug Court
28 Professionals or any successor organization; and

29 (2) May include, without limitation, imprisonment in a
30 county or city jail or detention facility for a term set by the court,
31 which must not exceed 25 days.

32 (b) The district court, justice court or municipal court, as
33 applicable, may enter a judgment of conviction and proceed as
34 provided in the section pursuant to which the defendant was
35 charged.

36 (c) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (e) of
37 subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, the district court may order the
38 defendant to the custody of the Department of Corrections if the
39 offense is punishable by imprisonment in the state prison.

40 ~~[4.]~~ 3. Except as otherwise provided in *this subsection and*
41 *subsection [5.] 4*, upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the
42 district court, justice court or municipal court, as applicable, shall
43 discharge the defendant *from probation* and dismiss the
44 proceedings. *If the defendant was previously convicted in this State*
45 *or in any other jurisdiction of a felony or previously failed to*



1 *complete a specialty court program, the court may, upon the*
2 *defendant's fulfillment of the terms and conditions, discharge the*
3 *defendant from probation and dismiss the proceedings.* Discharge
4 and dismissal pursuant to this section is without adjudication of guilt
5 and is not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of
6 employment, civil rights or any statute or regulation or license or
7 questionnaire or for any other public or private purpose, but is a
8 conviction for the purpose of additional penalties imposed for
9 second or subsequent convictions or the setting of bail. Discharge
10 and dismissal restores the defendant, in the contemplation of the
11 law, to the status occupied before the arrest, complaint, indictment
12 or information. The defendant may not be held thereafter under any
13 law to be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by
14 reason of failure to recite or acknowledge that arrest, complaint,
15 indictment, information or trial in response to an inquiry made of
16 the defendant for any purpose.

17 ~~[S.]~~ 4. If the defendant was charged with a violation of NRS
18 200.485, 484C.110 or 484C.120, upon fulfillment of the terms and
19 conditions, the district court, justice court or municipal court, as
20 applicable, may conditionally dismiss the charges. If a court
21 conditionally dismisses the charges, the court shall notify the
22 defendant that the conditionally dismissed charges are a conviction
23 for the purpose of additional penalties imposed for second or
24 subsequent convictions or the setting of bail in a future case, but are
25 not a conviction for purposes of employment, civil rights or any
26 statute or regulation or license or questionnaire or for any other
27 public or private purpose. Conditional dismissal restores the
28 defendant, in the contemplation of the law, to the status occupied
29 before the arrest, complaint, indictment or information. The
30 defendant may not be held thereafter under any law to be guilty of
31 perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason of failure to
32 recite or acknowledge that arrest, complaint, indictment,
33 information or trial in response to an inquiry made of the defendant
34 for any purpose.

35 **Sec. 31.** NRS 176A.295 is hereby amended to read as follows:
36 176A.295 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,
37 after a defendant is discharged from probation *or a case is dismissed*
38 pursuant to NRS 176A.290, the justice court, municipal court or
39 district court, as applicable, shall order sealed all documents, papers
40 and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute book entries and
41 entries on dockets, and other documents relating to the case in the
42 custody of such other agencies and officers as are named in the
43 court's order if the defendant fulfills the terms and conditions
44 imposed by the court and the Division. The justice court, municipal
45 court or district court, as applicable, shall order those records sealed



1 without a hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good
2 cause shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

3 2. If the defendant is charged with a violation of NRS 200.485,
4 484C.110 or 484C.120 and the charges are conditionally dismissed
5 as provided in ~~subsection 5 of~~ NRS 176A.290, not sooner than 7
6 years after such a conditional dismissal and upon the filing of a
7 petition by the defendant, the justice court, municipal court or
8 district court, as applicable, shall order that all documents, papers
9 and exhibits in the defendant's record, minute book entries and
10 entries on dockets, and other documents relating to the case in the
11 custody of such other agencies and officers as are named in the
12 court's order be sealed. The justice court, municipal court or district
13 court, as applicable, shall order those records sealed without a
14 hearing unless the Division petitions the court, for good cause
15 shown, not to seal the records and requests a hearing thereon.

16 3. If the justice court, municipal court or district court, as
17 applicable, orders sealed the record of a defendant *who is*
18 discharged *from probation, whose case is dismissed* or whose
19 charges were conditionally dismissed pursuant to NRS 176A.290,
20 the court shall send a copy of the order to each agency or officer
21 named in the order. Each such agency or officer shall notify the
22 justice court, municipal court or district court, as applicable, in
23 writing of its compliance with the order.

24 **Sec. 32.** NRS 176A.400 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 176A.400 1. In issuing an order granting probation, *a*
26 *suspended sentence or a deferred sentence pursuant to section 19*
27 *of this act*, the court may fix the terms and conditions thereof,
28 including, without limitation:

29 (a) A requirement for restitution;

30 (b) An order that the probationer dispose of all the weapons the
31 probationer possesses; or

32 (c) Any reasonable conditions to protect the health, safety or
33 welfare of the community or to ensure that the probationer will
34 appear at all times and places ordered by the court, including,
35 without limitation:

36 (1) Requiring the probationer to remain in this State or a
37 certain county within this State;

38 (2) Prohibiting the probationer from contacting or attempting
39 to contact a specific person *whom the probationer is prohibited*
40 *from contacting by court order* or from causing or attempting to
41 cause another person to contact that person on the probationer's
42 behalf;

43 (3) Prohibiting the probationer from entering a certain
44 geographic area; or



1 (4) Prohibiting the probationer from engaging in specific
2 conduct that ~~may be~~ *is* harmful to the probationer's own health,
3 safety or welfare, or the health, safety or welfare of another person.

4 2. In issuing an order granting probation, *a suspended*
5 *sentence or a deferred sentence pursuant to section 19 of this act*
6 to a person who is found guilty of a category C, D or E felony, the
7 court may require the person as a condition of probation to
8 participate in and complete to the satisfaction of the court any
9 alternative program, treatment or activity deemed appropriate by the
10 court ~~{ }~~, *including, without limitation, any specialty court*
11 *program.*

12 3. The court shall not suspend the execution of a sentence of
13 imprisonment after the defendant has begun to serve it.

14 4. In placing any defendant on probation or in granting a
15 defendant a suspended *or deferred* sentence, the court shall direct
16 that the defendant be placed under the supervision of the Chief
17 Parole and Probation Officer.

18 **Sec. 33.** NRS 176A.420 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 176A.420 1. Upon the granting of probation to a person
20 convicted of a felony or gross misdemeanor, the court may, when
21 the circumstances warrant, require as a condition of probation that
22 the probationer submit to periodic tests to determine whether the
23 probationer is using any controlled substance. Any such use or any
24 failure or refusal to submit to a test is a ~~ground for revocation of~~
25 ~~probation.~~ *violation for which a graduated sanction may be*
26 *imposed in accordance with the system adopted by the Division*
27 *pursuant to section 18 of this act.*

28 2. Any expense incurred as a result of a test must be paid from
29 appropriations to the Division on claims as other claims against the
30 State are paid.

31 **Sec. 34.** NRS 176A.500 is hereby amended to read as follows:

32 176A.500 1. ~~The~~ *Except as otherwise provided in*
33 *subsection 2, the* period of probation or suspension of sentence may
34 be indeterminate or may be fixed by the court and may at any time
35 be extended or terminated by the court, but the period, including any
36 extensions thereof, must not be more than:

37 (a) ~~Three years~~ *Twelve months* for a:

38 (1) Gross misdemeanor; or

39 (2) Suspension of sentence pursuant to NRS 176A.260,
40 176A.290 or 453.3363 ~~{ }~~ *or section 22 of this act;*

41 (b) ~~Five years~~ *Eighteen months* for a *category E* felony ~~{ }~~;

42 (c) *Twenty-four months for a category C or D felony; or*

43 (d) *Thirty-six months for a category B felony.*

44 2. *The court may extend the period of probation or*
45 *suspension of sentence ordered pursuant to subsection 1 for a*



1 *period of not more than 12 months if such an extension is*
2 *necessary for the defendant to complete his or her participation in*
3 *a specialty court program.*

4 3. At any time during probation or suspension of sentence, the
5 court may issue a warrant for violating any of the conditions of
6 probation or suspension of sentence and cause the defendant to be
7 arrested. Except for the purpose of giving a dishonorable discharge
8 from probation, and except as otherwise provided in this subsection,
9 the time during which a warrant for violating any of the conditions
10 of probation is in effect is not part of the period of probation. If the
11 warrant is cancelled or probation is reinstated, the court may include
12 any amount of that time as part of the period of probation.

13 ~~3.4~~ 4. Any parole and probation officer or any peace officer
14 with power to arrest may arrest a probationer without a warrant, or
15 may deputize any other officer with power to arrest to do so by
16 giving the probationer a written statement setting forth that the
17 probationer has, in the judgment of the parole and probation officer,
18 violated the conditions of probation. Except as otherwise provided
19 in subsection ~~4.4~~ 5, the parole and probation officer or the peace
20 officer, after making an arrest, shall present to the detaining
21 authorities, if any, a statement of the charges against the
22 probationer. The parole and probation officer shall at once notify the
23 court which granted probation of the arrest and detention or
24 residential confinement of the probationer and shall submit a report
25 in writing showing in what manner the probationer has violated the
26 conditions of probation.

27 ~~4.4~~ 5. A parole and probation officer or a peace officer may
28 immediately release from custody without any further proceedings
29 any person the officer arrests without a warrant for violating a
30 condition of probation if the parole and probation officer or peace
31 officer determines that there is no probable cause to believe that the
32 person violated the condition of probation.

33 ~~5.4~~ 6. A person who is sentenced to serve a period of
34 probation for a felony or a gross misdemeanor must be allowed for
35 the period of the probation a deduction of:

36 (a) Ten days from that period for each month the person serves
37 and is current with any fee to defray the costs of his or her
38 supervision charged by the Division of Parole and Probation of the
39 Department of Public Safety pursuant to NRS 213.1076 and with
40 any payment of restitution ordered by the court, including, without
41 limitation, any payment of restitution required pursuant to NRS
42 176A.430. A person shall be deemed to be current with any such fee
43 and payment of restitution for any given month if, during that
44 month, the person makes at least the minimum monthly payment



1 established by the court or, if the court does not establish a
2 minimum monthly payment, by the Division.

3 (b) Except as otherwise provided in subsection ~~{7.}~~ 8, 10 days
4 from that period for each month the person serves and is actively
5 involved in employment or enrolled in a program of education,
6 rehabilitation or any other program approved by the Division.

7 ~~{6.}~~ 7. A person must be allowed a deduction pursuant to
8 paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection ~~{5}~~ 6 regardless of whether the
9 person has satisfied the requirements of the other paragraph and
10 must be allowed a deduction pursuant to paragraphs (a) and (b) of
11 subsection ~~{5}~~ 6 if the person has satisfied the requirements of both
12 paragraphs of that subsection.

13 ~~{7.}~~ 8. A person who is sentenced to serve a period of
14 probation for a felony or a gross misdemeanor and who is a
15 participant in a specialty court program must be allowed a deduction
16 from the period of probation for being actively involved in
17 employment or enrolled in a program of education, rehabilitation or
18 any other program approved by the Division only if the person
19 successfully completes the specialty court program. Such a
20 deduction must not exceed the length of time remaining on the
21 person's period of probation.

22 ~~{8.—As used in this section, “specialty court program” means a~~
23 ~~program established by a court to facilitate testing, treatment and~~
24 ~~oversight of certain persons over whom the court has jurisdiction~~
25 ~~and who the court has determined suffer from mental illnesses or~~
26 ~~abuse alcohol or drugs. Such a program includes, without limitation,~~
27 ~~a program established pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 or~~
28 ~~453.580.]~~

29 **Sec. 35.** NRS 176A.630 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 176A.630 *1.* If the probationer is arrested, by or without
31 warrant, in another judicial district of this state, the court which
32 granted the probation may assign the case to the district court of that
33 district, with the consent of that court. The court retaining or thus
34 acquiring jurisdiction shall cause the defendant to be brought before
35 it, consider the standards adopted pursuant to NRS 213.10988 *and*
36 *system of graduated sanctions adopted pursuant to section 18 of*
37 *this act, as applicable*, and the recommendation, if any, of the Chief
38 Parole and Probation Officer. Upon determining that the probationer
39 has violated a condition of probation, the court shall, if practicable,
40 order the probationer to make restitution for any necessary expenses
41 incurred by a governmental entity in returning the probationer to the
42 court for violation of the probation. ~~{The}~~ *If the court finds that the*
43 *probationer committed a violation of a condition of probation by*
44 *committing a new felony, gross misdemeanor, battery which*
45 *constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 200.485 or*



1 *violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 or by absconding, the*
2 *court may:*

3 ~~[1.]~~ (a) Continue or revoke the probation or suspension of
4 sentence;

5 ~~[2.]~~ (b) Order the probationer to a term of residential
6 confinement pursuant to NRS 176A.660;

7 ~~[3.]~~ (c) Order the probationer to undergo a program of
8 regimental discipline pursuant to NRS 176A.780;

9 ~~[4.]~~ (d) Cause the sentence imposed to be executed; or

10 ~~[5.]~~ (e) Modify the original sentence imposed by reducing the
11 term of imprisonment and cause the modified sentence to be
12 executed. The court shall not make the term of imprisonment less
13 than the minimum term of imprisonment prescribed by the
14 applicable penal statute. If the Chief Parole and Probation Officer
15 recommends that the sentence of a probationer be modified and the
16 modified sentence be executed, the Chief Parole and Probation
17 Officer shall provide notice of the recommendation to any victim of
18 the crime for which the probationer was convicted who has
19 requested in writing to be notified and who has provided a current
20 address to the Division. The notice must inform the victim that he or
21 she has the right to submit documents to the court and to be present
22 and heard at the hearing to determine whether the sentence of a
23 probationer who has violated a condition of probation should be
24 modified. The court shall not modify the sentence of a probationer
25 and cause the sentence to be executed until it has confirmed that the
26 Chief Parole and Probation Officer has complied with the provisions
27 of this ~~[subsection.]~~ *paragraph*. The Chief Parole and Probation
28 Officer must not be held responsible when such notification is not
29 received by the victim if the victim has not provided a current
30 address. All personal information, including, but not limited to, a
31 current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which is
32 received by the Division pursuant to this ~~[subsection.]~~ *paragraph* is
33 confidential.

34 *2. If the court finds that the probationer committed one or*
35 *more technical violations of the conditions of probation, the court*
36 *may:*

37 (a) *Continue the probation or suspension of sentence;*

38 (b) *Order the probationer to a term of residential confinement*
39 *pursuant to NRS 176A.660;*

40 (c) *Temporarily revoke the probation or suspension of*
41 *sentence and impose a term of imprisonment of not more than:*

42 (1) *Thirty days for the first temporary revocation;*

43 (2) *Sixty days for the second temporary revocation; or*

44 (3) *Ninety days for the third temporary revocation; or*



1 (d) Fully revoke the probation or suspension of sentence and
2 impose imprisonment for the remainder of the sentence for a
3 fourth or subsequent revocation.

4 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a probationer
5 who is arrested and detained for committing a technical violation
6 of the conditions of probation must be brought before the court
7 not later than 15 calendar days after the date of arrest and
8 detention. If a hearing is not held within 15 calendar days, the
9 probationer must be released from detention and returned to
10 probation status. Following a probationer's release from
11 detention, the court may subsequently hold a hearing to determine
12 if a technical violation has occurred. If the court finds that such a
13 technical violation occurred, the court may:

14 (a) Continue probation and modify the terms and conditions of
15 probation; or

16 (b) Fully or temporarily revoke probation in accordance with
17 the provisions of subsection 2.

18 4. The commission of one of the following acts by a
19 probationer must not, by itself, be used as the only basis for the
20 revocation of probation:

21 (a) Consuming any alcoholic beverage.

22 (b) Testing positive on a drug or alcohol test.

23 (c) Failing to abide by the requirements of a mental health or
24 substance use treatment program.

25 (d) Failing to seek and maintain employment.

26 (e) Failing to pay any required fines or fees.

27 (f) Failing to report any changes in residence.

28 5. As used in this section:

29 (a) "Absconding" means failing to report or otherwise
30 communicate with the Division for a continuous period of 60 days
31 or more.

32 (b) "Technical violation" means any alleged violation of the
33 conditions of probation that is not the commission of a new felony,
34 gross misdemeanor, battery which constitutes domestic violence
35 pursuant to NRS 200.485 or violation of NRS 484C.110 or
36 484C.120 and does not constitute absconding. The term does not
37 include termination from a specialty court program.

38 **Sec. 36.** NRS 178.461 is hereby amended to read as follows:

39 178.461 1. If the proceedings against a defendant who is
40 charged with any category A felony or a category B felony listed in
41 subsection 6 are dismissed pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS
42 178.425, the prosecuting attorney may, within 10 judicial days
43 after the dismissal, file a motion with the court for a hearing to
44 determine whether to commit the person to the custody of the
45 Administrator pursuant to subsection 3. Except as otherwise



1 provided in subsection 2, the court shall hold the hearing within 10
2 judicial days after the motion is filed with the court.

3 2. If the prosecuting attorney files a motion pursuant to
4 subsection 1, the prosecuting attorney shall, not later than the date
5 on which the prosecuting attorney files the motion, request from the
6 Division a comprehensive risk assessment which indicates whether
7 the person requires the level of security provided by a forensic
8 facility. The Division shall provide the requested comprehensive
9 risk assessment to the court, the prosecuting attorney and counsel
10 for the person not later than three judicial days before the hearing. If
11 the person was charged with any category A felony other than
12 murder or sexual assault or a category B felony listed in subsection
13 6 and the comprehensive risk assessment indicates that the person
14 does not require the level of security provided by a forensic facility,
15 the court shall dismiss the motion.

16 3. At a hearing held pursuant to subsection 1, if the court finds
17 by clear and convincing evidence that the person has a mental
18 disorder, that the person is a danger to himself or herself or others
19 and that the person's dangerousness is such that the person requires
20 placement at a forensic facility, the court may order:

21 (a) The sheriff to take the person into protective custody and
22 transport the person to a forensic facility; and

23 (b) That the person be committed to the custody of the
24 Administrator and kept under observation until the person is eligible
25 for conditional release pursuant to NRS 178.463 or until the
26 maximum length of commitment described in subsection 4 or 7 has
27 expired.

28 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the length of
29 commitment of a person pursuant to subsection 3 must not exceed
30 10 years, including any time that the person has been on conditional
31 release pursuant to NRS 178.463.

32 5. At least once every 12 months, the court shall review the
33 eligibility of the defendant for conditional release.

34 6. The provisions of subsection 1 apply to any of the following
35 category B felonies:

- 36 (a) Voluntary manslaughter pursuant to NRS 200.050;
37 (b) Mayhem pursuant to NRS 200.280;
38 (c) Kidnapping in the second degree pursuant to NRS 200.330;
39 (d) Assault with a deadly weapon pursuant to NRS 200.471;
40 (e) Battery with a deadly weapon pursuant to NRS 200.481;
41 (f) Aggravated stalking pursuant to NRS 200.575;
42 (g) First degree arson pursuant to NRS 205.010;
43 (h) ~~Burglary~~ *Residential burglary* with a deadly weapon
44 pursuant to NRS 205.060;



1 (i) Invasion of the home with a deadly weapon pursuant to
2 NRS 205.067;

3 (j) Any category B felony involving the use of a firearm; and

4 (k) Any attempt to commit a category A felony.

5 7. If a person is within 6 months of the maximum length of
6 commitment set forth in this subsection or subsection 4, as
7 applicable, and:

8 (a) Was charged with murder or sexual assault; and

9 (b) Was committed to the custody of the Administrator pursuant
10 to this subsection or subsection 3,

11 ➤ the Administrator may file a motion to request an extension of
12 the length of commitment for not more than 5 additional years.

13 8. The court may grant a motion for an extension of the length
14 of commitment pursuant to subsection 7 if, at a hearing conducted
15 on the motion, the court finds by clear and convincing evidence that
16 the person is a danger to himself or herself or others and that the
17 person's dangerousness is such that the person requires placement at
18 a forensic facility.

19 9. At a hearing conducted pursuant to subsection 8, a person
20 who is committed has the right to be represented by counsel. If the
21 person does not have counsel, the court shall appoint an attorney to
22 represent the person.

23 **Sec. 37.** NRS 179.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

24 179.245 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 and
25 NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.247, 179.259, 201.354, 453.3365
26 and ~~458.330,~~ *sections 19 and 23 of this act*, a person may petition
27 the court in which the person was convicted for the sealing of all
28 records relating to a conviction of:

29 (a) A category A felony, a crime of violence pursuant to NRS
30 200.408 or *residential* burglary pursuant to NRS 205.060 after 10
31 years from the date of release from actual custody or discharge from
32 parole or probation, whichever occurs later;

33 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (e), a
34 category B, C or D felony after 5 years from the date of release from
35 actual custody or discharge from parole or probation, whichever
36 occurs later;

37 (c) A category E felony after 2 years from the date of release
38 from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation,
39 whichever occurs later;

40 (d) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), any gross
41 misdemeanor after 2 years from the date of release from actual
42 custody or discharge from probation, whichever occurs later;

43 (e) A violation of NRS 422.540 to 422.570, inclusive, a
44 violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 other than a felony, or a
45 battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018



1 other than a felony, after 7 years from the date of release from actual
2 custody or from the date when the person is no longer under a
3 suspended sentence, whichever occurs later;

4 (f) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), if the offense
5 is punished as a misdemeanor, a battery pursuant to NRS 200.481,
6 harassment pursuant to NRS 200.571, stalking pursuant to NRS
7 200.575 or a violation of a temporary or extended order for
8 protection, after 2 years from the date of release from actual custody
9 or from the date when the person is no longer under a suspended
10 sentence, whichever occurs later; or

11 (g) Any other misdemeanor after 1 year from the date of release
12 from actual custody or from the date when the person is no longer
13 under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later.

14 2. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 must:

15 (a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records
16 received from the Central Repository for Nevada Records of
17 Criminal History;

18 (b) If the petition references NRS 453.3365 , ~~for 458.330,~~
19 include a certificate of acknowledgment or the disposition of the
20 proceedings for the records to be sealed from all agencies of
21 criminal justice which maintain such records;

22 (c) Include a list of any other public or private agency, company,
23 official or other custodian of records that is reasonably known to the
24 petitioner to have possession of records of the conviction and to
25 whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be directed; and

26 (d) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of
27 the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be
28 sealed, including, without limitation, the:

29 (1) Date of birth of the petitioner;

30 (2) Specific conviction to which the records to be sealed
31 pertain; and

32 (3) Date of arrest relating to the specific (3) conviction to which
33 the records to be sealed pertain.

34 3. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to this section, the court
35 shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner
36 for the crime and the prosecuting attorney, including, without
37 limitation, the Attorney General, who prosecuted the petitioner for
38 the crime. The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant
39 evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the
40 petition.

41 4. If the prosecuting attorney who prosecuted the petitioner for
42 the crime stipulates to the sealing of the records after receiving
43 notification pursuant to subsection 3 and the court makes the
44 findings set forth in subsection 5, the court may order the sealing of
45 the records in accordance with subsection 5 without a hearing. If the



1 prosecuting attorney does not stipulate to the sealing of the records,
2 a hearing on the petition must be conducted.

3 5. If the court finds that, in the period prescribed in subsection
4 1, the petitioner has not been charged with any offense for which the
5 charges are pending or convicted of any offense, except for minor
6 moving or standing traffic violations, the court may order sealed all
7 records of the conviction which are in the custody of any agency of
8 criminal justice or any public or private agency, company, official
9 or other custodian of records in the State of Nevada, and may also
10 order all such records of the petitioner returned to the file of the
11 court where the proceeding was commenced from, including,
12 without limitation, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and all other
13 agencies of criminal justice which maintain such records and which
14 are reasonably known by either the petitioner or the court to have
15 possession of such records.

16 6. A person may not petition the court to seal records relating
17 to a conviction of:

18 (a) A crime against a child;

19 (b) A sexual offense;

20 (c) *Invasion of the home with a deadly weapon pursuant to*
21 *NRS 205.067;*

22 (d) A violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable
23 as a felony pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of
24 NRS 484C.400;

25 ~~(e)~~ (e) A violation of NRS 484C.430;

26 ~~(f)~~ (f) A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual
27 physical control of a vehicle while under the influence of
28 intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance or resulting from any
29 other conduct prohibited by NRS 484C.110, 484C.130 or 484C.430;

30 ~~(g)~~ (g) A violation of NRS 488.410 that is punishable as a
31 felony pursuant to NRS 488.427; or

32 ~~(h)~~ (h) A violation of NRS 488.420 or 488.425.

33 7. If the court grants a petition for the sealing of records
34 pursuant to this section, upon the request of the person whose
35 records are sealed, the court may order sealed all records of the civil
36 proceeding in which the records were sealed.

37 8. As used in this section:

38 (a) "Crime against a child" has the meaning ascribed to it in
39 NRS 179D.0357.

40 (b) "Sexual offense" means:

41 (1) Murder of the first degree committed in the perpetration
42 or attempted perpetration of sexual assault or of sexual abuse or
43 sexual molestation of a child less than 14 years of age pursuant to
44 paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.030.

45 (2) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366.



1 (3) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368, if
2 punishable as a felony.

3 (4) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to
4 NRS 200.400.

5 (5) An offense involving the administration of a drug to
6 another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of
7 a felony pursuant to NRS 200.405, if the felony is an offense listed
8 in this paragraph.

9 (6) An offense involving the administration of a controlled
10 substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the
11 commission of a crime of violence pursuant to NRS 200.408, if the
12 crime of violence is an offense listed in this paragraph.

13 (7) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse
14 involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation.

15 (8) An offense involving pornography and a minor pursuant
16 to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive.

17 (9) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180.

18 (10) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210, if
19 punishable as a felony.

20 (11) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220,
21 if punishable as a felony.

22 (12) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230.

23 (13) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to
24 NRS 201.450.

25 (14) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school
26 or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540.

27 (15) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college
28 or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550.

29 (16) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant
30 to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony.

31 (17) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this
32 paragraph.

33 **Sec. 38.** NRS 179.255 is hereby amended to read as follows:

34 179.255 1. If a person has been arrested for alleged criminal
35 conduct and the charges are dismissed, the prosecuting attorney
36 having jurisdiction declined prosecution of the charges or such
37 person is acquitted of the charges, the person may petition:

38 (a) The court in which the charges were dismissed, at any time
39 after the date the charges were dismissed;

40 (b) The court having jurisdiction in which the charges were
41 declined for prosecution:

42 (1) Any time after the applicable statute of limitations has
43 run;

44 (2) Any time 8 years after the arrest; or

45 (3) Pursuant to a stipulation between the parties; or



1 (c) The court in which the acquittal was entered, at any time
2 after the date of the acquittal,

3 ➔ for the sealing of all records relating to the arrest and the
4 proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or acquittal.

5 2. If the conviction of a person is set aside pursuant to NRS
6 458A.240, the person may petition the court that set aside the
7 conviction, at any time after the conviction has been set aside, for
8 the sealing of all records relating to the setting aside of the
9 conviction.

10 3. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 must:

11 (a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records
12 received from the Central Repository for Nevada Records of
13 Criminal History;

14 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), include the
15 disposition of the proceedings for the records to be sealed;

16 (c) If the petition references NRS 453.3365 , ~~for 458.330,~~
17 include a certificate of acknowledgment or the disposition of the
18 proceedings for the records to be sealed from all agencies of
19 criminal justice which maintain such records;

20 (d) Include a list of any other public or private agency,
21 company, official and other custodian of records that is reasonably
22 known to the petitioner to have possession of records of the arrest
23 and of the proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or
24 acquittal and to whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be
25 directed; and

26 (e) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of
27 the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be
28 sealed, including, without limitation, the:

29 (1) Date of birth of the petitioner;

30 (2) Specific charges that were dismissed or of which the
31 petitioner was acquitted; and

32 (3) Date of arrest relating to the specific charges that were
33 dismissed or of which the petitioner was acquitted.

34 4. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to subsection 1, the court
35 shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner
36 for the crime and:

37 (a) If the charges were dismissed, declined for prosecution or the
38 acquittal was entered in a district court or justice court, the
39 prosecuting attorney for the county; or

40 (b) If the charges were dismissed, declined for prosecution or
41 the acquittal was entered in a municipal court, the prosecuting
42 attorney for the city.

43 ➔ The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant
44 evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the
45 petition.



1 5. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to subsection 2, the court
2 shall notify:

3 (a) If the conviction was set aside in a district court or justice
4 court, the prosecuting attorney for the county; or

5 (b) If the conviction was set aside in a municipal court, the
6 prosecuting attorney for the city.

7 ↪ The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant
8 evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the
9 petition.

10 6. If the prosecuting attorney stipulates to the sealing of the
11 records after receiving notification pursuant to subsection 4 or 5 and
12 the court makes the findings set forth in subsection 7 or 8, as
13 applicable, the court may order the sealing of the records in
14 accordance with subsection 7 or 8, as applicable, without a hearing.
15 If the prosecuting attorney does not stipulate to the sealing of the
16 records, a hearing on the petition must be conducted.

17 7. If the court finds that there has been an acquittal, that the
18 prosecution was declined or that the charges were dismissed and
19 there is no evidence that further action will be brought against the
20 person, the court may order sealed all records of the arrest and of the
21 proceedings leading to the acquittal, declination or dismissal which
22 are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or
23 private company, agency, official or other custodian of records in
24 the State of Nevada.

25 8. If the court finds that the conviction of the petitioner was set
26 aside pursuant to NRS 458A.240, the court may order sealed all
27 records relating to the setting aside of the conviction which are in
28 the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or
29 private company, agency, official or other custodian of records in
30 the State of Nevada.

31 9. If the prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction previously
32 declined prosecution of the charges and the records of the arrest
33 have been sealed pursuant to subsection 7, the prosecuting attorney
34 may subsequently file the charges at any time before the running of
35 the statute of limitations for those charges. If such charges are filed
36 with the court, the court shall order the inspection of the records
37 without the prosecuting attorney having to petition the court
38 pursuant to NRS 179.295.

39 **Sec. 39.** NRS 179.275 is hereby amended to read as follows:

40 179.275 Where the court orders the sealing of a record
41 pursuant to NRS 174.034, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.247,
42 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 201.354, 453.3365 or ~~458.330,~~
43 *section 19 or 23 of this act*, a copy of the order must be sent to:

44 1. The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal
45 History; and



2. Each agency of criminal justice and each public or private company, agency, official or other custodian of records named in the order, and that person shall seal the records in his or her custody which relate to the matters contained in the order, shall advise the court of compliance and shall then seal the order.

Sec. 40. NRS 179.285 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.285 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 179.301:

1. If the court orders a record sealed pursuant to NRS 174.034, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.247, 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 201.354, 453.3365 or ~~458.330~~ *section 19 or 23 of this act*:

(a) All proceedings recounted in the record are deemed never to have occurred, and the person to whom the order pertains may properly answer accordingly to any inquiry, including, without limitation, an inquiry relating to an application for employment, concerning the arrest, conviction, dismissal or acquittal and the events and proceedings relating to the arrest, conviction, dismissal or acquittal.

(b) The person is immediately restored to the following civil rights if the person's civil rights previously have not been restored:

- (1) The right to vote;
- (2) The right to hold office; and
- (3) The right to serve on a jury.

2. Upon the sealing of the person's records, a person who is restored to his or her civil rights pursuant to subsection 1 must be given:

(a) An official document which demonstrates that the person has been restored to the civil rights set forth in paragraph (b) of subsection 1; and

(b) A written notice informing the person that he or she has not been restored to the right to bear arms, unless the person has received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict his or her right to bear arms.

3. A person who has had his or her records sealed in this State or any other state and whose official documentation of the restoration of civil rights is lost, damaged or destroyed may file a written request with a court of competent jurisdiction to restore his or her civil rights pursuant to this section. Upon verification that the person has had his or her records sealed, the court shall issue an order restoring the person to the civil rights to vote, to hold office and to serve on a jury. A person must not be required to pay a fee to receive such an order.

4. A person who has had his or her records sealed in this State or any other state may present official documentation that the person has been restored to his or her civil rights or a court order restoring



1 civil rights as proof that the person has been restored to the right to
2 vote, to hold office and to serve as a juror.

3 **Sec. 41.** NRS 179.295 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 179.295 1. The person who is the subject of the records that
5 are sealed pursuant to NRS 174.034, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245,
6 179.247, 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 201.354, 453.3365 or
7 ~~458.330~~ *section 19 or 23 of this act* may petition the court that
8 ordered the records sealed to permit inspection of the records by a
9 person named in the petition, and the court may order such
10 inspection. Except as otherwise provided in this section, subsection
11 9 of NRS 179.255 and NRS 179.259 and 179.301, the court may not
12 order the inspection of the records under any other circumstances.

13 2. If a person has been arrested, the charges have been
14 dismissed and the records of the arrest have been sealed, the court
15 may order the inspection of the records by a prosecuting attorney
16 upon a showing that as a result of newly discovered evidence, the
17 person has been arrested for the same or a similar offense and that
18 there is sufficient evidence reasonably to conclude that the person
19 will stand trial for the offense.

20 3. The court may, upon the application of a prosecuting
21 attorney or an attorney representing a defendant in a criminal action,
22 order an inspection of such records for the purpose of obtaining
23 information relating to persons who were involved in the incident
24 recorded.

25 4. This section does not prohibit a court from considering a
26 ~~conviction~~ *proceeding* for which records have been sealed
27 pursuant to NRS 174.034, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.247,
28 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 201.354, 453.3365 or ~~458.330~~
29 *section 19 or 23 of this act* in determining whether to grant a
30 petition pursuant to NRS 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.255,
31 179.259, 179.2595, 453.3365 or ~~458.330~~ *section 19 or 23 of this*
32 *act* for a conviction of another offense.

33 **Sec. 42.** NRS 4.075 is hereby amended to read as follows:

34 4.075 1. In a county whose population is less than 100,000,
35 the board of county commissioners may, in addition to any other fee
36 required by law, impose by ordinance a filing fee of not more than
37 \$10 to be paid on the commencement of any action or proceeding in
38 the justice court for which a fee is required and on the filing of any
39 answer or appearance in any such action or proceeding for which a
40 fee is required.

41 2. On or before the fifth day of each month, in a county where
42 a fee has been imposed pursuant to subsection 1, the justice of the
43 peace shall account for and pay over to the county treasurer any
44 such fees collected by the justice of the peace during the preceding
45 month for credit to an account for programs for the prevention and



1 treatment of the ~~abuse~~ use of alcohol and drugs in the county
2 general fund. The money in that account must be used only to
3 support programs for the prevention or treatment of the ~~abuse~~ use
4 of alcohol or drugs which may include, without limitation, any
5 program ~~for~~ for the treatment ~~for the abuse~~ of drug or alcohol ~~for~~
6 ~~drugs~~ use established in a judicial district pursuant to ~~NRS~~
7 ~~453.580.~~ section 20 of this act.

8 **Sec. 43.** NRS 4.3713 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 4.3713 1. A justice court may, on its own motion, transfer
10 original jurisdiction of a criminal case filed with that court to
11 another justice court or a municipal court if:

12 (a) The case involves criminal conduct that occurred outside the
13 limits of the county or township where the court is located
14 and the defendant has appeared before a magistrate pursuant to
15 NRS 171.178;

16 (b) Such a transfer is necessary to promote access to justice for
17 the defendant and the justice court has noted its findings concerning
18 that issue in the record; or

19 (c) The defendant agrees to participate in a program of
20 treatment, including, without limitation, a program of treatment
21 made available pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 ~~[-453.580]~~ or
22 ~~[458.300.]~~ section 20 of this act, or to access other services located
23 elsewhere in this State.

24 2. A justice court may not issue an order for the transfer of a
25 case pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 1 until a plea
26 agreement has been reached or the final disposition of the case,
27 whichever occurs first.

28 3. An order issued by a justice court which transfers a case
29 pursuant to this section becomes effective after a notice of
30 acceptance is returned by the justice court or municipal court to
31 which the case was transferred. If a justice court or municipal court
32 refuses to accept the transfer of a case pursuant to subsection 1, the
33 case must be returned to the justice court which sought the transfer.

34 **Sec. 44.** NRS 4.3715 is hereby amended to read as follows:

35 4.3715 1. A justice court may, on its own motion, transfer
36 original jurisdiction of a criminal case filed with that court to a
37 district court in this State if the defendant agrees to participate in a
38 program of treatment, including, without limitation, a program of
39 treatment made available pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 ~~[-~~
40 ~~453.580]~~ or ~~[458.300.]~~ section 20 of this act, or to access other
41 services located elsewhere in this State.

42 2. A justice court may not issue an order for the transfer of a
43 case pursuant to this section before a plea agreement has been
44 reached or the disposition of the case, whichever occurs first.



1 3. An order issued by a justice court which transfers a case
2 pursuant to this section becomes effective after a notice of
3 acceptance is returned by the district court to which the case was
4 transferred. If a district court refuses to accept the transfer of a case
5 pursuant to subsection 1, the case must be returned to the justice
6 court which sought the transfer.

7 **Sec. 45.** NRS 4.373 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 4.373 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3,
9 NRS 211A.127 or another specific statute, or unless the suspension
10 of a sentence is expressly forbidden, a justice of the peace may
11 suspend, for not more than 2 years, the sentence *or a portion*
12 *thereof* of a person convicted of a misdemeanor. If the
13 circumstances warrant, the justice of the peace may order as a
14 condition of suspension, *without limitation*, that the offender:

15 (a) Make restitution to the owner of any property that is lost,
16 damaged or destroyed as a result of the commission of the offense;

17 (b) Engage in a program of community service, for not more
18 than 200 hours;

19 (c) Actively participate in a program of professional counseling
20 at the expense of the offender;

21 (d) Abstain from the use of alcohol and controlled substances;

22 (e) Refrain from engaging in any criminal activity;

23 (f) Engage or refrain from engaging in any other conduct, *or*
24 *comply with any other condition*, deemed appropriate by the justice
25 of the peace;

26 (g) Submit to a search and seizure by the chief of a department
27 of alternative sentencing, an assistant alternative sentencing officer
28 or any other law enforcement officer at any time of the day or night
29 without a search warrant; and

30 (h) Submit to periodic tests to determine whether the offender is
31 using a controlled substance or consuming alcohol.

32 2. If a person is convicted of a misdemeanor that constitutes
33 domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018, the justice of the peace
34 may, after the person has served any mandatory minimum period of
35 confinement, suspend the remainder of the sentence of the person
36 for not more than 3 years upon the condition that the person actively
37 participate in:

38 (a) A program of treatment for the ~~abuse~~ *use* of alcohol or
39 drugs which is certified by the Division of Public and Behavioral
40 Health of the Department of Health and Human Services;

41 (b) A program for the treatment of persons who commit
42 domestic violence that has been certified pursuant to NRS 439.258;
43 or

44 (c) The programs set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b),



1 ↳ and that the person comply with any other condition of
2 suspension ordered by the justice of the peace.

3 3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if a person
4 is convicted of a misdemeanor that constitutes solicitation for
5 prostitution pursuant to NRS 201.354 or paragraph (b) of subsection
6 1 of NRS 207.030, the justice of the peace may suspend the
7 sentence for not more than 2 years upon the condition that the
8 person:

9 (a) Actively participate in a program for the treatment of persons
10 who solicit prostitution which is certified by the Division of Public
11 and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human
12 Services; and

13 (b) Comply with any other condition of suspension ordered by
14 the justice of the peace.

15 ↳ The justice of the peace may not suspend the sentence of a person
16 pursuant to this subsection if the person has previously participated
17 in a program for the treatment of persons who solicit prostitution
18 which is certified by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health
19 of the Department of Health and Human Services.

20 4. The justice of the peace may order reports from a person
21 whose sentence is suspended at such times as the justice of the
22 peace deems appropriate concerning the compliance of the offender
23 with the conditions of suspension. If the offender complies with the
24 conditions of suspension to the satisfaction of the justice of the
25 peace, the sentence may be reduced to not less than the minimum
26 period of confinement established for the offense.

27 5. The justice of the peace may issue a warrant for the arrest of
28 an offender who violates or fails to fulfill a condition of suspension.

29 **Sec. 46.** NRS 4.374 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 4.374 1. As soon as possible after a defendant is arrested or
31 cited, the justice of the peace shall attempt to determine whether the
32 defendant is a veteran or a member of the military and, if so,
33 whether the defendant meets the qualifications of subsection 1 of
34 NRS 176A.280.

35 2. Before accepting a plea from a defendant or proceeding to
36 trial, the justice of the peace shall:

37 (a) Address the defendant personally and ask the defendant if he
38 or she is a veteran or a member of the military; and

39 (b) Determine whether the defendant meets the qualifications of
40 subsection 1 of NRS 176A.280.

41 3. If the defendant meets the qualifications of subsection 1 of
42 NRS 176A.280, the justice court may, if the justice court has not
43 established a program pursuant to NRS 176A.280 and, if
44 appropriate, take any action authorized by law for the purpose of
45 having the defendant assigned to:



1 (a) A program of treatment established pursuant to NRS
2 176A.280; or

3 (b) If a program of treatment established pursuant to NRS
4 176A.280 is not available for the defendant, a program of treatment
5 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250 or ~~[453.580.]~~ *section 20 of*
6 *this act.*

7 4. As used in this section:

8 (a) "Member of the military" has the meaning ascribed to it in
9 NRS 176A.043.

10 (b) "Veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 176A.090.

11 **Sec. 47.** NRS 5.0503 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12 5.0503 1. A municipal court may, on its own motion, transfer
13 original jurisdiction of a criminal case filed with that court to a
14 justice court or another municipal court if:

15 (a) The case involves criminal conduct that occurred outside the
16 limits of the city where the court is located and the defendant has
17 appeared before a magistrate pursuant to NRS 171.178;

18 (b) Such a transfer is necessary to promote access to justice for
19 the defendant and the municipal court has noted its findings
20 concerning that issue in the record; or

21 (c) The defendant agrees to participate in a program of
22 treatment, including, without limitation, a program of treatment
23 made available pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 ~~[453.580]~~ or
24 ~~[458.300.]~~ *section 20 of this act*, or to access other services located
25 elsewhere in this State.

26 2. A municipal court may not issue an order for the transfer of
27 a case pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 1 until a plea
28 agreement has been reached or the final disposition of the case,
29 whichever occurs first.

30 3. An order issued by a municipal court which transfers a case
31 pursuant to this section becomes effective after a notice of
32 acceptance is returned by the justice court or municipal court to
33 which the case was transferred. If a justice court or municipal court
34 refuses to accept the transfer of a case pursuant to subsection 1, the
35 case must be returned to the municipal court which sought the
36 transfer.

37 **Sec. 48.** NRS 5.0505 is hereby amended to read as follows:

38 5.0505 1. A municipal court may, on its own motion, transfer
39 original jurisdiction of a criminal case filed with that court to a
40 district court in this State if the defendant agrees to participate in a
41 program of treatment, including, without limitation, a program of
42 treatment made available pursuant to NRS 176A.250, 176A.280 ~~[~~
43 ~~453.580]~~ or ~~[458.300.]~~ *section 20 of this act*, or to access other
44 services located elsewhere in this State.



1 2. A municipal court may not issue an order transferring a case
2 pursuant to this section before a plea agreement has been reached or
3 the disposition of the case, whichever occurs first.

4 3. An order issued by a municipal court which transfers a case
5 pursuant to this section becomes effective after a notice of
6 acceptance is returned by the district court to which the case was
7 transferred. If a district court refuses to accept the transfer of a case
8 pursuant to subsection 1, the case must be returned to the municipal
9 court which sought the transfer.

10 **Sec. 49.** NRS 5.055 is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 5.055 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2 and 3,
12 NRS 211A.127 or another specific statute, or unless the suspension
13 of a sentence is expressly forbidden, a municipal judge may
14 suspend, for not more than 2 years, the sentence *or a portion*
15 *thereof* of a person convicted of a misdemeanor. If the
16 circumstances warrant, the municipal judge may order as a
17 condition of suspension, *without limitation*, that the offender:

18 (a) Make restitution to the owner of any property that is lost,
19 damaged or destroyed as a result of the commission of the offense;

20 (b) Engage in a program of community service, for not more
21 than 200 hours;

22 (c) Actively participate in a program of professional counseling
23 at the expense of the offender;

24 (d) Abstain from the use of alcohol and controlled substances;

25 (e) Refrain from engaging in any criminal activity;

26 (f) Engage or refrain from engaging in any other conduct, *or*
27 *comply with any other condition*, deemed appropriate by the
28 municipal judge;

29 (g) Submit to a search and seizure by the chief of a department
30 of alternative sentencing, an assistant alternative sentencing officer
31 or any other law enforcement officer at any time of the day or night
32 without a search warrant; and

33 (h) Submit to periodic tests to determine whether the offender is
34 using any controlled substance or alcohol.

35 2. If a person is convicted of a misdemeanor that constitutes
36 domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018, the municipal judge
37 may, after the person has served any mandatory minimum period of
38 confinement, suspend the remainder of the sentence of the person
39 for not more than 3 years upon the condition that the person actively
40 participate in:

41 (a) A program of treatment for the ~~abuse~~ *use* of alcohol or
42 drugs which is certified by the Division of Public and Behavioral
43 Health of the Department of Health and Human Services;



1 (b) A program for the treatment of persons who commit
2 domestic violence that has been certified pursuant to NRS 439.258;
3 or

4 (c) The programs set forth in paragraphs (a) and (b),
5 ↪ and that the person comply with any other condition of
6 suspension ordered by the municipal judge.

7 3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, if a person
8 is convicted of a misdemeanor that constitutes solicitation for
9 prostitution pursuant to NRS 201.354 or paragraph (b) of subsection
10 1 of NRS 207.030, the municipal judge may suspend the sentence
11 for not more than 2 years upon the condition that the person:

12 (a) Actively participate in a program for the treatment of persons
13 who solicit prostitution which is certified by the Division of Public
14 and Behavioral Health of the Department of Health and Human
15 Services; and

16 (b) Comply with any other condition of suspension ordered by
17 the municipal judge.

18 ↪ The municipal judge may not suspend the sentence of a person
19 pursuant to this subsection if the person has previously participated
20 in a program for the treatment of persons who solicit prostitution
21 which is certified by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health
22 of the Department of Health and Human Services.

23 4. The municipal judge may order reports from a person whose
24 sentence is suspended at such times as the municipal judge deems
25 appropriate concerning the compliance of the offender with the
26 conditions of suspension. If the offender complies with the
27 conditions of suspension to the satisfaction of the municipal judge,
28 the sentence may be reduced to not less than the minimum period of
29 confinement established for the offense.

30 5. The municipal judge may issue a warrant for the arrest of an
31 offender who violates or fails to fulfill a condition of suspension.

32 **Sec. 50.** NRS 5.057 is hereby amended to read as follows:

33 5.057 1. As soon as possible after a defendant is arrested or
34 cited, the municipal judge shall attempt to determine whether the
35 defendant is a veteran or a member of the military and, if so,
36 whether the defendant meets the qualifications of subsection 1 of
37 NRS 176A.280. Before accepting a plea from a defendant or
38 proceeding to trial, the municipal judge shall:

39 (a) Address the defendant personally and ask the defendant if he
40 or she is a veteran or a member of the military; and

41 (b) Determine whether the defendant meets the qualifications of
42 subsection 1 of NRS 176A.280.

43 2. If the defendant meets the qualifications of subsection 1 of
44 NRS 176A.280, the municipal court may, if the municipal court has
45 not established a program pursuant to NRS 176A.280 and, if



1 appropriate, take any action authorized by law for the purpose of
2 having the defendant assigned to:

3 (a) A program of treatment established pursuant to NRS
4 176A.280; or

5 (b) If a program of treatment established pursuant to NRS
6 176A.280 is not available for the defendant, a program of treatment
7 established pursuant to NRS 176A.250 or ~~453.580.~~ *section 20 of*
8 *this act.*

9 3. As used in this section:

10 (a) "Member of the military" has the meaning ascribed to it in
11 NRS 176A.043.

12 (b) "Veteran" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 176A.090.

13 **Sec. 51.** NRS 19.03135 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 19.03135 1. In a county whose population is less than
15 100,000, the board of county commissioners may, in addition to any
16 other fee required by law, impose by ordinance a filing fee of not
17 more than \$10 to be paid on the commencement of any civil action
18 or proceeding in the district court for which a filing fee is required
19 and on the filing of any answer or appearance in any such action or
20 proceeding for which a filing fee is required, except as otherwise
21 required pursuant to NRS 19.034.

22 2. On or before the fifth day of each month, in a county where
23 a fee has been imposed pursuant to subsection 1, the clerk of the
24 court shall account for and pay over to the county treasurer any such
25 fees collected by the clerk of the court during the preceding month
26 for credit to an account for programs for the prevention and
27 treatment of the ~~abuse~~ *use* of alcohol and drugs in the county
28 general fund. The money in that account must be used only to
29 support programs for the prevention or treatment of the ~~abuse~~ *use*
30 of alcohol or drugs which may include, without limitation, any
31 program ~~of~~ *for* treatment ~~for the abuse~~ of *drug or* alcohol ~~for~~
32 ~~drugs~~ *use* established in a judicial district pursuant to ~~NRS~~
33 ~~453.580.~~ *section 20 of this act.*

34 **Sec. 51.5.** NRS 193.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

35 193.130 1. Except when a person is convicted of a category
36 A felony, and except as otherwise provided by specific statute, a
37 person convicted of a felony shall be sentenced to a minimum term
38 and a maximum term of imprisonment which must be within the
39 limits prescribed by the applicable statute, unless the statute in force
40 at the time of commission of the felony prescribed a different
41 penalty. The minimum term of imprisonment that may be imposed
42 must not exceed 40 percent of the maximum term imposed.

43 2. Except as otherwise provided by specific statute, for each
44 felony committed on or after July 1, 1995:



1 (a) A category A felony is a felony for which a sentence of death
2 or imprisonment in the state prison for life with or without the
3 possibility of parole may be imposed, as provided by specific
4 statute.

5 (b) A category B felony is a felony for which the minimum term
6 of imprisonment in the state prison that may be imposed is not less
7 than 1 year and the maximum term of imprisonment that may be
8 imposed is not more than 20 years, as provided by specific statute.

9 (c) A category C felony is a felony for which a court shall
10 sentence a convicted person to imprisonment in the state prison for a
11 minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
12 more than 5 years. In addition to any other penalty, the court may
13 impose a fine of not more than \$10,000, unless a greater fine is
14 authorized or required by statute.

15 (d) A category D felony is a felony for which a court shall
16 sentence a convicted person to imprisonment in the state prison for a
17 minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
18 more than 4 years. In addition to any other penalty, the court may
19 impose a fine of not more than \$5,000, unless a greater fine is
20 authorized or required by statute.

21 (e) A category E felony is a felony for which a court shall
22 sentence a convicted person to imprisonment in the state prison for a
23 minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
24 more than 4 years. Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (b) of
25 subsection 1 of NRS 176A.100 ~~H~~ *or paragraph (a) of subsection 2*
26 *of NRS 453.336*, upon sentencing a person who is found guilty of a
27 category E felony, the court shall suspend the execution of the
28 sentence and grant probation to the person upon such conditions as
29 the court deems appropriate. Such conditions of probation may
30 include, but are not limited to, requiring the person to serve a term
31 of confinement of not more than 1 year in the county jail. In
32 addition to any other penalty, the court may impose a fine of not
33 more than \$5,000, unless a greater penalty is authorized or required
34 by statute.

35 **Sec. 52.** NRS 200.485 is hereby amended to read as follows:

36 200.485 1. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to
37 subsection 2 or 3 or NRS 200.481, a person convicted of a battery
38 which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018:

39 (a) For the first offense within 7 years, is guilty of a
40 misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to:

41 (1) Imprisonment in the city or county jail or detention
42 facility for not less than 2 days, but not more than 6 months; and

43 (2) Perform not less than 48 hours, but not more than 120
44 hours, of community service.



1 ↪ The person shall be further punished by a fine of not less than
2 \$200, but not more than \$1,000. A term of imprisonment imposed
3 pursuant to this paragraph may be served intermittently at the
4 discretion of the judge or justice of the peace, except that each
5 period of confinement must be not less than 4 consecutive hours and
6 must occur at a time when the person is not required to be at his or
7 her place of employment or on a weekend.

8 (b) For the second offense within 7 years, is guilty of a
9 misdemeanor and shall be sentenced to:

10 (1) Imprisonment in the city or county jail or detention
11 facility for not less than 10 days, but not more than 6 months; and

12 (2) Perform not less than 100 hours, but not more than 200
13 hours, of community service.

14 ↪ The person shall be further punished by a fine of not less than
15 \$500, but not more than \$1,000.

16 (c) For the third offense within 7 years, is guilty of a category C
17 felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

18 2. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to subsection 3
19 or NRS 200.481, a person convicted of a battery which constitutes
20 domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018, if the battery is
21 committed by strangulation as described in NRS 200.481, is guilty
22 of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS
23 193.130 and by a fine of not more than \$15,000.

24 3. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS
25 200.481, a person who has been previously convicted of:

26 (a) A battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to
27 NRS 33.018 that is punishable as a felony pursuant to paragraph (c)
28 of subsection 1 or subsection 2; or

29 (b) A violation of the law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits
30 the same or similar conduct set forth in paragraph (a),

31 ↪ and who commits a battery which constitutes domestic violence
32 pursuant to NRS 33.018 is guilty of a category B felony and shall be
33 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of
34 not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 15
35 years, and shall be further punished by a fine of not less than
36 \$2,000, but not more than \$5,000.

37 4. In addition to any other penalty, if a person is convicted of a
38 battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS
39 33.018, the court shall:

40 (a) For the first offense within 7 years, require the person to
41 participate in weekly counseling sessions of not less than 1 1/2
42 hours per week for not less than 6 months, ~~but not more than 12~~
43 ~~months,]~~ at his or her expense, in a program for the treatment of
44 persons who commit domestic violence that has been certified
45 pursuant to NRS 439.258.



1 (b) For the second offense within 7 years, require the person to
2 participate in weekly counseling sessions of not less than 1 1/2
3 hours per week for *not less than* 12 months, at his or her expense, in
4 a program for the treatment of persons who commit domestic
5 violence that has been certified pursuant to NRS 439.258.

6 ↪ If the person resides in this State but the nearest location at which
7 counseling services are available is in another state, the court may
8 allow the person to participate in counseling in the other state in a
9 program for the treatment of persons who commit domestic violence
10 that has been certified pursuant to NRS 439.258.

11 5. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, an offense
12 that occurred within 7 years immediately preceding the date of the
13 principal offense or after the principal offense constitutes a prior
14 offense for the purposes of this section:

15 (a) When evidenced by a conviction; or

16 (b) If the offense is conditionally dismissed pursuant to NRS
17 176A.290 or dismissed in connection with successful completion of
18 a diversionary program or specialty court program,

19 ↪ without regard to the sequence of the offenses and convictions.
20 An offense which is listed in paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 3
21 that occurred on any date preceding the date of the principal offense
22 or after the principal offense constitutes a prior offense for the
23 purposes of this section when evidenced by a conviction, without
24 regard to the sequence of the offenses and convictions. The facts
25 concerning a prior offense must be alleged in the complaint,
26 indictment or information, must not be read to the jury or proved at
27 trial but must be proved at the time of sentencing and, if the
28 principal offense is alleged to be a felony, must also be shown at the
29 preliminary examination or presented to the grand jury.

30 6. In addition to any other fine or penalty, the court shall order
31 such a person to pay an administrative assessment of \$35. Any
32 money so collected must be paid by the clerk of the court to the
33 State Controller on or before the fifth day of each month for the
34 preceding month for credit to the Account for Programs Related to
35 Domestic Violence established pursuant to NRS 228.460.

36 7. In addition to any other penalty, the court may require such a
37 person to participate, at his or her expense, in a program of
38 treatment for the ~~abuse~~ *use* of alcohol or drugs that has been
39 certified by the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the
40 Department of Health and Human Services.

41 8. If it appears from information presented to the court that a
42 child under the age of 18 years may need counseling as a result of
43 the commission of a battery which constitutes domestic violence
44 pursuant to NRS 33.018, the court may refer the child to an agency
45 which provides child welfare services. If the court refers a child to



1 an agency which provides child welfare services, the court shall
2 require the person convicted of a battery which constitutes domestic
3 violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 to reimburse the agency for the
4 costs of any services provided, to the extent of the convicted
5 person's ability to pay.

6 9. If a person is charged with committing a battery which
7 constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018, a
8 prosecuting attorney shall not dismiss such a charge in exchange for
9 a plea of guilty, guilty but mentally ill or nolo contendere to a lesser
10 charge or for any other reason unless the prosecuting attorney
11 knows, or it is obvious, that the charge is not supported by probable
12 cause or cannot be proved at the time of trial. Except as otherwise
13 provided in this subsection, a court shall not grant probation to or
14 suspend the sentence of such a person. A court may grant probation
15 to or suspend the sentence of such a person:

16 (a) As set forth in NRS 4.373 and 5.055; or

17 (b) To assign the person to a program for the treatment of
18 veterans and members of the military pursuant to NRS 176A.290 if
19 the charge is for a first offense punishable as a misdemeanor.

20 10. In every judgment of conviction or admonishment of rights
21 issued pursuant to this section, the court shall:

22 (a) Inform the person convicted that he or she is prohibited from
23 owning, possessing or having under his or her custody or control
24 any firearm pursuant to NRS 202.360; and

25 (b) Order the person convicted to permanently surrender, sell or
26 transfer any firearm that he or she owns or that is in his or her
27 possession or under his or her custody or control in the manner set
28 forth in NRS 202.361.

29 11. A person who violates any provision included in a
30 judgment of conviction or admonishment of rights issued pursuant
31 to this section concerning the surrender, sale, transfer, ownership,
32 possession, custody or control of a firearm is guilty of a category B
33 felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for
34 a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
35 more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
36 more than \$5,000. The court must include in the judgment of
37 conviction or admonishment of rights a statement that a violation of
38 such a provision in the judgment or admonishment is a category B
39 felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for
40 a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
41 more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
42 more than \$5,000.

43 12. As used in this section:

44 (a) "Agency which provides child welfare services" has the
45 meaning ascribed to it in NRS 432B.030.



1 (b) "Battery" has the meaning ascribed to it in paragraph (a) of
2 subsection 1 of NRS 200.481.

3 (c) "Offense" includes a battery which constitutes domestic
4 violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 or a violation of the law of any
5 other jurisdiction that prohibits the same or similar conduct.

6 **Sec. 53.** (Deleted by amendment.)

7 **Sec. 54.** NRS 202.3657 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 202.3657 1. Any person who is a resident of this State may
9 apply to the sheriff of the county in which he or she resides for a
10 permit on a form prescribed by regulation of the Department. Any
11 person who is not a resident of this State may apply to the sheriff of
12 any county in this State for a permit on a form prescribed by
13 regulation of the Department. Application forms for permits must be
14 furnished by the sheriff of each county upon request.

15 2. A person applying for a permit may submit one application
16 and obtain one permit to carry all handguns owned by the person.
17 The person must not be required to list and identify on the
18 application each handgun owned by the person. A permit is valid for
19 any handgun which is owned or thereafter obtained by the person to
20 whom the permit is issued.

21 3. Except as otherwise provided in this section, the sheriff shall
22 issue a permit to any person who is qualified to possess a handgun
23 under state and federal law, who submits an application in
24 accordance with the provisions of this section and who:

25 (a) Is:

26 (1) Twenty-one years of age or older; or

27 (2) At least 18 years of age but less than 21 years of age if
28 the person:

29 (I) Is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States,
30 a reserve component thereof or the National Guard; or

31 (II) Was discharged or released from service in the
32 Armed Forces of the United States, a reserve component thereof or
33 the National Guard under honorable conditions;

34 (b) Is not prohibited from possessing a firearm pursuant to NRS
35 202.360; and

36 (c) Demonstrates competence with handguns by presenting a
37 certificate or other documentation to the sheriff which shows that
38 the applicant:

39 (1) Successfully completed a course in firearm safety
40 approved by a sheriff in this State; or

41 (2) Successfully completed a course in firearm safety offered
42 by a federal, state or local law enforcement agency, community
43 college, university or national organization that certifies instructors
44 in firearm safety.



1 ↪ Such a course must include instruction in the use of handguns
2 and in the laws of this State relating to the use of a firearm. A sheriff
3 may not approve a course in firearm safety pursuant to subparagraph
4 (1) unless the sheriff determines that the course meets any standards
5 that are established by the Nevada Sheriffs' and Chiefs' Association
6 or, if the Nevada Sheriffs' and Chiefs' Association ceases to exist,
7 its legal successor.

8 4. The sheriff shall deny an application or revoke a permit if
9 the sheriff determines that the applicant or permittee:

10 (a) Has an outstanding warrant for his or her arrest.

11 (b) Has been judicially declared incompetent or insane.

12 (c) Has been voluntarily or involuntarily admitted to a mental
13 health facility during the immediately preceding 5 years.

14 (d) Has habitually used intoxicating liquor or a controlled
15 substance to the extent that his or her normal faculties are impaired.
16 For the purposes of this paragraph, it is presumed that a person has
17 so used intoxicating liquor or a controlled substance if, during the
18 immediately preceding 5 years, the person has : ~~been:~~

19 (1) ~~Convicted~~ *Been convicted* of violating the provisions of
20 NRS 484C.110; or

21 (2) ~~Committed for~~ *Participated in a program of* treatment
22 pursuant to ~~NRS 458.290~~ *sections 20* to ~~458.350~~ *23*, inclusive
23 ~~of~~, *of this act*.

24 (e) Has been convicted of a crime involving the use or
25 threatened use of force or violence punishable as a misdemeanor
26 under the laws of this or any other state, or a territory or possession
27 of the United States at any time during the immediately preceding 3
28 years.

29 (f) Has been convicted of a felony in this State or under the laws
30 of any state, territory or possession of the United States.

31 (g) Has been convicted of a crime involving domestic violence
32 or stalking, or is currently subject to a restraining order, injunction
33 or other order for protection against domestic violence.

34 (h) Is currently on parole or probation from a conviction
35 obtained in this State or in any other state or territory or possession
36 of the United States.

37 (i) Has, within the immediately preceding 5 years, been subject
38 to any requirements imposed by a court of this State or of any other
39 state or territory or possession of the United States, as a condition to
40 the court's:

41 (1) Withholding of the entry of judgment for a conviction of
42 a felony; or

43 (2) Suspension of sentence for the conviction of a felony.

44 (j) Has made a false statement on any application for a permit or
45 for the renewal of a permit.



1 (k) Has been discharged or released from service in the Armed
2 Forces of the United States, a reserve component thereof or the
3 National Guard under conditions other than honorable conditions
4 and is less than 21 years of age.

5 5. The sheriff may deny an application or revoke a permit if the
6 sheriff receives a sworn affidavit stating articulable facts based upon
7 personal knowledge from any natural person who is 18 years of age
8 or older that the applicant or permittee has or may have committed
9 an offense or engaged in any other activity specified in subsection 4
10 which would preclude the issuance of a permit to the applicant or
11 require the revocation of a permit pursuant to this section.

12 6. If the sheriff receives notification submitted by a court or
13 law enforcement agency of this or any other state, the United States
14 or a territory or possession of the United States that a permittee or
15 an applicant for a permit has been charged with a crime involving
16 the use or threatened use of force or violence, the conviction for
17 which would require the revocation of a permit or preclude the
18 issuance of a permit to the applicant pursuant to this section, the
19 sheriff shall suspend the person's permit or the processing of
20 the person's application until the final disposition of the charges
21 against the person. If a permittee is acquitted of the charges, or if the
22 charges are dropped, the sheriff shall restore his or her permit
23 without imposing a fee.

24 7. An application submitted pursuant to this section must be
25 completed and signed under oath by the applicant. The applicant's
26 signature must be witnessed by an employee of the sheriff or
27 notarized by a notary public. The application must include:

28 (a) The name, address, place and date of birth, social security
29 number, occupation and employer of the applicant and any other
30 names used by the applicant;

31 (b) A complete set of the applicant's fingerprints taken by the
32 sheriff or his or her agent;

33 (c) A front-view colored photograph of the applicant taken by
34 the sheriff or his or her agent;

35 (d) If the applicant is a resident of this State, the driver's license
36 number or identification card number of the applicant issued by the
37 Department of Motor Vehicles;

38 (e) If the applicant is not a resident of this State, the driver's
39 license number or identification card number of the applicant issued
40 by another state or jurisdiction;

41 (f) If the applicant is a person described in subparagraph (2) of
42 paragraph (a) of subsection 3, proof that the applicant:

43 (1) Is a member of the Armed Forces of the United States, a
44 reserve component thereof or the National Guard, as evidenced by
45 his or her current military identification card; or



1 (2) Was discharged or released from service in the Armed
2 Forces of the United States, a reserve component thereof or the
3 National Guard under honorable conditions, as evidenced by his or
4 her DD Form 214, "Certificate of Release or Discharge from Active
5 Duty," or other document of honorable separation issued by the
6 United States Department of Defense;

7 (g) A nonrefundable fee equal to the nonvolunteer rate charged
8 by the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History
9 and the Federal Bureau of Investigation to obtain the reports
10 required pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 202.366; and

11 (h) A nonrefundable fee set by the sheriff not to exceed \$60.

12 **Sec. 55.** NRS 205.060 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 205.060 1. ~~[Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, a]~~
14 *A person who, by day or night, unlawfully enters or unlawfully*
15 *remains in any [house, room, apartment, tenement, shop,*
16 *warehouse, store, mill, barn, stable, outhouse or other building, tent,*
17 *vessel, vehicle, vehicle trailer, semitrailer or house trailer, airplane,*
18 *glider, boat or railroad car,]:*

19 *(a) Dwelling with the intent to commit grand or petit larceny,*
20 *assault or battery on any person or any felony [, or to obtain money*
21 *or property by false pretenses,] is guilty of residential burglary.*

22 *(b) Business structure with the intent to commit grand or petit*
23 *larceny, assault or battery on any person or any felony is guilty of*
24 *burglary of a business.*

25 *(c) Motor vehicle, or any part thereof, with the intent to*
26 *commit grand or petit larceny, assault or battery on any person or*
27 *any felony is guilty of burglary of a motor vehicle.*

28 *(d) Structure other than a dwelling, business structure or*
29 *motor vehicle with the intent to commit grand or petit larceny,*
30 *assault or battery on any person or any felony is guilty of burglary*
31 *of a structure.*

32 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a person
33 convicted of ~~[burglary]~~ :

34 *(a) Burglary of a motor vehicle is guilty of a category E felony*
35 *and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

36 *(b) Burglary of a structure is guilty of a category D felony and*
37 *shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

38 *(c) Burglary of a business is guilty of a category C felony and*
39 *shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

40 *(d) Residential burglary is guilty of a category B felony and*
41 *shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a*
42 *minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not*
43 *more than 10 years . [, and may be further punished by a fine of not*
44 *more than \$10,000. A]*



1 3. *If mitigating circumstances exist, a* person who is convicted
2 of *residential* burglary ~~[and who] may be released on probation~~
3 ~~and granted a suspension of sentence if the person~~ has not
4 previously been convicted of *residential* burglary or another crime
5 involving the ~~[foreible] unlawful~~ entry or invasion of a dwelling .
6 ~~[must not be released on probation or granted a suspension of~~
7 ~~sentence.~~

8 ~~—3.]~~ 4. Whenever ~~[a]~~ *any* burglary *pursuant to this section* is
9 committed on a vessel, vehicle, vehicle trailer, semitrailer, house
10 trailer, airplane, glider, boat or railroad car, in motion or in rest, in
11 this State, and it cannot with reasonable certainty be ascertained in
12 what county the crime was committed, the offender may be arrested
13 and tried in any county through which the vessel, vehicle, vehicle
14 trailer, semitrailer, house trailer, airplane, glider, boat or railroad car
15 traveled during the time the burglary was committed.

16 ~~[4.]~~ 5. A person convicted of *any* burglary *pursuant to this*
17 *section* who has in his or her possession or gains possession of any
18 firearm or deadly weapon at any time during the commission of the
19 crime, at any time before leaving the *dwelling*, structure ~~[]~~ *or motor*
20 *vehicle* or upon leaving the *dwelling*, structure ~~[]~~ *or motor vehicle*,
21 is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by
22 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
23 than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 15 years, and
24 may be further punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.

25 ~~[5.— The crime of burglary does not include the act of entering a~~
26 ~~commercial establishment during business hours with the intent to~~
27 ~~commit petit larceny unless the person has previously been~~
28 ~~convicted:~~

29 ~~—(a) Two or more times for committing petit larceny within the~~
30 ~~immediately preceding 7 years; or~~

31 ~~—(b) Of a felony.]~~

32 6. *As used in this section:*

33 (a) *“Business structure” means any structure or building, the*
34 *primary purpose of which is to carry on any lawful effort for a*
35 *business, including, without limitation, any business with an*
36 *educational, industrial, benevolent, social or political purpose,*
37 *regardless of whether the business is operated for profit.*

38 (b) *“Dwelling” means any structure, building, house, room,*
39 *apartment, tenement, tent, conveyance, vessel, boat, vehicle, house*
40 *trailer, travel trailer, motor home or railroad car, including,*
41 *without limitation, any part thereof that is divided into a separately*
42 *occupied unit:*

43 (1) *In which any person lives; or*

44 (2) *Which is customarily used by a person for overnight*
45 *accommodations,*



1 ↪ regardless of whether the person is inside at the time of the
2 offense.

3 (c) "Motor vehicle" means any motorized craft or device
4 designed for the transportation of a person or property across land
5 or water or through the air which does not qualify as a dwelling or
6 business structure pursuant to this section.

7 (d) "Unlawfully enters or unlawfully remains" means for a
8 person to enter or remain in a dwelling, structure or motor vehicle
9 or any part thereof, including, without limitation, under false
10 pretenses, when the person is not licensed or privileged to do so,
11 without regard to the purpose or intent of the person. For
12 purposes of this definition, a license or privilege to enter or remain
13 in a part of a dwelling, structure or motor vehicle that is open to
14 the public is not a license or privilege to enter or remain in a part
15 of the dwelling, structure or motor vehicle that is not open to the
16 public.

17 **Sec. 56.** NRS 205.067 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 205.067 1. A person who, by day or night, forcibly enters ~~an~~
19 ~~inhabited~~ a dwelling without permission of the owner, resident or
20 lawful occupant, whether or not a person is present at the time of the
21 entry, is guilty of invasion of the home.

22 2. A person convicted of invasion of the home is guilty of a
23 category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
24 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
25 maximum term of not more than 10 years, and may be further
26 punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000. A person who is
27 convicted of invasion of the home and who has previously been
28 convicted of *any* burglary *pursuant to NRS 205.060* or invasion of
29 the home must not be released on probation or granted a suspension
30 of sentence.

31 3. Whenever an invasion of the home is committed on a vessel,
32 vehicle, vehicle trailer, semitrailer, house trailer, airplane, glider,
33 boat or railroad car, in motion or in rest, in this State, and it cannot
34 with reasonable certainty be ascertained in what county the crime
35 was committed, the offender may be arrested and tried in any county
36 through which the conveyance, vessel, boat, vehicle, house trailer,
37 travel trailer, motor home or railroad car traveled during the time the
38 invasion was committed.

39 4. A person convicted of invasion of the home who has in his
40 or her possession or gains possession of any firearm or deadly
41 weapon at any time during the commission of the crime, at any time
42 before leaving the structure or upon leaving the structure, is guilty
43 of a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
44 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a



1 maximum term of not more than 15 years, and may be further
2 punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000.

3 5. As used in this section:

4 (a) *“Dwelling” has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 205.060.*

5 (b) *“Forcibly enters” means the entry of an inhabited dwelling
6 involving any act of physical force resulting in damage to the
7 structure.*

8 ~~*“(b) “Inhabited dwelling” means any structure, building, house,
9 room, apartment, tenement, tent, conveyance, vessel, boat, vehicle,
10 house trailer, travel trailer, motor home or railroad car in which the
11 owner or other lawful occupant resides.]*~~

12 **Sec. 57.** (Deleted by amendment.)

13 **Sec. 58.** NRS 205.0835 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 205.0835 1. Unless a greater penalty is imposed by a specific
15 statute and unless the provisions of NRS 205.08345 apply under the
16 circumstances, a person who commits theft in violation of any
17 provision of NRS 205.0821 to 205.0835, inclusive, shall be
18 punished pursuant to the provisions of this section.

19 2. If the value of the property or services involved in the theft
20 ~~is~~:

21 (a) *Is less than ~~[\$650,] \$1,200~~, the person who committed the
22 theft is guilty of a misdemeanor.*

23 ~~*[3.—If the value of the property or services involved in the theft
24 is \$650]*~~

25 (b) *Is \$1,200 or more but less than \$5,000, the person who
26 committed the theft is guilty of a category D felony and shall be
27 punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

28 (c) *Is \$5,000 or more but less than ~~[\$3,500,] \$25,000~~, the person
29 who committed the theft is guilty of a category C felony and shall be
30 punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

31 ~~*[4.—If the value of the property or services involved in the theft
32 is \$3,500]*~~

33 (d) *Is \$25,000 or more ~~[,] but less than \$100,000~~, the person
34 who committed the theft is guilty of a category B felony and shall be
35 punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of
36 not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 10 years,
37 and by a fine of not more than \$10,000.*

38 ~~*[5.—(e) Is \$100,000 or more, the person who committed the
39 theft is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by
40 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
41 than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 20 years, and
42 by a fine of not more than \$15,000.*~~

43 3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the
44 person who committed the theft to pay restitution.



Sec. 59. NRS 205.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

205.130 1. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsections 2 and 3, a person who willfully, with an intent to defraud, draws or passes a check or draft to obtain:

- (a) Money;
- (b) Delivery of other valuable property;
- (c) Services;
- (d) The use of property; or
- (e) Credit extended by any licensed gaming establishment, ↪ drawn upon any real or fictitious person, bank, firm, partnership, corporation or depository, when the person has insufficient money, property or credit with the drawee of the instrument to pay it in full upon its presentation, is guilty of a misdemeanor. If that instrument, or a series of instruments passed in the State during a period of 90 days, is in the amount of ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, the person is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.

2. A person who was previously convicted three times of a misdemeanor under the provisions of this section, or of an offense of a similar nature, in this State or any other state, or in a federal jurisdiction, who violates this section is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.

3. A person who willfully issues any check or draft for the payment of wages in excess of ~~[\$650,]~~ **\$1,200**, when the person knows he or she has insufficient money or credit with the drawee of the instrument to pay the instrument in full upon presentation is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

4. For the purposes of this section, "credit" means an arrangement or understanding with a person, firm, corporation, bank or depository for the payment of a check or other instrument.

Sec. 60. NRS 205.134 is hereby amended to read as follows:

205.134 1. A notice in boldface type which is clearly legible and is in substantially the following form must be posted in a conspicuous place in every principal and branch office of every bank and in every place of business in which retail selling is conducted:

The issuance of a check or draft without sufficient money or with intent to defraud is punishable by imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 6 months, or by a fine of not more than \$1,000, or by both fine and imprisonment, and the issuance of such a check or draft in an amount of ~~[\$650]~~



1 **\$1,200** or more or by a person who previously has been
2 convicted three times of this or a similar offense is punishable
3 as a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130.
4

5 2. Failure of the owner, operator or manager of a bank or other
6 place of business to post the sign required by this section is not a
7 defense to charge of a violation of NRS 205.130.

8 **Sec. 60.3.** NRS 205.2175 is hereby amended to read as
9 follows:

10 205.2175 As used in NRS 205.2175 to ~~205.2707,~~ **205.2705,**
11 inclusive, unless the context otherwise requires, the words and terms
12 defined in NRS 205.218 to 205.2195, inclusive, have the meanings
13 ascribed to them in those sections.

14 **Sec. 60.7.** NRS 205.2195 is hereby amended to read as
15 follows:

16 205.2195 "Property" means:

- 17 1. Personal goods, personal property and motor vehicles;
- 18 2. Money, negotiable instruments and other items listed in
19 NRS 205.260;
- 20 3. Livestock, domesticated animals and domesticated birds;
21 and
- 22 4. Any other item of value, whether or not the item is listed in
23 NRS 205.2175 to ~~205.2707,~~ **205.2705,** inclusive.

24 **Sec. 61.** NRS 205.220 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 205.220 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 205.226 and
26 205.228, a person commits grand larceny if the person:

27 1. Intentionally steals, takes and carries away, leads away or
28 drives away:

29 (a) Personal goods or property, with a value of ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or
30 more, owned by another person;

31 (b) Bedding, furniture or other property, with a value of ~~[\$650]~~
32 **\$1,200** or more, which the person, as a lodger, is to use in or with
33 his or her lodging and which is owned by another person; or

34 (c) Real property, with a value of ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, that
35 the person has converted into personal property by severing it from
36 real property owned by another person.

37 2. Uses a card or other device for automatically withdrawing or
38 transferring money in a financial institution to obtain intentionally
39 money to which the person knows he or she is not entitled.

40 3. Intentionally steals, takes and carries away, leads away,
41 drives away or entices away:

42 (a) One or more head of livestock owned by another person; or

43 (b) One or more domesticated animals or domesticated birds,
44 with an aggregate value of ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, owned by
45 another person.



1 4. With the intent to defraud, steal, appropriate or prevent
2 identification:

3 (a) Marks or brands, causes to be marked or branded, alters or
4 defaces a mark or brand, or causes to be altered or defaced a mark or
5 brand upon one or more head of livestock owned by another person;

6 (b) Sells or purchases the hide or carcass of one or more head of
7 livestock owned by another person that has had a mark or brand cut
8 out or obliterated;

9 (c) Kills one or more head of livestock owned by another person
10 but running at large, whether or not the livestock is marked or
11 branded; or

12 (d) Kills one or more domesticated animals or domesticated
13 birds, with an aggregate value of ~~[\$650]~~ \$1,200 or more, owned by
14 another person but running at large, whether or not the animals or
15 birds are marked or branded.

16 **Sec. 62.** NRS 205.222 is hereby amended to read as follows:

17 205.222 1. Unless a greater penalty is imposed by a specific
18 statute, a person who commits grand larceny in violation of NRS
19 205.220 shall be punished pursuant to the provisions of this section.

20 2. If the value of the property involved in the grand larceny
21 ~~is~~:

22 (a) *Is less than \$5,000, the person who committed the grand*
23 *larceny is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as*
24 *provided in NRS 193.130.*

25 (b) *Is \$5,000 or more but less than ~~[\$3,500,]~~ \$25,000,* the
26 person who committed the grand larceny is guilty of a category C
27 felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

28 ~~3. If the value of the property involved in the grand larceny is~~
29 ~~\$3,500]~~

30 (c) *Is \$25,000 or more ~~[,]~~ but less than \$100,000,* the person
31 who committed the grand larceny is guilty of a category B felony
32 and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a
33 minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
34 more than 10 years, and by a fine of not more than \$10,000.

35 ~~4.]~~ (d) *Is \$100,000 or more, the person who committed the*
36 *grand larceny is guilty of a category B felony and shall be*
37 *punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term*
38 *of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 20*
39 *years, and by a fine of not more than \$15,000.*

40 3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the
41 person who committed the grand larceny to pay restitution.

42 ~~5.]~~ 4. If the grand larceny involved a sale in violation of
43 subsection 3 or 4 of NRS 205.220, all proceeds from the sale are
44 subject to forfeiture.



Sec. 63. NRS 205.228 is hereby amended to read as follows:

205.228 1. A person who intentionally steals, takes and carries away, drives away or otherwise removes a motor vehicle owned by another person commits grand larceny of a motor vehicle.

2. ~~Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, a~~ A person who commits grand larceny of a motor vehicle is guilty of ~~a~~:

(a) A category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

~~3. If the prosecuting attorney proves that the value of the motor vehicle involved in the grand larceny is \$3,500 or more, the person who committed the grand larceny of the motor vehicle is guilty of~~

(b) *For a second or subsequent offense within 5 years*, a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than ~~10~~ 6 years, and by a fine of not more than ~~\$10,000~~.

~~4.~~ *\$5,000.*

3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person who committed the grand larceny of the motor vehicle to pay restitution.

Sec. 64. NRS 205.240 is hereby amended to read as follows:

205.240 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 205.220, 205.226, 205.228, 475.105 and 501.3765, a person commits petit larceny if the person:

(a) Intentionally steals, takes and carries away, leads away or drives away:

(1) Personal goods or property, with a value of less than ~~\$650,~~ *\$1,200*, owned by another person;

(2) Bedding, furniture or other property, with a value of less than ~~\$650,~~ *\$1,200*, which the person, as a lodger, is to use in or with his or her lodging and which is owned by another person; or

(3) Real property, with a value of less than ~~\$650,~~ *\$1,200*, that the person has converted into personal property by severing it from real property owned by another person.

(b) Intentionally steals, takes and carries away, leads away, drives away or entices away one or more domesticated animals or domesticated birds, with an aggregate value of less than ~~\$650,~~ *\$1,200*, owned by another person.

2. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS 205.267, a person who commits petit larceny is guilty of a misdemeanor.

3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay restitution.



1 **Sec. 64.5.** NRS 205.251 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 205.251 For the purposes of NRS 205.2175 to ~~205.2707,~~
3 **205.2705**, inclusive:

4 1. The value of property involved in a larceny offense shall be
5 deemed to be the highest value attributable to the property by any
6 reasonable standard.

7 2. The value of property involved in larceny offenses
8 committed by one or more persons pursuant to a scheme or
9 continuing course of conduct may be aggregated in determining the
10 grade of the larceny offenses.

11 **Sec. 65.** NRS 205.267 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12 205.267 1. A person who intentionally steals, takes and
13 carries away scrap metal or utility property with a value of less than
14 ~~650~~ **\$1,200** within a period of 90 days is guilty of a
15 misdemeanor.

16 2. A person who intentionally steals, takes and carries away
17 scrap metal or utility property with a value of ~~650~~ **\$1,200** or more
18 within a period of 90 days is guilty of:

19 (a) ~~If the value of the scrap metal or utility property taken is~~
20 ~~less than \$3,500, a category C felony and shall be punished as~~
21 ~~provided in NRS 193.130; or~~

22 —(b)— If the value of the scrap metal or utility property taken is
23 ~~3,500~~ **\$1,200** or more ~~;~~ **but less than \$5,000, a category D**
24 **felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.**

25 (b) *If the value of the scrap metal or utility property taken is*
26 *\$5,000 or more but less than \$25,000, a category C felony and*
27 *shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.*

28 (c) *If the value of the scrap metal or utility property taken is*
29 *\$25,000 or more but less than \$100,000, a category B felony and*
30 *shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a*
31 *minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not*
32 *more than 10 years, and by a fine of not more than \$10,000.*

33 (d) *If the value of the scrap metal or utility property taken is*
34 *\$100,000 or more, a category B felony and shall be punished by*
35 *imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less*
36 *than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 20 years, and*
37 *by a fine of not more than \$15,000.*

38 3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order a
39 person who violates the provisions of subsection 1 or 2 to pay
40 restitution and:

41 (a) For a first offense, to perform 100 hours of community
42 service.

43 (b) For a second offense, to perform 200 hours of community
44 service.



1 (c) For a third or subsequent offense, to perform up to 300 hours
2 of community service for up to 1 year, as determined by the court.

3 4. In determining the value of the scrap metal or utility
4 property taken, the cost of repairing and, if necessary, replacing any
5 property damaged by the theft of the scrap metal or utility property
6 must be added to the value of the property.

7 5. As used in this section:

8 (a) "Scrap metal" has the meaning ascribed to it in
9 NRS 647.017.

10 (b) "Utility property" has the meaning ascribed to it in
11 NRS 202.582.

12 **Sec. 66.** NRS 205.270 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 205.270 1. A person who, under circumstances not
14 amounting to robbery, with the intent to steal or appropriate to his or
15 her own use, takes property from the person of another, without the
16 other person's consent, is guilty of ~~[-~~

17 ~~—(a) If the value of the property taken is less than \$3,500,] a~~
18 ~~category C felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS~~
19 ~~193.130. [-; or~~

20 ~~—(b) If the value of the property taken is \$3,500 or more, a~~
21 ~~category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the~~
22 ~~state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a~~
23 ~~maximum term of not more than 10 years, and by a fine of not more~~
24 ~~than \$10,000.]~~

25 2. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the
26 person to pay restitution.

27 3. The court shall not grant probation to or suspend the
28 sentence of any person convicted of violating subsection 1 if the
29 person from whom the property was taken has any infirmity caused
30 by age or other physical condition.

31 **Sec. 67.** (Deleted by amendment.)

32 **Sec. 68.** NRS 205.273 is hereby amended to read as follows:

33 205.273 1. A person commits an offense involving a stolen
34 vehicle if the person:

35 (a) With the intent to procure or pass title to a motor vehicle
36 which the person knows or has reason to believe has been stolen,
37 receives or transfers possession of the vehicle from or to another
38 person; or

39 (b) Has in his or her possession a motor vehicle which the
40 person knows or has reason to believe has been stolen.

41 2. The provisions of subsection 1 do not apply to an officer of
42 the law if the officer is engaged in the performance of his or her
43 duty as an officer at the time of the receipt, transfer or possession of
44 the stolen vehicle.



1 3. ~~[Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, a]~~ A person
2 who violates the provisions of subsection 1 is guilty of a category C
3 felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

4 4. ~~[If the prosecuting attorney proves that the value of the
5 vehicle involved is \$3,500 or more, the person who violated the
6 provisions of subsection 1 is guilty of a category B felony and shall
7 be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum
8 term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than
9 10 years, and by a fine of not more than \$10,000.~~

10 ~~—5.]~~ In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the
11 person to pay restitution.

12 ~~[6.—For the purposes of this section, the value of a vehicle shall
13 be deemed to be the highest value attributable to the vehicle by any
14 reasonable standard.]~~

15 **Sec. 69.** NRS 205.275 is hereby amended to read as follows:

16 205.275 1. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 501.3765, a
17 person commits an offense involving stolen property if the person,
18 for his or her own gain or to prevent the owner from again
19 possessing the owner's property, buys, receives, possesses or
20 withholds property:

21 (a) Knowing that it is stolen property; or

22 (b) Under such circumstances as should have caused a
23 reasonable person to know that it is stolen property.

24 2. A person who commits an offense involving stolen property
25 in violation of subsection 1:

26 (a) If the value of the property is less than ~~[\$650.]~~ **\$1,200**, is
27 guilty of a misdemeanor;

28 (b) *If the value of the property is \$1,200 or more but less than
29 \$5,000, is guilty of a category D felony and shall be punished as
30 provided in NRS 193.130;*

31 (c) If the value of the property is ~~[\$650.]~~ **\$5,000** or more but less
32 than ~~[\$3,500.]~~ **\$25,000**, is guilty of a category C felony and shall be
33 punished as provided in NRS 193.130; ~~for~~

34 ~~—(e)]~~ (d) If the value of the property is ~~[\$3,500.]~~ **\$25,000** or more
35 *but less than \$100,000* or if the property is a firearm, is guilty of a
36 category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
37 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
38 maximum term of not more than 10 years, and by a fine of not more
39 than \$10,000 ~~[-];~~ or

40 (e) *If the value of the property is \$100,000 or more, is guilty of
41 a category B felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the
42 state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
43 maximum term of not more than 20 years, and by a fine of not
44 more than \$15,000.*



1 3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the
2 person to pay restitution.

3 4. A person may be prosecuted and convicted pursuant to this
4 section whether or not the principal is or has been prosecuted or
5 convicted.

6 5. Possession by any person of three or more items of the same
7 or a similar class or type of personal property on which a
8 permanently affixed manufacturer's serial number or manufacturer's
9 identification number has been removed, altered or defaced, is prima
10 facie evidence that the person has violated this section.

11 6. For the purposes of this section, the value of the property
12 involved shall be deemed to be the highest value attributable to the
13 property by any reasonable standard.

14 7. As used in this section, "stolen property" means property
15 that has been taken from its owner by larceny, robbery, burglary,
16 embezzlement, theft or any other offense that is a crime against
17 property, whether or not the person who committed the taking is or
18 has been prosecuted or convicted for the offense.

19 **Sec. 70.** NRS 205.365 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 205.365 A person, after once selling, bartering or disposing of
21 any tract of land, town lot, or executing any bond or agreement for
22 the sale of any land or town lot, who again, knowingly and
23 fraudulently, sells, barter or disposes of the same tract of land or
24 lot, or any part thereof, or knowingly and fraudulently executes any
25 bond or agreement to sell, barter or dispose of the same land or lot,
26 or any part thereof, to any other person, for a valuable consideration,
27 shall be punished:

28 1. Where the value of the property involved is ~~[\$650]~~ \$1,200 or
29 more, for a category ~~C~~ D felony as provided in NRS 193.130. In
30 addition to any other penalty, the court shall order the person to pay
31 restitution.

32 2. Where the value of the property is less than ~~[\$650.]~~ \$1,200,
33 for a misdemeanor.

34 **Sec. 71.** NRS 205.370 is hereby amended to read as follows:

35 205.370 A person who, by false representations of his or her
36 own wealth, or mercantile correspondence and connections, obtains
37 a credit thereby and defrauds any person of money, goods, chattels
38 or any valuable thing, or if a person causes or procures another to
39 report falsely of his or her wealth or mercantile character, and by
40 thus imposing upon any person obtains credit and thereby
41 fraudulently gets into the possession of goods, wares or
42 merchandise, or other valuable thing, is a swindler, and must be
43 sentenced to return the property fraudulently obtained, if it can be
44 done, or to pay restitution and shall be punished:



1 1. Where the amount of money or the value of the chattels,
2 goods, wares or merchandise, or other valuable thing so obtained is
3 ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category ~~F~~ **D** felony as provided in
4 NRS 193.130.

5 2. Otherwise, for a misdemeanor.

6 **Sec. 72.** NRS 205.377 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 205.377 1. A person shall not, in the course of an enterprise
8 or occupation, knowingly and with the intent to defraud, engage in
9 an act, practice or course of business or employ a device, scheme or
10 artifice which operates or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon a
11 person by means of a false representation or omission of a material
12 fact that:

13 (a) The person knows to be false or omitted;

14 (b) The person intends another to rely on; and

15 (c) Results in a loss to any person who relied on the false
16 representation or omission,

17 ↪ in at least two transactions that have the same or similar pattern,
18 intents, results, accomplices, victims or methods of commission, or
19 are otherwise interrelated by distinguishing characteristics and are
20 not isolated incidents within 4 years and in which the aggregate loss
21 or intended loss is more than ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200**.

22 2. Each act which violates subsection 1 constitutes a separate
23 offense.

24 3. A person who violates subsection 1 is guilty of a category B
25 felony and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for
26 a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not
27 more than 20 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
28 more than \$10,000.

29 4. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order a
30 person who violates subsection 1 to pay restitution.

31 5. A violation of this section constitutes a deceptive trade
32 practice for the purposes of NRS 598.0903 to 598.0999, inclusive.

33 6. As used in this section, "enterprise" has the meaning
34 ascribed to it in NRS 207.380.

35 **Sec. 73.** NRS 205.380 is hereby amended to read as follows:

36 205.380 1. A person who knowingly and designedly by any
37 false pretense obtains from any other person any chose in action,
38 money, goods, wares, chattels, effects or other valuable thing,
39 including rent or the labor of another person not his or her
40 employee, with the intent to cheat or defraud the other person, is a
41 cheat, and, unless otherwise prescribed by law, shall be punished:

42 (a) *If the value of the thing or labor fraudulently obtained was*
43 *less than \$1,200, for a misdemeanor, and must be sentenced to*
44 *restore the property fraudulently obtained if it can be done, or*
45 *tender payment for rent or labor.*



1 (b) *If the value of the thing or labor fraudulently obtained was*
2 *\$1,200 or more but less than \$5,000, for a category D felony as*
3 *provided in NRS 193.130.*

4 (c) *If the value of the thing or labor fraudulently obtained was*
5 *\$5,000 or more but less than \$25,000, for a category C felony as*
6 *provided in NRS 193.130.*

7 (d) *If the value of the thing or labor fraudulently obtained was*
8 ~~[\$650]~~ *\$25,000 or more [] but less than \$100,000, for a category B*
9 *felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of*
10 *not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than [6] 10*
11 *years, [or] and by a fine of not more than \$10,000 . [, or by both*
12 *fine and imprisonment.]*

13 (e) *If the value of the thing or labor fraudulently obtained was*
14 *\$100,000 or more, for a category B felony by imprisonment in the*
15 *state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a*
16 *maximum term of not more than 20 years, and by a fine of not*
17 *more than \$15,000.*

18 2. In addition to any other penalty [] *set forth in paragraph*
19 *(b), (c), (d) or (e) of subsection 1,* the court shall order the person to
20 pay restitution.

21 ~~[(b) If the value of the thing or labor fraudulently obtained was~~
22 ~~less than \$650, for a misdemeanor, and must be sentenced to restore~~
23 ~~the property fraudulently obtained, if it can be done, or tender~~
24 ~~payment for rent or labor.~~

25 ~~—2.]~~ 3. For the purposes of this section, it is prima facie
26 evidence of an intent to defraud if the drawer of a check or other
27 instrument given in payment for:

28 (a) Property which can be returned in the same condition in
29 which it was originally received;

30 (b) Rent; or

31 (c) Labor performed in a workmanlike manner whenever a
32 written estimate was furnished before the labor was performed and
33 the actual cost of the labor does not exceed the estimate,

34 ➤ stops payment on that instrument and fails to return or offer to
35 return the property in that condition, or to specify in what way the
36 labor was deficient within 5 days after receiving notice from the
37 payee that the instrument has not been paid by the drawee.

38 ~~[3.]~~ 4. The notice must be sent to the drawer by certified mail,
39 return receipt requested, at the address shown on the instrument.
40 The notice must include a statement of the penalties set forth in this
41 section. Return of the notice because of nondelivery to the drawer
42 raises a rebuttable presumption of the intent to defraud.

43 ~~[4.]~~ 5. A notice in boldface type clearly legible and in
44 substantially the following form must be posted in a conspicuous
45 place in every principal and branch office of every bank and in



1 every place of business in which retail selling is conducted or labor
2 is performed for the public and must be furnished in written form by
3 a landlord to a tenant:
4

5 The stopping of payment on a check or other instrument
6 given in payment for property which can be returned in the
7 same condition in which it was originally received, rent or
8 labor which was completed in a workmanlike manner, and the
9 failure to return or offer to return the property in that
10 condition or to specify in what way the labor was deficient
11 within 5 days after receiving notice of nonpayment is
12 punishable:

13 1. *If the value of the property, rent or labor*
14 *fraudulently obtained was less than \$1,200, as a*
15 *misdemeanor by imprisonment in the county jail for not*
16 *more than 6 months, or by a fine of not more than \$1,000,*
17 *or by both fine and imprisonment.*

18 2. *If the value of the property, rent or labor*
19 *fraudulently obtained was \$1,200 or more but less than*
20 *\$5,000, as a category D felony by imprisonment in the state*
21 *prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a*
22 *maximum term of not more than 4 years, or by a fine of not*
23 *more than \$5,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.*

24 3. *If the value of the property, rent or labor*
25 *fraudulently obtained was \$5,000 or more but less than*
26 *\$25,000, as a category C felony by imprisonment in the state*
27 *prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a*
28 *maximum term of not more than 5 years, or by a fine of not*
29 *more than \$10,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.*

30 4. If the value of the property, rent or labor fraudulently
31 obtained was ~~[\$650]~~ \$25,000 or more ~~[-]~~ but less than
32 \$100,000, as a category B felony by imprisonment in the state
33 prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a
34 maximum term of not more than ~~[6]~~ 10 years, ~~[or]~~ and by a
35 fine of not more than \$10,000 . ~~[-, or by both fine and~~
36 ~~imprisonment.~~

37 ~~—2.]~~ 5. If the value of the property, rent or labor ~~[so]~~
38 fraudulently obtained was ~~[less than \$650, as a misdemeanor]~~
39 \$100,000 or more, as a category B felony by imprisonment
40 in the ~~[county jail]~~ state prison for a minimum term of not
41 ~~[more]~~ less than ~~[6 months, or]~~ 1 year and a maximum term
42 of not more than 20 years, and by a fine of not more than
43 ~~[\$1,000, or by both fine and imprisonment.]~~ \$15,000.



1 **Sec. 74.** NRS 205.415 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 205.415 A person who sells one or more tickets to any ball,
3 benefit or entertainment, or asks or receives any subscription or
4 promise thereof, for the benefit or pretended benefit of any person,
5 association or order, without being authorized thereto by the person,
6 association or order for whose benefit or pretended benefit it is
7 done, shall be punished:

8 1. Where the amount received from such sales, subscriptions or
9 promises totals ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category ~~C~~ **D** felony
10 as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the
11 court shall order the person to pay restitution.

12 2. Otherwise, for a misdemeanor.

13 **Sec. 75.** NRS 205.445 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 205.445 1. It is unlawful for a person:

15 (a) To obtain food, foodstuffs, lodging, merchandise or other
16 accommodations at any hotel, inn, trailer park, motor court,
17 boardinghouse, rooming house, lodging house, furnished apartment
18 house, furnished bungalow court, furnished automobile camp, eating
19 house, restaurant, grocery store, market or dairy, without paying
20 therefor, with the intent to defraud the proprietor or manager
21 thereof;

22 (b) To obtain credit at a hotel, inn, trailer park, motor court,
23 boardinghouse, rooming house, lodging house, furnished apartment
24 house, furnished bungalow court, furnished automobile camp, eating
25 house, restaurant, grocery store, market or dairy by the use of any
26 false pretense; or

27 (c) After obtaining credit, food, lodging, merchandise or other
28 accommodations at a hotel, inn, trailer park, motor court,
29 boardinghouse, rooming house, lodging house, furnished apartment
30 house, furnished bungalow court, furnished automobile camp, eating
31 house, restaurant, grocery store, market or dairy, to abscond or
32 surreptitiously, or by force, menace or threats, to remove any part of
33 his or her baggage therefrom, without paying for the food or
34 accommodations.

35 2. A person who violates any of the provisions of subsection 1
36 shall be punished:

37 (a) Where the total value of the credit, food, foodstuffs, lodging,
38 merchandise or other accommodations received from any one
39 establishment is ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category D felony as
40 provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the court
41 shall order the person to pay restitution.

42 (b) Otherwise, for a misdemeanor.

43 3. Proof that lodging, food, foodstuffs, merchandise or other
44 accommodations were obtained by false pretense, or by false or
45 fictitious show or pretense of any baggage or other property, or that



1 the person refused or willfully neglected to pay for the food,
2 foodstuffs, lodging, merchandise or other accommodations, or that
3 the person gave in payment for the food, foodstuffs, lodging,
4 merchandise or other accommodations negotiable paper on which
5 payment was refused, or that the person absconded without paying
6 or offering to pay for the food, foodstuffs, lodging, merchandise or
7 other accommodations, or that the person surreptitiously removed or
8 attempted to remove his or her baggage, is prima facie evidence of
9 the fraudulent intent mentioned in this section.

10 4. This section does not apply where there has been an
11 agreement in writing for delay in payment for a period to exceed 10
12 days.

13 **Sec. 76.** (Deleted by amendment.)

14 **Sec. 77.** (Deleted by amendment.)

15 **Sec. 78.** (Deleted by amendment.)

16 **Sec. 79.** NRS 205.520 is hereby amended to read as follows:

17 205.520 A bailee, or any officer, agent or servant of a bailee,
18 who issues or aids in issuing a document of title, knowing that
19 the goods covered by the document of title have not been received by
20 him or her, or are not under his or her control at the time the
21 document is issued, shall be punished:

22 1. Where the value of the goods purported to be covered by the
23 document of title is ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category D felony
24 as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the
25 court shall order the person to pay restitution.

26 2. Where the value is less than ~~[\$650,]~~ **\$1,200**, for a
27 misdemeanor.

28 **Sec. 80.** NRS 205.540 is hereby amended to read as follows:

29 205.540 Except as otherwise provided in chapter 104 of NRS,
30 a bailee, or any officer, agent or servant of a bailee, who issues or
31 aids in issuing a duplicate or additional negotiable document of title,
32 knowing that a former negotiable document for the same goods or
33 any part of them is outstanding and uncanceled, shall be punished:

34 1. Where the value of the goods purported to be covered by the
35 document of title is ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category D felony
36 as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the
37 court shall order the person to pay restitution.

38 2. Where the value is less than ~~[\$650,]~~ **\$1,200**, for a
39 misdemeanor.

40 **Sec. 81.** NRS 205.570 is hereby amended to read as follows:

41 205.570 A person who, with the intent to defraud, obtains a
42 negotiable document of title for goods to which the person does not
43 have title, or which are subject to a security interest, and negotiates
44 the document for value, without disclosing the want of title or the
45 existence of the security interest, shall be punished:



1 1. Where the value of the goods purported to be covered by the
2 document of title is ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category D felony
3 as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the
4 court shall order the person to pay restitution.

5 2. Where the value is less than ~~[\$650,]~~ **\$1,200**, for a
6 misdemeanor.

7 **Sec. 82.** NRS 205.580 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 205.580 A person who, with the intent to defraud, secures the
9 issue by a bailee of a negotiable document of title, knowing at the
10 time of issue that any or all of the goods are not in possession of
11 the bailee, by inducing the bailee to believe that the goods are in the
12 bailee's possession, shall be punished:

13 1. Where the value of the goods purported to be covered by the
14 document of title is ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category D felony
15 as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the
16 court shall order the person to pay restitution.

17 2. Where the value is less than ~~[\$650,]~~ **\$1,200**, for a
18 misdemeanor.

19 **Sec. 83.** NRS 205.590 is hereby amended to read as follows:

20 205.590 A person who, with the intent to defraud, negotiates or
21 transfers for value a document of title, which by the terms thereof
22 represents that goods are in possession of the bailee who issued the
23 document, knowing that the bailee is not in possession of the goods
24 or any part thereof, without disclosing this fact, shall be punished:

25 1. Where the value of the goods purported to be covered by the
26 document of title is ~~[\$650]~~ **\$1,200** or more, for a category D felony
27 as provided in NRS 193.130. In addition to any other penalty, the
28 court shall order the person to pay restitution.

29 2. Where the value is less than ~~[\$650,]~~ **\$1,200**, for a
30 misdemeanor.

31 **Sec. 84.** NRS 205.605 is hereby amended to read as follows:

32 205.605 1. A person shall not:

33 (a) Use a scanning device to access, read, obtain, memorize or
34 store, temporarily or permanently, information encoded on the
35 magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card:

36 (1) Without the permission of the authorized user of the
37 payment card; and

38 (2) With the intent to defraud the authorized user, the issuer
39 of the payment card or any other person.

40 (b) Use a reencoder to place information encoded on the
41 magnetic strip or stripe of a payment card onto the magnetic strip or
42 stripe of a different card:

43 (1) Without the permission of the authorized user of the card
44 from which the information is being reencoded; and



1 (2) With the intent to defraud the authorized user, the issuer
2 of the payment card or any other person.

3 2. A person who violates any provision of this section is guilty
4 of a category ~~[B]~~ C felony and shall be punished ~~[by imprisonment~~
5 ~~in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a~~
6 ~~maximum term of not more than 20 years, and may be further~~
7 ~~punished by a fine of not more than \$100,000.] as provided in~~
8 *NRS 193.130.*

9 3. In addition to any other penalty, the court shall order a
10 person who violates any provision of this section to pay restitution,
11 including, without limitation, any attorney's fees and costs incurred
12 to:

13 (a) Repair the credit history or rating of each person who is a
14 victim of the violation; and

15 (b) Satisfy a debt, lien or other obligation incurred by each
16 person who is a victim of the violation.

17 **Sec. 84.3.** NRS 205.606 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 205.606 1. A person shall not ~~[possess]~~ :

19 *(a) Install or affix, temporarily or permanently, a scanning*
20 *device within or upon a machine with the intent to use the*
21 *scanning device for an unlawful purpose;*

22 *(b) Access, by electronic or any other means, a scanning*
23 *device with the intent to use the scanning device for an unlawful*
24 *purpose; or*

25 *(c) Possess* a scanning device or reencoder with the intent to use
26 the scanning device or reencoder for an unlawful purpose.

27 2. A person who violates any provision of this section is guilty
28 of a category C felony and shall be punished as provided in
29 NRS 193.130.

30 3. *As used in this section, "machine" means a machine used*
31 *to conduct financial transactions, including, without limitation, an*
32 *automated teller or fuel pump. As used in this subsection,*
33 *"automated teller" means an electronic device that dispenses cash*
34 *in connection with an account maintained in a financial*
35 *institution or with another business.*

36 **Sec. 84.5.** NRS 205.607 is hereby amended to read as follows:

37 205.607 The provisions of NRS 205.601 to 205.608, inclusive,
38 do not apply to any person who, without the intent to defraud or
39 commit an unlawful act, *installs, affixes, accesses,* possesses or
40 uses a scanning device or reencoder:

41 1. In the ordinary course of his or her business or employment;
42 or

43 2. Pursuant to a financial transaction entered into with an
44 authorized user of a payment card who has given permission for the
45 financial transaction.



Sec. 84.7. NRS 205.940 is hereby amended to read as follows:

205.940 1. Any person who in renting or leasing any personal property obtains or retains possession of such personal property by means of any false or fraudulent representation, fraudulent concealment, false pretense or personation, trick, artifice or device, including, but not limited to, a false representation as to his or her name, residence, employment or operator's license, is guilty of larceny and shall be punished as provided in NRS 205.2175 to ~~205.2707~~, 205.2705, inclusive. It is a complete defense to any civil action arising out of or involving the arrest or detention of any person renting or leasing personal property that any representation made by the person in obtaining or retaining possession of the personal property is contrary to the fact.

2. Any person who, after renting or leasing any personal property under an agreement in writing which provides for the return of the personal property to a particular place at a particular time fails to return the personal property to such place within the time specified, and who, with the intent to defraud the lessor or to retain possession of such property without the lessor's permission, thereafter fails to return such property to any place of business of the lessor within 72 hours after a written demand for the return of such property is made upon the person by registered mail addressed to his or her address as shown in the written agreement, or in the absence of such address, to his or her last known place of residence, is guilty of larceny and shall be punished as provided in NRS 205.2175 to ~~205.2707~~, 205.2705, inclusive. The failure to return the personal property to the place specified in the agreement is prima facie evidence of an intent to defraud the lessor or to retain possession of such property without the lessor's permission. It is a complete defense to any civil action arising out of or involving the arrest or detention of any person upon whom such demand was made that the person failed to return the personal property to any place of business of the lessor within 20 days after such demand.

Sec. 85. NRS 205.950 is hereby amended to read as follows:

205.950 1. It is unlawful for a person to receive an advance fee, salary, deposit or money to obtain a loan for another unless the person places the advance fee, salary, deposit or money in escrow pending completion of the loan or a commitment for the loan.

2. Advance payments to cover reasonably estimated costs paid to third persons are excluded from the provisions of subsection 1 if the person making them first signs a written agreement which specifies the estimated costs by item and the estimated aggregate cost, and which recites that money advanced for costs will not be refunded. If an itemized service is not performed and the estimated



1 cost thereof is not refunded, the recipient of the advance payment is
2 subject to the penalties provided in subsection 3.

3 3. A person who violates the provisions of this section:

4 (a) Is guilty of a misdemeanor if the amount is less than ~~[\$650;]~~
5 **\$1,200; or**

6 (b) ~~Is guilty of a gross misdemeanor if the amount is \$650 or~~
7 ~~more but less than \$1,000; or~~

8 ~~—(c) Is guilty of a category D felony if the amount is [\$1,000]~~
9 **\$1,200** or more and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

10 **Sec. 85.5.** NRS 205.980 is hereby amended to read as follows:

11 205.980 1. A person who is convicted of violating any
12 provision of NRS 205.060 or 205.2175 to ~~[205.2707;]~~ **205.2705,**
13 inclusive, is civilly liable for the value of any property stolen and
14 not recovered in its original condition. The value of the property
15 must be determined by its retail value or fair market value at the
16 time the crime was committed, whichever is greater.

17 2. A person who is convicted of any other crime involving
18 damage to property is civilly liable for the amount of damage done
19 to the property.

20 3. The prosecutor shall notify the victim concerning the
21 disposition of the criminal charges against the defendant within 30
22 days after the disposition. The notice must be sent to the last known
23 address of the victim.

24 4. An order of restitution signed by the judge in whose court
25 the conviction was entered shall be deemed a judgment against the
26 defendant for the purpose of collecting damages.

27 5. Nothing in this section prohibits a victim from recovering
28 additional damages from the defendant.

29 **Sec. 86.** NRS 207.010 is hereby amended to read as follows:

30 207.010 1. Unless the person is prosecuted pursuant to NRS
31 207.012 or 207.014, a person convicted in this State of:

32 (a) Any felony, who has previously been ~~[two]~~ **five** times
33 convicted, whether in this State or elsewhere, of any crime which
34 under the laws of the situs of the crime or of this State would
35 amount to a felony is a habitual criminal and shall be punished for a
36 category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a
37 minimum term of not less than 5 years and a maximum term of not
38 more than 20 years.

39 (b) Any felony, who has previously been ~~[three]~~ **seven** times
40 convicted, whether in this State or elsewhere, of any crime which
41 under the laws of the situs of the crime or of this State would
42 amount to a felony is a habitual criminal and shall be punished for a
43 category A felony by imprisonment in the state prison:

44 (1) For life without the possibility of parole;



1 (2) For life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for
2 parole beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served; or

3 (3) For a definite term of 25 years, with eligibility for parole
4 beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served.

5 2. *A previous or current conviction under NRS 453.336 or*
6 *453.411 must not be used as the basis for a conviction pursuant to*
7 *this section.*

8 3. It is within the discretion of the prosecuting attorney
9 whether to include a count under this section in any information or
10 file a notice of habitual criminality if an indictment is found. The
11 trial judge may, at his or her discretion, dismiss a count under this
12 section which is included in any indictment or information.

13 **Sec. 87.** NRS 207.012 is hereby amended to read as follows:

14 207.012 1. A person who:

15 (a) Has been convicted in this State of a felony listed in
16 subsection 2; and

17 (b) Before the commission of that felony, was twice convicted
18 of any crime which under the laws of the situs of the crime or of this
19 State would be a felony listed in subsection 2, whether the prior
20 convictions occurred in this State or elsewhere,

21 ➤ is a habitual felon and shall be punished for a category A felony
22 by imprisonment in the state prison:

23 (1) For life without the possibility of parole;

24 (2) For life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for
25 parole beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served; or

26 (3) For a definite term of 25 years, with eligibility for parole
27 beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served.

28 2. The district attorney shall include a count under this section
29 in any information or shall file a notice of habitual felon if an
30 indictment is found, if each prior conviction and the alleged offense
31 committed by the accused constitutes a violation of subparagraph
32 (1) of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 193.330, NRS 199.160,
33 199.500, 200.030, 200.310, 200.340, 200.366, 200.380, 200.390,
34 subsection 3 or 4 of NRS 200.400, NRS 200.410, subsection 3 of
35 NRS 200.450, subsection 5 of NRS 200.460, NRS 200.463,
36 200.4631, 200.464, 200.465, 200.467, 200.468, subsection 1,
37 paragraph (a) of subsection 2 or subparagraph (2) of paragraph (b)
38 of subsection 2 of NRS 200.508, NRS 200.710, 200.720, 201.230,
39 201.450, 202.170, subsection 2 of NRS 202.780, paragraph (b) of
40 subsection 2 of NRS 202.820, paragraph (b) of subsection 1 or
41 subsection 2 of NRS 202.830, NRS 205.010, subsection 4 of
42 NRS 205.060, subsection 4 of NRS 205.067, NRS 205.075,
43 207.400, paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 212.090, NRS
44 453.3325, 453.333, 484C.130, 484C.430 or 484E.010.



1 3. The trial judge may not dismiss a count under this section
2 that is included in an indictment or information.

3 **Sec. 88.** NRS 207.203 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 207.203 1. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to
5 NRS 200.603, any person who commits a violation of NRS 207.200
6 by trespassing on the premises of a licensed gaming establishment
7 and who has previously been convicted of three violations of NRS
8 201.354 within the immediately preceding 5 years is guilty of a
9 misdemeanor and shall be punished by:

10 (a) A fine of \$1,000;

11 (b) Imprisonment in the county jail for not more than 6 months;

12 or

13 (c) Both fine and imprisonment.

14 ➔ In lieu of all or a part of the punishment which may be imposed
15 pursuant to this subsection, the person may be sentenced to perform
16 a fixed period of community service pursuant to the conditions
17 prescribed in NRS 176.087.

18 2. The court, without entering a judgment of conviction and
19 with the consent of the accused, may suspend further proceedings
20 and place the person on probation upon terms and conditions that
21 must include attendance and successful completion of [a] :

22 (a) A counseling or educational program ; or [in]

23 (b) In the case of a person dependent upon drugs, [of] a program
24 of treatment and rehabilitation pursuant to [NRS 453.580.] *section*
25 *20 of this act if the court determines that the person is eligible for*
26 *participation in such a program.*

27 3. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter a
28 judgment of conviction and punish the person as provided in
29 subsection 1.

30 4. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall
31 discharge the accused and dismiss the proceedings against him or
32 her.

33 5. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6, discharge and
34 dismissal under this section is without adjudication of guilt and is
35 not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of
36 employment, civil rights or any statute or regulation or license or
37 questionnaire or for any other public or private purpose, but is a
38 conviction for the purpose of additional penalties imposed for
39 second or subsequent convictions or the setting of bail. Discharge
40 and dismissal restores the person discharged, in the contemplation
41 of the law, to the status occupied before the arrest, indictment or
42 information. The person may not be held thereafter under any law to
43 be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason
44 of failure to recite or acknowledge that arrest, indictment,
45 information or trial in response to an inquiry made of the person for



1 any purpose. Discharge and dismissal under this section may only
2 occur once with respect to any person.

3 6. A professional licensing board may consider a proceeding
4 under this section in determining suitability for a license or liability
5 to discipline for misconduct. Such a board is entitled for those
6 purposes to a truthful answer from the applicant or licensee
7 concerning any such proceeding with respect to the applicant or
8 licensee.

9 7. Before the court assigns a person to a program pursuant to
10 this section, the person must agree to pay the cost of the program to
11 which the person is assigned and the cost of any additional
12 supervision required, to the extent of the financial resources of the
13 person. If the person does not have the financial resources to pay all
14 of the related costs, the court shall, to the extent practicable, arrange
15 for the person to be assigned to a program at a facility that receives
16 a sufficient amount of federal or state funding to offset the
17 remainder of the costs.

18 8. As used in this section, "licensed gaming establishment" has
19 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 463.0169.

20 **Sec. 89.** NRS 209.1315 is hereby amended to read as follows:

21 209.1315 The Director may continue to develop and
22 implement, in each institution and facility of the Department, a
23 program of facility training for the correctional staff. *Such training*
24 *must include:*

25 1. *Training in evidence-based practices, including, without*
26 *limitation, principles of effective intervention, effective case*
27 *management and core correctional practices; and*

28 2. *Courses on interacting with victims of domestic violence*
29 *and trauma and people with behavioral health needs and both*
30 *physical and intellectual disabilities.*

31 **Sec. 90.** NRS 209.341 is hereby amended to read as follows:

32 209.341 1. The Director shall:

33 ~~1.]~~ (a) Establish, with the approval of the Board, a system of
34 initial classification and evaluation for offenders who are sentenced
35 to imprisonment in the state prison. ~~1.] and~~

36 ~~2.]~~ (b) Assign every person who is sentenced to imprisonment
37 in the state prison to an appropriate institution or facility of the
38 Department. The assignment must be based on an evaluation of the
39 offender's records, particular needs and requirements for custody.

40 (c) *Administer a risk and needs assessment to each offender*
41 *for the purpose of guiding institutional programming and*
42 *placement. The Department may consider the responsivity factors*
43 *of an offender when making decisions concerning such*
44 *programming and placement.*



1 2. *Any risk and needs assessment used by the Department*
2 *pursuant to this section must undergo a validation study not less*
3 *than once every 3 years. The Department shall establish quality*
4 *assurance procedures to ensure proper and consistent scoring of*
5 *any risk and needs assessment used pursuant to this section.*

6 3. *As used in this section:*

7 (a) *“Responsivity factors” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
8 *NRS 213.107.*

9 (b) *“Risk and needs assessment” has the meaning ascribed to*
10 *it in NRS 213.107.*

11 **Sec. 91.** NRS 209.3925 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12 209.3925 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6,
13 the Director may *approve a medical release and* assign an offender
14 to the custody of the Division of Parole and Probation of the
15 Department of Public Safety to serve a term of residential
16 confinement pursuant to NRS 213.380 or other appropriate
17 supervision as determined by the Division of Parole and Probation,
18 for not longer than the remainder of his or her sentence, if:

19 (a) The Director has reason to believe that the offender is:

20 (1) Physically incapacitated or in ill health to such a degree
21 that the offender does not presently, and likely will not in the future,
22 pose a threat to the safety of the public; or

23 (2) In ill health and expected to die within ~~12~~ 18 months,
24 and does not presently, and likely will not in the future, pose a threat
25 to the safety of the public; and

26 (b) At least two physicians *or nurses* licensed pursuant to
27 chapter 630, 632 or 633 of NRS, *as applicable*, one of whom is not
28 employed by the Department, verify, in writing, that the offender is:

29 (1) Physically incapacitated or in ill health; or

30 (2) In ill health and expected to die within ~~12~~ 18 months.

31 2. *A request for medical release pursuant to this section:*

32 (a) *May be submitted to the Director by:*

33 (1) *A prison official or employee;*

34 (2) *An offender;*

35 (3) *An attorney or representative of an offender;*

36 (4) *A family member of an offender; or*

37 (5) *A medical or mental health professional.*

38 (b) *Must be in writing and articulate the grounds supporting*
39 *the appropriateness of the medical release of the offender.*

40 3. If the Director intends to assign an offender to the custody of
41 the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section, at least
42 45 days before the date the offender is expected to be released from
43 the custody of the Department, the Director shall notify:

44 (a) The board of county commissioners of the county in which
45 the offender will reside; and



1 (b) The Division of Parole and Probation.

2 ~~[3.]~~ 4. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 213.10915, if any
3 victim of a crime committed by the offender has, pursuant to
4 subsection 4 of NRS 213.131, requested to be notified of the
5 consideration of a prisoner for parole and has provided a current
6 address, the Division of Parole and Probation shall notify the victim
7 that:

8 (a) The Director intends to assign the offender to the custody of
9 the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section; and

10 (b) The victim may submit documents to the Division of Parole
11 and Probation regarding such an assignment.

12 ➔ If a current address has not been provided by a victim as required
13 by subsection 4 of NRS 213.131, the Division of Parole and
14 Probation must not be held responsible if notification is not received
15 by the victim. All personal information, including, but not limited
16 to, a current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which
17 is received by the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this
18 subsection is confidential.

19 ~~[4.]~~ 5. If an offender assigned to the custody of the Division of
20 Parole and Probation pursuant to this section escapes or violates any
21 of the terms or conditions of his or her residential confinement or
22 other appropriate supervision as determined by the Division of
23 Parole and Probation:

24 (a) The Division of Parole and Probation may, pursuant to the
25 procedure set forth in NRS 213.410, return the offender to the
26 custody of the Department.

27 (b) The offender forfeits all or part of the credits for good
28 behavior earned by the offender before the escape or violation, as
29 determined by the Director. The Director may provide for a
30 forfeiture of credits pursuant to this paragraph only after proof of the
31 offense and notice to the offender and may restore credits forfeited
32 for such reasons as the Director considers proper. The decision of
33 the Director regarding such a forfeiture is final.

34 ~~[5.]~~ 6. The assignment of an offender to the custody of the
35 Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section shall be
36 deemed:

37 (a) A continuation of the offender's imprisonment and not a
38 release on parole; and

39 (b) For the purposes of NRS 209.341, an assignment to a facility
40 of the Department,

41 ➔ except that the offender is not entitled to obtain any benefits or to
42 participate in any programs provided to offenders in the custody of
43 the Department.

44 ~~[6.]~~ 7. The Director may not assign an offender to the custody
45 of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section if



1 the offender is sentenced to death or imprisonment for life without
2 the possibility of parole.

3 ~~[7.]~~ 8. An offender does not have a right to be assigned to the
4 custody of the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this
5 section, or to remain in that custody after such an assignment, and it
6 is not intended that the provisions of this section or of NRS 213.371
7 to 213.410, inclusive, create any right or interest in liberty or
8 property or establish a basis for any cause of action against the
9 State, its political subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions,
10 departments, officers or employees.

11 ~~[8.]~~ 9. The Division of Parole and Probation may receive and
12 distribute restitution paid by an offender assigned to the custody of
13 the Division of Parole and Probation pursuant to this section.

14 **Sec. 92.** NRS 209.511 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 209.511 1. Before an offender is released from prison by
16 expiration of his or her term of sentence, by pardon or parole, the
17 Director may provide mediation services to the offender and the
18 family members and friends of the offender who provide emotional,
19 psychological and financial support to the offender.

20 2. Not later than 3 months before an offender is projected to be
21 released from prison by expiration of his or her term of sentence, by
22 pardon or parole, the Director may, if space is available, provide an
23 eligible offender with one or more evidence-based or promising
24 practice reentry programs to obtain employment, including, without
25 limitation, any programs which may provide bonding for an
26 offender entering the workplace and any organizations which may
27 provide employment or bonding assistance to such a person.

28 3. ~~[Except as otherwise provided in subsection 4, when]~~ **When**
29 an offender is released from prison by expiration of his or her term
30 of sentence, by pardon or by parole, the Director:

31 (a) May furnish the offender with a sum of money not to exceed
32 \$100, the amount to be based upon the offender's economic need as
33 determined by the Director;

34 (b) Shall give the offender notice of the provisions of chapter
35 179C of NRS and NRS 202.357 and 202.360;

36 (c) Shall require the offender to sign an acknowledgment of the
37 notice required in paragraph (b);

38 (d) Shall give the offender notice of the provisions of NRS
39 179.245 and the provisions of NRS 213.090, 213.155 or 213.157, as
40 applicable;

41 (e) Shall provide the offender with a photo identification card
42 issued by the Department and information and reasonable assistance
43 relating to acquiring a valid driver's license or identification card to
44 enable the offender to obtain employment, if the offender:

45 (1) Requests a photo identification card; ~~[or]~~



1 (2) Requests such information and assistance and is eligible
2 to acquire a valid driver's license or identification card from the
3 Department of Motor Vehicles; *or*

4 (3) *Is not currently in possession of a photo identification*
5 *card;*

6 (f) ~~[May]~~ *Shall* provide the offender with clothing suitable for
7 reentering society;

8 (g) ~~[May]~~ *Shall* provide the offender with the cost of
9 transportation to his or her place of residence anywhere within the
10 continental United States, or to the place of his or her conviction;

11 (h) ~~[May, but is not required to.]~~ *If appropriate, shall* release
12 the offender to a facility for transitional living for released offenders
13 that is licensed pursuant to chapter 449 of NRS; ~~[and]~~

14 (i) Shall require the offender to submit to at least one test for
15 exposure to the human immunodeficiency virus ~~[H]~~ ;

16 (j) *If the offender is eligible for Medicaid or Medicare, shall*
17 *complete enrollment application paperwork for the offender; and*

18 (k) *If the offender was receiving a prescribed medication while*
19 *in custody, shall ensure that the offender is provided with a 30-day*
20 *supply of any such prescribed medication.*

21 4. The Director shall not provide an offender with a photo
22 identification card pursuant to paragraph (e) of subsection 3 unless
23 *the photo identification card clearly indicates whether* the Director
24 ~~[has]~~ :

25 (a) *Has* verified the full legal name and age of the offender by
26 obtaining an original or certified copy of the documents required by
27 the Department of Motor Vehicles pursuant to NRS 483.290 or
28 483.860, as applicable, furnished as proof of the full legal name and
29 age of an applicant for a driver's license or identification card ~~[H]~~ ;
30 *or*

31 (b) *Has not verified the full legal name and age of the offender*
32 *pursuant to paragraph (a).*

33 5. The costs authorized *or required* in paragraphs (a), (e), (f),
34 (g) , ~~[and]~~ (i) *and (k)* of subsection 3 must be paid out of the
35 appropriate account within the State General Fund for the use of the
36 Department as other claims against the State are paid to the extent
37 that the costs have not been paid in accordance with subsection 5 of
38 NRS 209.221 and NRS 209.246.

39 6. The Director is encouraged to work with the Nevada
40 Community Re-Entry Task Force established by the Governor
41 pursuant to executive order, or its successor body, if any, to align
42 statewide strategies for the reentry of offenders into the community
43 and the implementation of those strategies.

44 7. As used in this section:

45 (a) "Eligible offender" means an offender who is:



1 (1) Determined to be eligible for reentry programming based
2 on the Nevada Risk Assessment Services instrument, or its
3 successor risk assessment tool; and

4 (2) Enrolled in:

5 (I) Programming services under a reentry program at a
6 correctional facility which has staff designated to provide the
7 services; or

8 (II) A community-based program to assist offenders to
9 reenter the community.

10 (b) "Facility for transitional living for released offenders" has
11 the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 449.0055.

12 (c) "Photo identification card" means a document which
13 includes the name, date of birth and a color picture of the offender.

14 (d) "Promising practice reentry program" means a reentry
15 program that has strong quantitative and qualitative data showing
16 positive outcomes, but does not have sufficient research or
17 replication to support recognition as an evidence-based practice.

18 **Sec. 93.** Chapter 213 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
19 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 93.3 and 93.7 of this act.

20 **Sec. 93.3. 1. *Notwithstanding any other provision of law,***
21 ***the Board may grant geriatric parole to a prisoner if he or she:***

22 (a) *Has not been convicted of:*

23 (1) *A crime of violence;*

24 (2) *A crime against a child as defined in NRS 179D.0357;*

25 (3) *A sexual offense as defined in NRS 179D.097;*

26 (4) *Vehicular homicide pursuant to NRS 484C.130; or*

27 (5) *A violation of NRS 484C.430;*

28 (b) *Is not serving a sentence of life imprisonment without the*
29 *possibility of parole and has not been sentenced to death;*

30 (c) *Does not pose a significant and articulable risk to public*
31 *safety; and*

32 (d) *Is 65 years of age or older and has served 8 consecutive*
33 *years in the custody of the Department, including any credit*
34 *earned for time served in a county jail as ordered by the court, or*
35 *at least a majority of the maximum term or maximum aggregate*
36 *term, as applicable, of his or her sentence, whichever occurs*
37 *earlier.*

38 2. *Consideration for geriatric parole may be initiated by the*
39 *submission of a written application and supporting documentation*
40 *to the Board, including, without limitation, relevant medical*
41 *records, plans for parole, program participation records,*
42 *institutional records, documents concerning eligibility for*
43 *Medicaid or Medicare and any other relevant documents, from:*

44 (a) *A prison official or employee;*

45 (b) *A prisoner;*



1 (c) *An attorney or representative of a prisoner;*

2 (d) *A family member of a prisoner; or*

3 (e) *A medical or mental health professional.*

4 3. *Not later than 15 days after receipt of an application*
5 *submitted pursuant to subsection 2, the Board shall notify the*
6 *Department of the application and request verification of the*
7 *prisoner's age and the length of time the prisoner has spent in*
8 *the custody of the Department.*

9 4. *Upon receipt of a request from the Board submitted*
10 *pursuant to subsection 3, if the Department determines that the*
11 *prisoner:*

12 (a) *Meets the criteria set forth in subsection 1, the Department*
13 *shall:*

14 (1) *Notify the Board of the prisoner's eligibility for*
15 *consideration of geriatric parole;*

16 (2) *Place the prisoner on the next available list of persons*
17 *eligible for parole pursuant to NRS 209.254; and*

18 (3) *Provide to the Board a report prepared in accordance*
19 *with paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 213.131.*

20 (b) *Does not meet the criteria set forth in subsection 1, the*
21 *Department shall notify the Board and explain the reasons for*
22 *such a determination.*

23 5. *Upon receipt of the list prepared pursuant to NRS 209.254,*
24 *the Board shall, after sending copies of the list to all law*
25 *enforcement agencies in this State and other appropriate persons*
26 *in accordance with subsection 5 of NRS 213.1085, schedule a*
27 *hearing to consider the geriatric parole of an eligible prisoner*
28 *whose name appears on the list.*

29 6. *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 7, the Board*
30 *shall schedule and conduct the geriatric parole hearing of a*
31 *prisoner in the same general manner in which other prisoners are*
32 *considered for parole. The Board shall notify the prisoner and the*
33 *person submitting the application pursuant to subsection 2 of the*
34 *date, time and location of the geriatric parole hearing.*

35 7. *When determining whether to grant geriatric parole to a*
36 *prisoner, the Board must consider:*

37 (a) *The prisoner's:*

38 (1) *Age;*

39 (2) *Behavior while in custody; and*

40 (3) *Potential for violence;*

41 (b) *The reported severity of any illness, disease or infirmity of*
42 *the prisoner; and*

43 (c) *Any available alternatives for maintaining geriatric*
44 *inmates or inmates who have a medical condition in traditional*
45 *settings.*



1 8. *The Board shall notify a prisoner of the Board's decision*
2 *as to whether to grant geriatric parole in accordance with*
3 *subsection 11 of NRS 213.131.*

4 9. *At the time of the release of a prisoner on geriatric parole,*
5 *the Board shall prescribe the terms and conditions of the geriatric*
6 *parole.*

7 10. *A person who is granted geriatric parole pursuant to this*
8 *section is under the supervision of the Division. The Division is*
9 *responsible for supervising the person's compliance with the terms*
10 *and conditions prescribed by the Board.*

11 11. *Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the*
12 *Board shall not take any action on an application submitted*
13 *pursuant to subsection 2 if the prisoner to whom the application*
14 *pertains was previously denied geriatric parole and less than 24*
15 *months have elapsed since the most recent denial. The Board may*
16 *take action on such an application if a shorter period has been*
17 *prescribed by the Board or a request is made by the Director of the*
18 *Department because of the adverse health of the prisoner.*

19 12. *The provisions of this section are not intended to replace*
20 *the provisions relating to the general eligibility and consideration*
21 *of parole provided in NRS 213.1099 and 213.1215.*

22 13. *The Board shall adopt any regulations necessary to carry*
23 *out the provisions of this section.*

24 14. *As used in this section, "Department" means the*
25 *Department of Corrections.*

26 **Sec. 93.7. 1.** *Notwithstanding any other provision of law,*
27 *and except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, the Division*
28 *shall recommend the early discharge of a person from parole to*
29 *the Board if a parolee:*

30 (a) *Has served at least 12 calendar months on parole*
31 *supervision in the community and is projected to have not more*
32 *than 12 calendar months of community supervision remaining to*
33 *serve on any sentence;*

34 (b) *Has not violated any condition of parole during the*
35 *immediately preceding 12 months;*

36 (c) *Is current with any fee to defray the costs of his or her*
37 *supervision charged by the Division pursuant to NRS 213.1076;*

38 (d) *Has paid restitution in full or, because of economic*
39 *hardship that is verified by the Division, has been unable to make*
40 *restitution as ordered by the court; and*

41 (e) *Has completed any program of substance use treatment or*
42 *mental health treatment or a specialty court program as mandated*
43 *by the Board.*



1 2. *The Board may award credits in an amount equal to the*
2 *time remaining on any sentence to reduce the sentence to time*
3 *served.*

4 3. *The provisions of this section do not apply to any person*
5 *who is sentenced to lifetime supervision pursuant to*
6 *NRS 176.0931.*

7 4. *The Board may adopt any regulations necessary to carry*
8 *out the provisions of this section.*

9 **Sec. 94.** NRS 213.107 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 213.107 As used in NRS 213.107 to 213.157, inclusive, *and*
11 *sections 93.3 and 93.7 of this act*, unless the context otherwise
12 requires:

13 1. "Board" means the State Board of Parole Commissioners.

14 2. "Chief" means the Chief Parole and Probation Officer.

15 3. "Division" means the Division of Parole and Probation of
16 the Department of Public Safety.

17 4. "Residential confinement" means the confinement of a
18 person convicted of a crime to his or her place of residence under
19 the terms and conditions established by the Board.

20 5. *"Responsivity factors" means characteristics of a person*
21 *that affect his or her ability to respond favorably or unfavorably to*
22 *any treatment goals.*

23 6. *"Risk and needs assessment" means a validated,*
24 *standardized actuarial tool that identifies risk factors that increase*
25 *the likelihood of a person reoffending and factors that, when*
26 *properly addressed, can reduce the likelihood of a person*
27 *reoffending.*

28 7. "Sex offender" means any person who has been or is
29 convicted of a sexual offense.

30 ~~6.~~ 8. "Sexual offense" means:

31 (a) A violation of NRS 200.366, subsection 4 of NRS 200.400,
32 NRS 200.710, 200.720, subsection 2 of NRS 200.730, NRS
33 201.180, 201.230, 201.450, 201.540 or 201.550 or paragraph (a) or
34 (b) of subsection 4 or paragraph (a) or (b) of subsection 5 of
35 NRS 201.560;

36 (b) An attempt to commit any offense listed in paragraph (a); or

37 (c) An act of murder in the first or second degree, kidnapping in
38 the first or second degree, false imprisonment, burglary or invasion
39 of the home if the act is determined to be sexually motivated at a
40 hearing conducted pursuant to NRS 175.547.

41 ~~7.~~ 9. "Standards" means the objective standards for granting
42 or revoking parole or probation which are adopted by the Board or
43 the Chief.



1 **Sec. 95.** NRS 213.1078 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2 213.1078 1. Except as otherwise provided in ~~[subsection 2,]~~
3 *subsections 3 and 5*, the Division shall *administer a risk and needs*
4 *assessment to each probationer and parolee under the Division's*
5 *supervision. The results of the risk and needs assessment must be*
6 *used to set a level of supervision for each probationer ~~[. At]~~ and*
7 *parolee and to develop individualized case plans pursuant to*
8 *subsection 6. The risk and needs assessment must be administered*
9 *and scored by a person trained in the administration of the tool.*

10 2. *Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3, ~~[least once~~*
11 *every 6 months,] on a schedule determined by the Nevada Risk*
12 *Assessment System, or its successor risk assessment tool, or more*
13 *often if necessary, the Division shall ~~[review the probationer's level~~*
14 *of supervision] *administer a subsequent risk and needs assessment*
15 *to each probationer. The results of the risk and needs assessment*
16 *conducted in accordance with this section must be used* to
17 determine whether a change in the level of supervision is necessary.
18 The Division shall ~~[specify in each review]~~ *document* the reasons
19 for maintaining or changing the level of supervision. If the Division
20 changes the level of supervision, the Division shall notify the
21 probationer of the change.*

22 ~~[2.]~~ 3. The provisions of ~~[subsection]~~ *subsections 1 and 2* are
23 not applicable if:

24 (a) The level of supervision for the probationer is set by the
25 court or by law; or

26 (b) The probationer is ordered to participate in a program of
27 probation secured by a security bond pursuant to NRS 176A.300 to
28 176A.370, inclusive.

29 ~~[3.]~~ 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection ~~[4,]~~ 5, ~~[at~~
30 *least once every 6 months,] on a schedule determined by the
31 *Nevada Risk Assessment System, or its successor risk assessment*
32 *tool, or more often if necessary, the Division shall ~~[review a~~*
33 *parolee's level of supervision] *administer a subsequent risk and*
34 *needs assessment to each parolee. The results of the risk and*
35 *needs assessment conducted in accordance with this subsection*
36 *must be used* to determine whether a change in the level of
37 supervision is necessary. The Division shall ~~[specify in each review]~~
38 *document* the reasons for maintaining or changing the level of
39 supervision. If the Division changes the level of supervision, the
40 Division shall notify the parolee of the change.**

41 ~~[4.]~~ 5. The provisions of ~~[subsection 3]~~ *subsections 1 and 4*
42 are not applicable if the level of supervision for the parolee is set by
43 the Board or by law.

44 6. *The Division shall develop an individualized case plan for*
45 *each probationer and parolee. The case plan must include a plan*



1 *for addressing the criminogenic risk factors identified on the risk*
2 *and needs assessment, if applicable, and the list of responsivity*
3 *factors that will need to be considered and addressed for each*
4 *probationer or parolee.*

5 7. *Upon a finding that a term or condition of probation*
6 *ordered pursuant to subsection 1 of NRS 176A.400 or the level of*
7 *supervision set pursuant to this section does not align with the*
8 *results of a risk and needs assessment administered pursuant to*
9 *subsection 1 or 2, the supervising officer shall seek a modification*
10 *of the terms and conditions from the court pursuant to subsection*
11 *1 of NRS 176A.450.*

12 8. *Upon a finding that a condition of parole or the level of*
13 *parole supervision set pursuant to this section does not align with*
14 *the results of a risk and needs assessment administered pursuant*
15 *to subsection 1 or 4, the supervising officer shall submit a request*
16 *to the Board to modify the condition or level of supervision set by*
17 *the Board. The Division shall provide written notification to the*
18 *parolee of any modification.*

19 9. *The risk and needs assessment required under this section*
20 *must undergo periodic validation studies in accordance with the*
21 *timeline established by the developer of the assessment. The*
22 *Division shall establish quality assurance procedures to ensure*
23 *proper and consistent scoring of the risk and needs assessment.*

24 **Sec. 96.** NRS 213.1095 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 213.1095 The Chief Parole and Probation Officer:

26 1. Is responsible for and shall supervise the fiscal affairs and
27 responsibilities of the Division.

28 2. May establish, consolidate and abolish sections within the
29 Division.

30 3. May establish, consolidate and abolish districts within the
31 State to which assistant parole and probation officers are assigned.

32 4. Shall appoint the necessary supervisory personnel and other
33 assistants and employees as may be necessary for the efficient
34 discharge of the responsibilities of the Division.

35 5. Is responsible for such reports of investigation and
36 supervision and other reports as may be requested by the Board or
37 courts.

38 6. Shall direct the work of all assistants and employees
39 assigned to him or her.

40 7. Shall formulate methods of investigation, supervision,
41 recordkeeping and reporting.

42 8. Shall develop policies of parole and probation after
43 considering other acceptable and recognized correctional programs
44 and conduct training courses for the staff. *Such training courses*
45 *must include:*



1 (a) *Training in evidence-based practices, including, without*
2 *limitation, principles of effective intervention, effective case*
3 *management and effective practices in community supervision*
4 *settings; and*

5 (b) *Courses on interacting with victims of domestic violence*
6 *and trauma and people with behavioral health needs and both*
7 *physical and intellectual disabilities.*

8 9. Shall furnish to each person released under his or her
9 supervision a written statement of the conditions of parole or
10 probation, instruct any parolee or probationer regarding those
11 conditions, and advise the Board or the court of any violation of the
12 conditions of parole and probation.

13 10. At the close of each biennium, shall submit to the Governor
14 and the Board a report, with statistical and other data, of his or her
15 work.

16 **Sec. 97.** NRS 213.1215 is hereby amended to read as follows:

17 213.1215 1. Except as otherwise provided in this section and
18 in cases where a consecutive sentence is still to be served, if a
19 prisoner sentenced to imprisonment for a term of 3 years or more:

20 (a) Has not been released on parole previously for that sentence;
21 and

22 (b) Is not otherwise ineligible for parole,
23 ↪ the prisoner must be released on parole 12 months before the end
24 of his or her maximum term or maximum aggregate term, as
25 applicable, as reduced by any credits the prisoner has earned to
26 reduce his or her sentence pursuant to chapter 209 of NRS.

27 2. Except as otherwise provided in this section, a prisoner who
28 was sentenced to life imprisonment with the possibility of parole
29 and who was less than 16 years of age at the time that the prisoner
30 committed the offense for which the prisoner was imprisoned must,
31 if the prisoner still has a consecutive sentence to be served, be
32 granted parole from his or her current term of imprisonment to his
33 or her subsequent term of imprisonment or must, if the prisoner does
34 not still have a consecutive sentence to be served, be released on
35 parole, if:

36 (a) The prisoner has served the minimum term or the minimum
37 aggregate term of imprisonment imposed by the court, as applicable;

38 (b) The prisoner has completed a program of general education
39 or an industrial or vocational training program;

40 (c) The prisoner has not been identified as a member of a group
41 that poses a security threat pursuant to the procedures for identifying
42 security threats established by the Department of Corrections; and

43 (d) The prisoner has not, within the immediately preceding 24
44 months:



1 (1) Committed a major violation of the regulations of the
2 Department of Corrections; or

3 (2) Been housed in disciplinary segregation.

4 3. If a prisoner who meets the criteria set forth in subsection 2
5 is determined to be a high risk to reoffend in a sexual manner
6 pursuant to NRS 213.1214, the Board is not required to release the
7 prisoner on parole pursuant to this section. If the prisoner is not
8 granted parole, a rehearing date must be scheduled pursuant to
9 NRS 213.142.

10 4. The Board shall prescribe any conditions necessary for the
11 orderly conduct of the parolee upon his or her release.

12 5. Each parolee so released must be supervised closely by the
13 Division, in accordance with the plan for supervision developed by
14 the Chief pursuant to NRS 213.122.

15 6. *If a prisoner meets the criteria set forth in subsection 1 and*
16 *there are no current requests for notification of hearings made in*
17 *accordance with subsection 4 of NRS 213.131 or, if the Board is*
18 *not required to provide notification of hearings pursuant to NRS*
19 *213.10915, the Board has not been notified by the automated*
20 *victim notification system that a victim of the prisoner has*
21 *registered with the system to receive notification of hearings, the*
22 *Board may grant parole to the prisoner without a meeting.* If the
23 Board finds that there is a reasonable probability that a prisoner
24 considered for release on parole pursuant to subsection 1 will be a
25 danger to public safety while on parole, the Board may require the
26 prisoner to serve the balance of his or her sentence and not grant the
27 parole. If, pursuant to this subsection, the Board does not grant
28 the parole provided for in subsection 1, the Board shall provide to
29 the prisoner a written statement of its reasons for denying parole.

30 7. If the Board finds that there is a reasonable probability that a
31 prisoner considered for release on parole pursuant to subsection 2
32 will be a danger to public safety while on parole, the Board is not
33 required to grant the parole and shall schedule a rehearing pursuant
34 to NRS 213.142. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of
35 NRS 213.1519, if a prisoner is not granted parole pursuant to this
36 subsection, the criteria set forth in subsection 2 must be applied at
37 each subsequent hearing until the prisoner is granted parole or
38 expires his or her sentence. If, pursuant to this subsection, the Board
39 does not grant the parole provided for in subsection 2, the Board
40 shall provide to the prisoner a written statement of its reasons for
41 denying parole, along with specific recommendations of the Board,
42 if any, to improve the possibility of granting parole the next time the
43 prisoner may be considered for parole.

44 8. If the prisoner is the subject of a lawful request from another
45 law enforcement agency that the prisoner be held or detained for



1 release to that agency, the prisoner must not be released on parole,
2 but released to that agency.

3 9. If the Division has not completed its establishment of a
4 program for the prisoner's activities during his or her parole
5 pursuant to this section, the prisoner must be released on parole as
6 soon as practicable after the prisoner's program is established.

7 10. For the purposes of this section, the determination of the
8 12-month period before the end of a prisoner's term must be
9 calculated without consideration of any credits the prisoner may
10 have earned to reduce his or her sentence had the prisoner not been
11 paroled.

12 **Sec. 98.** NRS 213.131 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 213.131 1. The Department of Corrections shall:

14 (a) Determine when a prisoner sentenced to imprisonment in the
15 state prison is eligible to be considered for parole;

16 (b) Notify the Board of the eligibility of the prisoner to be
17 considered for parole; and

18 (c) Before a meeting to consider the prisoner for parole, compile
19 and provide to the Board data that will assist the Board in
20 determining whether parole should be granted.

21 2. If a prisoner is being considered for parole from a sentence
22 imposed for conviction of a crime which involved the use of force
23 or violence against a victim and which resulted in bodily harm to a
24 victim and if original or duplicate photographs that depict the
25 injuries of the victim or the scene of the crime were admitted at the
26 trial of the prisoner or were part of the report of the presentence
27 investigation and are reasonably available, a representative sample
28 of such photographs must be included with the information
29 submitted to the Board at the meeting. A prisoner may not bring a
30 cause of action against the State of Nevada, its political
31 subdivisions, agencies, boards, commissions, departments, officers
32 or employees for any action that is taken pursuant to this subsection
33 or for failing to take any action pursuant to this subsection,
34 including, without limitation, failing to include photographs or
35 including only certain photographs. As used in this subsection,
36 "photograph" includes any video, digital or other photographic
37 image.

38 3. Meetings to consider prisoners for parole may be held
39 semiannually or more often, on such dates as may be fixed by the
40 Board. All meetings are quasi-judicial and must be open to the
41 public. No rights other than those conferred pursuant to this section
42 or pursuant to specific statute concerning meetings to consider
43 prisoners for parole are available to any person with respect to such
44 meetings.



1 4. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 213.10915, not later
2 than 5 days after the date on which the Board fixes the date of the
3 meeting to consider a prisoner for parole, the Board shall notify the
4 victim of the prisoner who is being considered for parole of the date
5 of the meeting and of the victim's rights pursuant to this subsection,
6 if the victim has requested notification in writing and has provided
7 his or her current address or if the victim's current address is
8 otherwise known by the Board. The victim of a prisoner being
9 considered for parole may submit documents to the Board and may
10 testify at the meeting held to consider the prisoner for parole. A
11 prisoner must not be considered for parole until the Board has
12 notified any victim of his or her rights pursuant to this subsection
13 and the victim is given the opportunity to exercise those rights. If a
14 current address is not provided to or otherwise known by the Board,
15 the Board must not be held responsible if such notification is not
16 received by the victim.

17 5. The Board may deliberate in private after a public meeting
18 held to consider a prisoner for parole.

19 6. The Board of State Prison Commissioners shall provide
20 suitable and convenient rooms or space for use of the State Board of
21 Parole Commissioners.

22 7. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 213.10915, if a victim
23 is notified of a meeting to consider a prisoner for parole pursuant to
24 subsection 4, the Board shall, upon making a final decision
25 concerning the parole of the prisoner, notify the victim of its final
26 decision.

27 8. All personal information, including, but not limited to, a
28 current or former address, which pertains to a victim and which is
29 received by the Board pursuant to this section is confidential.

30 9. The Board may grant parole without a meeting, pursuant to
31 NRS **213.1215** or 213.133, but the Board must not deny parole to a
32 prisoner unless the prisoner has been given reasonable notice of the
33 meeting and the opportunity to be present at the meeting. If the
34 Board fails to provide notice of the meeting to the prisoner or to
35 provide the prisoner with an opportunity to be present and
36 determines that it may deny parole, the Board may reschedule the
37 meeting.

38 10. During a meeting to consider a prisoner for parole, the
39 Board shall allow the prisoner:

40 (a) At his or her own expense, to have a representative present
41 with whom the prisoner may confer; and

42 (b) To speak on his or her own behalf or to have his or her
43 representative speak on his or her behalf.

44 11. Upon making a final decision concerning the parole of the
45 prisoner, the Board shall provide written notice to the prisoner of its



1 decision not later than 10 working days after the meeting and, if
2 parole is denied, specific recommendations of the Board to improve
3 the possibility of granting parole the next time the prisoner is
4 considered for parole, if any.

5 12. For the purposes of this section, "victim" has the meaning
6 ascribed to it in NRS 213.005.

7 **Sec. 99.** NRS 213.133 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 213.133 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 6, 7
9 and 8, the Board may delegate its authority to hear, consider and act
10 upon the parole of a prisoner and on any issue before the Board to a
11 panel consisting of:

12 (a) Two or more members of the Board, two of whom constitute
13 a quorum; or

14 (b) One member of the Board who is assisted by a case hearing
15 representative.

16 2. No action taken by any panel created pursuant to paragraph
17 (a) of subsection 1 is valid unless concurred in by a majority vote of
18 those sitting on the panel.

19 3. The decision of a panel is subject to final approval by the
20 affirmative action of a majority of the members appointed to the
21 Board. Such action may be taken at a meeting of the Board or
22 without a meeting by the delivery of written approval to the
23 Executive Secretary of the Board.

24 4. The degree of complexity of issues presented must be taken
25 into account before the Board makes any delegation of its authority
26 and before it determines the extent of a delegation.

27 5. The Board shall adopt regulations which establish the basic
28 types of delegable cases and the size of the panel required for each
29 type of case.

30 6. A hearing concerning the parole of a prisoner or any
31 decision on an issue involving a person:

32 (a) Who committed a capital offense;

33 (b) Who is serving a sentence of imprisonment for life;

34 (c) Who has been convicted of a sexual offense involving the
35 use or threat of use of force or violence;

36 (d) Who is a habitual criminal; or

37 (e) Whose sentence has been commuted by the State Board of
38 Pardons Commissioners,

39 ↪ must be conducted by at least three members of the Board, and
40 action may be taken only with the concurrence of at least four
41 members.

42 7. If a recommendation made by a panel deviates from the
43 standards adopted by the Board pursuant to NRS 213.10885 or
44 the recommendation of the Division, the Chair must concur in the
45 recommendation.



1 8. ~~[A]~~ *In accordance with any regulations adopted by the*
2 *Board, a member of the Board or a person who has been designated*
3 *as a case hearing representative in accordance with NRS 213.135*
4 ~~[may]~~ *shall review the parole eligibility of a prisoner and*
5 *recommend to the Board that a prisoner be released on parole*
6 *without a meeting if:*

7 (a) The prisoner is not serving a sentence for a crime described
8 in subsection 6;

9 (b) The parole standards created pursuant to NRS 213.10885
10 suggest that parole should be granted;

11 (c) There are no current requests for notification of hearings
12 made in accordance with subsection 4 of NRS 213.131 or, if the
13 Board is not required to provide notification of hearings pursuant to
14 NRS 213.10915, the Board has not been notified by the automated
15 victim notification system that a victim of the prisoner has
16 registered with the system to receive notification of hearings; and

17 (d) Notice to law enforcement of the eligibility for parole of the
18 prisoner was given pursuant to subsection 5 of NRS 213.1085, and
19 no person objected to granting parole without a meeting during the
20 30-day notice period.

21 9. *If a member of the Board or a person who has been*
22 *designated as a case hearing representative in accordance with*
23 *NRS 213.135 does not recommend that a prisoner be released on*
24 *parole without a meeting pursuant to subsection 8, the prisoner*
25 *must have a parole hearing.*

26 **10.** A recommendation made in accordance with subsection 8
27 is subject to final approval by the affirmative action of a majority of
28 the members appointed to the Board. The final approval by
29 affirmative action must not take place until the expiration of the 30-
30 day notice period to law enforcement of the eligibility for parole of
31 the prisoner in accordance with subsection 5 of NRS 213.1085.
32 Such action may be taken at a meeting of the Board or without a
33 meeting of the Board by delivery of written approval to the
34 Executive Secretary of the Board by a majority of the members.

35 **Sec. 100.** NRS 213.140 is hereby amended to read as follows:

36 213.140 1. When a prisoner becomes eligible for parole
37 pursuant to this chapter or the regulations adopted pursuant to this
38 chapter, the Board shall consider and may authorize the release of
39 the prisoner on parole as provided in this chapter. The Board may
40 authorize the release of a prisoner on parole whether or not parole is
41 accepted by the prisoner.

42 2. *Not later than 6 months before the date a prisoner becomes*
43 *eligible for parole, the Department of Corrections and the prisoner*
44 *shall develop a reentry plan for the prisoner that takes into*
45 *consideration the needs, limitations and capabilities of the*



1 *prisoner. The Division shall review the reentry plan and verify the*
2 *information contained therein and shall coordinate with any other*
3 *state agencies for available services regarding housing or*
4 *treatment. Before the prisoner's parole eligibility date, the*
5 *Department of Corrections shall provide a copy of the reentry plan*
6 *to the prisoner. A reentry plan developed pursuant to this*
7 *subsection must include, without limitation, information relating*
8 *to:*

- 9 (a) *The proposed residence of the prisoner;*
- 10 (b) *The prisoner's employment or means of financial support;*
- 11 (c) *Any treatment and counseling options available to the*
12 *prisoner, including, without limitation, any clinical assessments*
13 *relating to the behavioral health needs of the prisoner;*
- 14 (d) *Any job or education services available to the prisoner; and*
- 15 (e) *Eligibility and enrollment for Medicaid and Medicare.*

16 3. If the release of a prisoner on parole is authorized by the
17 Board, the Division shall:

18 (a) Review and, if appropriate, approve each prisoner's
19 proposed *reentry* plan ~~for placement upon release;~~ *developed*
20 *pursuant to subsection 2;* or

21 (b) If the prisoner's *proposed reentry* plan is not approved by
22 the Division, assist the prisoner to develop a plan for his or her
23 placement upon release,

24 ↪ before the prisoner is released on parole. The prisoner's proposed
25 *reentry* plan must identify the county in which the prisoner will
26 reside if the prisoner will be paroled in Nevada.

27 ~~3.~~ 4. If a prisoner is indigent and the prisoner's proposed
28 *reentry* plan ~~for placement upon release~~ indicates that the prisoner
29 will reside in transitional housing upon release, the Division may,
30 within the limits of available resources, pay for all or a portion of
31 the cost of the transitional housing for the prisoner based upon the
32 prisoner's economic need, as determined by the Division. The
33 Division shall make such payment directly to the provider of the
34 transitional housing.

35 ~~4.~~ 5. The Board may adopt any regulations necessary or
36 convenient to carry out this section.

37 **Sec. 101.** NRS 213.1519 is hereby amended to read as
38 follows:

39 213.1519 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 2
40 and 3, a parolee whose parole is revoked by decision of the Board
41 for *the commission of* a ~~violation of any rule or regulation~~
42 ~~governing his or her conduct;~~ *new felony, gross misdemeanor,*
43 *battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS*
44 *200.485 or violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 or for*
45 *absconding;*



1 (a) Forfeits all credits for good behavior previously earned to
2 reduce his or her sentence pursuant to chapter 209 of NRS; and

3 (b) Must serve such part of the unexpired maximum term or the
4 maximum aggregate term, as applicable, of his or her original
5 sentence as may be determined by the Board with rehearing dates
6 scheduled pursuant to NRS 213.142.

7 ↪ The Board may restore any credits forfeited under this
8 subsection.

9 2. A parolee released on parole pursuant to subsection 1 of
10 NRS 213.1215 whose parole is revoked for having been convicted
11 of a new felony:

12 (a) Forfeits all credits for good behavior previously earned to
13 reduce his or her sentence pursuant to chapter 209 of NRS;

14 (b) Must serve the entire unexpired maximum term or the
15 maximum aggregate term, as applicable, of his or her original
16 sentence; and

17 (c) May not again be released on parole during his or her term of
18 imprisonment.

19 3. A parolee released on parole pursuant to subsection 2 of
20 NRS 213.1215 whose parole is revoked by decision of the Board for
21 a violation of any rule or regulation governing his or her conduct:

22 (a) Forfeits all credits for good behavior previously earned to
23 reduce his or her sentence pursuant to chapter 209 of NRS;

24 (b) Must serve such part of the unexpired maximum term or
25 maximum aggregate term, as applicable, of his or her original
26 sentence as may be determined by the Board; and

27 (c) Must not be considered again for release on parole pursuant
28 to subsection 2 of NRS 213.1215 but may be considered for release
29 on parole pursuant to NRS 213.1099, with rehearing dates scheduled
30 pursuant to NRS 213.142.

31 ↪ The Board may restore any credits forfeited under this
32 subsection.

33 ***4. If the Board finds that the parolee committed one or more***
34 ***technical violations of the conditions of parole, the Board may:***

35 ***(a) Continue parole supervision;***

36 ***(b) Temporarily revoke parole supervision and impose a term***
37 ***of imprisonment of not more than:***

38 ***(1) Thirty days for the first temporary parole revocation;***

39 ***(2) Sixty days for the second temporary parole revocation;***

40 ***or***

41 ***(3) Ninety days for the third temporary parole revocation;***

42 ***or***

43 ***(c) Fully revoke parole supervision and impose the remainder***
44 ***of the sentence for a fourth or subsequent revocation.***

45 ***5. As used in this section:***



1 (a) *“Absconding” has the meaning ascribed to it in*
2 *NRS 176A.630.*

3 (b) *“Technical violation” means any alleged violation of the*
4 *conditions of parole that is not the commission of a new felony,*
5 *gross misdemeanor, battery which constitutes domestic violence*
6 *pursuant to NRS 200.485 or violation of NRS 484C.110 or*
7 *484C.120 and does not constitute absconding. The term does not*
8 *include termination from a specialty court program.*

9 **Sec. 102.** NRS 217.070 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 217.070 1. *“Victim” means ~~⊞~~ a person who suffers direct*
11 *or threatened physical, financial or psychological harm as a result*
12 *of the commission of a crime, including, without limitation:*

13 (a) A person who is physically injured or killed as the direct
14 result of a criminal act;

15 (b) A minor who was involved in the production of pornography
16 in violation of NRS 200.710, 200.720, 200.725 or 200.730;

17 (c) A minor who was sexually abused, as “sexual abuse” is
18 defined in NRS 432B.100;

19 (d) A person who is physically injured or killed as the direct
20 result of a violation of NRS 484C.110 or any act or neglect of duty
21 punishable pursuant to NRS 484C.430 or 484C.440;

22 (e) A pedestrian who is physically injured or killed as the direct
23 result of a driver of a motor vehicle who failed to stop at the scene
24 of a crash involving the driver and the pedestrian in violation of
25 NRS 484E.010;

26 (f) An older person *or a vulnerable person* who is abused,
27 neglected, exploited, isolated or abandoned in violation of NRS
28 200.5099 or 200.50995;

29 (g) A person who is physically injured or killed as the direct
30 result of an act of international terrorism as defined in 18 U.S.C. §
31 2331(1); ~~⊞~~

32 (h) A person who is trafficked in violation of subsection 2 of
33 NRS 201.300 ~~⊞~~; *or*

34 (i) *A person who is an immediate family member of a victim*
35 *who:*

36 (1) *Is a minor;*

37 (2) *Is physically or mentally incompetent; or*

38 (3) *Was killed.*

39 2. The term includes any person who was harmed by an act
40 listed in subsection 1, regardless of whether:

41 (a) The person is a resident of this State, a citizen of the United
42 States or is lawfully entitled to reside in the United States; or

43 (b) The act was committed by an adult or a minor.



1 **Sec. 102.5.** NRS 284.140 is hereby amended to read as
2 follows:

3 284.140 The unclassified service of the State consists of the
4 following state officers or employees in the Executive Department
5 of the State Government who receive annual salaries for their
6 services:

7 1. Members of boards and commissions, and heads of
8 departments, agencies and institutions required by law to be
9 appointed.

10 2. Except as otherwise provided in NRS 223.085, 223.600 and
11 232.461 *and section 5.5 of this act* all persons required by law to be
12 appointed by the Governor or heads of departments or agencies
13 appointed by the Governor or by boards.

14 3. All employees other than clerical in the Office of the
15 Attorney General and the State Public Defender required by law to
16 be appointed by the Attorney General or the State Public Defender.

17 4. Except as otherwise provided by the Board of Regents of the
18 University of Nevada pursuant to NRS 396.251, officers and
19 members of the teaching staff and the staffs of the Agricultural
20 Extension Department and Experiment Station of the Nevada
21 System of Higher Education, or any other state institution of
22 learning, and student employees of these institutions. Custodial,
23 clerical or maintenance employees of these institutions are in the
24 classified service. The Board of Regents of the University of
25 Nevada shall assist the Administrator in carrying out the provisions
26 of this chapter applicable to the Nevada System of Higher
27 Education.

28 5. All other officers and employees authorized by law to be
29 employed in the unclassified service.

30 **Sec. 103.** Chapter 289 of NRS is hereby amended by adding
31 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 104 and 105 of this act.

32 **Sec. 104. 1. *The Commission shall, subject to the***
33 *availability of funds appropriated for such a purpose, develop and*
34 *implement a behavioral health field response grant program for*
35 *the purpose of allowing law enforcement and behavioral health*
36 *professionals to safely respond to crises, including, without*
37 *limitation, by telephone or video, involving persons with*
38 *behavioral health issues. The Commission may use a portion of*
39 *the appropriated funds to develop data management capability to*
40 *support the program.*

41 **2. *A local law enforcement agency may submit a grant***
42 *application to the Commission that contains the agency's proposal*
43 *to develop its behavioral health field response by incorporating*
44 *behavioral health professionals into its behavioral health field*
45 *response planning, or two or more local law enforcement agencies*



1 *may submit a joint grant application that contains their joint*
2 *proposal. Any proposal submitted by a law enforcement agency*
3 *must provide a plan for improving behavioral health field*
4 *response and diversion from incarceration through modifying or*
5 *expanding law enforcement practices in partnership with*
6 *behavioral health professionals. The Commission may prioritize*
7 *grant applications that include total matching funds.*

8 3. *The Commission shall appoint a peer review panel to*
9 *review, in consultation with behavioral health organizations and*
10 *the Department of Health and Human Services the grant*
11 *applications submitted by local law enforcement agencies and*
12 *select the grant recipients. To the extent possible, at least one*
13 *grant recipient must be from a rural county. To avoid any conflict*
14 *of interest, any law enforcement agency that is included in a*
15 *proposal shall recuse itself from voting on the peer review panel.*

16 4. *If the Commission certifies that the grant application of a*
17 *selected recipient satisfies the proposal criteria, the Commission*
18 *shall distribute grant funds to the selected recipient. The*
19 *Commission shall make every effort to fund at least three grants*
20 *each fiscal year. Grant recipients must be selected and receive*
21 *grant funds not later than October 1 of each year the behavioral*
22 *health field response grant program is funded.*

23 5. *A grant recipient must provide for at least one behavioral*
24 *health professional who will perform professional services under*
25 *its plan. Such a behavioral health professional may assist*
26 *patrolling officers in the field or in an on-call capacity, provide*
27 *preventive, follow-up training on behavioral health field response*
28 *best practices or provide other services at the direction of the grant*
29 *recipient. A grant recipient may coordinate with local public safety*
30 *answering points to maximize the goals of its plan.*

31 6. *Using existing resources, the Commission shall:*

32 (a) *Consult with the staff of the Office of Analytics of the*
33 *Department of Health and Human Services to establish data*
34 *collection and reporting guidelines for grant recipients for the*
35 *purpose of studying and evaluating whether the use of behavioral*
36 *health field response programs improves the outcomes of*
37 *interactions with persons experiencing behavioral health crises,*
38 *including, without limitation, by reducing rates of violence, arrests*
39 *and jail or emergency room usage.*

40 (b) *Consult with the Department of Health and Human*
41 *Services to develop requirements for participating behavioral*
42 *health professionals.*

43 (c) *Coordinate with the Department of Health and Human*
44 *Services, the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the*
45 *Department of Health and Human Services and public safety*



1 *answering points to develop and incorporate telephone or dispatch*
2 *protocols to assist with behavioral health, law enforcement and*
3 *emergency medical responses involving behavioral health*
4 *situations.*

5 7. *On or before December 1 of each year the behavioral*
6 *health field response grant program is funded, the Commission*
7 *shall submit to the Governor, the Chair of the Senate Standing*
8 *Committee on Judiciary and the Chair of the Assembly Standing*
9 *Committee on Judiciary a report concerning the program which*
10 *must include, without limitation:*

11 (a) *Information on and feedback from grant recipients; and*

12 (b) *Information on the use of grant funds and the participation*
13 *of behavioral health professionals.*

14 8. *A grant recipient shall develop and provide or arrange*
15 *joint training necessary for both law enforcement and behavioral*
16 *health professionals to operate successfully and competently in*
17 *partnership with law enforcement agencies. The training must*
18 *provide such professionals with working knowledge of law*
19 *enforcement procedures and tools sufficient to provide for the*
20 *safety of such professionals.*

21 9. *Nothing in this section prohibits the Commission from*
22 *soliciting or accepting private funds to support the behavioral*
23 *health field response grant program.*

24 **Sec. 105.** 1. *Each law enforcement agency in this State*
25 *shall:*

26 (a) *Establish a policy and procedure for interacting with*
27 *persons who suffer from a behavioral health issue, including,*
28 *without limitation, a mental illness as defined in NRS 176A.045,*
29 *an acute mental health crisis, a developmental disability or an*
30 *intellectual disability as those terms are defined in NRS 435.007 or*
31 *a substance use disorder; and*

32 (b) *Subject to the availability of funds appropriated for such a*
33 *purpose, contract with or employ a behavioral health specialist.*

34 2. *As used in this section, "behavioral health specialist"*
35 *means a physician who is certified by the Board of Medical*
36 *Examiners, a psychologist, a physician assistant or an advanced*
37 *practice registered nurse who is certified to practice as a*
38 *behavioral health specialist, or a person who is licensed as a*
39 *clinical social worker, clinical professional counselor or marriage*
40 *and family therapist.*

41 **Sec. 106.** NRS 289.450 is hereby amended to read as follows:
42 289.450 As used in NRS 289.450 to 289.650, inclusive, *and*
43 *sections 104 and 105 of this act*, unless the context otherwise
44 requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 289.460 to 289.490,
45 inclusive, have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.



1 **Sec. 107.** NRS 289.510 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 289.510 1. The Commission:

3 (a) Shall meet at the call of the Chair, who must be elected by a
4 majority vote of the members of the Commission.

5 (b) Shall provide for and encourage the training and education
6 of persons whose primary duty is law enforcement to ensure the
7 safety of the residents of and visitors to this State.

8 (c) Shall adopt regulations establishing minimum standards for
9 the certification and decertification, recruitment, selection and
10 training of peace officers. The regulations must establish:

11 (1) Requirements for basic training for category I, category II
12 and category III peace officers and reserve peace officers;

13 (2) Standards for programs for the continuing education of
14 peace officers, including minimum courses of study and
15 requirements concerning attendance;

16 (3) Qualifications for instructors of peace officers; and

17 (4) Requirements for the certification of a course of training.

18 (d) Shall, when necessary, present courses of training and
19 continuing education courses for category I, category II and
20 category III peace officers and reserve peace officers.

21 (e) May make necessary inquiries to determine whether the
22 agencies of this State and of the local governments are complying
23 with standards set forth in its regulations.

24 (f) Shall carry out the duties required of the Commission
25 pursuant to NRS 432B.610 and 432B.620.

26 (g) May perform any other acts that may be necessary and
27 appropriate to the functions of the Commission as set forth in NRS
28 289.450 to 289.650, inclusive ~~H~~, *and sections 104 and 105 of this*
29 *act.*

30 (h) May enter into an interlocal agreement with an Indian tribe
31 to provide training to and certification of persons employed as
32 police officers by that Indian tribe.

33 *(i) Shall develop and approve a standard curriculum of*
34 *certified training programs in crisis intervention, which may be*
35 *made available in an electronic format, and which address*
36 *specialized responses to persons with mental illness and train*
37 *peace officers to identify the signs and symptoms of mental illness,*
38 *to de-escalate situations involving persons who appear to be*
39 *experiencing a behavioral health crisis and, if appropriate, to*
40 *connect such persons to treatment. A peace officer who completes*
41 *any program developed pursuant to this paragraph must be issued*
42 *a certificate of completion.*

43 2. Regulations adopted by the Commission:

44 (a) Apply to all agencies of this State and of local governments
45 in this State that employ persons as peace officers;



1 (b) Must require that all peace officers receive training in the
2 handling of cases involving abuse or neglect of children or missing
3 children;

4 (c) Must require that all peace officers receive training in the
5 handling of cases involving abuse, neglect, exploitation, isolation
6 and abandonment of older persons; and

7 (d) May require that training be carried on at institutions which
8 it approves in those regulations.

9 **Sec. 108.** NRS 289.650 is hereby amended to read as follows:

10 289.650 1. The Commission shall:

11 (a) Establish by regulation the minimum standards of a
12 voluntary program for the training of law enforcement dispatchers.
13 *Such standards must include training relating to behavioral health*
14 *crisis intervention as described in NRS 289.510.*

15 (b) Certify qualified instructors for approved courses of training
16 for law enforcement dispatchers and issue appropriate certificates to
17 instructors who become certified.

18 (c) Issue appropriate certificates to law enforcement dispatchers
19 who have satisfactorily completed the voluntary program.

20 2. As used in this section, "law enforcement dispatcher" means
21 a person who is employed by a law enforcement agency or regional
22 telecommunication center and who promotes public safety by:

23 (a) Receiving calls for service related to crimes, traffic incidents,
24 public safety and any other related calls for assistance; and

25 (b) Providing immediate and critical communication between
26 the public and law enforcement agencies.

27 **Sec. 109.** NRS 433.254 is hereby amended to read as follows:

28 433.254 1. The Administrator serves at the pleasure of the
29 Director of the Department and shall:

30 (a) Serve as the Executive Officer of the Division;

31 (b) Administer the Division in accordance with the policies
32 established by the Commission;

33 (c) Make an annual report to the Director of the Department on
34 the condition and operation of the Division, and such other reports
35 as the Director may prescribe; and

36 (d) Employ, within the limits of available money, the assistants
37 and employees necessary to the efficient operation of the Division.

38 2. The Administrator may:

39 (a) Appoint the administrative personnel necessary to operate
40 the programs of the Division.

41 (b) Delegate to the administrative officers the power to appoint
42 medical, technical, clerical and operational staff necessary for the
43 operation of the facilities of the Division.

44 3. If the Administrator finds that it is necessary or desirable
45 that any employee reside at a facility operated by the Division or



1 receive meals at such a facility, perquisites granted or charges for
2 services rendered to that person are at the discretion of the Director
3 of the Department.

4 ~~[4. The Administrator may accept persons referred to the~~
5 ~~Division for treatment pursuant to the provisions of NRS 458.290 to~~
6 ~~458.350, inclusive.]~~

7 **Sec. 110.** NRS 433B.130 is hereby amended to read as
8 follows:

9 433B.130 1. The Administrator shall:

10 (a) Administer, in accordance with the policies established by
11 the Commission, the programs of the Division for the mental health
12 of children.

13 (b) Establish appropriate policies to ensure that children in
14 division facilities have timely access to clinically appropriate
15 psychotropic medication that are consistent with the provisions of
16 NRS 432B.197 and NRS 432B.4681 to 432B.469, inclusive, and the
17 policies adopted pursuant thereto.

18 2. The Administrator may:

19 (a) Appoint the administrative personnel necessary to operate
20 the programs of the Division for the mental health of children.

21 (b) Delegate to the administrative officers the power to appoint
22 medical, technical, clerical and operational staff necessary for the
23 operation of any division facilities.

24 3. If the Administrator finds that it is necessary or desirable
25 that any employee reside at a facility operated by the Division or
26 receive meals at such a facility, perquisites granted or charges for
27 services rendered to that person are at the discretion of the Director
28 of the Department.

29 4. ~~[The Administrator may accept children referred to the~~
30 ~~Division for treatment pursuant to the provisions of NRS 458.290 to~~
31 ~~458.350, inclusive.~~

32 ~~—5.]~~ The Administrator may enter into agreements with the
33 Administrator of the Division of Public and Behavioral Health of
34 the Department or with the Administrator of the Aging and
35 Disability Services Division of the Department for the care and
36 treatment of consumers of the Division of Child and Family
37 Services at any facility operated by the Division of Public and
38 Behavioral Health or the Aging and Disability Services Division, as
39 applicable.

40 **Sec. 110.5.** NRS 439.258 is hereby amended to read as
41 follows:

42 439.258 1. The Division shall evaluate, certify and monitor
43 programs for the treatment of persons who commit domestic
44 violence in accordance with the regulations adopted pursuant to
45 subsection 2.



1 2. The Division shall adopt regulations governing the
2 evaluation, certification and monitoring of programs for the
3 treatment of persons who commit domestic violence.

4 3. The regulations adopted pursuant to subsection 2 must
5 include, without limitation, provisions ~~allowing~~ :

6 (a) *Requiring that a program:*

7 (1) *Include a module specific to victim safety; and*

8 (2) *Be based on:*

9 (I) *Evidence-based practices; and*

10 (II) *The assessment of a program participant by a*
11 *supervisor of treatment or provider of treatment; and*

12 (b) *Allowing* a program that is located in another state to
13 become certified in this State to provide treatment to persons who:

14 ~~{(a)}~~ (1) Reside in this State; and

15 ~~{(b)}~~ (2) Are ordered by a court in this State to participate in a
16 program for the treatment of persons who commit domestic
17 violence.

18 **Sec. 111.** NRS 453.316 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 453.316 1. A person who opens or maintains any place for
20 the purpose of unlawfully selling, giving away or using any
21 controlled substance is guilty of a category ~~B~~ C felony and shall be
22 punished ~~[by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term~~
23 ~~of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6~~
24 ~~years, and may be further punished by a fine of not more than~~
25 ~~\$10,000, except as otherwise provided in subsection 2.] as provided~~
26 *in NRS 193.130.*

27 2. If a person convicted of violating this section has previously
28 been convicted of violating this section, or if, in the case of a first
29 conviction of violating this section, the person has been convicted of
30 an offense under the laws of the United States or any state, territory
31 or district which, if committed in this State, would amount to a
32 felony under this section, the person is guilty of a category B felony
33 and shall be punished by imprisonment in the state prison for a
34 minimum term of not less than ~~2 years~~ *1 year* and a maximum
35 term of not more than ~~10~~ *6* years, and may be further punished by
36 a fine of not more than ~~\$20,000. The court shall not grant probation~~
37 ~~to or suspend the sentence of a person convicted of violating this~~
38 ~~section if the person has been previously convicted under this~~
39 ~~section or of any other offense described in this subsection.]~~
40 *\$10,000.*

41 3. This section does not apply to any rehabilitation clinic
42 established or licensed by the Division of Public and Behavioral
43 Health of the Department.



1 **Sec. 112.** NRS 453.321 is hereby amended to read as follows:
2 453.321 1. Except as authorized by the provisions of NRS
3 453.011 to 453.552, inclusive, it is unlawful for a person to:

4 (a) Import, transport, sell, exchange, barter, supply, prescribe,
5 dispense, give away or administer a controlled or counterfeit
6 substance;

7 (b) Manufacture or compound a counterfeit substance; or

8 (c) Offer or attempt to do any act set forth in paragraph (a)
9 or (b).

10 2. Unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS 453.333 or
11 453.334, if a person violates subsection 1 and the controlled
12 substance is classified in schedule I or II, the person ~~[is guilty of a~~
13 ~~category B felony and]~~ shall be punished:

14 (a) For the first offense, ~~[by imprisonment in the state prison for~~
15 ~~a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not~~
16 ~~more than 6 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not~~
17 ~~more than \$20,000.] for a category C felony as provided in~~
18 *NRS 193.130.*

19 (b) For a second offense, or if, in the case of a first conviction
20 under this subsection, the offender has previously been convicted of
21 an offense under this section or of any offense under the laws of the
22 United States or any state, territory or district which, if committed in
23 this State, would amount to an offense under this section, *for a*
24 *category B felony* by imprisonment in the state prison for a
25 minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not
26 more than 10 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not
27 more than \$20,000.

28 (c) For a third or subsequent offense, or if the offender has
29 previously been convicted two or more times under this section or of
30 any offense under the laws of the United States or any state, territory
31 or district which, if committed in this State, would amount to an
32 offense under this section, *for a category B felony* by imprisonment
33 in the state prison for a minimum term of not less than 3 years and a
34 maximum term of not more than 15 years, and may be further
35 punished by a fine of not more than \$20,000 for each offense.

36 3. ~~[The]~~ *Unless mitigating circumstances exist that warrant*
37 *the granting of probation, the* court shall not grant probation to or
38 suspend the sentence of a person convicted under subsection 2 and
39 punishable pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 2.

40 4. Unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS 453.333 or
41 453.334, if a person violates subsection 1, and the controlled
42 substance is classified in schedule III, IV or V, the person shall be
43 punished:

44 (a) For the first offense, for a category ~~[C]~~ *D* felony as provided
45 in NRS 193.130.



1 (b) For a second offense, or if, in the case of a first conviction of
2 violating this subsection, the offender has previously been convicted
3 of violating this section or of any offense under the laws of the
4 United States or any state, territory or district which, if committed in
5 this State, would amount to a violation of this section, for a category
6 ~~[B] C~~ felony ~~[by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum~~
7 ~~term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than~~
8 ~~10 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not more than~~
9 ~~\$15,000.] as provided in NRS 193.130.~~

10 (c) For a third or subsequent offense, or if the offender has
11 previously been convicted two or more times of violating this
12 section or of any offense under the laws of the United States or any
13 state, territory or district which, if committed in this State, would
14 amount to a violation of this section, for a category B felony by
15 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
16 than ~~[3] 2~~ years and a maximum term of not more than ~~[15] 10~~
17 years, and may be further punished by a fine of not more than
18 ~~[\$20,000] \$15,000~~ for each offense.

19 5. ~~[The] Unless mitigating circumstances exist that warrant~~
20 ~~the granting of probation, the~~ court shall not grant probation to or
21 suspend the sentence of a person convicted under subsection 4 and
22 punishable pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 4.

23 **Sec. 113.** NRS 453.336 is hereby amended to read as follows:

24 453.336 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, a
25 person shall not knowingly or intentionally possess a controlled
26 substance, unless the substance was obtained directly from, or
27 pursuant to, a prescription or order of a physician, physician
28 assistant licensed pursuant to chapter 630 or 633 of NRS, dentist,
29 podiatric physician, optometrist, advanced practice registered nurse
30 or veterinarian while acting in the course of his or her professional
31 practice, or except as otherwise authorized by the provisions of NRS
32 453.005 to 453.552, inclusive.

33 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsections 3 and 4 and in
34 NRS 453.3363, and unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS
35 212.160, 453.3385, 453.339 or 453.3395, a person who violates this
36 section shall be punished:

37 (a) For ~~[the] a~~ first or second offense, if the controlled substance
38 is listed in schedule I ~~[I] or II [I]~~ ~~and the quantity possessed is less~~
39 ~~than 14 grams, or if the controlled substance is listed in schedule~~
40 ~~III, [or] IV [I] or V and the quantity possessed is less than 28~~
41 ~~grams, for a category E felony as provided in NRS 193.130. In~~
42 ~~accordance with section 19 of this act, the court shall defer~~
43 ~~judgment upon the consent of the person.~~

44 (b) For a third or subsequent offense, if the controlled substance
45 is listed in schedule I ~~[I] or II [I]~~ ~~and the quantity possessed is less~~



1 *than 14 grams, or if the controlled substance is listed in schedule*
2 *III, ~~or~~ IV ~~or~~ V and the quantity possessed is less than 28*
3 *grams, or if the offender has previously been convicted two or more*
4 *times in the aggregate of any violation of the law of the United*
5 *States or of any state, territory or district relating to a controlled*
6 *substance, for a category D felony as provided in NRS 193.130, and*
7 *may be further punished by a fine of not more than \$20,000.*

8 (c) ~~If~~ *If* the controlled substance is listed
9 in schedule ~~IV, I or II and the quantity possessed is 14 grams or~~
10 ~~more, but less than 28 grams, or if the controlled substance is~~
11 ~~listed in schedule III, IV or V and the quantity possessed is 28~~
12 ~~grams or more, but less than 200 grams,~~ for a category ~~C~~ *C*
13 felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

14 (d) ~~If~~ *If* the controlled
15 substance is listed in schedule ~~IV, I or II and the quantity~~
16 ~~possessed is 28 grams or more, but less than 42 grams, or if the~~
17 ~~controlled substance is listed in schedule III, IV or V and the~~
18 ~~quantity possessed is 200 grams or more,~~ for a category ~~B~~ *B*
19 felony ~~as provided in NRS 193.130.~~ *by imprisonment in the state*
20 *prison for a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a*
21 *maximum term of not more than 10 years and by a fine of not*
22 *more than \$50,000.*

23 (e) *If the controlled substance is listed in schedule I or II and*
24 *the quantity possessed is 42 grams or more, for a category B*
25 *felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of*
26 *not less than 2 years and a maximum term of not more than 15*
27 *years and by a fine of not more than \$50,000.*

28 3. Unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS 212.160,
29 453.337 or 453.3385, a person who is convicted of the possession of
30 flunitrazepam or gamma-hydroxybutyrate, or any substance for
31 which flunitrazepam or gamma-hydroxybutyrate is an immediate
32 precursor, is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished by
33 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
34 than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years.

35 4. Unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS
36 212.160, a person who is convicted of the possession of 1 ounce or
37 less of marijuana:

- 38 (a) For the first offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be:
39 (1) Punished by a fine of not more than \$600; or
40 (2) ~~Examined by a treatment provider approved by the court~~
41 ~~to determine whether the person is a drug addict and is likely to be~~
42 ~~rehabilitated through treatment and, if the examination reveals that~~
43 ~~the person is a drug addict and is likely to be rehabilitated through~~
44 ~~treatment, assigned~~ *Assigned* to a program of treatment and
45 rehabilitation pursuant to ~~NRS 453.580. As used in this~~



1 ~~subparagraph, “treatment provider” has the meaning ascribed to it in~~
2 ~~NRS 458.010.] section 20 of this act if the court determines that~~
3 ~~the person is eligible to participate in such a program.~~

4 (b) For the second offense, is guilty of a misdemeanor and shall
5 be:

6 (1) Punished by a fine of not more than \$1,000; or

7 (2) Assigned to a program of treatment and rehabilitation
8 pursuant to ~~[NRS 453.580.] section 20 of this act if the court~~
9 ~~determines that the person is eligible to participate in such a~~
10 ~~program.~~

11 (c) For the third offense, is guilty of a gross misdemeanor and
12 shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.140.

13 (d) For a fourth or subsequent offense, is guilty of a category E
14 felony and shall be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.

15 5. It is not a violation of this section if a person possesses a
16 trace amount of a controlled substance and that trace amount is in or
17 on a hypodermic device obtained from a sterile hypodermic device
18 program pursuant to NRS 439.985 to 439.994, inclusive.

19 6. *The court may grant probation to or suspend the sentence*
20 *of a person convicted of violating this section.*

21 7. As used in this section:

22 (a) “Controlled substance” includes flunitrazepam, gamma-
23 hydroxybutyrate and each substance for which flunitrazepam or
24 gamma-hydroxybutyrate is an immediate precursor.

25 (b) “Marijuana” does not include concentrated cannabis.

26 (c) “Sterile hypodermic device program” has the meaning
27 ascribed to it in NRS 439.986.

28 **Sec. 114.** NRS 453.3361 is hereby amended to read as
29 follows:

30 453.3361 1. A local authority may enact an ordinance
31 adopting the penalties set forth for misdemeanors in NRS 453.336
32 for similar offenses under a local ordinance. The ordinance must set
33 forth the manner in which money collected from fines imposed by a
34 court for a violation of the ordinance must be disbursed in
35 accordance with subsection 2.

36 2. Money collected from fines imposed by a court for a
37 violation of an ordinance enacted pursuant to subsection 1 must be
38 evenly allocated among:

39 (a) Nonprofit programs for the treatment of ~~[abuse]~~ use of
40 alcohol or drugs that are certified by the Division of Public and
41 Behavioral Health of the Department;

42 (b) A program of treatment and rehabilitation established by a
43 court pursuant to ~~[NRS 453.580.] section 20 of this act~~, if any; and

44 (c) Local law enforcement agencies,
45 ↪ in a manner determined by the court.



1 3. As used in this section, "local authority" means the
2 governing board of a county, city or other political subdivision
3 having authority to enact ordinances.

4 **Sec. 115.** NRS 453.3363 is hereby amended to read as
5 follows:

6 453.3363 1. If a person who has not previously been
7 convicted of any offense pursuant to NRS 453.011 to 453.552,
8 inclusive, or pursuant to any statute of the United States or of any
9 state relating to narcotic drugs, marijuana, or stimulant, depressant
10 or hallucinogenic substances tenders a plea of guilty, guilty but
11 mentally ill, nolo contendere or similar plea to a charge pursuant to
12 subparagraph (1) of paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 453.3325,
13 subsection 2 or 3 of NRS 453.336, NRS 453.411 or 454.351, or is
14 found guilty or guilty but mentally ill of one of those charges, the
15 court, without entering a judgment of conviction and with the
16 consent of the accused, may suspend further proceedings and place
17 the person on probation upon terms and conditions that must include
18 attendance and successful completion of ~~aan~~ :

19 (a) An educational program ; or ~~in~~

20 (b) In the case of a person dependent upon drugs, ~~off~~ a program
21 of treatment and rehabilitation pursuant to ~~NRS 453.580.~~ *section*
22 *20 of this act if the court determines that the person is eligible for*
23 *participation in such a program.*

24 2. Upon violation of a term or condition, the court may enter a
25 judgment of conviction and proceed as provided in the section
26 pursuant to which the accused was charged. Notwithstanding the
27 provisions of paragraph (e) of subsection 2 of NRS 193.130, upon
28 violation of a term or condition, the court may order the person to
29 the custody of the Department of Corrections.

30 3. Upon fulfillment of the terms and conditions, the court shall
31 discharge the accused and dismiss the proceedings against him or
32 her. A nonpublic record of the dismissal must be transmitted to and
33 retained by the Division of Parole and Probation of the Department
34 of Public Safety solely for the use of the courts in determining
35 whether, in later proceedings, the person qualifies under this section.

36 4. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 5, discharge and
37 dismissal under this section is without adjudication of guilt and is
38 not a conviction for purposes of this section or for purposes of
39 employment, civil rights or any statute or regulation or license or
40 questionnaire or for any other public or private purpose, but is a
41 conviction for the purpose of additional penalties imposed for
42 second or subsequent convictions or the setting of bail. Discharge
43 and dismissal restores the person discharged, in the contemplation
44 of the law, to the status occupied before the arrest, indictment or
45 information. The person may not be held thereafter under any law to



1 be guilty of perjury or otherwise giving a false statement by reason
2 of failure to recite or acknowledge that arrest, indictment,
3 information or trial in response to an inquiry made of the person for
4 any purpose. Discharge and dismissal under this section may occur
5 only once with respect to any person.

6 5. A professional licensing board may consider a proceeding
7 under this section in determining suitability for a license or liability
8 to discipline for misconduct. Such a board is entitled for those
9 purposes to a truthful answer from the applicant or licensee
10 concerning any such proceeding with respect to the applicant or
11 licensee.

12 **Sec. 116.** NRS 453.337 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 453.337 1. Except as otherwise authorized by the provisions
14 of NRS 453.011 to 453.552, inclusive, it is unlawful for a person to
15 possess for the purpose of sale flunitrazepam, gamma-
16 hydroxybutyrate, any substance for which flunitrazepam or gamma-
17 hydroxybutyrate is an immediate precursor or any controlled
18 substance classified in schedule I or II.

19 2. Unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS 453.3385,
20 453.339 or 453.3395, a person who violates this section shall be
21 punished:

22 (a) For the first offense, for a category D felony as provided in
23 NRS 193.130.

24 (b) For a second offense, or if, in the case of a first conviction of
25 violating this section, the offender has previously been convicted of
26 a felony under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act or of an
27 offense under the laws of the United States or any state, territory or
28 district which, if committed in this State, would amount to a felony
29 under the Uniform Controlled Substances Act, for a category C
30 felony as provided in NRS 193.130.

31 (c) For a third or subsequent offense, or if the offender has
32 previously been convicted two or more times of a felony under the
33 Uniform Controlled Substances Act or of any offense under the laws
34 of the United States or any state, territory or district which, if
35 committed in this State, would amount to a felony under the
36 Uniform Controlled Substances Act, for a category B felony by
37 imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
38 than 3 years and a maximum term of not more than 15 years, and
39 may be further punished by a fine of not more than \$20,000 for each
40 offense.

41 3. ~~The~~ *Except as otherwise provided in this subsection,*
42 *unless mitigating circumstances exist that warrant the granting of*
43 *probation, the* court shall not grant probation to or suspend the
44 sentence of a person convicted of violating this section and
45 punishable pursuant to paragraph (b) or (c) of subsection 2. *The*



1 *court shall not grant probation to or suspend the sentence of a*
2 *person convicted of violating this section, even if mitigating*
3 *circumstances exist that would otherwise warrant the granting of*
4 *probation, if the person violated this section by possessing*
5 *flunitrazepam, gamma-hydroxybutyrate or any substance for*
6 *which flunitrazepam or gamma-hydroxybutyrate is an immediate*
7 *precursor.*

8 **Sec. 117.** NRS 453.338 is hereby amended to read as follows:

9 453.338 1. Except as authorized by the provisions of NRS
10 453.011 to 453.552, inclusive, it is unlawful for a person to possess
11 for the purpose of sale any controlled substance classified in
12 schedule III, IV or V.

13 2. A person who violates this section shall be punished:

14 (a) For the first and second offense, for a category D felony as
15 provided in NRS 193.130, and may be further punished by a fine of
16 not more than \$10,000.

17 (b) For a third or subsequent offense, or if the offender has been
18 previously convicted two or more times of a felony under the
19 Uniform Controlled Substances Act or of any offense under the laws
20 of the United States or any state, territory or district which, if
21 committed in this State, would amount to a felony under the
22 Uniform Controlled Substances Act, for a category C felony as
23 provided in NRS 193.130.

24 3. ~~{The}~~ *Unless mitigating circumstances exist that warrant*
25 *the granting of probation, the* court shall not grant probation to or
26 suspend the sentence of a person convicted of violating this section
27 and punishable under paragraph (b) of subsection 2.

28 **Sec. 118.** (Deleted by amendment.)

29 **Sec. 119.** NRS 453.3385 is hereby amended to read as
30 follows:

31 453.3385 1. Except as otherwise authorized by the provisions
32 of NRS 453.011 to 453.552, inclusive, a person who knowingly or
33 intentionally sells, manufactures, delivers or brings into this State or
34 who is knowingly or intentionally in actual or constructive
35 possession of flunitrazepam, gamma-hydroxybutyrate, any
36 substance for which flunitrazepam or gamma-hydroxybutyrate is an
37 immediate precursor or any controlled substance which is listed in
38 schedule I, except marijuana, or any mixture which contains any
39 such controlled substance, shall be punished, unless a greater
40 penalty is provided pursuant to NRS 453.322, if the quantity
41 ~~involved:~~

42 ~~—(a) Is 4 grams or more, but less than 14 grams, for a category B~~
43 ~~felony by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of~~
44 ~~not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years~~
45 ~~and by a fine of not more than \$50,000.~~



1 ~~—(b) Is 14] possessed is 100~~ grams or more, ~~[but less than 28~~
2 ~~grams,]~~ for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison
3 for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of
4 not more than ~~[15] 20~~ years and by a fine of not more than
5 \$100,000.

6 ~~[(e) Is 28 grams or more, for a category A felony by~~
7 ~~imprisonment in the state prison:~~

8 ~~—(1) For life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for~~
9 ~~parole beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served; or~~

10 ~~—(2) For a definite term of 25 years, with eligibility for parole~~
11 ~~beginning when a minimum of 10 years has been served;~~

12 ~~→ and by a fine of not more than \$500,000.]~~

13 2. As used in this section, “marijuana” does not include
14 concentrated cannabis.

15 **Sec. 120.** (Deleted by amendment.)

16 **Sec. 121.** NRS 453.3395 is hereby amended to read as
17 follows:

18 453.3395 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 453.011 to
19 453.552, inclusive, a person who knowingly or intentionally sells,
20 manufactures, delivers or brings into this State or who is knowingly
21 or intentionally in actual or constructive possession of any
22 controlled substance which is listed in schedule II or any mixture
23 which contains any such controlled substance shall be punished,
24 unless a greater penalty is provided pursuant to NRS 453.322, if the
25 quantity ~~involved:~~

26 ~~—1. Is 28 grams or more, but less than 200 grams, for a category~~
27 ~~C felony as provided in NRS 193.130 and by a fine of not more than~~
28 ~~\$50,000.~~

29 ~~—2. Is 200] possessed is 400~~ grams or more, ~~[but less than 400~~
30 ~~grams,]~~ for a category B felony by imprisonment in the state prison
31 for a minimum term of not less than 2 years and a maximum term of
32 not more than ~~[10] 20~~ years and by a fine of not more than
33 \$100,000.

34 ~~[(3. Is 400 grams or more, for a category A felony by~~
35 ~~imprisonment in the state prison:~~

36 ~~—(a) For life with the possibility of parole, with eligibility for~~
37 ~~parole beginning when a minimum of 5 years has been served; or~~

38 ~~—(b) For a definite term of 15 years, with eligibility for parole~~
39 ~~beginning when a minimum of 5 years has been served;~~

40 ~~→ and by a fine of not more than \$250,000.]~~

41 **Sec. 122.** NRS 453.3405 is hereby amended to read as
42 follows:

43 453.3405 1. ~~[Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,~~
44 ~~the adjudication of guilt and imposition of sentence of a person~~
45 ~~found guilty of trafficking in a controlled substance in violation]~~



1 *The court may grant probation to or suspend the sentence of a*
2 *person convicted of violating the provisions* of NRS 453.3385,
3 453.339 or 453.3395 ~~[must not be suspended and the person is not~~
4 ~~eligible for parole until the person has actually served the mandatory~~
5 ~~minimum term of imprisonment prescribed by the section under~~
6 ~~which the person was convicted.] unless the person violated any~~
7 *such section by possessing flunitrazepam, gamma-hydroxybutyrate*
8 *or any substance for which flunitrazepam or gamma-*
9 *hydroxybutyrate is an immediate precursor.*

10 2. The court, upon an appropriate motion, may reduce or
11 suspend the sentence of any person convicted of violating any of the
12 provisions of NRS 453.3385, 453.339 or 453.3395 if the court finds
13 that the convicted person rendered substantial assistance in the
14 investigation or prosecution of any offense. The arresting agency
15 must be given an opportunity to be heard before the motion is
16 granted. Upon good cause shown, the motion may be heard in
17 camera.

18 3. Any appropriate reduction or suspension of a sentence
19 pursuant to subsection 2 must be determined by the court, for
20 reasons stated by the court that may include, without limitation,
21 consideration of the following:

22 (a) The court's evaluation of the significance and usefulness of
23 the convicted person's assistance, taking into consideration the
24 prosecuting attorney's evaluation of the assistance rendered;

25 (b) The truthfulness, completeness and reliability of any
26 information or testimony provided by the convicted person;

27 (c) The nature and extent of the convicted person's assistance;

28 (d) Any injury suffered or any danger or risk of injury to the
29 convicted person or his or her family resulting from his or her
30 assistance; and

31 (e) The timeliness of the convicted person's assistance.

32 **Sec. 122.5.** NRS 453.411 is hereby amended to read as
33 follows:

34 453.411 1. It is unlawful for a person knowingly to use or be
35 under the influence of a controlled substance except in accordance
36 with a lawfully issued prescription.

37 2. It is unlawful for a person knowingly to use or be under the
38 influence of a controlled substance except when administered to
39 the person at a rehabilitation clinic established or licensed by the
40 Division of Public and Behavioral Health of the Department, or a
41 hospital certified by the Department.

42 3. Unless a greater penalty is provided in NRS 212.160, a
43 person who violates this section shall be punished ~~f:~~

44 ~~—(a) If the controlled substance is listed in schedule I, II, III or IV,~~
45 ~~for a category E felony as provided in NRS 193.130.~~



1 ~~—(b) If the controlled substance is listed in schedule V,] for a~~
2 ~~[gross] misdemeanor . [by imprisonment in the county jail for not~~
3 ~~more than 364 days, and may be further punished by a fine of not~~
4 ~~more than \$1,000.]~~

5 **Sec. 123.** NRS 453.5531 is hereby amended to read as
6 follows:

7 453.5531 1. The State of Nevada is entitled, in a civil action
8 brought pursuant to NRS 453.553 involving marijuana, to a civil
9 penalty in an amount:

10 (a) Not to exceed \$350,000, if the quantity involved is 100
11 pounds or more, but less than 2,000 pounds.

12 (b) Not to exceed \$700,000, if the quantity involved is 2,000
13 pounds or more, but less than 10,000 pounds.

14 (c) Not to exceed \$1,000,000, if the quantity involved is 10,000
15 pounds or more.

16 2. The State of Nevada is entitled, in a civil action brought
17 pursuant to NRS 453.553 involving a controlled substance, except
18 marijuana, which is listed in schedule I or a substitute therefor, to a
19 civil penalty in an amount ~~]:~~

20 ~~—(a) Not to exceed \$350,000, if the quantity involved is 4 grams~~
21 ~~or more, but less than 14 grams.~~

22 ~~—(b) Not to exceed \$700,000, if the quantity involved is 14 grams~~
23 ~~or more, but less than 28 grams.~~

24 ~~—(c) Not] not~~ to exceed \$1,000,000, if the quantity involved is
25 ~~[28] 100~~ grams or more.

26 3. The State of Nevada is entitled, in a civil action brought
27 pursuant to NRS 453.553 involving a controlled substance which is
28 listed in schedule II or III or a substitute therefor, to a civil penalty
29 in an amount ~~]:~~

30 ~~—(a) Not to exceed \$350,000, if the quantity involved is 28 grams~~
31 ~~or more, but less than 200 grams.~~

32 ~~—(b) Not to exceed \$700,000, if the quantity involved is 200~~
33 ~~grams or more, but less than 400 grams.~~

34 ~~—(c) Not] not~~ to exceed \$1,000,000, if the quantity involved is
35 400 grams or more.

36 4. Unless a greater civil penalty is authorized by another
37 provision of this section, the State of Nevada is entitled, in a civil
38 action brought pursuant to NRS 453.553 involving any act or
39 transaction in violation of the provisions of NRS 453.3611 to
40 453.3648, inclusive, to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed
41 \$350,000.

42 5. The State of Nevada is entitled, in a civil action brought
43 pursuant to NRS 453.553 involving any act or transaction in
44 violation of the provisions of NRS 453.324, 453.354, 453.355



1 or 453.357, to a civil penalty in an amount not to exceed \$250,000
2 for each violation.

3 6. As used in this section, "marijuana" does not include
4 concentrated cannabis.

5 **Sec. 124.** NRS 453.700 is hereby amended to read as follows:

6 453.700 1. Any person who believes himself or herself to be
7 a narcotic addict may make application to the Division of Public and
8 Behavioral Health of the Department for voluntary submission to
9 treatment maintained under the provisions of NRS 453.660 . ~~for~~
10 ~~NRS 458.290 to 458.350, inclusive.~~

11 2. The Division of Public and Behavioral Health shall adopt
12 regulations relating to the requirements for voluntary submission
13 under this section.

14 **Sec. 125.** NRS 465.088 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 465.088 1. A person who violates any provision of NRS
16 465.070 to 465.086, inclusive : ~~[, is guilty of a category B felony~~
17 ~~and shall be punished:]~~

18 (a) For the first offense, ~~[by imprisonment in the state prison for~~
19 ~~a minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not~~
20 ~~more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by both~~
21 ~~fine and imprisonment.] is guilty of a category C felony and shall~~
22 ~~be punished as provided in NRS 193.130.~~

23 (b) For a second or subsequent violation of any of these
24 provisions, ~~is guilty of a category B felony and shall be punished~~
25 by imprisonment in the state prison for a minimum term of not less
26 than 1 year and a maximum term of not more than 6 years, and may
27 be further punished by a fine of not more than \$10,000. ~~[The court~~
28 ~~shall not suspend a sentence of imprisonment imposed pursuant to~~
29 ~~this paragraph, or grant probation to the person convicted.]~~

30 2. A person who attempts, or two or more persons who
31 conspire, to violate any provision of NRS 465.070 to 465.086,
32 inclusive, each is guilty of a category ~~[B]~~ C felony and shall be
33 punished by imposing the penalty provided in subsection 1 for the
34 completed crime, whether or not he or she personally played any
35 gambling game or used any prohibited device.

36 **Sec. 126.** NRS 475.105 is hereby amended to read as follows:

37 475.105 A person who steals a device intended for use in
38 preventing, controlling, extinguishing or giving warning of a fire:

39 1. If the device has a value of less than ~~[\$650.]~~ \$1,200, is guilty
40 of a ~~[gross]~~ misdemeanor.

41 2. If the device has a value of ~~[\$650]~~ \$1,200 or more, is guilty
42 of ~~[grand larceny]~~ a category D felony and shall be punished as
43 provided in NRS ~~[205.222.]~~ 193.130.



1 **Sec. 126.3.** NRS 483.290 is hereby amended to read as
2 follows:

3 483.290 1. An application for an instruction permit or for a
4 driver's license must:

5 (a) Be made upon a form furnished by the Department.

6 (b) Be verified by the applicant before a person authorized to
7 administer oaths. Officers and employees of the Department may
8 administer those oaths without charge.

9 (c) Be accompanied by the required fee.

10 (d) State the full legal name, date of birth, sex, address of
11 principal residence and mailing address, if different from the
12 address of principal residence, of the applicant and briefly describe
13 the applicant.

14 (e) State whether the applicant has theretofore been licensed as a
15 driver, and, if so, when and by what state or country, and whether
16 any such license has ever been suspended or revoked, or whether an
17 application has ever been refused, and, if so, the date of and reason
18 for the suspension, revocation or refusal.

19 (f) Include such other information as the Department may
20 require to determine the competency and eligibility of the applicant.

21 2. Every applicant must furnish proof of his or her full legal
22 name and age by displaying:

23 (a) An original or certified copy of the required documents as
24 prescribed by regulation; or

25 (b) A photo identification card issued by the Department of
26 Corrections pursuant to NRS 209.511 **Ⓜ** *which indicates that the*
27 *Director of the Department of Corrections has verified the full*
28 *legal name and age of the applicant pursuant to subsection 4 of*
29 *that section.*

30 3. The Department shall adopt regulations prescribing the
31 documents an applicant may use to furnish proof of his or her full
32 legal name and age to the Department pursuant to paragraph (a) of
33 subsection 2, including, without limitation, a document issued by
34 the Department pursuant to NRS 483.375 or 483.8605.

35 4. At the time of applying for a driver's license, an applicant
36 may, if eligible, preregister or register to vote pursuant to
37 NRS 293.524.

38 5. Every applicant who has been assigned a social security
39 number must furnish proof of his or her social security number by
40 displaying:

41 (a) An original card issued to the applicant by the Social
42 Security Administration bearing the social security number of the
43 applicant; or

44 (b) Other proof acceptable to the Department, including, without
45 limitation, records of employment or federal income tax returns.



1 6. The Department may refuse to accept a driver's license
2 issued by another state, the District of Columbia or any territory of
3 the United States if the Department determines that the other state,
4 the District of Columbia or the territory of the United States has less
5 stringent standards than the State of Nevada for the issuance of a
6 driver's license.

7 7. With respect to any document presented by a person who
8 was born outside of the United States to prove his or her full legal
9 name and age, the Department:

10 (a) May, if the document has expired, refuse to accept the
11 document or refuse to issue a driver's license to the person
12 presenting the document, or both; and

13 (b) Shall issue to the person presenting the document a driver's
14 license that is valid only during the time the applicant is authorized
15 to stay in the United States, or if there is no definite end to the time
16 the applicant is authorized to stay, the driver's license is valid for 1
17 year beginning on the date of issuance.

18 8. The Administrator shall adopt regulations setting forth
19 criteria pursuant to which the Department will issue or refuse to
20 issue a driver's license in accordance with this section to a person
21 who is a citizen of any state, the District of Columbia, any territory
22 of the United States or a foreign country. The criteria pursuant to
23 which the Department shall issue or refuse to issue a driver's license
24 to a citizen of a foreign country must be based upon the purpose for
25 which that person is present within the United States.

26 9. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the
27 Department shall not accept a consular identification card as proof
28 of the age or identity of an applicant for an instruction permit or for
29 a driver's license. As used in this subsection, "consular
30 identification card" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 232.006.

31 **Sec. 126.7.** NRS 483.860 is hereby amended to read as
32 follows:

33 483.860 1. Every applicant for an identification card must
34 furnish proof of his or her full legal name and age by presenting:

35 (a) An original or certified copy of the required documents as
36 prescribed by regulation; or

37 (b) A photo identification card issued by the Department of
38 Corrections pursuant to NRS 209.511 **[H] which indicates that the**
39 **Director of the Department of Corrections has verified the full**
40 **legal name and age of the applicant pursuant to subsection 4 of**
41 **that section.**

42 2. The Director shall adopt regulations:

43 (a) Prescribing the documents an applicant may use to furnish
44 proof of his or her full legal name and age to the Department
45 pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 1, including, without



1 limitation, a document issued by the Department pursuant to NRS
2 483.375 or 483.8605; and

3 (b) Setting forth criteria pursuant to which the Department will
4 issue or refuse to issue an identification card in accordance with this
5 section to a person who is a citizen of a state, the District of
6 Columbia, any territory of the United States or a foreign country.
7 The criteria pursuant to which the Department shall issue or refuse
8 to issue an identification card to a citizen of a foreign country must
9 be based upon the purpose for which that person is present within
10 the United States.

11 3. Notwithstanding any other provision of this section, the
12 Department shall not accept a consular identification card as proof
13 of the age or identity of an applicant for an identification card. As
14 used in this subsection, "consular identification card" has the
15 meaning ascribed to it in NRS 232.006.

16 **Sec. 127.** NRS 484C.320 is hereby amended to read as
17 follows:

18 484C.320 1. An offender who is found guilty of a violation
19 of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable pursuant to
20 paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400, other than an
21 offender who is found to have a concentration of alcohol of 0.18 or
22 more in his or her blood or breath, may, at that time or any time
23 before the offender is sentenced, apply to the court to undergo a
24 program of treatment for alcoholism or drug ~~abuse~~ use for at least
25 6 months. The court shall authorize that treatment if:

26 (a) The offender is diagnosed as an alcoholic or ~~abuser~~ user of
27 drugs by:

28 (1) An alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is licensed or
29 certified, or a clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is
30 licensed, pursuant to chapter 641C of NRS, to make that diagnosis;
31 or

32 (2) A physician who is certified to make that diagnosis by the
33 Board of Medical Examiners;

34 (b) The offender agrees to pay the cost of the treatment to the
35 extent of his or her financial resources; and

36 (c) The offender has served or will serve a term of imprisonment
37 in jail of 1 day, or has performed or will perform 24 hours of
38 community service.

39 2. A prosecuting attorney may, within 10 days after receiving
40 notice of an application for treatment pursuant to this section,
41 request a hearing on the question of whether the offender is eligible
42 to undergo a program of treatment for alcoholism or drug ~~abuse.~~
43 use. The court shall order a hearing on the application upon the
44 request of the prosecuting attorney or may order a hearing on its



1 own motion. The hearing must be limited to the question of whether
2 the offender is eligible to undergo such a program of treatment.

3 3. At the hearing on the application for treatment, the
4 prosecuting attorney may present the court with any relevant
5 evidence on the matter. If a hearing is not held, the court shall
6 decide the matter upon affidavits and other information before the
7 court.

8 4. If the court grants an application for treatment, the court
9 shall:

10 (a) Immediately sentence the offender and enter judgment
11 accordingly.

12 (b) Suspend the sentence of the offender for not more than 3
13 years upon the condition that the offender be accepted for treatment
14 by a treatment provider that is approved by the court, that the
15 offender complete the treatment satisfactorily and that the offender
16 comply with any other condition ordered by the court. If the court
17 has a specialty court program for the supervision and monitoring of
18 the person, the treatment provider must comply with the
19 requirements of the specialty court, including, without limitation,
20 any requirement to submit progress reports to the specialty court.

21 (c) Advise the offender that:

22 (1) He or she may be placed under the supervision of a
23 treatment provider for a period not to exceed 3 years.

24 (2) The court may order the offender to be admitted to a
25 residential treatment facility or to be provided with outpatient
26 treatment in the community.

27 (3) If the offender fails to complete the program of treatment
28 satisfactorily, the offender shall serve the sentence imposed by the
29 court. Any sentence of imprisonment must be reduced by a time
30 equal to that which the offender served before beginning treatment.

31 (4) If the offender completes the treatment satisfactorily, the
32 offender's sentence will be reduced to a term of imprisonment
33 which is no longer than that provided for the offense in paragraph
34 (c) of subsection 1 and a fine of not more than the minimum fine
35 provided for the offense in NRS 484C.400, but the conviction must
36 remain on the record of criminal history of the offender.

37 5. The court shall administer the program of treatment pursuant
38 to the procedures provided in ~~NRS 458.320 and 458.330,~~ **sections**
39 **20 to 23, inclusive, of this act,** except that the court:

40 (a) Shall not defer the sentence, set aside the conviction or
41 impose conditions upon the election of treatment except as
42 otherwise provided in this section.

43 (b) May immediately revoke the suspension of sentence for a
44 violation of any condition of the suspension.



1 6. The court shall notify the Department, on a form approved
2 by the Department, upon granting the application of the offender for
3 treatment and his or her failure to be accepted for or complete
4 treatment.

5 **Sec. 128.** NRS 484C.330 is hereby amended to read as
6 follows:

7 484C.330 1. An offender who is found guilty of a violation
8 of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable pursuant to
9 paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 may, at that time or
10 any time before the offender is sentenced, apply to the court to
11 undergo a program of treatment for alcoholism or drug ~~abuse~~ use
12 for at least 1 year. The court shall authorize that treatment if:

13 (a) The offender is diagnosed as an alcoholic or ~~abuser~~ user of
14 drugs by:

15 (1) An alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is licensed or
16 certified, or a clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is
17 licensed, pursuant to chapter 641C of NRS, to make that diagnosis;
18 or

19 (2) A physician who is certified to make that diagnosis by the
20 Board of Medical Examiners;

21 (b) The offender agrees to pay the costs of the treatment to the
22 extent of his or her financial resources; and

23 (c) The offender has served or will serve a term of imprisonment
24 in jail of 5 days and, if required pursuant to NRS 484C.400, has
25 performed or will perform not less than one-half of the hours of
26 community service.

27 2. A prosecuting attorney may, within 10 days after receiving
28 notice of an application for treatment pursuant to this section,
29 request a hearing on the matter. The court shall order a hearing on
30 the application upon the request of the prosecuting attorney or may
31 order a hearing on its own motion.

32 3. At the hearing on the application for treatment, the
33 prosecuting attorney may present the court with any relevant
34 evidence on the matter. If a hearing is not held, the court shall
35 decide the matter upon affidavits and other information before the
36 court.

37 4. If the court grants an application for treatment, the court
38 shall:

39 (a) Immediately sentence the offender and enter judgment
40 accordingly.

41 (b) Suspend the sentence of the offender for not more than 3
42 years upon the condition that the offender be accepted for treatment
43 by a treatment provider that is approved by the court, that the
44 offender complete the treatment satisfactorily and that the offender
45 comply with any other condition ordered by the court. If the court



1 has a specialty court program for the supervision and monitoring of
2 the person, the treatment provider must comply with the
3 requirements of the specialty court, including, without limitation,
4 any requirement to submit progress reports to the specialty court.

5 (c) Advise the offender that:

6 (1) He or she may be placed under the supervision of the
7 treatment provider for a period not to exceed 3 years.

8 (2) The court may order the offender to be admitted to a
9 residential treatment facility or to be provided with outpatient
10 treatment in the community.

11 (3) If the offender fails to complete the program of treatment
12 satisfactorily, the offender shall serve the sentence imposed by the
13 court. Any sentence of imprisonment must be reduced by a time
14 equal to that which the offender served before beginning treatment.

15 (4) If the offender completes the treatment satisfactorily, the
16 offender's sentence will be reduced to a term of imprisonment
17 which is no longer than that provided for the offense in paragraph
18 (c) of subsection 1 and a fine of not more than the minimum
19 provided for the offense in NRS 484C.400, but the conviction must
20 remain on the record of criminal history of the offender.

21 5. The court shall administer the program of treatment pursuant
22 to the procedures provided in ~~NRS 458.320 and 458.330,~~ *sections*
23 *20 to 23, inclusive, of this act,* except that the court:

24 (a) Shall not defer the sentence, set aside the conviction or
25 impose conditions upon the election of treatment except as
26 otherwise provided in this section.

27 (b) May immediately revoke the suspension of sentence for a
28 violation of a condition of the suspension.

29 6. The court shall notify the Department, on a form approved
30 by the Department, upon granting the application of the offender for
31 treatment and his or her failure to be accepted for or complete
32 treatment.

33 **Sec. 129.** NRS 484C.340 is hereby amended to read as
34 follows:

35 484C.340 1. An offender who enters a plea of guilty or nolo
36 contendere to a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is
37 punishable pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS
38 484C.400 may, at the time the offender enters a plea, apply to the
39 court to undergo a program of treatment for alcoholism or drug
40 ~~abuse~~ *use* for at least 3 years. The court may authorize that
41 treatment if:

42 (a) The offender is diagnosed as an alcoholic or ~~abuser~~ *user* of
43 drugs by:

44 (1) An alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is licensed or
45 certified, or a clinical alcohol and drug abuse counselor who is



1 licensed, pursuant to chapter 641C of NRS, to make that diagnosis;
2 or

3 (2) A physician who is certified to make that diagnosis by the
4 Board of Medical Examiners; and

5 (b) The offender agrees to pay the costs of the treatment to the
6 extent of his or her financial resources.

7 ↪ An alcohol and drug abuse counselor, a clinical alcohol and drug
8 abuse counselor or a physician who diagnoses an offender as an
9 alcoholic or ~~abuser~~ *user* of drugs shall make a report and
10 recommendation to the court concerning the length and type of
11 treatment required for the offender.

12 2. A prosecuting attorney may, within 10 days after receiving
13 notice of an application for treatment pursuant to this section,
14 request a hearing on the matter. The court shall order a hearing on
15 the application upon the request of the prosecuting attorney or may
16 order a hearing on its own motion.

17 3. At the hearing on the application for treatment, the
18 prosecuting attorney may present the court with any relevant
19 evidence on the matter. If a hearing is not held, the court shall
20 decide the matter and other information before the court.

21 4. If the court determines that an application for treatment
22 should be granted, the court shall:

23 (a) Immediately, without entering a judgment of conviction and
24 with the consent of the offender, suspend further proceedings and
25 place the offender on probation for not more than 5 years.

26 (b) Order the offender to complete a program of treatment for
27 alcoholism or drug ~~abuse~~ *use* with a treatment provider approved
28 by the court. If the court has a specialty court program for the
29 supervision and monitoring of the person, the treatment provider
30 must comply with the requirements of the specialty court, including,
31 without limitation, any requirement to submit progress reports to the
32 specialty court.

33 (c) Advise the offender that:

34 (1) He or she may be placed under the supervision of a
35 treatment provider for not more than 5 years.

36 (2) The court may order the offender to be admitted to a
37 residential treatment facility or to be provided with outpatient
38 treatment in the community.

39 (3) The court will enter a judgment of conviction for a
40 violation of paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 if a
41 treatment provider fails to accept the offender for a program of
42 treatment for alcoholism or drug ~~abuse~~ *use* or if the offender fails
43 to complete the program of treatment satisfactorily. Any sentence of
44 imprisonment may be reduced by a time equal to that which the
45 offender served before beginning treatment.



1 (4) If the offender completes the treatment satisfactorily, the
2 court will enter a judgment of conviction for a violation of
3 paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400.

4 (5) The provisions of NRS 483.460 requiring the revocation
5 of the license, permit or privilege of the offender to drive do not
6 apply.

7 5. The court shall administer the program of treatment pursuant
8 to the procedures provided in ~~NRS 458.320 and 458.330.~~ *sections*
9 *20 to 23, inclusive, of this act,* except that the court:

10 (a) Shall not defer the sentence or set aside the conviction upon
11 the election of treatment, except as otherwise provided in this
12 section; and

13 (b) May enter a judgment of conviction and proceed as provided
14 in paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 for a violation of
15 a condition ordered by the court.

16 6. To participate in a program of treatment, the offender must:

17 (a) Serve not less than 6 months of residential confinement;

18 (b) Install, at his or her own expense, a device for not less than
19 12 months;

20 (c) Not drive any vehicle unless it is equipped with a device;

21 (d) Agree to be subject to periodic testing for the use of alcohol
22 or controlled substances while participating in a program of
23 treatment; and

24 (e) Agree to any other conditions that the court deems necessary.

25 7. An offender may not apply to the court to undergo a
26 program of treatment for alcoholism or drug ~~abuse~~ *use* pursuant to
27 this section if the offender has previously applied to receive
28 treatment pursuant to this section or if the offender has previously
29 been convicted of:

30 (a) A violation of NRS 484C.430;

31 (b) A violation of NRS 484C.130;

32 (c) A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual physical
33 control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor
34 or a controlled substance or resulting from any other conduct
35 prohibited by NRS 484C.110, 484C.130 or 484C.430;

36 (d) A violation of paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of
37 NRS 484C.400;

38 (e) A violation of NRS 484C.410; or

39 (f) A violation of law of any other jurisdiction that prohibits the
40 same or similar conduct as set forth in paragraph (a), (b), (c) or (d).

41 8. As used in this section, "device" has the meaning ascribed to
42 it in NRS 484C.450.



1 **Sec. 130.** NRS 484D.335 is hereby amended to read as
2 follows:

3 484D.335 1. A person is guilty of a category ~~[B]~~ C felony
4 and shall be punished ~~[by imprisonment in the state prison for a~~
5 ~~minimum term of not less than 1 year and a maximum term of not~~
6 ~~more than 6 years, or by a fine of not more than \$10,000, or by both~~
7 ~~fine and imprisonment.] as provided in NRS 193.130~~ if the person
8 knowingly sells a motor vehicle whose odometer has been altered
9 for the purpose of fraud.

10 2. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 1, any person
11 who violates the provisions of NRS 484D.300 to 484D.345,
12 inclusive, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

13 **Sec. 131.** NRS 501.3765 is hereby amended to read as
14 follows:

15 501.3765 1. Any person who intentionally steals, takes and
16 carries away one or more traps, snares or similar devices owned by
17 another person with an aggregate value of less than ~~[\$650]~~ \$1,200 is
18 guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

19 2. Any person who buys, receives, possesses or withholds one
20 or more traps, snares or similar devices owned by another person
21 with an aggregate value of less than ~~[\$650]~~ \$1,200:

22 (a) Knowing that the traps, snares or similar devices are stolen
23 property; or

24 (b) Under such circumstances as should have caused a
25 reasonable person to know that the traps, snares or similar devices
26 are stolen property,

27 ↪ is guilty of a gross misdemeanor.

28 **Sec. 131.5.** NRS 569.100 is hereby amended to read as
29 follows:

30 569.100 1. A person who takes up an estray or feral livestock
31 as provided for in NRS 569.040 to 569.130, inclusive, is entitled to
32 hold the estray or feral livestock lawfully until relieved of custody
33 by the Department.

34 2. A person shall not use or cause to be used, for profit or
35 otherwise, any estray or feral livestock in the person's keeping
36 under the provisions of NRS 569.040 to 569.130, inclusive. A
37 violation of this subsection shall be deemed grand larceny or petit
38 larceny, as set forth in NRS 205.2175 to ~~[205.2707]~~ 205.2705,
39 inclusive, and the person shall be punished as provided in those
40 sections.

41 3. Any person taking, leading or driving an estray or feral
42 livestock away from the possession of the lawful holder, as specified
43 in NRS 569.040 to 569.130, inclusive, except as otherwise provided
44 in this section, is subject to all the penalties under the law, whether
45 or not the person is the claimant of the estray or feral livestock.



Sec. 132. NRS 612.445 is hereby amended to read as follows:

612.445 1. A person shall not make a false statement or representation, knowing it to be false, or knowingly fail to disclose a material fact in order to obtain or increase any benefit or other payment under this chapter, including, without limitation, by:

(a) Failing to properly report earnings;

(b) Filing a claim for benefits using the social security number, name or other personal identifying information of another person; or

(c) Filing a claim for or receiving benefits and failing to disclose, at the time he or she files the claim or receives the benefits, any compensation for a temporary total disability or a temporary partial disability or money for rehabilitative services pursuant to chapters 616A to 616D, inclusive, or 617 of NRS received by the person or for which a claim has been submitted pursuant to those chapters.

↳ A person who violates the provisions of this subsection commits unemployment insurance fraud.

2. When the Administrator finds that a person has committed unemployment insurance fraud pursuant to subsection 1, the person shall repay to the Administrator for deposit in the Fund a sum equal to all of the benefits received by or paid to the person for each week with respect to which the false statement or representation was made or to which the person failed to disclose a material fact in addition to any interest, penalties and costs related to that sum. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 3 of NRS 612.480, the Administrator may make an initial determination finding that a person has committed unemployment insurance fraud pursuant to subsection 1 at any time within 4 years after the first day of the benefit year in which the person committed the unemployment insurance fraud.

3. Except as otherwise provided in this subsection and subsection 8, the person is disqualified from receiving unemployment compensation benefits under this chapter:

(a) For a period beginning with the week in which the Administrator issues a finding that the person has committed unemployment insurance fraud pursuant to subsection 1 and ending not more than 52 consecutive weeks after the week in which it is determined that a claim was filed in violation of subsection 1; or

(b) Until the sum described in subsection 2, in addition to any interest, penalties or costs related to that sum, is repaid to the Administrator,

↳ whichever is longer. The Administrator shall fix the period of disqualification according to the circumstances in each case.

4. It is a violation of subsection 1 for a person to file a claim, or to cause or allow a claim to be filed on his or her behalf, if:



1 (a) The person is incarcerated in the state prison or any county
2 or city jail or detention facility or other correctional facility in this
3 State; and

4 (b) The claim does not expressly disclose his or her
5 incarceration.

6 5. A person who obtains benefits of ~~[\$650]~~ \$1,200 or more in
7 violation of subsection 1 shall be punished in the same manner as
8 theft pursuant to subsection ~~[3 or 4]~~ 2 of NRS 205.0835.

9 6. In addition to the repayment of benefits required pursuant to
10 subsection 2, the Administrator:

11 (a) Shall impose a penalty equal to 15 percent of the total
12 amount of benefits received by the person in violation of subsection
13 1. Money recovered by the Administrator pursuant to this paragraph
14 must be deposited in the Unemployment Trust Fund in accordance
15 with the provisions of NRS 612.590.

16 (b) May impose a penalty equal to not more than:

17 (1) If the amount of such benefits is greater than \$25 but not
18 greater than \$1,000, 5 percent;

19 (2) If the amount of such benefits is greater than \$1,000 but
20 not greater than \$2,500, 10 percent; or

21 (3) If the amount of such benefits is greater than \$2,500, 35
22 percent,

23 ↪ of the total amount of benefits received by the person in violation
24 of subsection 1 or any other provision of this chapter. Money
25 recovered by the Administrator pursuant to this paragraph must be
26 deposited in the Employment Security Fund in accordance with the
27 provisions of NRS 612.615.

28 7. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 8, a person may
29 not pay benefits as required pursuant to subsection 2 by using
30 benefits which would otherwise be due and payable to the person if
31 he or she was not disqualified.

32 8. The Administrator may waive the period of disqualification
33 prescribed in subsection 3 for good cause shown or if the person
34 adheres to a repayment schedule authorized by the Administrator
35 that is designed to fully repay benefits received from an improper
36 claim, in addition to any related interest, penalties and costs,
37 within 18 months. If the Administrator waives the period of
38 disqualification pursuant to this subsection, the person may repay
39 benefits as required pursuant to subsection 2 by using any benefits
40 which are due and payable to the person, except that benefits which
41 are due and payable to the person may not be used to repay any
42 related interest, penalties and costs.

43 9. The Administrator may recover any money required to be
44 paid pursuant to this section in accordance with the provisions of



1 NRS 612.365 and may collect interest on any such money in
2 accordance with the provisions of NRS 612.620.

3 **Sec. 133.** NRS 652.074 is hereby amended to read as follows:
4 652.074 The provisions of this chapter do not apply to any:

5 1. Test or examination conducted by a law enforcement officer
6 or agency;

7 2. Test or examination required by a court as a part of or in
8 addition to a program of treatment and rehabilitation pursuant to
9 ~~NRS 453.580;~~ *section 20 of this act*; or

10 3. Task performed in accordance with the regulations adopted
11 by the Board pursuant to NRS 449.0304 or 449.4309.

12 **Sec. 134.** The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do
13 not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a
14 requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.

15 **Sec. 135.** The provisions of NRS 354.599 do not apply to any
16 additional expenses of a local government that are related to the
17 provisions of this act.

18 **Sec. 135.5.** 1. When the next reprint of the Nevada Revised
19 Statutes is prepared by the Legislative Counsel, the Legislative
20 Counsel shall replace the terms "abuse" and "abuser" as such terms
21 appear in the Nevada Revised Statutes in relation to, without
22 limitation, alcohol or drug abuse or substance abuse assessments,
23 screenings, disorders or treatment programs, with the terms "use"
24 and "user," respectively, in the manner provided in this act.

25 2. The Legislative Counsel shall, in preparing supplements to
26 the Nevada Administrative Code, make such changes as necessary
27 so that the terms "abuse" and "abuser" are replaced with the terms
28 "use" and "user," respectively, as described in subsection 1 and as
29 provided for in this act.

30 3. To the extent that revisions are made to the Nevada Revised
31 Statutes pursuant to subsection 1, the revisions shall be construed as
32 nonsubstantive and it is not the intent of the Nevada Legislature to
33 modify any existing interpretations of any statute which is so
34 revised.

35 **Sec. 136.** NRS 205.2707, 453.580, 458.290, 458.300, 458.310,
36 458.320, 458.325, 458.330, 458.340 and 458.350 are hereby
37 repealed.

38 **Sec. 137.** 1. This section becomes effective upon passage
39 and approval.

40 2. Sections 5 to 5.7, inclusive, 9, 9.3, 9.7 and 102.5 of this act
41 become effective:

42 (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of establishing
43 the Office of the Nevada Sentencing Commission created by section
44 5.5 of this act, including appointing the Executive Director of the



- 1 Office, and performing any other preliminary administrative tasks
2 that are necessary to carry out the provisions of those sections; and
3 (b) On July 1, 2019, for all other purposes.
4 3. Sections 1 to 4, inclusive, 6, 7, 8, 10 to 102, inclusive, and
5 103 to 136, inclusive, become effective on July 1, 2020.

LEADLINES OF REPEALED SECTIONS

205.2707 Penalty for theft of money or property of value of \$650 or more from vending machines; determination of value of property taken includes cost to repair any damage to vending machine.

453.580 Program for treatment of certain offenders: Requirements; payment of costs; completion in another jurisdiction.

458.290 "Drug addict" defined.

458.300 Eligibility for assignment to program of treatment.

458.310 Hearing to determine whether defendant should receive treatment.

458.320 Examination of defendant; determination of acceptability for treatment; imposition of conditions; deferment of sentencing; payment of costs of treatment.

458.325 Completion of treatment under supervision of treatment provider in another jurisdiction.

458.330 Deferment of sentencing; satisfaction of conditions for treatment; determination of transfer to another treatment provider or sentencing; sealing of records.

458.340 Civil commitment not criminal conviction.

458.350 State or political subdivision not required to provide treatment provider for treatment.



