AN ACT relating to contractors; setting forth the persons who may perform certain types of work for a contractor; revising the grounds for disciplinary action against a licensee by the State Contractors’ Board; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel’s Digest:

Existing law generally requires a person to be licensed as a contractor to engage in the business of constructing, altering or repairing any structure or other improvement. (NRS 624.020, 624.700) Sections 1 and 2 of this bill set forth: (1) the persons who may perform work that requires a contractor’s license; and (2) the persons who may perform for a contractor work that does not require a contractor’s license.

Existing law sets forth certain acts which constitute cause for disciplinary action against a licensed contractor by the State Contractors’ Board. (NRS 624.3015) Section 3 of this bill: (1) revises the list of acts to include entering into an agreement with a natural person who is not an employee of the licensed contractor and not licensed as a contractor to perform for the licensed contractor any work which requires a contractor’s license; and (2) provides that in addition to any disciplinary or other action that may be taken against the licensed contractor, such an agreement is void and unenforceable.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 624 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

1. A contractor may perform work that requires a contractor’s license:
(a) Himself, herself or itself; or
(b) By or through an employee or employees of the contractor
or of another contractor.

2. Work that does not require a contractor’s license may be
performed for and under the direction and control of a contractor
by a person who is:
(a) Described in subsection 1; or
(b) Employed by a private employment agency that is licensed
by the Labor Commissioner pursuant to NRS 611.040.

3. As used in subsection 1, “employee” has the meaning
ascribed to it in subsection 6 of NRS 624.020.

Sec. 2. NRS 624.020 is hereby amended to read as follows:
624.020 1. “Contractor” is synonymous with “builder.”
2. A contractor is any person, except a registered architect or a
licensed professional engineer, acting solely in a professional
capacity, who [in any capacity other than as the employee of another
with wages as the sole compensation.] undertakes to, offers to
undertake to, purports to have the capacity to undertake to, or
submits a bid to, or does himself, [or] herself or itself or by or
through [others.] an employee or employees of the contractor or of
another contractor, construct, alter, repair, add to, subtract from,
improve, move, wreck or demolish any building, highway, road,
railroad, excavation or other structure, project, development or
improvement, or to do any part thereof, including the erection of
scaffolding or other structures or works in connection therewith.
Evidence of the securing of any permit from a governmental agency
or the employment of any person on a construction project must be
accepted by the Board or any court of this State as prima facie
evidence that the person securing that permit or employing any
person on a construction project is acting in the capacity of a
contractor pursuant to the provisions of this chapter.
3. A contractor includes a subcontractor or specialty contractor,
but does not include anyone who merely furnishes materials or
supplies without fabricating them into, or consuming them in the
performance of, the work of a contractor.
4. A contractor includes a construction manager who performs
management and counseling services on a construction project for a
professional fee.
5. A contractor does not include an owner of a planned unit
development who enters into one or more oral or written agreements
with one or more general building contractors or general
engineering contractors to construct a work of improvement in the
planned unit development if the general building contractors or
general engineering contractors are licensed pursuant to this chapter.
and contract with the owner of the planned unit development to
construct the entire work of improvement.

6. As used in subsection 2, “employee” means a natural
person who:
   (a) Works under the direction and control of a contractor; and
   (b) For federal income tax purposes:
       (1) Is required by the contractor to complete a Form W-4
           for the withholding of federal income taxes from wages paid to the
           person by the contractor; and
       (2) Is provided at the end of each year a Form W-2 for the
           reporting of wages paid to the person by the contractor.

Sec. 3. NRS 624.3015 is hereby amended to read as follows:
624.3015 The following acts, among others, constitute cause
for disciplinary action under NRS 624.300:
1. Acting in the capacity of a contractor beyond the scope of
   the license.
2. Bidding to contract or contracting for a sum for one
   construction contract or project in excess of the limit placed on the
   license by the Board.
3. Knowingly bidding to contract or entering into a contract
   with a contractor for work in excess of his or her limit or beyond the
   scope of his or her license.
4. Knowingly entering into a contract with a contractor while
   that contractor is not licensed.
5. Constructing or repairing a mobile home, manufactured
   home, manufactured building or commercial coach or factory-built
   housing unless the contractor:
      (a) Is licensed pursuant to NRS 489.311;
      (b) Owns, leases or rents the mobile home, manufactured home,
          manufactured building, commercial coach or factory-built housing;
      or
      (c) Is authorized to perform the work pursuant to subsection 4 of
          NRS 118B.090 or subsection 2 of NRS 118B.097.
6. Engaging in any work or activities that require a contractor’s
   license while the license is placed on inactive status pursuant to
   NRS 624.282.

7. Entering into any agreement, oral or written, express or
   implied, with a natural person who is not an employee of the
   licensee and not licensed as a contractor by which that person,
   either directly or through any person employed by that person,
   agrees to perform for the licensee any work which requires a
   contractor’s license. In addition to any disciplinary or other action
   that may be taken against a licensee pursuant to this subsection,
   any agreement described by this subsection is void and
   unenforceable.
8. As used in subsection 7, “employee” has the meaning ascribed to it in subsection 6 of NRS 624.020.

Sec. 4. This act becomes effective upon passage and approval.