

**ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 206—COMMITTEE  
ON GOVERNMENT AFFAIRS**

(ON BEHALF OF THE LEGISLATIVE COMMITTEE ON EDUCATION)

FEBRUARY 24, 2011

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Referred to Committee on Government Affairs

**SUMMARY**—Revises provisions governing the employment of retired public employees. (BDR 23-541)

**FISCAL NOTE:** Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact.  
Effect on the State: Yes.

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EXPLANATION – Matter in ***bolded italics*** is new; matter between brackets **[omitted material]** is material to be omitted.

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**AN ACT** relating to public employees' retirement; revising provisions governing the employment of retired public employees who fill critical labor shortage positions; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel's Digest:**

Under existing law, a retired public employee who accepts employment with a public employer under the Public Employees' Retirement System is disqualified from receiving allowances under the System for the duration of the employment under certain circumstances. (NRS 286.520) An exception to this disqualification from the receipt of allowances applies under existing law if a retired public employee fills a position for which there is a critical labor shortage, as designated by a public employer. (NRS 286.523) This bill requires each public employer which designates a position as a critical need position, including the State Board of Examiners, the Nevada Supreme Court, the Board of Regents of the University of Nevada, the board of trustees of each school district, the governing body of a charter school, the governing body of a local government and the Public Employees' Retirement Board, to establish a salary class plan that provides an alternative pay scale for retired public employees who fill those positions.

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\* A B 2 0 6 \*

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN  
SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1       **Section 1.** NRS 286.523 is hereby amended to read as follows:

2       286.523 1. It is the policy of this State to ensure that the  
3       reemployment of a retired public employee pursuant to this section  
4       is limited to positions of extreme need. An employer who desires to  
5       employ such a retired public employee to fill a position for which  
6       there is a critical labor shortage must make the determination of  
7       reemployment based upon the appropriate and necessary delivery of  
8       services to the public.

9       2. The provisions of subsections 1 and 2 of NRS 286.520 do  
10      not apply to a retired employee who accepts employment or an  
11      independent contract with a public employer under the System if:

12       (a) The retired employee fills a position for which there is a  
13       critical labor shortage; and

14       (b) At the time of the retired employee's reemployment, the  
15       retired employee is receiving:

16       (1) A benefit that is not actuarially reduced pursuant to  
17       subsection 6 of NRS 286.510; or

18       (2) A benefit actuarially reduced pursuant to subsection 6 of  
19       NRS 286.510 and has reached the required age at which the retired  
20       employee could have retired with a benefit that was not actuarially  
21       reduced pursuant to subsection 6 of NRS 286.510.

22       3. A retired employee who is reemployed under the  
23       circumstances set forth in subsection 2 may reenroll in the System  
24       as provided in NRS 286.525.

25       4. Positions for which there are critical labor shortages must be  
26       determined in an open public meeting held by the designating  
27       authority as follows:

28       (a) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the State  
29       Board of Examiners shall designate positions in State Government  
30       for which there are critical labor shortages.

31       (b) The Supreme Court shall designate positions in the Judicial  
32       Branch of State Government for which there are critical labor  
33       shortages.

34       (c) The Board of Regents shall designate positions in the  
35       Nevada System of Higher Education for which there are critical  
36       labor shortages.

37       (d) The board of trustees of each school district shall designate  
38       positions within the school district for which there are critical labor  
39       shortages.

40       (e) The governing body of a charter school shall designate  
41       positions within the charter school for which there are critical labor  
42       shortages.



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1       (f) The governing body of a local government shall designate  
2 positions with the local government for which there are critical labor  
3 shortages.

4       (g) The Board shall designate positions within the System for  
5 which there are critical labor shortages.

6       5. In determining whether a position is a position for which  
7 there is a critical labor shortage, the designating authority shall  
8 make findings based upon the criteria set forth in this subsection that  
9 support the designation. Before making a designation, the  
10 designating authority shall consider all efforts made by the  
11 applicable employer to fill the position through other means. The  
12 written findings made by the designating authority must include:

13       (a) The history of the rate of turnover for the position;

14       (b) The number of openings for the position and the number of  
15 qualified candidates for those openings after all other efforts of  
16 recruitment have been exhausted;

17       (c) The length of time the position has been vacant;

18       (d) The difficulty in filling the position due to special  
19 circumstances, including, without limitation, special educational or  
20 experience requirements for the position; and

21       (e) The history and success of the efforts to recruit for the  
22 position, including, without limitation, advertising, recruitment  
23 outside of this State and all other efforts made.

24       6. A designating authority that designates a position as a  
25 critical need position shall submit to the System its written findings  
26 which support that designation made pursuant to subsection 5 on a  
27 form prescribed by the System. The System shall compile the forms  
28 received from each designating authority and provide a biennial  
29 report on the compilation to the Interim Retirement and Benefits  
30 Committee of the Legislature.

31       7. A designating authority shall not designate a position  
32 pursuant to subsection 4 as a position for which there is a critical  
33 labor shortage for a period longer than 2 years. To be redesignated  
34 as such a position, the designating authority must consider and make  
35 new findings in an open public meeting as to whether the position  
36 continues to meet the criteria set forth in subsection 5.

37       8. *A designating authority shall establish a salary class plan  
38 that provides an alternative pay scale for those positions  
39 designated as critical need positions by the designating authority.  
40 The salary class plan must take into account the simultaneous  
41 collection of retirement allowances and a salary by a retired public  
42 employee while filling a position designated as a critical need  
43 position.*



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1       **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2011.

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