ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 193—ASSEMBLYMEN GONZÁLEZ, D'SILVA, THOMAS, ANDERSON, TORRES; GORELOW, LA RUE HATCH, MARZOLA, C.H. MILLER, NGUYEN, ORENTLICHER, PETERS AND TAYLOR

FEBRUARY 20, 2023

JOINT SPONSORS: SENATORS OHRENSCHALL; AND NGUYEN

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to custodial interrogations of children. (BDR 14-229)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted materiall is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; prohibiting a peace officer or other person authorized to conduct a custodial interrogation of a child from making certain statements during a custodial interrogation of a child; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law prescribes certain requirements relating to custodial interrogations. (NRS 62C.013, 171.1239) This bill prohibits a peace officer or other person authorized to conduct a custodial interrogation of a child from: (1) knowingly providing certain false information about evidence to a child who is the subject of a custodial interrogation; or (2) making certain express or implied promises of leniency or advantage to a child who is the subject of a custodial interrogation.





THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. Chapter 171 of NRS is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to read as follows:

- 1. A peace officer or other person authorized to conduct a custodial interrogation of a child taken into custody shall not, at any time during a custodial interrogation of a child:
- (a) Knowingly provide false information about evidence that is reasonably likely to elicit an incriminating response from the child; or
- (b) Make any express or implied promise to the child of leniency or advantage for the child that the peace officer or other person conducting the investigation lacks the authority to make, including, without limitation, any promise about the filing of charges or prosecution of the child.
 - 2. As used in this section:

- (a) "Child" means a person who is less than 18 years of age.
- (b) "Custodial interrogation" means any interrogation of a person who is required to be advised of his or her rights pursuant to Miranda v. Arizona, 384 U.S. 436 (1966).
 - **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2023.





