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ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 160–ASSEMBLYMEN C.H. MILLER, YEAGER, MONROE-MORENO, JAUREGUI AND BRITTNEY MILLER

FEBRUARY 14, 2023

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing the sealing of certain criminal records. (BDR 14-634)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: May have Fiscal Impact. Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in *bolded italics* is new; matter between brackets [omitted material] is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal records; providing for the automatic sealing of criminal records relating to certain convictions of a person and certain charges against a person; authorizing the Records, Communications and Compliance Division of the Department of Public Safety and the Administrative Office of the Courts to adopt any rules or regulations, as applicable, necessary for the automatic sealing of criminal records; requiring the Administrative Office of the Courts to submit annual reports to the Legislature and adopt certain other rules; creating the Advisory Task Force on Automatic Record Sealing and establishing the duties of the Task Force; requiring the Task Force to submit certain reports to the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Legislature; expanding the circumstances in which there is a rebuttable presumption that criminal records should be sealed; revising provisions relating to a petition to seal criminal records relating to certain charges brought against a person; applying provisions relating to records that have been sealed pursuant to certain provisions of law to records that are sealed after a court finds that a person was wrongfully convicted of a felony and enters a certificate of innocence; authorizing the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and its employees to inquire into and inspect certain sealed records relating to a violation or alleged violation of the prohibition against certain persons owning or possessing a firearm; making appropriations; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.





Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing law establishes certain procedures pursuant to which a person is authorized to petition a court for the sealing of criminal records relating to: (1) convictions for certain offenses; (2) charges against a person that were dismissed or declined for prosecution or for which the person was acquitted; (3) a conviction which has been set aside; and (4) a conviction for an offense that has been decriminalized. Existing law: (1) establishes certain requirements concerning the amount of time that must elapse after a person was convicted or charged before the records relating to the conviction or charge are eligible to be sealed through the filing of such a petition; and (2) sets forth the circumstances under which a court is authorized or required to grant the petition. (NRS 179.245, 179.255, 179.271)

11 Section 1.3 of this bill requires the Records, Communications and Compliance 12 13 Division of the Department of Public Safety, not later than January 1, 2027, to develop and implement a process to identify each: (1) conviction of a person and 14 each charge against a person that becomes an eligible conviction and eligible 15 charge; and (2) agency of criminal justice or public or private company, agency, 16 officer or other custodian of records that may reasonably be identified as having 17 possession of records relating to an eligible conviction or eligible charge. Section 18 1.3 defines "eligible conviction" and "eligible charge" to mean, in general, certain 19 convictions of or charges against a person after January 1, 2027, if the records 20relating to the conviction or charge are eligible to be sealed pursuant to the 21 22 23 24 25 provisions of existing law governing the sealing of records. After the development and implementation of the process of identifying eligible convictions and eligible charges, section 1.3 requires the Division to, each month: (1) identify and compile a list of each conviction or charge that has become an eligible conviction or eligible charge in the immediately preceding month and each person or governmental entity 26 27 28 identified as having possession of records relating to those eligible convictions and eligible charges; and (2) transmit the list to the Administrative Office of the Courts to recommend the sealing of the records relating to a listed eligible conviction or 29 30 eligible charge.

Section 1.3 requires the Administrative Office of the Courts, not later than 31 January 1, 2027, to develop and implement a process to review such a list received 32 33 from the Division and to transmit to every court having jurisdiction each conviction of a person or charge against a person that has become an eligible conviction or 34 eligible charge. Section 1.3 also requires the Administrative Office of the Courts, 35 upon receiving such a list from the Division, to confirm each eligible conviction 36 and eligible charge and notify every court having jurisdiction over the sealing of 37 each eligible conviction or eligible charge. Section 1.3 requires a court that 38 receives such a notification from the Administrative Office of the Courts to then 39 provide notice to the appropriate prosecuting attorney or agency and authorizes the 40 prosecuting attorney or agency to object to the sealing of the records relating to 41 each listed eligible conviction or eligible charge. Section 1.3 further establishes the 42 circumstances in which the court may order the records to be sealed. Section 5 of 43 this bill requires the order to be sent to the persons and governmental entities 44 named in the order, who are then required to seal records relating to the eligible 45 conviction or eligible charge. Section 1.3 also: (1) authorizes the Division and the 46 Administrative Office of the Courts to adopt any rules or regulations, as applicable, 47 that are necessary to carry out the provisions of section 1.3; and (2) requires the 48 Administrative Office of the Courts to submit certain annual reports to the 49 Legislature beginning on January 31, 2028.

50 Existing law provides, in general, that there is a rebuttable presumption that 51 certain records of a person should be sealed if the person petitions the court for the 52 sealing of such records and satisfies all statutory requirements. (NRS 179.2445) 53 **Section 3.5** of this bill provides that there is also a rebuttable presumption that 54 certain records of a person should be sealed if a court receives a list of confirmed





eligible convictions or charges from the Administrative Office of the Courts pursuant to section 1.3 and the records relate to such confirmed eligible convictions or charges. Sections 3.7 and 3.9 of this bill make conforming changes to reflect the change in section 3.5.

59 Existing law provides that if a court seals certain records of a person, certain 60 civil rights of the person are restored. Existing law requires the person to be given 61 documentation demonstrating that fact. If the documentation is lost, damaged or 62 destroyed, the person is authorized to request that a court issue an order to restore 63 his or her civil rights. (NRS 179.285) Section 6 of this bill makes a technical, 64 nonsubstantive change to existing law by reorganizing the language in existing law. 65 Section 6.5 of this bill provides for the restoration of civil rights if the records of a 66 person are sealed pursuant to section 1.3. However, under section 6.5, the person is 67 not required to be given documentation demonstrating that fact. Instead, section 6.5 68 authorizes a person who was not given documentation of the restoration of his or 69 her civil rights to request that a court issue an order in the same manner as a person 70 whose documentation is lost, damaged or destroyed.

Section 7 of this bill authorizes a person who is the subject of records that are sealed pursuant to **section 1.3** to petition a court to allow for the inspection of the records. **Section 8** of this bill authorizes certain other governmental entities to inspect such records under certain circumstances. **Section 7.5** of this bill authorizes the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and its employees to inspect certain sealed records relating to a violation or alleged violation of the prohibition against certain persons owning or possessing a firearm. (NRS 202.360)

78 Sections 5-7 of this bill also apply provisions relating to records that have been 79 sealed pursuant to certain provisions of law to records that are sealed after a court 780 finds that a person was wrongfully convicted of a felony and enters a certificate of 781 innocence.

82 If a person is arrested and the charges against the person are dismissed or 83 declined for prosecution or the person is acquitted of the charges, existing law 84 authorizes the person to petition a court for the sealing of all records relating to the 85 arrest and the proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or acquittal. (NRS 86 179.255) Section 4 of this bill authorizes a person against whom multiple charges 87 were brought, consisting of both charges for which the person was convicted and 88 charges which were disposed of by dismissal, declination or acquittal, to petition 89 for the sealing of those portions of the records relating to the arrest of the person 90 and the subsequent proceedings that relate to the charges which were disposed of 91 by dismissal, declination or acquittal.

92 Section 2 of this bill provides that it is the public policy of this State to enhance 93 and modernize the sharing of information between agencies of criminal justice by 94 having records shared in a timely manner in accordance with statutory 95 requirements.

96 Section 1.7 of this bill creates the Advisory Task Force on Automatic Record 97 Sealing and establishes requirements concerning the membership of the Task Force. 98 Section 1.7 establishes the general duties of the Task Force, including reviewing 99 the current petition-based process for the sealing of records and identifying the 100 ways in which the process can be streamlined to simplify the process for 101 petitioners. Section 1.7 also requires the Task Force to prepare and submit a report 102 to the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Legislature: (1) on or before 103 July 1, 2024, that sets forth the initial activities and findings of the Task Force; (2) 104 on or before July 1, 2025, that sets forth the activities, findings and initial 105 recommendations of the Task Force; and (3) on or before July 1, 2026, that sets 106 forth the final activities, findings and recommendations of the Task Force to 107 support the implementation of the automatic sealing of records of criminal history. 108 Section 8.3 of this bill requires the Administrative Office of the Courts, before





January 1, 2025, to adopt rules to streamline the process for filing a petition for the sealing of records, as recommended by the Task Force.

111 Sections 2-3.3 of this bill make conforming changes to indicate the proper 112 placement of sections 1.3 and 1.7 in the Nevada Revised Statutes.

113 Section 8.1 of this bill makes an appropriation from the State General Fund to 114 the Department of Public Safety for the technology costs associated with complying 115 with the provisions of section 1.3. Section 8.15 of this bill makes an appropriation 116 from the State General Fund to the Department for the provision of support to the 117 Task Force, including for the administrative costs of supporting the Task Force and 118 employing or contracting with persons to perform certain functions. Section 8.2 of 119 this bill makes an appropriation from the State General Fund to the Interim Finance 120 Committee for allocation to the Department for the award of grants of money to 121 criminal justice agencies to support technology or system upgrades for the purpose 122 of complying with the provisions of section 1.3.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

1 **Section 1.** Chapter 179 of NRS is hereby amended by adding 2 thereto the provisions set forth as sections 1.3 and 1.7 of this act.

3 Sec. 1.3. 1. Not later than January 1, 2027, the Division 4 shall develop and implement a process to identify, based on data 5 maintained in the records of the Division, each:

(a) Conviction of a person that becomes an eligible conviction;

7 (b) Charge against a person that becomes an eligible charge; 8 and

9 (c) Agency of criminal justice or public or private company, 10 agency, officer and other custodian of records that may 11 reasonably be identified as having possession of records relating 12 to a conviction or charge that becomes an eligible conviction or 13 eligible charge.

After the development and implementation of the process described in subsection 1, the Division shall, each month:

(a) Identify each:

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17 (1) Conviction of a person or charge against a person that 18 has become an eligible conviction or eligible charge in the 19 immediately preceding month; and

20 (2) Agency of criminal justice or public or private company, 21 agency, officer or other custodian of records that may reasonably 22 be identified as having possession of records relating to an eligible 23 conviction or eligible charge identified pursuant to 24 subparagraph (1);

25 (b) Compile a list of each eligible conviction, eligible charge 26 and person or governmental entity identified pursuant to 27 paragraph (a); and

(c) Transmit the list compiled pursuant to paragraph (b) to the
 Administrative Office of the Courts to recommend the sealing of





1 records relating to an eligible conviction or eligible charge 2 identified on the list.

3 3. Not later than January 1, 2027, the Administrative Office 4 of the Courts shall develop and implement a process to review the 5 list received from the Division pursuant to paragraph (c) of 6 subsection 2 and transmit to every court having jurisdiction each: 7 (a) Conviction of a person that has become an eligible

8 conviction; and

9 (b) Charge against a person that has become an eligible 10 charge.

4. Upon receiving a list transmitted by the Division pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 2, the Administrative Office of the Courts shall confirm each eligible conviction and eligible charge and, not later than 30 business days after receiving the list from the Division, notify every court having jurisdiction over the sealing of records relating to each confirmed eligible conviction and eligible charge to order the sealing of such records.

A court that receives notification from the Administrative 18 5. Office of the Courts pursuant to subsection 4 shall, not later than 19 20 15 calendar days after receiving such notification, provide notice 21 the appropriate prosecuting attorney or agency. to The 22 prosecuting attorney or agency may object to the sealing of such 23 records not later than 30 calendar days after receiving notice from 24 the court.

25 6. If, not later than 30 calendar days after receiving notice 26 from the court pursuant to subsection 5, a prosecuting attorney or 27 agency:

(a) Stipulates to the sealing of the records, the court shall
 apply the presumption set forth in NRS 179.2445 and order the
 sealing of the records.

(b) Does not stipulate to the sealing of the records, the court shall apply the presumption set forth in NRS 179.2445 and order the sealing of the records without a hearing. Each person or governmental entity identified on the list as having possession of records relating to an eligible conviction or eligible charge to which the order applies must be named in the order.

(c) Objects to the sealing of the records, the court may conduct
a hearing on the matter. At the hearing, unless an objecting party
presents evidence sufficient to rebut the presumption set forth in
NRS 179.2445, the court shall apply the presumption and order
the sealing of the records.

42 7. The Division and the Administrative Office of the Courts 43 shall take such actions as are necessary to ensure public 44 awareness of the provisions of this section. Such actions may 45 include, without limitation, the posting of appropriate information





on an Internet website maintained by the Division or the
 Administrative Office of the Courts or the conducting of a public
 awareness campaign.

8. The Division and the Administrative Office of the Courts
may adopt any rules or regulations, as applicable, that are
necessary to carry out the provisions of this section, including,
without limitation, rules or regulations concerning:

8 (a) Contracting with any vendors to update any necessary 9 technology; and

10 (b) Applying for any grants available to carry out the 11 provisions of this section.

9. The provisions of this section do not prohibit a person from
petitioning the court for the sealing of any eligible records in
accordance with any other applicable provision of law.

15 **10.** If a person believes that his or her records have been 16 sealed, the person may make a written request to the appropriate 17 court to confirm that his or her records have been sealed and 18 review such records.

19 11. On or before January 31, 2028, and each year thereafter, 20 the Administrative Office of the Courts shall submit a report to the 21 Director of the Legislative Counsel Bureau for transmittal to 22 Legislature that sets forth, to the extent possible, the number of 23 records that were identified to be eligible for sealing and the 24 number of records that were ordered to be sealed during the 25 previous calendar year.

26 12. As used in this section:

(a) "Division" means the Records, Communications and
Compliance Division of the Department of Public Safety.

(b) "Eligible charge" means any charge against a person on or
after January 1, 2027, if the records relating to the charge are
eligible to be sealed pursuant to paragraph (c) or (g) of subsection
1 of NRS 179.245 for a drug-related conviction, including, without
limitation, a conviction pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2
of NRS 453.336, subsection 4 or 5 of NRS 453.336, subsection 2 of
NRS 453.3393 or NRS 453.560 or 454.351.

(c) "Eligible conviction" means any conviction of a person on 36 37 or after January 1, 2027, if the records relating to the conviction are eligible to be sealed pursuant to paragraph (c) or (g) of 38 subsection 1 of NRS 179.245 for a drug-related conviction, 39 40 including, without limitation, a conviction pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2 of NRS 453.336, subsection 4 or 5 of NRS 41 42 453.336, subsection 2 of NRS 453.3393 or NRS 453.560 or 454.351, and the person has not been, in the time period 43 44 prescribed in the applicable provision, charged with any offense





for which the charges are pending or convicted of any offense, 1 2 except for minor moving or standing traffic violations. 3 Sec. 1.7. 1. The Advisory Task Force on Automatic Record Sealing is hereby created. The Task Force consists of: 4 5 (a) Fifteen members appointed by the Legislative Commission 6 from recommendations submitted by the applicable participating 7 *entities consisting of:* 8 (1) One member who is a representative of the 9 Administrative Office of the Courts; 10 (2) One member who is a representative of the Nevada Supreme Court or his or her designee; 11 12 (3) One member who is a representative of a district court; 13 (4) One member who is a representative of a justice court; (5) One member who is a representative of a municipal 14 15 court; 16 (6) One member who is a representative of a district 17 attorney's office; 18 (7) One member who is a representative of the Office of the 19 Attorney General: 20 (8) One member who is a representative of the Office of the 21 Clark County Public Defender or the Office of the Washoe County 22 Public Defender or who is an attorney in private practice and 23 *experienced in defending criminal actions;* 24 (9) One member who is a representative of an urban law 25 enforcement agency; 26 (10) One member who is a representative of a rural law 27 enforcement agency; 28 (11) One member who is a representative of the Division of 29 Parole and Probation of the Department of Public Safety; 30 (12) One member who is a representative of the Department 31 of Corrections; 32 (13) One member who is a representative of the Records, 33 *Communications and Compliance Division of the Department of* **Public Safety; and** 34 35 (14) Two members who are representatives from nonprofit 36 organizations focused on issues relating to criminal justice; 37 (b) One member of the Senate who is appointed by the 38 Majority Leader of the Senate; and (c) One member of the Assembly who is appointed by the 39 40 Speaker of the Assembly. When appointing members to the Task Force pursuant to 41 2. 42 paragraph (a) of subsection 1, the Legislative Commission shall 43 ensure that all regions of this State are represented. 44 3. At the first meeting of the Task Force, the members shall 45 elect a Chair and Vice Chair by a majority vote.





1 4. The Department of Public Safety shall provide the Task 2 Force with such staff as is necessary for the Task Force to carry 3 out its duties pursuant to this section.

4 5. The members of the Task Force serve without 5 compensation or per diem allowance. If sufficient money is 6 available, a member of the Task Force may, upon written request, 7 receive reimbursement for travel expenses provided for state 8 officers and employees generally while engaged in the business of 9 the Task Force.

10 6. The Task Force:

(a) Shall:

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12 (1) Review the current petition-based process for the 13 sealing of records and identify the ways in which the process can 14 be streamlined to simplify the process for petitioners;

15 (2) Conduct research on methods to implement the 16 provisions of section 1.3 of this act, including, without limitation, 17 necessary technology and system upgrades within the criminal 18 justice system of this State;

19 (3) Identify and assess any technology and system gaps, 20 necessary infrastructure and policy constraints to support the 21 implementation of the automatic sealing of records;

(4) Develop a timeline for implementation that includes
benchmarks to implement the provisions of section 1.3 of this act;
and

(5) Recommend approaches to improve the ability of this
 State to expand future provisions concerning the automatic
 sealing of records, including, without limitation, the feasibility of
 retroactively sealing eligible charges and convictions; and

(b) May consider, in its discretion, any other matters submitted
by a member of the Task Force.

7. The Department of Public Safety may:

32 (a) Enter into a contract with a consultant or vendor to 33 perform the research necessary for the Task Force to carry out its 34 duties; and

(b) Apply for and accept any gift, donation, bequest, grant or
 other source of money to assist the Task Force in carrying out its
 duties.

38 8. The Task Force shall:

(a) On or before July 1, 2024, prepare and submit a report to
the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Director of the
Legislative Counsel Bureau, for transmittal to the Legislature, that
sets forth the initial activities and findings of the Task Force,
including, without limitation, the ways in which the petition-based

44 process for the sealing of records can be streamlined;





(b) On or before July 1, 2025, prepare and submit a report to 1 2 the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Director of the 3 Legislative Counsel Bureau, for transmittal to the Legislature, that sets forth the activities, findings and initial recommendations of 4 5 the Task Force: and 6

(c) On or before July 1, 2026, prepare and submit a report to 7 the Administrative Office of the Courts and the Director of the 8 Legislative Counsel Bureau, for transmittal to the Legislature, that sets forth the final activities, findings and recommendations of the 9 Task Force to support the implementation of the automatic sealing 10 11 of records.

12 9. The meetings of the Task Force are closed to the public 13 and are not subject to the provisions of chapter 241 of NRS.

14 **Sec. 2.** NRS 179.2405 is hereby amended to read as follows:

15 179.2405 The Legislature hereby declares that the public 16 policy of this State is to **[favor]**:

Favor the giving of second chances to offenders who are 17 1. rehabilitated and the sealing of the records of such persons in 18 accordance with NRS 179.2405 to 179.301, inclusive [], and 19 20 section 1.7 of this act; and

21 2. Enhance and modernize the sharing of information 22 between agencies of criminal justice by having records shared in a 23 timely manner in accordance with statutory requirements. 24

Sec. 2.3. NRS 179.2405 is hereby amended to read as follows:

25 179.2405 The Legislature hereby declares that the public 26 policy of this State is to:

27 1. Favor the giving of second chances to offenders who are 28 rehabilitated and the sealing of the records of such persons in 29 accordance with NRS 179.2405 to 179.301, inclusive, and [section] 30 sections 1.3 and 1.7 of this act: and

31 2. Enhance and modernize the sharing of information between 32 agencies of criminal justice by having records shared in a timely 33 manner in accordance with statutory requirements.

34 Sec. 2.7. NRS 179.2405 is hereby amended to read as follows:

35 179.2405 The Legislature hereby declares that the public 36 policy of this State is to:

1. Favor the giving of second chances to offenders who are 37 38 rehabilitated and the sealing of the records of such persons in accordance with NRS 179.2405 to 179.301, inclusive, and [sections] 39 section 1.3 [and 1.7] of this act; and 40

41 2. Enhance and modernize the sharing of information between 42 agencies of criminal justice by having records shared in a timely 43 manner in accordance with statutory requirements.





Sec. 3. NRS 179.241 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.241 As used in NRS 179.2405 to 179.301, inclusive, *and section 1.7 of this act*, unless the context otherwise requires, the
words and terms defined in NRS 179.242, 179.243 and 179.244
have the meanings ascribed to them in those sections.

Sec. 3.1. NRS 179.241 is hereby amended to read as follows:

7 179.241 As used in NRS 179.2405 to 179.301, inclusive, and 8 [section] sections 1.3 and 1.7 of this act, unless the context 9 otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 179.242, 10 179.243 and 179.244 have the meanings ascribed to them in those 11 sections.

12 Sec. 3.3. NRS 179.241 is hereby amended to read as follows:

13 179.241 As used in NRS 179.2405 to 179.301, inclusive, and 14 [sections] section 1.3 [and 1.7] of this act, unless the context 15 otherwise requires, the words and terms defined in NRS 179.242, 16 179.243 and 179.244 have the meanings ascribed to them in those 17 sections.

18 Sec. 3.5. NRS 179.2445 is hereby amended to read as follows:

19 179.2445 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2,
20 upon the [filing]:

(*a*) *Filing* of a petition for the sealing of records pursuant to NRS 179.245, 179.247, 179.255, 179.259 or 179.2595, there is a rebuttable presumption that the records should be sealed if the applicant satisfies all statutory requirements for the sealing of the records.

26 (b) Receipt by a court of the list of confirmed eligible 27 convictions or eligible charges from the Administrative Office of 28 the Courts pursuant to section 1.3 of this act, there is a rebuttable 29 presumption that the records relating to the confirmed eligible 30 convictions or eligible charges should be sealed.

2. The presumption set forth in *paragraph (a) of* subsection 1 does not apply to a defendant who is given a dishonorable discharge from probation pursuant to NRS 176A.850 and applies to the court for the sealing of records relating to the conviction.

Sec. 3.7. NRS 179.245 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.245 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 6 and
NRS 176.211, 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.247, 179.259,
201.354 and 453.3365, a person may petition the court in which the
person was convicted for the sealing of all records relating to a
conviction of:

(a) A category A felony, a crime of violence or residential
burglary pursuant to NRS 205.060 after 10 years from the date of
release from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation,
whichever occurs later;



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1 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraphs (a) and (e), a 2 category B, C or D felony after 5 years from the date of release from 3 actual custody or discharge from parole or probation, whichever 4 occurs later;

5 (c) A category E felony after 2 years from the date of release 6 from actual custody or discharge from parole or probation, 7 whichever occurs later;

8 (d) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), any gross 9 misdemeanor after 2 years from the date of release from actual 10 custody or discharge from probation, whichever occurs later;

11 (e) A violation of NRS 422.540 to 422.570, inclusive, a 12 violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 other than a felony, or a 13 battery which constitutes domestic violence pursuant to NRS 33.018 14 other than a felony, after 7 years from the date of release from actual 15 custody or from the date when the person is no longer under a 16 suspended sentence, whichever occurs later;

17 (f) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (e), if the offense 18 is punished as a misdemeanor, a battery pursuant to NRS 200.481, 19 harassment pursuant to NRS 200.571, stalking pursuant to NRS 20 200.575 or a violation of a temporary or extended order for 21 protection, after 2 years from the date of release from actual custody 22 or from the date when the person is no longer under a suspended 23 sentence, whichever occurs later; or

(g) Any other misdemeanor after 1 year from the date of release
from actual custody or from the date when the person is no longer
under a suspended sentence, whichever occurs later.

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2. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 must:

(a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records
 received from the Central Repository for Nevada Records of
 Criminal History;

(b) If the petition references NRS 453.3365, include a certificate
of acknowledgment or the disposition of the proceedings for the
records to be sealed from all agencies of criminal justice which
maintain such records;

(c) Include a list of any other public or private agency, company,
official or other custodian of records that is reasonably known to the
petitioner to have possession of records of the conviction and to
whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be directed; and

(d) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of
the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be
sealed, including, without limitation, the:

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(1) Date of birth of the petitioner;

43 (2) Specific conviction to which the records to be sealed 44 pertain; and





1 (3) Date of arrest relating to the specific conviction to which 2 the records to be sealed pertain.

3 3. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to this section, the court 4 shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner 5 for the crime and the prosecuting attorney, including, without 6 limitation, the Attorney General, who prosecuted the petitioner for 7 the crime. The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant 8 evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the 9 petition.

If the prosecuting agency that prosecuted the petitioner for 10 4. the crime stipulates to the sealing of the records, the court shall 11 12 apply the presumption set forth in *paragraph* (a) of subsection 1 of 13 NRS 179.2445 and seal the records. If the prosecuting agency does 14 not stipulate to the sealing of the records or does not file a written 15 objection within 30 days after receiving notification pursuant to 16 subsection 3 and the court makes the findings set forth in subsection 17 5, the court may order the sealing of the records in accordance with subsection 5 without a hearing. If the court does not order the 18 19 sealing of the records or the prosecuting agency files a written 20 objection, a hearing on the petition must be conducted. At the 21 hearing, unless an objecting party presents evidence sufficient to 22 rebut the presumption set forth in *paragraph* (a) of subsection 1 of 23 NRS 179.2445, the court shall apply the presumption and seal the 24 records.

25 5. If the court finds that, in the period prescribed in subsection 26 1, the petitioner has not been charged with any offense for which the 27 charges are pending or convicted of any offense, except for minor 28 moving or standing traffic violations, the court may order sealed all 29 records of the conviction which are in the custody of any agency of 30 criminal justice or any public or private agency, company, official 31 or other custodian of records in the State of Nevada, and may also 32 order all such records of the petitioner returned to the file of the court where the proceeding was commenced from, including, 33 without limitation, the Federal Bureau of Investigation and all other 34 35 agencies of criminal justice which maintain such records and which are reasonably known by either the petitioner or the court to have 36 37 possession of such records.

6. A person may not petition the court to seal records relatingto a conviction of:

40 (a) A crime against a child;

41 (b) A sexual offense;

42 (c) Invasion of the home with a deadly weapon pursuant to 43 NRS 205.067;





1 (d) A violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable 2 as a felony pursuant to paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of 3 NRS 484C.400;

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(e) A violation of NRS 484C.430;

5 (f) A homicide resulting from driving or being in actual physical 6 control of a vehicle while under the influence of intoxicating liquor 7 or a controlled substance or resulting from any other conduct 8 prohibited by NRS 484C.110, 484C.130 or 484C.430;

9 (g) A violation of NRS 488.410 that is punishable as a felony 10 pursuant to NRS 488.427; or

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(h) A violation of NRS 488.420 or 488.425.

7. The provisions of paragraph (e) of subsection 1 and paragraph (d) of subsection 6 must not be construed to preclude a person from being able to petition the court to seal records relating to a conviction for a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 pursuant to this section if the person was found guilty of a violation of NRS 484C.110 or 484C.120 that is punishable pursuant to:

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(a) Paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400; or

(b) Paragraph (c) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 but had a
judgment of conviction entered against him or her for a violation of
paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 484C.400 because the person
participated in the statewide sobriety and drug monitoring program
established pursuant to NRS 484C.392.

8. If the court grants a petition for the sealing of records pursuant to this section, upon the request of the person whose records are sealed, the court may order sealed all records of the civil proceeding in which the records were sealed.

28 9. As used in this section:

(a) "Crime against a child" has the meaning ascribed to it inNRS 179D.0357.

31 (b) "Sexual offense" means:

(1) Murder of the first degree committed in the perpetration
or attempted perpetration of sexual assault or of sexual abuse or
sexual molestation of a child less than 14 years of age pursuant to
paragraph (b) of subsection 1 of NRS 200.030.

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(2) Sexual assault pursuant to NRS 200.366.

37 (3) Statutory sexual seduction pursuant to NRS 200.368, if38 punishable as a felony.

39 (4) Battery with intent to commit sexual assault pursuant to 40 NRS 200.400.

41 (5) An offense involving the administration of a drug to 42 another person with the intent to enable or assist the commission of 43 a felony pursuant to NRS 200.405, if the felony is an offense listed 44 in this paragraph.





(6) An offense involving the administration of a controlled 1 2 substance to another person with the intent to enable or assist the 3 commission of a crime of violence, if the crime of violence is an 4 offense listed in this paragraph. 5 (7) Abuse of a child pursuant to NRS 200.508, if the abuse 6 involved sexual abuse or sexual exploitation. 7 (8) An offense involving pornography and a minor pursuant 8 to NRS 200.710 to 200.730, inclusive. 9 (9) Incest pursuant to NRS 201.180. 10 (10) Open or gross lewdness pursuant to NRS 201.210, if 11 punishable as a felony. 12 (11) Indecent or obscene exposure pursuant to NRS 201.220, 13 if punishable as a felony. 14 (12) Lewdness with a child pursuant to NRS 201.230. 15 (13) Sexual penetration of a dead human body pursuant to 16 NRS 201.450. 17 (14) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a school or volunteers at a school and a pupil pursuant to NRS 201.540. 18 19 (15) Sexual conduct between certain employees of a college or university and a student pursuant to NRS 201.550. 20 21 (16) Luring a child or a person with mental illness pursuant 22 to NRS 201.560, if punishable as a felony. 23 (17) An attempt to commit an offense listed in this 24 paragraph. 25 **Sec. 3.9.** NRS 179.247 is hereby amended to read as follows: 26 179.247 1. If a person has been convicted of any offense 27 listed in subsection 2, the person may petition the court in which he 28 or she was convicted or, if the person wishes to file more than one 29 petition and would otherwise need to file a petition in more than one 30 court, the district court, for an order: 31 (a) Vacating the judgment; and 32 (b) Sealing all documents, papers and exhibits in the person's record, minute book entries and entries on dockets, and other 33 34 documents relating to the case in the custody of such other agencies 35 and officers as are named in the court's order. 36 A person may file a petition pursuant to subsection 1 if the 2. 37 person was convicted of: (a) A violation of NRS 201.353 or 201.354, for engaging in 38 39 prostitution or solicitation for prostitution, provided that the person 40 was not alleged to be a customer of a prostitute; (b) A crime under the laws of this State, other than a crime of 41 42 violence: or (c) A violation of a county, city or town ordinance, for loitering 43 44 for the purpose of solicitation or prostitution.





1 3. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 must satisfy the 2 requirements of NRS 179.245.

3 4. The court may grant a petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 4 if:

5 (a) The petitioner was convicted of a violation of an offense 6 described in subsection 2;

7 (b) The participation of the petitioner in the offense was the 8 result of the petitioner having been a victim of:

9 (1) Trafficking in persons as described in the Trafficking 10 Victims Protection Act of 2000, 22 U.S.C. §§ 7101 et seq.; or

11 (2) Involuntary servitude as described in NRS 200.463 or 12 200.4631; and

13 (c) The petitioner files a petition pursuant to subsection 1 with 14 due diligence after the petitioner has ceased being a victim of 15 trafficking or involuntary servitude or has sought services for 16 victims of such trafficking or involuntary servitude.

17 5. Before the court decides whether to grant a petition filed 18 pursuant to subsection 1, the court shall:

(a) Notify the Central Repository for Nevada Records of
Criminal History, the Office of the Attorney General and each office
of the district attorney and law enforcement agency in the county in
which the petitioner was convicted and allow the prosecuting
attorney who prosecuted the petitioner for the crime and any person
to testify and present evidence on behalf of any such entity; and

(b) Take into consideration any reasonable concerns for the safety of the defendant, family members of the defendant or other victims that may be jeopardized by the granting of the petition.

28 If the prosecuting agency that prosecuted the petitioner for 6. 29 the crime stipulates to vacating the judgment of the petitioner and 30 sealing all documents, papers and exhibits related to the case, the 31 court shall apply the presumption set forth in *paragraph* (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 179.2445, vacate the judgment and seal all 32 33 documents, papers and exhibits related to the case. If the 34 prosecuting agency does not stipulate to vacating the judgment of 35 the petitioner and sealing all documents, papers and exhibits related 36 to the case or does not file a written objection within 30 days after 37 receiving notification pursuant to subsection 5 and the court makes 38 the findings set forth in subsection 4, the court may vacate the 39 judgment and seal all documents, papers and exhibits in accordance 40 with subsection 7 without a hearing. If the court does not order the 41 sealing of the records or the prosecuting agency files a written 42 objection, a hearing on the petition must be conducted. At the 43 hearing, unless an objecting party presents evidence sufficient to 44 rebut the presumption set forth in *paragraph* (a) of subsection 1 of 45 NRS 179.2445, the court shall vacate the judgment, apply the





presumption and seal all documents, papers and exhibits related to
 the case.

3 7. If the court grants a petition filed pursuant to subsection 1,4 the court shall:

5 (a) Vacate the judgment and dismiss the accusatory pleading; 6 and

7 (b) Order sealed all documents, papers and exhibits in the 8 petitioner's record, minute book entries and entries on dockets, and 9 other documents relating to the case in the custody of such other 10 agencies and officers as are named in the court's order.

8. If a petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 does not satisfy the requirements of NRS 179.245 or the court determines that the petition is otherwise deficient with respect to the sealing of the petitioner's record, the court may enter an order to vacate the judgment and dismiss the accusatory pleading if the petitioner satisfies all requirements necessary for the judgment to be vacated.

9. If the court enters an order pursuant to subsection 8, the court shall also order sealed the records of the petitioner which relate to the judgment being vacated in accordance with paragraph (b) of subsection 7, regardless of whether any records relating to other convictions are ineligible for sealing either by operation of law or because of a deficiency in the petition.

23

Sec. 4. NRS 179.255 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.255 1. If a person has been arrested for alleged criminal
conduct and the charges are dismissed, the prosecuting attorney
having jurisdiction declined prosecution of the charges or such
person is acquitted of the charges, the person may petition:

(a) The court in which the charges were dismissed, at any time
 after the date the charges were dismissed;

30 (b) The court having jurisdiction in which the charges were 31 declined for prosecution:

32 (1) Any time after the applicable statute of limitations has
 33 run;

34 35 (2) Any time 8 years after the arrest; or

(3) Pursuant to a stipulation between the parties; or

(c) The court in which the acquittal was entered, at any timeafter the date of the acquittal,

38 \rightarrow for the sealing of all records relating to the arrest and the proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or acquittal. If a 39 40 person has been arrested for alleged criminal conduct and multiple charges were brought against the person, consisting of 41 42 both charges for which the person was convicted and charges 43 which were disposed of by dismissal, declination or acquittal, a 44 petition filed pursuant to this subsection may request the sealing 45 of those portions of the records relating to the arrest and the





1 subsequent proceedings that relate to the charges which were 2 disposed of by dismissal, declination or acquittal.

2. If the conviction of a person is set aside pursuant to NRS 4 458A.240, the person may petition the court that set aside the 5 conviction, at any time after the conviction has been set aside, for 6 the sealing of all records relating to the setting aside of the 7 conviction.

8

3. A petition filed pursuant to subsection 1 or 2 must:

9 (a) Be accompanied by the petitioner's current, verified records 10 received from the Central Repository for Nevada Records of 11 Criminal History;

12 (b) Except as otherwise provided in paragraph (c), include the 13 disposition of the proceedings for the records to be sealed;

14 (c) If the petition references NRS 453.3365, include a certificate 15 of acknowledgment or the disposition of the proceedings for the 16 records to be sealed from all agencies of criminal justice which 17 maintain such records;

18 (d) Include a list of any other public or private agency, 19 company, official and other custodian of records that is reasonably 20 known to the petitioner to have possession of records of the arrest 21 and of the proceedings leading to the dismissal, declination or 22 acquittal and to whom the order to seal records, if issued, will be 23 directed; and

(e) Include information that, to the best knowledge and belief of
the petitioner, accurately and completely identifies the records to be
sealed, including, without limitation, the:

27

(1) Date of birth of the petitioner;

28 (2) Specific charges that were dismissed or of which the 29 petitioner was acquitted; and

30 (3) Date of arrest relating to the specific charges that were 31 dismissed or of which the petitioner was acquitted.

4. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to subsection 1, the court
shall notify the law enforcement agency that arrested the petitioner
for the crime and:

(a) If the charges were dismissed, declined for prosecution or the
 acquittal was entered in a district court or justice court, the
 prosecuting attorney for the county; or

(b) If the charges were dismissed, declined for prosecution or
 the acquittal was entered in a municipal court, the prosecuting
 attorney for the city.

41 \rightarrow The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant 42 evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the 43 petition.

44 5. Upon receiving a petition pursuant to subsection 2, the court 45 shall notify:





1 (a) If the conviction was set aside in a district court or justice 2 court, the prosecuting attorney for the county; or

3 (b) If the conviction was set aside in a municipal court, the 4 prosecuting attorney for the city.

5 \rightarrow The prosecuting attorney and any person having relevant 6 evidence may testify and present evidence at any hearing on the 7 petition.

8 If the prosecuting agency that prosecuted or declined to 6. 9 prosecute the petitioner for the crime stipulates to the sealing of the records, the court shall apply the presumption set forth in *paragraph* 10 (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 179.2445 and seal the records. If the 11 12 prosecuting agency does not stipulate to the sealing of the records or 13 does not file a written objection within 30 days after receiving notification pursuant to subsection 4 or 5 and the court makes the 14 15 findings set forth in subsection 7 or 8, as applicable, the court may 16 order the sealing of the records in accordance with subsection 7 or 8, 17 as applicable, without a hearing. If the court does not order the 18 sealing of the records or the prosecuting agency files a written 19 objection, a hearing on the petition must be conducted. At the hearing, unless an objecting party presents evidence sufficient to 20 21 rebut the presumption set forth in *paragraph* (a) of subsection 1 of 22 NRS 179.2445, the court shall apply the presumption and seal the 23 records.

24 7. I

7. If the court finds:

(a) That there has been an acquittal and there is no evidence that
further action will be brought against the person, the court shall
order sealed all records of the arrest and of the proceedings leading
to the acquittal which are in the custody of any agency of criminal
justice or any public or private company, agency, official or other
custodian of records in the State of Nevada; or

(b) That prosecution was declined or that the charges were dismissed and there is no evidence that further action will be brought against the person, the court may order sealed all records of the arrest and of the proceedings leading to the declination or dismissal which are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or private company, agency, official or other custodian of records in the State of Nevada.

8. If the court finds that the conviction of the petitioner was set aside pursuant to NRS 458A.240, the court may order sealed all records relating to the setting aside of the conviction which are in the custody of any agency of criminal justice or any public or private company, agency, official or other custodian of records in the State of Nevada.

44 9. If the prosecuting attorney having jurisdiction previously 45 declined prosecution of the charges and the records of the arrest





have been sealed pursuant to subsection 7, the prosecuting attorney
may subsequently file the charges at any time before the running of
the statute of limitations for those charges. If such charges are filed
with the court, the court shall order the inspection of the records
without the prosecuting attorney having to petition the court
pursuant to NRS 179.295.

Sec. 5. NRS 179.275 is hereby amended to read as follows:

8 179.275 Where the court orders the sealing of a record 9 pursuant to NRS 34.970, **41.910**, 174.034, 176.211, 176A.245, 10 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.247, 179.255, 179.259, 11 179.2595, 179.271, 201.354 or 453.3365 $\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$ or section 1.3 of this 12 act, a copy of the order must be sent to:

13 1. The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal 14 History; and

15 2. Each agency of criminal justice and each public or private 16 company, agency, official or other custodian of records named in 17 the order, and that person shall seal the records in his or her custody 18 which relate to the matters contained in the order, shall advise the 19 court of compliance and shall then seal the order.

Sec. 6. NRS 179.285 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.285 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 179.301:

1. If the court orders a record sealed pursuant to NRS 34.970, 41.910, 174.034, 176.211, 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.247, 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 179.271, 201.354 or 453.3365:

(a) All proceedings recounted in the record are deemed never to
have occurred, and the person to whom the order pertains may
properly answer accordingly to any inquiry, including, without
limitation, an inquiry relating to an application for employment,
concerning the arrest, conviction, dismissal or acquittal and the
events and proceedings relating to the arrest, conviction, dismissal
or acquittal.

(b) The person is immediately restored to the following civil
 rights if the person's civil rights previously have not been restored:

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21

The right to vote;
 The right to hold office; and

- 36 37
- (3) The right to serve on a jury.

2. Upon the sealing of the person's records, a person who is restored to his or her civil rights pursuant to subsection 1 must be given:

41 (a) An official document which demonstrates that the person has 42 been restored to the civil rights set forth in paragraph (b) of 43 subsection 1; and

44 (b) A written notice informing the person that he or she has not 45 been restored to the right to bear arms, unless the person has





received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict his or her right to
 bear arms.

3 3. [A] If a person [who] has had his or her records sealed in 4 this State or any other state and [whose] was not given official 5 documentation of the restoration of civil rights or if that 6 *documentation* is lost, damaged or destroyed, *the person* may file a 7 written request with a court of competent jurisdiction to restore his or her civil rights pursuant to this section. Upon verification that the 8 9 person has had his or her records sealed, the court shall issue an order restoring the person to the civil rights to vote, to hold office 10 and to serve on a jury. A person must not be required to pay a fee to 11 12 receive such an order.

4. A person who has had his or her records sealed in this State
or any other state may present official documentation that the person
has been restored to his or her civil rights or a court order restoring
civil rights as proof that the person has been restored to the right to
vote, to hold office and to serve as a juror.

18 19 Sec. 6.5. NRS 179.285 is hereby amended to read as follows:

179.285 Except as otherwise provided in NRS 179.301:

I. If the court orders a record sealed pursuant to NRS 34.970,
 41.910, 174.034, 176.211, 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295,
 179.245, 179.247, 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 179.271, 201.354 or
 453.3365 - *or section 1.3 of this act:*

(a) All proceedings recounted in the record are deemed never to
have occurred, and the person to whom the order pertains may
properly answer accordingly to any inquiry, including, without
limitation, an inquiry relating to an application for employment,
concerning the arrest, conviction, dismissal or acquittal and the
events and proceedings relating to the arrest, conviction, dismissal
or acquittal.

31 (b) The person is immediately restored to the following civil 32 rights if the person's civil rights previously have not been restored:

33

- The right to vote;
 The right to hold office; and
- 34 35
- (3) The right to serve on a jury.

2. Upon the sealing of the person's records, *except if the person's records were sealed pursuant to section 1.3 of this act*, a person who is restored to his or her civil rights pursuant to subsection 1 must be given:

40 (a) An official document which demonstrates that the person has 41 been restored to the civil rights set forth in paragraph (b) of 42 subsection 1; and

43 (b) A written notice informing the person that he or she has not 44 been restored to the right to bear arms, unless the person has





received a pardon and the pardon does not restrict his or her right to
 bear arms.

3 3. If a person has had his or her records sealed in this State or any other state and was not given official documentation of the 4 5 restoration of civil rights or if that documentation is lost, damaged 6 or destroyed, the person may file a written request with a court of competent jurisdiction to restore his or her civil rights pursuant to 7 8 this section. Upon verification that the person has had his or her 9 records sealed, the court shall issue an order restoring the person to the civil rights to vote, to hold office and to serve on a jury. A 10 person must not be required to pay a fee to receive such an order. 11

4. A person who has had his or her records sealed in this State or any other state may present official documentation that the person has been restored to his or her civil rights or a court order restoring civil rights as proof that the person has been restored to the right to vote, to hold office and to serve as a juror.

Sec. 7. NRS 179.295 is hereby amended to read as follows:

18 179.295 1. The person who is the subject of the records that 19 are sealed pursuant to NRS 34.970, 41.910, 174.034, 176.211, 20 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 179.247, 179.255, 21 179.259, 179.2595, 179.271, 201.354 or 453.3365 or section 1.3 of 22 *this act* may petition the court that ordered the records sealed to 23 permit inspection of the records by a person named in the petition, 24 and the court may order such inspection. Except as otherwise 25 provided in this section, subsection 9 of NRS 179.255 and NRS 26 179.259 and 179.301, the court may not order the inspection of the 27 records under any other circumstances.

28 2. If a person has been arrested, the charges have been 29 dismissed and the records of the arrest have been sealed, the court 30 may order the inspection of the records by a prosecuting attorney 31 upon a showing that as a result of newly discovered evidence, the 32 person has been arrested for the same or a similar offense and that 33 there is sufficient evidence reasonably to conclude that the person 34 will stand trial for the offense.

35 3. The court may, upon the application of a prosecuting 36 attorney or an attorney representing a defendant in a criminal action, 37 order an inspection of such records for the purpose of obtaining 38 information relating to persons who were involved in the incident 39 recorded.

This section does not prohibit a court from considering a 40 4. 41 proceeding for which records have been sealed pursuant to NRS 42 174.034. 176.211, 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295, 179.245, 43 179.247. 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595, 179.271, 201.354 or 44 453.3365 or section 1.3 of this act in determining whether to grant a 45 petition pursuant to NRS 176.211, 176A.245, 176A.265, 176A.295,



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1 179.245, 179.255, 179.259, 179.2595 or 453.3365 for a conviction 2 of another offense.

Sec. 7.5. NRS 179.301 is hereby amended to read as follows:

4 179.301 1. The Nevada Gaming Control Board and the 5 Nevada Gaming Commission and their employees, agents and 6 representatives may inquire into and inspect any records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255, if the event or conviction was 7 related to gaming, to determine the suitability or qualifications of 8 9 any person to hold a state gaming license, manufacturer's, seller's or distributor's license or registration as a gaming employee pursuant 10 to chapter 463 of NRS. Events and convictions, if any, which are the 11 12 subject of an order sealing records:

13 (a) May form the basis for recommendation, denial or 14 revocation of those licenses.

(b) Must not form the basis for denial or rejection of a gaming
work permit unless the event or conviction relates to the applicant's
suitability or qualifications to hold the work permit.

The Division of Insurance of the Department of Business 18 2. 19 and Industry and its employees may inquire into and inspect any 20 records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255, if the event 21 or conviction was related to insurance, to determine the suitability or 22 qualifications of any person to hold a license, certification or 23 authorization issued in accordance with title 57 of NRS. Events and 24 convictions, if any, which are the subject of an order sealing records 25 may form the basis for recommendation, denial or revocation of 26 those licenses, certifications and authorizations.

A prosecuting attorney may inquire into and inspect any
records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 if:

(a) The records relate to a violation or alleged violation of NRS
202.485; and

(b) The person who is the subject of the records has beenarrested or issued a citation for violating NRS 202.485.

4. The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History and its employees may inquire into and inspect any records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 that constitute information relating to [sexual]:

37 (a) Sexual offenses, and may notify employers of the
 38 information in accordance with federal laws and regulations.

39

3

(b) A violation or alleged violation of NRS 202.360.

5. Records which have been sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245
or 179.255 and which are retained in the statewide registry
established pursuant to NRS 179B.200 may be inspected pursuant to
chapter 179B of NRS by an officer or employee of the Central
Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal History or a law
enforcement officer in the regular course of his or her duties.





1 6. The State Board of Pardons Commissioners and its agents 2 and representatives may inquire into and inspect any records sealed 3 pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 if the person who is the subject 4 of the records has applied for a pardon from the Board.

5

7. As used in this section:

6 (a) "Information relating to sexual offenses" means information 7 contained in or concerning a record relating in any way to a sexual 8 offense.

9 (b) "Sexual offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in 10 NRS 179A.073.

11

Sec. 8. NRS 179.301 is hereby amended to read as follows:

12 179.301 The Nevada Gaming Control Board and the 1. 13 Nevada Gaming Commission and their employees, agents and 14 representatives may inquire into and inspect any records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255, or section 1.3 of this act, if 15 16 the event or conviction was related to gaming, to determine the 17 suitability or qualifications of any person to hold a state gaming 18 license, manufacturer's, seller's or distributor's license or 19 registration as a gaming employee pursuant to chapter 463 of NRS. 20 Events and convictions, if any, which are the subject of an order 21 sealing records:

22 (a) May form the basis for recommendation, denial or 23 revocation of those licenses.

(b) Must not form the basis for denial or rejection of a gaming
work permit unless the event or conviction relates to the applicant's
suitability or qualifications to hold the work permit.

27 The Division of Insurance of the Department of Business 2. 28 and Industry and its employees may inquire into and inspect any 29 records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255, or section 1.3 30 of this act, if the event or conviction was related to insurance, to 31 determine the suitability or qualifications of any person to hold a 32 license, certification or authorization issued in accordance with title 33 57 of NRS. Events and convictions, if any, which are the subject of 34 an order sealing records may form the basis for recommendation, 35 denial or revocation of those licenses, certifications and 36 authorizations.

37 3. A prosecuting attorney may inquire into and inspect any 38 records sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 *or section 1.3* 39 *of this act* if:

40 (a) The records relate to a violation or alleged violation of NRS41 202.485; and

42 (b) The person who is the subject of the records has been 43 arrested or issued a citation for violating NRS 202.485.

44 4. The Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal 45 History and its employees may inquire into and inspect any records





sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 or section 1.3 of this 1 2 *act* that constitute information relating to:

3 (a) Sexual offenses, and may notify employers of the information in accordance with federal laws and regulations. 4 5

(b) A violation or alleged violation of NRS 202.360.

6 5. Records which have been sealed pursuant to NRS 179.245 7 or 179.255 or section 1.3 of this act and which are retained in the statewide registry established pursuant to NRS 179B.200 may be 8 9 inspected pursuant to chapter 179B of NRS by an officer or employee of the Central Repository for Nevada Records of Criminal 10 History or a law enforcement officer in the regular course of his or 11 12 her duties.

13 6. The State Board of Pardons Commissioners and its agents 14 and representatives may inquire into and inspect any records sealed 15 pursuant to NRS 179.245 or 179.255 or section 1.3 of this act if the 16 person who is the subject of the records has applied for a pardon 17 from the Board.

18 7. As used in this section:

(a) "Information relating to sexual offenses" means information 19 20 contained in or concerning a record relating in any way to a sexual 21 offense.

(b) "Sexual offense" has the meaning ascribed to it in 22 NRS 179A.073. 23

24 **Sec. 8.1.** There is hereby appropriated from the State General 25 Fund to the Department of Public Safety the sum of \$1,000,000 for 26 the technology costs associated with complying with the provisions 27 of section 1.3 of this act.

28 Sec. 8.15. There is hereby appropriated from the State General 29 Fund to the Department of Public Safety the sum of \$500,000 for 30 the provision of support to the Advisory Task Force on Automatic 31 Record Sealing pursuant to section 1.7 of this act, including, without 32 limitation, for the administrative costs of supporting the Task Force and employing or contracting with persons to perform the functions 33 described in paragraph (a) of subsection 6 of section 1.7 of this act. 34

35 Sec. 8.2. There is hereby appropriated from the State General 36 Fund to the Interim Finance Committee the sum of \$1,000,000 for 37 allocation to the Department of Public Safety for the award of grants 38 of money to criminal justice agencies to support technology or 39 system upgrades for the purpose of complying with the provisions 40 of section 1.3 of this act.

41 **Sec. 8.25.** Any remaining balance of the appropriations made 42 by sections 8.1, 8.15 and 8.2 of this act must not be committed for expenditure after June 30, 2025, by the entity to which the 43 44 appropriation is made or any entity to which money from the 45 appropriation is granted or otherwise transferred in any manner, and





any portion of the appropriated money remaining must not be spent
 for any purpose after September 19, 2025, by either the entity to
 which the money was appropriated or the entity to which the money
 was subsequently granted or transferred, and must be reverted to the
 State General Fund on or before September 19, 2025.

6 **Sec. 8.3.** 1. Before January 1, 2025, the Administrative 7 Office of the Courts shall adopt rules to streamline the process for 8 filing a petition for the sealing of records of criminal history, as 9 recommended by the Advisory Task Force on Automatic Record 10 Sealing pursuant to section 1.7 of this act, including, without 11 limitation, rules regarding:

(a) A standard order for the sealing of records of criminal
history to be used by all courts having jurisdiction over the sealing
of records of criminal history;

(b) The authority for a petitioner to file a request for the sealingof records of criminal history with one court; and

(c) Any other changes that will expedite or simplify the processfor petitioners to seal records of criminal history.

19 2. As used in this section, "record of criminal history" has the 20 meaning ascribed to it in NRS 179A.070.

21 Sec. 8.7. The provisions of subsection 1 of NRS 218D.380 do 22 not apply to any provision of this act which adds or revises a 23 requirement to submit a report to the Legislature.

24 **Sec. 9.** 1. This section and sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7.5, 8.3 and 25 8.7 become effective upon passage and approval.

26 2. Sections 8.1 to 8.25, inclusive, of this act become effective 27 on July 1, 2023.

28 3. Section 1.3 of this act becomes effective:

29 (a) Upon passage and approval for the purpose of:

30 (1) The Division developing and implementing the process
 31 required pursuant to subsection 1 of that section;

32 (2) The Administrative Office of the Courts developing and
 33 implementing the process required pursuant to subsection 3 of that
 34 section; and

(3) The Division and the Administrative Office of the Courts
adopting any rules or regulations, as applicable, and performing any
other preparatory administrative tasks that are necessary to carry out
the provisions of this act; and

39

(b) On January 1, 2026, for all other purposes.

40 4. Section 1.7 of this act becomes effective upon passage and 41 approval and expires by limitation on June 30, 2027.

42 5. Sections 3.5, 3.7, 3.9, 5, 6.5, 7 and 8 of this act become 43 effective on January 1, 2026.

6. Sections 2.3 and 3.1 of this act become effective on January 1, 2026, and expire by limitation on June 30, 2026.





Sections 2.7 and 3.3 of this act become effective on July 1, 7. 1 2026. 2

- 3
- 8. As used in this section, "Division" means the Records, Communications and Compliance Division of the Department of Public Safety. 4
- 5



