## ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 125–ASSEMBLYMEN NEAL, FLORES AND MCCURDY

## FEBRUARY 11, 2019

## Referred to Committee on Judiciary

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing bail in certain criminal cases. (BDR 14-542)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to criminal procedure; revising provisions governing factors to be considered by the court in deciding whether to release a person without bail; prohibiting a court from relying solely on a bail schedule in setting the amount of bail after a personal appearance by a defendant; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

**Legislative Counsel's Digest:** 

Existing law sets forth certain factors which the court must consider in deciding whether there is good cause to release a person without bail. (NRS 178.4853) **Section 1** of this bill includes in those factors the consideration of whether one or more conditions can be imposed on the person to mitigate the risk of failure to appear or the risk to public safety and authorizes the court to use an evidence-based risk assessment tool, if available.

Existing law sets forth certain factors for consideration by the magistrate in setting the amount of bail. (NRS 178.498) **Section 2** of this bill provides that after the defendant has personally appeared before the magistrate, the magistrate may not rely solely on a standardized bail schedule to set the amount of bail.

## THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

**Section 1.** NRS 178.4853 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.4853 In deciding whether there is good cause to release a person without bail, the court *may use an evidence-based risk* 





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assessment tool, if available, but at a minimum shall consider the following factors concerning the person:

- 1. The length of residence in the community;
- 2. The status and history of employment;

- 3. Relationships with the person's spouse and children, parents or other family members and with close friends;
  - 4. Reputation, character and mental condition;
- 5. Prior criminal record, including, without limitation, any record of appearing or failing to appear after release on bail or without bail;
- 6. The identity of responsible members of the community who would vouch for the reliability of the person;
- 7. The nature of the offense with which the person is charged, the apparent probability of conviction and the likely sentence, insofar as these factors relate to the risk of not appearing;
- 8. The nature and seriousness of the danger to the alleged victim, any other person or the community that would be posed by the person's release;
- 9. The likelihood of more criminal activity by the person after release; [and]
- 10. Any other factors concerning the person's ties to the community or bearing on the risk that the person may willfully fail to appear [...]; and
- 11. Whether one or more conditions can be imposed on the person to mitigate the risk of failure to appear or the risk to public safety, including, without limitation:
  - (a) Restrictions on residence or travel;
- (b) Restrictions on associations, including, without limitation, requiring the person to avoid contact with alleged victims or potential witnesses;
- (c) Requiring the person to maintain or actively seek employment;
- (d) Requiring the person to regularly report to a designated law enforcement agency or the court;
  - (e) Imposing a curfew;
  - (f) Prohibiting the possession of a firearm;
  - (g) Prohibiting the use of alcohol and controlled substances;
- (h) Requiring the person to receive medical, psychiatric or psychological treatment, including, without limitation, treatment for alcohol or drug abuse or a mental illness;
  - (i) Intensive supervision of the person; or
- (j) Any other condition reasonably necessary to ensure the appearance of the person or the safety of any person in the community.





**Sec. 2.** NRS 178.498 is hereby amended to read as follows:

178.498 1. If the defendant is admitted to bail, the bail must be set at an amount which in the judgment of the magistrate will reasonably ensure the appearance of the defendant and the safety of other persons and of the community, having regard to:

(a) The nature and circumstances of the offense charged;

[2.] (b) The financial ability of the defendant to give bail;

[3.] (c) The character of the defendant; and

[4.] (d) The factors listed in NRS 178.4853.

2. After the defendant has personally appeared before the magistrate, the magistrate may not rely solely on any standardized bail schedule to set the amount of bail.





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