Amendment No. 372

Assembly Amendment to Assembly Bill No. 398 (BDR 10-812								
Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Commerce and Labor								
Amends:	Summary: No	Title: Yes Preamble: No	Joint Sponsorship: No	Digest: Yes				

ASSEMBLY	ACT	ION	Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	ON Initial and Date
Adopted		Lost		Adopted	Lost
Concurred In		Not		Concurred In	Not
Receded		Not		Receded	Not

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of **green bold underlining** is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) **red strikethrough** is deleted language in the original bill; (4) **purple double strikethrough** is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) **orange double underlining** is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

JDK/BAW Date: 4/12/2021

A.B. No. 398—Revises provisions relating to sales of residential property. (BDR 10-812)

ASSEMBLY BILL NO. 398–COMMITTEE ON COMMERCE AND LABOR

March 25, 2021

Referred to Committee on Commerce and Labor

SUMMARY—Revises provisions relating to sales of residential property. (BDR 10-812)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: No.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to sales of residential property; providing that a seller's agent [may-shall not complete a disclosure form regarding the residential property; providing that a seller's agent is not liable to the purchaser under certain circumstances; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Under existing law, at least 10 days before residential property is conveyed to a purchaser, the seller is required to complete and serve upon the purchaser a disclosure form which provides an evaluation of the condition of any electrical, heating, cooling, plumbing and sewer systems on the property, and of the condition of any other aspects of the property which affect its use or value. The seller must indicate whether any of those systems or other aspects of the property has a defect of which the seller is aware. (NRS 113.120, 113.130) This bill provides explicitly that a seller's agent [may] shall not complete the disclosure form on behalf of the seller. This bill also provides that a seller's agent is not liable to the purchaser if: (1) the seller is aware of a defect and fails to disclose the defect to the purchaser on the disclosure form as required; or (2) after service of the completed disclosure form but before conveyance of the property to the purchaser, the seller discovers a new defect in the residential property that was not identified on the completed disclosure form or discovers that a defect identified on the completed disclosure form or discovers that a defect identified on the completed disclosure form or discovers that a ferom and fails to inform the purchaser or the purchaser's agent of that fact as required.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 113.130 is hereby amended to read as follows:

113.130 1. Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2:

(a) At least 10 days before residential property is conveyed to a purchaser:

(1) The seller shall complete a disclosure form regarding the residential property; and

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- (2) The seller or the seller's agent shall serve the purchaser or the purchaser's agent with the completed disclosure form.
- → A seller's agent [may] shall not complete a disclosure form regarding the residential property on behalf of the seller.
- (b) If, after service of the completed disclosure form but before conveyance of the property to the purchaser, a seller or the seller's agent discovers a new defect in the residential property that was not identified on the completed disclosure form or discovers that a defect identified on the completed disclosure form has become worse than was indicated on the form, the seller or the seller's agent shall inform the purchaser or the purchaser's agent of that fact, in writing, as soon as practicable after the discovery of that fact but in no event later than the conveyance of the property to the purchaser. If the seller does not agree to repair or replace the defect, the purchaser may:
 - (1) Rescind the agreement to purchase the property; or
- (2) Close escrow and accept the property with the defect as revealed by the seller or the seller's agent without further recourse.
 - (c) A seller's agent is not liable to the purchaser for damages if:
- (1) The seller is aware of a defect and fails to disclose the defect to the purchaser on the disclosure form as required pursuant to paragraph (a); or
- (2) After service of the completed disclosure form but before conveyance of the property to the purchaser, the seller discovers a new defect in the residential property that was not identified on the completed disclosure form or discovers that a defect identified on the completed disclosure form has become worse than was indicated on the form and fails to inform the purchaser or the purchaser's agent of that fact as required pursuant to paragraph (b).
- → The provisions of this paragraph do not affect, and must not be construed to affect, the obligation of a seller's agent to comply with the provisions of paragraph (a) of subsection 1 of NRS 645.252.
- 2. Subsection 1 does not apply to a sale or intended sale of residential property:
 - (a) By foreclosure pursuant to chapter 107 of NRS.
- (b) Between any co-owners of the property, spouses or persons related within the third degree of consanguinity.
- (c) Which is the first sale of a residence that was constructed by a licensed contractor.
- (d) By a person who takes temporary possession or control of or title to the property solely to facilitate the sale of the property on behalf of a person who relocates to another county, state or country before title to the property is transferred to a purchaser.
- 3. A purchaser of residential property may not waive any of the requirements of subsection 1. A seller of residential property may not require a purchaser to waive any of the requirements of subsection 1 as a condition of sale or for any other purpose.
- 4. If a sale or intended sale of residential property is exempted from the requirements of subsection 1 pursuant to paragraph (a) of subsection 2, the trustee and the beneficiary of the deed of trust shall, not later than at the time of the conveyance of the property to the purchaser of the residential property, or upon the request of the purchaser of the residential property, provide:
- (a) Written notice to the purchaser of any defects in the property of which the trustee or beneficiary, respectively, is aware; and
- (b) If any defects are repaired or replaced or attempted to be repaired or replaced, the contact information of any asset management company who provided

- asset management services for the property. The asset management company shall provide a service report to the purchaser upon request. 1 2 3 4 5 6

 - 5. As used in this section:
 (a) "Seller" includes, without limitation, a client as defined in NRS 645H.060.
 (b) "Service report" has the meaning ascribed to it in NRS 645H.150.
 Sec. 2. This act becomes effective on July 1, 2021.