Amendment No. 35

Assembly A	(BDR 38-760)					
Proposed by: Assembly Committee on Health and Human Services						
Amends: Sur	mmary: No	Title: No	Preamble: No	Joint Sponsorship: Ye	s Digest: Yes	

ASSEMBLY	ACT	ION	Initial and Date	SENATE ACTIO	ON Initial and Date
Adopted		Lost		Adopted	Lost
Concurred In		Not		Concurred In	Not
Receded		Not		Receded	Not

EXPLANATION: Matter in (1) *blue bold italics* is new language in the original bill; (2) variations of **green bold underlining** is language proposed to be added in this amendment; (3) **red strikethrough** is deleted language in the original bill; (4) **purple double strikethrough** is language proposed to be deleted in this amendment; (5) **orange double underlining** is deleted language in the original bill proposed to be retained in this amendment.

SRF/EWR Date: 4/6/2021

A.B. No. 138—Revises provisions governing the eligibility of certain convicted persons for public assistance. (BDR 38-760)

ASSEMBLY BILL No. 138–ASSEMBLYWOMAN MARTINEZ <u>: BENITEZ-THOMPSON AND YEAGER</u>

FEBRUARY 15, 2021

JOINT SPONSORS: SENATORS CANNIZZARO, D. HARRIS, OHRENSCHALL, RATTI AND SPEARMAN

Referred to Committee on Health and Human Services

SUMMARY—Revises provisions governing the eligibility of certain convicted persons for public assistance. (BDR 38-760)

FISCAL NOTE: Effect on Local Government: No.

Effect on the State: Yes.

EXPLANATION - Matter in **bolded italics** is new; matter between brackets formitted material; is material to be omitted.

AN ACT relating to public assistance; revising provisions relating to the eligibility of certain convicted persons for public assistance; and providing other matters properly relating thereto.

Legislative Counsel's Digest:

Existing federal law provides that [under certain circumstances.] a person who has been convicted of certain felony drug offenses is generally not eligible for benefits under the Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF) program, which is a federal program pursuant to which the federal government provides grants of money to states to provide financial assistance to certain families, or the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP), which is a federal program to provide assistance to certain families for the purchase of food. (21 U.S.C. § [862ac]) [862a(a)] Existing federal law authorizes a state to opt out of this limitation and allow a person who was convicted of a felony drug offense to be eligible for TANF and SNAP benefits in that state. (21 U.S.C. § [862a(d))] [862a(d)(1)(A)) [Similarly, existing Nevada law provides that a person who has been convicted of felony possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance is not eligible for TANF or SNAP benefits, unless the convicted person is participating in or has completed a program for the treatment of a substance use disorder approved by the Division of Welfare and Supportive Services of the Department of Health and Human Services and the person either: (1) demonstrates that he or she has not possessed, used or distributed controlled substances since he or she began the program; or (2) is pregnant and a physician certifies that TANF or SNAP benefits are required to ensure the health and safety of the mother and the unborn child. (NRS 422A.345)

This bill [: (1)] removes the [requirement] provisions that make the convicted person [be participating in or complete such a program before becoming eligible] incligible for TANF or SNAP benefits, the person must demonstrate that he or she is not currently possessing, using or distributing controlled substances in a manner that is prohibited by law.] for felony possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance, thereby authorizing such a convicted person to receive TANF and SNAP benefits.

THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF NEVADA, REPRESENTED IN SENATE AND ASSEMBLY, DO ENACT AS FOLLOWS:

Section 1. NRS 422A.345 is hereby amended to read as follows:

- 422A.345 1. [Except as otherwise provided in subsection 2, a] A person who has been convicted of a felony, [after August 22, 1996,] an element of which is the possession, use or distribution of a controlled substance, [is not eligible to] may receive any public assistance for which [denial is required by] he or she is otherwise eligible. Pursuant to 21 U.S.C. § 862a(d)(1)(A), all persons domiciled in this State are exempt from the application of 21 U.S.C. § [862a.] 862a(a).
- 2. [A person who has been convicted of a felony described in subsection 1 may be determined to be eligible for assistance if that the person is participating in or has successfully completed a program for the treatment of a substance use disorder that has been approved by the Division and:
- (a) Demonstrates to the satisfaction of the Division that he or she has is not possessed, used or distributed eurrently possessing, using or distributing controlled substances since he or she began the program; in a manner that is prohibited by law; or
- (b) Is pregnant and a physician has certified in writing that the health and safety of the mother and the unborn child are dependent upon the receipt of benefits.
- 3.1 As used in this section, "controlled substance" has the meaning ascribed to it in 21 U.S.C. § 802(6).
 - **Sec. 2.** This act becomes effective on July 1, 2021.